



General Assembly

**Substitute Bill No. 1069**

January Session, 2023



**AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO CERTAIN DOMESTIC ANIMAL RELATED STATUTES.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subsections (e) to (h), inclusive, of section 22-329a of the  
2 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
3 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

4 (e) If physical custody of an animal has not been taken pursuant to  
5 subsection (a) or (b) of this section, and such officer has reasonable  
6 cause to believe that an animal is neglected or is cruelly treated in  
7 violation of section 22-366, 22-415, 53-247, 53-248, 53-249, 53-249a, 53-  
8 250, 53-251 or 53-252, such officer may file a petition with the superior  
9 court which has venue over such matter or with the superior court for  
10 the judicial district of Hartford at Hartford, plainly stating such facts of  
11 neglect or cruel treatment as to bring the animal within the jurisdiction  
12 of the court and praying for appropriate action by the court to ensure  
13 the welfare of the animal, including, but not limited to, physical  
14 removal and temporary care and custody of the animal, an order to  
15 compel the owner of any such animal to provide care in a manner that  
16 the court determines is necessary, authorization of an animal control  
17 officer or regional animal control officer appointed pursuant to section  
18 22-328, 22-331 or 22-331a, as applicable, or a licensed veterinarian to  
19 provide care for the animal on site, vesting of ownership of the animal,

20 the posting of a bond in accordance with subsection (f) of this section  
21 and the assessment of costs in accordance with subsection (h) of this  
22 section. Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall cause a  
23 summons for an order to show cause to be issued requiring the owner  
24 or owners or person having responsibility for the care of the animal, if  
25 known, to appear in court at the time and place named. If the owner or  
26 owners or person having responsibility for the care of the animal is not  
27 known, notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given by  
28 publication in a newspaper having a circulation in the town where the  
29 animal is located not less than forty-eight hours prior to the date and  
30 time of the hearing. If it appears from the allegations of the petition  
31 filed pursuant to this subsection and other affirmations of fact  
32 accompanying the petition, or provided subsequent thereto, that there  
33 is reasonable cause to find that the animal's condition or the  
34 circumstances surrounding its care require the immediate removal of  
35 the animal from the owner or owners or person having responsibility  
36 for the care of the animal to safeguard its welfare, the court shall issue  
37 an order vesting in some suitable state, municipal or other public or  
38 private agency or person the animal's temporary care and custody  
39 pending a hearing on the petition which hearing shall be held not later  
40 than ten days after the issuance of such order for such temporary care  
41 and custody. The service of such order may be made by any officer  
42 authorized by law to serve process, state police officer or indifferent  
43 person and shall be served not less than forty-eight hours prior to the  
44 date and time of such hearing.

45 (f) If the court issues an order vesting the animal's temporary care  
46 and custody in some suitable state, municipal or other public or  
47 private agency or person, the owner or owners shall either relinquish  
48 ownership of the animal or post a [surety bond or] cash bond with the  
49 agency or person in whom the animal's temporary care and custody  
50 was vested or with such agency's counsel of record in the case. The  
51 [surety bond or] cash bond shall be in the amount of [five hundred]  
52 one thousand dollars for each animal placed in the temporary care or  
53 custody of such agency or person and shall secure payment for the

54 reasonable expenses of the agency or person having temporary care  
55 and custody of the animal in caring and providing for such animal  
56 until the court makes a finding as to the animal's disposition under  
57 subsection (g) of this section. The requirement that a bond be posted  
58 may be waived if such owner provides satisfactory evidence that such  
59 owner is indigent and unable to pay for such bond.

60 (g) (1) If, after hearing, the court finds that the animal is neglected or  
61 cruelly treated, it shall vest ownership of the animal in any state,  
62 municipal or other public or private agency which is permitted by law  
63 to care for neglected or cruelly treated animals or with any person  
64 found to be suitable or worthy of such responsibility by the court.

65 (2) If, after hearing, the court finds that the animal is so injured or  
66 diseased that it should be humanely euthanized, the court may order  
67 that such animal be humanely euthanized by a licensed veterinarian.

68 (3) If, after hearing, the court finds that the animal is not neglected  
69 or cruelly treated, it may cause the animal to be returned to its owner  
70 or owners or person having responsibility for its care or, if such owner  
71 or owners or person is unknown or unwilling to resume caring for  
72 such animal, it may vest ownership of the animal in any state,  
73 municipal or other public or private agency or person found to be  
74 suitable or worthy of such responsibility.

75 (4) If the court makes a finding under subdivision (1) or (2) of this  
76 subsection less than thirty days after the issuance of an order of  
77 temporary care and custody and the owner of the animal has posted a  
78 bond, the agency or person with whom the bond was posted shall  
79 return the balance of such bond, if any, to the owner. The amount of  
80 the bond to be returned to the owner shall be calculated at the rate of  
81 fifteen dollars per day per animal or twenty-five dollars per day per  
82 animal if the animal is a horse or other large livestock for the number  
83 of days less than thirty that such agency or person has not had  
84 temporary care and custody of the animal less any veterinary costs and  
85 expenses incurred for the welfare of the animal.

86 (5) If the court makes a finding under subdivision (3) of this  
87 subsection after the issuance of an order of temporary care and  
88 custody and the owner of the animal has posted a bond, the agency or  
89 person with whom the bond was posted shall return such bond to such  
90 owner.

91 (h) If the court finds that the animal is neglected or cruelly treated,  
92 the expenses incurred by the state or a municipality in providing  
93 proper food, shelter and care to an animal it has taken custody of  
94 under subsection (a) or (b) of this section and the expenses incurred by  
95 any state, municipal or other public or private agency or person in  
96 providing temporary care and custody pursuant to an order vesting  
97 temporary care and custody, calculated at the rate of [fifteen] twenty  
98 dollars per day per animal or [twenty-five] thirty dollars per day per  
99 animal if the animal is a horse or other large livestock until the date  
100 ownership is vested pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (g) of  
101 this section shall be paid by the owner or owners or person having  
102 responsibility for the care of the animal. In addition, all veterinary  
103 costs and expenses incurred for the welfare of the animal [that are not  
104 covered by the per diem rate] shall be paid by the owner or owners or  
105 person having responsibility for the animal.

106 Sec. 2. Section 22-334 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
107 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

108 On or before the tenth day of each month, each municipal animal  
109 control officer shall [present to the chief administrative officer of the  
110 town a sworn statement of the services rendered by the municipal  
111 animal control officer in the performance of official duties during the  
112 previous month] report their services rendered in the performance of  
113 their official duties for the previous month to the Commissioner of  
114 Agriculture and the chief administrative officer for the town or region  
115 in which such services were rendered. The commissioner shall  
116 prescribe and provide the forms for such statements. [and a copy of  
117 each such statement shall be forwarded to the commissioner by the  
118 chief administrative officer promptly upon receipt. Upon presentation

119 of such statement, each municipal animal control officer, other than an  
120 officer employed on a salary basis, shall be paid by such city or town  
121 from the dog fund account (1) five dollars for each dog returned to its  
122 owner or sold as a pet and four dollars for each dog captured,  
123 impounded and killed, or otherwise disposed of as provided in this  
124 chapter, (2) such expenses as the appointing authority may approve  
125 and (3) such other remuneration as the officers having jurisdiction  
126 thereof direct. Each municipal animal control officer employed on a  
127 salary basis shall be paid, in addition to a regular salary, a bonus of  
128 one dollar for each dog returned to its owner or sold as a pet. Each  
129 municipal animal control officer shall pay to the town treasurer or  
130 other fiscal officer for deposit in the dog fund account all moneys  
131 received by the officer in the performance of official duties. Each  
132 regional animal control officer shall pay to the commissioner for  
133 deposit with the State Treasurer all such moneys received by the  
134 officer. Such moneys shall be deposited in the dog fund account and  
135 credited to the town from which it was collected for purposes of  
136 payment of the amount due under subsection (b) of section 22-331a.]

137 Sec. 3. Section 22-342 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
138 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

139 (a) Any owner or keeper of a [kennel who] facility that breeds more  
140 than two litters of dogs annually shall apply to the town clerk in the  
141 town in which such [kennel] facility is located for a breeding kennel  
142 facility license. Any owner or keeper of a [kennel who] facility that  
143 breeds not more than two litters of dogs annually may apply to the  
144 town clerk of the town in which such [kennel] facility is located for a  
145 breeding kennel facility license. For the purposes of this section,  
146 annually shall refer to the breeding kennel facility license year which  
147 begins July first. Such town clerk shall issue to such applicant a  
148 breeding kennel facility license on a form prescribed by the  
149 commissioner for a period from the date of such application until the  
150 thirtieth day of the ensuing June. The license shall specify the name  
151 and number of the breeding kennel, the name of the owner and the

152 name of the keeper and shall be in lieu of any other license required for  
153 any dog of either sex which may be kept in such breeding kennel  
154 during the period for which the license is issued. Each license may be  
155 renewed from year to year by the town clerk upon application of such  
156 owner or keeper. Each such owner or keeper shall cause to be kept,  
157 upon each dog in such breeding kennel, while it is at large, a collar or  
158 harness of leather or other suitable material, to which collar or harness  
159 shall be securely attached a tag or plate upon which shall appear the  
160 number of the breeding kennel facility license, the name of the town  
161 issuing the license and the year of license. Such plates or tags shall be  
162 furnished by the town clerk of the town in which such breeding kennel  
163 facility is licensed, at a cost of ten cents each, in such numbers, not  
164 fewer than the number of dogs kept in such breeding kennel, and at  
165 such time as the licensee may request. The fee for each breeding kennel  
166 facility license, when no more than ten dogs are kept in the breeding  
167 kennel, shall be fifty dollars, and for a license for a breeding kennel  
168 containing more than ten dogs, the fee shall be one hundred dollars,  
169 except that in the case of a breeding kennel started after the first day of  
170 July, the license fee for the remainder of the year shall be a  
171 proportional part of the fee charged for one year. If the owner or  
172 keeper of any established [kennel] facility fails to obtain the breeding  
173 kennel facility license, as required by this section, on or before June  
174 thirtieth, [he] such owner or keeper shall pay one dollar for each dog  
175 kept therein, in addition to the regular breeding kennel facility license  
176 fee.

177 (b) [The commissioner, the Chief Animal Control Officer or any  
178 state animal control officer may at any time inspect any kennel  
179 including all facilities of any kennel in which dogs are bred or housed  
180 or cause it to be inspected by a Connecticut licensed veterinarian  
181 appointed by the commissioner. If, in the judgment of the  
182 commissioner, such kennel is not being maintained in good repair and  
183 in a sanitary and humane manner or if the commissioner finds that  
184 communicable or infectious disease or other unsatisfactory conditions  
185 exist in the kennel, he may issue such orders as he deems necessary for

186 the correction of such conditions and may quarantine the premises and  
187 animals. If the owner or keeper of such kennel fails to comply with  
188 such orders, the commissioner shall revoke or suspend the kennel  
189 license of such owner or keeper.] Any facility used as a breeding  
190 kennel may be inspected by any animal control officer appointed  
191 pursuant to section 22-331 or 22-331a with jurisdiction in the  
192 municipality in which the breeding kennel facility is located and upon  
193 receipt of any complaint concerning such facility. Such inspection may  
194 include review of the sanitary conditions in which the dogs are kept,  
195 compliance with any dog's access to proper and wholesome food,  
196 water, exercise and veterinary care when necessary, including rabies  
197 vaccinations and records of veterinary care and the transfer of dogs or  
198 puppies to new owners. Any crate or other enclosures in which dogs  
199 are kept for more than four hours shall be clean and in good repair  
200 such that they do not pose a hazard to the dogs and shall be of  
201 sufficient size as to allow the dogs to stand, sit, lie down, turn around  
202 and make normal postural movements. If any such animal control  
203 officer finds conditions exist in the breeding kennel facility that may  
204 adversely affect the health, safety and welfare of the dogs, such officer  
205 may issue such orders as are necessary for the correction of such  
206 conditions. If such animal control officer suspects a communicable or  
207 infectious disease is present, such officer may order the licensee to  
208 consult a licensed veterinarian in this state at such licensee's own  
209 expense to address the suspected health condition. The licensee shall  
210 be required to implement any recommendations and orders of the  
211 animal control officer and any recommendations of the attending  
212 veterinarian. The municipality may suspend, revoke or refuse to issue  
213 any license under this section for cause.

214 (c) Any person aggrieved by any order issued under the provisions  
215 of this section may appeal to the [Superior Court in accordance with  
216 the provisions of section 4-183] superior court of the judicial district in  
217 which such municipality is located, provided such appeal is made not  
218 later than fifteen days after the date of the order.

219 (d) Any person maintaining a breeding kennel facility after such  
220 license has been revoked or suspended as herein provided shall be  
221 guilty of a class [B] D misdemeanor.

222 (e) Any owner or keeper of a breeding kennel who breeds more  
223 than two litters of dogs annually and (1) fails to apply for a breeding  
224 kennel facility license as required in subsection (a) of this section, [or]  
225 (2) fails to allow an inspection of such facility as required in subsection  
226 (b) of this section, or (3) fails to comply with an order issued pursuant  
227 to subsection (b) of this section, shall for a first offense have committed  
228 an infraction and for a second or subsequent offense be guilty of a class  
229 [B] D misdemeanor.

230 (f) Any person found guilty of violating section 53-247 shall not be  
231 eligible to hold a license issued pursuant to this section. Any business  
232 entity with any person with a controlling interest who is found guilty  
233 of violating section 53-247 shall not be eligible to hold a license issued  
234 pursuant to this section.

235 Sec. 4. Section 22-344 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
236 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

237 (a) (1) No person shall maintain a commercial kennel until [he] such  
238 person has obtained from the commissioner a license to maintain such  
239 kennel under such regulations as the commissioner provides as to  
240 sanitation, disease and humane treatment of dogs or cats and the  
241 protection of the public safety. Upon written application and the  
242 payment of a fee of four hundred dollars, the commissioner shall issue  
243 such license to be effective until the second December thirty-first  
244 following issuance provided the commissioner finds (A) that such  
245 regulations have been complied with, and (B) in the case of each initial  
246 application for such license, that the zoning enforcement official of the  
247 municipality wherein such kennel is to be maintained has certified that  
248 the kennel conforms to the municipal zoning regulations. Such license  
249 shall be renewed biennially, not later than December thirty-first, in  
250 accordance with the provisions of this section, and may be transferred



251 by the licensee to another premises upon approval of the  
252 commissioner.

253 (2) Any person who maintains a commercial kennel and who  
254 advertises the services of such commercial kennel shall cause the  
255 license number for such commercial kennel, as issued pursuant to this  
256 section, to clearly appear in such advertisement. The commissioner  
257 may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to prescribe the  
258 requirements for the appearance of the license number of a commercial  
259 kennel in any form of advertisement. Such regulation may include, but  
260 need not be limited to, the size, font and location of such license  
261 number for any given form of advertisement.

262 (3) For purposes of this subsection, no person who boards three or  
263 fewer cats or dogs in his or her residence shall be required to obtain a  
264 commercial kennel license pursuant to this subsection.

265 (b) No person shall maintain a pet shop until [he] such person has  
266 obtained from the commissioner a license to maintain such pet shop  
267 under such regulations as the commissioner provides as to sanitation,  
268 disease and humane treatment of animals and the protection of the  
269 public safety. Upon written application and the payment of a fee of  
270 four hundred dollars, the commissioner shall issue such license to be  
271 effective until the second December thirty-first following issuance  
272 provided the commissioner finds (1) that such regulations have been  
273 complied with, and (2) in the case of each initial application for such  
274 license, that the zoning enforcement official of the municipality  
275 wherein such pet shop is to be maintained has certified that the pet  
276 shop conforms to the municipal zoning regulations. Application for  
277 renewal of such license shall be made biennially by not later than the  
278 second December thirty-first following issuance. Such pet shop license  
279 may be transferred by the licensee to another premises upon the  
280 approval of the commissioner. The commissioner, after consultation  
281 with the Commissioners of Public Health and Energy and  
282 Environmental Protection, shall establish and maintain, pursuant to  
283 regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54, a list of animals

284 which are deemed to be injurious to the health and safety of the public  
285 or whose maintenance in captivity is detrimental to the health and  
286 safety of the animal. The sale or offer of sale of any animal which is on  
287 said list is prohibited and any person who violates this provision shall  
288 be fined not more than five hundred dollars.

289 (c) No person shall engage in the business of grooming or  
290 maintaining a grooming facility until such person has obtained from  
291 the commissioner a license to maintain such facility under such  
292 regulations as the commissioner provides as to sanitation, disease and  
293 humane treatment of such animals and the protection of the public  
294 safety. Upon written application and the payment of a fee of two  
295 hundred dollars, the commissioner shall issue such license to be  
296 effective until the second December thirty-first following issuance  
297 provided the commissioner finds (1) that such regulations have been  
298 complied with, and (2) in the case of each initial application for such  
299 license, that the zoning enforcement official of the municipality  
300 wherein such grooming is to be maintained has certified that the  
301 facility conforms to the municipal zoning regulations. Such license  
302 shall be renewed biennially, not later than the second December thirty-  
303 first following issuance, in accordance with the provisions of this  
304 section, and may be transferred by the licensee to other premises upon  
305 approval of the commissioner.

306 (d) No person shall maintain a training facility until such person has  
307 obtained from the commissioner a license to maintain such facility  
308 under such regulations as the commissioner provides as to sanitation,  
309 disease and humane treatment of such animals and the protection of  
310 public safety. Upon written application and the payment of a fee of  
311 two hundred dollars, the commissioner shall issue such license to be  
312 effective until the second December thirty-first following issuance  
313 provided the commissioner finds (1) that such regulations have been  
314 complied with, and (2) in the case of each initial application for such  
315 license, that the zoning enforcement official of the municipality  
316 wherein such training facility is to be maintained has certified that the

317 facility conforms to the municipal zoning regulations. Such license  
318 shall be renewed biennially not later than the second December thirty-  
319 first following issuance upon the terms required for the original license  
320 and may be transferred by the licensee to another premises upon  
321 approval of the commissioner.

322 (e) (1) No animal importer shall import any dog or cat into this state  
323 until such person registers as an animal importer with the  
324 commissioner. Such registration shall be on a form as prescribed by the  
325 commissioner. Such registration shall require the submission of the  
326 following information: (A) The name, mailing address, business  
327 address, telephone number and Internet address of such registrant, (B)  
328 if such registrant is domiciled out-of-state, the name, Connecticut  
329 address and phone number of a Connecticut-based agent for service of  
330 process, and (C) the number of animals brought into the state during  
331 the prior year by such animal importer and the state or country of  
332 origin for each such animal. Such registration shall be accompanied by  
333 payment of a fee of two hundred dollars and shall be valid until the  
334 second December thirty-first following such registration. Such  
335 registration shall be renewed biennially not later than the second  
336 December thirty-first following issuance, in accordance with the  
337 provisions of this subsection, provided the commissioner determines  
338 that such registrant complies with any requirements provided by the  
339 commissioner as to the health, safety and humane treatment of animals  
340 that is applicable to animal importers. Such registration shall not be  
341 required for any employee or volunteer of a registered animal  
342 importer or other person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the  
343 provisions of this chapter, provided such employee, volunteer or other  
344 person is not otherwise an animal importer. Any person who violates  
345 the provisions of this subdivision shall be fined not more than five  
346 hundred dollars.

347 (2) Any animal importer who intends to offer for sale, adoption or  
348 transfer any dog or cat at a venue or location that is open to the public  
349 or at an outdoor location, including, but not limited to, a parking lot or

350 shopping center, shall provide notice to the Department of Agriculture  
351 and the municipal zoning enforcement officer of the town where any  
352 such sale, adoption or transfer will occur, not later than ten days prior  
353 to such event. Such notice shall state the date for such sale, adoption or  
354 transfer event, the exact location of such event and the anticipated  
355 number of animals for sale, adoption or transfer at such event. Any  
356 person who fails to provide notice as required pursuant to this  
357 subdivision shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars per  
358 animal that is offered for sale, adoption or transfer at such event.

359 (3) For the purpose of this subsection, "animal importer" means a  
360 person who brings any dog or cat into this state from any other  
361 sovereign entity for the purpose of offering such dog or cat to any  
362 person for sale, adoption or transfer in exchange for any fee, sale,  
363 voluntary contribution, service or any other consideration. "Animal  
364 importer" includes any commercial or nonprofit animal rescue or  
365 adoption, humane relocation or delivery organization that is not  
366 otherwise required to be licensed under the provisions of this chapter.

367 (4) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to apply  
368 to any animal importer who offers a dog or cat for sale to a pet shop  
369 that is licensed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of  
370 this section, provided such animal is delivered directly to a pet shop.

371 (5) The Commissioner of Agriculture may inspect any animal  
372 imported by an animal importer or any record required to be kept by  
373 such animal importer, provided such inspection shall not authorize the  
374 entry of the commissioner into the residence of such animal importer.

375 (6) Not later than December 31, 2013, the Commissioner of  
376 Agriculture shall prescribe the conditions that constitute the humane  
377 treatment of animals that are applicable to animal importers. Such  
378 conditions shall include, but not be limited to, the appropriate shelter,  
379 availability of food and water and standard of care to be provided by  
380 an animal importer to such animals.

381 (f) No [person] individual or private entity shall operate or maintain  
382 an animal shelter until [he or she] such individual or private entity  
383 registers such animal shelter with the commissioner to operate and  
384 maintain such animal shelter under such regulations as the  
385 commissioner provides as to sanitation, disease and humane treatment  
386 of dogs or cats and the protection of the public safety. Upon written  
387 application and payment of a fee of fifty dollars to offset  
388 administrative costs of such registrations, the commissioner shall issue  
389 such registration to be effective until the second December thirty-first  
390 following issuance provided the commissioner finds [(A)] (1) that such  
391 regulations have been complied with, and [(B)] (2) in the case of each  
392 initial application for such registration, that the zoning enforcement  
393 official of the municipality wherein such animal shelter is to be  
394 operated or maintained has certified that the animal shelter conforms  
395 to the municipal zoning regulations. Such registration shall be  
396 renewed biennially, not later than December thirty-first, in accordance  
397 with the provisions of this section, and may be transferred by the  
398 registrant to another premises upon approval of the commissioner. For  
399 purposes of this subsection, "animal shelter" means any individual or  
400 private entity that operates a building or facility that is used solely to  
401 house homeless animals for the purpose of rescue or adoption and that  
402 is not operated within a private residence.

403 (g) The commissioner may, at any time, inspect or cause to be  
404 inspected by the commissioner's agents any such commercial kennel,  
405 animal shelter, pet shop, grooming facility or training facility, and if,  
406 (1) in the commissioner's judgment such commercial kennel, animal  
407 shelter, pet shop, grooming facility or training facility is not being  
408 maintained in a sanitary and humane manner or in a manner that  
409 protects the public safety, (2) the commissioner finds that contagious,  
410 infectious or communicable disease or other unsatisfactory conditions  
411 exist, or (3) in the case of a pet shop, the commissioner finds any  
412 violation of the provisions of section 22a-381d, the commissioner may  
413 issue a fine to such commercial kennel, animal shelter, pet shop,  
414 grooming facility or training facility of not more than five hundred

415 dollars for each animal that is the subject of such violation, may issue  
416 such orders as the commissioner deems necessary for the correction of  
417 such conditions and may quarantine the premises and animals. If the  
418 owner or keeper of such commercial kennel, animal shelter, pet shop,  
419 grooming facility or training facility fails to comply with the  
420 regulations or orders of the commissioner, or fails to comply with any  
421 provision of the statutes or regulations relating to dogs or other  
422 animals, the commissioner may refuse to issue or renew, revoke or  
423 suspend such license or registration, as applicable. Any person  
424 aggrieved by any order issued under the provisions of this section may  
425 appeal therefrom in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.  
426 Any person maintaining any commercial kennel, animal shelter, pet  
427 shop, grooming facility or training facility without having obtained a  
428 license or registration for the same, as applicable or after any such  
429 license or registration has been revoked or suspended as provided  
430 herein shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars. The  
431 provisions of this section shall not apply to veterinary hospitals, except  
432 those boarding or grooming dogs for nonmedical purposes, and other  
433 establishments where all the dogs or animals were born and raised on  
434 the premises where they are kept for sale.

435 (h) The provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section  
436 requiring certification by the zoning enforcement official that every  
437 commercial kennel, pet shop, grooming facility and training facility  
438 conforms to the zoning regulations of the municipality wherein such  
439 kennel, pet shop, grooming facility or training facility is maintained  
440 shall not apply to any person who is licensed under said subsections  
441 and maintained any such commercial kennel, pet shop or grooming  
442 facility prior to October 1, 1977, provided such person does not  
443 relocate such commercial kennel, pet shop, grooming facility or  
444 training facility in a zone in which such commercial kennel, pet shop,  
445 grooming facility or training facility is not a permitted use. In addition,  
446 the provisions of said subsections and subsection (f) requiring  
447 certification by the zoning enforcement official that every commercial  
448 kennel, animal shelter, pet shop, grooming facility and training facility

449 conforms to the zoning regulations of the municipality wherein such  
450 commercial kennel, animal shelter, pet shop, grooming facility or  
451 training facility is maintained shall not apply when a zone in which  
452 such commercial kennel, animal shelter, pet shop, grooming facility or  
453 training facility is maintained is changed to a use which does not  
454 permit such commercial kennel, animal shelter, pet shop, grooming  
455 facility or training facility in such zone.

456 (i) Any person found guilty of violating section 53-247 shall not be  
457 eligible to hold a license issued pursuant to this section. Any business  
458 entity with any person with a controlling interest who is found guilty  
459 of violating section 53-247 shall not be eligible to hold a license issued  
460 pursuant to this section.

461 Sec. 5. Section 22-344b of the general statutes is repealed and the  
462 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

463 (a) A pet shop licensee shall, prior to offering a dog or cat for sale  
464 and thereafter at intervals of fifteen days until such dog or cat is sold,  
465 provide for examination of such dog or cat by a veterinarian licensed  
466 under chapter 384. Such licensee shall maintain [a] an electronic or  
467 paper record of the veterinary examinations and services rendered for  
468 each dog or cat offered for sale.

469 (b) (1) If, (A) within twenty days of sale, any such dog or cat  
470 becomes ill or dies of any illness which existed in such dog or cat at the  
471 time of the sale, or (B) within six months of sale, any such dog or cat is  
472 diagnosed with a congenital defect that adversely affects or will  
473 adversely affect the health of such dog or cat, such licensee shall: (i)  
474 Reimburse such consumer for the value of the actual services and  
475 medications provided to such dog or cat by any veterinarian licensed  
476 pursuant to chapter 384 for the treatment of such illness or congenital  
477 defect upon the presentation by such consumer to such licensee of a  
478 certificate from such veterinarian that such dog or cat suffers or  
479 suffered from such illness or congenital defect, provided such  
480 reimbursement shall not exceed (I) the full purchase price of such dog

481 or cat for any dog or cat purchased for five hundred dollars or more,  
482 and (II) five hundred dollars for any dog or cat purchased for less than  
483 five hundred dollars. No licensee may require the consumer to return  
484 such dog or cat to such licensee to receive such reimbursement, or (ii)  
485 at the option of such consumer, replace the dog or cat or refund in full  
486 the purchase price of such dog or cat: (I) In the case of illness or such  
487 congenital defect, upon return of the dog or cat to the pet shop and the  
488 receipt of a certificate from a veterinarian licensed under chapter 384  
489 and selected by the consumer, stating that the dog or cat is ill from a  
490 condition which existed at the time of sale, or suffers from such  
491 congenital defect, and (II) in the case of death, the receipt of a  
492 certificate from a veterinarian licensed under chapter 384 and selected  
493 by the consumer, stating that the dog or cat died from an illness or a  
494 congenital defect which existed at the time of sale. The presentation of  
495 such certificate shall be sufficient proof to claim reimbursement or  
496 replacement and the return of such deceased dog or cat to the pet shop  
497 shall not be required. Any such consumer may seek the assistance of  
498 the Commissioner of Agriculture in the event that the licensee fails to  
499 reimburse such consumer in accordance with the provisions of this  
500 subsection. No such refund or replacement shall be made if such  
501 illness or death resulted from maltreatment or neglect by a person  
502 other than the licensee or such licensee's agent or employee. A licensee  
503 shall not be subject to the obligations imposed by this subsection for  
504 the sale of a cat where such cat has been spayed or neutered prior to its  
505 sale. In the event the licensee fails to comply with a demand for  
506 reimbursement or replacement, the consumer may bring an action in  
507 the Superior Court to enforce the provisions of this section.

508 (2) Each pet shop licensee who sells dogs or cats shall post a  
509 statement of customer rights pursuant to this section in a location that  
510 is readily visible to the public and also provide a copy of such  
511 statement to any purchaser of a dog or cat at the time of purchase. The  
512 commissioner shall prescribe the content of such statement. Any  
513 statement of customer rights posted pursuant to this section shall be  
514 printed in black lettering of not less than twenty point size upon a



515 white background. Any licensee who violates the provisions of this  
516 subdivision shall be fined two hundred fifty dollars.

517 (c) Any licensee who violates any provision of subsection (a) [or  
518 subdivision (1) of subsection (b)] of this section shall be fined not more  
519 than five hundred dollars. [Any fine assessed pursuant to this  
520 subsection for a failure to reimburse a consumer, as described in  
521 subsection (b) of this section, shall not preclude or be in lieu of any  
522 such reimbursement.]

523 Sec. 6. Section 22-347 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
524 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

525 Within thirty days after receipt of the fees for dog licenses and tags,  
526 each town clerk shall deduct one dollar for each dog licensed, two  
527 dollars for each kennel license issued and fifty cents for each  
528 replacement tag issued and pay the balance to the town treasurer or  
529 other proper fiscal officer. Each town treasurer or fiscal officer, as the  
530 case may be, shall keep a separate dog fund account of all fees received  
531 from the town clerk, and all receipts from the municipal animal control  
532 officer and expended by said officer under the provisions of this  
533 chapter, and shall pay to the Commissioner of Agriculture, on  
534 September first of each year, fifty per cent of all moneys received from  
535 the sale of licenses prior to July first, or forty per cent of all such  
536 moneys if the town has made a survey of unlicensed dogs in  
537 accordance with the provisions of section 22-349, and include with  
538 such payment a statement of the number of licenses issued during  
539 such year. All moneys received from licenses sold after June thirtieth  
540 and all moneys received from the municipal animal control officer and  
541 all license fees returned to the town by the State Treasurer, at the  
542 request of the commissioner, [under the provisions of section 22-348]  
543 shall be kept by the town treasurer or other fiscal officer in the separate  
544 dog fund account. The town treasurer or other fiscal officer shall, on  
545 the ensuing September first, send fifty per cent, or forty per cent as the  
546 case may be, of all license fees in such account to the commissioner,  
547 including any penalty fees collected pursuant to section 22-338. All

548 payments to the commissioner shall be accompanied by an account  
549 thereof in a form prescribed by the commissioner and a copy of such  
550 account shall be sent to the commissioner. Upon the failure of any  
551 town treasurer or other fiscal officer to pay any amount due pursuant  
552 to this section, or any portion thereof, within forty-five days from its  
553 due date, the commissioner shall add interest of one and one-fourth  
554 per cent per month or fraction thereof on the amount unpaid per  
555 month or fraction thereof from the due date of such payment to the  
556 date of payment and a penalty in the amount of ten per cent of the  
557 amount unpaid or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. All funds in the  
558 dog fund account, except such funds as are to be sent to the  
559 commissioner, shall be used only for the compensation of municipal  
560 animal control officers, license certificates, tags, the construction and  
561 maintenance of dog pounds, the detention and care of impounded  
562 dogs in accordance with section 22-336, municipal animal control  
563 officer's equipment, dog supplies and such veterinary fees as are  
564 provided for by law or regulations and shall not be used for any other  
565 purpose except upon written approval of the commissioner. No fees  
566 paid into the treasury of the town for tags or licenses for dogs shall be  
567 paid back to the persons from whom they were collected.

568 Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 22-354 of the general statutes is  
569 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*  
570 *1, 2023*):

571 (a) Any dog or cat imported into this state shall be accompanied by  
572 a certificate of health issued no earlier than thirty days prior to the date  
573 of importation by a licensed, graduate veterinarian accredited by the  
574 United States Department of Agriculture stating that such dog or cat is  
575 free from symptoms of any infectious, contagious or communicable  
576 disease, and that such dog or cat, if three months of age or older, is  
577 currently vaccinated for rabies by a licensed veterinarian. A copy of  
578 such health certificate shall be forwarded promptly to the  
579 commissioner from the livestock sanitary official of the state of origin.  
580 Any dog or cat originating from a rabies quarantine area shall have

581 permission of the State Veterinarian prior to importation into this state.  
582 No person, firm or corporation shall import or export for the purposes  
583 of sale, adoption or transfer or offering for sale, adoption or transfer  
584 any dog or cat under the age of eight weeks unless such dog or cat is  
585 transported with its dam and no person, firm or corporation shall sell  
586 or offer for adoption or transfer within the state any dog or cat under  
587 the age of eight weeks. Any person, firm or corporation violating the  
588 provisions of this subsection or bringing any dog or cat into this state  
589 from an area under quarantine for rabies shall be fined not more than  
590 one thousand dollars.

591 Sec. 8. Section 22-359 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
592 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

593 (a) The commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, may make  
594 such orders for the testing for rabies, adequate confinement,  
595 quarantine, control or [destruction] humane euthanasia of any dog, cat  
596 or other animal as [he deems] necessary to prevent the spread of rabies  
597 and to protect the public. [therefrom provided, notwithstanding the  
598 provisions of section 22-358, a] Any local director of health may order  
599 the [destruction] humane euthanasia of any unowned animal [which]  
600 that is not currently vaccinated for rabies for the purpose of rabies  
601 testing if the director finds that the animal has bitten a person and the  
602 health or life of such person may be threatened. [Any person who fails  
603 to comply with any order made under the provisions of this section  
604 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars.]

605 (b) The commissioner [, the Chief Animal Control Officer, any  
606 animal control officer or any municipal animal control officer] or any  
607 animal control officer appointed pursuant to section 22-328, 22-331 or  
608 22-331a shall quarantine any animal in a public pound, veterinary  
609 hospital, kennel or other building or enclosure approved by the  
610 commissioner for such purpose, if in the determination of the  
611 commissioner or such officer, such animal is rabid or is suspected of  
612 being rabid, or has been bitten by, or may have been bitten by, or has  
613 been in contact with or exposed to, a rabid animal or an animal

614 suspected of carrying rabies or any wild animal as defined in  
615 subsection (d) of this section. The length of such quarantine period  
616 shall be determined by the commissioner or the State Veterinarian who  
617 shall take into account the age, general health and vaccination history  
618 of the animal as well as current accepted veterinary practices. Any  
619 suspected or confirmed case of rabies shall be reported by such officer  
620 to the [commissioner by a local director of health or board of health or  
621 any veterinarian within] State Veterinarian not later than twenty-four  
622 hours of receipt of such information.

623 (c) Whenever a person, companion animal or other animal has been  
624 bitten or attacked by a dog, cat or ferret, any [state, municipal or  
625 regional] animal control officer appointed pursuant to section 22-328,  
626 22-331 or 22-331a shall quarantine such biting or attacking dog, cat or  
627 ferret for ten days. During such quarantine such biting or attacking  
628 dog, cat or ferret shall be observed for clinical signs of rabies. On the  
629 tenth day of such quarantine, such dog, cat or ferret shall be examined  
630 by the State Veterinarian or a person designated by the State  
631 Veterinarian to determine whether such quarantine shall be continued  
632 or removed. The quarantine of a biting or attacking dog, cat or ferret  
633 shall conform to one of the following: (1) When the biting or attacking  
634 dog, cat or ferret has a current rabies vaccination, the biting or  
635 attacking dog, cat or ferret shall be quarantined in a public pound or in  
636 a veterinary hospital or in a commercial kennel approved by the State  
637 Veterinarian for such purpose or on the premises of the owner or  
638 keeper of such biting dog, cat or ferret when such premises is adequate  
639 for the confinement of such animal, as determined by the authority  
640 that issued such order; or (2) when the biting or attacking dog, cat or  
641 ferret does not have a current rabies vaccination, the biting or attacking  
642 dog, cat or ferret shall be quarantined in a public pound or in a  
643 veterinary hospital or in a commercial kennel approved by the State  
644 Veterinarian for such purpose, or the dog, cat or ferret may be  
645 quarantined or confined on the premises of the owner or keeper of the  
646 biting or attacking dog, cat or ferret due to medical necessity  
647 determined by a licensed veterinarian when such premises is adequate

648 for the confinement of such animal and acceptable to the municipality  
649 or agency issuing the quarantine order and provided such animal is  
650 vaccinated for rabies by a licensed veterinarian on the tenth day of  
651 such quarantine.

652 (d) The management, confinement, quarantine or disposition of  
653 biting or attacking animals other than dogs, cats or ferrets shall be  
654 determined by the State Veterinarian who shall take into account the  
655 age, general health, rabies vaccination status of the biting or attacking  
656 animal, the rabies vaccination status of the animal exposed to or bitten  
657 by rabid or suspected rabid wildlife and the current national  
658 recommendations for the prevention and control of rabies.

659 (e) The owner or keeper of any animal that has been quarantined or  
660 confined pursuant to this section may authorize the humane  
661 euthanasia of such animal by a licensed veterinarian at any time before  
662 the end of the quarantine or confinement period for the purpose of  
663 testing such animal for rabies. Any animal so euthanized shall be  
664 examined for rabies by the Connecticut Department of Public Health  
665 [virology laboratory] Laboratory or any laboratory authorized by the  
666 Connecticut Department of Public Health. The veterinarian performing  
667 the euthanasia shall be responsible for ensuring that the head of the  
668 euthanized animal is delivered to the appropriate laboratory for rabies  
669 examination not later than forty-eight hours after such euthanasia. The  
670 costs of any such quarantine, veterinary examination, rabies  
671 vaccination, euthanasia and rabies testing shall be the responsibility of  
672 the owner or keeper of any animal quarantined or confined pursuant  
673 to this section.

674 [(b)] (f) Any dog, cat or other animal held in quarantine [which] that  
675 is clinically diagnosed as rabid by [two licensed veterinarians, at least  
676 one of whom shall be engaged in private practice,] a licensed  
677 veterinarian or the State Veterinarian shall be humanely euthanized  
678 immediately without prior notice to the owner or keeper of same. No  
679 person who [kills] humanely euthanizes any animal in accordance  
680 with this subsection shall be held criminally or civilly liable therefor.

681 Any animal that is humanely euthanized pursuant to this subsection  
682 shall be examined for rabies by the Connecticut Department of Public  
683 Health Laboratory or any laboratory authorized by the Connecticut  
684 Department of Public Health. The veterinarian performing the  
685 euthanasia shall be responsible for ensuring that the head of the  
686 euthanized animal is delivered to the appropriate laboratory for rabies  
687 examination not later than forty-eight hours after being euthanized.

688 [(c)] (g) Any animal, other than a dog, [which] that is quarantined  
689 pursuant to this section which is not claimed by its owner or keeper  
690 [within the period] not later than five days after the expiration of such  
691 quarantine may be sold or given away by the municipal or regional  
692 animal control officer [, if he finds that] provided the animal is in good  
693 health. The animal may only be sold or given away as a pet to a person  
694 who satisfies [the] such officer that the animal will be given a good  
695 home and proper care. The municipal animal control officer may retain  
696 possession of such animal for such additional period of time as [he  
697 may deem advisable in order] necessary to place such animal. Any  
698 animal, other than a dog, [which] that is quarantined pursuant to this  
699 section [which] and that is not claimed by its owner or keeper [within  
700 the period of] not later than five days after the expiration of such  
701 quarantine and [which] that is not sold by the municipal or regional  
702 animal control officer [within] not later than five days [of] after the  
703 expiration of such quarantine, may be disposed of at the direction of  
704 the State Veterinarian. No person who disposes of any animal in  
705 accordance with this subsection shall be held criminally or civilly liable  
706 therefor.

707 [(d) The commissioner, any] (h) Any animal control officer  
708 appointed pursuant to section 22-328, 22-331 or 22-331a or any state or  
709 municipal police officer may immediately kill any wild animal [which  
710 is displaying] that displays behavior [which] that causes the  
711 commissioner, the State Veterinarian, a state or municipal police officer  
712 or such animal control officer to reasonably conclude that such animal  
713 is rabid. For purposes of this [subsection] section, "wild animal" means

714 any mammal which is ferae naturae or wild by nature.

715 [(e)] (i) The commissioner shall institute such measures as the  
716 commissioner deems necessary to prevent the transmission of rabies  
717 associated with animals in public settings, including, but not limited  
718 to, fairs, shows, exhibitions, petting zoos, riding stables, farm tours, pet  
719 shops and educational exhibits.

720 [(f)] (j) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance  
721 with chapter 54, to implement the provisions of subsection [(e)] (i) of  
722 this section. Such regulations may include requirements for the  
723 vaccination of animals against rabies, identification of animals,  
724 identification of owners or keepers of such animals, animal enclosures,  
725 posting of public advisories, reporting of rabies exposure incidents,  
726 records deemed necessary and proper relating to the vaccination of  
727 animals against rabies, and any other methods determined by the  
728 commissioner to prevent the transmission of rabies. Such regulations  
729 may consider the species of animal, the characteristics of the public  
730 settings and the nature and type of contact the public may have with  
731 animals.

732 (k) Any suspected or confirmed case of rabies shall be reported to  
733 the State Veterinarian by the testing diagnostic laboratory or a local  
734 director of health or any licensed veterinarian not later than twenty-  
735 four hours after receipt of such information.

736 (l) Any person who fails to comply with any order issued pursuant  
737 to this section shall be fined two hundred fifty dollars. Any dog, cat or  
738 other animal subject to a quarantine or confinement order issued  
739 pursuant to this section whose owner or keeper fails to comply with  
740 such quarantine order may be seized by any state, municipal or  
741 regional animal control officer and held in quarantine until such  
742 quarantine is complete and the dog, cat or other animal is examined by  
743 a licensed veterinarian. All costs associated with a failure to comply  
744 with a quarantine or confinement order issued pursuant to this section,  
745 including, but not limited to, the costs of seizure, care, handling,

746 veterinary examination and rabies vaccination shall be paid by the  
747 owner or keeper of such animal prior to the release of such animal to  
748 such owner or keeper.

749 Sec. 9. Section 22-364b of the general statutes is repealed and the  
750 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

751 The owner or keeper of a dog shall restrain and control such dog on  
752 a leash when such dog is not on the property of its owner or keeper  
753 and is in proximity to a [blind, deaf or mobility impaired] person with  
754 a disability accompanied by [his guide dog] a service animal, provided  
755 [the guide dog] such service animal is in the direct custody of such  
756 [blind, deaf or mobility impaired] person [, is wearing a harness or an  
757 orange-colored leash and collar which makes it readily-identifiable as a  
758 guide dog] and is licensed in accordance with section 22-345. Any  
759 person who violates the provisions of this section shall have  
760 committed an infraction. If an owner or keeper of a dog violates the  
761 provisions of this section and, as a result of such violation, such dog  
762 attacks and injures the [guide dog] service animal, such owner or  
763 keeper shall be liable, as provided in section 22-357, for any damage  
764 done to such [guide dog] service animal, and such liability shall  
765 include liability for any costs incurred by such [blind, deaf or mobility-  
766 impaired] person for the veterinary care, rehabilitation or replacement  
767 of the injured [guide dog] service animal and for reasonable attorney's  
768 fees.

769 Sec. 10. Section 22-367 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
770 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

771 Any person owning, keeping or harboring a dog or cat or  
772 maintaining a breeding kennel or commercial kennel who violates any  
773 provision of this chapter for the violation of which no other penalty is  
774 provided, or any regulation legally made and published [for  
775 restraining or destroying dogs or cats,] shall be fined not less than two  
776 hundred fifty dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days or both.  
777 No commercial kennel shall board any dog or cat unless the owner of



778 the dog or cat presents a certificate of vaccination as required by this  
779 chapter. [Constables, municipal animal control officers, regional  
780 animal control officers, the] The Chief Animal Control Officer, [the]  
781 any animal control [officers, and all prosecuting officers] officer and  
782 any municipal or regional control officer shall diligently inquire after,  
783 and prosecute for, any violation of any provision of this chapter. [, and  
784 the commissioner shall, upon the complaint of any person that such  
785 officer is dilatory or negligent in the performance of the officer's duties  
786 concerning the enforcement of any such provision, take such action as  
787 the officer deems necessary to secure such enforcement.]

788 Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 22-380i of the general statutes is  
789 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*  
790 *passage*):

791 (a) The program established under section 22-380g shall provide for  
792 payment to any participating veterinarian of an amount equivalent to  
793 the voucher issued pursuant to section 22-380f for each animal  
794 sterilization and vaccinations, coincident with sterilization, performed  
795 by such veterinarian upon a dog or cat owned by an eligible owner.  
796 For a sterilization procedure, the Commissioner of Agriculture shall  
797 establish a rate of reimbursement biennially that is not more than  
798 seventy-five per cent of the market rate or the fee charged by  
799 veterinarians in the state. [as of October 31, 2021.] In the case of a  
800 sterilization fee exceeding the amount of the voucher, the eligible  
801 owner shall pay the participating veterinarian the difference between  
802 such fee and the amount of the voucher. Such voucher shall be in the  
803 amount of thirty dollars, in addition to the amount designated for  
804 sterilization, for vaccinations coincident with the sterilization of a dog  
805 or cat owned by an eligible owner.

806 Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 51-164n of the general statutes is  
807 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*  
808 *passage*):

809 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, any

810 person who is alleged to have committed (1) a violation under the  
811 provisions of section 1-9, 1-10, 1-11, 2-71h, 4b-13, 7-13, 7-14, 7-35 or 7-  
812 41, subsection (c) of section 7-66, section 7-83, 7-147h, 7-148, 7-148f, 7-  
813 148o, 7-283, 7-325, 7-393, 8-12, 8-25, 8-27, 9-63, 9-322, 9-350, 10-185, 10-  
814 193, 10-197, 10-198, 10-230, 10-251, 10-254, 10a-35, 12-52, 12-54, 12-129b  
815 or 12-170aa, subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of section 12-286, section  
816 12-286a, 12-292, 12-314b or 12-326g, subdivision (4) of section 12-408,  
817 subdivision (3), (5) or (6) of section 12-411, section 12-435c, 12-476a, 12-  
818 476b, 12-476c, 12-487, 13a-71, 13a-107, 13a-113, 13a-114, 13a-115, 13a-  
819 117b, 13a-123, 13a-124, 13a-139, 13a-140, 13a-143b, 13a-253, 13a-263 or  
820 13b-39f, subsection (f) of section 13b-42, section 13b-90 or 13b-100,  
821 subsection (a) of section 13b-108, section 13b-221 or 13b-292, subsection  
822 (a) or (b) of section 13b-324, section 13b-336, 13b-337, 13b-338, 13b-  
823 410a, 13b-410b or 13b-410c, subsection (a), (b) or (c) of section 13b-412,  
824 section 13b-414 or 14-4, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-  
825 12, subsection (d) of section 14-12, subsection (f) of section 14-12a,  
826 subsection (a) of section 14-15a, section 14-16c, 14-20a or 14-27a,  
827 subsection (f) of section 14-34a, subsection (d) of section 14-35, section  
828 14-43, 14-44j, 14-49, 14-50a, 14-58 or 14-62a, subsection (b) of section 14-  
829 66, section 14-66a or 14-67a, subsection (g) of section 14-80, subsection  
830 (f) or (i) of section 14-80h, section 14-97a or 14-98, subsection (a), (b) or  
831 (d) of section 14-100a, section 14-100b, 14-103a, 14-106a, 14-106c, 14-  
832 145a or 14-146, subsection (b) of section 14-147, section 14-152, 14-153,  
833 14-161 or 14-163b, subsection (f) of section 14-164i, section 14-213b or  
834 14-219, subdivision (1) of section 14-223a, subsection (d) of section 14-  
835 224, section 14-240, 14-250, 14-253a, 14-261a, 14-262, 14-264, 14-266, 14-  
836 267a, 14-269, 14-270, 14-272b, 14-274, 14-275 or 14-275a, subsection (c)  
837 of section 14-275c, section 14-276, subsection (a) or (b) of section 14-277,  
838 section 14-278, 14-279 or 14-280, subsection (b), (e) or (h) of section 14-  
839 283, section 14-283d, 14-283e, 14-283f, 14-283g, 14-291, 14-293b, 14-  
840 296aa, 14-298a, 14-300, 14-300d, 14-300f, 14-319, 14-320, 14-321, 14-325a,  
841 14-326, 14-330 or 14-332a, subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of section 14-386a,  
842 section 15-15e, 15-25 or 15-33, subdivision (1) of section 15-97,  
843 subsection (a) of section 15-115, section 16-15, 16-16, 16-44, 16-256e, 16-  
844 278 or 16a-15, subsection (a) of section 16a-21, section 16a-22,

845 subsection (a) or (b) of section 16a-22h, section 16a-106, 17a-24, 17a-145,  
846 17a-149 or 17a-152, subsection (b) of section 17a-227, section 17a-465,  
847 subsection (c) of section 17a-488, section 17b-124, 17b-131, 17b-137, 19a-  
848 33, 19a-39 or 19a-87, subsection (b) of section 19a-87a, section 19a-91,  
849 19a-102a, 19a-102b, 19a-105, 19a-107, 19a-113, 19a-215, 19a-216a, 19a-  
850 219, 19a-222, 19a-224, 19a-286, 19a-287, 19a-297, 19a-301, 19a-309, 19a-  
851 335, 19a-336, 19a-338, 19a-339, 19a-340, 19a-425, 19a-442, 19a-502, 19a-  
852 565, 20-7a, 20-14, 20-153a, 20-158, 20-231, 20-233, 20-249, 20-257, 20-265,  
853 20-324e, 20-329c or 20-329g, subsection (b) of section 20-334, section 20-  
854 341l, 20-366, 20-482, 20-597, 20-608, 20-610, 20-623, 21-1, 21-38, 21-39,  
855 21-43, 21-47, 21-48 or 21-63, subsection (d) of section 21-71, section 21-  
856 76a or 21-100, subsection (c) of section 21a-2, subdivision (1) of section  
857 21a-19, section 21a-20 or 21a-21, subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of  
858 section 21a-25, section 21a-26 or 21a-30, subsection (a) of section 21a-  
859 37, section 21a-46, 21a-61, 21a-63, 21a-70b or 21a-77, subsection (b) or  
860 (c) of section 21a-79, section 21a-85 or 21a-154, subdivision (1) of  
861 subsection (a) of section 21a-159, section 21a-278b, subsection (c), (d) or  
862 (e) of section 21a-279a, section 21a-421eee, 21a-421fff, 21a-421hhh,  
863 subsection (a) of section 21a-430, section 22-12b, 22-13, 22-14, 22-15, 22-  
864 16, 22-26g, 22-30, 22-34, 22-35, 22-36, 22-38, 22-39, 22-39f, 22-49, 22-54,  
865 22-61j or 22-61l, subdivision (1) of subsection (n) of section 22-61l,  
866 subsection (f) of section 22-61m, subdivision (1) of subsection (f) of  
867 section 22-61m, section 22-84, 22-89, 22-90, 22-96, 22-98, 22-99, 22-100 or  
868 22-111o, subsection (d) of section 22-118l, section 22-167, subsection (c)  
869 of section 22-277, section 22-278, 22-279, 22-280a, 22-318a, 22-320h, 22-  
870 324a or 22-326, subsection (b), subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (e) or  
871 subsection (g) of section 22-344, as amended by this act, subsection (a)  
872 or (b) of section 22-344b, as amended by this act, [section 22-344c,]  
873 subsection (d) of section 22-344d, section 22-344f, 22-350a, 22-354, as  
874 amended by this act, 22-359, as amended by this act, 22-366, 22-391, 22-  
875 413, 22-414, 22-415, 22-415c, 22a-66a or 22a-246, subsection (a) of  
876 section 22a-250, section 22a-256g, subsection (e) of section 22a-256h,  
877 section 22a-363 or 22a-381d, subsections (c) and (d) of section 22a-381e,  
878 section 22a-449, 22a-450, 22a-461, 23-4b, 23-38, 23-45, 23-46 or 23-61b,  
879 subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 23-65,

880 section 25-37 or 25-40, subsection (a) of section 25-43, section 25-43d,  
881 25-135, 26-18, 26-19, 26-21, 26-31, 26-40, 26-40a, 26-42, 26-43, 26-49, 26-  
882 54, 26-55, 26-56, 26-58 or 26-59, subdivision (1) of subsection (d) of  
883 section 26-61, section 26-64, subdivision (1) of section 26-76, section 26-  
884 79, 26-87, 26-89, 26-91, 26-94, 26-97, 26-98, 26-104, 26-105, 26-107, 26-  
885 114a, 26-117, subsection (b) of section 26-127, 26-128, 26-128a, 26-131,  
886 26-132, 26-138, 26-139 or 26-141, subdivision (1) of section 26-186,  
887 section 26-207, 26-215, 26-217 or 26-224a, subdivision (1) of section 26-  
888 226, section 26-227, 26-230, 26-231, 26-232, 26-244, 26-257a, 26-260, 26-  
889 276, 26-280, 26-284, 26-285, 26-286, 26-287, 26-288, 26-290, 26-291a, 26-  
890 292, 26-294, 27-107, 28-13, 29-6a, 29-16, 29-17, 29-25, 29-143o, 29-143z or  
891 29-156a, subsection (b), (d), (e), (g) or (h) of section 29-161q, section 29-  
892 161y or 29-161z, subdivision (1) of section 29-198, section 29-210, 29-243  
893 or 29-277, subsection (c) of section 29-291c, section 29-316 or 29-318,  
894 subsection (b) of section 29-335a, section 29-381, 30-19f, 30-48a or 30-  
895 86a, subsection (b) of section 30-89, subsection (c) or (d) of section 30-  
896 117, section 31-3, 31-10, 31-11, 31-12, 31-13, 31-14, 31-15, 31-16, 31-18,  
897 31-23, 31-24, 31-25, 31-32, 31-36, 31-38, 31-40, 31-44, 31-47 or 31-48,  
898 subsection (b) of section 31-48b, section 31-51, 31-51g, 31-52, 31-52a, 31-  
899 53 or 31-54, subsection (a) or (c) of section 31-69, section 31-70, 31-74,  
900 31-75, 31-76, 31-76a, 31-89b or 31-134, subsection (i) of section 31-273,  
901 section 31-288, 31-348, 33-624, 33-1017, 34-13d or 34-412, subdivision (1)  
902 of section 35-20, subsection (a) of section 36a-57, subsection (b) of  
903 section 36a-665, section 36a-699, 36a-739, 36a-787, 38a-2 or 38a-140,  
904 subsection (a) or (b) of section 38a-278, section 38a-479qq, 38a-479rr,  
905 38a-506, 38a-548, 38a-626, 38a-680, 38a-713, 38a-733, 38a-764, 38a-786,  
906 38a-828, 38a-829, 38a-885, 42-133hh, 42-230, 42-470 or 42-480,  
907 subsection (a) or (c) of section 43-16q, section 45a-283, 45a-450, 45a-634  
908 or 45a-658, subdivision (13) or (14) of section 46a-54, section 46a-59,  
909 46a-81b, 46b-22, 46b-24, 46b-34, 46b-38d, 47-34a, 47-47 or 47-53,  
910 subsection (i) of section 47a-21, subdivision (1) of subsection (k) of  
911 section 47a-21, section 49-2a, 49-8a, 49-16, 52-143 or 52-289, subsection  
912 (j) of section 52-362, section 53-133, 53-199, 53-212a, 53-249a, 53-252, 53-  
913 264, 53-280, 53-290a, 53-302a, 53-303e, 53-311a, 53-314, 53-321, 53-322,  
914 53-323 or 53-331, subsection (b) of section 53-343a, section 53-344,

915 subsection (b) or (c) of section 53-344b, subsection (b) of section 53-  
 916 345a, section 53-377, 53-422 or 53-450 or subsection (i) of section 54-36a,  
 917 or (2) a violation under the provisions of chapter 268, or (3) a violation  
 918 of any regulation adopted in accordance with the provisions of section  
 919 12-484, 12-487 or 13b-410, or (4) a violation of any ordinance,  
 920 regulation or bylaw of any town, city or borough, except violations of  
 921 building codes and the health code, for which the penalty exceeds  
 922 ninety dollars but does not exceed two hundred fifty dollars, unless  
 923 such town, city or borough has established a payment and hearing  
 924 procedure for such violation pursuant to section 7-152c, shall follow  
 925 the procedures set forth in this section.

926 Sec. 13. Sections 22-344c and 22-348 of the general statutes are  
 927 repealed. (*Effective from passage*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	22-329a(e) to (h)
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	22-334
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	22-342
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	22-344
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	22-344b
Sec. 6	<i>from passage</i>	22-347
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	22-354(a)
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	22-359
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	22-364b
Sec. 10	<i>from passage</i>	22-367
Sec. 11	<i>from passage</i>	22-380i(a)
Sec. 12	<i>from passage</i>	51-164n(b)
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	Repealer section

**Statement of Legislative Commissioners:**

In Section 8(h), "state or" was added for consistency.

**ENV**      *Joint Favorable Subst.*