

**1817.**


**WILLIAM HEATHCOTE DELANCEY**, was born at Mamaroneck, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1797, a descendant of Huguenot ancestors. He died at Geneva, N. Y., April 5, 1865, aged 67 years.

Having studied theology under Bishop Hobart, he was admitted in 1822, to the order of priests, and soon became an assistant minister in the associated parishes of Christ Church, St. Peter's and St. James's in Philadelphia. From 1823 to 1830, he was annually chosen Secretary of the Diocesan Convention, and from 1823 to 1829, was also Secretary of the House of Bishops. In 1828, he became Provost of the University of Pennsylvania. After remaining in that office for five years, he became again an assistant minister of St. Peter's church, and on the death of Bishop White, the Rector of that parish.

In 1838, he was chosen Bishop of the newly constituted Diocese of Western New York, and accordingly removed his residence to Geneva. His consecration to the Episcopal office took place May 9, 1839.

In 1852, Bishop DeLancey was appointed a delegate to attend the Jubilee commemoration of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, and in this capacity made a visit to Europe. He then received the degree of J. C. D. from the University of Oxford. He had in 1828 received the degree of S. T. D. from his Alma Mater, and in 1847, the degree of LL. D. from Union College.

The body of Bishop DeLancey was interred in the family burial-ground at Mamaroneck.

**1819.**


**NOYES BILLINGS**, second son of Coddington and Eunice (Williams) Billings, was born March 31, 1800, at Stonington, Conn. He was fitted for College at New London, by the late Prof. Olmsted.

After his graduation he commenced the study of law with Judge Swift of Windham, which he continued with Judges Reeve and Gould in Litchfield. In 1821 he went to New Orleans with the expectation of practicing his profession in that city, but ill-health compelled his return to the north. For the same cause he was persuaded to give up a professional life, and after a visit to Europe in 1823, he established himself in the whaling business at New London, in company with his brother. He was at different times Mayor of New London,

Representative in the General Assembly, State Senator and Lieut. Governor. He repeatedly declined invitations to office under the Democratic administrations of the United States.

In 1838 he made a second visit to Europe. In 1844 he retired from business, and in 1846 he again went abroad, residing in Europe during the greater part of the next six years. After a short residence in New York City, he returned to New London, which continued to be his home. He died April 24, 1865, at the age of 65 years, leaving a widow but no children.

He was married in October, 1825, to Isabella L., daughter of James Stewart, then British Consul at New London.

### 1820.

STEPHEN WILLIAM STARKEY was the son of Stephen and Phebe Starkey, of part of the town of Saybrook, comprising the present town of Essex, Conn., where he was born September 7, 1797.

For some time after taking his first degree in college, he was engaged in teaching, pursuing at the same time the study of law. He was admitted to the bar at Haddam, in Middlesex County, Conn., April 8, 1823; after having completed his studies in the office of Joseph Platts, Esq., in his native town. Here he followed his profession, managing at the same time a considerable farm, all his life.

He married first Miss Emily Hayden, and after her decease, Miss Mary Hayden, both of Saybrook. The latter still survives him. He died at Essex, March 14, 1863, aged 66 years.

WILLIAM JOSEPH HUBBARD died in Boston, Nov. 14, 1864, aged 62 years. He was son of David Greene Hubbard, and was born in New York City, July 3, 1802.

Immediately after leaving college, he went to Boston and began the study of law in the office of his uncle, Hon. Samuel Hubbard (Y. C. 1802,) residing in his family. Boston continued to be his home through life, and the law his chosen profession.

He was occasionally called into public life, having been in 1834, and subsequently, a member of the State Legislature, and in 1853, a member of the Convention for revising the Constitution of the State. He was a Master in Chancery, and was often appointed a referee in legal business. For nearly twenty years he was a leading member and chairman of the Prudential Committee of the A. B. C. F. M. To the close of