



General Assembly

February Session, 2026

Raised Bill No. 231

LCO No. 1366



Referred to Committee on GENERAL LAW

Introduced by:
(GL)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION'S RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING CANNABIS REGULATION AND ELECTRONIC NICOTINE DELIVERY SYSTEM DEALER REGISTRATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 21a-408w of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

3 (a) Each cannabis establishment shall submit marijuana samples to a
4 cannabis testing laboratory for testing [as set forth in subsection (b) of
5 this section] in accordance with the laboratory testing standards
6 established in the policies and procedures issued, and final regulations
7 adopted, by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection pursuant to
8 section 21a-421j.

9 [(b) (1) A cannabis testing laboratory shall test each marijuana sample
10 submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section (A) for
11 microbiological contaminants, mycotoxins, heavy metals and pesticide
12 chemical residue, and (B) for purposes of conducting an active
13 ingredient analysis, if applicable.

14 (2) Microbiological contaminant testing conducted pursuant to
15 subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall include, but
16 not be limited to, microbiological contaminant testing for *Aspergillus*
17 species as set forth by the Department of Consumer Protection and
18 posted on the department's Internet web site.

19 (c) When conducting microbiological testing as set forth in subsection
20 (b) of this section, the marijuana sample shall be tested by using (1) a
21 molecular method that (A) includes quantitative polymerase chain
22 reaction, (B) is certified for identifying microbiological DNA, and (C) is
23 approved by (i) the Association of Official Analytical Collaboration
24 International, or (ii) a comparable national or international standards
25 organization designated by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection,
26 or (2) an alternative testing method approved by the Department of
27 Consumer Protection and posted on the department's Internet web site.]

28 [(d)] (b) If a marijuana sample [does not pass] fails the testing [set
29 forth in] required under subsection [(b)] (a) of this section, the cannabis
30 establishment that submitted [such] the failing marijuana sample to the
31 cannabis testing laboratory shall, not later than thirty days after the date
32 of such failed testing, either:

33 (1) Repeat the testing [as set forth in subsections] required under
34 subsection (a) [and (b)] of this section on the marijuana batch from
35 which such marijuana sample was taken, in a form and manner
36 approved by the Department of Consumer Protection. If all repeated
37 testing yields satisfactory results, the marijuana batch from which the
38 marijuana samples were taken shall be released for sale; or

39 (2) If such cannabis establishment submits to the Commissioner of
40 Consumer Protection a remediation plan that is sufficient to ensure
41 public health and safety, and the commissioner approves such
42 remediation plan, remediate the marijuana batch from which such
43 marijuana sample was taken and repeat all testing [as set forth in
44 subsections] required under subsection (a) [and (b)] of this section on

45 such remediated marijuana batch, in a form and manner approved by
46 the Department of Consumer Protection. If all repeated testing yields
47 satisfactory results, the marijuana batch from which the marijuana
48 samples were taken shall be released for sale. [; or]

49 [(3)] (c) If [such] a cannabis establishment does not comply with
50 [subdivision (1) or (2) of this] subsection (b) of this section, or if any
51 subsequent laboratory testing does not yield satisfactory results for the
52 testing [set forth in subsections] required under subsection (a) [and (b)]
53 of this section, the cannabis establishment shall dispose of the entire
54 marijuana batch from which the marijuana sample was taken in
55 accordance with procedures established by the Commissioner of
56 Consumer Protection, as published on the Department of Consumer
57 Protection's Internet web site. The cannabis establishment shall
58 complete such disposal not later than thirty days after the later of (1) the
59 date of the failed testing performed pursuant to subsection (a) of this
60 section, (2) the date of the failed repeated testing performed pursuant to
61 subsection (b) of this section, or (3) if no repeated testing is performed
62 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, expiration of the thirty-day
63 period established in subsection (b) of this section for the performance
64 of such repeated testing. During such thirty-day period, the cannabis
65 establishment may submit a written request to the department, in a form
66 and manner prescribed by the commissioner, to extend such thirty-day
67 period. The commissioner may grant or deny such request in the
68 commissioner's discretion.

69 [(e)] (d) For purposes of the testing [set forth in subsections] required
70 under subsection (a) [and (b)] of this section, the quantity and number
71 of marijuana samples taken shall be sufficient to ensure representative
72 sampling of the corresponding marijuana batch size.

73 Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 21a-415 of the 2026 supplement to the
74 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
75 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

76 (c) (1) Any applicant for a dealer registration or a renewal of a dealer
77 registration shall apply to the Department of Consumer Protection, in a
78 form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Consumer
79 Protection, which application shall include, at a minimum:

80 (A) The name, address and electronic mail address of the applicant;

81 (B) The location that is to be operated under such dealer registration;

82 (C) The name of, and contact information for, each individual who
83 has a direct or indirect financial interest in such applicant, unless (i) such
84 applicant is a publicly traded company listed on a national stock
85 exchange, or (ii) the financial interest held by such individual owner and
86 such individual's spouse, parents and children, in the aggregate, does
87 not exceed ten per cent of the total ownership or interest rights in such
88 applicant;

89 (D) A third-party local and national criminal background check for
90 each owner listed on such application, which background check shall (i)
91 be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or
92 background screening company that is in compliance with the federal
93 Fair Credit Reporting Act and accredited by the Professional
94 Background Screening Association, (ii) include a multistate and
95 multijurisdiction criminal record locator or other similar commercial
96 nation-wide database with validation and such other background
97 screening as the commissioner may require, and (iii) be requested by
98 such applicant not more than sixty days prior to submission of such
99 application;

100 (E) The name of the individual who shall serve as the fiduciary agent
101 and guarantor for such applicant, which individual shall be personally
102 liable in the event of any noncompliance that results in a debt owed to
103 the department;

104 (F) A disclosure of any enforcement action against, and any
105 negotiated settlement entered into by, such applicant or any owner

106 disclosed pursuant to this subsection, which action or settlement is
107 related to the sale of cigarettes, electronic nicotine delivery systems,
108 tobacco products or vapor products;

109 (G) The name of a manager or supervisor who is or will be physically
110 present at such applicant's location or proposed location; and

111 (H) A certification that an authorized owner or named designee of
112 such applicant has successfully completed the online prevention
113 education program administered by the Department of Mental Health
114 and Addiction Services pursuant to section 17a-719.

115 (2) The Department of Consumer Protection: (A) May require that an
116 applicant submit documents sufficient to establish that state and local
117 building, fire and zoning requirements will be met at the location of any
118 sale; (B) may, in the department's discretion, conduct an investigation to
119 determine whether a dealer registration shall be issued to an applicant;
120 and (C) shall not issue a dealer registration or a renewal of a dealer
121 registration to an applicant unless the applicant certifies that an
122 authorized owner or named designee of the applicant has successfully
123 completed the online prevention education program administered by
124 the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services pursuant to
125 section 17a-719.

126 (3) The commissioner shall issue a dealer registration or a renewal of
127 a dealer registration to any such applicant not later than thirty days after
128 the date of application unless the commissioner finds: (A) The applicant
129 has made a materially false or misleading statement in such application
130 or in any other application made to the commissioner; (B) the applicant
131 has neglected to pay any taxes due to this state; (C) the authorized
132 owner or named designee of the applicant has not successfully
133 completed the online prevention education program administered by
134 the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services pursuant to
135 section 17a-719; (D) the third-party local and national criminal
136 background check for an owner or authorized owner of the applicant

137 [has a criminal history that is] affords a sufficient basis for denial under
138 section 46a-80; or (E) the applicant (i) has violated any other provision
139 of this section, (ii) is the subject of a delinquency assessment from the
140 Department of Revenue Services, or (iii) is the subject of any other
141 adverse administrative decision from a government agency.

142 (4) A dealer registration issued under this section shall be renewed
143 annually and may be suspended or revoked at the discretion of the
144 Department of Consumer Protection. A dealer registration shall not
145 constitute property, nor shall it be subject to attachment and execution,
146 nor shall it be alienable. Each holder of a dealer registration shall
147 annually attest in each renewal application as to whether such holder
148 derived at least fifty per cent of its annual gross revenue from sales of
149 cigarettes, drug paraphernalia, electronic nicotine delivery systems,
150 nicotine products, synthetic nicotine, tobacco products and vapor
151 products.

152 (5) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
153 application fee of one thousand dollars, which fee shall be in addition to
154 the annual fee prescribed in subsection (d) of this section. An application
155 fee shall not be charged for an application to renew a dealer registration.

156 Sec. 3. Subdivision (1) of section 21a-420 of the 2026 supplement to
157 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
158 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

159 (1) "Responsible and Equitable Regulation of Adult-Use Cannabis
160 Act" or "RERACA" means this section, sections 2-56j, 7-294kk, 7-294ll,
161 12-330ll to 12-330nn, inclusive, 14-227p, 21a-278b, 21a-278c, 21a-279c,
162 21a-279d, 21a-408w, as amended by this act, 21a-420a to 21a-420j,
163 inclusive, 21a-420l to 21a-421u, inclusive, 21a-421aa to 21a-421ff,
164 inclusive, 21a-421aaa to 21a-421iii, inclusive, 21a-422 to 21a-422c,
165 inclusive, 21a-422e to 21a-422g, inclusive, 21a-422j to 21a-422s, inclusive,
166 21a-422u, 22-61n, 23-4b, 47a-9a, 53-247a, 53a-213a, 53a-213b, 54-33p, 54-
167 56q, 54-56r, 54-125k and 54-142u, sections 23, 60, 63 to 65, inclusive, 124,

168 144 and 165 of public act 21-1 of the June special session, and the
169 amendments in public act 21-1 of the June special session to sections 7-
170 148, 10-221, 12-30a, 12-35b, 12-412, 12-650, 12-704d, 14-44k, 14-111e, 14-
171 227a to 14-227c, inclusive, 14-227j, 15-140q, 15-140r, 18-100h, 19a-342,
172 19a-342a, 21a-267, 21a-277, 21a-279, 21a-279a, 21a-408 to 21a-408f,
173 inclusive, 21a-408h to 21a-408p, inclusive, 21a-408r to 21a-408v,
174 inclusive, 30-89a, 31-40q, 32-39, 46b-120, 51-164n, 53-394, 53a-39c, 54-1m,
175 54-33g, 54-41b, 54-56e, 54-56g, 54-56i, 54-56k, 54-56n, 54-63d, 54-66a and
176 54-142e, [and] section 22 of public act 25-101 and section 4 of this act;

177 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Each cannabis establishment
178 shall submit cannabis samples to a cannabis testing laboratory for
179 testing in accordance with the laboratory testing standards established
180 in the policies and procedures issued, and final regulations adopted, by
181 the commissioner pursuant to section 21a-421j of the general statutes.

182 (b) If a cannabis sample fails the testing required under subsection (a)
183 of this section, the cannabis establishment that submitted the failing
184 cannabis sample to the cannabis testing laboratory shall, not later than
185 thirty days after the date of such failed testing, either:

186 (1) Repeat the testing required under subsection (a) of this section on
187 the cannabis batch from which such cannabis sample was taken, in a
188 form and manner approved by the department. If all repeated testing
189 yields satisfactory results, the cannabis batch from which the cannabis
190 samples were taken shall be released for sale; or

191 (2) If such cannabis establishment submits to the commissioner a
192 remediation plan that is sufficient to ensure public health and safety,
193 and the commissioner approves such remediation plan, remediate the
194 cannabis batch from which such cannabis sample was taken and repeat
195 all testing required under subsection (a) of this section on such
196 remediated cannabis batch, in a form and manner approved by the
197 department. If all repeated testing yields satisfactory results, the
198 cannabis batch from which the cannabis samples were taken shall be

199 released for sale.

200 (c) If a cannabis establishment does not comply with subsection (b) of
201 this section, or if any subsequent laboratory testing does not yield
202 satisfactory results for the testing required under subsection (a) of this
203 section, the cannabis establishment shall dispose of the entire cannabis
204 batch from which the cannabis sample was taken in accordance with
205 procedures established by the commissioner, as published on the
206 department's Internet web site. The cannabis establishment shall
207 complete such disposal not later than thirty days after the later of (1) the
208 date of the failed testing performed pursuant to subsection (a) of this
209 section, (2) the date of the failed repeated testing performed pursuant to
210 subsection (b) of this section, or (3) if no repeated testing is performed
211 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, expiration of the thirty-day
212 period established in subsection (b) of this section for the performance
213 of such repeated testing. During such thirty-day period, the cannabis
214 establishment may submit a written request to the department, in a form
215 and manner prescribed by the commissioner, to extend such thirty-day
216 period. The commissioner may grant or deny such request in the
217 commissioner's discretion.

218 (d) For purposes of the testing required under subsection (a) of this
219 section, the quantity and number of cannabis samples taken shall be
220 sufficient to ensure representative sampling of the corresponding
221 cannabis batch size.

222 Sec. 5. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 21a-420c of the 2026
223 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is
224 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

225 (b) Except as provided in RERACA and chapter 420b or 420f, (1) no
226 person, other than a retailer, hybrid retailer, micro-cultivator or delivery
227 service, or an employee thereof in the course of such employee's
228 employment, may sell or offer any cannabis [or cannabis product] to a
229 consumer, and (2) no person, other than a hybrid retailer, dispensary

230 facility or a delivery service, or an employee thereof in the course of such
231 employee's employment, may sell or offer any cannabis [or cannabis
232 product] to a qualifying patient or caregiver.

233 (c) No person [except] may deliver any cannabis unless such person
234 is (1) a delivery service acting in accordance with the provisions of
235 section 21a-420z, [or] (2) an employee of a delivery service [, subject to]
236 acting in accordance with the [restrictions set forth in] provisions of
237 section 21a-420z [, acting] and in the course of such employee's
238 employment, [may deliver any cannabis or cannabis product to a
239 consumer, qualifying patient or caregiver] (3) a dispensary facility or
240 hybrid retailer delivering cannabis to a qualifying patient, caregiver or
241 research program subject, (4) an employee of a dispensary facility or
242 hybrid retailer delivering cannabis to a qualifying patient, caregiver or
243 research program subject and acting in the course of such employee's
244 employment, or (5) a micro-cultivator delivering seedlings or cannabis
245 in accordance with section 21a-420p, as applicable.

246 Sec. 6. Section 21a-420s of the 2026 supplement to the general statutes
247 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
248 *passage*):

249 (a) The department may issue or renew a license for a hybrid retailer.
250 No person may act as a hybrid retailer or represent that such person is
251 a hybrid retailer unless such person has obtained a license from the
252 department pursuant to this section.

253 (b) A hybrid retailer may obtain cannabis from a cultivator, micro-
254 cultivator, producer, product packager, food and beverage
255 manufacturer, product manufacturer or transporter. In addition to the
256 activities authorized under section 21a-420t, a hybrid retailer may sell,
257 transport or transfer cannabis to a cannabis establishment, cannabis
258 testing laboratory or research program. A hybrid retailer may sell
259 cannabis products to a consumer or research program. A hybrid retailer
260 shall not gift or transfer cannabis at no cost to a consumer, qualifying

261 patient or caregiver as part of a commercial transaction.

262 (c) In addition to conducting general retail sales, a hybrid retailer may
263 sell cannabis and medical marijuana products to qualifying patients and
264 caregivers. Any cannabis or medical marijuana products sold to
265 qualifying patients and caregivers shall be dispensed by a licensed
266 pharmacist and shall be recorded in the electronic prescription drug
267 monitoring program, established pursuant to section 21a-254, in real-
268 time or immediately upon completion of the transaction, unless not
269 reasonably feasible for a specific transaction, but in no case longer than
270 one hour after completion of the transaction. Only a licensed pharmacist
271 or dispensary technician may upload or access data in the prescription
272 drug monitoring program.

273 (d) (1) A hybrid retailer or dispensary facility shall ensure that a
274 licensed pharmacist is readily available for qualifying patient and
275 caregiver consultations and dispensing at all times while the hybrid
276 retailer establishment or dispensary facility establishment is open to the
277 public. A hybrid retailer or dispensary facility shall [maintain] ensure
278 that a licensed pharmacist [on premises] is physically present at the
279 hybrid retailer establishment or dispensary facility establishment for at
280 least eight consecutive hours per calendar week [when the hybrid retail
281 location is open to the public or to qualifying patients and caregivers. At
282 all times while a hybrid retailer location is open to the public] and, when
283 a licensed pharmacist is not physically present [on premises and
284 available for qualifying patient and caregiver consultations] at the
285 hybrid retailer establishment or dispensary facility establishment, the
286 hybrid retailer or dispensary facility shall ensure that a licensed
287 pharmacist is readily available to (A) provide telehealth consultations
288 for qualifying patients and caregivers, and (B) conduct remote [order
289 entry verification in accordance with regulations adopted by the
290 commissioner pursuant to section 20-576, which remote order entry
291 verification shall only be conducted by a licensed pharmacist in
292 compliance with all remote order entry verification requirements
293 established in regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to

294 section 20-576] dispensing, including, but not limited to, final
295 verification, which remote dispensing shall be subject to the
296 recordkeeping requirements established in the policies and procedures
297 issued, and final regulations adopted, by the commissioner pursuant to
298 subsection (k) of this section.

299 (2) A hybrid retailer or dispensary facility that offers telehealth
300 consultations with a licensed pharmacist shall (A) employ such
301 pharmacist for at least twenty hours per calendar week, (B) maintain
302 technology that is capable of facilitating such consultations, and (C)
303 make such consultations readily available and accessible to qualifying
304 patients and caregivers, including, but not limited to, by telephone, (i)
305 from a remote location outside of the hybrid retailer [location]
306 establishment or dispensary facility establishment, and (ii) in the case of
307 a hybrid retailer, from the private consultation space required under
308 subsection (e) of this section.

309 (3) Each hybrid retailer or dispensary facility shall conspicuously
310 post and maintain a sign at the main entrance of the hybrid retailer
311 [location] establishment or dispensary facility establishment, which sign
312 shall (A) be at least twelve inches in height and eighteen inches in width,
313 (B) incorporate lettering in a size and style that is clear and legible, and
314 (C) state the name of the licensed pharmacist who is available for
315 qualifying patient and caregiver consultations either in-person or
316 through telehealth.

317 (4) Each hybrid retailer or dispensary facility shall conspicuously
318 post and maintain a sign at each register or comparable point of sale
319 within the hybrid retailer [location] establishment or dispensary facility
320 establishment, and on any Internet web site maintained by such hybrid
321 retailer or dispensary facility, which sign shall (A) be at least eight
322 inches in height and ten inches in width, (B) incorporate lettering in a
323 size and style that is clear and legible, and (C) state "Pharmacist
324 available for consultation" in a clear and legible manner.

325 (5) Each licensed pharmacist who consults with qualifying patients
326 or caregivers shall annually complete not less than five contact hours of
327 continuing professional education, as set forth in section 20-600, related
328 to the cannabis industry, the pharmacy laws of this state or the
329 treatment of debilitating medical conditions, as defined in section 21a-
330 408. Such contact hours shall be included in, and not be in addition to,
331 the fifteen contact hours required under section 20-600.

332 (e) The hybrid retailer [location] establishment shall include a private
333 consultation space for pharmacists to meet with qualifying patients and
334 caregivers. Each hybrid retailer shall conspicuously display, on the
335 exterior of the hybrid retailer [location] establishment, a symbol that
336 denotes the sale of medical marijuana products, which symbol shall be
337 in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner and posted on
338 the department's Internet web site. Additionally, the hybrid retailer
339 premises shall accommodate an expedited method of entry that allows
340 for priority entrance into the premises for qualifying patients and
341 caregivers.

342 (f) Hybrid retailers shall maintain a secure location, in a manner
343 approved by the commissioner, at the licensee's premises where
344 cannabis that is unable to be delivered may be returned to the hybrid
345 retailer. Such secure cannabis return location shall meet specifications
346 set forth by the commissioner and published on the department's
347 Internet web site or included in regulations adopted by the department.

348 (g) Cannabis dispensed to a qualifying patient or caregiver that is
349 unable to be delivered and is returned by the delivery service to the
350 hybrid retailer shall be returned to the licensee inventory system and
351 removed from the prescription drug monitoring program not later than
352 forty-eight hours after receipt of the cannabis from the delivery service.

353 (h) A hybrid retailer may not convert its license to a retailer license.
354 To obtain a retailer license, a hybrid retailer shall apply through the
355 lottery application process. A hybrid retailer may convert to a

356 dispensary facility, provided the hybrid retailer complies with all
357 applicable provisions of chapter 420f and has received written approval
358 from the department.

359 (i) A retailer may apply to the department to convert its license to a
360 hybrid retailer license, without applying through the lottery application
361 system. To convert a retailer license to a hybrid retailer license, a retailer
362 shall submit a complete application to the department, in a form and
363 manner prescribed by the commissioner. Prior to issuing a hybrid
364 retailer license pursuant to this section, the department shall conduct an
365 inspection of the converting retailer establishment. Upon a satisfactory
366 inspection, the department shall deactivate the converting retailer
367 license and issue a new hybrid retailer license to the applicant.

368 (j) Manufacturer hemp products, as defined in section 22-61l, may be
369 sold within a hybrid retailer facility, provided such manufacturer hemp
370 products are:

371 (1) Stored separately from cannabis and cannabis products;

372 (2) Separated, by a physical separation, from cannabis and cannabis
373 products in any display area;

374 (3) Displayed with signage approved by the department;

375 (4) Tested by a laboratory that meets the standards for accreditation
376 and testing, and sampling methods, set forth for an independent testing
377 laboratory in section 22-61m, which laboratory may be located outside
378 of this state;

379 (5) Clearly labeled to distinguish the product as (A) a manufacturer
380 hemp product, (B) subject to different testing standards than cannabis,
381 and (C) not cannabis or a cannabis product;

382 (6) Sold in accordance with this chapter, chapter 424 and any
383 regulations adopted pursuant to said chapters; and

384 (7) Derived from hemp grown by a United States Department of
385 Agriculture hemp producer licensee under an approved state or tribal
386 hemp production plan.

387 (k) The commissioner shall adopt regulations in accordance with
388 chapter 54 to implement the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding
389 the requirements of sections 4-168 to 4-172, inclusive, in order to
390 effectuate the purposes of this section and protect public health and
391 safety, prior to adopting such regulations the commissioner shall issue
392 policies and procedures to implement the provisions of this section that
393 shall have the force and effect of law. The commissioner shall post all
394 policies and procedures on the department's Internet web site and
395 submit such policies and procedures to the Secretary of the State for
396 posting on the eRegulations System, at least fifteen days prior to the
397 effective date of any policy or procedure. The commissioner shall also
398 provide such policies and procedures, in a manner prescribed by the
399 commissioner, to each licensee. Any such policy or procedure shall no
400 longer be effective upon the earlier of either the adoption of the policy
401 or procedure as a final regulation under section 4-172 or June 30, 2030,
402 if such regulations have not been submitted to the legislative regulation
403 review committee for consideration under section 4-170.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	21a-408w
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	21a-415(c)
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	21a-420(1)
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2026</i>	21a-420c(b) and (c)
Sec. 6	<i>from passage</i>	21a-420s

Statement of Purpose:

To (1) require cannabis establishments to submit marijuana and cannabis samples to cannabis testing laboratories for purposes of testing conducted in accordance with laboratory testing standards established by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection, (2) provide that the

commissioner shall not issue or renew an electronic nicotine delivery system certificate of dealer registration to an applicant if the commissioner finds that the applicant, or the owner, authorized owner or named designee of the applicant, has failed to satisfy various requirements or is the subject of an adverse administrative decision or delinquency assessment from the Department of Revenue Services, (3) specify who may deliver cannabis, (4) modify existing requirements concerning the availability of a pharmacist at a hybrid retailer establishment and apply such modified requirements to dispensary facilities, and (5) make various minor, technical and conforming changes to statutes concerning cannabis regulation.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]