



General Assembly

February Session, 2024

***Raised Bill No. 393***

LCO No. 2686



Referred to Committee on GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION  
AND ELECTIONS

Introduced by:  
(GAE)

***AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE TREASURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS  
CONCERNING UNCLAIMED PROPERTY.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General  
Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 3-56a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2024*):

3 As used in this part and section 2 of this act, unless the context  
4 otherwise requires:

5 (1) "Apparent owner" means the person whose name appears on the  
6 records of the holder as the person entitled to the property held, issued  
7 or owing by the holder;

8 (2) "Banking organization" means any state bank and trust company,  
9 national banking association or savings bank engaged in business in this  
10 state;

11 (3) "Business association" means a corporation, joint stock company,  
12 partnership, unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability

13 company, business trust, trust company, safe deposit company,  
14 financial organization, insurance company, person engaged in the  
15 business of operating or controlling a mutual fund, utility or other  
16 business entity consisting of one or more persons, whether or not for  
17 profit;

18 (4) "Financial organization" means any savings and loan association,  
19 credit union or investment company;

20 (5) "Gift certificate" means a record evidencing a promise, made for  
21 consideration, by the seller or issuer of the record that goods or services  
22 will be provided to the owner of the record to the value shown in the  
23 record and includes, but is not limited to, a record that contains a  
24 microprocessor chip, magnetic stripe or other means for the storage of  
25 information that is prefunded and for which the value is decremented  
26 upon each use, a gift card, an electronic gift card, stored-value card or  
27 certificate, a store card, or a similar record or card, but "gift certificate"  
28 does not include prepaid calling cards regulated under section 42-370,  
29 prepaid commercial mobile radio services, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3 or  
30 general-use prepaid cards, as defined in section 42-460a;

31 (6) "Holder" means any person in possession of property subject to  
32 this part which belongs to another, or who is trustee in case of a trust, or  
33 who is indebted to another on an obligation subject to this part;

34 (7) "Insurance company" means an association, corporation or  
35 fraternal or mutual benefit organization, whether or not for profit,  
36 engaged in the business of providing life endowments, annuities or  
37 insurance, including accident, burial, casualty, credit life, contract  
38 performance, dental, disability, fidelity, fire, health, hospitalization,  
39 illness, life, malpractice, marine, mortgage, surety, wage protection and  
40 workers' compensation insurance;

41 (8) "Last-known address" means a description of the location of the  
42 apparent owner sufficient for the purpose of delivery of mail;

43 (9) "Mineral" means gas; oil; other gaseous, liquid, and solid

44 hydrocarbons; oil shale; cement material; sand and gravel; road  
45 material; building stone; chemical raw material; gemstone; fissionable  
46 and nonfissionable ores; colloidal and other clay; steam and other  
47 geothermal resource; or any other substance defined as a mineral by the  
48 law of this state;

49 (10) "Mineral proceeds" means amounts payable for the extraction,  
50 production or sale of minerals, or, upon the abandonment of those  
51 payments, all payments that become payable thereafter, and "mineral  
52 proceeds" includes amounts payable: (A) For the acquisition and  
53 retention of a mineral lease, including bonuses, royalties, compensatory  
54 royalties, shut-in royalties, minimum royalties and delay rentals; (B) for  
55 the extraction, production or sale of minerals, including net revenue  
56 interests, royalties, overriding royalties, extraction payments and  
57 production payments; and (C) under an agreement or option, including  
58 a joint operating agreement, unit agreement, pooling agreement and  
59 farm-out agreement;

60 (11) "Owner" means a depositor in case of a deposit, a beneficiary in  
61 case of a trust, a creditor, claimant or payee in case of other choses in  
62 action, or any person having a legal or equitable interest in property  
63 subject to this part, or such person's legal representative;

64 (12) "Person" means any individual, business association, estate,  
65 trust, government, governmental subdivision, agency or  
66 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity;

67 (13) "Property" means realty or personalty, tangible or intangible, and  
68 includes, but is not limited to, virtual currency;

69 (14) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible  
70 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is  
71 retrievable in perceivable form;

72 (15) "Treasurer" means the Treasurer of the state of Connecticut; [and]

73 (16) "Utility" means a person who owns or operates for public use any

74 plant, equipment, real property, franchise or license for the transmission  
75 of communications or the production, storage, transmission, sale,  
76 delivery or furnishing of electricity, water, steam or gas; and

77 (17) "Virtual currency" has the same meaning as provided in section  
78 36a-596.

79 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) Any virtual currency held by a  
80 business association, banking organization or financial organization  
81 that facilitates the purchase, storage or transfer of virtual currency  
82 through a secure system is presumed abandoned under part III of  
83 chapter 32 of the general statutes unless the owner of such virtual  
84 currency has accessed such secure system within the preceding three  
85 years or, in the case of the final voluntary or involuntary dissolution or  
86 liquidation of the business association, banking organization or  
87 financial organization that operates such secure system, at such date of  
88 dissolution or liquidation.

89 Sec. 3. Section 3-65a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
90 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2024*):

91 (a) [Within] Not less than one hundred eighty days before a  
92 presumption of abandonment is to take effect in respect to property  
93 subject to section 3-60b or 3-60c and within one year before a  
94 presumption of abandonment is to take effect in respect to all other  
95 property subject to this part, and if the owner's claim is not barred by  
96 law, the holder shall notify the owner thereof, by first class mail directed  
97 to the owner's last-known address, by electronic mail directed to the  
98 owner's last-known electronic mail address and by communication to  
99 the owner's last-known telephone number, including a mobile  
100 telephone number, that evidence of interest must be indicated as  
101 required by this part or such property will be transferred to the  
102 Treasurer and will be subject to escheat to the state. If the property  
103 presumed abandoned is a security, virtual currency or tangible property  
104 from a safe deposit box, the holder's notice shall indicate that such  
105 property may be liquidated either prior to or following its reporting to

106 the Treasurer and that after such liquidation will be limited to the  
107 proceeds of such liquidation.

108 (b) Not later than ninety days after the close of the calendar year in  
109 which property is presumed abandoned, the holder shall pay or deliver  
110 such property to the Treasurer and file, on forms that the Treasurer shall  
111 provide, a report of unclaimed property. Each report shall be verified  
112 and shall include: (1) The name, if known, [and] last-known physical  
113 and electronic mail address, if any, and last-known telephone number,  
114 if any, of each person appearing to be the owner of such property; (2) in  
115 case of unclaimed funds of an insurance company, the full name of the  
116 insured or annuitant and beneficiary and his or her last-known address  
117 appearing on the insurance company's records; (3) the nature and  
118 identifying number, if any, or description of the property and the  
119 amount appearing from the records to be due; (4) the date when the  
120 property became payable, demandable or returnable and the date of the  
121 last transaction with the owner with respect to the property; (5) if the  
122 holder is a successor to other holders, or if the holder has changed the  
123 holder's name, all prior known names and addresses of each holder of  
124 the property; and (6) such other information as the Treasurer may  
125 require.

126 (c) Verification, if made by a partnership, shall be executed by a  
127 partner; if made by an unincorporated association or private  
128 corporation, by an officer; and if made by a public corporation, by its  
129 chief fiscal officer.

130 (d) The Treasurer shall keep a permanent record of all reports  
131 submitted to the Treasurer pursuant to this section.

132 (e) Except for claims paid under section 3-67a and except as provided  
133 in subsection (e) of section 3-70a, no owner shall be entitled to any  
134 interest, income or other increment which may accrue to property  
135 presumed abandoned from and after the date of payment or delivery to  
136 the Treasurer.

137 (f) The Treasurer may decline to receive any property the value of

138 which is less than the cost of giving notice or holding sale, or may  
139 postpone taking possession until a sufficient sum accumulates.

140 (g) The Treasurer, or any officer or agency designated by the  
141 Treasurer, may examine any person on oath or affirmation, or the  
142 records of any person or any agent of the person including, but not  
143 limited to, a dividend disbursement agent or transfer agent of a business  
144 association, banking organization or insurance company that is the  
145 holder of property presumed abandoned to determine whether the  
146 person or agent has complied with this part. The Treasurer may conduct  
147 the examination even if the person or agent believes the person or agent  
148 is not in possession of any property that must be paid, delivered or  
149 reported under this part. The Treasurer may bring an action in a court  
150 of appropriate jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this part.

151 (h) A record of the issuance of a check, draft or similar instrument is  
152 prima facie evidence of the obligation represented by the check, draft or  
153 similar instrument. In claiming property from a holder who is also the  
154 issuer, the Treasurer's burden of proof as to the existence and amount  
155 of the property and its abandonment is satisfied by showing issuance of  
156 the instrument and passage of the requisite period of abandonment.  
157 Defenses of payment, satisfaction, discharge and want of consideration  
158 are affirmative defenses that shall be established by the holder.

159 (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section,  
160 the holder of personal property presumed abandoned pursuant to  
161 subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 3-57a or section 2 of this act  
162 shall (1) sell such property and pay the proceeds arising from such sale,  
163 excluding any charges that may lawfully be withheld, to the Treasurer,  
164 unless such property consists of military medals, in which case such  
165 property shall not be sold, and (2) provide the Treasurer with records  
166 deemed appropriate by the Treasurer of property so presumed  
167 abandoned. The holder shall complete the sale of such property and  
168 deliver the net proceeds to the Treasurer not later than thirty days after  
169 filing the report required under subsection (b) of this section. A holder  
170 of [such] tangible, personal property may contract with a third party to

171 store and sell such property and to pay the proceeds arising from such  
172 sale, excluding any charges that may be lawfully withheld, to the  
173 Treasurer, provided the third party holds a surety bond or other form  
174 of insurance coverage with respect to such activities. Any holder who  
175 sells [such] property pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3-57a or  
176 section 2 of this act and remits the excess proceeds to the Treasurer or  
177 who transmits [such] tangible, personal property to a bonded or insured  
178 third party for such purposes, shall not be responsible for any claims  
179 related to the sale or transmission of the property or proceeds to the  
180 Treasurer. If the Treasurer exempts any such property from being  
181 remitted or sold pursuant to this subsection, whether by regulations or  
182 guidelines, the holder of such property may dispose of such property in  
183 any manner such holder deems appropriate and such holder shall not  
184 be responsible for any claims related to the disposition of such property  
185 or any claims to the property itself. For purposes of [this subsection] the  
186 sale of personal property presumed abandoned under subdivision (5) of  
187 subsection (a) of section 3-57a or section 2 of this act, charges that may  
188 lawfully be withheld include costs of storage, appraisal, advertising and  
189 sales commissions as well as lawful charges owing under the contract  
190 governing the safe deposit box rental.

191 (j) In the event military medals are presumed abandoned pursuant to  
192 subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 3-57a, a banking or financial  
193 organization shall transmit such medals to the Department of Veterans  
194 Affairs in accordance with procedures established by the Treasurer. The  
195 Treasurer and Commissioner of Veterans Affairs shall enter into a  
196 memorandum of understanding concerning the handling of such  
197 medals and the Department of Veterans Affairs shall hold such medals  
198 in custody pursuant to such memorandum. The Treasurer may make  
199 any information obtained pursuant to this section, including any  
200 photograph or other visual depiction of a military medal but excluding  
201 Social Security numbers, available to the public to facilitate the  
202 identification of the original owner of such medal or such owner's heirs  
203 or beneficiaries.

204 Sec. 4. Subsection (c) of section 3-66a of the general statutes is

205 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*  
206 *2024*):

207 (c) The Treasurer shall notify, [by first-class mail] in a manner  
208 deemed appropriate by the Treasurer, each person, other than an  
209 individual to whom the Treasurer makes or will make a payment  
210 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 3-70a, reported as the apparent  
211 owner of unclaimed property that was reported or transferred to the  
212 Treasurer during the preceding calendar year and for whom the holder  
213 of such property has reported a last-known address, valid electronic  
214 mail address or telephone number to the Treasurer. Such notice shall  
215 include information concerning the amount and description of such  
216 property and the process by which such owner may verify ownership  
217 to and claim such property.

218 Sec. 5. Section 45a-179 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
219 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2024*):

220 (a) When a conservator, guardian or trustee of a testamentary trust  
221 exhibits his or her final account to the Probate Court for allowance, the  
222 court shall appoint a time and place for a hearing on the account and  
223 shall cause notice of the hearing to be given as it directs. Such fiduciary  
224 shall sign the account under penalty of false statement.

225 (b) Prior to exhibiting a final account to the Probate Court, an  
226 executor or administrator shall (1) conduct a search of the list of  
227 unclaimed property maintained by the Treasurer pursuant to section 3-  
228 66a, as amended by this act, and (2) certify to the court that such search  
229 has been conducted and the results of such search, under penalty of false  
230 statement.

231 (c) The court shall, before approving a final account of an executor or  
232 administrator, hold a hearing thereon for which notice may be given as  
233 the court shall direct, unless all parties interested in the estate sign and  
234 file in court a written waiver of such notice.

235 Sec. 6. Subsection (c) of section 3-70a of the general statutes is



236 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*  
237 *2024*):

238 (c) (1) (A) No agreement entered into prior to January 1, 2023, to  
239 locate property shall be valid if: (i) Such agreement is entered into (I)  
240 within two years after the date a report of unclaimed property is  
241 required to be filed under section 3-65a, or (II) between the date such a  
242 report is required to be filed under said section and the date it is filed  
243 under said section, whichever period is longer; (ii) such agreement is  
244 entered into within two years after the date of posting of the notice  
245 required by section 3-66a; or (iii) pursuant to such agreement, any  
246 person undertakes to locate property included in a report of unclaimed  
247 property that is required to be filed under section 3-65a for a fee or other  
248 compensation exceeding ten per cent of the value of the recoverable  
249 property.

250 (B) No agreement entered into on or after January 1, 2023, to locate  
251 property shall be valid if: (i) Such agreement is entered into (I) within  
252 two years after the date a report of unclaimed property is required to be  
253 filed under section 3-65a, or (II) between the date such a report is  
254 required to be filed under said section and the date it is filed under said  
255 section, whichever period is longer; or (ii) pursuant to such agreement,  
256 any person undertakes to locate property included in a report of  
257 unclaimed property that is required to be filed under section 3-65a for a  
258 fee or other compensation exceeding ten per cent of the value of the  
259 recoverable property.

260 (2) (A) An agreement entered into prior to January 1, 2025, to locate  
261 property shall be valid only if it is in writing, signed by the owner, and  
262 discloses the nature and value of the property, and the owner's share  
263 after the fee or compensation has been subtracted is clearly stipulated.  
264 [Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an owner from  
265 asserting, at any time, that any agreement to locate property is based  
266 upon excessive or unjust consideration.]

267 (B) An agreement entered into on or after January 1, 2025, to locate

268 property or to otherwise obtain an interest in unclaimed property shall  
269 be valid only if in writing, signed by the owner and clearly and  
270 conspicuously discloses (i) the nature and value of the property, (ii) the  
271 owner's share after the fee or compensation has been subtracted from  
272 such value, and (iii) that the owner may file a claim directly with the  
273 Treasurer at no cost and the method through which such claim may be  
274 filed.

275 (3) Any solicitation made to locate or otherwise obtain an interest in  
276 unclaimed property shall clearly and conspicuously disclose in a written  
277 statement that (A) any individual may search for and file a claim for  
278 such property directly with the Treasurer at no cost, and (B) the method  
279 through which such claim may be filed.

280 (4) Any claim for unclaimed property filed with the Treasurer  
281 pursuant to an agreement or solicitation under this subsection, shall  
282 include an unredacted version of any such agreement or solicitation to  
283 permit the Treasurer to determine whether such agreement or  
284 solicitation complies with the requirements of this subsection.

285 (5) The Treasurer may withhold payment of a claim for unclaimed  
286 property to anyone other than the owner (A) for failure to comply with  
287 the requirements of subdivision (4) of this subsection, or (B) if the  
288 Treasurer determines that the solicitation or agreement to locate or  
289 otherwise obtain an interest in such unclaimed property does not  
290 comply with any other requirement of this subsection.

291 (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an owner  
292 from asserting, at any time, that an agreement to locate or to otherwise  
293 obtain an interest in unclaimed property is based upon excessive or  
294 unjust consideration.

295 Sec. 7. (NEW) *(Effective from passage)* The Commissioner of Revenue  
296 Services and the Treasurer shall enter into an agreement for the  
297 disclosure of return information, or other relevant information in the  
298 commissioner's possession, to the Treasurer to facilitate (1) the  
299 identification of the rightful owner of unclaimed property under part III

300 of chapter 32 of the general statutes, and (2) the payment of claims via  
301 electronic deposit or other electronic means. No provision of any such  
302 agreement shall unnecessarily delay or impede the Treasurer's ability to  
303 comply with any requirements for such payment required by law.

304 Sec. 8. Subsection (b) of section 12-15 of the 2024 supplement to the  
305 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
306 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

307 (b) The commissioner may disclose (1) returns or return information  
308 to (A) an authorized representative of another state agency or office,  
309 upon written request by the head of such agency or office, when  
310 required in the course of duty or when there is reasonable cause to  
311 believe that any state law is being violated, or (B) an authorized  
312 representative of an agency or office of the United States, upon written  
313 request by the head of such agency or office, when required in the course  
314 of duty or when there is reasonable cause to believe that any federal law  
315 is being violated, provided no such agency or office shall disclose such  
316 returns or return information, other than in a judicial or administrative  
317 proceeding to which such agency or office is a party pertaining to the  
318 enforcement of state or federal law, as the case may be, in a form which  
319 can be associated with, or otherwise identify, directly or indirectly, a  
320 particular taxpayer except that the names and addresses of jurors or  
321 potential jurors and the fact that the names were derived from the list of  
322 taxpayers pursuant to chapter 884 may be disclosed by the Judicial  
323 Branch; (2) returns or return information to the Auditors of Public  
324 Accounts, when required in the course of duty under chapter 23; (3)  
325 returns or return information to tax officers of another state or of a  
326 Canadian province or of a political subdivision of such other state or  
327 province or of the District of Columbia or to any officer of the United  
328 States Treasury Department or the United States Department of Health  
329 and Human Services, authorized for such purpose in accordance with  
330 an agreement between this state and such other state, province, political  
331 subdivision, the District of Columbia or department, respectively, when  
332 required in the administration of taxes imposed under the laws of such  
333 other state, province, political subdivision, the District of Columbia or

334 the United States, respectively, and when a reciprocal arrangement  
335 exists; (4) returns or return information in any action, case or proceeding  
336 in any court of competent jurisdiction, when the commissioner or any  
337 other state department or agency is a party, and when such information  
338 is directly involved in such action, case or proceeding; (5) returns or  
339 return information to a taxpayer or its authorized representative, upon  
340 written request for a return filed by or return information on such  
341 taxpayer; (6) returns or return information to a successor, receiver,  
342 trustee, executor, administrator, assignee, guardian or guarantor of a  
343 taxpayer, when such person establishes, to the satisfaction of the  
344 commissioner, that such person has a material interest which will be  
345 affected by information contained in such returns or return information;  
346 (7) information to the assessor or an authorized representative of the  
347 chief executive officer of a Connecticut municipality, when the  
348 information disclosed is limited to (A) a list of real or personal property  
349 that is or may be subject to property taxes in such municipality, or (B) a  
350 list containing the name of each person who is issued any license, permit  
351 or certificate which is required, under the provisions of this title, to be  
352 conspicuously displayed and whose address is in such municipality; (8)  
353 real estate conveyance tax return information or controlling interest  
354 transfer tax return information to the town clerk or an authorized  
355 representative of the chief executive officer of a Connecticut  
356 municipality to which the information relates; (9) estate tax returns and  
357 estate tax return information to the Probate Court Administrator or to  
358 the court of probate for the district within which a decedent resided at  
359 the date of the decedent's death, or within which the commissioner  
360 contends that a decedent resided at the date of the decedent's death or,  
361 if a decedent died a nonresident of this state, in the court of probate for  
362 the district within which real estate or tangible personal property of the  
363 decedent is situated, or within which the commissioner contends that  
364 real estate or tangible personal property of the decedent is situated; (10)  
365 returns or return information to the (A) Secretary of the Office of Policy  
366 and Management for purposes of subsection (b) of section 12-7a, and (B)  
367 Office of Fiscal Analysis for purposes of, and subject to the provisions  
368 of, subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of section 12-7b; (11) return

369 information to the Jury Administrator or Clerk of the United States  
370 District Court for the District of Connecticut, when the information  
371 disclosed is limited to the names, addresses, federal Social Security  
372 numbers and dates of birth, if available, of residents of this state, as  
373 defined in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 12-701; (12) returns  
374 or return information to any person to the extent necessary in  
375 connection with the processing, storage, transmission or reproduction  
376 of such returns or return information, and the programming,  
377 maintenance, repair, testing or procurement of equipment, or the  
378 providing of other services, for purposes of tax administration; (13)  
379 without written request and unless the commissioner determines that  
380 disclosure would identify a confidential informant or seriously impair a  
381 civil or criminal tax investigation, returns and return information which  
382 may constitute evidence of a violation of any civil or criminal law of this  
383 state or the United States to the extent necessary to apprise the head of  
384 such agency or office charged with the responsibility of enforcing such  
385 law, in which event the head of such agency or office may disclose such  
386 return information to officers and employees of such agency or office to  
387 the extent necessary to enforce such law; (14) names and addresses of  
388 operators, as defined in section 12-407, to tourism districts, as defined in  
389 section 10-397; (15) names of each licensed dealer, as defined in section  
390 12-285, and the location of the premises covered by the dealer's license;  
391 (16) to a tobacco product manufacturer that places funds into escrow  
392 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of section 4-28i, return  
393 information of a distributor licensed under the provisions of chapter 214  
394 or chapter 214a, provided the information disclosed is limited to  
395 information relating to such manufacturer's sales to consumers within  
396 this state, whether directly or through a distributor, dealer or similar  
397 intermediary or intermediaries, of cigarettes, as defined in section 4-28h,  
398 and further provided there is reasonable cause to believe that such  
399 manufacturer is not in compliance with section 4-28i; (17) returns or  
400 return information to the State Elections Enforcement Commission,  
401 upon written request by said commission, when necessary to investigate  
402 suspected violations of state election laws; (18) returns or return  
403 information for purposes of, and subject to the conditions of, subsection

404 (e) of section 5-240; (19) to the extent allowable under federal law, return  
 405 information to another state agency or to support a data request  
 406 submitted through CP20 WIN, established in section 10a-57g, in  
 407 accordance with the policies and procedures of CP20 WIN for the  
 408 purposes of evaluation or research, provided the recipient of such data  
 409 enters into a data sharing agreement pursuant to section 4-67aa if such  
 410 recipient is not a state agency; [and] (20) return information to the  
 411 Connecticut Health Insurance Exchange pursuant to section 12-156; and  
 412 (21) return information to the Treasurer pursuant to an agreement  
 413 entered into under section 7 of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	3-56a
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 3	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	3-65a
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	3-66a(c)
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	45a-179
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	3-70a(c)
Sec. 7	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	12-15(b)

**Statement of Purpose:**

To implement the Treasurer's recommendations for changes to the process for claiming unclaimed property, including by adding provisions concerning virtual currency, updating contact methods to include electronic means, requiring executors and administrators to search for unclaimed property prior to finalizing an estate through probate, adding requirements for paid finders of unclaimed property and requiring the Commissioner of Revenue Services to agree to provide certain information to the Treasurer.

*[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]*