

**AN ACT CONCERNING NONRESIDENT LANDLORD REGISTRATION  
AND INCREASING PENALTIES FOR REPEAT BUILDING AND FIRE  
CODE VIOLATIONS.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 47a-6a of the 2024 supplement to the general  
2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
3 (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

4 (a) As used in this section: [ ]

5 (1) ["address"] "Address" means a location as described by the full  
6 street number, if any, the street name, the city or town, and the state,  
7 and not a mailing address such as a post office box; [ ]

8 (2) ["dwelling unit"] "Dwelling unit" means any house or building, or  
9 portion thereof, which is rented, leased or hired out to be occupied, or  
10 is arranged or designed to be occupied, or is occupied, as the home or  
11 residence of one or more persons, living independently of each other,  
12 and doing their cooking upon the premises, and having a common right  
13 in the halls, stairways or yards; [ ]

14 (3) ["agent in charge"] "Agent in charge" or "agent" means [one] an  
15 individual who manages real [estate] property, including, but not  
16 limited to, the collection of rents and supervision and maintenance of  
17 such property, including for the purposes of compliance with state and  
18 local codes;

19 (4) ["controlling participant"] "Controlling participant" means an  
20 individual [that] who exercises day-to-day financial or operational  
21 control; [, and]

22 (5) ["project-based housing provider"] "Project-based housing  
23 provider" means a property owner who contracts with the United States  
24 Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide housing to  
25 tenants under the federal Housing Choice Voucher Program, 42 USC  
26 1437f(o);

27 (6) "Identifying information" means proof of an individual's name,  
28 date of birth, current residential address, motor vehicle operator's  
29 license number or other identification number issued by any  
30 government agency or entity;

31 (7) "Nonresident owner" means an individual who does not reside at  
32 rental real property who is (A) an owner, as defined in section 47a-1, of  
33 such real property, or (B) the controlling participant of the entity that  
34 owns such real property; and

35 (8) "Population" means the number of persons according to the most  
36 recent federal decennial census.

37 (b) Any municipality may, and any municipality with a population  
38 of not less than twenty-five thousand shall, require the nonresident  
39 owner or project-based housing provider of occupied or vacant rental  
40 real property to report to the tax assessor, or other municipal [office]  
41 officer designated by the municipality, the current residential address  
42 of the nonresident owner or project-based housing provider of such  
43 property, if the nonresident owner or project-based housing provider is  
44 an individual, or the current residential address of the agent in charge  
45 of the building, if the nonresident owner or project-based housing  
46 provider is a corporation, partnership, trust or other legally recognized  
47 entity owning rental real property in the state. If the nonresident owners  
48 or project-based housing providers are a corporation, partnership, trust  
49 or other legally recognized entity owning rental real property in the

50 state, such report shall also include identifying information and the  
51 current residential address of each controlling participant associated  
52 with the property. If such residential address changes, notice of the new  
53 residential address shall be provided by such nonresident owner,  
54 project-based housing provider or agent in charge of the building to the  
55 office of the tax assessor or other designated municipal office not more  
56 than twenty-one days after the date that the address change occurred. If  
57 the nonresident owner, project-based housing provider or agent fails to  
58 file an address under this section, the address to which the municipality  
59 mails property tax bills for the rental real property shall be deemed to  
60 be the nonresident owner, project-based housing provider or agent's  
61 current address. Such address may be used for compliance with the  
62 provisions of subsection [(c)] (d) of this section.

63 (c) In addition to the residential address required pursuant to  
64 subsection (b) of this section, any municipality with a population of not  
65 less than twenty-five thousand shall require the nonresident owner,  
66 project-based housing provider or agent in charge to report to the tax  
67 assessor, or other municipal officer designated by the municipality,  
68 accurate identifying information concerning such nonresident owner,  
69 project-based housing provider or agent in charge.

70 [(c)] (d) Service of state or municipal orders relating to maintenance  
71 of such rental real property or compliance with state law and local codes  
72 concerning such real property directed to the nonresident owner,  
73 project-based housing provider or agent at the address on file, or  
74 deemed to be on file in accordance with the provisions of this section,  
75 shall be sufficient proof of service of notice of such orders in any  
76 subsequent criminal or civil action against the owner, project-based  
77 housing provider or agent for failure to comply with the orders. The  
78 provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the validity of  
79 any other means of giving notice of such orders that may be used by the  
80 state or such municipality.

81 [(d)] (e) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall

82 have committed [an infraction] a violation.

83 [(e)] (f) Any report provided to a tax assessor pursuant to subsection  
84 (b) or (c) of this section [on or after October 1, 2023,] shall be confidential  
85 and shall not be disclosed under chapter 14.

86 Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 47a-7 of the general statutes is  
87 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*  
88 *1, 2024*):

89 (a) A landlord shall: (1) Comply with the requirements of chapter  
90 368o and all applicable building and housing codes materially affecting  
91 health and safety of both the state or any political subdivision thereof;  
92 (2) make all repairs and do whatever is necessary to put and keep the  
93 premises in a fit and habitable condition, except where the premises are  
94 intentionally rendered unfit or uninhabitable by the tenant, a member  
95 of his family or other person on the premises with his consent, in which  
96 case such duty shall be the responsibility of the tenant; (3) keep all  
97 common areas of the premises in a clean and safe condition; (4) maintain  
98 in good and safe working order and condition all electrical, plumbing,  
99 sanitary, heating, ventilating and other facilities and appliances and  
100 elevators, supplied or required to be supplied by him; (5) provide and  
101 maintain appropriate receptacles for the removal of ashes, garbage,  
102 rubbish and other waste incidental to the occupancy of the dwelling unit  
103 and arrange for their removal; [and] (6) supply running water and  
104 reasonable amounts of hot water at all times and reasonable heat except  
105 if the building which includes the dwelling unit is not required by law  
106 to be equipped for that purpose or if the dwelling unit is so constructed  
107 that heat or hot water is generated by an installation within the exclusive  
108 control of the tenant or supplied by a direct public utility connection;  
109 and (7) comply with the requirements of section 47a-6a, as amended by  
110 this act.

111 Sec. 3. Section 29-254a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
112 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

113 Any person who violates any provision of the State Building Code  
114 shall, for a first offense, be fined not less than two hundred dollars or  
115 more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than six  
116 months, or both, and, for any subsequent offense, be fined not less than  
117 five hundred dollars or more than two thousand dollars or imprisoned  
118 not more than one year, or both.

119 Sec. 4. Section 29-291c of the general statutes is repealed and the  
120 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

121 (a) When the State Fire Marshal or a local fire marshal ascertains that  
122 there exists in any building, or upon any premises, a condition that  
123 violates the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code, the State Fire  
124 Marshal or local fire marshal shall order such condition remedied by the  
125 owner or occupant of such building or premises. Any such remedy shall  
126 be in conformance with all building codes, ordinances, rules and  
127 regulations of the municipality involved. Such owner or occupant shall  
128 be subject to the penalties prescribed by subsection (e) of this section  
129 and, in addition, may be fined fifty dollars a day for each day's  
130 continuance of each violation, to be recovered in a proper action in the  
131 name of the state.

132 (b) Upon failure of an owner or occupant to abate or remedy a  
133 violation pursuant to subsection (a) of this section within a reasonable  
134 period of time specified by the State Fire Marshal or the local fire  
135 marshal, the local fire marshal shall promptly notify, in writing, the  
136 prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction in the municipality in which  
137 such violation or condition exists of all of the relevant facts. The local  
138 fire marshal may request the chief executive officer, any official of the  
139 municipality authorized to institute actions on behalf of the  
140 municipality in which the hazard exists or the State Fire Marshal, to  
141 apply to any court of equitable jurisdiction for an injunction against  
142 such owner or occupant for the purpose of closing or restricting from  
143 public service or use the place or premises containing the violation or  
144 condition until the violation or condition has been remedied, or the State

145 Fire Marshal may apply for such an injunction without such request.

146 (c) The State Fire Marshal or any local fire marshal empowered to  
147 enforce the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code may, as an  
148 alternative to issuing an order pursuant to subsection (a) of this section,  
149 give the owner or occupant a written citation for any violation of the  
150 applicable code. No such citation may be issued if the owner or  
151 occupant has been previously issued a citation for the same violation by  
152 the State Fire Marshal or the local fire marshal within six months prior  
153 to the current violation. Such citation shall contain the name and  
154 address, if known, of the owner or occupant, the specific offense  
155 charged and the time and place of the violation. The citation shall be  
156 signed by the State Fire Marshal or local fire marshal and shall be signed  
157 by the owner or occupant in acknowledgment that such citation has  
158 been received. The State Fire Marshal or local fire marshal shall, if  
159 practicable, deliver a copy of the citation to the owner or occupant at the  
160 time and place of the violation or shall use some other reasonable means  
161 of notification. Any person who is issued a citation for violation of any  
162 provision of the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code in  
163 accordance with this subsection shall be fined not more than two  
164 hundred fifty dollars.

165 (d) If a local fire marshal issues a citation pursuant to subsection (c)  
166 of this section, the state shall remit to the municipalities in which the  
167 violations occurred ninety per cent of the proceeds of the fine and shall  
168 remit to the State Treasurer the remaining ten per cent. If the State Fire  
169 Marshal issues a citation pursuant to said subsection, the state shall  
170 remit to the State Treasurer the entire proceeds of the fine. Each clerk of  
171 the Superior Court or the Chief Court Administrator, on or before the  
172 thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, shall  
173 certify to the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter  
174 under this subsection to each municipality served by the office of the  
175 clerk or official.

176 (e) In addition to the fine prescribed in subsection (a) of this section,

177 any person who violates any provision of the State Fire Prevention Code  
178 or Fire Safety Code shall, for a first offense, be fined not less than two  
179 hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars or be imprisoned  
180 not more than six months, or both, and, for any subsequent offense, be  
181 fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand  
182 dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

183 Sec. 5. Section 29-394 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
184 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

185 Any person who, by himself or his agent, fails to comply with the  
186 written order of a building inspector for the provision of additional exit  
187 facilities in a building, the repair or alteration of a building or the  
188 removal of a building or any portion thereof, shall, for a first offense, be  
189 fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand  
190 dollars or imprisoned not more than six months, or both, and, for any  
191 subsequent offense, be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more  
192 than two thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or  
193 both.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	47a-6a
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	47a-7(a)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	29-254a
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	29-291c
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	29-394