



General Assembly

**Substitute Bill No. 6548**

January Session, 2023



**AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION'S RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR REGULATION.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 30-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

3 For the purposes of this chapter and sections 4 and 5 of this act,  
4 unless the context indicates a different meaning:

5 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a  
6 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil  
7 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of  
8 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding  
9 a permit under Section 402 of said act.

10 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented  
11 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's  
12 origin, and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered  
13 nonpotable.

14 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four  
15 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (21) and (22) of this  
16 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,

17 patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine and at  
18 least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of being  
19 consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid  
20 containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to  
21 the variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to  
22 the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided  
23 in subdivision (22) of this section.

24 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the  
25 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or  
26 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic  
27 liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an  
28 agent, employee or part owner.

29 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic  
30 fermentation of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in  
31 drinking water.

32 (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of  
33 this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or  
34 from any port of this state.

35 (7) "Case price" means the price of a container made of cardboard,  
36 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and  
37 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer,  
38 cocktails, cordials, prepared mixed drinks and wines, shall be in the  
39 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the  
40 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, of bottles or units as follows:  
41 (A) Six one thousand seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (B) six one  
42 thousand eight hundred milliliter bottles, (C) twelve seven hundred  
43 milliliter bottles, (D) twelve seven hundred twenty milliliter bottles, (E)  
44 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (F) twelve nine hundred  
45 milliliter bottles, (G) twelve one liter bottles, (H) twenty-four three  
46 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles, (I) forty-eight two hundred  
47 milliliter bottles, (J) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles, or (K) one  
48 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter

49 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured,  
50 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to  
51 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than  
52 two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities  
53 or numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any  
54 one person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For  
55 the purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as  
56 provided in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR  
57 7.24 for beer.

58 (8) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization that  
59 (A) is organized for charitable purposes, and (B) has received a ruling  
60 from the Internal Revenue Service classifying such nonprofit  
61 organization as an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the  
62 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding  
63 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to  
64 time.

65 (9) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.

66 (10) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-33a.

67 (11) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission  
68 established under this chapter.

69 (12) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

70 (13) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in  
71 premises operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21,  
72 (ii) a restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii)  
73 a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of  
74 section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, and (B)  
75 where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who  
76 has means of payment and a proper demeanor.

77 (14) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without additions  
78 or adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol content, (ii)

79 process, and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated, sparkling or still.

80 (15) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-one  
81 years of age.

82 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section  
83 30-22aa.

84 (17) "Nonprofit public television corporation" has the same meaning  
85 as provided in section 30-37d, as amended by this act.

86 (18) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not limited to,  
87 a partner.

88 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company,  
89 limited liability company or other association of individuals.

90 (19) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club,  
91 incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or  
92 selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries,  
93 joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.

94 (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation  
95 that, is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor,  
96 landlord or note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or  
97 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic  
98 liquor.

99 (20) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-  
100 22.

101 (21) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by  
102 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in  
103 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

104 (22) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermenting  
105 the natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes or other  
106 agricultural products, containing such sugar, including fortified wines

107 such as port, sherry and champagne.

108 Sec. 2. Section 30-1 of the general statutes, as amended by section 1  
109 of this act, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
110 (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

111 For the purposes of this chapter and sections 4 and 5 of this act,  
112 unless the context indicates a different meaning:

113 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a  
114 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil  
115 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of  
116 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding  
117 a permit under Section 402 of said act.

118 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented  
119 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's  
120 origin, and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered  
121 nonpotable.

122 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four  
123 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), [(21)] (20) and [(22)]  
124 (21) of this section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or  
125 solid, patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine  
126 and at least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of  
127 being consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid  
128 containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to  
129 the variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to  
130 the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided  
131 in subdivision [(22)] (21) of this section.

132 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the  
133 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or  
134 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic  
135 liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an  
136 agent, employee or part owner.

137 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic  
138 fermentation of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in  
139 drinking water.

140 (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of  
141 this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or  
142 from any port of this state.

143 (7) "Case price" means the price of a container made of cardboard,  
144 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and  
145 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer,  
146 cocktails, cordials, prepared mixed drinks and wines, shall be in the  
147 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the  
148 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, of bottles or units as follows:  
149 (A) Six one thousand seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (B) six one  
150 thousand eight hundred milliliter bottles, (C) twelve seven hundred  
151 milliliter bottles, (D) twelve seven hundred twenty milliliter bottles, (E)  
152 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (F) twelve nine hundred  
153 milliliter bottles, (G) twelve one liter bottles, (H) twenty-four three  
154 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles, (I) forty-eight two hundred  
155 milliliter bottles, (J) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles, or (K) one  
156 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter  
157 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured,  
158 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to  
159 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than  
160 two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities  
161 or numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any  
162 one person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For  
163 the purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as  
164 provided in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR  
165 7.24 for beer.

166 [(8) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization that  
167 (A) is organized for charitable purposes, and (B) has received a ruling  
168 from the Internal Revenue Service classifying such nonprofit  
169 organization as an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the

170 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding  
171 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to  
172 time.]

173 [(9)] (8) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.

174 [(10)] (9) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section  
175 30-33a.

176 [(11)] (10) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission  
177 established under this chapter.

178 [(12)] (11) "Department" means the Department of Consumer  
179 Protection.

180 [(13)] (12) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in  
181 premises operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21,  
182 (ii) a restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii)  
183 a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of  
184 section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, and (B)  
185 where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who  
186 has means of payment and a proper demeanor.

187 [(14)] (13) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without  
188 additions or adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol  
189 content, (ii) process, and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated,  
190 sparkling or still.

191 [(15)] (14) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-  
192 one years of age.

193 (15) "Noncommercial entity" means an academic institution,  
194 charitable organization, government organization, nonprofit  
195 organization or similar entity that is not primarily dedicated to  
196 obtaining a commercial advantage or monetary compensation.

197 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section

198 30-22aa.

199 [(17) "Nonprofit public television corporation" has the same  
200 meaning as provided in section 30-37d.]

201 [(18)] (17) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not  
202 limited to, a partner.

203 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company,  
204 limited liability company or other association of individuals.

205 [(19)] (18) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club,  
206 incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or  
207 selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries,  
208 joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.

209 (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation  
210 that, is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor,  
211 landlord or note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or  
212 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic  
213 liquor.

214 [(20)] (19) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section  
215 30-22.

216 [(21)] (20) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol  
217 obtained by distillation mixed with drinkable water and other  
218 substances in solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

219 [(22)] (21) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by  
220 fermenting the natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes  
221 or other agricultural products, containing such sugar, including  
222 fortified wines such as port, sherry and champagne.

223 Sec. 3. Section 30-1 of the general statutes, as amended by sections 1  
224 and 2 of this act, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
225 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):



226 For the purposes of this chapter and sections 4, [and] 5 and 6 of this  
227 act, unless the context indicates a different meaning:

228 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a  
229 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil  
230 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of  
231 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding  
232 a permit under Section 402 of said act.

233 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented  
234 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's  
235 origin, and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered  
236 nonpotable.

237 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four  
238 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (20) and (21) of this  
239 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,  
240 patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine and at  
241 least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of being  
242 consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid  
243 containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to  
244 the variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to  
245 the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided  
246 in subdivision (21) of this section.

247 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the  
248 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or  
249 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic  
250 liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an  
251 agent, employee or part owner.

252 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic  
253 fermentation of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in  
254 drinking water.

255 (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of  
256 this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or

257 from any port of this state.

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259 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and  
260 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer,  
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262 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the  
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272 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured,  
273 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to  
274 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than  
275 two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities  
276 or numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any  
277 one person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For  
278 the purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as  
279 provided in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR  
280 7.24 for beer.

281 (8) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.

282 (9) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-33a.

283 (10) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission  
284 established under this chapter.

285 (11) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

286 (12) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in  
287 premises operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21,

288 (ii) a restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii)  
289 a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of  
290 section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, and (B)  
291 where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who  
292 has means of payment and a proper demeanor.

293 (13) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without additions  
294 or adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol content, (ii)  
295 process, and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated, sparkling or still.

296 (14) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-one  
297 years of age.

298 (15) "Noncommercial entity" means an academic institution,  
299 charitable organization, government organization, nonprofit  
300 organization or similar entity that is not primarily dedicated to  
301 obtaining a commercial advantage or monetary compensation.

302 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section  
303 30-22aa.

304 (17) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not limited to,  
305 a partner.

306 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company,  
307 limited liability company or other association of individuals.

308 (18) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club,  
309 incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or  
310 selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries,  
311 joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.

312 (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation  
313 that, is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor,  
314 landlord or note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or  
315 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic  
316 liquor.

317 (19) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-  
318 22.

319 (20) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by  
320 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in  
321 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

322 (21) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermenting  
323 the natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes or other  
324 agricultural products, containing such sugar, including fortified wines  
325 such as port, sherry and champagne.

326 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this  
327 section:

328 (1) "Alternating proprietorship agreement" or "agreement" means a  
329 written agreement between a host manufacturer and at least one  
330 tenant manufacturer under which the host manufacturer agrees to  
331 share permit premises with, or rent permit premises to, a tenant  
332 manufacturer for the purpose of producing alcoholic beverages;

333 (2) "Certificate of label approval" has the same meaning as provided  
334 in 27 CFR 4.10, as amended from time to time;

335 (3) "Host manufacturer" means a manufacturer who enters into an  
336 alternating proprietorship agreement with a tenant manufacturer and  
337 agrees to share permit premises with, or rent permit premises to, the  
338 tenant manufacturer pursuant to such agreement;

339 (4) "Manufacturer" means the holder of a manufacturer permit  
340 issued under section 30-16 of the general statutes, as amended by this  
341 act;

342 (5) "Permit premises" means the location where alcoholic beverages  
343 are produced under an alternating proprietorship agreement; and

344 (6) "Tenant manufacturer" means a manufacturer who enters into an

345 alternating proprietorship agreement with a host manufacturer and  
346 agrees to share permit premises with, or rent permit premises from,  
347 the host manufacturer pursuant to such agreement.

348 (b) (1) A host manufacturer and a tenant manufacturer may enter  
349 into an alternating proprietorship agreement, provided:

350 (A) If the host manufacturer is sharing permit premises with the  
351 tenant manufacturer pursuant to such agreement, the host  
352 manufacturer or tenant manufacturer shall be deemed to be in  
353 exclusive control and possession of those portions of the permit  
354 premises which such host manufacturer or tenant manufacturer is  
355 actively using to produce and store alcoholic beverages pursuant to  
356 such agreement.

357 (B) (i) Each manufacturer shall separately hold title to (I) all  
358 ingredients, packaging supplies and raw materials that such  
359 manufacturer uses to produce alcoholic beverages pursuant to such  
360 agreement, and (II) all alcoholic beverages such manufacturer  
361 produces on the permit premises pursuant to such agreement until  
362 such alcoholic beverages are removed from such permit premises.

363 (ii) All alcoholic beverages, ingredients, packaging supplies and raw  
364 materials described in subparagraph (B)(i) of this subdivision shall be  
365 conspicuously labeled in a manner that identifies the manufacturer  
366 who is in possession of such alcoholic beverages, ingredients,  
367 packaging supplies or raw materials.

368 (iii) Nothing in subparagraphs (B)(i) and (B)(ii) of this subdivision  
369 shall be construed to prohibit a tenant manufacturer from purchasing  
370 ingredients, packaging supplies or raw materials from the host  
371 manufacturer before the tenant manufacturer begins producing an  
372 alcoholic beverage pursuant to such agreement.

373 (C) During all stages of the production process, each alcoholic  
374 beverage that a manufacturer produces pursuant to such agreement  
375 shall be maintained (i) separately from the alcoholic beverages

376 produced by all other manufacturers pursuant to such agreement, and  
377 (ii) in a manner in which such manufacturer's alcoholic beverages are  
378 readily identifiable as such manufacturer's alcoholic beverages.

379 (D) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall  
380 assume any risk of loss of an alcoholic beverage that such  
381 manufacturer produces pursuant to such agreement, and no tenant  
382 manufacturer shall return to the host manufacturer any alcoholic  
383 beverage that such tenant manufacturer produces pursuant to such  
384 agreement.

385 (E) (i) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall (I)  
386 separately maintain control and responsibility over the alcoholic  
387 beverages that such manufacturer produces pursuant to such  
388 agreement as well as the production quantity of, and formula  
389 development and quality control standards for, such alcoholic  
390 beverages, and (II) ensure the independence of such manufacturer's  
391 brands, marketing, product registrations, sales and trademarks.

392 (ii) Nothing in subparagraph (E)(i) of this subdivision shall be  
393 construed to preclude a tenant manufacturer from paying a host  
394 manufacturer for any service rendered by a host manufacturer's  
395 employee for the purpose of assisting the tenant manufacturer with  
396 any aspect of such tenant manufacturer's operations.

397 (F) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall (i)  
398 maintain separate records concerning such manufacturer's production  
399 pursuant to such agreement, sales and any other matter required by  
400 other applicable law, (ii) file separate licensing, production and sales  
401 reports with federal and state authorities as required by other  
402 applicable law, and (iii) separately pay any tax due on the alcoholic  
403 beverages such manufacturer has produced pursuant to such  
404 agreement.

405 (G) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall (i) be  
406 approved, licensed or qualified by the federal Alcohol and Tobacco

407 Tax and Trade Bureau as required by federal law, (ii) be responsible  
408 for obtaining such manufacturer's (I) certificates of label approval, and  
409 (II) brand registrations from the department under section 30-63 of the  
410 general statutes, and (iii) label each alcoholic beverage that such  
411 manufacturer produces pursuant to such agreement with such  
412 manufacturer's business name and the address of the permit premises.

413 (H) No manufacturer who is a party to such agreement may be  
414 owned by any person who owns any other manufacturer who is a  
415 party to such agreement, except if such manufacturers are producing  
416 different classes of alcoholic beverage.

417 (2) Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be construed  
418 to prohibit (A) multiple manufacturers from equally sharing the  
419 ownership or use of any permit premises, or (B) an out-of-state  
420 manufacturer from entering into an alternating proprietorship  
421 agreement with a host manufacturer as a tenant manufacturer,  
422 provided the out-of-state manufacturer applies for a manufacturer  
423 permit under section 30-16 of the general statutes, as amended by this  
424 act.

425 (c) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the  
426 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the  
427 provisions of this section.

428 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this  
429 section:

430 (1) "Certificate of label approval" has the same meaning as provided  
431 in 27 CFR 4.10, as amended from time to time;

432 (2) "Contract manufacturing agreement" or "agreement" means a  
433 written agreement, including, but not limited to, a custom crush  
434 agreement, in which a primary manufacturer agrees to produce an  
435 alcoholic beverage on behalf of a contracting party;

436 (3) "Contracting party" means the holder of a manufacturer permit

437 issued under section 30-16 of the general statutes, as amended by this  
438 act, a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17 of the general  
439 statutes or an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor issued  
440 under section 30-18 of the general statutes that owns the recipe for an  
441 alcoholic beverage;

442 (4) "Custom crush agreement" means a contract manufacturing  
443 agreement under which a primary manufacturer that holds a  
444 manufacturer permit issued under section 30-16 of the general statutes,  
445 as amended by this act, for the production of wine produces wine on  
446 behalf of a contracting party by using grapes or other fruit provided by  
447 the contracting party; and

448 (5) "Primary manufacturer" means a manufacturer who produces an  
449 alcoholic beverage on behalf of a contracting party on the  
450 manufacturer's permit premises pursuant to a contract manufacturing  
451 agreement.

452 (b) A contracting party may enter into a contract manufacturing  
453 agreement with a primary manufacturer, provided:

454 (1) The primary manufacturer shall:

455 (A) Maintain, at all times during the term of such agreement,  
456 exclusive control and possession of all premises on which the primary  
457 manufacturer produces alcoholic beverages on behalf of the  
458 contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

459 (B) Bear sole responsibility for production of all alcoholic beverages  
460 on behalf of the contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

461 (C) Label with the primary manufacturer's business name and  
462 address all alcoholic beverages the primary manufacturer produces on  
463 behalf of the contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

464 (D) Maintain title to (i) all ingredients that the primary  
465 manufacturer uses during the production process for an alcoholic



466 beverage that the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the  
467 contracting party pursuant to such agreement unless such agreement  
468 is a custom crush agreement, (ii) all machinery and supplies that the  
469 primary manufacturer uses during the production process for an  
470 alcoholic beverage that the primary manufacturer produces on behalf  
471 of the contracting party pursuant to such agreement, and (iii) each  
472 alcoholic beverage the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the  
473 contracting party pursuant to such agreement until such alcoholic  
474 beverage is removed from such primary manufacturer's permit  
475 premises;

476 (E) Maintain appropriate production records concerning all  
477 alcoholic beverages the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of  
478 the contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

479 (F) Obtain from the federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade  
480 Bureau any certificate of label approval required for an alcoholic  
481 beverage that the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the  
482 contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

483 (G) File any registration required under section 30-63 of the general  
484 statutes for an alcoholic beverage that the primary manufacturer  
485 produces on behalf of the contracting party pursuant to such  
486 agreement;

487 (H) Pay any tax due on the alcoholic beverages the primary  
488 manufacturer has produced on behalf of the contracting party  
489 pursuant to such agreement, which agreement may require the  
490 contracting party to reimburse the primary manufacturer for the cost  
491 of such tax;

492 (I) Provide to the department, upon inspection or request, an up-to-  
493 date list and copies of all contract manufacturing agreements to which  
494 the primary manufacturer is a party and production records  
495 concerning such agreements, which list, copies and records shall be  
496 provided to the department in an electronic format unless it is

497 commercially impractical; and

498 (J) Not sell at retail for off-premises consumption or at wholesale  
499 any alcoholic beverage such primary manufacturer produces on behalf  
500 of the contracting party if any wholesaler permittee under section 30-  
501 17 of the general statutes has the distribution rights for such alcoholic  
502 beverage; and

503 (2) The contracting party shall not produce any alcoholic beverage  
504 on the primary manufacturer's permit premises.

505 (c) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the  
506 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the  
507 provisions of this section.

508 Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) For the purposes of this  
509 section:

510 (1) "Auctioneer" means any person who (A) regularly provides  
511 professional services by auctioning items for sale, and (B) does not  
512 hold any other permit issued under chapter 545 of the general statutes;  
513 and

514 (2) "Individual collector" means any person who is not (A) a backer  
515 or permittee, (B) an employee of a backer, or (C) a director or officer of  
516 a backer.

517 (b) A temporary auction permit issued under this section shall allow  
518 the sale of beer, spirits and wine obtained from one or more individual  
519 collectors through an auction conducted by an auctioneer. Such  
520 auction may be conducted, in person or online, only during the hours  
521 in which a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under  
522 subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes.

523 (c) To obtain a temporary auction permit under this section, an  
524 auctioneer shall submit an application to the department, in a form  
525 and manner prescribed by the department, at least sixty days before

526 the first day of the auction to be conducted under such permit. The  
527 auctioneer applicant shall serve as the backer of such permit. Each  
528 such permit shall be valid for one auction and shall be effective for a  
529 period not to exceed three consecutive days in duration. The  
530 department may issue not more than four temporary auction permits  
531 to an auctioneer in any calendar year. The fee for a temporary auction  
532 permit shall be one hundred seventy-five dollars per day.

533 (d) The auctioneer shall obtain all beer, spirits and wine that are the  
534 subject of an auction conducted under a temporary auction permit  
535 issued under this section from one or more individual collectors. The  
536 auctioneer shall only accept beer, spirits or wine that was lawfully  
537 acquired by an individual collector and bears an intact seal from the  
538 manufacturer of such beer, spirits or wine. An individual collector may  
539 sell or consign such beer, spirits or wine to the auctioneer. All unsold  
540 consigned beer, spirits or wine shall be returned to the individual  
541 collector not later than ten days after the final day of such auction.

542 (e) All beer, spirits and wine sold at an auction conducted pursuant  
543 to a temporary auction permit issued under this section is exempt from  
544 the requirements of sections 30-63 and 30-68m of the general statutes.  
545 No such beer, spirits or wine may be resold, offered for sale or  
546 otherwise used on the permit premises of any other permittee  
547 operating, or the backer of any other permit issued, under chapter 545  
548 of the general statutes.

549 (f) A holder of a temporary auction permit issued under this section  
550 may offer free samples of any beer, spirits or wine to be sold at auction  
551 for tasting, provided the holder sends a notice to the department, at  
552 least thirty days before the first day of such auction and in a form and  
553 manner prescribed by the department, disclosing that the holder  
554 intends to offer such free samples for tasting. Any tasting shall be  
555 conducted only during the hours in which a package store is permitted  
556 to sell alcoholic liquor under subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the  
557 general statutes. No tasting shall be offered to any minor or intoxicated  
558 person, or from more than ten uncorked or open cans or bottles at any

559 one time. Any town or municipality may, by ordinance or zoning  
560 regulation, prohibit the offering of such free samples by the holders of  
561 temporary auction permits issued under this section at events or  
562 functions held in such town or municipality.

563 (g) A temporary auction permit issued under this section shall allow  
564 for the delivery and shipment of any beer, spirits or wine sold at an  
565 auction conducted pursuant to such permit directly to the consumer  
566 who purchased such beer, spirits or wine. Any shipment to a consumer  
567 outside of this state is subject to all applicable laws of the jurisdiction  
568 in which such consumer is located. When shipping such beer, spirits or  
569 wine directly to a consumer in this state, the holder of such permit  
570 shall: (1) Ensure that the shipping label on each container containing  
571 such beer, spirits or wine states the following: "CONTAINS  
572 ALCOHOL—SIGNATURE OF A PERSON AGE 21 OR OLDER  
573 REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY"; (2) obtain the signature of a person who  
574 is at least twenty-one years of age at the delivery address prior to  
575 delivery, after requiring such person to demonstrate that such person  
576 is at least twenty-one years of age by providing a valid motor vehicle  
577 operator's license or a valid identity card described in section 1-1h of  
578 the general statutes; (3) not ship such beer, spirits or wine to any  
579 address in this state where the sale of alcoholic liquor is prohibited by  
580 local option pursuant to section 30-9 of the general statutes; and (4)  
581 make any such shipment through the use of a person who holds an in-  
582 state transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f of the general  
583 statutes.

584 (h) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the  
585 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the  
586 provisions of this section.

587 Sec. 7. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-14 of the general statutes  
588 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
589 *July 1, 2023*):

590 (a) Each permit shall be a purely personal privilege that is revocable

591 in the discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection, and  
592 subject to appeal, as provided in section 30-55. Except as otherwise  
593 provided in the general statutes, including, but not limited to, sections  
594 [30-25,] 30-35, as amended by this act, [30-37b, 30-37d,] and 30-37g,  
595 [and 30-37h,] each permit shall expire annually. No permit shall  
596 constitute property, be subject to attachment and execution or be  
597 alienable, except a permit shall descend to the estate of a deceased  
598 permittee by the laws of testate or intestate succession. An airline  
599 permit issued under section 30-28a or a cafe permit issued under  
600 subsection (h) of section 30-22a shall be granted to the airline  
601 corporation or railway corporation and not to any person, and the  
602 corporation shall be the permittee.

603 (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections  
604 [30-25,] 30-35, as amended by this act, [30-37b, 30-37d,] and 30-37g,  
605 [and 30-37h,] may be issued for a continuous period of not more than  
606 six consecutive calendar months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but  
607 rebate of fees shall not be permitted for any unexpired portion of the  
608 term of a permit revoked by reason of a violation of any provision of  
609 this chapter.

610 Sec. 8. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-14 of the general statutes,  
611 as amended by section 7 of this act, are repealed and the following is  
612 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

613 (a) Each permit shall be a purely personal privilege that is revocable  
614 in the discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection, and  
615 subject to appeal, as provided in section 30-55. Except as otherwise  
616 provided in the general statutes, including, but not limited to, sections  
617 30-35, as amended by this act, and 30-37g and section 6 of this act, each  
618 permit shall expire annually. No permit shall constitute property, be  
619 subject to attachment and execution or be alienable, except a permit  
620 shall descend to the estate of a deceased permittee by the laws of  
621 testate or intestate succession. An airline permit issued under section  
622 30-28a or a cafe permit issued under subsection (h) of section 30-22a  
623 shall be granted to the airline corporation or railway corporation and

624 not to any person, and the corporation shall be the permittee.

625 (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections  
626 30-35, as amended by this act, and 30-37g and section 6 of this act, may  
627 be issued for a continuous period of not more than six consecutive  
628 calendar months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but rebate of fees shall  
629 not be permitted for any unexpired portion of the term of a permit  
630 revoked by reason of a violation of any provision of this chapter.

631 Sec. 9. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-16 of the general statutes  
632 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
633 *from passage*):

634 (a) (1) As used in this [subsection] subdivision, "proof gallon" has  
635 the same meaning as provided in section 12-433. A manufacturer  
636 permit for spirits shall allow the manufacture of spirits and the  
637 storage, bottling and wholesale distribution and sale of spirits  
638 manufactured or bottled to permittees in this state and without the  
639 state as may be permitted by law; but no such permit shall be granted  
640 unless the place or the plan of the place of manufacture has received  
641 the approval of the Department of Consumer Protection. The holder of  
642 a manufacturer permit for spirits who produces less than fifty  
643 thousand proof gallons of spirits in a calendar year may sell at retail  
644 from the premises sealed bottles or other sealed containers of spirits  
645 manufactured on the premises for consumption off the premises,  
646 provided such holder shall not sell to any one consumer more than  
647 three liters of spirits per day nor more than five gallons of spirits in  
648 any two-month period. Retail sales by a holder of a manufacturer  
649 permit for spirits shall occur only on the days and times permitted  
650 under subsection (d) of section 30-91. A holder of a manufacturer  
651 permit for spirits, alone or in combination with any parent or  
652 subsidiary business or related or affiliated party, who sells more than  
653 ten thousand gallons of spirits in any calendar year may not sell spirits  
654 at wholesale to retail permittees within this state. Such permit shall  
655 also authorize the offering and tasting, on the premises of the  
656 permittee, of free samples of spirits distilled on the premises. Such free

657 samples of spirits distilled on the premises may be offered for  
658 consumption in combination with a nonalcoholic beverage. Tastings  
659 shall not exceed two ounces per patron per day and shall not be  
660 allowed on such premises on Sunday before eleven o'clock a.m. and  
661 after eight o'clock p.m. and on any other day before ten o'clock a.m.  
662 and after eight o'clock p.m. No tastings shall be offered to or allowed  
663 to be consumed by any minor or intoxicated person. A holder of a  
664 manufacturer permit for spirits may apply for and shall receive an out-  
665 of-state shipper's permit for manufacturing plants and warehouse  
666 locations outside the state owned by such manufacturer or a  
667 subsidiary corporation thereof, at least eighty-five per cent of the  
668 voting stock of which is owned by such manufacturer, to bring into  
669 any of its plants or warehouses in the state spirits for reprocessing,  
670 repackaging, reshipment or sale either [(1)] (A) within the state to  
671 wholesaler permittees not owned or controlled by such manufacturer,  
672 or [(2)] (B) outside the state. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit  
673 for spirits shall be one thousand eight hundred fifty dollars.

674 (2) A holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits issued under this  
675 subsection may sell and offer free tastings of spirits manufactured by  
676 such permittee at a farmers' market, as defined in section 22-6r, that is  
677 operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association, provided such  
678 farmers' market invites such holder to sell spirits at such farmers'  
679 market and such holder has a farmers' market sales permit issued by  
680 the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a)  
681 of section 30-37o, as amended by this act.

682 (b) (1) A manufacturer permit for beer shall allow the manufacture  
683 of beer and the storage, bottling and wholesale distribution and sale of  
684 beer manufactured or bottled on the premises of the permittee to  
685 permittees in this state and without the state as may be permitted by  
686 law, but no such permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of  
687 the place of manufacture has received the approval of the Department  
688 of Consumer Protection. A holder of a manufacturer permit for beer  
689 who sells beer brewed on such premises at wholesale to retail

690 permittees within this state shall make such beer available to all  
691 holders of a package store permit issued pursuant to section 30-20 and  
692 to all holders of a grocery store beer permit held pursuant to said  
693 section in the geographical region in which the holder of the  
694 manufacturer permit for beer self distributes, subject to reasonable  
695 limitations, as determined by the Department of Consumer Protection.  
696 Such permit shall also allow [(1)] (A) the retail sale of such beer, and  
697 beer brewed in collaboration with at least one other holder of such a  
698 permit, to be consumed on the premises with or without the sale of  
699 food, [(2)] (B) the selling at retail from the premises of sealed bottles or  
700 other sealed containers of beer brewed on such premises, or in  
701 collaboration with at least one other holder of such a permit, for  
702 consumption off the premises, and [(3)] (C) the sale of sealed bottles or  
703 other sealed containers of beer brewed on such premises to the holder  
704 of a wholesaler permit issued pursuant to section 30-17, provided the  
705 holder of such permit produces at least five thousand gallons of beer  
706 on the premises annually. Such selling at retail from the premises of  
707 sealed bottles or other sealed containers shall comply with the  
708 provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91 and shall permit not more  
709 than nine gallons of beer to be sold to any person on any day on which  
710 such sale is authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of  
711 section 30-91. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for beer shall  
712 be one thousand four hundred dollars. For the purposes of this  
713 [subsection] subdivision and section 30-22d, "collaboration" means an  
714 arrangement, other than contract brewing or an alternating  
715 proprietorship, under which the holder of a manufacturer permit for  
716 beer issued under this subsection works together with at least one  
717 other such permit holder to manufacture beer by, among other things,  
718 sharing the beer recipe or at least forty-nine per cent of the ingredients  
719 or labor necessary to manufacture such beer.

720 (2) A holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued under this  
721 subsection may sell and offer free tastings of beer manufactured by  
722 such permittee at a farmers' market, as defined in section 22-6r, that is  
723 operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association, provided such



724 farmers' market invites such holder to sell beer at such farmers' market  
725 and such holder has a farmers' market sales permit issued by the  
726 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of  
727 section 30-37o, as amended by this act.

728       Sec. 10. Subsection (a) of section 30-16a of the general statutes is  
729 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*  
730 *1, 2023*):

731       (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue an off-site  
732 farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting permit to a holder  
733 of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery or to a holder of a  
734 manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead upon the holder's  
735 submission of proof to the commissioner that the holder is in  
736 compliance with the requirements of subsection (c) or (d) of section 30-  
737 16. An off-site farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting  
738 permit shall authorize the sale and offering of free samples of products  
739 manufactured by such permittees during a total of not more than  
740 seven events or functions per year [held pursuant to a temporary  
741 liquor permit issued pursuant to section 30-35, a charitable  
742 organization permit issued pursuant to section 30-37b or a nonprofit  
743 corporation permit issued pursuant to section 30-37h,] at locations  
744 outside the permit holder's permit premises, provided such holder: (1)  
745 Notifies the Department of Consumer Protection, on a form prescribed  
746 by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection, not less than five  
747 business days prior to the date of the event or function, of the date,  
748 hours and location of each event or function, (2) sells only wine, cider  
749 and mead by the bottle at the event or function, and (3) is present, or  
750 has an authorized representative present, at the time of the sale of any  
751 such bottles or the offering of a free sample of such products from the  
752 permit holder at the event or function. An off-site farm winery sales  
753 and wine, cider and mead tasting permit shall be valid for a period of  
754 one year from the date of issuance. The annual fee for such permit  
755 shall be two hundred fifty dollars. There shall be a one-hundred-dollar  
756 nonrefundable filing fee for any such permit.

757 Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 30-16b of the general statutes is  
758 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*  
759 *1, 2023*):

760 (a) [During the period beginning June 4, 2021, and ending June 5,  
761 2024, the] The holder of a permit issued under section 30-16, as  
762 amended by this act, 30-21 or 30-22, subsection (c) or (g) of section 30-  
763 22a or section 30-22aa may sell for off-premises consumption sealed  
764 containers of all alcoholic liquor such permit holder is allowed to sell  
765 for on-premises consumption, subject to the requirements of this  
766 section and consistent with all local ordinances for the town in which  
767 the permit premises are located.

768 Sec. 12. Section 30-35 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
769 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

770 (a) A [temporary beer permit shall allow the sale of beer and a]  
771 temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity shall allow the  
772 sale of [alcoholic liquor] beer, spirits or wine at any fundraising event,  
773 outing, picnic or social gathering conducted by a bona fide  
774 noncommercial [organization] entity, club or golf country club, as  
775 described in subsection (g) of section 30-22a, which [organization]  
776 noncommercial entity, club or golf country club shall be the backer of  
777 the permittee under such permit. [The] No for-profit business entity  
778 may be the backer of any such permittee. Each temporary liquor  
779 permit for a noncommercial entity shall also allow the retail sale of  
780 beer, spirits or wine at an in-person or online auction, provided such  
781 auction is held as part of a fundraising event to benefit the tax-exempt  
782 activities of the noncommercial entity, club or golf country club. All  
783 profits from the auction or sale of such beer, [or alcoholic liquor] spirits  
784 or wine shall be retained by the [organization] backer or permittee  
785 conducting such fundraising event, outing, picnic, [or] social gathering  
786 or auction, and no portion of such profits shall be paid, directly or  
787 indirectly, to any individual or other corporation. Such permit shall be  
788 issued subject to the approval of the [Department of Consumer  
789 Protection] department and shall be effective only for specified dates

790 and times limited by the department. The combined total of  
791 fundraising events, outings, picnics, [or] social gatherings or auctions,  
792 for which a [temporary beer permit or] temporary liquor permit for a  
793 noncommercial entity is issued [pursuant to] under this section, shall  
794 not exceed twelve in any calendar year and the approved dates and  
795 times for each such fundraising event, outing, picnic, [or] social  
796 gathering or auction shall be displayed on such permit. Each  
797 temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity issued under this  
798 section shall be subject to the hours of sale established in section 30-91,  
799 as amended by this act, and the combined total of days for which such  
800 permit is issued shall not exceed twenty days in any calendar year. The  
801 holder of a temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity issued  
802 under this section shall display such permit, and the days for which  
803 such permit has been issued, in a prominent location adjacent to the  
804 entrance to the fundraising event, outing, picnic, social gathering or  
805 auction. The fee [for a temporary beer permit shall be thirty dollars per  
806 day and] for a temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity  
807 shall be fifty dollars per day.

808 (b) The holder of a manufacturer permit issued under section 30-16,  
809 as amended by this act, a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17  
810 or a package store permit issued under subsection (b) of section 30-20  
811 may donate to the holder of a temporary liquor permit for a  
812 noncommercial entity issued under this section any beer, spirits or  
813 wine such manufacturer permittee manufactures, for which such  
814 wholesaler permittee holds distribution rights or which such package  
815 store permittee sells at retail.

816 Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 30-37o of the general statutes is  
817 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*  
818 *passage*):

819 (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue a farmers'  
820 market sales permit to [a] the holder of a manufacturer permit for [a  
821 farm winery, the holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and  
822 mead or the holder of a manufacturer permit for beer,] spirits issued

823 under subsection (a) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, beer  
824 issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, a  
825 farm winery issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16 or wine, cider  
826 and mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16 upon  
827 submission of proof to the commissioner that such holder is in  
828 compliance with the [applicable] permit requirements of subsection  
829 (a), (b), (c) or (d) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, as applicable.  
830 Such permit shall authorize the sale of products manufactured by such  
831 permittees during an unlimited number of appearances at a farmers'  
832 market at not more than ten farmers' market locations per year  
833 provided such holder: (1) Has an invitation from such farmers' market  
834 to sell such products at such farmers' market, (2) only sells such  
835 products by the bottle or sealed container at such farmers' [markets]  
836 market, and (3) is present, or has an authorized representative present,  
837 at the time of sale of any such product from such permit holder at such  
838 farmers' market. Any such permit shall be valid for a period of one  
839 year from the date of issuance. The annual fee for such permit shall be  
840 two hundred fifty dollars. There shall be a one-hundred-dollar,  
841 nonrefundable filing fee for any such permit.

842 Sec. 14. Subsection (g) of section 30-37t of the general statutes is  
843 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*  
844 *passage*):

845 (g) Each participating eligible manufacturer may, during the festival  
846 and for the alcoholic liquor such participating eligible manufacturer  
847 has manufactured:

848 (1) Offer to festival visitors free or paid samples or tastings of  
849 alcoholic liquor for consumption on the festival premises, in  
850 accordance with the provisions of section 30-16, as amended by this  
851 act; [and]

852 [(2) Unless such participating eligible manufacturer is the holder of  
853 an out-of-state shipper's permit for beer issued under section 30-19:]

854        [(A)] (2) Sell and directly ship to festival visitors, if allowed under  
855 section 30-16, as amended by this act, alcoholic liquor that such  
856 participating eligible manufacturer sells to festival visitors at such  
857 festival;

858        [(B)] (3) Sell, at retail, for consumption off the festival premises and  
859 in accordance with the provisions of section 30-16, as amended by this  
860 act, bottles and other sealed containers of alcoholic liquor; and

861        [(C)] (4) Sell, at retail, alcoholic liquor by the glass or receptacle for  
862 consumption on the festival premises, provided each such glass or  
863 receptacle is embossed or otherwise permanently labeled with the  
864 name and date of the festival.

865        Sec. 15. Section 30-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
866 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

867        (a) For the purposes of this section, the "filing date" of an application  
868 means the date upon which the department, after approving the  
869 application for processing, mails or otherwise delivers to the applicant  
870 a placard containing such date.

871        (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a  
872 permit shall make an affirmed application therefor to the Department  
873 of Consumer Protection, upon forms to be furnished by the  
874 department, showing the name and address of the applicant and of the  
875 applicant's backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business  
876 which is to be operated under such permit and a financial statement  
877 setting forth all elements and details of any business transactions  
878 connected with the application. Such application shall include a  
879 detailed description of the type of live entertainment that is to be  
880 provided. A club or place of business shall be exempt from providing  
881 such detailed description if the club or place of business (A) was issued  
882 a liquor permit prior to October 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the  
883 type of entertainment provided. The application shall also indicate any  
884 crimes of which the applicant or the applicant's backer may have been

885 convicted. Applicants shall submit documents sufficient to establish  
886 that state and local building, fire and zoning requirements and local  
887 ordinances concerning hours and days of sale will be met, except that  
888 local building and zoning requirements and local ordinances  
889 concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply to a cafe permit  
890 issued under subsection (d) or (h) of section 30-22a. The State Fire  
891 Marshal or the marshal's certified designee shall be responsible for  
892 approving compliance with the State Fire Code at Bradley  
893 International Airport. Any person desiring a permit provided for in  
894 section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's license with such  
895 application if such license was issued by the Department of Consumer  
896 Protection. The department may, at its discretion, conduct an  
897 investigation to determine whether a permit shall be issued to an  
898 applicant.

899 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable  
900 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in  
901 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be  
902 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall  
903 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a  
904 permit by [a charitable organization under section 30-37b, including a  
905 nonprofit public television corporation under section 30-37d,] a  
906 nonprofit golf tournament permit under section 30-37g [, or a  
907 temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity under section 30-  
908 35, as amended by this act; [or a special club permit under section 30-  
909 25;] and in the amount of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial  
910 application for all other permits. Any permit issued shall be valid only  
911 for the purposes and activities described in the application.

912 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give  
913 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type  
914 of permit applied for and the location of the place of business for  
915 which such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to  
916 be provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing  
917 the same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the

918 place of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at  
919 least once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be  
920 not more than seven days after the filing date of the application and  
921 the last publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of  
922 the application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible  
923 condition upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of  
924 business is to be located and clearly visible from the public highway,  
925 the placard provided by the department, not later than the day  
926 following the receipt of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door  
927 of such premises is so far from the public highway that such placard is  
928 not clearly visible as provided, the department shall direct a suitable  
929 method to notify the public of such application. When an application is  
930 filed for any type of permit for a building that has not been  
931 constructed, such applicant shall erect and maintain in a legible  
932 condition a sign not less than six feet by four feet upon the site where  
933 such place of business is to be located, instead of such placard upon  
934 the outer door of the building. The sign shall set forth the type of  
935 permit applied for and the name of the proposed permittee, shall be  
936 clearly visible from the public highway and shall be so erected not  
937 later than the day following the receipt of the placard. Such applicant  
938 shall make a return to the department, under oath, of compliance with  
939 the foregoing requirements, in such form as the department may  
940 determine, but the department may require any additional proof of  
941 such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such compliance, the  
942 department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of the proposed  
943 location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to  
944 applications for (A) airline permits issued under section 30-28a, (B)  
945 [charitable organization permits issued under section 30-37b, (C)]  
946 temporary liquor permits for noncommercial entities issued under  
947 section 30-35, as amended by this act, [(D) special club permits issued  
948 under section 30-25, (E)] (C) concession permits issued under section  
949 30-33, [(F)] (D) military permits issued under section 30-34, [(G)] (E)  
950 cafe permits issued under subsection (h) of section 30-22a, [(H)] (F)  
951 warehouse permits issued under section 30-32, [(I)] (G) broker's  
952 permits issued under section 30-30, [(J)] (H) out-of-state shipper's

953 permits for alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-18, [(K)] (I) out-of-  
954 state shipper's permits for beer issued under section 30-19, [(L)] (I)  
955 coliseum permits issued under section 30-33a, [(M)] (K) nonprofit golf  
956 tournament permits issued under section 30-37g, [(N)] nonprofit public  
957 television corporation permits issued under section 30-37d, (O)] (L)  
958 Connecticut craft cafe permits issued under section 30-22d to  
959 permittees who held a manufacturer permit for a brew pub or a  
960 manufacturer permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-  
961 16, as amended by this act, and a brew pub before July 1, 2020, [(P)]  
962 (M) off-site farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting  
963 permits issued under section 30-16a, as amended by this act, [(Q)] (N)  
964 out-of-state retailer shipper's permits for wine issued under section 30-  
965 18a, [(R)] (Q) out-of-state winery shipper's permits for wine issued  
966 under section 30-18a, [(S)] (P) in-state transporter's permits for  
967 alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-19f, including, but not limited  
968 to, boats operating under such permits, [(T)] (Q) seasonal outdoor  
969 open-air permits issued under section 30-22e, [(U)] (R) festival permits  
970 issued under section 30-37t, as amended by this act, and [(V)] (S)  
971 renewals of any permit described in subparagraphs (A) to [(U)] (R),  
972 inclusive, of this subdivision, if applicable. The provisions of this  
973 subdivision regarding publication and placard display shall also be  
974 required of any applicant who seeks to amend the type of  
975 entertainment either upon filing of a renewal application or upon  
976 requesting permission of the department in a form that requires the  
977 approval of the municipal zoning official.

978 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if  
979 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or  
980 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of  
981 the current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion  
982 shall be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the  
983 department and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct  
984 ownership. When any partnership changes by reason of the addition of  
985 one or more persons, a new application with new fees shall be  
986 required.



987 (c) Any ten persons who are at least eighteen years of age, and are  
988 residents of the town within which the business for which the permit  
989 or renewal thereof has been applied for, is intended to be operated, or,  
990 in the case of a manufacturer's or a wholesaler's permit, any ten  
991 persons who are at least eighteen years of age and are residents of the  
992 state, may file with the department, within three weeks from the last  
993 date of publication of notice made pursuant to subdivision (3) of  
994 subsection (b) of this section for an initial permit, and in the case of  
995 renewal of an existing permit, at least twenty-one days before the  
996 renewal date of such permit, a remonstrance containing any objection  
997 to the suitability of such applicant or proposed place of business,  
998 provided any such issue is not controlled by local zoning. Upon the  
999 filing of such remonstrance, the department, upon written application,  
1000 shall hold a hearing and shall give such notice as it deems reasonable  
1001 of the time and place at least five days before such hearing is had. The  
1002 remonstrants shall designate one or more agents for service, who shall  
1003 serve as the recipient or recipients of all notices issued by the  
1004 department. At any time prior to the issuance of a decision by the  
1005 department, a remonstrance may be withdrawn by the remonstrants or  
1006 by such agent or agents acting on behalf of such remonstrants and the  
1007 department may cancel the hearing or withdraw the case. The decision  
1008 of the department on such application shall be final with respect to the  
1009 remonstrance. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to  
1010 festival permits issued under section 30-37t, as amended by this act.

1011 (d) No new permit shall be issued until the foregoing provisions of  
1012 subsections (a) and (b) of this section have been complied with. If no  
1013 new permit is issued within twelve months of the filing date, as  
1014 defined in subsection (a) of this section, the application may, in the  
1015 discretion of the department, be deemed withdrawn and shall then be  
1016 returned to the applicant. Six months' or seasonal permits may be  
1017 renewed, provided the renewal application and fee shall be filed at  
1018 least twenty-one days before the reopening of the business, there is no  
1019 change in the permittee, ownership or type of permit, and the  
1020 permittee or backer did not receive a rebate of the permit fee with

1021 respect to the permit issued for the previous year.

1022 (e) The department may renew a permit that has expired if the  
1023 applicant pays to the department a nonrefundable late fee pursuant to  
1024 subsection (c) of section 21a-4, which fee shall be in addition to the fees  
1025 prescribed in this chapter for the permit applied for. The provisions of  
1026 this subsection shall not apply to one-day permits, to any permit which  
1027 is the subject of administrative or court proceedings, or where  
1028 otherwise provided by law.

1029 (f) No person who assists an applicant, backer or permittee in  
1030 submitting an application for a liquor permit shall submit, or cause to  
1031 be submitted, any false statement in connection with such application,  
1032 or engage in any conduct which delays or impedes the department in  
1033 processing such application. A violation of this subsection shall be  
1034 deemed an unfair or deceptive trade practice under subsection (a) of  
1035 section 42-110b. The commissioner, after providing an opportunity for  
1036 a hearing in accordance with chapter 54, may impose on any person  
1037 who violates the provisions of this subsection a civil penalty in an  
1038 amount not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation, and may  
1039 order such person to pay restitution to the applicant, backer or  
1040 permittee. All civil penalties paid, collected or recovered under this  
1041 subsection shall be deposited in the consumer protection enforcement  
1042 account established in section 21a-8a.

1043 Sec. 16. Section 30-48 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
1044 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1045 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or  
1046 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of airline permits  
1047 issued under section 30-28a, boats operating under in-state  
1048 transporter's permits issued under section 30-19f, and cafe permits  
1049 issued under subsections (d) and (h) of section 30-22a, except that: (1)  
1050 A backer of a hotel permit issued under section 30-21 or a restaurant  
1051 permit issued under section 30-22 may be a backer of both such classes;  
1052 (2) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22

1053 or a cafe permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22a may be a  
1054 holder or backer of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or  
1055 backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 may be a  
1056 holder or backer of a cafe permit issued under subsection (f) of section  
1057 30-22a; (4) a backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22  
1058 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a  
1059 when such restaurant is within a coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel  
1060 permit issued under section 30-21 may be a backer of a coliseum  
1061 permit issued under section 30-33a; (6) a backer of a grocery store beer  
1062 permit issued under subsection (c) of section 30-20 may be (A) a backer  
1063 of a package store permit issued under subsection (b) of section 30-20 if  
1064 such was the case on or before May 1, 1996, and (B) a backer of a  
1065 restaurant permit issued under section 30-22, provided the restaurant  
1066 permit premises do not abut or share the same space as the grocery  
1067 store beer permit premises; (7) a backer of a cafe permit issued under  
1068 subsection (j) of section 30-22a, may be a backer of a nonprofit theater  
1069 permit issued under section 30-35a; (8) a backer of a nonprofit theater  
1070 permit issued under section 30-35a may be a holder or backer of a hotel  
1071 permit issued under section 30-21 or a coliseum permit issued under  
1072 section 30-33a; (9) a backer of a concession permit issued under section  
1073 30-33 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under section 30-  
1074 33a; (10) a holder of an out-of-state winery shipper's permit for wine  
1075 issued under section 30-18a may be a holder of an in-state transporter's  
1076 permit issued under section 30-19f; (11) a holder of an out-of-state  
1077 shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-18 or an  
1078 out-of-state winery shipper's permit for wine issued under section 30-  
1079 18a may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under  
1080 section 30-19f; (12) a holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery  
1081 issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16 or a manufacturer permit  
1082 for wine, cider and mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16  
1083 may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under  
1084 section 30-19f, a farmers' market sales permit issued under subsection  
1085 (a) of section 30-37o, as amended by this act, an off-site farm winery  
1086 sales and tasting permit issued under section 30-16a, as amended by  
1087 this act, or any combination of such permits; (13) a holder of a

1088 manufacturer permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-  
1089 16, as amended by this act, may be a holder of a farmers' market sales  
1090 permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-37o, as amended by  
1091 this act; (14) the holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, beer, a  
1092 farm winery or wine, cider and mead, issued under subsection (a), (b),  
1093 (c) or (d), respectively, of section 30-16, as amended by this act, may be  
1094 a holder of a Connecticut craft cafe permit issued under section 30-22d,  
1095 a restaurant permit or a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued  
1096 under section 30-22; (15) the holder of a restaurant permit issued under  
1097 section 30-22, a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, or an in-state  
1098 transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f, may be the holder of a  
1099 seasonal outdoor open-air permit issued under section 30-22e; and (16)  
1100 the holder of a festival permit issued under section 30-37t, as amended  
1101 by this act, may be the holder or backer of one or more of such other  
1102 classes. Any person may be a permittee of more than one permit. No  
1103 holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued under subsection (b)  
1104 of section 30-16, as amended by this act, and no spouse or child of such  
1105 holder may be a holder or backer of more than three restaurant  
1106 permits issued under section 30-22 or cafe permits issued under  
1107 section 30-22a.

1108 (b) No permittee or backer thereof and no employee or agent of  
1109 such permittee or backer shall borrow money or receive credit in any  
1110 form for a period in excess of thirty days, directly or indirectly, from  
1111 any manufacturer permittee, or backer thereof, or from any wholesaler  
1112 permittee, or backer thereof, of alcoholic liquor or from any member of  
1113 the family of such manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or from  
1114 any stockholder in a corporation manufacturing or wholesaling such  
1115 liquor, and no manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or wholesaler  
1116 permittee or backer thereof or member of the family of either of such  
1117 permittees or of any such backer, and no stockholder of a corporation  
1118 manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor shall lend money or  
1119 otherwise extend credit, directly or indirectly, to any such permittee or  
1120 backer thereof or to the employee or agent of any such permittee or  
1121 backer. A wholesaler permittee or backer, or a manufacturer permittee

1122 or backer, that has not received payment in full from a retailer  
1123 permittee or backer within thirty days after the date such credit was  
1124 extended to such retailer or backer or to an employee or agent of any  
1125 such retailer or backer, shall give a written notice of obligation to such  
1126 retailer within the five days following the expiration of the thirty-day  
1127 period of credit. The notice of obligation shall state: The amount due;  
1128 the date credit was extended; the date the thirty-day period ended; and  
1129 that the retailer is in violation of this section. A retailer who disputes  
1130 the accuracy of the "notice of obligation" shall, within the ten days  
1131 following the expiration of the thirty-day period of credit, give a  
1132 written response to notice of obligation to the department and give a  
1133 copy to the wholesaler or manufacturer who sent the notice. The  
1134 response shall state the retailer's basis for dispute and the amount, if  
1135 any, admitted to be owed for more than thirty days; the copy  
1136 forwarded to the wholesaler or manufacturer shall be accompanied by  
1137 the amount admitted to be due, if any, and such payment shall be  
1138 made and received without prejudice to the rights of either party in  
1139 any civil action. Upon receipt of the retailer's response, the chairman of  
1140 the commission or such chairman's designee shall conduct an informal  
1141 hearing with the parties being given equal opportunity to appear and  
1142 be heard. If the chairman or such chairman's designee determines that  
1143 the notice of obligation is accurate, the department shall forthwith  
1144 issue an order directing the wholesaler or manufacturer to promptly  
1145 give all manufacturers and wholesalers engaged in the business of  
1146 selling alcoholic liquor to retailers in this state, a "notice of  
1147 delinquency". The notice of delinquency shall identify the delinquent  
1148 retailer, and state the amount due and the date of the expiration of the  
1149 thirty-day credit period. No wholesaler or manufacturer receiving a  
1150 notice of delinquency shall extend credit by the sale of alcoholic liquor  
1151 or otherwise to such delinquent retailer until after the manufacturer or  
1152 wholesaler has received a "notice of satisfaction" from the sender of the  
1153 notice of delinquency. If the chairman or such chairman's designee  
1154 determines that the notice of obligation is inaccurate, the department  
1155 shall forthwith issue an order prohibiting a notice of delinquency. The  
1156 party for whom the determination by the chairman or such chairman's

1157 designee was adverse, shall promptly pay to the department a part of  
1158 the cost of the proceedings as determined by the chairman or such  
1159 chairman's designee, which shall not be less than fifty dollars. The  
1160 department may suspend or revoke the permit of any permittee who,  
1161 in bad faith, gives an incorrect notice of obligation, an incorrect  
1162 response to notice of obligation, or an unauthorized notice of  
1163 delinquency. If the department does not receive a response to the  
1164 notice of obligation within such ten-day period, the delinquency shall  
1165 be deemed to be admitted and the wholesaler or manufacturer who  
1166 sent the notice of obligation shall, within the three days following the  
1167 expiration of such ten-day period, give a notice of delinquency to the  
1168 department and to all wholesalers and manufacturers engaged in the  
1169 business of selling alcoholic liquor to retailers in this state. A notice of  
1170 delinquency identifying a retailer who does not file a response within  
1171 such ten-day period shall have the same effect as a notice of  
1172 delinquency given by order of the chairman or such chairman's  
1173 designee. A wholesaler permittee or manufacturer permittee that has  
1174 given a notice of delinquency and that receives full payment for the  
1175 credit extended, shall, within three days after the date of full payment,  
1176 give a notice of satisfaction to the department and to all wholesalers  
1177 and manufacturers to whom a notice of delinquency was sent. The  
1178 prohibition against extension of credit to such retailer shall be void  
1179 upon such full payment. The department may revoke or suspend any  
1180 permit for a violation of this section. An appeal from an order of  
1181 revocation or suspension issued in accordance with this section may be  
1182 taken in accordance with section 30-60.

1183 (c) If there is a proposed change or change in ownership of a retail  
1184 permit premises, no application for a permit shall be approved until  
1185 the applicant files with the department an affidavit executed by the  
1186 seller of the retail permit premises stating that all obligations of the  
1187 predecessor permittee for the purchase of alcoholic liquor at such  
1188 permit premises have been paid or that such applicant did not receive  
1189 direct or indirect consideration from the predecessor permittee. The  
1190 commissioner may waive the requirement of such seller's affidavit

1191 upon finding that (1) the predecessor permittee abandoned the  
1192 premises prior to the filing of the application, and (2) such permittee  
1193 did not receive any consideration, direct or indirect, for such  
1194 permittee's abandonment. For the purposes of this subsection,  
1195 "consideration" means the receipt of legal tender or goods or services  
1196 for the purchase of alcoholic liquor remaining on the premises of the  
1197 predecessor permittee, for which bills remain unpaid.

1198 (d) A permittee may file a designation of an authorized agent with  
1199 the department to issue or receive all notices or documents provided  
1200 for in this section. The permittee shall be responsible for the issuance  
1201 or receipt of such notices or documents by the agent.

1202 (e) The period of credit permitted under this section shall be  
1203 calculated as the time elapsing between the date of receipt of the  
1204 alcoholic liquors by the purchaser and the date of full legal discharge  
1205 of the purchaser through the payment of cash or its equivalent from all  
1206 indebtedness arising from the transaction except that, if the last day for  
1207 payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the last day for  
1208 payment shall then be the next business day.

1209 (f) A permittee shall be a director, employee, member, officer,  
1210 partner or shareholder of the backer. For the purposes of this  
1211 subsection, "employee" means an individual whose (1) manner and  
1212 means of work performance are subject to the right of control of, or are  
1213 controlled by, the backer, and (2) compensation is reported, or  
1214 required to be reported, on a federal Form W-2 issued by, or caused to  
1215 be issued by, the backer.

1216 Sec. 17. Section 30-76a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
1217 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

1218 A wholesaler permittee shall not sell alcoholic liquor to any  
1219 [persons] person holding a temporary liquor permit for [outings,  
1220 picnics or special gatherings] a noncommercial entity issued under  
1221 section 30-35, as amended by this act, or [a charitable organization

1222 permit, including a nonprofit public television corporation permit  
1223 issued under section 30-37d but excluding] a nonprofit golf  
1224 tournament permit issued under section 30-37g. Holders of such  
1225 permits shall purchase alcoholic liquor only from permittees holding  
1226 package store permits issued under subsection (b) of section 30-20. The  
1227 provisions of this section shall not apply to the sale of beer in kegs or  
1228 donations of any beer, spirits or wine to which a wholesaler permittee  
1229 holds distribution rights.

1230 Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 30-91 of the general statutes is  
1231 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*  
1232 *1, 2023*):

1233 (a) The sale, dispensing, consumption or presence in glasses or other  
1234 receptacles suitable to allow for the consumption of alcoholic liquor by  
1235 an individual in places operating under hotel permits issued under  
1236 section 30-21, restaurant permits issued under section 30-22, cafe  
1237 permits issued under section 30-22a, Connecticut craft cafe permits  
1238 issued under section 30-22d, club permits issued under section 30-  
1239 22aa, restaurant permits for catering establishments issued under  
1240 section 30-22b, coliseum permits issued under section 30-33a, nonprofit  
1241 public museum permits issued under section 30-37a, manufacturer  
1242 permits for beer, a farm winery or wine, cider and mead issued under  
1243 subsection (b), (c) or (d), respectively, of section 30-16, as amended by  
1244 this act, casino permits issued under section 30-37k [,] and caterer  
1245 liquor permits issued under section 30-37j [and charitable organization  
1246 permits issued under section 30-37b] shall be unlawful on: (1) Monday,  
1247 Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the hours of one  
1248 o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (2) Saturday between the hours of  
1249 two o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (3) Sunday between the hours  
1250 of two o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.; (4) Christmas, except (A) for  
1251 alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the  
1252 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which  
1253 Christmas falls, and (B) by casino permittees at casinos, as defined in  
1254 section 30-37k; and (5) January first between the hours of three o'clock



1255 a.m. and nine o'clock a.m., except that on any Sunday that is January  
1256 first the prohibitions of this section shall be between the hours of three  
1257 o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.

1258 Sec. 19. Section 30-114 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
1259 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1260 (a) As used in this section, "keg" means any brewery-sealed  
1261 individual container of beer having a liquid capacity of [six] at least  
1262 four gallons. [or more.]

1263 (b) Any holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer  
1264 permit under section 30-20, or of a manufacturer permit for beer under  
1265 subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, that sells kegs  
1266 for consumption off the permit premises shall, at the time of sale, (1)  
1267 place an identification tag on all kegs sold by the permittee, (2) require  
1268 each purchaser of any such keg to sign a receipt for the keg, and (3)  
1269 inform such purchaser that any deposit paid by the purchaser for the  
1270 keg, if required, shall be forfeited if the keg is returned without the  
1271 original identification tag intact and readable.

1272 (c) (1) The identification tag required under subdivision (1) of  
1273 subsection (b) of this section shall be in the form of a numbered label,  
1274 prescribed and furnished by the department, that clearly identifies the  
1275 seller of the keg. Such tags shall be fabricated and made attachable in  
1276 such a manner as to make the tag easily removable by a beer  
1277 manufacturer for the purpose of cleaning and reusing the keg.

1278 (2) The receipt required under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of  
1279 this section shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the  
1280 department and shall include the name, address and signature of the  
1281 purchaser of the keg and the purchaser's motor vehicle operator's  
1282 license number or such other identifying information as the  
1283 department may prescribe by regulation under section 30-6a. The  
1284 permittee shall retain a copy of all such receipts on the permit premises  
1285 for a period of six months. Such receipts shall be available for

1286 inspection and copying by the department or any authorized criminal  
 1287 justice agency.

1288 (3) The information required under subdivision (3) of subsection (b)  
 1289 of this section may be given verbally to each purchaser of a keg or may  
 1290 be provided by means of a sign conspicuously posted at the point of  
 1291 sale in such form and containing such disclosures as the department  
 1292 may require by regulation under section 30-6a.

1293 (4) The department may charge a reasonable fee for furnishing the  
 1294 forms required by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, not to  
 1295 exceed the actual cost of furnishing such forms.

1296 (d) No holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer  
 1297 permit under section 30-20, or of a manufacturer permit for beer under  
 1298 subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, may refund any  
 1299 deposit upon the return of any keg that (1) does not have an  
 1300 identification tag required under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of  
 1301 this section or (2) has an identification tag that has been defaced to the  
 1302 extent that the information contained on the tag cannot be read.

1303 (e) The violation by any holder of a package store permit or a  
 1304 grocery store beer permit under section 30-20, or of a manufacturer  
 1305 permit for beer under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by  
 1306 this act, of any provision of this section shall be cause for revocation or  
 1307 suspension of such permit under section 30-55.

1308 Sec. 20. Sections 30-25, 30-37b, 30-37d and 30-37h of the general  
 1309 statutes are repealed. (*Effective July 1, 2023*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	30-1
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-1
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	30-1
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	New section

Sec. 5	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	New section
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-14(a) and (b)
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	30-14(a) and (b)
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	30-16(a) and (b)
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-16a(a)
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-16b(a)
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-35
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	30-37o(a)
Sec. 14	<i>from passage</i>	30-37t(g)
Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-39
Sec. 16	<i>from passage</i>	30-48
Sec. 17	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-76a
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-91(a)
Sec. 19	<i>from passage</i>	30-114
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	Repealer section

**Statement of Legislative Commissioners:**

In the introductory language of Section 3, "section 2" was changed to "sections 1 and 2" for accuracy; in Section 5(b)(1)(I), provisions were rewritten for clarity; in Section 6(c), "to a backer" was changed to "to an auctioneer" for accuracy; and in Section 7, references to "section 6 of this act" were deleted for accuracy.

**GL**            *Joint Favorable Subst.*