

AN ACT CONCERNING MORTGAGE FORECLOSURES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) Notwithstanding any
2 provision of the general statutes, an action to foreclose a mortgage on
3 residential real property, as defined in section 49-31k of the general
4 statutes, shall not be commenced following the earliest of:

5 (1) Ten years from the date fixed for the making of the last payment
6 or the maturity date set forth in the mortgage or the note, bond or other
7 obligation secured by the mortgage, whether the date is itself set forth
8 or may be calculated from information contained in the mortgage or
9 note, bond or other obligation, except if the date fixed for the making of
10 the last payment or the maturity date has been extended by a written
11 instrument, the action to foreclose shall not be commenced after ten
12 years from the extended date under the terms of the written instrument;

13 (2) Forty years from the date of recording of the mortgage, or, if the
14 mortgage is not recorded, forty years from the date of execution,
15 provided the mortgage itself does not provide for a period of repayment
16 in excess of forty years; or

17 (3) Ten years from the date on which the debtor defaulted, which
18 default has not been cured, as to any of the obligations or covenants
19 contained in the mortgage or in the note, bond or other obligation
20 secured by the mortgage, except if the date to perform any of the
21 obligations or covenants has been extended by a written instrument or

22 payment on account has been made, the action to foreclose shall not be
23 commenced after ten years from the date on which the default or
24 payment on account thereof occurred under the terms of the written
25 instrument.

26 Sec. 2. Section 49-13a of the general statutes is repealed and the
27 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2024*):

28 (a) When record title to real property remains encumbered by any
29 undischarged mortgage, and the mortgagor or those owning the
30 mortgagor's interest therein have been in undisturbed possession of the
31 property for at least [twenty] ten years after the expiration of the time
32 limited in the mortgage for the full performance of the conditions
33 thereof, or for at least forty years from the recording of the mortgage if
34 the mortgage does not disclose the time when the note or indebtedness
35 is payable or the time for full performance of the conditions of the
36 mortgage, unless a notice is recorded pursuant to subsection (b) of this
37 section, the mortgage shall be invalid as a further lien against the real
38 property, provided an affidavit, subscribed and sworn to by the party
39 in possession, stating the fact of such possession, is recorded on the land
40 records of the town in which the property is situated.

41 (b) The record holder of an undischarged mortgage on real property
42 may, prior to the expiration of the applicable time period specified in
43 subsection (a) of this section, record a notice, on the land records of the
44 town in which the property is situated, that contains: (1) The name or
45 names of the mortgagors; (2) the recording information for the mortgage
46 and any assignment of the mortgage; and (3) a statement of the reasons
47 why the mortgage is valid and effective. Upon the recording of such
48 notice in accordance with this subsection, the applicable time period
49 after which the mortgage shall be invalid as a further lien against the
50 real property as provided in subsection (a) of this section shall be tolled
51 for a period of ten years from the recording of such notice. Any such
52 notice shall be indexed in the grantor's index under the name or names
53 of the mortgagors and in the grantee's index under the name of the

54 record holder of the mortgage.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	49-13a