Enclosed Documents

- Narrative
- Sexual Violence Statistics and Data
- Policies
- Written Notification
- Resources
- Presentations
- Stand Up CCSU 2016 – Final Report
- Campus Climate Survey
Narrative
**Narrative**

**Introduction**

Central Connecticut State University (CCSU) is a regional, comprehensive public university dedicated to learning in the liberal arts and sciences and to education for the professions. The University is located in New Britain, CT and has been an important part of that city’s educational and cultural life since CCSU’s founding. It is comprised of the following schools – Business, Education & Professional Studies, Graduate Studies, Science, Engineering & Technology, and the Carol Ammon College of Liberal Arts & Social Sciences.

CCSU is the largest of four comprehensive universities within the Connecticut State University System. It serves nearly 12,000 students (10,000 undergraduates and 2,000 graduate students). Female students account for 48 percent of the student population; males 52 percent. CCSU is richly diverse: more than 25 percent of students are of traditional minority heritage; African American students comprise 11 percent, Latinos nearly 13 percent, and Asians approximately 4 percent of the student body.

**Prevention and Response Efforts**

Administrators, faculty, staff, community partners and students at CCSU have a long history of working together to prevent and respond to sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking. Some highlights of the work accomplished in 2016 includes:

- Incoming undergraduate students were required to complete both an on-line sexual assault prevention curriculum before they first came to campus and a ninety (90) minute evidence-based presentation at Orientation which focused on sexual assault, consent and bystander intervention.

- The Office of Diversity and Equity continued their efforts to provide meaningful training to employees on sexual misconduct prevention and response. In addition to the initial three-hour Title IX training required by all new employees, a 45- minute “refresher” training was added as an annual requirement for all employees. This “refresher” training provides an opportunity for employees to be updated on new legislation, protocol changes and to further develop their understanding of how to best respond to disclosures and reports of sexual misconduct.

- Two major campaigns, The Red Flag Campaign (relationship violence awareness) and Stand Up CCSU (sexual assault prevention/bystander intervention), were implemented through the collaborative efforts of many CCSU community members. Students and employees were reached through classroom presentations, poster campaigns, major events and social media.

- The CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy (OVA) was awarded a $10,000 grant from the Avon Foundation to develop and implement a peer education program focused on the prevention of sexual assault and relationship violence. Eleven students were trained as peer educators and implemented a variety of innovative programming and a student-developed poster campaign.
The Ruth Boyea Women’s Center continued their long history of bringing meaningful and timely speakers and events to campus, including Take Back the Night, The March for Women’s Lives and the Walk of No Shame featuring Tatyana Fazlalizadeh.

The Department of Athletics, in collaboration with the CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy (OVA), developed a seminar series that was required for all student athletes. One of the key seminars focused on healthy relationships and was positively received by participants.

The Department of Residence Life collaborated with the Ruth Boyea Women’s Center and OVA to continue to provide training and resources to students who live on campus.

The CCSU Sexual Assault and Interpersonal Violence Resource Team (SART) grew, welcoming new team members from New Britain Police Department. These new partnerships will enhance the ability of the team to address the needs of students. The SART team also continued to receive training, most notably a workshop on the criminal justice process from Assistant State’s Attorney Elizabeth Moseley.

The Office of Victim Advocacy (OVA), with support from the Office of Diversity and Equity completed a campus wide climate study on sexual assault. Data was presented to the community through trainings and several key discussion groups. See the “Campus Climate Survey” section of this document for a full report on findings.

**Reportable Data**

**Students – Incidences of Sexual Violence**

A total of forty-two (42) disclosures and reports of sexual assault, intimate partner violence or stalking were made to a non-confidential employee at CCSU.

**Disclosures**

A total of thirty (30) disclosures of sexual assault, intimate partner violence or stalking were made to a non-confidential employee at CCSU. Of these disclosures, nineteen (19) were sexual assaults, nine (9) involved intimate partner violence and two (2) involved stalking. Disclosures indicate that the victim/survivor did not provide any identifying information regarding the person who harmed them and did not want to engage with a formal process at CCSU. Therefore there was no formal investigation from the university. However, these individuals were all offered advocacy services and support in making connections with a variety of campus and community resources.

**Reports**

Twelve (12) individuals reported experiencing sexual assault, intimate partner violence or stalking to a non-confidential employee at CCSU. A report indicates that a CCSU employee was informed of identifying information of an accused person and/or the reporting individual requested that the university take some action. Five (5) of the reports resulted in disciplinary action by the CCSU Office of Student Conduct. Seven (7) reports did not result in disciplinary action for reasons that are outlined below.
Sexual Assault Reports
A total of seven (7) sexual assaults were reported to CCSU in 2016. Two (2) reports resulted in disciplinary action. The disciplinary action in both cases was expulsion. Five (5) of the reports did not result in disciplinary action. No action was taken for the following reasons:
- One (1) of these reports was initiated by a third-party. After initial information gathering by the Office of Diversity and Equity, an investigation was not initiated as the alleged victim reported that an assault did not happen.
- Three (3) of these reports involved an accused person who was not a CCSU employee or student at the time of the report and so, was not under the jurisdiction of the Office of Diversity and Equity or the CCSU Student Conduct.
- One (1) report was investigated by the Office of Student Conduct who determined that the reported behavior did not constitute a violation of the Student Code due to insufficient information.

Intimate Partner Violence - Reports
A total of three (3) reports of intimate partner violence were made to CCSU in 2016. Two (2) of the reports resulted in disciplinary action for the accused persons. The disciplinary action resulted in the following sanctions: one (1) suspension and one (1) expulsion. One (1) intimate partner violence report did not result in disciplinary action as the accused person was not a member of the CCSU community (student/faculty/staff) and thus was not in the jurisdiction of the Office of Diversity and Equity or CCSU Student Conduct.

Stalking - Reports
In total, two (2) individuals reported stalking to a CCSU employee. One (1) of the reports resulted in disciplinary action for the accused person. The disciplinary action resulted in expulsion. This accused person was also found responsible for intimate partner violence and is included in statistical data for that section as well. One (1) report of stalking did not result in any disciplinary action because the reporting party could not identify the accused person.

Student Conduct Appeals
After being found responsible for breaking CCSU policy and sanctioned by the Office of Student Conduct, two (2) individuals appealed the outcome. Both appeals were from students who had been found responsible for sexual assault. The original outcome in both cases was upheld by the Associate Dean of Student Affairs.

Employees – Incidences of Sexual Violence
Throughout the 2016 calendar year, no incidents of sexual assault, intimate partner violence or stalking that involved employees were reported or disclosed to the Office of Diversity and Equity.

Total Anonymous and Confidential Reports and Disclosures
The University Police monitors an on-line form where individuals can report anonymous crimes, including those of sexual assault, intimate partner violence stalking. In 2016 there was one (1) anonymous report.
The only employees on the CCSU campus who are able to receive confidential disclosures of sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking are licensed counselors in the CCSU Student Wellness Services. That office tracks the number of confidential disclosures throughout the year and provided the following information for 2016:

- Sexual assault: Twenty-five (25) confidential disclosures
- Intimate Partner Violence: Five (5) confidential disclosures
- Stalking: Zero (0) confidential disclosure

It is important to note that these confidential disclosures could potentially also be included in the Total Reported Incidents of Sexual Violence (see Sexual Violence Reportable Statistics and Data, Table III). Some students may disclose to a confidential counselor and also make a report or disclosure to a non-confidential employee at the university.
Sexual Violence Statistics and Data
SEXUAL VIOLENCE REPORTABLE STATISTICS AND DATA

CSCU INSTITUTION: Central Connecticut State University
REPORTING OFFICE/DEPARTMENT: Office of Diversity and Equity
INSTITUTION CONTACT: Rosa Rodriguez, Chief Diversity Officer / Title IX Officer
YEAR: 2017

I. SEXUAL VIOLENCE* PREVENTION, AWARENESS, AND RISK REDUCTION PROGRAMS:

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<th>Program Category</th>
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Program Types:
(List and Describe Each Program Type)

PREVENTION

Sexual Violence Prevention Program (on-line)
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: On-Line
Audience: Incoming and Transfer CCSU students
Number of participants: 1,335
Description: The CCSU Office of Diversity and Equity and Department of Student Affairs collaborate in requiring incoming students to complete an evidence-based, on-line training. This module provides information about campus policies, definitions, campus and community resources, scenarios to identify signs of abusive behaviors, information on bystander intervention, scenarios to build skills and confidence to intervene and steps to support victims/survivors of sexual violence.

Sexual Assault Prevention and Title IX Training for Resident Assistants
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions: Two (2)
Audience: Resident Assistants
Number of participants: Seventy (70) approximate
Description: All Resident Assistants complete required training on an annual basis. Facilitated by staff from the Office of Victim Advocacy, new Resident Assistants receive training in consent, alcohol and sexual violence, dynamics of relationship violence, rape myths, and stalking behavior. Both new and returning resident assistants then participate in a training on policies, protocols, response and their particular
responsibilities as Resident Assistants. The prevention of sexual and interpersonal violence is also highlighted and discussed.

**Sex Signals**
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault)
Number of sessions offered: Two (2)
Audience: Incoming CCSU undergraduate students
Number of participants: 1,000 (approximate)
Description: CCSU offers a comprehensive orientation for new students each summer. At Orientation 2016 students were required to attend “Sex Signals” a 90-minute, interactive program facilitated by two trained professionals. The program focuses on beliefs, attitudes and behavior that can lead to sexual violence, the difference between seduction and coercion, consent, how to identify predatory behavior and how to intervene to support members of the CCSU community.

**Stand Up CCSU – Community Organizer Training**
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: CCSU students who were accepted in to the community organizer program.
Number of participants: Eleven (11)
Description: In the fall of 2015 the CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy was awarded a $10,000 grant from the Avon Foundation for Women to develop a peer education program. The program was initiated in the spring of 2016. Following an application and interview process, eleven students were selected to be a part of the program. These students attended a full day training where they participated in workshops that focused on the primary prevention of sexual violence and a strategic planning session to develop initiatives on the CCSU campus.

**Stand Up CCSU – Classroom Presentations**
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault)
Number of sessions offered: Forty-six (46)
Audience: Students
Number of participants: 1,200 (approximate)
Description: Staff from the Office of Victim Advocacy and student community organizers from the Stand Up CCSU project facilitated 20 minute classroom presentations to students that focused on the reality of sexual assault in college communities, bystander intervention and resources for students both on and off campus. They reached students from a variety of disciplines including math, English, business, manufacturing, criminal justice, sociology, psychology and geology.

**Student Support Seminar – Healthy Relationships**
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: Ten (10)
Audience: NCAA Student Athletes
Number of participants: Three-hundred (300) approximate
Description: In the fall of 2016, at the request of the CCSU Department of Athletics, the Office of Victim Advocacy provided an intensive seminar on relationships to ten athletic teams. The purpose of the training was to provide a space for students to consider what they want from a romantic relationship, to better understand the signs of abusive behavior and to build bystander intervention skills. The training was continued in the spring of 2017 for additional teams. This training was part of a series of trainings required
for student athletes. Additional trainings focused on suicide prevention and alcohol awareness and prevention.

Stand Up Day
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: Students, employees and community members
Number of participants: Four-hundred (400) approximate
Description: This campus wide event was developed and implemented by the Stand Up CCSU Community Organizers. The four hour long event was held outside of the Student Center. Students could stop by and learn about resources, take part in a bystander intervention themed activity, sign the Stand Up pledge and have their picture taken with their own Stand Up message.

The Mask You Live in – Film Screening and Discussion with Dr. Jason Sikorski
Type of program: Prevention (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: Students
Number of participants: Fifty (50) approximate
Description: At this event, developed by the Stand Up CCSU Community Organizers, the film The Mask You Live In was screened. This documentary film focuses on how narrow definitions of masculinity impact boys, men and the communities in which they live. A brief discussion, after the film, was moderated by Dr. Jason Sikorski a faculty member at CCSU.

AWARENESS
Sexual Assault and Interpersonal Violence Resource Team (SART) Meetings
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: Two (2)
Audience: Administrators, faculty, staff, students and community partners.
Number of Participants: Twenty (20) approximate / meeting
Description: The CCSU SART Team is a group of faculty, staff, students and community partners who meet regularly throughout the academic year to provide leadership to the campus community regarding the prevention and response to sexual assault and interpersonal violence. The team receives regular training. In 2016 training included a workshop on the criminal justice process by Assistant State’s Attorney Elizabeth Moseley, a presentation and discussion of the findings of a campus climate survey conducted by Sarah Dodd of the CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy and an update on reports and disclosures by Title IX Coordinator / Chief Diversity Officer Rosa Rodriguez.

Red Flag – Classroom Presentations
Type of program: Awareness (intimate partner violence)
Number of sessions offered: Twenty-four (24)
Audience: Students
Number of participants: Eight- hundred (800) approximate
Description: Staff from the Office of Victim Advocacy and faculty from the Department of Criminology and Criminal Justice facilitated 20 minute classroom presentations that focused on aspects of healthy relationships, signs of abusive relationships and how to help a friend who is in an abusive relationship. Resources for students both on and off campus were also discussed. Presentations reached students in a variety of different disciplines across campus.
**Sexual Assault Awareness Residence Hall Training**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual Assault)
Number of sessions offered: Nine (9)
Audience: Students living in the CCSU Residence Halls
Number of Participants: On-hundred and sixty two (162)
Description: Throughout the beginning of the fall and spring semesters staff from the Ruth Boyea Women’s Center and the CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy, in coordination with Residence Life, facilitated sexual assault awareness programs in each of the Residence Halls. The one hour training focused on the definition of sexual assault and resources for students both on and off campus.

**Initial Title IX Training for CCSU Employees - In-Person**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: Eight (8)
Audience: CCSU employees
Number of participants: One-hundred and nine (109)
Description: This three hour sessions is offered regularly to all CCSU employees. Facilitated by staff from the CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy, the workshop focuses on understanding CCSU’s policy and protocol as it pertains to Title IX and sexual misconduct, CCSU employee responsibilities under these policies and under state and federal law and how to assist colleagues and students who may have experienced sexual misconduct. An in-depth lecture and discussion regarding the reality of sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking on campus is conducted. Participants are also provided information on resources and referrals both on and off campus.

**Initial Title IX Training for CCSU Employees – On-Line**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: Offered to all employees on-line
Audience: CCSU employees
Number of participants: 2,246
Description: All CCSU employees are required to attend annual Title IX training. This training is offered both in person and on-line. The on-line session covers policy and procedure related to sexual misconduct, employee responsibilities, sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking.

**Title IX Refresher Training for CCSU Employees**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: Twenty-Eight (28)
Audience: CCSU Employees who have already completed an initial Title IX Training
Number of participants: 383
Description: This 45 minute training, facilitated by staff from the Office of Victim Advocacy, is required on an annual basis for all employees who have completed a three-hour initial training or the full on-line training. The training focuses on updates to policy, protocol and relevant legislation. Participants also review their responsibilities as CCSU employees and discuss a case study. Resources from both on and off campus are also discussed.

**Dare to be a Blue Devil**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: Two (2)
Audience: Incoming CCSU students (freshman and transfer)
Number of participants: 1,000 (approximate)
Description: This 90 minute training is a required component of Orientation for new students. Facilitated by the Director of Student Conduct, the Coordinator of Wellness Education and the Victim Advocacy and Violence Prevention Specialist, participants receive information on their responsibilities under the Student Code of Conduct. Definitions related to the sexual misconduct policy are explained. Resource both on and off campus are provided.

**Take Back the Night**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: Students, faculty and staff
Number of participants: One-hundred and fifty (150) approximate
Description: At this annual event hosted by the Ruth Boyea Women’s Center, the campus community comes together to support survivors of sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking. There is an opportunity for victims, survivors and supporters to share their experience and/or message in a variety of different formats.

**The Legal Consequences of Domestic / Interpersonal Violence. A Panel Discussion.**
Type of program: Awareness (intimate partner violence)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: Students, Faculty and Staff
Number of participants: Seventy-Five (75) approximate
Description: The goal of this panel was to raise awareness of the interpersonal violence epidemic and present on Connecticut’s approach to victim treatment and abuser accountability. Bringing together a variety of expertise, attendees learned about the history and progression of interpersonal violence laws in general and in Connecticut, current criminal justice procedures at the state level to reduce incidences of interpersonal violence, working with interpersonal violence offenders and the impact of interpersonal violence on victims and their families.

**Walk of No Shame Featuring Tatyana Fazlalizadeh**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: Students, faculty and staff
Number of participants: One Hundred (100) approximate
Description: This event, organized by students from the Ruth Boyea Women’s Center, focused on ending victim blame and provided a platform for students to share their own experiences with street harassment and sexual misconduct. This year, the event featured Tatyana Fazlalizadeh, an activist, artist and freelance illustrator who is behind the “Stop Telling Women to Smile” street art project that addresses gender based street harassment.

**The Hunting Ground – Film Screening and Discussion with Title IX Coordinator**
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: CCSU Students
Number of participants: Seventy-Five (75) approximate
Description: This program, produced by the Stand Up CCSU Community Organizers, involved a screening of the documentary *The Hunting Ground*, which focuses on how colleges across the country respond to sexual
March for Women’s Lives
Type of programs: Awareness (sexual assault, relationship violence and stalking)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: students, employees and community members
Number of participants: Twenty-five (25) approximate
Description: At this innovative event, developed and implemented by staff and students from the Ruth Boyea Women’s Center, both on-campus and off-campus departments and agencies were invited to provide resources and speak about the work that they do. Resources were available from many organizations including the Ruth Boyea Women’s Center, the Office of Victim Advocacy and the YWCA Sexual Assault Crisis Services.

Leslie Morgan Steiner: Crazy Love
Type of program: Awareness (relationship violence)
Number of sessions offered: One (1)
Audience: students, employees and community members
Number of participants: Five-hundred (500)
Description: This event served as the keynote address for the 2016 Red Flag Campaign. Leslie Morgan Steiner, author of Crazy Love and lauded for a 2012 TED Talk on domestic violence, spoke to her own experience in an abusive relationship, why many victims don’t reach out for help and how we can all help break the silence around this issue.

Other Awareness Initiatives

"How to Help" Manuals
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: N/A
Audience: CCSU employees, students
Number of participants: 10,000 approximate
Description: "How to Help" manuals include basic information on sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence, resources on and off campus, reporting options, victim rights and how individuals can help prevent violence. Approximately 10,000 copies were distributed in 2016 at events, "tabling" in the student center, at new student and employee orientations, in the residence halls, in classroom presentations and in offices throughout the CCSU campus. Note: All new students and employees received copies of the Policy and Procedure booklet, How to Help Booklet and an informational pamphlet that includes definitions and contact names for on- and off-campus resources.

"Pipeline" Announcement
Type of program: Awareness (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: N/A
Audience: CCSU employees, students
Number of participants: Unknown
Description: At the beginning of each semester, CCSU posts an announcement on the Central Pipeline (student, faculty and staff on-line portal) on student resources for sexual assault and interpersonal violence prevention and awareness and new policy changes.
**Risk Reduction**

**Campus “Blue Lights”**
Type of program: Risk Reduction (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: N/A
Audience: CCSU employees and students
Number of participants: N/A
Description: The University has installed approximately 100 well-paced emergency telephones on campus that automatically dial into the police dispatch center on campus.

**Police Safety Escort Service**
Type of program: Risk Reduction (sexual assault, intimate partner violence, stalking)
Number of sessions offered: N/A
Audience: CCSU employees and students
Number of participants: N/A
Description: Concerned students or employees at CCSU can call the CCSU Police and will be escorted to their destination (within the campus). Escorts include police student workers, public safety assistants and police officers.

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**II. SEXUAL VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS:**

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**Campaign Types:**
(List and Describe Each Campaign Type)

CCSU implemented two campus-wide campaigns throughout the 2016 calendar year; Stand Up CCSU (Spring 2016) and The Red Flag Campaign (Fall 2016). Stand Up CCSU is a student-led bystander intervention campaign that focuses on sexual assault, intimate partner violence and stalking. Photos of the campaign and posters developed by CCSU students are attached. The Red Flag campaign is an awareness campaign focused on intimate partner violence. It is administered by a campus wide committee. More information on both campaigns is below.

**Stand UP CCSU – Spring Semester 2016**

**Summary of Initiatives**

**Developed a Peer Education Program**

In the fall of 2015, recruitment efforts began for the **Stand Up CCSU Community Organizers**. After an application and interview process, eleven students were ultimately selected to be a part of the program. These students were provided a full day of training on sexual and interpersonal violence and prevention.
strategies. They then facilitated classroom presentations, developed a poster campaign and planned four outreach events. They are the heart of the Stand Up CCSU campaign.

**Forty-six (46) Bystander Intervention Classroom Presentations**

At the beginning of the spring 2016 semester a sub-committee of community organizers developed a twenty minute presentation for classrooms with assistance from their advisor. They then reached out to faculty across campus. The community organizers co-facilitated presentations in 46 classrooms, directly reaching approximately 1200 students. Their presentation focused on sexual assault myths, bystander intervention and resources on campus. They reached students from a variety of disciplines including math, English, business, manufacturing, criminal justice, sociology, psychology and geology.

**Two (2) Film Screenings**

The community organizers screened two new documentaries. They hosted a screening of *The Hunting Ground*, a film that documents how some campuses mishandle Title IX complaints, followed by an open forum with the CCSU Title IX Officer. They also screened *The Mask You Live In*, a film that deconstructs social norms around masculinity, followed by a discussion with CCSU professor, Dr. Jason Sikorski. Together, the screenings reached approximately 125 students.

**Developed a Poster Campaign**

The community organizers began developing the poster campaign during their initial training. After much reflection they developed a campaign that featured each of the community organizers in a poster with their own unique bystander intervention message. They were eager to focus on both how and why students intervene to make campus better and safer. As a group they designed the concept, took the photographs and created an implementation plan.

- One week before the posters went up, the community organizers distributed Post-Its with bystander messages all over campus.
- If a CCSU student posted a picture of a found Post-It to Twitter they received a free t-shirt.
- The community organizers then put up 11 X 17 posters.
- The week after the initial posters, they put up even larger posters that just communicated the message.

**Collaboration with Department of Communications**

From the beginning of this project, the Department of Communications was a main partner. Two faculty members assigned their production classes a major project of developing a PSA on Stand Up CCSU. The students were provided training and support throughout the semester from the Office of Victim Advocacy. At the end of the semester, a screening of the PSA’s was organized. Due to the integration of the campaign in to classes, much excitement was generated amongst students in that department. This led to Stand Up CCSU being highlighted in other academic projects including the student newspaper, a student run TV show, posters and video projects for other classes.

**Stand Up Day**

The community organizers developed **Stand Up Day** and played a major role in the project’s success. The four hour long event was held outside of the Student Center on campus on one of the first beautiful days of spring. The community organizers had music playing to draw attention to the event. Students could stop by to learn about resources, take part in a bystander intervention themed activity, sign the Stand Up pledge, or have their picture taken with their own Stand Up message to be added to social media.
Students who participated received a free t-shirt, phone back case or bracelet. Approximately 400 students participated. The event ended with a live performance of “Till It Happens to You” performed by one of CCSU’s student acapella groups.

Social Media

Photos, events, poster campaign promotion and links were shared on an on-going basis on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram.

**The Red Flag Campaign – Fall Semester 2016**

**Final Report**

**Description:**

The Red Flag Campaign (RFC) uses an evidence-based, bystander intervention strategy to address sexual assault, dating violence and stalking on college campuses. At CCSU the campaign includes the distribution of red flags on campus, a poster series, classroom presentations and several key note speakers.

**Red Flag Committee**

A campus wide committee worked together to implement the campaign. Chaired by Nicholas D’Agostino (Office of Diversity and Equity) and Kathy Bantley (Criminology and Criminal Justice) the committee was comprised of students, faculty and staff from Student Government, Residence Life, Health Services, Women’s Center, University Police, Office of Diversity and Equity, Psychological Sciences, Criminology and Criminal Justice and the YWCA of New Britain.

**Goals**

The goals of the RFC included:

- To build bystander intervention skills in the student population
- To improve student understanding of the different forms dating violence can take
- To bring awareness to the issue of dating violence in the college community

**Initiatives**

**Classroom Presentations**

- Facilitated presentations in over 23 classrooms across various disciplines reaching approximately 800 students (a slight decrease (5%) from previous campaign.

**Posters & Banners**

- Posters – Layering of three different CCSU created posters to add effect and visibility of intimate partner violence. Traditional RFC posters also utilized.

**Tabling**

- Student Center Tabling (once or twice a week during campaign (approximately 200 students received educational information)
- Hillside Cafeteria (approximately 75 students received education information)
- Meet the Greek Event (approximately 75 students received educational information)
- Presentation to Athletic Department (approximately 50 people received information)
- Homecoming football game (approximately 200 students received educational information)
- Tabling – Volleyball game
Keynote Speakers

Leslie Morgan Steiner, “Crazy Love” 500 (approx.) students in attendance including NCAA athletes

Other Campaign Activities:

- Criminal Justice Panel; Legal Consequences of Domestic Violence (75 attended)
- Student Center
  - Dressed statue of Kaiser in Red Flag outfit
  - Banner in Devil’s Den, television screens, and memorial hall (new red lights for evening on memorial hall)
- Door tags in Residence Halls
- E-mail to campus from Rosa Rodríguez, Title IX Coordinator
- Promotion at Title IX Training on October 11, 2017
- Scavenger Hunt – While only 4 people participated, the hunt itself was a success and can be replicated for future campaigns.
- Product Drive for Prudence Crandall – donations brought in over 300 items for this product drive to support our local shelter.
- Gave away approximately 500 red flag campaign t-shirts to students, faculty, staff and family visitors

### III. TOTAL REPORTED INCIDENCES OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE:

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<th>Incident Category</th>
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<th>Number of Incidents Disclosed</th>
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### IV.a. DISCIPLINARY CASES AND FINAL OUTCOMES OF DISCIPLINARY CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (STUDENTS):

| Case Category          | Total Number of Cases | Final Outcome: | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Sexual Assault         | 2                     |                |                | 2              | 2              |                             |                                |                  |
| Stalking               | 1                     |                |                |                | 1              |                             |                                | 1                |
| Intimate Partner Violence | 2                 | 1              |                | 1              | 1              |                             |                                | 2                |
### IV.b. FINAL OUTCOMES OF APPEALS OF ORIGINAL OUTCOMES OF CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (STUDENTS):

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal Category</th>
<th>Total Number of Cases</th>
<th>Outcome of Appeal Decision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Upheld</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner Violence</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### V.a. DISCIPLINARY CASES AND FINAL OUTCOMES OF DISCIPLINARY CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (EMPLOYEES):

| Case Category          | Total Number of Cases | Final Outcome:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner Violence</td>
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<td></td>
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### V.b. FINAL OUTCOMES OF APPEALS OF ORIGINAL OUTCOMES OF CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (EMPLOYEES):

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal Category</th>
<th>Outcome of Appeal Decision</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Upheld</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual Assault</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner Violence</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

### VI. TOTAL ANONYMOUS OR CONFIDENTIAL SEXUAL VIOLENCE REPORTS OR DISCLOSURES TO THE INSTITUTION:

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<tr>
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<th>Number of Disclosures:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Anonymous</td>
<td>Confidential</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sexual Assault</td>
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<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner Violence</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*'*Sexual Violence'* was used aggregately to encompass sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence, as defined by C.G.S. The full text of each of the above reportables is as follows:*
I. A copy of its most recent policies regarding sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence;

II. A copy of its most recent concise written notification of the rights and options of a student or employee who reports or discloses an alleged violation of its sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence policy or policies;

III. The number and type of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence prevention, awareness and risk reduction programs at the institution;

IV. The type of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence prevention and awareness campaigns held by the institution;

V. The number of incidences of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence reported or disclosed to such institution;

VI. The number of confidential or anonymous reports or disclosures to the institution of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence;

VII. The number of disciplinary cases at the institution related to sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence; and

VIII. The final outcome of all disciplinary cases at the institution related to sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence, including, but not limited to, the outcome of any appeals of such final outcome, to the extent reporting on such outcomes does not conflict with federal law.

STATUTORY REFERENCES AND DEFINITIONS

SEXUAL ASSAULT

Sec. 53a-70. Sexual assault in the first degree: Class B or A felony. (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the first degree when such person (1) compels another person to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force against such other person or a third person, or by the threat of use of force against such other person or against a third person which reasonably causes such person to fear physical injury to such person or a third person, or (2) engages in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is under thirteen years of age and the actor is more than two years older than such person, or (3) commits sexual assault in the second degree as provided in section 53a-71 and in the commission of such offense is aided by two or more other persons actually present, or (4) engages in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is mentally incapacitated to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual intercourse.

(b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, sexual assault in the first degree is a class B felony for which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court or, if the victim of the offense is under ten years of age, for which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2) Sexual assault in the first degree is a class A felony if the offense is a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age or the offense is a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section. Any person found guilty under said
subdivision (1) or (2) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim is under ten years of age or of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim is under sixteen years of age. (3) Any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of at least ten years, a portion of which may be suspended, except as provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, or a term of imprisonment and a period of special parole pursuant to subsection (b) of section 53a-28 which together constitute a sentence of at least ten years. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 53a-29 and except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a court may suspend a portion of a sentence imposed under this subsection and impose a period of supervised probation pursuant to subsection (f) of section 53a-29.

**Sec. 53a-71. Sexual assault in the second degree: Class C or B felony.** (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the second degree when such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person and: (1) Such other person is thirteen years of age or older but under sixteen years of age and the actor is more than three years older than such other person; or (2) such other person is impaired because of mental disability or disease to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual intercourse; or (3) such other person is physically helpless; or (4) such other person is less than eighteen years old and the actor is such person's guardian or otherwise responsible for the general supervision of such person's welfare; or (5) such other person is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person; or (6) the actor is a psychotherapist and such other person is (A) a patient of the actor and the sexual intercourse occurs during the psychotherapy session, (B) a patient or former patient of the actor and such patient or former patient is emotionally dependent upon the actor, or (C) a patient or former patient of the actor and the sexual intercourse occurs by means of therapeutic deception; or (7) the actor accomplishes the sexual intercourse by means of false representation that the sexual intercourse is for a bona fide medical purpose by a health care professional; or (8) the actor is a school employee and such other person is a student enrolled in a school in which the actor works or a school under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education which employs the actor; or (9) the actor is a coach in an athletic activity or a person who provides intensive, ongoing instruction and such other person is a recipient of coaching or instruction from the actor and (A) is a secondary school student and receives such coaching or instruction in a secondary school setting, or (B) is under eighteen years of age; or (10) the actor is twenty years of age or older and stands in a position of power, authority or supervision over such other person by virtue of the actor's professional, legal, occupational or volunteer status and such other person’s participation in a program or activity, and such other person is under eighteen years of age; or (11) such other person is placed or receiving services under the direction of the Commissioner of Developmental Services in any public or private facility or program and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person.

(b) Sexual assault in the second degree is a class C felony or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class B felony, and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which nine months of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

**Sec. 53a-72a. Sexual assault in the third degree: Class D or C felony.** (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the third degree when such person (1) compels another person to submit to sexual contact (A) by the use of force against such other person or a third person, or (B) by the threat of use of force against such other person or against a third person, which reasonably causes such other person to fear physical injury to himself or herself or a third person, or (2) engages in sexual intercourse with another person whom the actor knows to be related to him or her within any of the degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21.
(b) Sexual assault in the third degree is a class D felony or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class C felony.

Sec. 53a-73a. Sexual assault in the fourth degree: Class A misdemeanor or class D felony. (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the fourth degree when: (1) Such person subjects another person to sexual contact who is (A) under thirteen years of age and the actor is more than two years older than such other person, or (B) thirteen years of age or older but under fifteen years of age and the actor is more than three years older than such other person, or (C) mentally incapacitated or impaired because of mental disability or disease to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual contact, or (D) physically helpless, or (E) less than eighteen years old and the actor is such other person's guardian or otherwise responsible for the general supervision of such other person's welfare, or (F) in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person; or (2) such person subjects another person to sexual contact without such other person's consent; or (3) such person engages in sexual contact with an animal or dead body; or (4) such person is a psychotherapist and subjects another person to sexual contact who is (A) a patient of the actor and the sexual contact occurs during the psychotherapy session, or (B) a patient or former patient of the actor and such patient or former patient is emotionally dependent upon the actor, or (C) a patient or former patient of the actor and the sexual contact occurs by means of therapeutic deception; or (5) such person subjects another person to sexual contact and accomplishes the sexual contact by means of false representation that the sexual contact is for a bona fide medical purpose by a health care professional; or (6) such person is a school employee and subjects another person to sexual contact who is a student enrolled in a school in which the actor works or a school under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education which employs the actor; or (7) such person is a coach in an athletic activity or a person who provides intensive, ongoing instruction and subjects another person to sexual contact who is a recipient of coaching or instruction from the actor and (A) is a secondary school student and receives such coaching or instruction in a secondary school setting, or (B) is under eighteen years of age; or (8) such person subjects another person to sexual contact and (A) the actor is twenty years of age or older and stands in a position of power, authority or supervision over such other person by virtue of the actor's professional, legal, occupational or volunteer status and such other person's participation in a program or activity, and (B) such other person is under eighteen years of age; or (9) such person subjects another person to sexual contact who is placed or receiving services under the direction of the Commissioner of Developmental Services in any public or private facility or program and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person.

(b) Sexual assault in the fourth degree is a class A misdemeanor or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class D felony.

SEXUAL ASSAULT/INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE

Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (1) “Affirmative Consent” means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (5) “Intimate partner violence” means any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse of or person in a dating relationship with such individual that results from any action by such spouse or such person that may be classified as a sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, stalking under section 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e, or family violence as designated under section 46b-38h.

Sec. 53a-70b. Sexual assault in spousal or cohabiting relationship: Class B felony. (a) For the purposes of this section:
(1) "Sexual intercourse" means vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse, fellatio or cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse or fellatio and does not require emission of semen. Penetration may be committed by an object manipulated by the actor into the genital or anal opening of the victim's body; and
(2) "Use of force" means: (A) Use of a dangerous instrument; or (B) use of actual physical force or violence or superior physical strength against the victim.

(b) No spouse or cohabitor shall compel the other spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force against such other spouse or cohabitor, or by the threat of the use of force against such other spouse or cohabitor which reasonably causes such other spouse or cohabitor to fear physical injury.
(c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony for which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

STALKING

Sec. 53a-181c. Stalking in the first degree: Class D felony. (a) A person is guilty of stalking in the first degree when such person commits stalking in the second degree as provided in section 53a-181d and (1) such person has previously been convicted of a violation of section 53a-181d, or (2) such conduct violates a court order in effect at the time of the offense, or (3) the other person is under sixteen years of age.

(b) Stalking in the first degree is a class D felony.

Sec. 53a-181d. Stalking in the second degree: Class A misdemeanor. (a) For the purposes of this section, "course of conduct" means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which a person directly, indirectly or through a third party, by any action, method, device or means, (1) follows, lies in wait for, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, harasses, communicates with or sends unwanted gifts to, a person, or (2) interferes with a person's property.

(b) A person is guilty of stalking in the second degree when:
(1) Such person knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for such person's physical safety or the physical safety of a third person; or
(2) Such person intentionally, and for no legitimate purpose, engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear that such person's employment, business or career is threatened, where (A) such conduct consists of the actor telephoning to, appearing at or initiating communication or contact at such other person's place of employment or business, provided the actor was previously and clearly informed to cease such conduct, and (B) such conduct does not consist of constitutionally protected activity.

(c) Stalking in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 53a-181e. Stalking in the third degree: Class B misdemeanor. (a) A person is guilty of stalking in the third degree when he recklessly causes another person to reasonably fear for his physical safety by wilfully and repeatedly following or lying in wait for such other person.
(b) Stalking in the third degree is a class B misdemeanor.

PROGRAMMING:
Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (2) “Awareness programming” means institutional action designed to inform the campus community of the affirmative consent standard used pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section, and communicate the prevalence of sexual assaults, stalking and intimate partner violence, including the nature and number of cases of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence reported at or disclosed to each institution of higher education in the preceding three calendar years, including, but not limited to, poster and flyer campaigns, electronic communications, films, guest speakers, symposia, conferences, seminars or panel discussions;

Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (6) “Primary prevention programming” means institutional action and strategies intended to prevent sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence before it occurs by means of changing social norms and other approaches, including, but not limited to, poster and flyer campaigns, electronic communications, films, guest speakers, symposia, conferences, seminars or panel discussions;

“Risk Reduction”

“Risk Reduction” is not statutorily defined. However, the Federal regulations for the Violence Against Women Act amendments to the Clery Act (VAWA), provides the following definition:

- Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.

While VAWA’s definition is criticized as implying that victims can prevent sexual violence by participating in risk reduction programs, it is still helpful in categorizing institution’s sexual violence programs and initiatives for reporting purposes. Examples of risk reduction programs related to sexual violence include, but are not limited to, the following: blue safety lights on campus, self-defense classes, safety tips, bystander intervention techniques, the buddy system, rape whistles, and related educational programming.

CONCERNING “REPORTS” vs. “DISCLOSURES” IN PART IV OF THE AFOREMENTIONED:

A disclosure is a communication of an incident of sexual violence not accompanied with a request for an investigation or adjudication, although there may be a request for accommodations and referral to services.

A report is a disclosure accompanied by an immediate request for an investigation and adjudication.

Please direct all inquiries concerning this handbook to Gregory F. Daniels, Assistant Counsel, Connecticut State Colleges and Universities, at 860-723-0018 or DanielsG@ct.edu.
Policies
Central Connecticut State University

Nondiscrimination & Anti-Harassment Policies, Complaint Procedures and On-campus and Community Resources

Office of Diversity and Equity
1615 Stanley Street
Davidson Hall, 102
New Britain, CT 06050
Important Phone Numbers

Reporting an Incident

University Police (Criminal Complaints)
860-832-2375

Office of Diversity & Equity (Title IX Officer) All complaints
860-832-1652

Office of Student Conduct (OSC) Complaints against students
860-832-1667

Medical Attention

Student Wellness Services, Health (Confidential)
860-832-1925

Hospital of Central Connecticut*(HCC)
860-224-5011

Emergencies
911

Someone to talk to

Office of Victim Advocacy
860-832-3795

Women’s Center
860-832-1655

Student Wellness Services, Counseling (Confidential)
860-832-1945

Sexual Assault & Crisis Services*(Confidential)
860-225-4681; English Hotline 1-860-223-1787

Prudence Crandall Center for Domestic Violence* (Confidential)
888-774-2900 (24-hour hotline)

*Off-Campus
Dear University Community Members:

As the newly appointed President at Central Connecticut State University (CCSU), I want you to know that I am committed to creating a safe and supportive community. A key component in our efforts is to provide policies that clearly spell out our response to reported incidents affecting our students, faculty, staff, and visitors.

These policies provide information for those whose rights have been violated and present guidance for the campus community on the expectations we have for communication, responsibility, and respect. The established procedures ensure that any CCSU community member who is subjected to discrimination or harassment is treated with care and provided accurate and complete information. I encourage all to read the policies and procedures so that we can all support those who may need our help.

Acts of harassment and discrimination threaten personal safety and violate the standards of conduct expected of community members. To help ensure that the University remains welcoming and safe for all, we will continue to offer education and awareness programs for the campus community, and we will pursue all criminal and administrative remedies for complaints of discrimination, harassment, and violence.

At CCSU, we must continue to work to be a place of support and compassion.

Sincerely,

Zulma R. Toro
President
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Mission Statement

- Provide leadership for the University in its commitment to a campus environment that fosters respect for the dignity, rights and aspirations of each member of the University community.
- Coordinate the University's efforts to promote, develop and support a culturally diverse community.
- Guide the University community in the implementation of Affirmative Action and diversity strategies.

The ODE is located in Davidson Hall, RM 102. The office reports directly to the President and is responsible for promoting diversity and fairness. Responsibilities include the administration of:

1. Policies and Procedures
   - Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment Policy
   - Sexual Misconduct Policy
   - Procedures for filing related complaints
2. Federal and State Laws
   - Affirmative action and equal employment opportunity laws
   - Section 504 of the 1973 Rehabilitation Act and Americans with Disabilities Act
   - Civil Rights laws including, Title IX, Title VII

Other responsibilities include the administration/implementation of the University’s:

3. Investigation of internally filed complaints
4. Monitoring of the employment process (including recruitment, hiring, promotion and training)
5. Development and implementation of the annual Affirmative Action Plan
6. Provision of the ADA reasonable accommodations for employees
7. Conduct training on Title IX including the prevention of sexual harassment for staff and students and Diversity. Coordinate CCSU’s violence awareness campaigns
State law requires that all employees participate in diversity training and that all those employees with supervisory responsibility participate in the sexual harassment prevention training. Based on state law, the university requires that all employees complete Title IX training on an annual basis. Contact the ODE for the training opportunities.

ADA Accommodations

Employees: The Office of Diversity and Equity handles employees’ requests for reasonable accommodations.

Contact Information: Rosa Rodríguez, Chief Diversity Officer/Title IX Coordinator at 860-832-1652 or at rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu

Students: Requests for reasonable accommodations from students are handled by the Office of Student Disability Services. The office is located in Carroll Hall.

Contact Information: Office of Student Disability Services at 860-832-1952

Ruthe Boyea Women’s Center

The Ruthe Boyea Women's Center provides resources, to advocate, inform, and support personal development. The Center offers a variety of services for and about women. It also sponsors educational and cultural programs designed to promote gender equity, knowledge of women's rights issues, leadership and independence, and encourages understanding and cooperation among women of varied socio-economic groups, cultures, ethnic backgrounds, races and sexual orientations. The Women’s Center welcomes all women and men.

The Center is located in the Student Center, RM 215.

Contact Information: Jacqueline Cobbina-Boivin, Women Center Coordinator at 860-832-1655 or cobbina-boivinj@ccsu.edu.
Office of Victim Advocacy

The Office of Victim Advocacy provides services to assist and support individuals affiliated with CCSU who have been impacted by sexual assault, relationship violence, and/or stalking.

The office is located in Carroll Hall, RM 248 and is staffed by a professional staff member.

Office Hours:

Mon. 9 AM - 12:30 PM, Tues. 9 AM – 5 PM, Wed. 1 - 4:30 PM, Fri. 9 AM – 5 PM

Contact Information: Sarah Dodd, Victim Advocacy and Violence Prevention Specialist at 860-832-3795 or sarahdodd@ccsu.edu

We’re working together to change this statistic.
# ODE Staff Responsibilities

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<th>ODE Staff</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Rosa Rodríguez</strong></td>
<td>- Leads/manages CCSU’s programs that promote equity, diversity and equal opportunity including oversight of the affirmative action and non-discrimination policies and procedures and Title IX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Diversity and Equity</td>
<td>- Develops and coordinate training programs as they related to nondiscrimination, diversity, equity including Title IX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Diversity Officer (CDO) &amp; Title IX Officer</td>
<td>- Oversees the hiring process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Davidson Hall, RM 102</td>
<td>- Investigates complaints</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>860-832-0178</td>
<td>- Serves as the ADA coordinator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu">rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu</a></td>
<td>- Develops and coordinates cultural and educational programming activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Provides advocacy and referral services</td>
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<p>| <strong>Nicholas D’Agostino</strong>                        |                                                                                                                                                 |
| ODE                                            | - Investigates complaints                                                                                                                      |
| Associate to CDO                               | - Assists with the development and implementation of the AA plan                                                                               |
| Davidson Hall, RM 102                          | - Serves as the lead person in the data collections as it relates to the affirmative action                                                |
| 860-832-1653                                   | - Conducts training on issues related to diversity and Title IX                                                                                |
| <a href="mailto:nicholas.dagostino@ccsu.edu">nicholas.dagostino@ccsu.edu</a>                    | - Oversees the classified search process                                                                                                       |
|                                              | - Provides advocacy and referrals                                                                                                               |
|                                              | - Leads awareness campaigns                                                                                                                    |
|                                              | - Provides advocacy and referral services                                                                                                       |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ODE Staff</th>
<th>Responsibilities</th>
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| **Sarah Dodd, Victim Advocacy and Violence Prevention Specialist**  
Office of Victim Advocacy  
Carroll Hall, RM 248  
Mon. 9 AM-12:30 PM  
Tues. 9 AM – 5:00 PM  
Wed. 1 - 4:30 PM  
Fri. 9 AM – 5:00 PM  
Other times available upon request  
860-832-3795  
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu | • Provides professional advocacy services for students, faculty and staff who have been impacted by sexual assault, relationship violence, and/or stalking  
• Provides information on different options available to address safety and other concerns and assist in the navigation of different reporting systems  
• Provides referrals to campus or community entities depending on individual needs  
• Collaborates with other offices at CCSU to develop meaningful violence prevention initiatives for the benefit of the entire campus community and to assess the impact |
| **Jacqueline Cobbina-Boivin**  
Women Center Coordinator  
Student Center, RM 215  
(Mid-August to Mid-June)  
860-832-1655  
cobbina-boivinj@ccsu.edu | • Offers services for and about women  
• Provides resources, to advocate, inform, and support personal development  
• Sponsors educational and cultural programs designed to promote gender equity, leadership, and independence  
• Provides advocacy and referral services |

**Did you know?**

Harassment based on gender stereotypes is a form of sex discrimination and is unlawful.
Other University Cultural Programs and Services

Center for Africana Studies
The Center emphasizes the study and the cultures of African peoples both in the Continent of Africa and throughout the world. Further, the Center offers various programs including lectures, conferences, student activities etc. that create a better understanding of African peoples in the wider social, economic, and political systems.

The Center is located in the Marcus White Hall, RM 008.

**Contact Information:** Dr. Evelyn Phillips, Ph.D., Co-Director at PhillipsE@ccsu.edu or 860-832-2617, or Sherinatu Fafunwa-Ndibe, Co-Director at fafunwas@ccsu.edu or 860-832-2646

East Asian Center

The East Asian Center is devoted to serving the interests and needs of Asian and Asian American students and helping to create a supportive environment for living and studying. In this regard, EAC provides a range of support services, advising and mentoring services, as well as cultural, social and co-curricular programs. http://www.ccsu.edu/eastasiancenter

The Center is located in Barnard Hall, RM 209.

**Contact Information:** Dr. Helen Abadiano, Director at 860-832-2180 or EAC@ccsu.edu. She is available to address academic or personal concerns.

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**Did you know?**

In the U.S. in 2010, Chinese-Americans, except Taiwanese (3.8 M) were the largest Asian group, followed by Filipinos (3.4 M), Asian Indians (3.2 M), Vietnamese (1.7 M), Koreans (1.7 M) and Japanese (1.3 M).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census
Latin American, Latino and Caribbean Center

The Center for Caribbean and Latin American Studies promotes the understanding and appreciation of the historical, social and cultural lives of Latin American and Caribbean societies, and of Latino in the U.S. through education, community events, study abroad, international exchange, community outreach and research. Because of the importance of the Latino community as one of the largest minority groups in the U.S., the Center as part of the University’s mission of fostering diversity and global awareness plays an important role in providing educational opportunities to Latino students and promoting Latino cultures. The Center organizes educational and cultural activities that aim to increase the recruitment and retention of Latino students.

The Center is located in Carroll Hall.

Contact Information: Dr. José Carlos del Ama, PH.D., Director at 860-832-3211 or delamaj@ccsu.edu.

Did you know?

National origin discrimination includes discrimination because a person (or his or her ancestors) comes from a particular place. The place is usually a country or a former country, for example, Colombia or Serbia. In some cases, the place has never been a country, but is closely associated with a group of people who share a common language, culture, ancestry, and/or other similar social characteristics, for example, Kurdistan.

Source: http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/national-origin.html#II
Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender Center (LGBT)

The LGBT Center provides a safe space that focuses on resources for the campus Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer and Ally community. The Safe Zone Concept has been adopted by CCSU. The Center offers Safe Zone training. This program promotes awareness and non-judgmental treatment of sexual minorities. Safe Zone provides safe spaces that are highly visible and easily identifiable to lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons, where support and understanding are key and where discrimination is not tolerated.

The Center is located in the Student Center, RM 305.

Contact Information: Crystal Nieves at 860-832-2091 or cnieves@ccsu.edu.

The LGBT Center Advisory Board provides input, advice and vision regarding strategic plans for the Center and campus life for LGBTQ students, staff and faculty. For additional information contact Nicholas D’Agostino, Associate in the Office of Diversity and Equity at 860-832-1653 or Nicholas.dagostino@ccsu.edu

Did you know?

Some Central Connecticut State University students are known by a first name that is different from their legal first name. In an effort to accommodate these students the University has created a preferred first name option for student information as it appears in select locations. For information go to the CCSU website for policy and procedure: http://web.ccsu.edu/registrar/policies/preferredFirstNameProcedure.asp
MOSAIC Center

The MOSAIC Center is located on the second floor in the Student Center. The purpose of the center is to create a welcoming area for multicultural affairs. The center is a support system for all the cultural and religious groups. MOSAIC provides many resources for student organizations to take advantage of to help program events, discussions, and forums for the year. The MOSAIC Center also participates in co-sponsorship with other clubs and organizations to help foster unity among the campus community.

The Center is located on the second floor in the Student Center.

Contact Information: 860-832-1892

Did you know?

Three Largest Connecticut Race/Ethnic Groups

- The Connecticut White population is 2,546,262 persons or 71.2%.
- The Connecticut Hispanic population is 479,087 persons or 13.4%.
- The Connecticut Black population is 335,119 persons or 9.4%.

Source: http://www.connecticut-demographics.com/
Student Clubs and Organizations

Africana Students Organization (ASO)
The purpose of the Africana Students Organization (ASO) shall be to promote a sense of awareness of African culture on the CCSU campus through events, empowerment discussions, and support systems; to further educate the people of CCSU on the different cultures that constitute the continent of Africa and the issues that concern us; and, to encourage positive conceptions of African cultural background and the African Diaspora.

The Chinese Students Association
The Chinese Student Association is an undergraduate student-run campus club. Our goal is to expand the communication between Chinese students and local friends and to experience some of the rich aspects Chinese culture as well as to introduce and integrate cultures of other origins.

Hillel Jewish Student Organization
Hillel Jewish Student Organization is dedicated to the development of a continued process of learning, awareness raising and strength building, as well as embracing being Jewish today. Hillel Jewish Student Organization meets regularly on campus. Students develop activities through their planning board.

Latin American Student Organization (LASO)
LASO is a volunteer student organization comprised of various members representing different communities and backgrounds.

Muslim Student Association
MSA’s mission is to create friendly relations between the Muslim and non-Muslim students on campus and to present Islam to the people of other faiths and cultures. Club membership is certainly not limited to the Muslims on campus. EVERYONE is encouraged to join!
NAACP
To inform youth of the problems affecting African Americans and other racial and ethnic minorities; to advance the economic, education, social and political status of African Americans and other racial and ethnic minorities and their harmonious cooperation with other peoples; to stimulate an appreciation of the African Diaspora and other people of color’s contribution to civilization; and to develop an intelligent, militant effective youth leadership while promoting racial tolerance and unity.

PRIDE
PRIDE supports LGBT students on campus and provides educational and awareness programs for the entire campus community. PRIDE meets on a weekly basis in the Student Center. All are welcome!

South Asian Students Association (SASA)
The purpose of the South Asian Students Association (SASA) is to promote international friendship by improving intercultural relations and creating a stronger bond of unity between Eastern and Western cultures; to further the acknowledgment of South Asian countries (India, Pakistan, Bangladesh) their culture, traditions, customs, norms, languages and religious belief; and, to encourage South Asian students to spread their culture by arranging activities such as field trips, cultural shows, intercollegiate events, and other cultural events.

United Caribbean Club
Come join the festivities of the United Caribbean Club where we promote the unity of the political, cultural, and educational ideals of the Caribbean student. Calling all West Indians!

For additional information on student organizations go to https://ccsu.collegiatelink.net/Organizations.
Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment Policy

Central Connecticut State University (CCSU) is committed to a policy of nondiscrimination in education and employment. No person shall be discriminated against in terms and conditions of employment, personnel practices, or access to or participation in programs, services, and activities with regard to: age; ancestry, color; gender identity and expression; intellectual disability; learning disability; mental disability; physical disability; marital status, national origin; race; religious creed; sex, including pregnancy, transgender status, sexual harassment and sexual assault; sexual orientation; or any other status protected by federal or state laws. Discrimination in employment-based on genetic information is prohibited. In addition, CCSU will not refuse to hire solely because of a prior criminal conviction, unless that refusal is permitted by Connecticut law.

Harassment on the basis of any of the above protected classes is prohibited. Harassment may occur in a variety of relationships, including faculty and student, supervisor and employee, student and student, staff and student, employee and employee, and other relationships with persons having business at, or visiting the educational or working environment.

This policy is directed at verbal or physical conduct that constitutes discrimination/harassment under state and federal law and is not directed at the content of speech. In cases in which verbal statements and other forms of expression are involved, CCSU will give due consideration to an individual’s constitutionally protected right to free speech and academic freedom.

Retaliation is illegal. No individual who opposes an allegedly discriminatory act or practice shall suffer retaliation as a result of such participation. Complaints of retaliation may be filed within a reasonable time of the alleged retaliatory act with the Chief Diversity Officer or any manager not directly involved in the alleged retaliation, who will then notify the Office of Diversity and Equity (ODE).
This policy shall apply to all individuals affiliated with CCSU including, but not limited to, students, employees, applicants, agents and guests and is intended to protect the rights of concerned individuals.

Definitions

Discrimination

Discrimination is defined as conduct that is directed at an individual because of his or her protected class and subjects the individual to different treatment so as to interfere with or limit the ability of the individual to participate in, or benefit from, the services, activities, or privileges provided by the university or otherwise adversely affects the individual's employment or education.

Discriminatory Harassment

Discriminatory harassment is defined as verbal or physical conduct that is directed at an individual because of his or her protected class, and is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive so as to have the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s work or academic performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work or educational environment.

Retaliation

Retaliation is subjecting a person to a materially adverse action because he or she made a complaint under this policy or assisted or participated in any manner in an investigation under this policy.

Responsibility

The responsibility for implementation of this policy is assigned to the Chief Diversity Officer, who may delegate duties as appropriate. The ODE will promptly address each complaint and make reasonable efforts to expeditiously affect a resolution. The investigation of such complaints will be managed with appropriate sensitivity.

Revised October 25, 2011; June 13, 2014—changed mental disorder to mental disability
BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Assault and Intimate Partner Violence Policy

Central Connecticut State University Statement

Central Connecticut State University (CCSU) will not tolerate sexual misconduct against students, staff, faculty, or visitors, whether it comes in the form of intimate partner violence, sexual assault, sexual exploitation or sexual harassment, as defined in the BOR policy. In an ongoing effort to prevent sexual misconduct and intimate partner violence on the CCSU campus, the University provides education and prevention programs for the CCSU community and pursues all criminal and administrative remedies for complaints of sexual misconduct.

CCSU is a community dependent upon trust and respect for its constituent members: students, faculty, staff and those visiting or under temporary contract. As noted in CCSU’s Violence Free Campus Policy, members of the University community have the right to a safe and welcoming campus environment. Acts of sexual misconduct and intimate partner violence threaten personal safety and violate the standards of conduct expected of community members.

Individuals and Entities Affected by this Policy

This policy applies to anyone on the property of Central Connecticut State University, as well as anyone present at CCSU-sponsored programs or events. This policy extends to off-campus violations of both students and employees in limited circumstances as noted below:

- Students: “Off-campus misconduct may be subject to the jurisdiction of the University and addressed through its disciplinary procedures if one of the following conditions is met: (i) a student engages in prohibited conduct at an official University event, at a University-sanctioned event, or at an event sponsored by a recognized student organization; or (ii) a student engages in prohibited conduct under such circumstances that
reasonable grounds exist for believing that the accused student poses a threat to the life, health or safety of any member of the University community or to the property of the University.”

- Employees: The decision of whether to investigate and discipline employees for off-campus misconduct will be made by the appropriate university administrator on a case-by-case basis in accordance with collective bargaining agreements, CSU/university policies, and state regulations.

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Did you know?

Sexually explicit calendars, cartoons, and jokes of a sexual nature are all examples of items that may create a hostile work or learning environment.

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Statement of Policy

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) in conjunction with the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (CSCU) is committed to ensuring that each member of every BOR governed college and university community has the opportunity to participate fully in the process of education and development. The BOR and CSCU strive to maintain a safe and welcoming environment free from acts of sexual misconduct and intimate partner violence. It is the intent of the BOR and each of its colleges or universities to provide safety, privacy and support to victims of sexual misconduct and intimate partner violence.

The BOR strongly encourages victims to report any instance of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking and intimate partner violence, as an effective means of taking action by reporting such acts to the appropriate

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1 CCSU Student Code of Conduct, Part B
officials and pursuing criminal or disciplinary remedies, or both. The only way that action can be taken against anyone who violates another in such a manner is through reporting. Each and every BOR governed college and university shall provide those who report sexual misconduct with many supportive options, including referral to agencies that provide medical attention, counseling, legal services, advocacy, referrals and general information regarding sexual misconduct. Each and every BOR governed college and university will preserve the confidentiality of those who report sexual misconduct to the fullest extent possible and allowed by law. All BOR and CSCU employees, victim support persons and community victim advocates being consulted will make any limits of confidentiality clear before any disclosure of facts takes place. Other than confidential resources as defined above, in addition to employees who qualify as Campus Security Authorities under the Jeanne Clery Act, all BOR and CSCU employees are required to immediately communicate to the institution’s designated recipient any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct received from a student as well as communicate any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct the employee received from another employee when misconduct is related to the business of the institution.

Affirmative consent must be given by all parties before engaging in sexual activity. Affirmative consent means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person. Sexual misconduct, as defined herein, is a violation of BOR policies and, in addition, may subject an accused student or employee to criminal penalties. The BOR and each of its governed colleges and universities are committed to providing an environment free of personal offenses. Sexual relationships of any kind between staff, faculty and students are discouraged pursuant to BOR policy.

The Board of Regents for Higher Education hereby directs the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities to implement the Policy stated above pursuant to the following provisions:
Terms, Usage and Standards

**Consent** must be affirmed and given freely, willingly, and knowingly of each participant to desired sexual involvement. Consent is a mutually affirmative, conscious decision – indicated clearly by words or actions – to engage in mutually accepted sexual contact. Consent may be revoked at any time during the sexual activity by any person engaged in the activity.

Affirmative consent may never be assumed because there is no physical resistance or other negative response. A person who initially consents to sexual activity shall be deemed not to have affirmatively consented to any such activity which occurs after that consent is withdrawn. It is the responsibility of each person to assure that he or she has the affirmative consent of all persons engaged in the sexual activity to engage in the sexual activity and that affirmative consent is sustained throughout the sexual activity. It shall not be a valid excuse to an alleged lack of affirmative consent that the student or employee responding to the alleged violation believed that the student reporting or disclosing the alleged violation consented to the activity (i) because the responding student or employee was intoxicated or reckless or failed to take reasonable steps to ascertain whether the student or employee reporting or disclosing the alleged violation affirmatively consented, or (ii) if the responding student or employee knew or should have known that the student or employee reporting or disclosing the alleged violation was unable to consent because the student or employee was unconscious, asleep, unable to communicate due to a mental or physical condition, or incapacitated due to the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. The existence of a past or current dating or sexual relationship between the persons involved in the alleged violation shall not be determinative of a finding of affirmative consent.

**Report** of sexual misconduct is the receipt of a communication of an incident of sexual misconduct accompanied by a request for an investigation or adjudication by the institution.
Disclosure is the receipt of any communication of an incident of sexual misconduct that is not accompanied by a request for an investigation or adjudication by the institution.

Sexual misconduct includes engaging in any of the following behaviors:

(a) Sexual harassment, which can include any unwelcome sexual advance or request for sexual favors, or any conduct of a sexual nature when submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual’s education or employment; submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for academic or employment decisions affecting the individual; or such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual’s academic or work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational or employment environment. Examples of conduct which may constitute sexual harassment include but are not limited to:

- Sexual flirtation, touching, advances or propositions
- Verbal abuse of a sexual nature
- Pressure to engage in sexual activity
- Graphic or suggestive comments about an individual’s dress or appearance
- Use of sexually degrading words to describe an individual
- Display of sexually suggestive objects, pictures or photographs
- Sexual jokes
- Stereotypic comments based upon gender
- Threats, demands or suggestions that retention of one’s educational status is contingent upon toleration of or acquiescence in sexual advances.

Retaliation is prohibited and occurs when a person is subjected to an adverse employment or educational action because he or she made
a complaint under this policy or assisted or participated in any manner in an investigation.

(b) **Sexual assault** shall include but is not limited to a sexual act directed against another person Without the consent (as defined herein) of the other person or when that person is not capable of giving such consent.

Sexual assault is further defined in sections 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b and 53a-73a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(c) **Sexual exploitation** occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for anyone’s advantage or benefit other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the preceding sexual misconduct offenses. Examples of behavior that could rise to the level of sexual exploitation include:

- Prostitution of another person;
- Non-consensual visual (e.g., video, photograph) or audio-recording of sexual activity;
- Non-consensual distribution of photos, other images, or information of an individual’s sexual activity, intimate body parts, or nakedness, with the intent to or having the effect of embarrassing an individual who is the subject of such images or information;
- Going beyond the bounds of consent (for example, an individual who allows friends to hide in the closet to watch him or her having consensual sex);
- Engaging in non-consensual voyeurism;
- Knowingly transmitting an STI, such as HIV to another without disclosing your STI status;
- Exposing one’s genitals in non-consensual circumstances, or inducing another to expose his or her genitals; or
• Possessing, distributing, viewing or forcing others to view illegal pornography.

Sexual exploitation is further defined as a crime in Connecticut State Law.

(d) Intimate partner, domestic and/or dating violence means any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse of or person in a dating or cohabitating relationship with such individual that results from any action by such spouse or such person that may be classified as a sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a of the general statutes, stalking under section 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e of the general statutes, or domestic or family violence as designated under section 46b-38h of the general statutes. This includes any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse or by a partner in a dating relationship that results from (1) sexual assault (2) sexual assault in a spousal or cohabiting relationship; (3) domestic violence; (4) sexual harassment (5) sexual exploitation, as such terms are defined in this policy.

Offenses that are designated as “domestic violence” are against family or household members or persons in dating or cohabitating relationships and include assaults, sexual assaults, stalking, and violations of protective or restraining orders issued by a Court. Intimate partner violence may also include physical abuse, threat of abuse, and emotional abuse.

• Physical abuse includes, but is not limited to, slapping, pulling hair or punching.

• Threat of abuse includes but is not limited to, threatening to hit, harm or use a weapon on another (whether victim or acquaintance, friend or family member of the victim) or other forms of verbal threat.

• Emotional abuse includes but is not limited to, damage to one’s property, driving recklessly to scare someone, name calling,
threatening to hurt one’s family members or pets and humiliating another person.

- Cohabitation occurs when two individuals dwell together in the same place as if married.

- The determination of whether a “dating relationship” existed is to be based upon the following factors: the reporting victim’s statement as to whether such a relationship existed, the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship and the frequency of the interaction between the persons reported to be involved in the relationship.

(e) **Stalking**, which is defined as repeatedly contacting another person when contacting person knows or should know that the contact is unwanted by the other person; and the contact causes the other person reasonable apprehension of imminent physical harm or the contacting person knows or should know that the contact causes substantial impairment of the other person’s ability to perform the activities of daily life.

As used in this definition, the term “contacting” includes, but is not limited to, communicating with (including internet communication via e-mail, instant message, on-line community or any other internet communication) or remaining in the physical presence of the other person.

**Confidentiality**

When a BOR governed college or university receives a report of sexual misconduct all reasonable steps will be taken by the appropriate CSCU officials to preserve the privacy of the reported victim while promptly investigating and responding to the report. While the institution will strive to maintain the confidentiality of personally identifiable student information reported, which information is subject to privacy requirements of the Family Education Rights Privacy Act (FERPA), the institution also must fulfill its duty to protect the campus community.
Confidential resources are defined as follows: For the Universities, entities with statutory privilege, which include campus based counseling center, health center and pastoral counseling staff members whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the University community as well as off campus counseling and psychological services, health services providers, member(s) of the clergy, and the local Sexual Assault Crisis Center and Domestic Violence Center. For the Colleges, confidential resources are limited to entities with statutory privilege, such as off campus counseling and psychological services, health services providers, member(s) of the clergy, and the local Sexual Assault Crisis Center and Domestic Violence Center. The personnel of these centers and agencies are bound by state statutes and professional ethics from disclosing information about reports without written releases.

Information provided to a confidential resource by a victim of a sexual misconduct or the person reported to have been the victim of sexual misconduct cannot be disclosed legally to any other person without consent, except under very limited circumstances, such as an imminent threat of danger to self or others or if the reported victim is a minor. Therefore, for those who wish to obtain the fullest legal protections and disclose in full confidentiality, she/he must speak with a confidential resource. Each BOR governed college and university will provide a list of such confidential resources in the College or University’s geographic region to victims of sexual misconduct as well as publish these resources on-line and in various publications.

Where it is deemed necessary for the institution to take steps to protect the safety of the reported victim and/or other members of the campus community, the institution will seek to act in a manner so as not to compromise the privacy or confidentiality of the reported victim of sexual misconduct to the extent reasonably possible.
Mandated Reporting by College and University Employees

Other than confidential resources as defined above, in addition to employees who qualify as Campus Security Authorities under the Jeanne Clery Act, all employees are required to immediately communicate to the institution’s designated recipient (e.g., Title IX Coordinator) any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct received from a student regardless of the age of the reported victim. All employees are also required to communicate to the institution’s designated recipient (e.g., Title IX Coordinator) any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct received from an employee that impacts employment with the institution or is otherwise related to the business of the institution.

Upon receiving a disclosure or a report of sexual misconduct, employees are expected to supportively, compassionately and professionally offer academic and other accommodations and to provide a referral for support and other services.

Further, in accordance with Connecticut State law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer who, in the ordinary course of their employment, has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required by law and Board policy to report the incident within twelve hours to their immediate supervisor and to the Department of Children and Families.

Rights of Those Who Report

Those who report any type of sexual misconduct to any BOR governed college or university employee will be informed in a timely manner of all their rights and options, including the necessary steps and potential outcomes of each option. When choosing a reporting resource the following information should be considered:

- All reports of sexual misconduct will be treated seriously and with dignity by the institution.
• Referrals to off-campus counseling and medical services that are available immediately and confidential, whether or not those who report feel ready to make any decisions about reporting to police, a college or university employee or the campus’s Title IX Coordinator.

• Those who have been the victim of sexual misconduct have the right to take both criminal and civil legal action against the individual allegedly responsible.

• Those who seek confidentiality may contact a clergy member(s), a University counseling center psychologist, a University health center care provider, the Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Connecticut and/or the Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence – all of whom are bound by state statutes and professional ethics to maintain confidentiality without written releases.

Options for Changing Academic, Housing, Transportation and Working Arrangements

The colleges and universities will provide assistance to those involved in a report of sexual misconduct, including but not limited to, reasonably available options for changing academic, campus transportation, housing or working situations as well as honoring lawful protective or temporary restraining orders. Each and every BOR governed college and university shall create and provide information specific to its campus detailing the procedures to follow after the commission of such violence, including people or agencies to contact for reporting purposes or to request assistance, and information on the importance of preserving physical evidence.

Support Services Contact Information

It is BOR policy that whenever a college or university Title IX Coordinator or other employee receives a report that a student, faculty or staff member has been subjected to sexual misconduct, the Title IX Coordinator or other employee shall immediately provide the student, faculty or staff member with contact information for
and, if requested, professional assistance in accessing and using any appropriate campus resources, or local advocacy, counseling, health, and mental health services. All CSCU campuses shall develop and distribute contact information for this purpose as well as provide such information on-line.

**Right to Notify Law Enforcement & Seek Protective and Other Orders**

Those who report being subjected to sexual misconduct shall be provided written information about her/his right to:

1. notify law enforcement and receive assistance from campus authorities in making the notification; and,

2. obtain a protective order, apply for a temporary restraining order or seek enforcement of an existing order. Such orders include:
   - standing criminal protective orders;
   - protective orders issued in cases of stalking, harassment, sexual assault, or risk of injury to or impairing the morals of a child;
   - temporary restraining orders or protective orders prohibiting the harassment of a witness;
   - family violence protective orders.

**Employee Conduct Procedures**

Employees who are reported to have engaged in sexual misconduct are subject to discipline in accordance with the procedures applicable to the employee’s classification of employment.

**Student Conduct Procedures**

The **Student Code of Conduct** provides the procedures for the investigation, definitions of terms, and resolution of complaints regarding student conduct, including those involving sexual misconduct, as defined herein.

The Title IX Coordinator can assist in explaining the student conduct process. The Student Code of Conduct provides an equal, fair, and
timely process (informal administrative resolution or a formal adjudication) for reported victims and accused students.

Reported victims of sexual misconduct shall have the opportunity to request that an investigation or disciplinary proceedings begin promptly; that such disciplinary proceedings shall be conducted by an official trained annually in issues relating to sexual misconduct and shall use the preponderance of the evidence (more likely than not) standard in making a determination concerning the alleged sexual misconduct.

Both the reported victim of sexual misconduct and the accused student are entitled to be accompanied to any meeting or proceeding relating to the allegation of sexual misconduct by an advisor or support person of their choice, provided the involvement of such advisor or support person does not result in the postponement or delay of such meeting as scheduled and provided such an advisor or support person may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process or other meeting pertaining to a report of sexual misconduct and each student shall have the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on her/his behalf during any disciplinary proceeding.

Both the reported victim and accused student are entitled to be provided at the same time written notice of the results of any disciplinary proceeding, normally within one (1) business day after the conclusion of such proceeding, which notice shall include the following: the name of the accused student, the violation committed, if any, and any sanction imposed upon the accused student. Sanctions may range from a warning to expulsion, depending upon the behavior and its severity of the violation(s). The reported victim shall have the same right to request a review of the decision of any disciplinary proceeding in the same manner and on the same basis as shall the accused student; however, in such cases, if a review by any reported victim is granted, among the other actions that may be taken, the sanction of the disciplinary proceeding may also be increased. The reported victim and the
accused student are entitled to be simultaneously provided written notice of any change in the results of any disciplinary proceeding prior to the time when the results become final as well as to be notified when such results become final.

In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the accused student and the reported victim have the right to keep their identities confidential.

**Dissemination of this Policy**

Upon adoption by the Board all CSCU institutions shall, upon receipt, immediately post and maintain this policy at all times in an easily accessible manner on each institution’s website. This policy shall thereafter be annually provided to all Title IX Coordinators, campus law enforcement officers and security personnel, and other campus personnel. Further, this policy shall be presented at student orientation and at student awareness and prevention trainings, and made broadly available at each campus. The policy shall be expanded upon by each institution to provide resources and contact information specific to their institution and geographic area as set forth above.

12/5/2014 – BOR Academic & Student Affairs Committee; 1/15/2015 – BOR, 6/16/2016 BOR

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**Did you know?**

The **University Health Services** are trained for victims of sexual assault. The office is staffed by a physician, two APRNs and an RN. All are ready to listen and provide medical care and support. The collection of medical evidence is offered at New Britain’s Hospital of Central Connecticut.

On-campus: Marcus White Annex; 860-832-1925
To report an incident at Central Connecticut State University

**Office of Diversity and Equity** (All complaints)
Rosa Rodríguez, Chief Diversity Officer and Title IX Coordinator
Central Connecticut State University
1615 Stanley St.
New Britain, CT 06053
Davidson Hall, Rm. 102
860-832-1653
rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu or
TitleIXReport@ccsu.edu

**Office of Student Conduct** (Complaints against students)
Christopher Dukes, Director
Carroll Hall, Rm. 202
860-832-1667
DukesC@ccsu.edu

**University Police** (All criminal complaints except sexual harassment)
860-832-2375

**Human Resources** (Complaints against employees)
Anna E. Suski-Lenczewski, Chief Human Resources Officer
Davidson Hall, Rm. 101
860-832-1756
lenczewskia@mail.ccsu.edu

**Office of Student Affairs** (Complaints against students)
Dr. Laura Tordenti, Vice President for Student Affairs
Davidson Hall, Rm. 103
860-832-1605
Tordentilau@ccsu.edu
If you want to speak with someone at CCSU

**Office of Victim Advocacy**
Sarah Dodd, Victim Advocacy and Violence Prevention Specialist
860-832-3795
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu

**Women’s Center**
Jacqueline Cobbina-Boivin
860-832-1655
cobbina-boivinJ@ccsu.edu

**Counseling and Wellness Center (Confidential)**
860-832-1945

If you want to speak with a community partner

**Sexual Assault Crisis Services (Confidential)**
860-223-1787 (English)
888-568-8332 (Español)

**Prudence Crandall Center for Domestic Violence (Confidential)**
888-774-2900 (24-hour hotline)

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**Did you know?**

Most sexual assaults are committed by someone the victim knows. Studies show that approximately 80% of women reporting sexual assaults knew their assailant.

Sexual offenders come from all educational, occupational, racial and cultural backgrounds. They are “ordinary” and “normal” individuals who sexually assault victims to assert power and control over them and inflict violence, humiliation and degradation.

Source: http://www.connsacs.org/learn/index.htm
Procedures and Timetables for Processing of Complaints

In accordance with Section 46a-68-46 of the Affirmative Action Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, the following procedures provide an internal process for the handling of complaints involving claims of discrimination or harassment, including sexual misconduct/violence.

This procedure is designed to further implement Central Connecticut State University (CCSU) policies relating to Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment, Sexual Harassment and Sexual Misconduct by providing a process through which individuals alleging violation of these policies may pursue a complaint. This includes allegations of retaliation, discrimination, harassment based on age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetics, national origin, marital status, race, sex (including pregnancy, transgender status, sexual harassment and misconduct), religious creed, sexual orientation, prior criminal conviction and any other status protected by federal or state laws.

When responding to an internal complaint, disclosure of information relating to the internal complaint and the identity of the complainant will be handled with appropriate sensitivity and in accordance with applicable laws.

A. Process for Filing Internal Complaints of Alleged Discrimination or Sexual Harassment and Misconduct

1. Who may file:

Any employee, applicant for employment, student, applicant for admission or any other person, including visitors.

2. When to file:

Complainant(s) are encouraged to file as soon as possible but must file no later than ninety (90) calendar days following the complainant's first knowledge of the alleged discriminatory act.
Once filed, the internal complaint must be resolved within ninety (90) calendar days.

3. Where to File:

The Office of Diversity and Equity handles internal complaints alleging violations of the Nondiscrimination Opportunity in Education and Employment, Sexual Harassment and/or BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Assault and Intimate Partner Violence policies. The Chief Diversity Officer (CDO) or his/her designee reviews and, if necessary, conducts an investigation into each complaint that, if proven, would constitute a violation of CCSU policies. Complaints against students are filed with the Office of Student Conduct. See CCSU Student Code of Conduct and Statement of Disciplinary Procedures.

**All Complaints**

Rosa Rodríguez  
Chief Diversity Officer and  
Title IX Officer  
Office of Diversity and Equity  
Davidson Hall, Rm. 102  
860-832-0178

**Complaints against Students**

Christopher Dukes  
Director  
Office of Student Conduct  
Carroll Hall, Rm. 202  
860-832-1667

Complaints against students may be referred to the Office of Student Conduct. The OSC Director serves as a Title IX designee.

**Reports against the President, Chief Diversity Officer or Office of Diversity and Equity Employees**

If a discrimination complaint is made against the President, Chief Diversity Officer or an Office of Diversity and Equity employee alleging that these employees directly or personally engaged in discriminatory, the complaint shall be referred to the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities (CHRO) for review and, if appropriate, investigation by the Department of Administrative Services, except if any such complaint has been filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities.
Rights and Opportunities, the CHRO or Department of Administrative Services may rely upon the process of the applicable commission in lieu of such investigation.

4. Process for filing complaints

At the time an individual makes his/her complaint, the CDO or designee will provide the individual with the University’s respective policies on non-discrimination, sexual harassment and/or BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Assault and Intimate Partner Violence Policy and the procedures and timetables for processing internal complaints.

No Basis to Proceed.

At any point during the processing of the complaint, the CDO or designee may determine that there is no basis to proceed under the Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment Policy, Sexual Harassment Policy and/or Sexual Misconduct Policy. The CDO or designee shall refer the complaint as appropriate. The CDO or designee shall notify the complainant and, if necessary, the respondent of the outcome as appropriate, in accordance with applicable state and federal laws.

Investigatory Process

The Office of Diversity and Equity shall provide the respondent with a written summary of the complaint, including a description of the alleged discriminatory acts, within ten (10) business days of the filing of the complaint. If the complaint is in writing, the Office of Diversity and Equity shall provide the respondent with a copy of the written complaint or summary of the complaint. Disclosure of information shall be in accordance with applicable state and federal laws.

The CDO or designee shall weigh all evidence pertaining to the internal complaint, make findings of fact, recommendations, and, with the consent of the parties and appropriate executive officer, propose settlements to the University President. Without investigation, the CDO or designee may also mediate issues between
parties where the allegations, if proven, would not constitute a violation of CCSU policies.

The complainant and the respondent (person accused) will be allowed to have one non-participating support person present for the interview(s). For represented employees, this support person could be a union representative; however, if the support person is not a union representative, the employee who is the respondent will be asked to sign a union waiver. For more information, see the Right to Union Representation section.

Timeline

Internal complaints shall be investigated and resolved within ninety (90) calendar days of the receipt of the complaint, including the written notification to the complainant(s) and respondent(s) regarding the results of the investigation. Whenever possible, complaints should be resolved in accordance with relevant University policies at the supervisory, Dean or Director's level with the concurrence of the CDO.

Right to Union Representation

In accordance with federal law and applicable collective bargaining agreements, represented employees may have the right to request and receive union representation during an investigatory meeting.

Nothing in this procedure is intended to expand, diminish or alter in any manner whatsoever any right or remedy available under a collective bargaining agreement, personnel policy or law.

Determination

Upon the conclusion of its investigation, the CDO or designee will determine whether or not discrimination or harassment in violation of CCSU policy occurred. A preponderance of the evidence standard is used to make this determination. A copy of the investigatory report will be provided to the University President.
1. Unsupportable Complaints. If the CDO or designee determines that the evidence is insufficient to support the allegation, he or she shall dismiss the complaint.

2. Supportable Complaints. If the CDO concludes that the allegations are supported by the evidence, he or she will report his or her findings and recommendations to the appropriate administrator.

5. Disciplinary Action

If the CDO or designee believes that disciplinary action against the respondent may be warranted at this or a subsequent stage, a recommendation will be made to the Chief Human Resource Office (for employees) or the Office of Student Conduct (for students).

B. Process for Filing an Appeal

Within fifteen (15) calendar days of the issuance of the Chief Diversity Officer’s determination, the complainant or respondent may file an appeal of the determination. The appeal and all supporting documentation shall be submitted in writing to the University President, with copies to the CDO and other parties to the complaint.

The President or designee shall review the investigation and determine whether to affirm or modify the decision. The President or designee may receive additional information if the President or designee believes such information would aid in the consideration of the appeal.

If an appeal of the CDO’s determination is filed, the University President or designee shall conduct a review of said appeal and issue a written decision within thirty (30) calendar days of the appeal. The University President shall notify all parties in writing of his/her decision.

AAUP members have the option of appealing the decision using a review panel as outlined in the AAUP Complaint Procedure.
The decision on appeal exhausts the complainant's and the respondent’s administrative remedies under this procedure except as provided herein.

**Appeal Process for AAUP Members**

The complaint will be processed according to an agreed-upon procedure consistent with the CSU-AAUP Collective Bargaining Agreement, Appendix F. See AAUP Complaint Review Procedure.

**C. Records Maintenance**

The CDO shall create and maintain a file of each internal complaint received under these procedures. All information, including records and correspondence pertaining to said internal complaint will be kept in this file. Access to the file will be in accordance with applicable State and Federal statutes and collective bargaining agreements. The CDO will secure these files.

All records of internal complaints and dispositions shall be reviewed on a regular basis by the Office of Diversity and Equity to discern any pattern in the nature of the internal complaints.

**Related policies and procedures:**

- Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment Policy
- BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Assault and Intimate Partner Violence Policy
- Consensual Relationship Policy
- Student Code of Conduct and Statement of Disciplinary Procedures

Revised October 25, 2011; Revised June 6, 2014; Revised June 15, 2016; Revised June 12, 2017.

**Did you know?**

The counselors in the Student Wellness Center are considered confidential employees and cannot release any information without your authorization unless permitted by State or Federal laws, e.g., suspicions of child or vulnerable adult abuse and neglect.
Policy Regarding Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of a Child

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (CSCU) accept that institutions of higher education foster educational opportunities for people under the age of 18 years. The BOR, in acknowledging the special care required for children, strives to the utmost to protect children on its campuses from any form of abuse or neglect.

Pursuant to state law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer, collectively referred to as “mandatory reporters” who in the ordinary course of their employment has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required to cause a report to be made to the Department of Children and Families (DCF) within 12 hours of becoming aware or suspecting abuse, neglect or imminent harm to a child.

The BOR recognizes that each CSCU campus must be a safe and secure environment for children to grow and develop. Therefore, the BOR further requires mandatory reporters to report any witnessed or suspected abuse or neglect of a child on a CSCU campus to their immediate supervisor in addition to DCF. The supervisor must report the incident to their director or vice president who must then inform the campus President and the System Office Vice President for Human Resources or his/her designee.

If the director or vice president reasonably believes that a reportable incident has occurred, and, if the suspected perpetrator is a BOR or CSCU employee, he/she will immediately contact their Chief Human Resources Officer who shall assign an objective person to investigate the report. An employee under investigation may be placed on administrative leave pending the results of the investigation. Employees who report suspicions of abuse or neglect are protected
from any disciplinary action unless the report is determined to have been maliciously made. An employee who fails to report, but is later determined to have had previous knowledge of the abuse, may be subject to discipline.

A report is required if there is reasonable cause to suspect that a person under the age of 18 is in imminent harm, has had non accidental injuries or has been abused or neglected. Reasonable cause to believe or suspect that child abuse has occurred is sufficient to make a report.

All staff designated as mandatory reporters are required to take the DCF Mandated Reporter Training, either on-line or in person, and Mandated Reporter Training will be included in New Employee Orientation. Compliance with training will be monitored by each CSCU campus’s Department of Human Resources. A copy of this policy shall be disseminated annually to all employees.

Reasonable steps will be taken to preserve privacy while promptly investigating and responding to the report. While the institution will strive to maintain the confidentiality of the information reported, which information may be subject to privacy requirements of the Family Education Rights Privacy Act (FERPA), the institution also must fulfill its duty to protect the CSCU community and to assure that the appropriate disciplinary processes are implemented.

BOR approved 1/17/14 and Revised 1/15/15; requires annual distribution to employees

To file a report or for additional information contact:

**All Abuse and Neglect Incidents**

Anna Suski-Lenczewski  
Chief Human Resources Officer  
Davidson Hall, RM 101  
New Britain, CT 06050-4010  
860-832-1751  
lenzewskia@mail.ccsu.edu

**All Suspected Incidents of Sexual Abuse**

Rosa Rodríguez, Chief Diversity Officer and Title IX Coordinator  
Davidson Hall, RM 102  
New Britain, CT 06053  
860-832-1653  
rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu
Consensual Relationship Policy

Central Connecticut State University (CCSU) stands for excellence in teaching and learning in an environment of inclusion, trust, and respect among all members of the university community. All employees with managerial, supervisory, or evaluative responsibilities for students or other employees carry a special responsibility to adhere to the highest ethical and professional standards and to avoid any actions that may appear to undermine this atmosphere of trust and respect and thereby hinder the University’s educational mission.

Because of the inherent imbalance of power and need for trust, all employees with evaluative or supervisory authority over students and employees should be aware that dating or sexual relationships that might be appropriate in other circumstances have inherent dangers when they occur between employees, or between an employee and a student.

Consensual relationships can create real conflicts of interest and appearances of impropriety that can impair the integrity of academic and employment decisions. There are also special risks in any sexual or romantic relationships between individuals in inherently unequal positions of power, such as students and teachers or supervisors and employees. In addition, although these relationships may begin and remain consensual, they may easily be later characterized as non-consensual given the inherent power differential between the parties, and such relationships could potentially lead to sexual harassment charges.

Prohibited

Between employee and student: Consensual romantic, dating, or sexual relationships between any employee and any student over whom that employee exercises direct or otherwise significant academic, supervisory, or evaluative authority or influence are prohibited at Central Connecticut State University. The evaluative relationship can take a variety of forms, such as teacher to student,
advisor to advisee, coach to athlete, supervisor to student employee, or similar relationship.

**Strongly Discouraged**

**Between employee and student:**

Romantic, dating or sexual relationships between employees and students over whom said employee does not have supervisory or evaluative authority are strongly discouraged. Such relationships are not only susceptible to future conflicts of interest, but also may present the appearance of impropriety.

If this situation exists, no employee should agree to supervise or evaluate a student with whom he or she has, or formerly had, a consensual relationship. A faculty member should inform the Dean if such a student wishes to enroll in a credit bearing course that he or she is teaching so that alternate arrangements can be made. Nor should a faculty member direct the student’s independent study, internship, or thesis; participate in decisions regarding grades; or write letters of recommendation or reference.

**Between employee and employee:**

CCSU discourages employees with supervisory or evaluative authority from engaging in romantic, dating or sexual relationships with employees who they supervise or evaluate. If such a relationship exists or develops, the supervisory employee must notify his/her manager so that arrangements can be made for the unbiased supervision and evaluation of the employee. These situations are handled on a case-by-case basis and may require transfer or reassignment of one or more employees.

**In the event of a sexual harassment charge**

Anyone who enters into a romantic, dating or sexual relationship where a professional power differential exists must realize that if a charge of sexual harassment is subsequently filed, it may be difficult to defend the charge by claiming that there was mutual consent. Employees could be held personally liable in a criminal or civil lawsuit.
Sanctions

All violations of this policy should be reported to Human Resources for investigation and appropriate administrative action, up to and including disciplinary action.

Policy approved April 2012

To file a report contact or for additional information contact:

Anna Suski-Lenczewski
Chief Human Resources Officer
Davidson Hall, RM 101
1615 Stanley Street
New Britain, CT  06050-4010
860-832-0031

Did You Know?

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 USC § 1092(f)) is the landmark federal law, originally known as the Campus Security Act, that requires colleges and universities across the United States to disclose information about crime on and around their campuses. The law is tied to an institution's participation in federal student financial aid programs and it applies to most institutions of higher education both public and private. The Act is enforced by the United States Department of Education.

Source: Clery Center
Discrimination Complaint Agencies

An individual has the right to file a complaint of discrimination with any or all of the relevant agencies listed below. The individual can also simultaneously file a complaint utilizing the University's internal discrimination complaint procedure.

The Connecticut Commission on Human Rights & Opportunities:

**Capitol Region**
999 Asylum Ave.
Hartford, CT 06105
Tel: (860) 566-7710

**Eastern Region**
100 Broadway
Norwich, CT 06360
Tel: (860) 886-5703

**Southwest Region**
1057 Broad Street
Bridgeport, CT 06604
Tel: (203) 579-6246

**West Central Region**
Rowland State Government Center
55 West Main Street, Suite 210
Waterbury, CT 06702-2004
Tel: (203) 805-6530

Complaints should be filed with the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities no later than one hundred and eighty (180) days after the alleged act of employment discrimination occurred.

The Equal Employment Opportunities Commission

John F. Kennedy Federal Office Building
Government Center, RM 475
Boston, MA 02203
Tel: (617) 565-3200

Complaints should be filed with the Equal Employment Opportunities Commission no later than one hundred and eighty (180) days after the alleged act of employment discrimination occurred, except, that in a case when the aggrieved person has initially filed a complaint with the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, such complaint should be filed no later than three hundred (300) days after the alleged act of employment discrimination occurred.
Alternatively:

**Connecticut Permanent Commission on the Status of Women**  
18-20 Trinity Street  
Hartford, CT 06106  
Tel: (860) 240-8300

**State of Connecticut: Employee Grievance Procedure**  
(Contact Human Resources Office or union representatives for Grievance forms and/or procedures).

**Regulation of Wages Division, Connecticut Labor Department**  
200 Folly Brook Boulevard  
Wethersfield, CT 06109  
Tel: (860) 263-6000

**Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Division**  
United States Labor Department  
135 High Street  
Hartford, CT 06103  
Tel: (860) 240-4277

**U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights**  
33 Arch Street  
Ninth Floor  
Boston, MA 02110  
Tel: (617) 289-0111  
Fax: (617) 289-0150

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**We have talked long enough in this country about equal rights. It is time now to write the next chapter—and to write in the books of law.**

☞ Lyndon B. Johnson
Other Important Information and Resources

**Affirmative Action Plan:** Copies of the plan are available at the library, the Office of Diversity and Equity and the CCSU website: http://www.ccsu.edu/diversity/affirmativeAction.html

**Code of Conduct:** The Office of Student Conduct is responsible for developing ways to respond effectively to incidents or issues that threaten to disrupt the learning environment. The goals of the office of Student Conduct include resolving discipline cases in a developmentally sound manner consistent with University policy and applicable state and federal laws; encouraging the teaching and development of life-skills, such as healthy decision making, civility, and accountability; and maintaining integrity in regards to the health, safety, and security of all members of the CCSU community. For copy of code go to: http://web.ccsu.edu/studentconduct/

**Crime Report:** In compliance with the **Clery Act** (Campus Crime Statistics Act), all employees of the University (excluding “Privileged Contacts”) notified of a sexual assault are required to inform the CCSU Police of non-personally identifiable information for inclusion in campus crime statistics unless the matter has already been reported to the police. To access the report go to: http://www.ccsu.edu/police/clearyReport.html


**Did you know?**

Electronic harassment can include text messages, posts to social media sites such as, Facebook, email and other electronic methods used to harass someone.
This document is available in alternate format by contacting the Office of Diversity and Equity at 860-832-1652.

This booklet is provided to employees, students and applicants for their general information and guidance only. It does not constitute a contract either express or implied, and is subject to revision at the University’s discretion.

Take a Stand.  
Say Something!

Central Connecticut State University is an equal opportunity educator and employer.

June/2017
Office of Diversity & Equity
This publication is available in alternative formats.
4.3 Policy on Consensual Relationships

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities’ respects that the educational mission of its institutions is founded on an atmosphere of mutual trust and respect between all members of the academic community. Faculty members, as well as those individuals upon whom the institution confers managerial, supervisory, or evaluative responsibilities, (including graduate assistants or undergraduate teaching assistants) carry a special responsibility to adhere to the highest ethical and professional standards and to avoid any actions that may appear to undermine this atmosphere of trust and respect and thereby hinder the institution’s educational mission.

Because of the inherent imbalance of power and need for trust, faculty members, supervisory staff, and those with evaluative authority should be aware that dating or sexual relationships that might be appropriate in other circumstances have inherent dangers when they occur between a faculty and or staff member and a student as well as when they occur between a supervisor and employee.

Such relationships can create real conflicts, are susceptible to an appearance of exploitation, and can impair the trust and integrity of the teaching, coaching, or other supervisory or evaluative relationship and may cause a perception of favoritism or bias on the part of the staff. In addition, although these relationships may begin and remain consensual, they may easily be later characterized as non-consensual and could potentially lead to sexual harassment charges.

Affirmative consent is the standard used to determine whether sexual activity was consensual. As defined by Public Act 16-106, “Affirmative consent” means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

Policy Prohibited Between Employee and Student

Consensual romantic, dating, or sexual relationships between any employee and any student over whom that employee exercises direct or otherwise significant academic, supervisory, or evaluative authority or influence are prohibited at all State Universities and Colleges. The evaluative relationship can take a variety of forms, such as teacher to student, advisor to advisee, coach to athlete, supervisor to student employee, or similar relationship.

Strongly Discouraged Between Employee and Student

Romantic, dating or sexual relationships between employees and students over whom said employee does not have supervisory or evaluative authority are strongly discouraged. Such relationships are not only susceptible to future conflicts of interest, but also may present the appearance of impropriety.

If this situation exists, no employee should agree to supervise or evaluate a student with whom he or she has, or formerly had, a consensual relationship. A faculty member should inform the Dean if such a student wishes to enroll in a credit bearing course that he or she is teaching so that alternate arrangements can be made. Nor should a faculty member direct the student’s independent study, internship, or thesis; participate in decisions regarding grades; or write letters of recommendation or reference.
**Between Employee and Employee**
BOR discourages employees with supervisory or evaluative authority from engaging in romantic, dating or sexual relationships with employees who they supervise or evaluate. If such a relationship exists or develops, the supervisory employee must notify his/her manager so that arrangements can be made for the unbiased supervision and evaluation of the employee. These situations are handled on a case-by-case basis and may require transfer or reassignment of one or more employees.

**In the Event of a Sexual Harassment Charge**
Anyone who enters into a romantic, dating or sexual relationship where a professional power differential exists must realize that if a charge of sexual harassment is subsequently filed, it may be difficult to defend the charge by claiming that there was mutual consent. Employees could be held personally liable in a criminal or civil lawsuit. Affirmative consent is the standard used to determine whether sexual activity was consensual. As defined by Public Act 16-106, “Affirmative consent” means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

**Sanctions**
All violations of this policy should be reported to Human Resources for investigation and appropriate administrative action, up to and including disciplinary action.
5.6 Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of a Child

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (CSCU) accept that institutions of higher education foster educational opportunities for people under the age of 18 years. The BOR, in acknowledging the special care required for children, strives to the utmost to protect children on its campuses from any form of abuse or neglect.

Pursuant to state law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer, collectively referred to as “mandatory reporters” who in the ordinary course of their employment has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required to cause a report to be made to the Department of Children and Families within 12 hours of becoming aware or suspecting abuse, neglect or imminent harm to a child.

The BOR recognizes that each CSCU campus must be a safe and secure environment for children to grow and develop. Therefore, the BOR further requires mandatory reporters to report any witnessed or suspected abuse or neglect of a child on a CSCU campus to their immediate supervisor in addition to DCF. The supervisor must report the incident to their director or vice president who must then inform the campus President and the System Office Vice President for Human Resources or his/her designee.

If the director or vice president reasonably believes that a reportable incident has occurred, and, if the suspected perpetrator is a BOR or CSCU employee, he/she will immediately contact their Chief Human Resources Officer who shall assign an objective person to investigate the report. An employee under investigation may be placed on administrative leave pending the results of the investigation. Employees who report suspicions of abuse or neglect are protected from any disciplinary action unless the report is determined to have been maliciously made. An employee who fails to report, but is later determined to have had previous knowledge of the abuse, may be subject to discipline.

A report is required if there is reasonable cause to suspect that a person under the age of 18 is in imminent harm, has had non accidental injuries or has been abused or neglected. Reasonable cause to believe or suspect that child abuse has occurred is sufficient to make a report.

All staff designated as mandatory reporters are required to take the Department of Children and Families Mandated Reporter Training, either on-line or in person, and Mandated Reporter Training will be included in New Employee Orientation. Compliance with training will be monitored by each CSCU campus’s Department of Human Resources. A copy of this policy shall be disseminated annually to all employees.

Reasonable steps will be taken to preserve privacy while promptly investigating and responding to the report. While the institution will strive to maintain the confidentiality of the information reported, which information may be subject to privacy requirements of the Family Education Rights Privacy Act (FERPA), the institution also must fulfill its duty to protect the CSCU community and to assure that the appropriate disciplinary processes are implemented.
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I. STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

PREAMBLE

Academic institutions exist for the transmission of knowledge, the pursuit of truth, the development of students, and the general well-being of society. In line with this purpose, the Board of Regents for Higher Education (“BOR”) in conjunction with the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (“CSCU”) has the duty to protect the freedoms of inquiry and expression, and furthermore, has the responsibility to encourage all of its members to develop the capacity for critical judgment in their sustained and independent search for truth.

CSCU has certain self-defined institutional values. Principal among these values is respect for the safety, dignity, rights, and individuality of each member of the CSCU Community. The opportunity to live, study, and work in an institution which values diverse intellectual and cultural perspectives and encourages discussion and debate about competing ideas in an atmosphere of civility is a basic component of quality higher education.

All members of CSCU must at all times govern their social and academic interactions with tolerance and mutual respect so that the students who pass through a CSCU door are enriched by these experiences and are prepared for full and enlightened participation in a multi-cultural society. Because of the BOR’s and CSCU’s commitment to principles of pluralism, mutual respect, and civility, certain activities are not acceptable on CSCU campuses. Acts of intolerance, of hatred or violence based on race, religion, sexual orientation or expression, disability, gender, age, or ethnic background are antithetical to the BOR’s and CSCU's fundamental principles and values. It is the BOR's and CSCU’s responsibility to protect our students' right to learn by establishing an environment of civility.

The disciplinary process is intended to be part of the educational mission of CSCU. Student disciplinary proceedings are not criminal proceedings and are not subject to court rules of procedure and evidence.

INTRODUCTION

This Student Code of Conduct (hereinafter the “Student Code” or “Code”) is intended to present a clear statement of student rights and responsibilities established by the Board of Regents for Higher Education. The BOR has charged the President of the Board of Regents for Higher Education with developing procedures to protect those rights and to address the abdication of responsibilities in collaboration with the four State Universities, the twelve Community Colleges and Charter Oak State College. The Student Code describes the types of acts that are not acceptable in an academic community.

Disclaimer: This Code is neither a contract nor an offer of a contract between any BOR governed institution and any student. The provisions of this Code are subject to revision at any time.
PART A: DEFINITIONS

The following list of defined terms utilized throughout this Student Code is provided in an effort to facilitate a more thorough understanding of the Code. This list is not intended to be a complete list of all the terms referenced in the Student Code that might require interpretation or clarification. The Vice President for Student Affairs at a University, the Dean of Students at a Community College, the Provost at Charter Oak State College or their designee shall make the final decision of the interpretation of the definition of any term found in the Student Code. For purposes of interpretation and application of the Student Code only, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

1. “Accused Student” means any student accused of violating this Student Code.

2. “Advisor” means a person who accompanies an Accused Student or an alleged victim to a hearing (or a proceeding pertaining to a report of sexual violence) for the limited purpose of providing advice and guidance to the student. An advisor may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses, or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process (or other proceeding pertaining to a report of sexual violence).

3. “Appellate Body” means any person or persons authorized by the University Vice President for Student Affairs, Community College Dean of Students, Charter Oak State College Provost or their designee to consider an appeal from a determination by a Hearing Body that a student has violated the Student Code.

4. “Calendar Days” means the weekdays (Mondays through Fridays) when the University or College is open.

5. “College” means either collectively or singularly any of the following institutions: Asnuntuck Community College, Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Housatonic Community College, Manchester Community College, Middlesex Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Quinebaug Valley Community College, Three Rivers Community College, Tunxis Community College, and Charter Oak State College.

6. “Complainant(s)” means the person(s) who initiates a complaint by alleging that a Student(s) violated the Code.

7. “CSCU” means either collectively or singularly, any of the following institutions: Central Connecticut State University, Eastern Connecticut State University, Southern Connecticut State University, Western Connecticut State University; Asnuntuck Community College, Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Housatonic Community College, Manchester Community College, Middlesex Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Quinebaug Valley Community College, Three Rivers Community College, Tunxis Community College, and Charter Oak State College.
8. “CSCU Affiliates” means individuals and/or entities with whom or with which the College or University has a contractual relationship.

9. “CSCU Official” means any person employed by the College or University to perform assigned administrative, instructional, or professional responsibilities.

10. “CSCU Premises” means all land, buildings, facilities, and other property in the possession of, or owned, used, and/or controlled by, the University or College, either solely or in conjunction with another entity.

11. “Disciplinary Officer” or “Conduct Administrator” means a University, College or CSCU official who is authorized to determine the appropriate resolution of an alleged violation of the Code, and/or to impose sanctions or affect other remedies as appropriate. Subject to the provisions of this Code, a disciplinary officer or conduct administrator is vested with the authority to, among other duties: investigate a complaint of an alleged violation of the Code decline to pursue a complaint, refer identified disputants to mediation or other appropriate avenues of resolution, establish charges against a student, enter into an administrative agreement developed with an Accused Student in accordance with Section II-B-3 of this Code, advise a Hearing Body, and present the case before the Hearing Body.

12. “Hearing Body” or “Hearing Panel” means any person or persons authorized by the University Vice President for Student Affairs, Community College Dean of Students or Charter Oak State College Provost to determine whether a student has violated the Code and to impose sanctions as warranted, including a hearing officer or hearing board.

13. “Institution” means the University or College within CSCU.

14. “Instructor” means any faculty member, teaching assistant or any other person authorized by the University to provide educational services, including, but not limited to, teaching, research, and academic advising.

15. “Member of the CSCU Community” means any person who is a student, an official or any other person who works for CSCU, either directly or indirectly (e.g., for a private enterprise doing business on a CSCU campus).

16. “Policy” means the written regulations, standards, and student conduct expectations adopted by the BOR and found in, but not limited to the Student Handbook, the Residence Life Handbook, the housing contract, the graduate and undergraduate catalogs, and other publicized University and College notices.

17. “Prohibited Conduct” means the conduct prohibited by this Code, as more particularly described in Part I-D of this Code.

18. “Reporting Party” means any person who alleges that a student has violated this Code.
19. “Student” means either (1) any person admitted, registered, enrolled or attending any CSCU course or CSCU conducted program, whether full-time or part-time, and whether pursuing undergraduate, graduate or professional studies, or continuing education; (2) any person who is not officially enrolled for a particular term but who has a continuing relationship with a CSCU; or (3) any person within two calendar years after the conclusion of their last registered Community College course unless the student has formally withdrawn, graduated or been expelled from the College.


21. “Student Organization” means an association or group of persons that have complied with the formal requirements for University or College recognition.

22. “Support Person” means a person, who accompanies an Accused Student, a Reporting Party or a victim to a hearing for the limited purpose of providing support and guidance. A support person may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses, or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process.

23. “University” means any of the following institutions: Central Connecticut State University, Eastern Connecticut State University, Southern Connecticut State University, and Western Connecticut State University, whichever the alleged violation of the Code occurred.

24. “Shall” and “will” are used in the imperative sense.

25. “May” is used in the permissive sense.

PART B: APPLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

1. Application of the Student Code: The Student Code shall apply to the four Connecticut State Universities, the twelve Community Colleges, and the on-line college: Central Connecticut State University, Eastern Connecticut State University, Southern Connecticut State University, Western Connecticut State University; Asnuntuck Community College, Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Housatonic Community College, Manchester Community College, Middlesex Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Quinebaug Valley Community College, Three Rivers Community College, Tunxis Community College, and Charter Oak State College.

An alleged violation of the Student Code shall be addressed in accordance with the Code of Conduct, even if the accused Student has withdrawn from the Institution prior to the completion of the disciplinary procedures.

The Student Code shall apply to Students and to University Student Organizations. The term “student” shall generally apply to the student as an individual and to a Student Organization as a
single entity. The officers or leaders of a particular Student Organization usually will be expected to represent the organization during the disciplinary process. Nothing in this Student Code shall preclude holding certain members of a Student Organization accountable for their individual acts committed in the context of or in association with the organization’s alleged violation of this Code.

2. Distribution of the Student Code: The Student Code shall be made readily available electronically and/or in a printed publication to students, faculty and staff. The office responsible for Student Affairs will annually distribute and make available to students, faculty and staff, electronically and/or in a printed publication, any revisions to the Code.

3. Administration of the Student Code: A University’s and Charter Oak State College’s Provost or a Community College’s Dean of Students shall be the person designated by the institution President to be responsible for the administration of the Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code. A University’s Vice President for Student Affairs, a Community College’s Dean of Students, or Charter Oak State College’s Provost shall be the person designated by the institution President to be responsible for the administration of the Non-Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code.

PART C: SCOPE OF AUTHORITY

A Student who is found responsible for engaging in conduct that violates the Student Code on any CSCU campus or on property controlled by the BOR or by any CSCU Affiliate or any CSCU sponsored function or event shall be subject to the sanctions described in this Code. The Student Code of Conduct also applies to online activities, where applicable. Students who attempt to engage in conduct that violates this Code, who knowingly encourage, aid or assist another person in engaging in such conduct, or who agree with another person, explicitly or otherwise, to engage in such conduct, may also be subject to disciplinary action.

Off-campus misconduct by University students may be subject to the jurisdiction of the University and addressed through its disciplinary procedures if one of the following conditions is met: (i) a Student engages in prohibited conduct at an official University event, at a University-sanctioned event, or at an event sponsored by a recognized University Student Organization; or (ii) a Student engages in prohibited conduct under such circumstances that reasonable grounds exist for believing that the Accused Student poses a threat to the life, health or safety of any member of the CSCU or to the property of the CSCU.

Community College students conduct is subject to the Code on campus and off-campus whenever such conduct impairs College-related activities or affairs of another member of the College community or creates a risk of harm to a member or members of the College community. Students must be aware that, as citizens, they are subject to all federal and state laws in addition to all CSCU regulations governing student conduct and responsibilities. Students do not relinquish their rights nor do they shed their responsibilities as citizens by becoming members of the CSCU Community. However, where a court of law has found a student to have violated the law, an institution has the right to impose the sanctions of this Code even though the conduct does not impair institution-related activities of another member of the university or college community and does not create a risk of harm to the college or university community. The decision to exercise this right will be in the sole discretion of the President of the impacted institution or his/her designee.
Charter Oak State College applies this Code to matriculated and non-matriculated students, including those participating in portfolio assessment, credential evaluation, testing, or contract learning. Jurisdiction shall be limited to student conduct that occurs while students are taking Charter Oak State College courses or availing themselves of Charter Oak State College services. However, if a matriculated Charter Oak State College student is found guilty of student misconduct at another institution, including but not limited to misrepresentation of records from other institutions, the student may be subject to disciplinary action at Charter Oak State College.

**PART D: PROHIBITED CONDUCT**

The following list of behaviors is intended to represent the types of acts that constitute violations of this Code.

1. **Academic misconduct**, which includes, but is not limited to, plagiarism and all forms of cheating.

   *Plagiarism* is defined as the submission of work by a student for academic credit as one’s own work of authorship which contains work of another author without appropriate attribution.

   *Cheating* includes, but is not limited to: (i) use of any unauthorized assistance in taking quizzes, tests or examinations; (ii) use of sources beyond those authorized by the instructor in writing papers, preparing reports, solving problems or carrying out other assignments; (iii) the acquisition, without permission, of tests or other academic material belonging to a member of the University faculty or staff; and (iv) engaging in any other behavior specifically prohibited by a faculty member in the course syllabus.

2. **Acts of dishonesty**, including but not limited to the following:
   a. Misuse of University or College documents, including, but not limited to forging, transferring, altering or otherwise misusing a student fee card, student payroll card, identification card or other College or University identification document, course registration document, schedule card, transcript, or any other institution-issued document or record.
   b. Knowingly furnishing false information to any CSCU Official, faculty member or office.

3. **Theft of property or services**, or damage to, defacement or destruction of, or tampering with, real or personal property owned by the State of Connecticut, CSCU/BOR, the institution, or any member of the CSCU Community.

4. **Actual or threatened physical assault or abuse**, threatening behavior, intimidation, or coercion.

5. **Sexual misconduct** may include engaging in one of more behaviors:
(a) Sexual harassment, which can include any unwelcome sexual advance or request for sexual favors, or any conduct of a sexual nature when submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual’s education; submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for academic decisions affecting the individual; or such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual’s academic performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational environment. Examples of conduct which may constitute sexual harassment include but are not limited to:

- sexual flirtation, touching, advances or propositions
- verbal abuse of a sexual nature
- pressure to engage in sexual activity
- graphic or suggestive comments about an individual’s dress or appearance
- use of sexually degrading words to describe an individual
- display of sexually suggestive objects, pictures or photographs
- sexual jokes
- stereotypic comments based upon gender
- threats, demands or suggestions that retention of one’s educational status is contingent upon toleration of or acquiescence in sexual advances.

(b) Sexual assault shall include but is not limited to a sexual act directed against another person when that person is not capable of giving consent, which shall mean the voluntary agreement by a person in the possession and exercise of sufficient mental capacity to make a deliberate choice to do something proposed by another.

A person who initially consents to sexual activity shall be deemed not to have consented to any such activity which occurs after that consent is withdrawn. Consent cannot be assumed because there is no physical resistance or other negative response. A lack of consent may result from mental incapacity (e.g., ingestion of alcohol or drugs which significantly impair awareness or judgment) or physical incapacity (e.g., the person is unconscious or otherwise unable to communicate consent). Consent must be affirmative. (See Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy).

Sexual assault is further defined in sections 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b and 53a-73a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(c) Sexual exploitation occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for anyone’s advantage or benefit other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the preceding sexual misconduct offenses. Examples of behavior that could rise to the level of sexual exploitation include:
• Prostituting another person;
• Non-consensual visual (e.g., video, photograph) or audio-recording of sexual activity;
• Non-consensual distribution of photos, other images, or information of an individual’s sexual activity, intimate body parts, or nakedness, with the intent to or having the effect of embarrassing an individual who is the subject of such images or information;
• Going beyond the bounds of consent (such as letting your friends hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex);
• Engaging in non-consensual voyeurism;
• Knowingly transmitting an STI, such as HIV to another without disclosing your STI status;
• Exposing one’s genitals in non-consensual circumstances, or inducing another to expose his or her genitals; or
• Possessing, distributing, viewing or forcing others to view illegal pornography.

6. Intimate partner violence is defined as:

• Including intimate partner violence, which is any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse or by a partner in a dating relationship that results from (1) sexual assault, as defined in section 5 above; (2) sexual assault in a spousal or cohabiting relationship; (3) domestic violence; (4) sexual harassment, as defined in section 5 above or, (5) sexual exploitation, as defined in section 5 above.
• Physical abuse, which can include but is not limited to, slapping, pulling hair or punching.
• Threat of abuse, which can include but is not limited to, threatening to hit, harm or use a weapon on another (whether victim or acquaintance, friend or family member of the victim) or other forms of verbal threat.
• Emotional abuse, which can include but is not limited to, damage to one’s property, driving recklessly to scare someone, name calling, threatening to hurt one’s family members or pets and humiliating another person.

7. Violations of privacy, including, but not limited to, voyeurism and the use of web-based, electronic or other devices to make a photographic, audio or video record of any person without his or her express consent, when such a recording is intended or likely to cause injury or distress. This includes, but is not limited to: (i) surreptitiously taking pictures or videos of another person in spaces such as sleeping areas, bathrooms, gymnasiums, locker rooms, and changing areas; and (ii) sexually exploiting another person by electronically recording or permitting others to view or electronically record, consensual sexual activity without a partner’s knowledge or permitting others to view or listen to such video or audio tapes without a partner’s knowledge and consent. Publicizing or threatening to publicize such records will also be considered a violation of this Code.

8. Hazing, which is defined as an act which endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a Student, or which destroys, damages, or removes public or private property for the purpose of initiation or admission into, affiliation with or as a condition for continued membership in a group or organization. The express or implied consent of the victim will not be a defense to an allegation of hazing. Consent to the activity by remaining silent or not objecting in the presence of hazing is not a neutral act and is also a violation of this Student Code.
9. Stalking, which is defined as repeatedly contacting another person when:
   a. The contacting person knows or should know that the contact is unwanted by the other person; and
   b. The contact causes the other person reasonable apprehension of imminent physical harm or the contacting person knows or should know that the contact causes substantial impairment of the other person’s ability to perform the activities of daily life.

   As used in this definition, the term “contacting” includes, but is not limited to, communicating with (including internet communication via e-mail, instant message, online community or any other internet communication) or remaining in the physical presence of the other person.

10. Harassment, which is defined as conduct which is abusive or which interferes with a person’s pursuit of his or her customary or usual affairs, including, but not limited to, such conduct when directed toward an individual or group because of race, ethnicity, ancestry, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation or expression, age, physical attribute, or physical or mental disability or disorder, including learning disabilities and mental retardation.

11. Conduct that is disorderly, lewd or indecent (including, but not limited to, public nudity and sexual activity in areas generally open to members of the campus community), breach of peace or aiding, abetting or procuring another person to breach the peace on CSCU premises or at functions sponsored by, or affiliated with the University or College.

12. Behavior or activity which endangers the health, safety, or well-being of oneself or others.

13. Offensive or disorderly conduct which causes interference, annoyance or alarm or recklessly creates a risk thereof at CSCU or CSCU premises, CSCU web or social media sites, at a CSCU-sponsored activity or in college or university courses, including cyber bullying. This offense does not apply to speech or other forms of constitutionally protected expression.

14. Unauthorized possession, duplication or use of keys (including, but not limited to, card access, card keys, fobs, etc.) to any CSCU premises or forcible and/or unauthorized entry on or into CSCU premises.

15. Starting fires, causing explosions, falsely reporting the presence of fire, bombs, incendiary or explosive devices, or falsely reporting an emergency.

16. Unauthorized or improper possession, use, removal, tampering or disabling of fire and/or safety equipment and warning devices, failure to follow standard fire and/or emergency safety procedures, or interference with firefighting or emergency response equipment or personnel.
17. Use, possession, purchase, sale or distribution of alcoholic beverages, except as expressly permitted by law and CSCU regulations. Alcoholic beverages may not, under any circumstances, be used by, possessed by, or distributed to any person under twenty-one (21) years of age.

18. Use, possession, purchase, sale, distribution or manufacturing of narcotics, controlled substances and/or drugs, including, but not limited to, marijuana and heroin, or drug paraphernalia, except as expressly permitted by law.

19. Use, possession or distribution of firearms, ammunition for firearms, other weapons or dangerous instruments, facsimiles of weapons or firearms, fireworks, explosives or dangerous chemicals. A dangerous instrument is any instrument, article or substance that, under the circumstances in which it is being utilized, is capable of causing death or serious physical injury. The possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument on campus is strictly prohibited, even if such item is legally owned.

20. Gambling, including, but not limited to, promoting, wagering, receiving monies for waging or gambling for money or property on CSCU premises.

21. Disruption or obstruction of any College or University function, activity or event, whether it occurs on or off the campus, or of any non-University or College function, activity or event which is authorized by the institution to occur on its premises.

22. Intentional obstruction of the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic on CSCU premises or at University or College-sponsored or supervised functions or interference with entry into or exit from CSCU premises or with the free movement of any person.

23. Failure to comply with the directions of CSCU officials or law enforcement officers acting in the performance of their duties and/or failure to identify oneself to these persons when requested to do so.

24. Conduct that violates published BOR/CSCU policies, rules, and regulations, including, but not limited to, residence hall rules and regulations.

25. Conduct prohibited by any federal, state, and/or local law, regulation or ordinance.

26. Unauthorized use of CSCU property or the property of members of the CSCU Community or of CSCU Affiliates.

27. Theft, unauthorized use, or abuse of University or College computers and/or peripheral systems and networks, including, but not limited to:

   a. Unauthorized access to CSCU computer programs or files;

   b. Unauthorized alteration, transfer or duplication of CSCU computer programs or files;

   c. Unauthorized use of another individual’s identification and/or password;
d. Deliberate disruption of the operation of CSCU computer systems and networks;

e. Use of the Institution’s computing facilities and resources in violation of copyright laws (including unauthorized peer-to-peer file sharing of copyrighted material, including, but not limited to, copyrighted music, movies, and software);

f. Use of computing facilities and resources to send obscene messages (which are defined as messages which appeal mainly to a prurient, shameful or morbid interest in nudity, sex, excretion, sadism or masochism, go well beyond customary limits of candor in describing or representing such matters, and are utterly without redeeming social value); and

g. Violation of the BOR Policy Statement on Acceptable and responsible use of Information Technology resources and/or any applicable BOR computer use policy.

28. Abuse of the CSCU conduct and disciplinary system, including but not limited to:

a. Failure to obey the notice from a Hearing Body or CSCU Official to appear for a meeting or hearing as part of the Student Conduct system;

b. Falsification, distortion, or intentional misrepresentation of information to a Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator, or before a Hearing Body;

c. Initiation of a conduct or disciplinary proceeding knowingly without cause;

d. Disruption or interference with the orderly conduct of a disciplinary proceeding;

e. Attempting to discourage an individual’s proper participation in, or use of, the disciplinary system;

f. Attempting to influence the impartiality of a Disciplinary Officer, Conduct Administrator or member of a Hearing Body prior to, and/or during the course of, the disciplinary proceeding;

g. Harassment (verbal or physical) and/or intimidation of a Disciplinary Officer, Conduct Administrator, or member of a Hearing Body prior to, and/or during the course of the disciplinary proceeding;

h. Failure to comply with the sanction(s) imposed under the Student Code; and

i. Influencing or attempting to influence another person to commit an abuse of the disciplinary system.

PART E: HEARING PROCEDURES FOR SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, SEXUAL INTIMATE PARTNER, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE & STALKING REPORTS

In addition to disciplinary procedures applicable to State University students in Section II, Community College students in Section III, or Charter Oak State College Students in Section IV, for any hearing
conducted involving allegations of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking and intimate partner violence the reported victim and the accused student shall each have the following rights:

1. At any meeting or proceeding, both the reported victim and accused student may be accompanied by an advisor or support person of the student’s choice provided the advisor or support person does not cause a scheduled meeting or hearing to be delayed or postponed and provided an advisor or support person may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses, or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process (or other proceeding or pertaining to a report of sexual misconduct);

2. The reported victim of sexual misconduct is entitled to request that disciplinary proceedings begin promptly;

3. Any hearing regarding an accusation of sexual misconduct shall (i) be fair, prompt and impartial; (ii) be conducted by a Hearing Body annually trained in issues relating to sexual misconduct (iii) use the preponderance of evidence (more likely than not ) standard; (iv) shall allow both the accused student and reported victim the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on their behalf during any disciplinary proceeding; (v) shall provide both the accused student and the reported victim with equal access to any information that will be used during meetings and hearings; and (vi) invoke the standard of “affirmative consent” in determining whether consent to engage in sexual activity was given by all persons who engaged in sexual activity.

4. In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the accused student and the reported victim have the right to keep their identities confidential;

5. Any reported victim shall be provided written notice of the decision of the Hearing Body at the same time as the accused student, normally within one (1) business day after the conclusion of the Hearing. In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) the notice to any reported victim of sexual misconduct shall contain only the following: the name of the accused student, the violation committed, if any, and any sanction imposed against the accused student.

6. The reported victim shall have the same right to request a review of the decision of the Hearing Body (appeal rights) in the same manner and on the same basis as shall the accused student; however, if a request for review by a reported victim is determined to be properly made and if the review determines there is sufficient grounds for altering the decision of the Hearing Body, among the other actions that may be taken as set forth above, the sanction of the hearing may also be increased. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in any hearing pertaining to sexual misconduct both the reported victim and the accused student are entitled to be simultaneously provided notice of any change in the results of the hearing prior to the time when the results become final as well as to be notified when such results become final.

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1The standard of “Affirmative Consent” is set forth in the BOR Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy and is incorporated herein by reference.
PART F: CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY RECORDS

The written decision resulting from an administrative conference or a hearing under this Code shall become part of the student’s educational record and shall be subject to the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). A student’s disciplinary record shall be maintained separately from any other academic or official file maintained by the Institution. Disciplinary records will be maintained for a period of five (5) years from the date of the incident, except that the sanction of expulsion shall be noted permanently.

While student education records are generally protected from disclosure by FERPA, there are a number of exceptions to this rule. Students should be aware that a record concerning his/her behavior while a student at the College or University may be shared with other colleges or universities to which the student may subsequently wish to transfer or be admitted. Similarly, prospective employers may require a student to provide access to his/her education records as part of the employment application process. A record of having been sanctioned for conduct that violates Section I.D. of the Code may disqualify a student for admission to another college or university, and may interfere with his/her selection for employment.

PART G: INTERPRETATION AND REVISION

Questions regarding the interpretation of this Code shall be referred to the University’s and Charter Oak State College’s Provost or a Community College’s Dean of Students or their designees for the administration of the Non-Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code and to the University’s Vice President for Student Affairs, a Community College’s Dean of Academic Affairs or Charter Oak State College’s Provost or their designees for the administration of the Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code.

This Code shall be reviewed and revised, if and as necessary, every five (5) years, or as directed by the President of the Board of Regents for Higher Education.
II. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO STATE UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

Procedures for University students differ from those procedures applicable to either the Community Colleges or Charter Oak State College. This is due to the environmental, cultural, and administrative differences within the types of the institutions comprising CSCU. Procedures for addressing allegations and sanctions regarding academic misconduct (as defined in Section I.D.1) for University Students as set for in this Section II of the Code.

PART A: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES - ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT

1. **Instructor's Role:**
   When the instructor of record or his or her designee believes that an act of academic misconduct has occurred, he or she shall notify the student of the allegation and save any evidence of such misconduct in its original form. (Copies of the Accused Student’s work will be provided to the Student upon request.) In addition, the instructor shall not transmit a final grade to the Registrar until such time as the allegation(s) of academic misconduct are finally determined. Each institution shall establish implementation guidelines in accordance with this Code.

2. **Information from Person Other than Student's Instructor:** Any member of the CSCU Community may provide information which might lead to a complaint against a Student alleging academic misconduct.

3. **The Academic Misconduct Hearing Board:** There shall be an academic misconduct hearing board convened by the University’s Disciplinary Officer to consider allegations of academic misconduct lodged against a Student. The University’s disciplinary officer shall be a non-voting member of the board and act as convener.

4. **Hearing Process:** The Accused Student shall be afforded adequate notice of the allegation, an opportunity to discuss the allegation with the instructor, and adequate time to request and prepare for a hearing. All parties shall have an opportunity to be heard and a record of the proceedings shall be made. The decision of a hearing board shall be communicated in writing.

5. **Sanctions:** If the academic misconduct hearing board determines that the Accused Student is "Not Responsible," the board shall not impose any sanctions. The board shall so advise the Student’s instructor and the instructor shall reevaluate the student’s course grade in light of the Board’s determination. If the academic misconduct hearing board determines that the Accused Student is "Responsible," the academic sanction set forth in the instructor's course syllabus shall be imposed.

   The academic misconduct hearing board may make a recommendation to change the academic sanction imposed by the instructor on the basis of its hearing of the evidence of academic misconduct. (Should the academic sanction not be changed pursuant to this recommendation, the University reserve the right to change the academic sanction.)
consideration of the Accused Student's record of misconduct and/or the nature of the offense, the academic misconduct hearing board may impose additional non-academic sanctions in proportion to the severity of the misconduct. These sanctions may include the following: warning, written reprimand, discretionary sanctions, suspension and/or expulsion, as described in II.D of this Student Code of Conduct.

6. **Appeals:** The decision rendered by the academic misconduct hearing board may be appealed to the Provost/Academic Vice President, who shall review the record of the hearing, including any and all documents presented to the academic misconduct hearing board. An appeal shall be in writing and shall be delivered to the Provost/Academic Vice President within three (3) calendar days of receipt of the academic misconduct hearing board’s written decision.

An appeal may be brought on any of four grounds: (a) a claim that error in the hearing procedure substantially affected the decision; (b) a claim that new evidence or information material to the case was not known at the time of the hearing; (c) a claim that the non-academic sanction(s) imposed were not appropriate for the violation of the Code for which the accused student was found responsible; and/or (d) a claim that the academic sanction imposed has resulted in a palpable injustice. The Provost/Academic Vice President shall have the right to deny an appeal not brought on any of the foregoing grounds. The decision rendered by the Provost/Academic Vice President shall be final and there shall be no further right of appeal.

**PART B: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES - NONACADEMIC MISCONDUCT**

The following procedures shall be followed in addressing allegations of non-academic misconduct.

1. **Providing Information leading to a Complaint:** Any person may provide information leading to the filing of a complaint against a Student or a Student Organization alleging a violation of the Student Code. A complaint must be made in writing and submitted to the University’s Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator.

2. **Disciplinary Proceedings Against a Student Charged with a Violation of Law and a Violation of the Code:** University proceedings may be instituted against an Accused Student who has been charged with a violation of state or federal law for conduct which also constitutes a potential violation of this Code (that is, if both possible violations result from the same factual situation) without regard to the pendency of civil or criminal litigation in court or criminal arrest and prosecution. Proceedings under this Student Code may be carried out prior to, simultaneously with, or following the institution of civil or criminal court proceedings against the Accused Student. Determinations made or sanctions imposed under this Student Code shall not be subject to change because criminal charges arising out of the same facts giving rise to violation of University rules were dismissed, reduced, or resolved in favor of or against the criminal law defendant.
3. **Disciplinary Proceedings Against a Student Charged with Sexual Assault, Sexual Intimate Partner, Domestic Violence or Other Sex Related Offense:** See Section I.E

4. **Pre-Hearing Investigation and Administrative Disposition:**
   a. The Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator may conduct an investigation to determine if the charges have merit and/or if they can be disposed of administratively by mutual consent of the Accused Student and the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator. Such disposition shall be final and there shall be no subsequent proceedings. If the charges are not admitted and/or cannot be disposed of by mutual consent, the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator may also present the case for the University at any subsequent hearing, but if he or she does, he or she shall not serve as a member of the Hearing Body.

   b. The Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator may conduct an investigation to determine if there is reason to believe the student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of the Code and, after considering both the possible violation and the prior conduct record of the student, if the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator determines that a sanction of less than residential hall separation or suspension or expulsion from the University is appropriate, the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall schedule an administrative conference with the student. The student shall be given reasonable notice of the time and place of the conference. At the administrative conference, the student shall have the opportunity to present information for the Disciplinary Officer’s or Conduct Administrator’s consideration. At the conclusion of the administrative conference, the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall determine whether it is more likely than not that the student has violated the Policy and, if so, impose a sanction less than residential hall separation, or suspension or expulsion from the University. The Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall provide the student with a written explanation for the determination. The decision of the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall be final.

5. **Hearing Bodies:** A Student accused of misconduct has the right to be heard by an impartial Hearing Body. Any concern surrounding the impartiality of the Hearing Body or any member thereof will be referred to the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee, who will review the matter and make a determination. Any Hearing regarding an accusation of sexual assault, sexual misconduct, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense or intimate partner violence shall be conducted by an impartial Hearing Body trained in issues relating to sexual assault, sexual violence, intimate partner, and domestic violence.

6. **Hearing Procedures:**
   a. **Notice of Hearing:** Normally, a hearing will be conducted within ten (10) calendar days of the Accused Student being notified of the charges. Notice may be provided to the Accused Student by in-hand delivery, by registered mail, with delivery receipt attached or by certified mail, return receipt requested by University email or by overnight delivery with signature of recipient required. Should the
Accused Student refuse to accept in-hand delivery, a written statement of the attempted delivery of the notice signed by the person attempting to make such delivery shall constitute notice. Should the Accused Student refuse to sign for registered or certified mail, the postal document indicating such refusal shall constitute notice.

The notice shall advise the Accused Student of each section of the Student Code alleged to have been violated and, with respect to each such section, a statement of the acts or omissions which are alleged to constitute a violation of the Code, including the approximate time when and the place where such acts or omissions allegedly occurred.

The Accused Student shall be afforded a reasonable period of time to prepare for the hearing, which period of time shall not be less than three (3) Calendar Days. The Accused Student, the Reporting Party and/or any alleged victim may request a delay of the hearing due to extenuating circumstances. Any decision to postpone the hearing shall be made by the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator or by the Hearing Body, or by the designee of the Vice President for Student Affairs.

b. **Hearing:** Hearings shall be closed, but the Hearing Body may, in its discretion, admit any person into the hearing room. The Hearing Body shall have the authority to discharge or to remove any person whose presence is deemed unnecessary or obstructive to the proceedings.

The Accused Student, the Reporting Party and any alleged victim shall have the right to be present at all stages of the hearing process except during the private deliberations of the Hearing Body and the presentation of sanctions. In hearings involving more than one Accused Student, the Hearing Body may determine that, in the interest of fairness, separate hearings should be convened.

In any Hearing alleging sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense, any alleged victim and the Accused Student are entitled to:

1) be accompanied to any meeting or proceeding by an advisor or support person of their choice, provided that the advisor or support person does not cause a scheduled meeting to be delayed or postponed;
2) present evidence and witnesses on their behalf;
3) in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), to have their identities kept confidential.

In addition, the alleged victim of sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense is entitled to request that disciplinary proceedings begin promptly.

c. **Record of Hearing:** When expulsion or suspension from the University or residence hall separation is a possibility, the University shall make a recording of the hearing. The recording shall be the property of the University. No other recordings shall be made by any person during the hearing. Upon request, the Accused Student may
review the recording in a designated University office in order to prepare for an appeal of the decision rendered by the Hearing Body. Further disclosure of the recording shall be governed by applicable state and federal law.

d. **Opportunity to Present a Defense:** The Accused Student shall have the full opportunity to present a defense and information, including the testimony of witnesses, in his or her behalf. The Reporting Party and the Accused Student may question the statements of any person who testifies in a manner deemed appropriate by the Hearing Body. The Reporting Party and the Accused Student may make concluding statements regarding the charges made and the information presented during the hearing. The Hearing Body may question the Accused Student and the Reporting Party, any witness presented by the Accused Student or the Reporting Party, and any other witness(es) the Hearing Body may choose to call to testify.

e. **Accused Student Can Choose Whether or Not to Testify in His or Her Own Defense:** The Accused Student who is present at the hearing shall be advised by the Hearing Body that he or she is not required to testify, to answer questions, or to make any statement regarding the complaint or the allegations set forth in the complaint. Refusal to do so shall not be considered by the Hearing Body to constitute evidence of responsibility.

f. **Non-Appearance of Accused Student at Disciplinary Hearing:** If an Accused Student does not appear at a disciplinary hearing, the Hearing Body shall enter a plea of “not responsible” on behalf of such student and the hearing shall proceed in the normal manner of hearing evidence, weighing facts, and rendering judgment. The failure of an Accused Student to appear at the disciplinary hearing shall not be considered by the Hearing Body to constitute evidence of responsibility.

g. **Advisors and Support Persons:** The Reporting Party, any alleged victim, and the Accused Student shall each have the right to be accompanied by an Advisor and Support Person. The Advisor and the Support Person should be someone whose schedule allows attendance at the scheduled date and time for the disciplinary hearing because delays will not normally be allowed due to the scheduling conflicts of an Advisor or Support Person.

h. **Presentation of Evidence:** Only evidence introduced at the hearing itself may be considered by the Hearing Body in determining whether it is more likely than not that the alleged violation was committed by the accused student.

i. **Evidence of Prior Convictions or Disciplinary Actions:** Evidence of prior criminal convictions or University disciplinary actions may be presented to the Hearing Body only after a determination of responsibility has been made and only for consideration in connection with determining the sanction.

j. **Accommodation of Witnesses:** The Hearing Body may accommodate concerns for the personal safety, well-being, and/or fears of confrontation of the Reporting Party, the Accused Student, and/or other witnesses during the hearing by providing separate facilities, by using a visual screen, and/or by permitting...
participation by telephone, videophone, closed circuit television, video conferencing, videotape, audio tape, written statement, or other means, where and as determined in the sole judgment of the Hearing Body to be appropriate.

k. **Written Notice of Decision:** The Accused Student shall receive written notice of the decision of the Hearing Body that shall set forth the decision rendered, including a finding of “responsible” or “not responsible,” and the sanctions imposed, if any. The decision of the Hearing Body, as well as the sanction(s) imposed, if any, generally will not be released to third parties without the prior written consent of the Accused Student. However, certain information may be released if and to the extent authorized by state or federal law.

With respect to Hearings alleging sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense, any alleged victim shall receive written notice of the decision of the Hearing Body at the same time as the Accused Student, normally within one (1) business day after the conclusion of the Hearing.

In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) the notice to any alleged victim of sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense shall contain only the following: the name of the student, the violation committed and any sanction imposed against the student.

6. **Review:** An Accused Student may request that the decision of the Hearing Body be reviewed by the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee. A request for review must be made in writing to the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee within three (3) Calendar Days of the Accused Student’s receipt of the written notice of decision. For good cause shown, the Vice President for Student Affairs may extend the three-University Calendar Day limitation on filing a request for a review. An Accused Student may request only one review of each decision rendered by the Hearing Body. A decision reached as a result of an Administrative Disposition may not be reviewed.

a. **Grounds for Review:** The Accused Student has the right to request a review of the decision of the Hearing Body on the grounds that: (i) the procedures set forth in this Code were not followed and, as a result, the decision was substantially affected; (ii) the sanction(s) imposed were not appropriate for the violation of the Code for which the Accused Student was found responsible; and/or (iii) new information, sufficient to alter the decision, or other relevant facts were not brought out in the original hearing because such information and/or facts were not known to the Accused Student at the time of the original hearing. The review shall be limited to a review of the record except as required to explain the basis of new information.

b. **Review Procedures:** In order to prepare for the review, the Accused Student may review the recording of the original hearing in a designated University office but will not be permitted to remove the recording from that office or make copies. The review will not be heard by anyone involved in the initial hearing. The review shall be considered and a decision rendered within ten (10) Calendar Days of the filing of the request for review.
If a request for review is granted, the matter shall be referred to the original Hearing Body for reconsideration of its original determination or to a newly-constituted Hearing Body for a new hearing, or the sanction imposed may be reduced, as appropriate. If a request is not granted, the matter shall be considered final and binding upon all involved.

c. Status of Student Pending Review: All sanctions imposed by the Hearing Body shall be and continue in effect pending the outcome of a review. Any request to delay the commencement of sanctions pending a review must be made by the Accused Student, in writing, to the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee.

d. With respect only to Hearings related to sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex offense, the alleged victim shall have the same right to request a review in the same manner and on the same basis as shall the Accused Student as set forth above; however, in such cases, if a review by any alleged victim is granted, among the other actions that may be taken as set forth above, the sanction of the Hearing may also be increased.

Upon review, if the decision or sanction of the disciplinary proceeding is changed, any alleged victim must be notified in writing of the change in decision or sanction at the same time that the Accused Student is notified.

PART C: INTERIM SUSPENSIONS AND RESIDENCE HALL SEPARATIONS

In certain circumstances, the Vice President for Student Affairs, or his or her designee, may impose an interim suspension or residence hall separation on an Accused Student prior to the hearing before the Hearing Body.

1. Basis for Imposition of Interim Suspension or Residence Hall Separation: An interim suspension may be imposed upon an Accused Student only: (i) to ensure the safety and well-being of members of the University Community or preservation of University property; (ii) to ensure the Student’s own physical or emotional safety and well-being; or (iii) if the student poses an ongoing threat of disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the University.

A residence hall separation may be imposed if a Student’s continued presence will disrupt the academic and social well-being of the residential community. Residence hall separation is the removal of a student from the University residence hall in which he or she resides. Such separation may include a restriction of access to all or designate University residence halls. During the period of the separation, the removed Student shall not be permitted to enter the designated hall(s) as a guest of another resident.

An interim suspension or residence hall separation is not a sanction and will continue in effect only until such time as a hearing on the alleged violation has been completed.
2. **Effect of Interim Suspension or Residence Hall Separation:** During the interim suspension or residence hall separation, the removed Student shall be denied access to the residence halls and/or to the campus (including classes) and/or all other University activities or privileges for which the Student might otherwise be eligible, as the Vice President for Student Affairs, or his or her designee, may determine to be appropriate.

3. **Procedure:** The Accused Student shall be notified, either orally or in writing, of the pending imposition of an interim suspension or residence hall separation. Whenever possible prior to the imposition of the interim suspension or suspension, the affected Student will be afforded an opportunity to meet with the Vice President for Student Affairs, or his or her designee. Otherwise, the meeting will be held on the first Calendar Day that the Student is available.

At that meeting, the Accused Student will be advised of his/her reported behavior and be offered the opportunity to provide information upon which the determination may be based whether or not the Student engaged in conduct warranting an interim suspension or residence hall separation.

Any Student placed on an interim suspension will be given an opportunity to appear at an administrative conference or a formal hearing on the misconduct charges lodged against him or her in accordance with II.B.5 of this Code within ten (10) Calendar Days of being placed on such suspension, or as soon as practical after the Accused Student is prepared to participate in such a hearing.

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**PART D: DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS**

Sanctions which may be imposed for violations of the Student Code are listed below. In determining appropriate sanctions, the Hearing Body may take into consideration any and all prior violations of the Code for which the Accused Student was determined to be responsible. The Hearing Body shall have the authority to defer the imposition of any sanction when deemed appropriate. The University may withhold awarding a degree otherwise earned until the completion of the process set forth in this Student Code, including the completion of all sanctions imposed, if any.

1. **Sanctions Which May Be Imposed for Violations of the Code:** The following sanctions may be imposed, individually or in various combinations, on any student found to have violated the Student Code, and will be entered into the Student's disciplinary records. Notation of disciplinary sanctions shall be on file only in the appropriate office in the Division of Student Affairs and shall not be released without the written consent of the Student except to appropriate University enforcement personnel, University police, staff and administrators, or as required by law.

   a. **Warning:** A disciplinary warning is a written notice to a Student advising him or her that specific behavior or activity constitutes a violation of the Code and that the repetition of such behavior will likely result in the commencement of more serious disciplinary action by the University.
b. **Fine**: A sanction involving the imposition of a specified dollar amount due and payable by a specified date.

c. **Probation**: Disciplinary probation is a designated period of time during which a Student is given the opportunity to modify unacceptable behavior and/or to complete specific assignments in an effort to regain full student privileges within the University Community. Disciplinary probation may involve the imposition of certain restrictions and/or conditions upon the Student including, but not limited to, financial restitution, community service, fines, referral for professional services such as counseling, participation in educational programs, parental notification under limited circumstances, and ineligibility to participate in University activities or events. Periodic contact with a designated member of the University Community or non-college professional may be required. If the Student fully complies with the terms and conditions imposed in connection with the disciplinary probation, full student privileges will be restored to the student upon termination of the probationary period. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the probation constitutes prohibited conduct that is separate from and in addition to the conduct for which the probation was imposed. A Student accused of violation of probation will be given due notice of the alleged violation and the procedures set forth in this Code shall be followed.

d. **Loss of Privileges**: Denial of specified privileges for a designated period.

e. **Restitution**: Compensation for loss, damage to real or personal property. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.

f. **Discretionary Sanctions**: Work assignments, essays, service to the University, or other related discretionary assignments, referral for professional services such as counseling, participation in educational programs, parental notification under limited circumstances, and ineligibility to participate in University activities or events. Periodic contact with a designated member of the University Community or non-college professional may be required.

g. **Residence Hall Warning**: A written notice to a Student advising him or her that specific behavior or activity constitutes a violation of the Code and that the repetition of such behavior will likely result in the commencement of more serious disciplinary action by the University.

h. **Residence Hall Probation**: Residence hall probation is a designated period during which an Accused Student is given the opportunity to modify unacceptable behavior and/or to complete specific assignments in an effort to regain full student privileges within the residence hall in which the Student resides. Residence hall probation may include restrictions and/or conditions on the exercise of residence hall activities and privileges. Periodic contact with a designated member of the residence hall staff or professional may be required. If the Accused Student fully complies with the terms and conditions imposed in connection with the residence hall probation,
full residence hall privileges will be restored to the Student upon termination of the probationary period. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the probation constitutes prohibited conduct that is separate from and in addition to the conduct for which the probation was imposed. A Student accused of violation of probation will be given due notice and the procedures set forth in this Code shall be followed.

i. **Residence Hall Separation:** Separation of the Student from the residence halls for a definite period of time, after which the Student is eligible to return. Conditions for readmission may be specified.

j. **Residence Hall Expulsion:** Permanent separation of the Student from the residence halls.

k. **Suspension:** Suspension is temporary disciplinary separation from all universities among CSCU and the denial of all student privileges. Suspension shall be effective on the date that notice of the suspension is provided to the Accused Student, or later, if so stated in the notice, and shall prescribe the date and conditions upon which the Student may petition for readmission to the University. A Student separated from all universities within CSCU by suspension may under the terms of the suspension be excluded from the premises of all CSCU premises when in the judgment of the suspending authority, the Student’s continued presence would constitute a danger to persons or property or a threat to the academic process. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the suspending authority of the suspended Student’s home University or his or her designee may authorize a suspended student who has been excluded from all University premises to enter the premises of the student’s home University for designated purposes.

l. **Expulsion:** Expulsion is permanent disciplinary separation from all universities within CSCU and the denial of all student privileges. Expulsion shall be effective on the date that notice of expulsion is provided to the Accused Student, or later, if so stated in the notice. A student separated from all universities of CSCU by expulsion may under the terms of the expulsion be excluded from all CSCU Premises when in the judgment of the expelling authority the Student’s presence would constitute a danger to persons or property or a threat to the academic process.

2. **Revocation of Admission and/or Degree:** Upon the recommendation of the Hearing Body, admission to or a degree awarded from the University may be revoked by the University, acting through its President (or his or her designee) for fraud, misrepresentation, or other violation of University standards in obtaining admission or the degree.

3. **Consequences of Failure to Comply with a Duly Assigned Sanction:** Failure to comply with sanctions which have been assigned through a formal judicial process may lead to one or more of the following consequences:

a. Denial of access to certain university services, including, but not limited to housing and parking;
b. Denial of access to administrative processes, including, but not limited to, course add/drop, pre-registration, registration, and room selection; and/or

c. Withholding of the privilege of participation in university sponsored activities and/or public ceremonies, or formal disciplinary charges under II.B hereof.

4. **Sanctions Which May Be Imposed on Student Organizations**

   a. **Sanctions**: Those sanctions listed in subsections 1.a through f of Section II.D.

   b. **Loss of recognition**: Loss of recognition for a specified period of time results in the loss of privileges, such as the use of university space, access to student activity fee funding, and/or the privilege of functioning as a student organization. Loss of recognition for more than two (2) semesters shall require that an organization reapply for University recognition. Conditions for future recognition may be imposed by the hearing body.
III. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO COMMUNITY COLLEGE STUDENTS

Procedures for Community College students differ from those procedures applicable to either the Universities or Charter Oak State College. This is due to the environmental, cultural and administrative differences within the types of the institutions comprising CSCU. Procedures for addressing allegations and sanctions regarding academic misconduct (as defined in Section I.D.1 above) for Community College Students as set for in this Section III of the Code.

PART A: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES (Academic and Non-Academic Misconduct)

In regard to College Students, the following procedures shall govern the enforcement of the Code:

1. Information that a student may have violated the Code should be submitted to the Dean of Students, Dean of Academic Affairs or other designee of the President (hereinafter referred to as “the Dean”), normally within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of a possible violation or within thirty (30) calendar days of the date that the facts constituting a possible violation were known.

2. Upon receipt of information relating to a possible violation, the Dean may immediately place restrictions on or suspend a student on an interim basis if, in the judgment of the Dean, the continued presence of the student at the College or continued participation in the full range of college activities poses a danger to persons or property or constitutes an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process.

   a. “Interim restrictions” are limitations on the Student’s participation in certain College functions and activities, access to certain locations on campus or access to certain persons, that do not prevent the Student from continuing to pursue his/her academic program. A Student upon whom the Dean has placed interim restrictions shall be afforded written reasons for the restrictions, as well as the time period during which the interim restrictions shall apply. The decision of the Dean regarding interim restrictions shall be final.

   b. “Interim suspension” is the temporary separation of the Student from the College that involves the denial of all privileges, including entrance to College premises. Prior to imposing an interim suspension, the Dean shall make a good faith effort to meet with the Student. At this meeting, the Dean shall inform the Student of the information received and provide the Student an opportunity to present other information for the Dean’s consideration. Based upon the information available at that time, the Dean shall determine whether the Student’s continued presence on campus poses a danger to persons or property or constitutes an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process. A Student suspended on an interim basis by the Dean shall be provided written reasons for the suspension and shall be entitled to an administrative conference or a hearing as soon as possible, normally within ten (10) calendar days from the date the interim suspension was imposed. The decision of the Dean regarding an interim suspension shall be final.

3. Following the imposition of interim restrictions or interim suspension, if any, the Dean shall promptly investigate the information received by meeting with individuals who may have knowledge of the matter, including the accused Student, and by reviewing all relevant documents.
If upon the conclusion of the Dean’s investigation, the Dean determines that there is insufficient reason to believe the Student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of this Policy, the Dean shall dismiss the matter and shall so inform the Student in writing.

4. If upon the conclusion of the Dean’s investigation, the Dean determines that there is reason to believe the Student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of this Code and, after considering both the possible violation and the prior conduct record of the Student, that a sanction of less than suspension or expulsion is appropriate, the Dean shall schedule an administrative conference with the Student. The Student shall be given reasonable notice of the time and place of the conference. At the administrative conference, the Student shall have the opportunity to present information for the Dean’s consideration. At the conclusion of the administrative conference, the Dean shall determine whether it is more likely than not that the Student has violated the Policy and, if so, impose a sanction less than suspension or expulsion. The Dean shall provide the Student with a written explanation for the determination. The decision of the Dean shall be final.

5. If upon the conclusion of the Dean’s investigation, the Dean determines that there is reason to believe the Student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of this Code and, after considering both the violation and the prior conduct record of the Student, that a sanction of suspension or expulsion is appropriate, the Dean shall provide the Student with reasonable written notice of a meeting and shall inform the Student that his/her failure to attend the meeting or to respond to the notice may result in the imposition of the maximum permissible sanction. At the meeting, the Dean shall provide the Student with a written statement that shall include the following:

   a. a concise statement of the alleged facts;
   b. the provision(s) of Section I.D. that appear to have been violated;
   c. the maximum permissible sanction; and
   d. a statement that the student may resolve the matter by mutual agreement with the Dean, or may request a hearing by notifying the Dean in writing, which must be received by 5:00pm on the following business day.

6. If the Student requests a hearing, he/she is entitled to the following:
   a. to be heard within five (5) days or as soon as reasonably possible, by an impartial party or panel whose members shall be appointed by the Dean;
   b. if the Dean appoints an impartial panel, to have a Student on the panel if requested by the Student;
   c. to appear in person and to have an advisor who not shall attend as a representative of the Student. However, if there is pending at the time of the hearing a criminal matter pertaining to the same incident that is the subject of the hearing, a lawyer may be present for the sole purpose of observing the proceedings and advising the Student concerning the effect of the proceedings on the pending criminal matter;
   d. to hear and to question the information presented;
   e. to present information, to present witnesses, and to make a statement on his or her behalf; and
   f. to receive a written decision following the hearing.

7. As used herein, the term “impartial” shall mean that the individual was not a party to the incident under consideration and has no personal interest in the outcome of the proceedings. Prior to the
commencement of the hearing, the Student who is subject to the hearing may challenge the appointment of an impartial party or panel member on the ground that the person(s) is (are) not impartial. The challenge shall be made in writing to the Dean and shall contain the reasons for the assertion that the person(s) is (are) not impartial. The decision of the Dean shall be final.

8. The written decision of the impartial party or panel shall specify whether, based on the information presented, it is more likely than not that the Student committed the violation(s) reported and shall state the sanction to be imposed, if any. The written decision shall be provided to the Student.

9. Sanctions imposed by an impartial party or panel are effective immediately. The President may, for good cause, suspend imposition of the sanctions imposed by the impartial party or panel to allow the Student time to prepare a written request for review. If a written request is received, the President may continue to suspend imposition of the sanctions until he has reviewed and acted on the Student’s request.

10. A written request for review of the decision of the impartial party or panel must be received by the President within three (3) calendar days after the Student is notified of the decision and must clearly identify the grounds for review. The review by the President is limited to the record of the hearing, the written request, and any supporting documentation submitted with the request by the Student. The decision of the impartial party or the panel shall be upheld unless the President finds that:

a. a violation of the procedures set forth herein significantly prejudiced the Student; and/or
b. the information presented to the impartial party or panel was not substantial enough to justify the decision; and/or,
c. the sanction(s) imposed was (were) disproportionate to the seriousness of the violation.

11. Decisions under this procedure shall be made only by the college officials indicated.

PART B: DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

The prior conduct record of a Student shall be considered in determining the appropriate sanction for a Student who has been found to have violated any part of Section I.D. of this Code. Sanctions shall be progressive in nature; that is, more serious sanctions may be imposed if warranted by the prior conduct record of the Student.

A “sanction” may be any action affecting the status of an individual as a Student taken by the College in response to a violation of this Policy, and for the purposes of this Section III of the Code include but are not limited to the following:

1. “Expulsion” is a permanent separation from the College that involves denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to College premises;

2. “Suspension” is a temporary separation from the College that involves denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to college premises for the duration of the suspension, and may include conditions for reinstatement;
3. “Removal of College Privileges” involves restrictions on Student access to certain locations, functions and/or activities but does not preclude the Student from continuing to pursue his/her academic program;

4. “Probation” is a status that indicates either (a) serious misconduct not warranting expulsion, suspension, or removal of College privileges, or (b) repetition of misconduct after a warning has been imposed;

5. A “Warning” is a written notice to the Student indicating that he or she has engaged in conduct that is in violation of Section I.D. of this Code and that any repetition of such conduct or other conduct that violates this Code is likely to result in more serious sanctions;

6. “Community Restitution” requires a Student to perform a number of hours of service on the campus or in the community at large.
IV. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO CHARTER OAK STATE COLLEGE STUDENTS

Procedures for Charter Oak State College students differ from those procedures applicable to either the Community Colleges or the Universities. This is due to the environmental, cultural, and administrative differences within the types of the institutions comprising CSCU. Procedures for addressing allegations and sanctions regarding academic misconduct (as defined in Section I.D.1 above) for Charter Oak State College Students as set for in this Section IV of the Code.

PART A: RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF HEARING PARTICIPANTS

Hearing participants may include the accused student(s), a complainant, witnesses, support person(s), and the members of the hearing body.

The complaining party, any alleged victim, and the student who has been charged shall each have the right to:

1. Be notified of all charges.
2. Review any written complaint(s) submitted in support of the charge(s).
3. Be informed of the hearing process.
4. Request a delay of a hearing due to extenuating circumstances.
5. Be accompanied by an advisor or support person during the hearing.
6. Be present at all stages of the hearing process except during the private deliberations of the hearing body.
7. Submit a written statement regarding the incident.
8. Give a personal statement.
9. Question all statements and other information presented at the hearing.
10. Present information and witnesses when deemed appropriate and relevant by the hearing body.
11. Be informed of the finding(s) as well as any sanctions imposed.
12. Present a personal or community impact statement to the hearing body upon a finding of "Violation."

In addition to the above-mentioned rights, a student who has been charged with a violation of the Student Code of Conduct shall have the right to:

1. Be notified of the proposed information to be presented and to know the identity of witnesses who have been called to speak at the hearing when the Chair of the disciplinary hearing knows such information.
2. Request an alternate hearing panel member when there is reasonable cause to believe that the hearing panel will be unable to conduct an impartial hearing.
3. Be presumed not to be in "violation" of the code unless the facts presented at the hearing prove otherwise.
4. Deny or admit violating the Code of Conduct.
5. Decline to give a personal statement.
6. Present Character Witnesses, if appropriate.
7. Receive a written notice of the sanction(s) imposed.
PART B: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES
The Administration and the Faculty of Charter Oak State College believe that all members of the academic community are entitled to expect compliance with Section I.D.1 Prohibited Conduct. Accordingly, any Student or employee of the College may initiate a disciplinary process in the manner specified by this section. Once the process has been initiated, all subsequent decisions concerning possible discipline of a Student or students rest with the appropriate College officials. The President shall designate the Provost or another College official to have responsibility for the disciplinary procedures.

1. A statement of possible violation must be filed in writing with the Provost within thirty (30) business days of the date of the alleged violation or within thirty (30) business days of the date the alleged violation was known. Said statement must specify the Student conduct in question and the part or parts of Section I.D.1 Prohibited Conduct, which it is alleged said conduct violates, if applicable.

2. If the Provost determines that the alleged conduct may violate the provisions of the Code or otherwise threatens the safety or order of the College, the Provost shall, within ten (10) business days of receiving a written statement, provide written notice to the Student of the statement of possible violation(s) and the fact that the allegations will be investigated. The investigation shall be conducted by the Provost and/or his or her designee(s), and may include but not be limited to interviews with witnesses, the complainant(s), and review of any pertinent materials and information, and shall include an interview with the Student suspected in engaging in misconduct conduct unless the Student suspected declines to be interviewed. The investigation shall be completed within thirty (30) business days of the Provost's receipt of the written statement of possible violation. A record of the investigations will be maintained.

3. Following completion of the informal investigation specified above, the Provost will (a) determine that there is insufficient basis in fact and dismiss the matter or (b) conclude that there is a sufficient factual basis for discipline.

4. If the Provost determines there is a sufficient factual basis for moving forward with disciplinary proceedings, he or she shall cause a written statement of charges to be provided to the Student. Said statement shall contain (a) a concise statement of the facts on which the charge is based; (b) a citation of the rule or rules alleged to have been violated; (c) a statement of the maximum penalty sought; (d) a statement that the Student may request a hearing by responding in writing to the Provost within thirty (30) business days requesting such hearing; and (e) a statement that failure to request a hearing may result in imposition of the penalty sought.

5. If the Student requests a formal hearing, the Student is entitled to the following: (a) a hearing be conducted within thirty (30) business days after receipt by Provost of a written request for a hearing; (b) to be heard by an impartial panel chaired by the Dean of the Faculty or his/her designee and composed of no fewer than two members of the Charter Oak State College Faculty, one appointed by the Dean of the Faculty and one Student appointed by the Student Association; (c) to appear in person or through a conference call or other mutually agreed upon electronic means, or to have a representative attend on his/her behalf; (d) be accompanied by a support person during the hearing; (e) to hear and have a reasonable opportunity to question adverse witnesses and to present evidence and testimony in his/her behalf; and (f) to receive a written decision within ten (10) business days following the hearing specifying the panel's
findings and the penalty assessed, if any. The hearing shall be taped and a record shall be maintained of this hearing.

6. Hearing: A hearing shall be conducted following the guidelines specified below:

On-site:

a. A hearing shall be conducted in private.
b. Admission of any person into the hearing room shall be at the discretion of the chair of the hearing body. The chair, who is the Dean of the Faculty or his/her designee, shall have the authority to discharge or to remove any person whose presence is deemed unnecessary or obstructive to the proceeding.
c. Except as directed by the chair, support persons shall limit their role in a hearing to that of a consultant to the accused, to the complainant or to the victim.
d. The complainant and the accused are responsible for presenting their respective witnesses, any additional information, and any concluding statements regarding the charges and the information.
e. In a manner deemed appropriate by the chair, the complainant and/or the accused may question the statements of any person who testifies.
f. The hearing panel may question any witness presented by the accused and the complainant, including the complainant and the accused as well as any other witnesses the chair may choose to call.
g. Pertinent records, exhibits, and written statements may be accepted as information for consideration by the Hearing Body at the discretion of the chair.
h. All procedural questions are subject to the final decision of the chair or the Provost.
i. After the hearing has concluded, the hearing panel, in private, will decide whether the Student charged with misconduct is in violation of the Student Code of Conduct. The Dean of the Faculty or his/her designee may participate in the discussion, but is a non-voting member. Only evidence introduced at the hearing shall be considered in the determination of the decision. Each decision shall be made on the basis of whether or not the information presented at the hearing substantiates the charges in a more likely than not manner.
j. If the panel finds that the student violated the Student Conduct Code, the panel, in private, shall review the Student’s academic transcript and disciplinary record, hear a character witness, if appropriate, and impose the appropriate sanction (s). The decision of the panel will be provided in writing to the Provost. The decision and sanction will be sent to the student in writing by the Provost.
k. A taped record of the hearing will be maintained. The record shall be the property of the College.

Via the Phone:

a. For the accused or complainant who cannot attend in person, Charter Oak State College will set up a conference call.
b. Twenty-one (21) business days before the hearing, the Provost must receive all materials to be presented by the accused and by the complainant, including the names and relationships of the character witnesses and support persons. The Provost will send copies of the materials to the hearing panel, the accused, and
c. The procedures outlined in the "on-site" section will be followed, unless they specifically apply only to the on-site hearing.

d. Within ten (10) business days of the conclusion of the formal hearing, a Student may appeal the decision, in writing, to the President. An appeal shall be limited to a consideration of the verbatim record of the hearing and supporting documents for one or more of the following: a.) the process set forth in the guidelines was not followed and resulted in prejudice to the Student; b.) the evidence presented was insufficient to justify the decision; and c.) sanction(s) imposed was/were disproportionate to the gravity of the offense. The President may accept the decision of the hearing panel, overturn their decision, return the matter to the original hearing panel, or appoint a new hearing panel. The decision of the original hearing panel or the new hearing panel or the President will be sent to the Student in writing by the President and will be final.

e. During any appeal period, any sanctions will remain in place and the Student will not be allowed to participate in a graduation ceremony nor graduate until the review process has been completed and a final decision rendered.

**PART C: INTERIM ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION**

The President or his/her designee may impose an interim "College Suspension" and/or other necessary restrictions on a Student prior to a hearing on the Student's alleged violation. Such action may be taken when, in the professional judgment of the President or his/her designee, a threat of imminent harm to persons or property exists.

Interim Administrative Action is not a sanction. Rather, it is an action to protect the safety and well-being of an accused Student, or other members of the College community, or greater community or to protect property. Such action is in effect only until a hearing is completed.

**PART D: DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS**

Disciplinary penalty shall mean any action affecting the status of an individual as a Student taken by the College in response to a Student's misconduct in violation of Section I.D.1 Prohibited Conduct above, which penalties shall include but not be limited to:

1. Warning - A written notice that the Student has violated College Policy and a warning that another violation will likely result in a more severe sanction.
2. Restitution - Compensation for loss of or damage to property.
3. Academic Sanctions
4. Suspension - Suspension is a temporary disciplinary separation from the College involving denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to College premises. A notation of "suspension" will be placed in the Student database but will not be placed on the Student transcript. Charter Oak State College will not accept credits earned at another institution or through any other means during a period of suspension. Suspensions shall range from one semester to two years.
5. Students who are suspended will receive no refund of tuition or fees.
6. A Student who has been suspended must apply for re-matriculation if he/she plans to return.
7. Expulsion - Expulsion is mandatory separation from the College involving denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to college premises for a minimum of 5 years.
After the length of the term for expulsion has expired, the Student may request in writing directed to the Provost permission to re-matriculate. That permission must indicate why Charter Oak State College should allow the Student to return.

8. Charter Oak State College will not accept credits earned at another institution or through any other means during a period of expulsion. A permanent notation of "Dismissed" shall be placed on the Student's transcript.

Failure to comply with requirements of Restitution or Academic Sanctions above will result in dismissal from the institution. The Student must complete the requirements of the sanction before he/she would be allowed to apply for readmission and/or graduate.
Written Notification
You have options. If you or someone you know has experienced interpersonal violence, please know that there are people at CCSU and in the local community who are here to help. We can answer your questions about where to start.

CCSU has a professional advocate dedicated to assisting survivors/victims.

Sarah Dodd – CCSU’s Office of Victim Advocacy  
860-832-3795  
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu  
DiLoreto Hall, Room 207*  
M-F, 9 AM – 5 PM from mid-August thru mid-June  
Sarah is here to assist and support you.  
*Office will be moved beginning fall 2016. Call for new location.

Medical and Emotional Care

- You may need basic medical treatment for current injuries or those injuries that you are not aware of at this time. **Call 911 for immediate assistance.**
- Contact the CCSU Student Wellness Services (SWS) for on-campus evaluation and advice at 860-832-1925. For more information go to www.ccsu.edu/healthservices.
- For off-campus evaluation, advice and the collection of medical evidence go to the Hospital of Central Connecticut at 100 Grand St., New Britain or call 860-224-501.
- **Please seek emotional support.** It is important not to neglect your emotions. This may mean reaching out to a trusted friend, family member or a confidential professional counselor. The CCSU SWS, Counseling Services is the only on-campus confidential resource. There are options for confidential counseling both on- and off-campus.

SWS, Counseling Services  
CCSU  
Marcus White Hall, Room 205  
860-832-1945  
Free. Confidential.

YWCA  
Sexual Assault Crisis Services  
22 Glen St. New Britain CT  
860-223-1787 (24/7)  
ywcanewbritain.org/sacs/  
Free. Confidential.

Prudence Crandall Center  
(for Domestic Violence)  
888-774-2900 (24/7)  
prudencecrandall.org/  
Free. Confidential.
Filing a Report - It’s up to you.

It is important to note that the ODE/OSC and police processes are separate. You have the right to file reports with both, one or neither systems. CCSU’s Office of Victim Advocacy (860-832-3795) can provide information on options and can assist you with making reports.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>All Complaints</th>
<th>Complaints against Students</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Diversity and Equity (ODE)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Office of Student Conduct (OSC)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosa Rodriguez, Title IX Officer</td>
<td>Christopher Dukes, Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>860-832-1652</td>
<td>860-832-1667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:TitleIXReport@ccsu.edu">TitleIXReport@ccsu.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:DukesC@ccsu.edu">DukesC@ccsu.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Davidson Hall, Room 102</td>
<td>Willard Hall, Room 107</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Filing a Criminal Complaint and Orders for Protection

You may choose to file a report with the police within the jurisdiction where the incident occurred. For on-campus incidents call the CCSU Police at 860-832-2375 or 911 (24/7). If you don’t know which law enforcement agency to contact, CCSU can assist you.

You have the right to obtain a protective order, apply for a temporary restraining order or seek enforcement of an existing order against the perpetrator. If the perpetrator is not affiliated with CCSU, at your request, CCSU can still take actions for your protection and comfort on campus. The CCSU Police or the Office of Victim Advocacy can provide guidance on the process of requesting one of these orders.

You have the right to be on the CCSU campus. Regardless of whether or not you choose to file a formal complaint, CCSU’s Office of Victim Advocacy can assist in requesting reasonable accommodations including changing academic, living, campus transportation or working situations. Each person’s situation may be different. We will support you in determining what is best for you.

You may want to talk to someone where you feel most comfortable. These offices are not confidential. Consider asking about their limits of their confidentiality before you sit down to talk.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Office of Victim Advocacy</th>
<th>Women’s Center</th>
<th>LGBT Center</th>
<th>Residence Life</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>860-832-3795</td>
<td>860-832-1655</td>
<td>860-832-2090</td>
<td>860-832-1660</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Helpful Information

- [www.knowyourix.org](http://www.knowyourix.org)
  Provides information on Title IX and student rights. Created by and for students.
- [www.ccsu.edu/diversity/](http://www.ccsu.edu/diversity/)
  Links to CCSU Title IX policies and procedures and staff contact information
- [www.ccsu.edu/studentconduct/resources.asp](http://www.ccsu.edu/studentconduct/resources.asp)
  Links to the CCSU Student Code of Conduct

you are not alone.
There are people available to help.
Resources
you are not alone

How to Help in case of sexual or interpersonal violence

Central Connecticut State University
Definitions

Reporting an incident

Office of Diversity & Equity/Title IX Officer
860 832 1652

Office of Student Conduct
860 832 1667

CCSU Police
860 832 2375

Medical attention

SWS, Medical Services (Confidential)
860 832 1925

Hospital of Central Connecticut*
860 224 5011

Someone to talk to

Office of Victim Advocacy
860 832 3795

Women’s Center
860 832 1655

LGBT Center
860 832 2091

Residence Life
860 832 1660

SWS, Counseling Services (Confidential)
860 832 1945

Sexual Assault & Domestic Violence
Crisis Services*
YWCA (SACS) - 860 225 4681/860 223 1787 (Hotline)
Prudence Crandall - 888 774 2900

Helpful Tips

How Can I Help Stop Violence?
28

Student Rights
29

Your Rights
31

*Off-campus and confidential services
What is Sexual Assault?

Sexual assault is a crime and it will not be tolerated at Central Connecticut State University. It includes, but is not limited to, a sexual act directed against another person without the consent (as defined in the Board of Regent’s Sexual Misconduct Policy) of the other person or when that person is not capable of giving such consent. Any person can be a victim or a perpetrator.

Examples: rape, attempted rape, and/or intentional touching a person’s body for sexual gratification without their consent.

What is Consent?

Consent is active; both parties say “yes.” It is ongoing and can be withdrawn at any time without fear or explanation. Consent is a must for every form of sexual activity every time. You have the right to withdraw consent even if you have consented to sexual activity with the person in the past. Consent is ...

» agreeing to specific sexual behavior willingly. Obtaining consent is the responsibility of the person initiating the sexual contact.

» not valid if forced, intimidated or coerced.

» not valid when judgment is impaired by the use of alcohol/drugs or if the person is sleeping or unconscious.

State law is very clear that having sexual intercourse with someone who cannot consent is RAPE.
If someone tells you about a sexual assault...

Remember

1. Listen and don’t form opinions
2. Don’t judge the severity of the situation based on their response to it
3. Empower them to make their own decisions
4. Trust their word and help them
5. Tell them you believe them
6. Let them know they are not alone

What is Intimate Partner, Domestic and/or Dating Violence?

Intimate partner, domestic and/or dating violence includes acts of violence or threats of violence that occur between individuals who are family or household members, or persons in a current or former dating or cohabitating relationship. Intimate partner violence may include physical abuse, emotional abuse and threats of abuse.

Examples: assaults, rape, domestic or family violence involving physical force, stalking, texting that contains obscene material, electronic communications that contain serious threats of physical violence, and violation of a protective or restraining order issued by a court.
What is Stalking?

Stalking is defined as obsessive or unwanted contact of another person. This contact may cause reasonable apprehension of imminent physical harm or affect one’s ability to perform daily life functions. It is when someone repeatedly contacts you, follows you, talks to you when you do not want them to, or threatens you.

Examples: unwanted communication (email, texting, instant messaging and other electronic forms), damaging personal property, showing up places you go, or sending unwanted gifts.

If it doesn’t feel right or safe, it probably isn’t.
To report an incident

Office of Diversity & Equity (Title IX Officer)
All complaints
860 832 1652

Office of Student Conduct
Complaints against students
860 832 1667

CCSU Police
All criminal complaints
860 832 2375

Emergency Medical Attention
911 for immediate assistance

CCSU faculty, staff, or administrators who are made aware of a sexual assault involving a member of the CCSU community is required to report it to the Title IX Officer at 860-832-0178 or via email at TitleIXreport@ccsu.edu.

Office of Diversity & Equity (ODE)
If you believe you or someone you know has been sexually assaulted, you can contact the ODE, which will investigate complaints of discrimination and sexual harassment including sexual violence. Complaints against students are handled by the Office of Student Conduct. (See page 12)

ODE is committed to fostering a positive learning, working and living environment. The Chief Diversity Officer serves as the Title IX Officer. The ODE also:

» Conducts training on the prevention of sexual harassment

» Assists faculty, staff and students who believe they have been harassed or treated unfairly because they are a member of a protected class

» Provides referrals to on-campus or off-campus services including, but not limited to, medical and counseling providers, and victim services

Rosa Rodriguez
Chief Diversity Officer/Title IX Officer
On-campus
Davidson Hall, Rm. 102
MON–FRI, 8:00AM–5:00PM*
860 832 1652
www.ccsu.edu/diversity
*Other times available by appointment
Office of Student Conduct (OSC)

The OSC promotes social responsibility and resolves discipline cases on campus in a sound and fair manner. The staff are available to answer any questions or concerns about University behavioral standards and the CCSU Student Code of Conduct and Statement of Disciplinary Procedures.

» Investigates allegations involving students
» Resolves discipline cases
» Provides referrals to CCSU and community programs

CCSU Police

The CCSU Police Department will give its full assistance in response to a report of sexual assault. The police department will:

» Obtain medical assistance
» Conduct a criminal investigation
» Establish a safety plan
» Obtain a court order to protect the victim/survivor
» Connect the victim/survivor with support services

If the incident occurred off-campus, CCSU police can assist in contacting the police department of the town in which it took place.
Options for Medical Attention

911 Emergency
For immediate assistance

Student Wellness Services, (SWS)
Medical Services (Confidential)
On-campus evaluation or advice
860 832 1925

Hospital of Central Connecticut
Off-campus evaluation or advice when SWS is closed and for the collection of medical evidence
860 224 5011 / 860 225 6244

“I stand up if I see someone who is in an uncomfortable situation by checking in and seeing if they are ‘OK’.”
— Daniela
SWS, Medical Services*

The SWS staff are trained in caring for victims of sexual assault. The office is staffed by a physician, two APRNs, and an RN. All are ready to listen and provide medical care and support. The collection of medical evidence is offered at New Britain’s Hospital of Central Connecticut. SWS staff provide:

- Medical evaluation and treatment
- Referral to medical specialists and counseling
- Coordination with the CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy or YWCA Sexual Assault Crisis Services
- Medical evidence collection facilitation
- Emergency contraception
- Screening for STD/infections
- Medication to prevent any STD/infection

Hospital of Central Connecticut (HCC)

Part of the Gail Burns-Smith Sexual Assault Forensic Examiner (SAFE) program, HCC has specially trained staff (SAFEs) who can collect the necessary evidence to aid criminal conviction. Procedures are carried out with compassionate care to help the survivor feel at ease.

These services are on-call 24/7 to improve the chances of gathering successful evidence, as it is best within 72 hours. SAFEs are specifically trained to safely guide survivors through the entire medical-legal process after a sexual assault incident.

- Closest location for free state-funded rape analysis
- 24/7 sexual assault examinations and counseling
- Forensic evidence collection
- Collaboration with law enforcement and justice personnel

*Confidential

Off-campus
New Britain General Campus
100 Grand St.
New Britain, CT 06050
24-hour SAFE program
860 224 5011
860 225 6244
860 224 5671 (For emergencies)
If you want to speak with someone

**Office of Victim Advocacy**
On-campus services and support

**Women’s Center**
On-campus support and referral

**LGBT Center**
On-campus resources for LGBT and gender non-conforming population

**Residence Life**
On-campus referral for resident students

**SWS, Counseling Services***
On-campus crisis intervention and counseling services

**Sexual Assault Crisis Services***
**Prudence Crandall Center for Domestic Violence***

*Confidential

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**Office of Victim Advocacy**

The Office of Victim Advocacy provides services to assist and support individuals affiliated with CCSU who have been impacted by sexual assault, relationship violence, and/or stalking.

» Professional advocacy services for students, faculty and staff

» Provides information on different options available to address safety and other concerns

» Assists in the navigation of different reporting systems

» Provides referrals to campus or community entities depending on individual needs

» Collaborates with other offices at CCSU to develop meaningful violence prevention initiatives for the benefit of the entire campus community and to assess the impact

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**On-campus**
Carroll Hall, Rm. 248
MON, 9:00AM–12:30PM
TUES, 9:00AM–5:00PM
WED, 1:00–4:30PM
FRI, 9:00AM–5:00PM
860 832 3795
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu
Additional times available upon request
The Women’s Center Coordinator is available to listen, provide support, guidance, and referrals for victims, survivors, family members, friends, and partners of those who have been affected by violence. The coordinator will explain your options ranging from reporting a sexual assault to seeking on-campus housing changes.

» Advocates for women of the campus community
» Provides support services and hosts peer support groups
» Provides referrals to on- and off-campus resources
» Conducts training on the prevention of sexual assault

The LGBT Center offers community building, education, resources, individual support, and advocacy for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, questioning, and gender non-conforming population.

The center provides an LGBT/Queer friendly place for victims of sexual assault, harassment, or interpersonal violence to find support, resources, and referrals.

» Refers to on- and off-campus LGBT-friendly victim support services
» Provides information and resources regarding sexual assault, harassment, or interpersonal violence within LGBT communities and relationships

During the hours referred to below, the Center is generally staffed by a professional. Please check online or call for coordinator’s availability. Their hours may be subject to change each semester.

On-campus
Student Center, Rm. 215
Mon–Fri, 9:00AM–5:00PM
(September - June)
860 832 1655
fax: 860 832 1677
www.ccsu.edu/womenctr

On-campus
Student Center, Rm. 304-305
Mon & Fri, 8:30AM–4:30PM
Wed, 9:00AM–Noon
860 832 2091
www.ccsu.edu/lgbtcenter
Residence Life

Residence Life staff are often the first line of contact for resident students and they are a good connection during times of crisis because they are in the residence halls and are available 24/7.

Please check the on-duty schedule posted in the main office of each building to contact the Residence Life staff member on duty.

» Refers to on- and off-campus resources
» Conducts training on violence prevention

SWS, Counseling Services*

The SWS offers crisis counseling to students. To ensure swift admittance, when calling, be sure to indicate that it is a crisis situation, and he/she will be seen immediately.

The initial intake assessment is made during the first appointment from which a counseling referral to other resources will be given.

» Immediate counseling appointments for crisis situations
» Free, confidential counseling
» Group/individual counseling for students

On-campus
Mid-Campus, Rm. 118
MON–FRI, 8:30AM–5:00PM
860 832 1660
fax: 860 832 1659
www.ccsu.edu/reslife

On-campus
Marcus White Hall, Rm. 205
MON–FRI, 8:00AM–5:00PM
860 832 1945
www.ccsu.edu/counseling

*Confidential
Off-campus Services*

Sexual Assault Crisis Services (SACS)
SACS offers assistance to survivors which help them regain feelings of independence, optimism and hope. Hotlines are staffed with trained, certified counselors who maintain confidentiality. SACS also offers accompaniment through medical, police, and court procedures.

» Short-term individual crisis counseling
» Support groups
» Information, referrals and campus advocacy
» Education programs
» Confidential services

Off-campus Services*

Prudence Crandall Center
Prudence Crandall Center is dedicated to helping individuals achieve lives free of domestic violence by providing care, advocacy, support, and education in a confidential setting.

» Information & service referrals
» Emergency shelter
» Individual and group counseling for adults and children
» Advocacy during court proceedings
» Domestic violence education and in-service training

Off-campus
YWCA (SACS)
22 Glen St.
New Britain, CT
24-hour Hotlines (24/7)
English - 860 223 1787
Español - 888 568 8332

*Confidential

Off-campus
Prudence Crandall
P.O. Box 895
New Britain, CT 06050
860 225 6357 (Hotline)
888 774 2900 (Toll Free)
prudencecrandall.org

*Confidential
Helpful Tips

If you are the victim of sexual or interpersonal violence:

» Go to a safe place
» Preserve evidence
» Call someone you trust such as the Office of Victim Advocacy (860-832-3795), a staff or faculty member, your hall director, resident assistant (RA), or a campus advocate at the local Sexual Assault Crisis Service
» Call CCSU Police at 860-832-2375 or dial 911
» Seek medical care and/or counseling
How Can I Help Stop Sexual Assault/Violence?

Sexual assault and interpersonal violence are complex and very real issues on college campuses today. In order to address this reality, all members of the campus community and relevant outside agencies must work together. Public safety is everyone’s responsibility. Consider the following ways you can work to stop sexual violence and interpersonal violence:

» Speak up. Take a stand in situations that could escalate.
» Talk openly with your friends about these issues.
» Encourage student leaders, coaches, professors, and others to provide information about sexual assault to students.
» Use the resources listed in this brochure to inform yourself and help plan activities and programs for campus clubs and organizations.
» Don’t be afraid to get involved.
» Take care of yourself and your friends.

Student Rights

CCSU has protocols and procedures in place to respond to reports of sexual violence. When a report involves students (as the accuser or the accused), all involved have equal rights throughout the disciplinary process, including the right to:

» select an advisor or support person of their choosing and to bring that person to any meetings or proceedings that they choose.
» present a statement, evidence and witnesses on their behalf.
» review information, in a timely manner, that will be used at the hearing by other parties.
» have a pre-hearing meeting.
» be informed, in writing, of the outcome of the disciplinary proceedings and any sanctions imposed.
» appeal the outcome of the disciplinary proceedings.

These rights were established by University policies and, state and federal legislation that prohibit sex discrimination.

For information on Title IX see www.knowyourix.org.

Info on the rights of accused students contact:
Chris Gutierrez
Veterans Affairs Coordinator and Student Conduct Support Advisor
gutierrezc@ccsu.edu
860 832 2838
Carroll Hall, Rm. 035000

Info on the rights of students who file a report:
Sarah Dodd
Victim Advocacy & Violence Prevention Specialist
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu
860 832 3795
Carroll Hall, Rm. 248
Your Rights

» Be treated with respect and dignity.
» Not be judged based on your race, color, age, class, religion, disability status, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, or the offender's relationship to you.
» You can refuse to answer any questions about the sexual assault, your sexual orientation, and your sexual, medical (including HIV status), and mental health histories.
» Have confidential conversations with a CCSU licensed counselor in Student Wellness Services.
» Decide if you want to make a police report.
» Have an advocate accompany you to medical, law enforcement and legal proceedings.
» Request that someone you are comfortable with stay with you in the examination room.
» Ask questions and get answers regarding any tests, examinations, medications, treatments or police reports.
Presentations
STAND UP CCSU
CSU Students Stand Against Sexual Violence

Who are we?

• Members of a cross-campus committee focused on violence prevention
• Professionals and students with experience in prevention and advocacy work
• Individuals who deeply care about student safety and well being here at CCSU

Statistics

- Approximately 20% of college women will experience completed or attempted sexual assault while attending college.
- Approximately 6% of college men will experience completed or attempted sexual assault while attending college.


The majority of men and women in our community do not perpetrate violence.

The majority of us are non-violent people who do not want violence to happen to our peers.

Kitty Genovese

9 in 10 offenders were known to the victim

The majority of sexual victimization occurred in living quarters

Off-campus victimization is more common

Fewer than 5% of incidents were reported to the police

Discussion:

Why do people choose not to intervene in a given situation?

Why do people choose to intervene in a given situation?

I stand up if I see someone who is in an uncomfortable situation by checking in and seeing if they are ok. - Daniella

It's okay to disagree with professors sometimes. I speak up when I hear transphobic or homophobic comments in the classroom. - Jess

I stand up by raising my son to understand that there is no one definition of a "real" man. - Joel

I stand up by standing by friends who are in harmful or abusive relationships, letting them know I am there and connecting them with the right resources. - Monica

Tips for Intervening

- Approach everyone as a friend
- Do not be antagonistic
- Do not use violence
- Be honest and direct when possible
- Recruit help if necessary
- Keep yourself safe
- If things get out of hand or become too serious, contact the police

Thank You.
Really, we appreciate this time in class.

Sarah Dodd
Office of Victim Advocacy
Dionealo 207; M-F 9:00 am – 5:00 pm
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu
Red Flag Campaign

Presented by:
Sarah Dodd, CCSU Office of Victim Advocacy

Content from this presentation comes from the Red Flag Campaign, a project of the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance (Action Alliance) www.theredflagcampaign.org

Have you seen red flags on campus?

The Red Flag Campaign is designed to address dating violence and promote the prevention of dating violence on college campuses.

Prevalence of Dating Violence

Dating Violence occurs in 1 out of every 5 college relationship.


What are some examples of Red Flags that might indicate an abusive relationship?

- Jealousy: Gets angry when his/her partner spends time with other people
- Gets angry when his/her partner over and over
- Emotional abuse and victim blame: Uses derogatory language to describe partner
- Constantly finds fault with his/her partner
- Makes partner feel bad about himself/herself
- Isolation: Makes all the decisions in the relationship
- Takes over the relationship
- Persuades his/her partner to give up activities he/she enjoys

Red Flags for Dating Violence

When a person....

- Jealousy:
- Emotional abuse and victim blame
- Isolation

Red Flags for Dating Violence

When a person....

- Coercion: Ignores her/his partners wishes or needs
- Manipulates or forces partner to do something against his/her will
- Physical and sexual abuse: Grabs or pushes partner
- Throws or breaks objects
- Forces his/her partner to have sex or do sexual things

- Stalking: Harasses someone to the point of fear
- Repeatedly follows someone
- Sends frequent unwanted messages to someone directly or through friends

Dating violence is a pattern of abusive behavior in a relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over another. It may be physical, emotional, sexual, psychological, or economic.
If you observed a red flag in a friend’s relationship….

Why might a person choose to not say something or do something about the behavior?

Why might a person choose to say something or do something about the behavior?

Scenario 1

You’re sitting in the Student Center with Joe and Emily who have been dating on and off for about a year. Joe excuses himself to get some coffee. You then notice Emily open Joe’s backpack and take out his phone. She tells you that she has to check his texts, emails and social media to make sure he’s not cheating on her. She admits to doing this often because she’s worried about Joe talking with other girls. She then asks that you don’t tell Joe.

What could you do if Joe was your friend?

What could you do if Emily was your friend?

Scenario 2

You’re walking back from class with your friend Kayla whose cell phone is incessantly ringing. You ask her if everything is alright and she states that her ex-boyfriend John has been texting and calling her all day. Her phone continues to go off and she appears to be frustrated. Kayla tells you that John needs to know everything she’s doing all the time and it’s getting annoying especially since she ended the relationship three weeks ago. She also tells you that he comes to campus every day and begs her to talk about things but she refuses.

How do you respond to Kayla’s concerns about Joe’s behavior?

What are some important components of healthy relationships?

- Communication: shares thoughts and ideas
- Trust: is honest and accountable to his/her partner
- Connection: feels there are other people to rely on besides partner
- Balance: has equal decision-making power
- Safety: is peaceful, is emotionally supportive
- Boundaries: respects someone’s personal limits and privacy, recognizes a person’s right to end a relationship

Signs of a healthy relationship

Resources

On-Campus

CSU Office of Victim Advocacy
860-832-1979
Carroll Hall, 248
Women’s Center
Women’s Center Coordinator
860-832-1652
Student Center Room 115
Residence Life
860-832-1666
Mil Campus Hall
Student Wellness Services (Confidential)
Health Services: 860-832-1936
Counseling Services: 860-832-1945

Off-Campus - Confidential

YWCA Sexual Assault Crisis Service
24 Hour Hotline: 860-233-1987
24 Hour Spanish Hotline: 888-568-8332
Prudence Crandall Center for Domestic Violence
24 Hour Hotline: 888-774-9000
Suicide Prevention Lifeline
24 Hour Hotline: 860-273-8355
Hospital of Central Connecticut
100 Grand Street
New Britain, CT 06050
860-273-5011
Reporting

Office of Diversity and Equity
Title IX Compliance Officer
Rosa Rodriguez
860-832-1651
Davidson Hall, Room 102

Office of Student Conduct
Christopher Dukes
860-832-1667
Willard Hall, Room 117

University Police
Emergency (Police, Fire, Medical):911
Routine Police Service Requests Dispatch
860-832-3275

Detailed information on resources and reporting can be found in your packets.

Questions or comments?

- Kathy Bantley, Red Flag Campaign Co-Chair
  bantleyk@ccsu.edu
  860-832-3142

- Nick D'Agostino, Red Flag Campaign Co-Chair
  nicholas.dagostino@ccsu.edu
  860-832-1653

Please e-mail Kathy or Nick if you are interested in getting involved in the campaign. We have many volunteer opportunities!
Title IX Refresher Training

ACADEMIC YEAR 2016–2017

FACILITATOR: SARAH DODD, MSW
VICTIM ADVOCACY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION SPECIALIST
CENTRAL CONNECTICUT STATE UNIVERSITY

Office of Victim Advocacy

• Professional advocacy for students and employees
• Collaborates with other departments on prevention activities
• Coordinates research and evaluation

Office of Victim Advocacy, Professional and Student Staff

Office of Diversity and Equity (ODE)

Davidson Hall 102

ODE Responsibilities

- Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment Policy
- Title IX compliance
- BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy
- ADA compliance
- Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action

CCSU Title IX Training - Refresher

- CCSU Employee Responsibilities
- Climate Study
- Film Clip – Discussion
- Case Study
- Title IX Topics
  - Pregnant and Parenting Students
  - Gender Identity
  - Questions

CCSU Nondiscrimination Policy

Harassment and discrimination are prohibited based on the following:

- Age
- Marital Status
- Ancestry
- National Origin
- Color
- Race
- Criminal Record (state employment)
- Religious Creed
- Disability (intellectual, learning, mental and physical disability)
- Genetic Information
- Sex (pregnancy and sexual harassment or misconduct)
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender Identity or Expression

Workplace/Educational Environment Includes:

Any place a student/employee must be as part of their education/employment:

- buildings
- conferences
- training
- residence halls
- study abroad
- events/athletic
- transportation
- classrooms
- off-campus meetings

Misconduct can also be investigated when it occurs during unpaid breaks (lunch), University sponsored social events and at “company” parties (picnics, retirement and holiday parties, etc.)
CCSU Employee Responsibilities

FEDERAL, STATE, BOARD OF REGENTS AND CAMPUS POLICY REQUIREMENTS

Mandatory Reporting – BOR Sexual Misconduct Policy

- All employees (including student workers, graduate assistants and interns and any other person a CCSU campus member may reasonably see as an agent of the University) are required to report incidents of sexual misconduct regardless of the alleged victim’s age to the University’s Title IX Officer.*
- Board policy requires that a report must be made to the CT Department of Children and Families whenever a person under the age of eighteen (18) years of age may have been sexually assaulted.

*Title IX Officer - Rosa Rodriguez
rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu
860-832-0178.

Mandatory Reporting – BOR Policy
Reporting Suspected Abuse of Neglect of a Child

Any university employee deemed a “mandatory reporter”** who has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required to report the incident to the Department of Children and Families within 12 hours of becoming aware or suspecting abuse, neglect or imminent harm to a child.

DCF Careline Number
1-800-842-2288 & TDD: 1-800-624-5518

*Pursuant to state law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer shall be deemed or referred to as “mandatory reporters.”

Mandatory Reporting

Any university employee deemed a mandatory reporter is required to report such incidents to their immediate supervisor in addition to DCF.

For more information on this policy contact:
Anna Suski-Lenczewski
CCSU’s Chief Human Resources Officer
lenczewskia@ccsu.edu or 860-832-1757

Rights of Alleged Victim & Accused:

- To be treated fairly and with respect
- The right to have a support person during any meeting or proceeding related to the allegation of sexual misconduct.
- As long as this person’s involvement doesn’t delay any meeting related to this conduct and does not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process or other meeting pertaining to a report of sexual misconduct.
- To receive notice at the same time of the outcome
- The right to request a review of any decision regarding the sexual misconduct matter in which they are involved

Complaint Procedures and Options

- Internal Process: 90 day timeframe
- Complaint Procedure – See packet
- External Process:
  - CHRO (180 day timeframe)
  - EEOC (180 day timeframe*)
  - OCR Process: 180 day timeframe

* The 180 calendar day filing deadline is extended to 300 calendar days if a state or local agency enforces a law that prohibits employment discrimination on the same basis. EEOC.gov
Investigation Standards

- Reasonable person
  - Behavior that a reasonable person would consider offensive
  - In the eye of the beholder. Impact - not intent!
- Preponderance of the evidence
  - More likely than not

Affirmative Consent Bill Passed

Campus Climate Survey: Sexual Assault and Interpersonal Violence at CCSU

Preliminary Data

- Approximately 11% of undergraduate women experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.
- Approximately 3% of undergraduate men experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.
- Approximately 6% of graduate student women experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

Prevalence at CCSU

Resources and Referrals

- The majority of incidents occurred off-campus
- 90% of victims/survivors knew the person that harmed them
- Approximately 3% of victims/survivors notified law enforcement
- 40% of victims/survivors told a close friend
**On-campus Resources**
To report an incident:

- **Office of Diversity and Equity** (All complaints)
  - Chief Diversity Officer/Title IX Coordinator
  - Rosa Rodriguez
  - 860-832-1430
  - Davidson Hall, Room 110
- **Office of Student Conduct** (Complaints against students)
  - Christopher Dukes
  - 860-832-1667
  - Carroll Hall, Room 202
- **CCSU Police** (Criminal complaints)
  - Emergency: 911
  - Routine: Police Dispatch
  - 860-832-2375

**Off-campus Confidential Resources**

- **YWCA Sexual Assault Crisis Service**
  - 24 Hour Hotline: 860-223-1787
  - 24 Hour Spanish Hotline: 888-568-8332
- **Prudence Crandall Center for Domestic Violence**
  - 24 Hour Hotline: 888-774-2100
- **Suicide Prevention Lifeline**
  - 24 Hour Hotline: 860-273-8235
- **Hospital of Central Connecticut**
  - 100 Grand Street
  - New Britain, CT 06050
  - 860-224-5011

**Film Clip and Discussion**

**Discussion Questions**

1. What caught your attention during this clip?
2. What concerned you while watching the clip?
3. What questions did the clip raise for you?
Case Study Activity

Directions: In groups of 3 – 5 please read your Case Study card and discuss the questions below. Prepare to report back to the larger group.

1. How would you respond, in the moment, to the student/colleague who has approached you? (i.e. what are concrete things you can say or do)
2. What are things you would not want to say or do in response to the student?
3. What is your responsibility as a CCSU employee?
4. What questions does that raise for you?

Disclosure of SA, DV and/or stalking to non-confidential CCSU employee

Office of Diversity and Equity (all complaints)
Office of Student Conduct (complaints against all students)

Refer.

Report.

Follow-Up (if appropriate)

Pregnant and Parenting Students

Title IX Topics

City University of New York - 2013

- The National Women’s Law Center filed a pregnancy discrimination complaint on behalf of a 27 year old student.
- The complaint alleges that professors told the student that she would not be allowed to make up tests or assignments resulting from any pregnancy related absences, including labor and delivery.
- Also, that administrators recommended that she drop the class since she was due before the end of the semester.

Absences due to pregnancy or a related condition must be excused for as long as their doctor says it is necessary.

Students can not be penalized for pregnancy or related conditions.

Students must be allowed to make up work missed while they were absent due to pregnancy or related conditions.

Schools can not terminate or reduce athletic, merit or needs based scholarships based on pregnancy.

Students at CCSU can work through Disability Services when requesting accommodations due to pregnancy or a related condition.

Gender Identity or Expression

The Genderbread Person
Schools must treat students consistent with the student’s gender identity.

Students must be allowed to participate in sex-segregated activities and access sex-segregated facilities consistent with their gender identity.

Schools must take reasonable steps to protect students’ privacy related to their transgender status.

May 13, 2016 Dear Colleague Letter

Thank You.

Sarah Dodd
Victim Advocacy and Violence Prevention Specialist
sarahdodd@ccsu.edu
860-832-3795
Carroll Hall Room 248

Would you like a presentation in your classroom? Please contact me directly to coordinate!
Title IX Training
ACADEMIC YEAR 2016 – 2017
FACILITATOR: SARAH DODD
VICTIM ADVOCACY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION SPECIALIST

Professional advocacy services for students and employees
Collaborates with other departments on prevention and awareness initiatives
Leads evaluation efforts

What is your favorite color?
A. Blue
B. Red
C. Green
D. Yellow
E. Purple
F. Pink

Office of Diversity and Equity (ODE)

- Nondiscrimination in Education and Employment Policy
- Title IX compliance
- BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy
- ADA compliance
- Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action

Title IX is a...
- Federal law that prohibits discrimination based on the sex (gender) of employees and students of educational institutions that receive federal financial assistance
- Prohibition of sex discrimination includes prohibition of sexual harassment and sexual violence

Title IX Training Agenda

- CCSU Nondiscrimination Policy
- CCSU Sexual Misconduct Policy
- Definitions
- Mandated Reporting
- Complaint Procedure
- On and Off Campus Resources
- Understanding Sexual Assault, Intimate Partner Violence and Stalking
- Quiz
The Context

Higher Education and Sexual Misconduct

I feel very comfortable discussing topics related to sexual misconduct

A. Strongly Agree
B. Agree
C. Somewhat Agree
D. Neutral
E. Somewhat Disagree
F. Disagree
G. Strongly Disagree

CCSU Policies and Protocol

CCSU Nondiscrimination Policy

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CCSU Policies and Protocol 2016 - 2017

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**Discrimination**

**Differential/Disparate Treatment**

- Treat someone differently
- Based on individual’s protected class status (e.g., sex, gender)
- Interferes with or limits the ability of a person to participate in, or benefit from, the services, activities or privileges provided by the University
- Otherwise adversely affect the person’s employment or educational experience and/or creating a hostile learning or working environment

**Workplace/Educational Environment Includes:**

Any place a student/employee must be as part of their education/employment:

- buildings
- conferences
- training
- residence halls
- study abroad
- events/athletic
- transportation
- classrooms
- off-campus meetings

Misconduct can also be investigated when it occurs during unpaid breaks (lunch), University sponsored social events and at “company” parties (picnics, retirement and holiday parties, etc.)

**Reporting Discrimination & Harassment**

- Encourage reporting as soon as possible
- Administrators and supervisors **must** report incidents of discrimination/ harassment
- Students and non-supervisory employees are strongly encouraged to report incidents of discrimination and/or harassment (different standard for Title IX)
- All employees must report incidents of sexual misconduct, stalking or intimate partner violence and/or gender discrimination to the Title IX Officer

**Mandatory Reporting – BOR Sexual Misconduct Policy**

- All employees (including student workers, graduate assistants and interns and any other person a CCSU campus member may reasonably see as an agent of the University) are required to report incidents of sexual misconduct regardless of the alleged victim’s age to the University’s Title IX Officer.*
- Board policy requires that a report must be made to the CT Department of Children and Families whenever a person under the age of eighteen (18) years of age may have been sexually assaulted.

*Title IX Officer - Rosa Rodriguez
rosa.rodriguez@ccsu.edu
860-832-0178.

**Mandatory Reporting – BOR Policy Reporting Suspected Abuse of Neglect of a Child**

Any university employee deemed a “mandatory reporter”** who has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required to report the incident to the Department of Children and Families within 12 hours of becoming aware or suspecting abuse, neglect or imminent harm to a child.

**Pursuant to state law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer shall be deemed or referred to as “mandatory reporters.”**

**Mandatory Reporting**

Any university employee deemed a mandatory reporter is required to report such incidents to their immediate supervisor in addition to DCP.

For more information on this policy contact:

Anna Suski-Lenczewski
CCSU’s Chief Human Resources Officer
lenczewskia@ccsu.edu or 860-832-1757
Rights of Those Who Report

- To be treated seriously and with dignity
- Provided support services materials that include: on- and off-campus resources; information regarding reporting options (including campus police); information regarding their rights
- Provided with options for changing academic, housing, transportation and working arrangements
- Prompt handling of their concerns

Rights of Complainant & Accused:

- To be treated fairly and with respect
- To have a support person during any meeting or proceeding related to the allegation of sexual misconduct.
  - As long as this person’s involvement doesn’t delay any meeting related to this conduct and does not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process or other meeting pertaining to a report of sexual misconduct.
- To receive notice at the same time of the outcome
- To request a review of any decision regarding the sexual misconduct matter in which they are involved

Complaint Procedures and Options

- Internal Process: 90 day time frame
  - Complaint Procedure – See packet
- External Process:
  - CHRO (180 day timeframe)
  - EEOC (180 day timeframe*)
- OCR Process: 180 day time frame

* The 180 calendar day filing deadline is extended to 300 calendar days if a state or local agency enforces a law that prohibits employment discrimination on the same basis. EEOC.gov

Investigation Standards

- Reasonable Person
  - Behavior that a reasonable person would consider offensive
  - In the eye of the beholder. Impact - not intent!
- Preponderance of the evidence standard
  - More likely than not

Retaliation

No retaliation, reprisal or intimidation in conjunction with a complaint of discrimination/harassment shall be tolerated by the University.

University Perspective

Harassment & Discrimination

- It’s illegal—Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, state law and Title IX of the Education Enhancement Act.
- It won’t be tolerated.
- It creates personal financial liability, loss of reputation, possible loss of employment and possibly criminal charges.
On-campus Resources

To report an incident:

Office of Diversity and Equity (All complaints)
Chief Diversity Officer/Title IX Coordinator
Rose & Rodriguez
860-832-1635
Danforth Hall, Room 102

Office of Student Conduct (Complaints against students)
Christopher Dukes
860-832-1667
Carroll Hall, Room 202

CCSU Police (Criminal complaints)
Emergency: 911
Routine Police Dispatch
860-832-2375

On Campus Resources

Someone to talk to:

CCSU Victim Services
Sarah Zodda
860-832-3793
Carroll Hall, Room 248

CCSU Women's Center
Jacqueline Cobbina-Boivin
860-832-1655
Student Center, Room 215

Residence Life
860-832-1660
Mid Campus, Room 118

Student Wellness Services
(Confidential)
Health Services: 860-832-1752
Counseling Services: 860-832-1945

Office of Student Affairs
860-832-1601
Davidson Hall, Room 103

Any university administrator

Off-campus Confidential Resources

- YWCA Sexual Assault Crisis Service
  24 Hour Hotline: 860-223-7170
  24 Hour Spanish Hotline: 888-548-0332

- Prudence Crandall Center for Domestic Violence
  24 Hour Hotline: 888-774-2900

- Suicide Prevention Lifeline
  24 Hour Hotline: 860-273-8255

- Hospital of Central Connecticut
  100 Grand Street
  New Britain, CT 06050
  860-234-3011

Sexual Misconduct

SEXUAL HARASSMENT AND SEXUAL EXPLOITATION

Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, sexually motivated physical conduct, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature.
Quid Pro Quo: “This For That”
- Subjected to **unwelcome** requests for sexual favors or conduct
- Submission to the conduct is a condition of employment, education, benefit, etc.
- The harasser generally has some type of supervisory or power relationship over the person being harassed

Hostile Environment
- **Unwelcome** verbal or physical conduct directed at another
- Because of that individual’s **protected class** (e.g., gender/sex)
- That **unreasonably** interferes with the person’s work or academic performance
- Sufficiently **severe, pervasive or persistent**
- Purpose or of creating a hostile work or educational environment
  - A one time incident can be seen as severe

Forms of Harassment
- Language/posters with of a prejudicial nature
- Offensive graphic jokes
- Taunting
- Name calling
- Use of offensive words
- Threatening
- Unlawful or inappropriate Internet use
- “Accidental” collisions or brushing up against
- Physical Assault

Sexual Misconduct: Sexual Exploitation

**Sexual exploitation** occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for anyone’s advantage or benefit other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the preceding sexual misconduct offenses.

Sexual Misconduct: Sexual Assault

**Sexual assault** may include a sexual act directed against another person when that person is not capable of giving consent, which shall mean the voluntary agreement by a person in the possession and exercise of sufficient mental capacity to make a deliberate choice to do something proposed by another.
The Mythology

- "Classic" rape myths:
  - Offenders attack strangers, wear ski masks, hide in ambush, inflict injuries
- The adoption of new language: "date rape"

- New myths:
  - Viewed as less harmful and less serious offenses
  - Seen as a miscommunication between two people


What percentage of College Women experience attempted or completed sexual assault while in college?

A. 8%
B. 20%
C. 25%
D. 60%

Statistics

Approximately 20% of college women will experience attempted or completed sexual assault while attending college.

Approximately 6% of college men will experience attempted or completed sexual assault while attending college.


Prevalence at CCSU

Approximately 11% of undergraduate women experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

Approximately 25% of graduate student women experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

Approximately 6% of graduate student women experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

The majority of incidents occurred off-campus

90% of victims/survivors knew the person that harmed them

Approximately 3% of victims/survivors notified law enforcement

40% of victims/survivors told a close friend

Consent (and tea)
Film Clip and Discussion

Discussion Questions

1. What caught your attention during this clip?
2. What concerned you while watching the clip?
3. What questions did the clip raise for you?

Intimate Partner Violence

A pattern of abusive behavior in any relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over another intimate partner. It may be physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions that influence another person.
What are some reasons that people choose to stay in abusive relationships?

Stalking

One person’s repetitive and willful following or lying in wait behavior towards another person that causes that other person to reasonably fear for his or her physical safety.

Persons age 18 – 24 experienced the highest rate of stalking victimization.

3 in 4 of all victims knew their offender in some capacity.

1 in 4 stalking victims reported some form of cyberstalking was used.

The most common fear cited was not knowing what would happen next.

Most Stalkers Target Celebrities.

A. True
B. False

All Stalkers have mental health issues.

A. True
B. False

If a person ignores stalking behavior it will go away.

A. True  
B. False

Behavior of Stalkers

- Follow you and show up wherever you are.
- Send unwanted gifts, letters, cards, or e-mails.
- Damage your home, car, or other property.
- Monitor your phone calls or computer use.
- Use technology, like hidden cameras or global positioning systems (GPS), to track where you go.
- Drive by or hang out at your home, school, or work.
- Find out about you by using public records or online search services, hiring investigators, going through your garbage, or contacting friends, family, neighbors, or co-workers.

Why do students disclose to faculty/staff?

- They believe that they will be believed.
- They feel close to the staff member and want comfort.
- They are having difficulty with classes or with other aspects of their life and really need assistance.
- They feel like they need to explain a behavior.
- To warn a staff member about another student.
- They are suddenly triggered.

Individual Response

Case Study Activity

Directions: In groups of 3-5 please read your Case Study card and discuss the questions below. Prepare to report back to the larger group.

1. How would you respond, in the moment, to the student/colleague who has approached you? (i.e., what are concrete things you can say or do)
2. What are things you would not want to say or do in response to the student?
3. What is your responsibility as a CCSU employee?
4. What questions does that raise for you?

Disclosure of SA, DV and/or stalking to non-confidential CCSU employee

Office of Diversity and Equity (all complaints) → Refer.
Office of Student Conduct (complaints against all students) → Report.

Follow-Up (if appropriate)
You have support.

You are not alone in supporting a student or colleague who has experienced unwanted behaviors.

Sexual Misconduct Can Be Prevented

The majority of men and women in our community do not perpetrate violence. The majority of us are non-violent people who do not want violence to happen to our peers.

What is prevention?

- **Primary Prevention:** Focus is on stopping violence before it occurs.
  - Social norm change
  - Bystander intervention

- **Risk Reduction:** Focus is on the potential victim. It typically focuses on “in the moment” strategies:
  - Self Defense
  - Blue Lights

Norms that Shape Environment

- **Women:** Objectification
- **Power:** Value placed on claiming and maintaining
- **Violence:** Tolerance of aggression and victim blame
- **Masculinity:** “the man box”
- **Privacy:** Notions of individual and family privacy

Kitty Genovese

- **The scream no one answered**
- **Apathy as Stalking of Queens Woman**

(National Sexual Violence Resource Center, Sexual Violence and the Spectrum of Prevention, 2008)
Discussion:

Why do people choose not to intervene in a given situation?

Why do people choose to intervene in a given situation?

Have you ever intervened in a situation that could have led to harm for another person?

Bystander Intervention Scenario

It is Thursday night and you stayed late at work finishing a project. As you walk to your car you pass one of the residence halls. You see a group of students walking together in front of you. One of the students spots a woman walking alone. He makes some loud comments about her body and starts to hassle her.

Questions:

1. What did you see or hear that concerns you?
2. How does the situation affect you?
3. How does the situation affect others?
4. What can you do?
5. What can you encourage others to do?

Title IX Quiz

Title IX prohibits discrimination against Only women on college campuses?

A. True
B. False

Who is the Title IX Coordinator?

A. Rosa Rodriguez
B. President Miller
C. Chief of CCSU Police
D. Sarah Dodd
E. I don’t know

Title IX is a...

- Federal law that prohibits discrimination based on the sex (gender) of employees and students of educational institutions that receive federal financial assistance
- Prohibition of sex discrimination includes prohibition of sexual harassment and sexual violence
Title IX Coordinator – Rosa Rodriguez

Possible accommodations for a Person who reports that they experienced Sexual Misconduct are (click all that apply):

A. Change in parking
B. Change in on-campus housing
C. Academic assistance
D. No-contact order in place

Examples of sexual assault prevention activities are:

A. Self defense classes
B. Bystander intervention programming
C. Passing out whistles to students
D. Campus Climate Surveys

At CCSU you are A/AN: (Mark All that apply)

A. Responsible Employee
B. Confidential Resource
C. Mandatory Reporter
D. Active bystander

Thank You.
Stand Up CCSU 2016 – Final Report
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## Contents

Summary of Initiatives

Financial Summary

Evaluation

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*This project was made possible with generous support from the Avon Foundation for Women.*
Summary of Initiatives

DEVELOPED A PEER EDUCATION PROGRAM

In the fall of 2015 recruitment efforts began for the Stand Up CCSU Community Organizers. After an application and interview process, eleven students were ultimately selected to be a part of the program. These students were provided a full day of training and then facilitated classroom presentations, developed a poster campaign and planned four outreach events. They are the heart of the Stand Up CCSU campaign.

46 BYSTANDER INTERVENTION CLASSROOM PRESENTATIONS

At the beginning of the spring 2016 semester a sub-committee of community organizers developed a twenty minute presentation for classrooms with the assistance of their advisor. They then reached out to faculty across campus. The community organizers co-facilitated presentations in 46 classrooms, directly reaching approximately 1200 students. Their presentation focused on sexual assault myths, bystander intervention and resources on campus. They reached students from a variety of disciplines including math, english, business, manufacturing, criminal justice, sociology, psychology and geology.

2 FILM SCREENINGS

The community organizers screened two new documentaries. They hosted a screening of The Hunting Ground, a film that documents how some campuses mishandle Title IX complaints, followed by an open forum with the CCSU Title IX Officer. They also screened The Mask You Live In, a film that deconstructs social norms around masculinity, followed by a discussion with CCSU professor, and expert in hypermasculinity, Dr. Jason Sikorski. Together, the screenings reached approximately 125 students.
THE POSTER CAMPAIGN

The community organizers began developing the poster campaign during their initial training. After much reflection they developed a campaign that featured each of the community organizers in a poster with their own unique bystander intervention message. They were eager to focus on both how and why students intervene to make campus better and safer. As a group they designed the concept, took the photographs and created an implementation plan.

- One week before the posters went up, the community organizers distributed Post-Its with bystander messages all over campus.
- If a CCSU student posted a picture of a found Post-It to twitter they received a free t-shirt.
- The community organizers then put up 11 X 17 posters.
- The week after the initial posters, they put up even larger posters.

** See Addendum A for all posters.

COLLABORATION WITH DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS

From the very beginning of this project the Department of Communications was a main partner. Two faculty members assigned their production classes a major project of developing a PSA on Stand Up CCSU. The students were provided training and support throughout the semester from the Office of Victim Advocacy. At the end of the semester a screening of the PSA’s was organized.

Due to the integration of the campaign in to classes, much excitement was generated amongst students in that department. This led to Stand Up CCSU being highlighted in other academic projects including the student newspaper, a student run TV show, posters and video projects for other classes.
STAND UP DAY

The community organizers developed Stand Up Day and played a major role in its success. The four hour long event was held outside of the Student Center on campus (see top right picture) on one of the first beautiful days of spring. The community organizers had music playing to draw attention to the event. Students could stop by to learn about resources, take part in a bystander intervention themed activity (see middle right picture), sign the Stand Up pledge, or have their picture taken with their own Stand Up message (see bottom photos) to be added to social media. Students who participated received a free t-shirt, phone back case or bracelet. Approximately 400 students participated. The event ended with a live performance of “Till It Happens to You” performed by one of CCSU’s student acapella groups.

SOCIAL MEDIA

Photos, events, poster campaign promotion and links were shared on an ongoing basis on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram.
Financial Summary

The Avon Foundation for Women Awarded The Office of Victim Advocacy $10,000 to support the Stand Up CCSU Campaign and evaluation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stand Up CCSU 2016 Budget</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avon Foundation Grant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event/Training Catering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Films (with educational rights)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey Monkey Subscription</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-It Notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incentives for Evaluation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flash Drive Prizes</td>
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<tr>
<td>T-Shirts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indirect Costs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue – Expenses =</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Community Organizers showing the positive community that they built.
Evaluation

Methodology

Upon completion of the Stand Up CCSU campaign, approximately 1,000 students were e-mailed a link to an on-line survey. The link was additionally posted on the campaign’s Facebook and Twitter. Students who completed the survey were put in to a drawing to win one of four mini I-Pads.

Descriptive Statistics

Number of participants: 189 CCSU Students

Gender Identify: 65% identified as female, 35% identified as male

Mean age: 21

Student status: 23% first year undergrad, 13% second year undergrad, 28% third year undergrad, 33% fourth year undergrad, 2% graduate, 1% other

HOW DID CCSU STUDENTS INTERFACE WITH THE CAMPAIGN?

Survey Sample Participation in Stand Up CCSU – Most to Least Participation

- Read a Stand Up CCSU Poster (81%)
- Saw a classroom presentation (65%)
- Saw a post on Twitter, Facebook or Instagram (48%)
- Attended an event (40%)

Students were talking about Stand Up CCSU! 41% of the CCSU students in our sample had a conversation with a classmate or friend regarding Stand Up CCSU.
DID THE STAND UP CCSU CAMPAIGN IMPACT Bystander CONFIDENCE?

Findings

Survey participants also answered questions regarding how confident they were in intervening on behalf of another person.

Discussion

- Participants who took part in all Stand Up CCSU activities (classroom presentation, viewed a poster, attended an event and viewed social media posts) were significantly more confident in their ability to intervene than participants who did not interface with the campaign in any way. They were also more confident than their peers who only saw a presentation and a poster.
- The different facets of the campaign mattered. It is likely that the more connections a student had with Stand Up CCSU, the more confident they became in their ability to intervene and in their perception that other CCSU students will intervene on behalf of each other.
- Due to funding from the Avon Foundation we were able to explore different ways to reach students and ultimately learned that connecting with students on many different levels was critically important to the success of the campaign.
Thank you for giving us the opportunity to make a difference on our campus!

Top Row from Left: Sarah, Nicole, Daniella, Aijah, Joel, Jonathan

Bottom Row from Left: Donessia, Monica, Nadiyah, Ben, Jessica
Addendum A – CCSU Student Developed Poster Campaign
"I always wondered why somebody didn't do something about that. Then I realized I am somebody."

— Aijah
"I wouldn't want it to happen to my family member or my friend. So, I won't let it happen to you. I stand up against sexual assault."

-Ben
"I stand up by always seeking to better understand sexual assault prevention through my academics and research."

— Andrea
"I stand up if I see someone who is in an uncomfortable situation by checking in and seeing if they are 'OK'."  
— Daniela
"It's okay to disagree with professors sometimes. I always speak up when I hear homophobic or transphobic comments in the classroom." — Jess
"I stand up by sticking by my friends. We go out together, we come home together."

— Donessia
"I stand up by raising my son to understand that there is no one definition of a 'real' man."
—Joel
"I stand up by speaking up for those without a voice. My voice is your voice and my strength is your strength."
—Jonathan
“I stand with my friends who are in harmful or abusive relationships by letting them know I am there and connecting them with the right resources.”

— Monica
"I stand up by providing support and validation when I see someone intervene peacefully in a hostile or aggressive situation."

— Nadiyah
"I stand up by living as my authentic self and supporting the people around me and all of their unique identities."
—Nicole
"I always wondered why somebody didn't do something about that. Then I realized I am somebody."

— Aijah
"I stand up by always seeking to better understand sexual assault prevention through my academics and research."

— Andrea
"I wouldn't want it to happen to my family member or my friend. So, I won't let it happen to you. I stand up against sexual assault."

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"I stand with my friends who are in harmful or abusive relationships by letting them know I am there and connecting them with the right resources."

— Monica
"I stand up by providing support and validation when I see someone intervene peacefully in a hostile or aggressive situation."

— Nadiyah
"I stand up by living as my authentic self and supporting the people around me and all of their unique identities."

— Nicole
Campus Climate Survey
Campus Climate Survey

SEXUAL VIOLENCE AT CENTRAL CONNECTICUT STATE UNIVERSITY

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR, SARAH DODD (CCSU OFFICE OF VICTIM ADVOCACY)

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS COMPLETED BY DR. SALLY LESIK
Introduction

Sexual violence is a persistent problem on college campuses across the country. CCSU is not an exception. This crime impacts the personal and educational well-being of students and causes additional barriers to student success and health. In April of 2014 the White House Task Force to Protect Students from Sexual Assault issued a report that provided evidence-based guidance and best-practices for campuses to address this problem in their own communities. Within this report was detailed information, including available instruments, regarding how to conduct a campus climate survey focused on sexual violence.

The CCSU Office of Diversity and Equity and the Office of Victim Advocacy reviewed this document and agreed that it would benefit the CCSU community to have a better understanding of the prevalence of sexual violence in our community and, also, student perceptions of the climate around them. Our intent is to implement this survey every two years so as to assess the impact of the sexual violence prevention activities that are conducted throughout CCSU. The statistical analysis of the data that we collected was completed by Dr. Sally Lesik.

Methodology

This survey was conducted using a paper survey in both graduate and undergraduate classrooms. Fifty classrooms were randomly selected throughout the fall of 2015 and seven in the spring of 2016 to offer the survey to students. The response rate was 94% and the sample was representative of the CCSU community.

Key Findings

- **General Prevalence**: 7% of students in the sample experienced attempted or completed sexual assault while students at CCSU.
- **Gender**: Women were more likely to experience attempted or completed sexual assault than male students. 11% of undergraduate women identified experiencing attempted or completed sexual assault while at CCSU. This is, indeed, lower then national statistics on sexual violence, yet a significant number of students.
- **Class Standing**: More undergraduate women then graduate women indicated that they had experienced attempted or completed sexual assault. However, 6% of graduate student women in the sample did experience this crime as graduate students.
- **Safety**: A majority of students on our campus (83%) strongly agree or agree that they feel safe on this campus. 13% had no opinion.
- **Support System**: Over half (57%) of students agreed or strongly agreed that there is a good support system on campus for students going through difficult times. However, 39% had no opinion.

Next Steps

The Office of Victim Advocacy is currently in the process of sharing this data with various stakeholders, including student groups, campus committees and outside agencies to gather feedback on what the data means and where CCSU should focus efforts to improve prevention and response efforts.
Part I: Demographics

n= 1,011  
Response Rate: 94%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender Identity</th>
<th>53.51% (541)</th>
<th>45.99% (465)</th>
<th>.50% (5)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (Transgender Female, Transgender Male, Genderqueer, Gender-nonconforming, Non-Binary)</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>53.81% (544)</th>
<th>46.19% (567)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethnicity</th>
<th>13.71 % (136)</th>
<th>86.29% (856)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>.81% (8)</th>
<th>4.76% (47)</th>
<th>11.25% (111)</th>
<th>.41% (4)</th>
<th>75.18% (742)</th>
<th>2.53% (25)</th>
<th>5.07% (50)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaskan Native</td>
<td></td>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>Two or more races</td>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Race Other = Hispanic, Salvadorian American, Middle Eastern, Arab, Latino, Puerto Rican, South American Guyanese, Mexican, Salvadorian American, Spanish, Columbian, Jamaican, Egyptian, German Italian, Dominican, West Indian.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sexual Orientation</th>
<th>3.02% (30)</th>
<th>2.02% (20)</th>
<th>91.63% (909)</th>
<th>1.51% (15)</th>
<th>.91% (9)</th>
<th>.91% (9)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bisexual</td>
<td></td>
<td>Gay</td>
<td>Heterosexual</td>
<td>Lesbian</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Questioning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual Orientation Other = Pansexual, Sapiosexual, Asexual</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Student Status | |
|----------------||

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Status</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Year Undergraduate</td>
<td>18.30%</td>
<td>(185)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Year Undergraduate</td>
<td>14.14%</td>
<td>(143)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year Undergraduate</td>
<td>21.76%</td>
<td>(220)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth Year Undergraduate</td>
<td>22.06%</td>
<td>(223)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fifth Year Undergraduate</td>
<td>2.18%</td>
<td>(22)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Undergraduate</td>
<td>.59%</td>
<td>(6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate</td>
<td>20.87%</td>
<td>(211)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Certificate</td>
<td>.10%</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Student Status:** Nontraditional student, second undergraduate degree, Transfer, Sixth Year Student, Part-Time Above Senior

**Other Certificate:** LPC/CRC Cert

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mean</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>20</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Housing</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Off-Campus</td>
<td>76.26% (771)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>23.74% (240)</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>International Status</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>International student</td>
<td>1.88%</td>
<td>(19)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not international student</td>
<td>98.12%</td>
<td>(991)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>How Many Years at CCSU</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>&gt;1</td>
<td>18.05%</td>
<td>(150)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>24.79%</td>
<td>(206)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>.36%</td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>20.58%</td>
<td>(171)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>.60%</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>18.05%</td>
<td>(150)</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>9.39%</td>
<td>(78)</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4.09%</td>
<td>(34)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2.41%</td>
<td>(20)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1.20%</td>
<td>(10)</td>
</tr>
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</table>

*Other includes: 7,8,9, and N/A*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Campus Involvement</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Involved in at least one activity</td>
<td>30.37%</td>
<td>(307)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fraternity or Sorority</td>
<td>2.18%</td>
<td>(22)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NCAA Athletics</td>
<td>5.04%</td>
<td>(51)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intramural Sports</td>
<td>8.30%</td>
<td>(84)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Part II: General Climate, Safety and CCSU Response

#### Q12: Please indicate your level of agreement to the following statements:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Neither Agree or Disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) I feel valued in the classroom/learning environment.</td>
<td>35.26% (354)</td>
<td>51.20% (514)</td>
<td>11.95% (120)</td>
<td>1.29% (13)</td>
<td>.30% (3)</td>
<td>100% (1004)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Faculty, staff, and administrators respect what students on this campus think.</td>
<td>29.69% (299)</td>
<td>51.34% (517)</td>
<td>15.19% (153)</td>
<td>2.98% (30)</td>
<td>.79% (8)</td>
<td>100% (1007)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) I think faculty are genuinely concerned about my welfare.</td>
<td>24.55% (246)</td>
<td>48.30% (484)</td>
<td>21.76% (218)</td>
<td>4.29% (43)</td>
<td>1.10% (11)</td>
<td>100% (1002)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) I think administrators are genuinely concerned about my welfare.</td>
<td>19.96% (199)</td>
<td>40.32% (402)</td>
<td>32% (319)</td>
<td>5.52% (55)</td>
<td>2.21% (22)</td>
<td>100% (997)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) I feel close to people on this campus.</td>
<td>14.06% (141)</td>
<td>36.19% (363)</td>
<td>34.10% (342)</td>
<td>13.16% (132)</td>
<td>2.49% (25)</td>
<td>100% (1003)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) I feel like I am a part of this university.</td>
<td>17.82% (178)</td>
<td>43.04% (430)</td>
<td>28.03% (280)</td>
<td>8.91% (89)</td>
<td>2.20% (22)</td>
<td>100% (999)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g) I am happy to be at this university</td>
<td>23.68% (234)</td>
<td>50.81% (502)</td>
<td>18.93% (187)</td>
<td>4.35% (43)</td>
<td>2.23% (22)</td>
<td>100% (988)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h) The faculty, staff, and administrators at this school treat students fairly.</td>
<td>20.18% (202)</td>
<td>55.64% (557)</td>
<td>18.78% (188)</td>
<td>4.60% (46)</td>
<td>.80% (8)</td>
<td>100% (1001)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i) I feel safe on this campus.</td>
<td>28.29% (284)</td>
<td>55.18% (554)</td>
<td>13.45% (135)</td>
<td>2.19% (22)</td>
<td>.9% (9)</td>
<td>100% (1004)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Q13: Please indicate your level of agreement to the following statements:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Neither Agree or Disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) CCSU officials (administrators, campus police) should do more to protect students from harm.</td>
<td>8.37% (84)</td>
<td>24.63% (247)</td>
<td>56.03% (562)</td>
<td>9.27% (93)</td>
<td>1.69% (17)</td>
<td>100% (1003)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) If a crisis happened on campus, CCSU would handle it well.</td>
<td>8.86% (89)</td>
<td>48.11% (483)</td>
<td>34.96% (351)</td>
<td>6.67% (67)</td>
<td>1.39% (14)</td>
<td>100% (1004)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) CCSU responds too slowly in difficult situations.</td>
<td>2.90% (29)</td>
<td>10.19% (102)</td>
<td>60.44% (605)</td>
<td>23.18% (232)</td>
<td>3.30% (33)</td>
<td>100% (1001)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
d) CCSU officials handle incidents in a fair and responsible manner.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>4.52%</th>
<th>43.07%</th>
<th>46.89%</th>
<th>4.42%</th>
<th>1.10%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(45)</td>
<td>(429)</td>
<td>(467)</td>
<td>(44)</td>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>(996)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

e) CCSU does enough to protect the safety of students.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>5.79%</th>
<th>41.66%</th>
<th>41.16%</th>
<th>10.09%</th>
<th>1.30%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(58)</td>
<td>(417)</td>
<td>(412)</td>
<td>(101)</td>
<td>(13)</td>
<td>(1,001)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

f) There is a good support system on campus for students going through difficult times.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>14.44%</th>
<th>42.79%</th>
<th>38.71%</th>
<th>3.38%</th>
<th>.70%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(145)</td>
<td>(430)</td>
<td>(389)</td>
<td>(34)</td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>(1,005)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14. If someone were to report a sexual assault to a campus authority, how likely is it that:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Very Likely</th>
<th>Moderately Likely</th>
<th>Slightly Likely</th>
<th>Not at all Likely</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) CCSU would take the report seriously.</td>
<td>57.30%</td>
<td>35.60%</td>
<td>6.69%</td>
<td>.41%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(557)</td>
<td>(346)</td>
<td>(65)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(972)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) CCSU would keep knowledge of the report limited to those who need to</td>
<td>51.47%</td>
<td>40.41%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>1.22%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>know in order for the university to respond properly.</td>
<td>(507)</td>
<td>(398)</td>
<td>(68)</td>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>(985)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) CCSU would forward the report outside the campus to criminal</td>
<td>38.82%</td>
<td>43.80%</td>
<td>14.43%</td>
<td>2.95%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>investigators.</td>
<td>(382)</td>
<td>(431)</td>
<td>(142)</td>
<td>(29)</td>
<td>(984)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) CCSU would take steps to protect the safety of the person making the</td>
<td>49.03%</td>
<td>39.78%</td>
<td>9.46%</td>
<td>1.73%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>report.</td>
<td>(482)</td>
<td>(391)</td>
<td>(93)</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>(983)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) CCSU would support the person making the report.</td>
<td>46.65%</td>
<td>42.38%</td>
<td>9.35%</td>
<td>1.63%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(459)</td>
<td>(417)</td>
<td>(92)</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>(984)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) CCSU would take corrective action to address factors that may have</td>
<td>41.99%</td>
<td>43.91%</td>
<td>12.47%</td>
<td>1.62%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>led to the sexual assault.</td>
<td>(414)</td>
<td>(433)</td>
<td>(123)</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>(986)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g) CCSU would take corrective action against the offender.</td>
<td>47.21%</td>
<td>41.02%</td>
<td>9.95%</td>
<td>1.83%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(465)</td>
<td>(404)</td>
<td>(98)</td>
<td>(18)</td>
<td>(985)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h) CCSU would take steps to protect the person making the report from</td>
<td>40.45%</td>
<td>42.07%</td>
<td>14.63%</td>
<td>2.85%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>retaliation.</td>
<td>(398)</td>
<td>(414)</td>
<td>(144)</td>
<td>(28)</td>
<td>(984)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i) Students would label the person making the report a troublemaker.</td>
<td>9.61%</td>
<td>20.45%</td>
<td>34.25%</td>
<td>35.69%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(94)</td>
<td>(200)</td>
<td>(335)</td>
<td>(349)</td>
<td>(978)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>j) Students would support the person making the report.</td>
<td>29.50%</td>
<td>48.10%</td>
<td>19.32%</td>
<td>3.08%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(287)</td>
<td>(468)</td>
<td>(188)</td>
<td>(30)</td>
<td>(973)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k) The alleged offender(s) or their associates would retaliate against</td>
<td>10.94%</td>
<td>30.78%</td>
<td>44.58%</td>
<td>13.70%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>the person making the report.</td>
<td>(107)</td>
<td>(301)</td>
<td>(436)</td>
<td>(134)</td>
<td>(978)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1) The educational achievement/career of the person making the report would suffer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>9.57% (94)</th>
<th>22.91% (225)</th>
<th>32.59% (320)</th>
<th>34.93% (343)</th>
<th>100% (982)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Climate: Training

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>15. Have you received training in policies and procedures regarding incidents of sexual assault (e.g., what is defined as sexual assault, how to report an incident, confidential resources, procedures for investigating)?</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>43.44% (437)</td>
<td>56.56% (569)</td>
<td>100% (1006)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Have you received training in the prevention of sexual assault?</td>
<td>37.87% (381)</td>
<td>62.13% (625)</td>
<td>100% (1006)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Very</th>
<th>Moderately</th>
<th>Somewhat</th>
<th>Slightly</th>
<th>Not Useful</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17. If YES, how useful did you think the training was?</td>
<td>23.06% (104)</td>
<td>39.47% (178)</td>
<td>24.61% (111)</td>
<td>5.32% (24)</td>
<td>7.32% (33)</td>
<td>100% (450)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

18. Please indicate your level of agreement to the following statements:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Neither Agree or Disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) If a friend or loved one was sexually assaulted, I know where to go to get help.</td>
<td>30.02% (302)</td>
<td>42.74% (430)</td>
<td>11.33% (114)</td>
<td>11.33% (114)</td>
<td>.80% (8)</td>
<td>3.78% (38)</td>
<td>100% (1,006)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) I understand CCSU’s formal procedures to address complaints of sexual assault.</td>
<td>15.51% (156)</td>
<td>28.53% (287)</td>
<td>24.25% (244)</td>
<td>19.98% (201)</td>
<td>3.58% (36)</td>
<td>8.15% (82)</td>
<td>100% (1,006)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) I have confidence that CCSU administers the formal procedures to address complaints of</td>
<td>22.61% (227)</td>
<td>43.82% (440)</td>
<td>23.11% (232)</td>
<td>4.18% (42)</td>
<td>1.29% (13)</td>
<td>4.98% (50)</td>
<td>100% (1,004)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
sexual assault fairly.

Part III - Prevalence of Sexual Violence at CCSU

Attempted and Completed Sexual Assault

7% (71/1011) of participants in the sample experienced attempted or completed sexual assault. Of the participants that experienced attempted or completed sexual assault, 40.85% (29/71) answered “yes” to more than one type of unwanted sexual contact.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>19) Since you began college at CCSU has anyone had sexual contact with you by using physical force or threatening to physically harm you?</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3%</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(30)</td>
<td>(970)</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

19a) If you answered “yes” to the above question, which of the following occurred? (mark all that apply)

- Forced touching of a sexual nature 75.86% (22)
- Oral sex 27.59% (8)
- Sexual intercourse 37.39% (11)
- Anal sex 17.24% (5)
- Sexual penetration with a finger or object 13.21% (7)

A total of twenty-nine people responded to this question.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>20) Since you started attending college at CCSU has anyone attempted by not succeeded in having sexual contact with you by using or threatening to use physical force against you?</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.41%</td>
<td>96.59%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(34)</td>
<td>(963)</td>
<td>(997)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21) Since you started attending college at CCSU has someone had sexual contact with you when you were unable to provide consent or stop what was happening because you were passed out, drugged, drunk, incapacitated, or asleep? This question asks about incidents that you are certain happened.

If you answered “Yes” to question 21:
21a. When the person had sexual contact with you when you were unable to provide consent or stop what was happening, which of the following happened? Please check all that apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Forced touching of a sexual nature</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>(24)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Oral sex</td>
<td>28.13%</td>
<td>(9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Sexual intercourse</td>
<td>43.75%</td>
<td>(14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Anal sex</td>
<td>6.25%</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Sexual penetration with a finger or object</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>(8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f. Don’t know</td>
<td>3.13%</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total of thirty-two individuals responded to this question.

21b. Just prior to the incident(s), had you been drinking alcohol? Keep in mind that you are in no way responsible for the assault that occurred, even if you had been drinking.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Answer</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>46.97%</td>
<td>(31)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>53.04%</td>
<td>(35)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(66)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21c. Were you drunk?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Answer</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>46.97%</td>
<td>(31)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>53.04%</td>
<td>(35)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(66)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21d. Just prior to the incident(s), had you voluntarily been taking or using any drugs other than alcohol?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Answer</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>7.35%</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>92.65%</td>
<td>(63)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(68)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21e. Just prior to the incident(s), had you been given a drug without your knowledge or consent?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Answer</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>1.54%</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>83.08%</td>
<td>(54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Don’t Know</td>
<td>15.39%</td>
<td>(10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

22) Since you started attending CCSU, have you suspected that someone has had sexual contact with you when you were unable to provide consent or stop what was happening because you were passed out, drugged, drunk, incapacitated, or asleep? This question asks about incidents that you think (but are not certain) happened.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Answer</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>1.13%</td>
<td>(11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>98.87%</td>
<td>(960)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(971)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

23) Who did the unwanted behavior involve?
a) Stranger 9.86% (7)  

b) Family Member 0% (0)  

c) Acquaintance 23.94% (17)  

d) Coworker 0% (0)  

e) Employer/Supervisor 0% (0)  

f) College professor / Instructor 0% (0)  

g) College Staff 0% (0)  

h) Non-Romantic Friend 21.13% (15)  

i) Casual or first date 5.63% (4)  

j) Current romantic partner 4.32% (3)  

k) Ex-romantic partner 8.45% (6)  

l) Other 1.41% (1)  

m) No Experience 21.13% (15)  

n) Participant selected more than one of the above categories 4.34% (3)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
<th>No Experience</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24) Was this person a student at CCSU?</td>
<td>43.48% (30)</td>
<td>36.23% (25)</td>
<td>5.80% (4)</td>
<td>14.49% (10)</td>
<td>100% (69)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25) Was this person affiliated with CCSU, as an employee, staff, or faculty member?</td>
<td>2.94% (2)</td>
<td>73.53% (50)</td>
<td>2.94% (2)</td>
<td>20.59% (14)</td>
<td>100% (68)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Man</th>
<th>Woman</th>
<th>No Experience</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26) What was the gender of the individual who did this to you?</td>
<td>68.85% (42)</td>
<td>11.48% (7)</td>
<td>19.67% (12)</td>
<td>100% (61)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
<th>No Experience</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27) Did the incident involve (mark all that apply):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) The other person's use of alcohol</td>
<td>46.97% (31)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Your use of alcohol</td>
<td>45.45% (30)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) The other person's use of drugs</td>
<td>21.21% (14)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Your use of drugs</td>
<td>6.06% (4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) None of the above</td>
<td>19.70% (13)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) No Experience</td>
<td>19.70% (13)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total of sixty-six people responded to this question.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
<th>No Experience</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28) How frightened were you by the incident?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Extremely frightened</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
<th>No Experience</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
b) Somewhat frightened 25.37% (17)
c) Only a little frightened 17.91% (12)
d) Not at all frightened 11.94% (8)
e) No Experience 17.91% (12)

Total 100% (67)

29) Where did this incident occur (Mark ALL that apply)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A) Off-Campus</td>
<td>46.27%</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B) On-Campus</td>
<td>35.82%</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C) Other Location</td>
<td>7.46%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D) No Experience</td>
<td>17.91%</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total of sixty-seven people responded to this question.

30) Who did you tell about the incident? (Mark ALL that apply)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A) No one</td>
<td>24.62%</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B) Roommate</td>
<td>18.46%</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C) Close friend other than roommate</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D) Parent or guardian</td>
<td>9.23%</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E) Other family member</td>
<td>1.54%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F) Counselor</td>
<td>9.23%</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G) Faculty or staff</td>
<td>3.08%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H) Residence Hall Staff</td>
<td>1.54%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I) Police</td>
<td>3.08%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J) Romantic partner</td>
<td>13.85%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K) Campus sexual assault advocate</td>
<td>1.54%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L) Other</td>
<td>3.08%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M) No Experience</td>
<td>18.56%</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total of sixty-five (65) people responded to this question.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No Experience</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>31) Did you use the formal campus procedure to report the incident?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.52% (1)</td>
<td>75.76% (50)</td>
<td>100% (66)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you answered “Yes” to question 31:

32. Did the university procedure help you deal with the problem?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Didn’t help me at all</td>
<td>60% (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Helped me a little bit</td>
<td>20% (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Helped, but could have helped more</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Helped me a lot</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Completely solved the problem</td>
<td>20% (1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 100% (5)
33. If you did not tell anyone, why? (Mark ALL that apply)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Ashamed / embarrassed</td>
<td>31.37%</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Is a private matter – wanted to deal with it on own</td>
<td>31.37%</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Concerned others would find out</td>
<td>13.73%</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Didn’t want the person who did it to get in trouble</td>
<td>17.65%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Fear of retribution from the person who did it</td>
<td>13.73%</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f. Fear of not being believed</td>
<td>25.49%</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g. I thought I would be blamed for what happened</td>
<td>31.37%</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h. Didn’t think what happened was serious enough to talk about</td>
<td>37.25%</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i. Didn’t think others would think it was serious</td>
<td>33.33%</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>j. Thought people would try to tell me what to do</td>
<td>9.80%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k. Would feel like an admission of failure</td>
<td>9.80%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l. Didn’t think others would think it was important</td>
<td>17.65%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m. Didn’t think others would understand</td>
<td>25.49%</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n. Didn’t have time to deal with it due to academics, work, etc.</td>
<td>13.73%</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o. Didn’t know reporting procedures on campus</td>
<td>7.84%</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p. Feared I or another would be punished for infractions or violations (such as underage drinking)</td>
<td>9.80%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>q. I did not feel the campus leadership would solve my problems</td>
<td>9.80%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>r. I feared others would harass me or react negatively towards me</td>
<td>11.76%</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s. I thought nothing would be done</td>
<td>17.65%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t. Didn’t want others to worry about me</td>
<td>17.65%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>u. Wanted to forget it happened</td>
<td>35.29%</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v. Had other things I needed to focus on and was concerned about (classes, work)</td>
<td>11.76%</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w. Didn’t think the school would do anything with my report</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x. Other</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y. No experience</td>
<td>17.65%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>z. I did tell someone</td>
<td>17.65%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total of fifty-one (51) individuals answered this question.

Prevalence by Gender and Class Standing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Experience of attempted and completed sexual assault: Gender</th>
<th>Count or Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>80.28% (57)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>18.31% (13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other gender identity</td>
<td>1.41% (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100% (71)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Experience of attempted and completed sexual assault: Class Standing</th>
<th>Count or Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


11% of undergraduate women (47/444) in the sample experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

3% of undergraduate men (13/398) in the sample experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

6% of graduate student women (10/144) in the sample experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

0% of graduate student men (0/67) in the sample experienced attempted or completed sexual assault.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Undergraduate</td>
<td>85.92%</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate</td>
<td>14.08%</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>