

**Proposed Substitute
Bill No. 5255**

LCO No. 3953

**AN ACT CONCERNING RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2022*) (a) For the purposes of this
2 section:

3 (1) "Alcoholic beverage" has the same meaning as provided in section
4 30-1 of the general statutes;

5 (2) "Highway", "motor vehicle", "motor bus" and "recreational
6 vehicle" have the same meanings as provided in section 14-1 of the
7 general statutes;

8 (3) "Open alcoholic beverage container" means a bottle, can or other
9 receptacle (A) that contains any amount of an alcoholic beverage, and
10 (B) (i) that is open or has a broken seal, or (ii) the contents of which are
11 partially removed;

12 (4) "Passenger" means any occupant of a motor vehicle other than the
13 operator;

14 (5) "Passenger area" means (A) the area designed to seat the operator
15 of and any passenger in a motor vehicle while such vehicle is being
16 operated on a highway, or (B) any area that is readily accessible to such
17 operator or passenger while such person is in such person's seated
18 position, except that, in a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a

19 trunk, "passenger area" does not include a locked glove compartment,
20 the area behind the last upright seat closest to the rear of the motor
21 vehicle or an area not normally occupied by the operator of or
22 passengers in such motor vehicle;

23 (6) "Taxicab" has the same meaning as provided in section 13b-95 of
24 the general statutes; and

25 (7) "Transportation network company vehicle" has the same meaning
26 as provided in section 13b-116 of the general statutes.

27 (b) No person shall possess an open alcoholic beverage container
28 within the passenger area of a motor vehicle while such motor vehicle
29 is on any highway in this state.

30 (c) The provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to:
31 (1) A passenger in a motor vehicle designed, maintained and primarily
32 used for the transportation of passengers for hire, including a taxicab,
33 motor bus or motor vehicle in livery service, (2) a passenger in a
34 transportation network company vehicle, or (3) a passenger in the living
35 quarters of a recreational vehicle.

36 (d) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (b) of this
37 section shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars.

38 Sec. 2. Subsection (i) of section 54-1m of the 2022 supplement to the
39 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
40 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

41 (i) The Office of Policy and Management shall, within available
42 resources, review the prevalence and disposition of traffic stops and
43 complaints reported pursuant to this section, including any traffic stops
44 conducted on suspicion of a violation of section 14-227a, 14-227g, 14-
45 227m, [or] 14-227n or section 1 of this act. Not later than July 1, 2014, and
46 annually thereafter, the office shall report the results of any such review,
47 including any recommendations, to the Governor, the General
48 Assembly and any other entity deemed appropriate. The Office of Policy
49 and Management shall make such report publicly available on the

50 office's Internet web site.

51 Sec. 3. Section 14-251 of the general statutes is repealed and the
52 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

53 No vehicle shall be permitted to remain stationary within ten feet of
54 any fire hydrant, or upon the traveled portion of any highway except
55 upon the right-hand side of such highway in the direction in which such
56 vehicle is headed; and, if such highway is curbed, such vehicle shall be
57 so placed that its right-hand wheels, when stationary, shall, when safety
58 will permit, be within a distance of twelve inches from the curb, except
59 if a bikeway, as defined in section 13a-153f, or such bikeway's buffer
60 area, as described in the federal Manual on Uniform Traffic Control
61 Devices, is in place between the parking lane and the curb, such vehicle
62 shall be so placed that its right-hand wheels, when stationary, shall,
63 when safety will permit, be within a distance of twelve inches from the
64 edge of such bikeway or buffer area. No vehicle shall be permitted to
65 remain parked within twenty-five feet of an intersection or an approach
66 to a marked crosswalk, [at such intersection,] except within ten feet of
67 such intersection if such intersection or marked crosswalk has a curb
68 extension treatment with a width equal to or greater than the width of
69 the parking lane [and such intersection is located in and comprised
70 entirely of highways under the jurisdiction of the city of New Haven,]
71 or except if the parking space was established on or before October 1,
72 2022. No vehicle shall be permitted to remain parked within twenty-five
73 feet of a stop sign caused to be erected by the traffic authority in
74 accordance with the provisions of section 14-301, except where
75 permitted by the traffic authority of the city of New Haven at the
76 intersection of one-way streets located in and comprised entirely of
77 highways under the jurisdiction of the city of New Haven. No vehicle
78 shall be permitted to remain stationary upon the traveled portion of any
79 highway at any curve or turn or at the top of any grade where a clear
80 view of such vehicle may not be had from a distance of at least one
81 hundred fifty feet in either direction. The Commissioner of
82 Transportation may post signs upon any highway at any place where
83 the keeping of a vehicle stationary is dangerous to traffic, and the

84 keeping of any vehicle stationary contrary to the directions of such signs
85 shall be a violation of this section. No vehicle shall be permitted to
86 remain stationary upon the traveled portion of any highway within fifty
87 feet of the point where another vehicle, which had previously stopped,
88 continues to remain stationary on the opposite side of the traveled
89 portion of the same highway. No vehicle shall be permitted to remain
90 stationary within the limits of a public highway in such a manner as to
91 constitute a traffic hazard or obstruct the free movement of traffic
92 thereon, provided a vehicle which has become disabled to such an
93 extent that it is impossible or impracticable to remove it may be
94 permitted to so remain for a reasonable time for the purpose of making
95 repairs thereto or of obtaining sufficient assistance to remove it. Nothing
96 in this section shall be construed to apply to emergency vehicles and to
97 maintenance vehicles displaying flashing lights or to prohibit a vehicle
98 from stopping, or being held stationary by any officer, in an emergency
99 to avoid accident or to give a right-of-way to any vehicle or pedestrian
100 as provided in this chapter, or from stopping on any highway within
101 the limits of an incorporated city, town or borough where the parking
102 of vehicles is regulated by local ordinances. Violation of any provision
103 of this section shall be an infraction.

104 Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 14-218a of the 2022 supplement to the
105 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
106 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

107 (b) [The] (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection,
108 the Office of the State Traffic Administration shall establish a speed limit
109 of sixty-five miles per hour on any multiple lane, limited access
110 highways that are suitable for a speed limit of sixty-five miles per hour,
111 taking into consideration relevant factors including design, population
112 of area and traffic flow.

113 (2) The Commissioner of Transportation may establish the speed
114 limit on limited access highways during a weather event or an
115 emergency, provided the commissioner erects electronic signs
116 indicating such speed limit.

117 Sec. 5. Section 14-219 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes
118 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
119 *October 1, 2022*):

120 (a) No person shall operate any motor vehicle (1) upon any highway,
121 road or any parking area for ten cars or more, at such a rate of speed as
122 to endanger the life of any occupant of such motor vehicle, but not the
123 life of any other person than such an occupant; (2) at a rate of speed
124 greater than fifty-five miles per hour upon any highway other than a
125 highway specified in subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 14-218a,
126 as amended by this act, for which a speed limit has been established in
127 accordance with the provisions of said subsection; (3) at a rate of speed
128 greater than sixty-five miles per hour upon any highway specified in
129 subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 14-218a, as amended by this
130 act, for which a speed limit has been established in accordance with the
131 provisions of said subsection; [or] (4) if such person is under eighteen
132 years of age, upon any highway or road for which a speed limit of less
133 than sixty-five miles per hour has been established in accordance with
134 section 14-218a, as amended by this act, or section 14-307a, as amended
135 by this act, at a rate of speed more than twenty miles per hour above
136 such speed limit; or (5) at a rate of speed greater than the speed limit
137 upon a limited access highway for which a speed limit has been
138 established in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of
139 subsection (b) of section 14-218a, as amended by this act.

140 (b) Any person who operates a motor vehicle (1) on a multiple lane,
141 limited access highway other than a highway specified in subdivision
142 (1) of subsection (b) of section 14-218a, as amended by this act, for which
143 a speed limit has been established in accordance with the provisions of
144 said subsection at a rate of speed greater than fifty-five miles per hour
145 but not greater than seventy miles per hour, (2) on a multiple lane,
146 limited access highway specified in subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of
147 section 14-218a, as amended by this act, for which a speed limit has been
148 established in accordance with the provisions of said subsection at a rate
149 of speed greater than sixty-five miles per hour but not greater than
150 seventy miles per hour, (3) on any other highway at a rate of speed

151 greater than fifty-five miles per hour but not greater than sixty miles per
152 hour, [or] (4) if such person is under eighteen years of age, upon any
153 highway or road for which a speed limit of less than sixty-five miles per
154 hour has been established in accordance with section 14-218a, as
155 amended by this act, or section 14-307a, as amended by this act, at a rate
156 of speed more than twenty miles per hour above such speed limit, or (5)
157 at a rate of speed greater than the speed limit upon a limited access
158 highway for which a speed limit has been established in accordance
159 with the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 14-
160 218a, as amended by this act, shall commit an infraction, provided any
161 such person operating a truck, as defined in section 14-260n, shall have
162 committed a violation and shall be fined not less than one hundred
163 dollars nor more than one hundred fifty dollars.

164 (c) Any person who violates any provision of subdivision (1) of
165 subsection (a) of this section or who operates a motor vehicle (1) on a
166 multiple lane, limited access highway at a rate of speed greater than
167 seventy miles per hour but not greater than eighty-five miles per hour,
168 or (2) on any other highway at a rate of speed greater than sixty miles
169 per hour but not greater than eighty-five miles per hour, shall be fined
170 not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one hundred fifty
171 dollars, provided any such person operating a motor vehicle described
172 in subsection (a) of section 14-163c shall be fined not less than one
173 hundred fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars.

174 (d) No person shall be subject to prosecution for a violation of both
175 subsection (a) of this section and subsection (a) of section 14-222 because
176 of the same offense.

177 (e) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes to the
178 contrary, any person who violates subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of
179 this section, subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of this section while
180 operating a truck, as defined in section 14-260n, or subdivision (1) of
181 subsection (c) of this section while operating a motor vehicle or a truck,
182 as defined in section 14-260n, shall follow the procedures set forth in
183 section 51-164n, as amended by this act.

184 Sec. 6. Section 13b-34 of the general statutes is amended by adding
185 subsection (l) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

186 (NEW) (l) If the commissioner deems it to be in the best interest of the
187 state, the commissioner may indemnify and hold harmless any railroad
188 company in connection with an interim trail use and rail banking
189 arrangement pursuant to 49 CFR Section 1152.29, as amended from time
190 to time.

191 Sec. 7. Subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 4a-60 of the 2022
192 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is
193 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

194 (1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with an awarding
195 agency or who is a party to a municipal public works contract or a
196 contract for a quasi-public agency project shall include a
197 nondiscrimination affirmation provision certifying that the contractor
198 understands the obligations of this section and will maintain a policy for
199 the duration of the contract to assure that the contract will be performed
200 in compliance with the nondiscrimination requirements of subsection
201 (a) of this section. The authorized signatory of the contract shall
202 demonstrate his or her understanding of this obligation by [either] (A)
203 initialing the nondiscrimination affirmation provision in the body of the
204 contract, [or] (B) providing an affirmative response in the required
205 online bid or response to a proposal question which asks if the
206 contractor understands its obligations, or (C) signing the contract.

207 Sec. 8. Subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (b) of section 4a-81 of the
208 2022 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following
209 is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

210 (2) Such representation shall be [sworn as true] made to the best
211 knowledge and belief of the person signing the contract and shall be
212 subject to the [penalties] penalty of false statement as provided in
213 section 53a-157b.

214 (3) [Such] If such representation indicates that a consulting

215 agreement has been entered into in connection with any such contract,
216 such representation shall include or attach the following information for
217 each consulting agreement listed: The name of the consultant, the
218 consultant's firm, the basic terms of the consulting agreement, a brief
219 description of the services provided, and an indication as to whether the
220 consultant is a former state employee or public official. If the consultant
221 is a former state employee or public official, such representation shall
222 indicate his or her former agency and the date such employment
223 terminated.

224 Sec. 9. Subsection (b) of section 4-252 of the 2022 supplement to the
225 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
226 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

227 (b) The official or employee of such state agency or quasi-public
228 agency who is authorized to execute state contracts shall represent that
229 the selection of the [most qualified or highest ranked] person, firm or
230 corporation was not the result of collusion, the giving of a gift or the
231 promise of a gift, compensation, fraud or inappropriate influence from
232 any person.

233 Sec. 10. Subsection (d) of section 4-252a of the 2022 supplement to the
234 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
235 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

236 (d) Any entity that makes a good faith effort to determine whether
237 such entity has made an investment described in subsection (b) of this
238 section shall not be [subject to the penalties of false statement pursuant
239 to] deemed to be in breach of the contract or in violation of this section.
240 A "good faith effort" for purposes of this subsection includes a
241 determination that such entity is not on the list of persons who engage
242 in certain investment activities in Iran created by the Department of
243 General Services of the state of California pursuant to Division 2,
244 Chapter 2.7 of the California Public Contract Code. Nothing in this
245 subsection shall be construed to impair the ability of the state agency or
246 quasi-public agency to pursue a breach of contract action for any
247 violation of the provisions of the contract.

248 Sec. 11. Section 13b-4d of the general statutes is repealed and the
249 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

250 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the general statutes, the
251 Commissioner of Transportation may declare a state of emergency and
252 may employ, in any manner, such assistance as [he] the commissioner
253 may require to restore any railroad owned by the state or any of its
254 subdivisions or the facilities, equipment or service of such railroad, [or]
255 any transit system or its facilities, equipment or service, or any airport
256 when: (1) A railroad system owned by the state or any of its subdivisions
257 or any of the facilities or equipment of such railroad system is deemed
258 by the commissioner to be in an unsafe condition or when there is an
259 interruption of essential railroad services, whether or not such system
260 or any of its facilities or equipment is physically damaged; (2) a transit
261 facility owned by the state or any of its subdivisions or the equipment
262 of such facility is damaged as a result of a natural disaster or incurs
263 substantial casualty loss which results in what is deemed by the
264 commissioner to be an unsafe condition or when there is an interruption
265 of essential transit services; or (3) an airport owned or operated by the
266 state or any of its subdivisions or the equipment of such airport is
267 damaged as a result of a natural disaster or incurs substantial casualty
268 loss which results in what is deemed by the commissioner to be an
269 unsafe condition or when there is an interruption of essential transit
270 services.

271 (b) When a privately-owned railroad system, its facility or equipment
272 is damaged as a result of a natural disaster or incurs substantial casualty
273 loss which results in an unsafe condition or the interruption of essential
274 railroad service, the railroad company may request the commissioner to
275 declare a state of emergency, and said commissioner may comply with
276 such request and may provide assistance to such railroad company in
277 any manner [he] the commissioner deems necessary to restore said
278 railroad system, facility, equipment or service.

279 (c) When the commissioner declares a state of emergency pursuant to
280 this section, the commissioner shall have the right to enter upon and

281 utilize private property to correct the unsafe condition or restore the
282 interruption of essential railroad or transit services. The commissioner
283 shall make a reasonable effort to notify the owner of record of such
284 property prior to entering such property. The owner shall be
285 compensated for the use of such property in the manner prescribed in
286 section 13a-73, as amended by this act, for acquiring real property for
287 state highway purposes.

288 Sec. 12. Section 13b-26 of the general statutes is repealed and the
289 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

290 (a) The commissioner shall make such alterations in the state
291 highway system as [he] the commissioner may, from time to time, deem
292 necessary and desirable to fulfill the purposes of this chapter and title
293 13a. In making any such alteration, [he] the commissioner shall consider
294 the best interest of the state, taking into consideration relevant factors
295 including the following: Traffic flow, origin and destination of traffic,
296 integration and circulation of traffic, continuity of routes, alternate
297 available routes and changes in traffic patterns. The relative weight to
298 be given to any factor shall be determined by the commissioner.

299 (b) The commissioner may plan, design, lay out, construct, alter,
300 reconstruct, improve, relocate, maintain, repair, widen and grade any
301 state highway whenever, in [his] the commissioner's judgment, the
302 interest of the state so requires. Except when otherwise provided by
303 statute, [he] the commissioner shall exercise exclusive jurisdiction over
304 all such highways, and shall have the same powers relating to the state
305 highway system as are given to the selectmen of towns, the mayor and
306 common council of any city and the warden and burgesses of any
307 borough in relation to highways within their respective municipalities.
308 In laying out or building a state highway, the commissioner shall follow
309 the procedures of sections 13a-57 and 13a-58.

310 (c) The commissioner, where necessary in connection with the
311 construction, reconstruction, repair or relocation of a state highway,
312 may relocate, reconstruct or adjust the grade or alignment of any locally
313 maintained highway using standards of construction resulting in safety

314 and convenience. Any highway so changed shall continue to be
315 maintained by the town, city or borough after the completion of such
316 construction, reconstruction, repair or relocation.

317 (d) The commissioner is authorized and directed, to the full extent
318 but only to the extent permitted by moneys and appropriations
319 becoming available under sections 13a-184 to 13a-197, inclusive, or any
320 other law but subject to approval by the Governor of allotment thereof,
321 forthwith to undertake and proceed with the projects prescribed in
322 section 13a-185 and, to that end, said commissioner with respect to any
323 such project is authorized to do and perform any act or thing regarding
324 the projects which is mentioned or referred to in [said] section 13a-185.

325 (e) Subject to the limitations referred to in subsection (d) of this
326 section and in order to effectuate the purposes of said subsection, said
327 commissioner is authorized (1) to plan, design, lay out, construct,
328 reconstruct, relocate, improve, maintain and operate the projects, and
329 reconstruct and relocate existing highways, sections of highways,
330 bridges or structures and incorporate or use the same, whether or not so
331 reconstructed or relocated or otherwise changed or improved, as parts
332 of such projects; (2) to retain and employ consultants and assistants on
333 a contract or other basis for rendering professional, legal, fiscal,
334 engineering, technical or other assistance and advice; and (3) to do all
335 things necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes and duties and
336 exercise the powers expressly given in [said] sections 13a-184 to 13a-197,
337 inclusive. Except as otherwise stated in subsection (d) of this section,
338 nothing contained in [said] sections 13a-184 to 13a-197, inclusive, shall
339 be construed to limit or restrict, with respect to the projects, any power,
340 right or authority of the commissioner existing under or pursuant to any
341 other law.

342 (f) (1) Whenever a state of emergency, as a result of a disaster, exists
343 in the state or any part of the state, and is so declared to be under the
344 provisions of any federal law or state statute, and the state highway
345 system becomes damaged as a result of such disaster, or (2) whenever
346 the commissioner declares that an emergency condition exists on any

347 highway in the state which demands immediate attention to [insure]
348 ensure the safety of the traveling public, whether or not such highway
349 is damaged, the commissioner may, notwithstanding any other
350 provision of the statutes, employ, in any manner, such assistance as [he]
351 the commissioner may require to restore [said] such highway system to
352 a condition which will provide safe travel or to correct the emergency
353 condition so declared by the commissioner.

354 (g) When the commissioner declares that an emergency condition
355 exists on any highway in the state pursuant to subsection (f) of this
356 section, the commissioner shall have the right to enter upon and utilize
357 private property to restore such highway system or correct the
358 emergency condition. The commissioner shall make a reasonable effort
359 to notify the owner of record of such property prior to entering such
360 property. The owner shall be compensated for the use of such property
361 in the manner prescribed in section 13a-73, as amended by this act, for
362 acquiring real property for state highway purposes.

363 Sec. 13. Subsection (d) of section 14-270 of the general statutes is
364 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
365 *2022*):

366 (d) (1) The owner or lessee of any vehicle may pay either a fee of thirty
367 dollars for each permit issued for such vehicle under this section or a fee
368 as described in subdivision (3) of this subsection for such vehicle,
369 payable to the Department of Transportation. (2) An additional
370 transmittal fee of [five] twelve dollars shall be charged for each permit
371 issued under this section and transmitted via electronic means. (3) The
372 commissioner may issue an annual permit for any vehicle transporting
373 (A) a divisible load, (B) an overweight or oversized-overweight
374 indivisible load, or (C) an oversize indivisible load. The owner or lessee
375 shall pay an annual fee of nine dollars per thousand pounds or fraction
376 thereof for each such vehicle. A permit may be issued in any increment
377 up to one year, provided the owner or lessee shall pay a fee of one
378 hundred dollars for such vehicle or vehicle and trailer for each month
379 or fraction thereof. (4) The annual permit fee for any vehicle

380 transporting an oversize indivisible load shall not be less than six
381 hundred fifty dollars. (5) The commissioner may issue permits for
382 divisible loads in the aggregate not exceeding fifty-three feet in length.
383 (6) An additional engineering analysis fee of two dollars per thousand
384 pounds or fraction thereof over two hundred thousand pounds shall be
385 charged for an oversize-overweight vehicle and trailer or a commercial
386 vehicle combination and load that exceeds a permit weight of two
387 hundred thousand pounds.

388 Sec. 14. Subsection (c) of section 54-33p of the 2022 supplement to the
389 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
390 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

391 (c) A law enforcement official may conduct a test for impairment
392 based on the odor of cannabis or burnt cannabis if such official
393 reasonably suspects the operator [or a passenger of a motor vehicle] of
394 violating section [14-227,] 14-227a, 14-227m or 14-227n.

395 Sec. 15. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 54-56e of the 2022
396 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is
397 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

398 (b) The court may, in its discretion, invoke such program on motion
399 of the defendant or on motion of a state's attorney or prosecuting
400 attorney with respect to a defendant (1) who, the court believes, will
401 probably not offend in the future, (2) who has no previous record of
402 conviction of a crime or of a violation of section 14-196, subsection (c) of
403 section 14-215, section 14-222a, subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of
404 subsection (b) of section 14-224, section 14-227a or 14-227m, [or]
405 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n or section 15-
406 132a, 15-133 or 15-140n, and (3) who states under oath, in open court or
407 before any person designated by the clerk and duly authorized to
408 administer oaths, under the penalties of perjury, (A) that the defendant
409 has never had such program invoked on the defendant's behalf or that
410 the defendant was charged with a misdemeanor or a motor vehicle
411 violation for which a term of imprisonment of one year or less may be
412 imposed and ten or more years have passed since the date that any

413 charge or charges for which the program was invoked on the
414 defendant's behalf were dismissed by the court, or (B) with respect to a
415 defendant who is a veteran, that the defendant has not had such
416 program invoked in the defendant's behalf more than once previously,
417 provided the defendant shall agree thereto and provided notice has
418 been given by the defendant, on a form prescribed by the Office of the
419 Chief Court Administrator, to the victim or victims of such crime or
420 motor vehicle violation, if any, by registered or certified mail and such
421 victim or victims have an opportunity to be heard thereon. Any
422 defendant who [makes application] applies for participation in such
423 program shall pay to the court an application fee of thirty-five dollars,
424 except as provided in subsection (g) of this section. No defendant shall
425 be allowed to participate in the pretrial program for accelerated
426 rehabilitation more than two times. For the purposes of this section,
427 "veteran" has the same meaning as provided in section 27-103.

428 (c) This section shall not be applicable: (1) To any person charged
429 with (A) a class A felony, (B) a class B felony, except a violation of
430 subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 53a-122 that does
431 not involve the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force
432 against another person, or a violation of subdivision (4) of subsection (a)
433 of section 53a-122 that does not involve the use, attempted use or
434 threatened use of physical force against another person and does not
435 involve a violation by a person who is a public official, as defined in
436 section 1-110, or a state or municipal employee, as defined in section 1-
437 110, or (C) a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision
438 of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 14-227a or 14-227m,
439 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision (2)
440 of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-56b, 53a-60d, 53a-70, 53a-
441 70a, 53a-71, except as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection, 53a-
442 72a, 53a-72b, 53a-90a, 53a-196e or 53a-196f, (2) to any person charged
443 with a crime or motor vehicle violation who, as a result of the
444 commission of such crime or motor vehicle violation, causes the death
445 of another person, (3) to any person accused of a family violence crime
446 as defined in section 46b-38a who (A) is eligible for the pretrial family
447 violence education program established under section 46b-38c, or (B)

448 has previously had the pretrial family violence education program
449 invoked in such person's behalf, (4) to any person charged with a
450 violation of section 21a-267, 21a-279 or 21a-279a, who (A) is eligible for
451 the pretrial drug education and community service program established
452 under section 54-56i or the pretrial drug intervention and community
453 service program established under section 54-56q, or (B) has previously
454 had (i) the pretrial drug education program (ii) the pretrial drug
455 education and community service program established under the
456 provisions of section 54-56i, or (iii) the pretrial drug intervention and
457 community service program established under section 54-56q, invoked
458 on such person's behalf, (5) unless good cause is shown, to (A) any
459 person charged with a class C felony, or (B) any person charged with
460 committing a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-
461 71 while such person was less than four years older than the other
462 person, (6) to any person charged with a violation of section 9-359 or 9-
463 359a, (7) to any person charged with a motor vehicle violation (A) while
464 operating a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, or (B)
465 who holds a commercial driver's license or commercial driver's
466 instruction permit at the time of the violation, (8) to any person charged
467 with a violation of subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 53a-60, [or]
468 (9) to a health care provider or vendor participating in the state's
469 Medicaid program charged with a violation of section 53a-122 or
470 subdivision (4) of subsection (a) of section 53a-123, or (10) to any person
471 charged with a violation of section 15-132a, 15-133 or 15-140n.

472 Sec. 16. Subsection (c) of section 14-227b of the 2022 supplement to
473 the general statutes, as amended by section 118 of public act 21-1 of the
474 June special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
475 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

476 (c) If the person arrested refuses to submit to such test or
477 nontestimonial portion of a drug influence evaluation or submits to such
478 test, commenced within two hours of the time of operation, and the
479 results of such test indicate that such person has an elevated blood
480 alcohol content, the police officer, acting on behalf of the Commissioner
481 of Motor Vehicles, shall immediately revoke and take possession of the

482 motor vehicle operator's license or, if such person is not licensed or is a
483 nonresident, suspend the operating privilege of such person, for a
484 twenty-four-hour period. The police officer shall prepare a report of the
485 incident and shall mail or otherwise transmit in accordance with this
486 subsection the report and a copy of the results of any chemical test to
487 the Department of Motor Vehicles within three business days. The
488 report shall contain such information as prescribed by the
489 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and shall be subscribed and sworn to
490 under penalty of false statement as provided in section 53a-157b by the
491 arresting officer. If the person arrested refused to submit to such test or
492 evaluation, the report shall be endorsed by a third person who
493 witnessed such refusal. The report shall set forth the grounds for the
494 officer's belief that there was probable cause to arrest such person for a
495 violation of section 14-227a or 14-227m or subdivision (1) or (2) of
496 subsection (a) of section 14-227n and shall state that such person had
497 refused to submit to such test or evaluation when requested by such
498 police officer to do so or that such person submitted to such test,
499 commenced within two hours of the time of operation, and the results
500 of such test indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol
501 content. A drug influence evaluation need not be commenced within
502 two hours of the time of operation. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles
503 may accept a police report under this subsection that is prepared and
504 transmitted as an electronic record, including electronic signature or
505 signatures, subject to such security procedures as the commissioner may
506 specify and in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-266 to 1-286,
507 inclusive. In any hearing conducted pursuant to the provisions of
508 subsection (g) of this section, it shall not be a ground for objection to the
509 admissibility of a police report that it is an electronic record prepared by
510 electronic means.

511 Sec. 17. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 13a-73 of the 2022
512 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is
513 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

514 (b) The commissioner may take any land the commissioner finds
515 necessary for the layout, alteration, extension, widening, change of

516 grade or other improvement of any state highway, bicycle lane, multiuse
517 trail or for a highway maintenance storage area or garage and the owner
518 of such land shall be paid by the state for all damages, and the state shall
519 receive from such owner the amount or value of all benefits resulting
520 from such taking, layout, alteration, extension, widening, change of
521 grade or other improvement. The use of any site acquired for highway
522 maintenance storage area or garage purposes by condemnation shall
523 conform to any zoning ordinance or development plan in effect for the
524 area in which such site is located, provided the commissioner may be
525 granted any variance or special exception as may be made pursuant to
526 the zoning ordinances and regulations of the town in which any such
527 site is to be acquired. The assessment of such damages and of such
528 benefits shall be made by the commissioner and filed by the
529 commissioner with the clerk of the superior court for the judicial district
530 in which the land affected is located. The commissioner shall give notice
531 of such assessment to each person having an interest of record therein,
532 or such person's designated agent for service of process, by mailing to
533 such person a copy of the same, postage prepaid, and, at any time after
534 such assessment has been made by the commissioner, the physical
535 construction of such layout, alteration, extension, widening,
536 maintenance storage area or garage, change of grade or other
537 improvement may be made. If notice cannot be given to any person
538 entitled thereto because such person's whereabouts or existence is
539 unknown, notice may be given by publishing a notice at least twice in a
540 newspaper published in the judicial district and having a daily or
541 weekly circulation in the town in which the property affected is located.
542 Any such published notice shall state that it is a notice to the last owner
543 of record or such owner's surviving spouse, heirs, administrators,
544 assigns, representatives or creditors if he or she is deceased, and shall
545 contain a brief description of the property taken. Notice shall also be
546 given by mailing to such person at his or her last-known address, by
547 registered or certified mail, a copy of such notice. If, after a search of the
548 land and probate records, the address of any interested party cannot be
549 found, an affidavit stating such facts and reciting the steps taken to
550 establish the address of any such person shall be filed with the clerk of

551 the court and accepted in lieu of service of such notice by mailing the
552 same to the last-known address of such person. Upon filing an
553 assessment with the clerk of the court, the commissioner shall forthwith
554 sign and file for record with the town clerk of the town in which such
555 real property is located a certificate setting forth the fact of such taking,
556 a description of the real property so taken and the names and residences
557 of the owners from whom it was taken. Upon the filing of such
558 certificate, title to such real property in fee simple shall vest in the state
559 of Connecticut, except that, if it is so specified in such certificate, a lesser
560 estate, interest or right shall vest in the state. The commissioner shall
561 permit the last owner of record of such real property upon which an
562 owner-occupied residence or owner-operated business is situated to
563 remain in such residence or operate such business, rent free, for a period
564 of ninety days after the filing of such certificate.

565 (c) The commissioner may purchase any land and take a deed thereof
566 in the name of the state when such land is needed in connection with
567 the layout, construction, repair, reconstruction or maintenance of any
568 state highway, bicycle lane, multiuse trail or bridge, and any land or
569 buildings or both, necessary, in the commissioner's opinion, for the
570 efficient accomplishment of the foregoing purpose, and may further,
571 when the commissioner determines that it is in the best interests of the
572 state, purchase, lease or otherwise arrange for the acquisition or
573 exchange of land or buildings or both for such purpose. The
574 commissioner, with the advice and consent of the Attorney General,
575 may settle and compromise any claim by any person, firm or
576 corporation claiming to be aggrieved by such layout, construction,
577 reconstruction, repair or maintenance by the payment of money, the
578 transfer of other land acquired for or in connection with highway
579 purposes, or otherwise. The commissioner shall permit the last owner
580 of record of such real property upon which an owner-occupied
581 residence or owner-operated business is situated to remain in such
582 residence or operate such business, rent free, for a period of ninety days
583 from the filing of such deed.

584 Sec. 18. Section 14-240 of the general statutes is repealed and the

585 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

586 (a) [No] Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, no person
587 operating a motor vehicle shall follow another vehicle more closely than
588 is reasonable and prudent, having regard for the speed of such vehicles,
589 the traffic upon and the condition of the highway and weather
590 conditions.

591 (b) No person operating a motor vehicle shall drive such vehicle in
592 such proximity to another vehicle as to obstruct or impede traffic.

593 (c) Motor vehicles being driven upon any highway in a caravan shall
594 be so operated as to allow sufficient space between such vehicles or
595 combination of vehicles to enable any other vehicle to enter and occupy
596 such space without danger. The provisions of this subsection shall not
597 apply to funeral processions or to motor vehicles under official escort,
598 [or] traveling under a special permit or operating in a platoon. For the
599 purposes of this subsection and subsection (d) of this section, "platoon"
600 means two or three commercial motor vehicles or buses, excluding a
601 school bus, traveling in a unified manner at electronically coordinated
602 speeds at following distances that are closer than would be reasonable
603 and prudent without such coordination.

604 (d) (1) A person may operate a platoon on the highways of this state,
605 provided such person files a plan for the general platoon operations
606 with the Commissioner of Transportation and such plan is approved by
607 the commissioner. The commissioner shall approve or reject a plan for
608 general platoon operations not later than fifteen days after the receipt of
609 such plan. If the commissioner rejects any such plan, the commissioner
610 shall provide a written explanation of the reason for such rejection and
611 guidance to amend such plan for resubmission.

612 (2) Each commercial motor vehicle or bus in a platoon shall display a
613 mark identifying such vehicle or bus as part of a platoon at all times
614 when such vehicle or bus is engaged in platooning. Such mark shall be
615 issued by the commissioner and displayed in a manner prescribed by
616 the commissioner.

617 (3) Each person operating a commercial motor vehicle or bus in a
618 platoon shall be seated in the driver's seat of such vehicle or bus and
619 hold a commercial driver's license of the appropriate class and bearing
620 endorsements for the type of vehicle or bus being driven.

621 (4) No person operating a commercial motor vehicle or bus in a
622 platoon shall pull or drag another motor vehicle in the platoon.

623 [(d)] (e) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall
624 have committed an infraction, except that (1) any person operating a
625 commercial vehicle combination or a commercial motor vehicle or bus
626 in a platoon in violation of any such provision shall have committed a
627 violation and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more
628 than one hundred fifty dollars, or (2) if the violation results in a motor
629 vehicle accident, such person shall have committed a violation and shall
630 be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred
631 dollars.

632 Sec. 19. Section 13a-247 of the general statutes is repealed and the
633 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

634 (a) No person, firm, [or] corporation or utility company shall excavate
635 within or under, or place any obstruction or substruction within, under,
636 upon or over, or interfere with construction, reconstruction or
637 maintenance of or drainage from, any state highway without the written
638 permission of the commissioner. [Said commissioner may fill in or close
639 any such excavation or remove or alter any such obstruction or
640 substruction, and the expense incurred by the commissioner in such
641 filling or removing or altering shall be paid by the person, firm or
642 corporation making such excavation or placing such obstruction or
643 substruction, provided any excavation, obstruction or substruction
644 existing within, under, upon or over any such highway on July 1, 1925,
645 or, at the discretion of said commissioner, any] Any excavation [,] made
646 or obstruction or substruction [made after said date] placed without a
647 permit or in violation of the provisions of a permit shall be removed or
648 altered by the person, firm, [or] corporation or utility company making
649 or [maintaining] placing the same within thirty days from the date when

650 said commissioner sends by registered or certified mail, postage
651 prepaid, a notice to such person, firm, [or] corporation or utility
652 company, ordering such removal or alteration. If such person, firm,
653 corporation or utility company fails to remove or alter any excavation,
654 obstruction or substruction not later than thirty days after receipt of
655 such notice from the commissioner, the commissioner may fill in or close
656 any such excavation or remove or alter any such obstruction or
657 substruction, and the expense incurred by the commissioner in such
658 filling or removing or altering shall be paid by such person, firm,
659 corporation or utility company.

660 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, if
661 the commissioner determines that a person, firm, corporation or utility
662 company has created an unsafe condition within, under, upon or over
663 the state right-of-way that requires immediate corrective action, the
664 commissioner may authorize immediate corrective action to remedy the
665 unsafe condition. Any costs and expenses incurred by the commission
666 to remedy the unsafe condition shall be paid by such person, firm,
667 corporation or utility company.

668 (c) The state shall not be liable for any damage to private property
669 placed in the state right-of-way without a permit.

670 ~~[(b)]~~ (d) Any person, firm, [or] corporation or utility company
671 violating any provision of [subsection (a) of] this section shall be fined
672 [not more than one hundred dollars for a first offense and] not less than
673 [one hundred] two thousand dollars or more than five [hundred]
674 thousand dollars for each [subsequent] offense. Each violation shall be
675 a separate and distinct offense and, in the case of a continuing violation,
676 each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed to be a separate and
677 distinct offense.

678 Sec. 20. Subsection (b) of section 51-164n of the 2022 supplement to
679 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
680 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

681 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, any person

682 who is alleged to have committed (1) a violation under the provisions of
683 section 1-9, 1-10, 1-11, 4b-13, 7-13, 7-14, 7-35, 7-41, 7-83, 7-283, 7-325, 7-
684 393, 8-12, 8-25, 8-27, 9-63, 9-322, 9-350, 10-193, 10-197, 10-198, 10-230, 10-
685 251, 10-254, 12-52, 12-170aa, 12-292, 12-314b or 12-326g, subdivision (4)
686 of section 12-408, subdivision (3), (5) or (6) of section 12-411, section 12-
687 435c, 12-476a, 12-476b, 12-487, 13a-71, 13a-107, 13a-113, 13a-114, 13a-115,
688 13a-117b, 13a-123, 13a-124, 13a-139, 13a-140, 13a-143b, [13a-247,] 13a-253
689 or 13a-263, subsection (f) of section 13b-42, section 13b-90, 13b-221, 13b-
690 292, 13b-336, 13b-337, 13b-338, 13b-410a, 13b-410b or 13b-410c,
691 subsection (a), (b) or (c) of section 13b-412, section 13b-414, subsection
692 (d) of section 14-12, section 14-20a or 14-27a, subsection (f) of section 14-
693 34a, subsection (d) of section 14-35, section 14-43, 14-49, 14-50a or 14-58,
694 subsection (b) of section 14-66, section 14-66a or 14-67a, subsection (g)
695 of section 14-80, subsection (f) of section 14-80h, section 14-97a, 14-100b,
696 14-103a, 14-106a, 14-106c, 14-146, 14-152, 14-153 or 14-163b, a first
697 violation as specified in subsection (f) of section 14-164i, section 14-219,
698 as amended by this act, as specified in subsection (e) of said section,
699 subdivision (1) of section 14-223a, section 14-240, as amended by this
700 act, 14-250 or 14-253a, subsection (a) of section 14-261a, section 14-262,
701 14-264, 14-267a, 14-269, 14-270, as amended by this act, 14-275a, 14-278
702 or 14-279, subsection (e) or (h) of section 14-283, section 14-291, 14-293b,
703 14-296aa, 14-300, 14-300d, 14-319, 14-320, 14-321, 14-325a, 14-326, 14-330
704 or 14-332a, subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of section 14-386a, section 15-25 or
705 15-33, subdivision (1) of section 15-97, subsection (a) of section 15-115,
706 section 16-44, 16-256e, 16a-15 or 16a-22, subsection (a) or (b) of section
707 16a-22h, section 17a-24, 17a-145, 17a-149, 17a-152, 17a-465, 17b-124, 17b-
708 131, 17b-137, 19a-30, 19a-33, 19a-39 or 19a-87, subsection (b) of section
709 19a-87a, section 19a-91, 19a-105, 19a-107, 19a-113, 19a-215, 19a-219, 19a-
710 222, 19a-224, 19a-286, 19a-287, 19a-297, 19a-301, 19a-309, 19a-335, 19a-
711 336, 19a-338, 19a-339, 19a-340, 19a-425, 19a-502, 20-7a, 20-14, 20-158, 20-
712 231, 20-249, 20-257, 20-265, 20-324e, subsection (b) of section 20-334,
713 section 20-341l, 20-366, 20-597, 20-608, 20-610, 21-1, 21-38, 21-39, 21-43,
714 21-47, 21-48, 21-63, subsection (d) of section 21-71 or section 21-76a,
715 subsection (c) of section 21a-2, subdivision (1) of section 21a-19, section
716 21a-21, subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 21a-25, section 21a-26

717 or 21a-30, subsection (a) of section 21a-37, section 21a-46, 21a-61, 21a-63
718 or 21a-77, subsection (b) of section 21a-79, section 21a-85 or 21a-154,
719 subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 21a-159, section 21a-278b,
720 subsection (c), (d) or (e) of section 21a-279a, section 21a-421eee, 21a-
721 421fff, 22-12b, 22-13, 22-14, 22-15, 22-16, 22-26g, 22-29, 22-30, 22-34, 22-
722 35, 22-36, 22-38, 22-39, 22-39f, 22-49, 22-54, 22-61j or 22-61l, subdivision
723 (1) of subsection (n) of section 22-61l, subsection (f) of section 22-61m,
724 subdivision (1) of subsection (f) of section 22-61m, subsection (d) of
725 section 22-84, section 22-89, 22-90, 22-96, 22-98, 22-99, 22-100, 22-111o,
726 22-167, subsection (c) of section 22-277, section 22-278, 22-279, 22-280a,
727 22-318a, 22-320h, 22-324a, 22-326, subsection (b), subdivision (1) or (2) of
728 subsection (e) or subsection (g) of section 22-344, subdivision (2) of
729 subsection (b) of section 22-344b, subsection (d) of section 22-344c,
730 subsection (d) of section 22-344d, section 22-344f, 22-350a, 22-354, 22-
731 359, 22-366, 22-391, 22-413, 22-414, 22-415, 22a-66a or 22a-246, subsection
732 (a) of section 22a-250, subsection (e) of section 22a-256h, section 22a-363
733 or 22a-381d, subsections (c) and (d) of section 22a-381e, section 22a-449,
734 22a-461, 23-4b, 23-38, 23-46 or 23-61b, subsection (a) or subdivision (1)
735 of subsection (c) of section 23-65, section 25-37 or 25-40, subsection (a) of
736 section 25-43, section 25-43d, 25-135, 26-18, 26-19, 26-21, 26-31, 26-40, 26-
737 40a, 26-42, 26-49, 26-54, 26-55, 26-56, 26-58 or 26-59, subdivision (1) of
738 subsection (d) of section 26-61, section 26-64, subdivision (1) of section
739 26-76, section 26-79, 26-87, 26-89, 26-91, 26-94, 26-97, 26-98, 26-104, 26-
740 105, 26-107, 26-117, 26-128, 26-131, 26-132, 26-138 or 26-141, subdivision
741 (1) of section 26-186, section 26-207, 26-215, 26-217 or 26-224a,
742 subdivision (1) of section 26-226, section 26-227, 26-230, 26-232, 26-244,
743 26-257a, 26-260, 26-276, 26-284, 26-285, 26-286, 26-288, 26-294, 28-13, 29-
744 6a, 29-25, 29-143o, 29-143z or 29-156a, subsection (b), (d), (e) or (g) of
745 section 29-161q, section 29-161y or 29-161z, subdivision (1) of section 29-
746 198, section 29-210, 29-243 or 29-277, subsection (c) of section 29-291c,
747 section 29-316, 29-318, 29-381, 30-48a, 30-86a, 31-3, 31-10, 31-11, 31-12,
748 31-13, 31-14, 31-15, 31-16, 31-18, 31-23, 31-24, 31-25, 31-32, 31-36, 31-38,
749 31-40, 31-44, 31-47, 31-48, 31-51, 31-52, 31-52a or 31-54, subsection (a) or
750 (c) of section 31-69, section 31-70, 31-74, 31-75, 31-76, 31-76a, 31-89b or
751 31-134, subsection (i) of section 31-273, section 31-288, subdivision (1) of

752 section 35-20, section 36a-787, 42-230, 45a-283, 45a-450, 45a-634 or 45a-
753 658, subdivision (13) or (14) of section 46a-54, section 46a-59, 46b-22,
754 46b-24, 46b-34, 47-34a, 47-47, 49-8a, 49-16, 53-133, 53-199, 53-212a, 53-
755 249a, 53-252, 53-264, 53-280, 53-302a, 53-303e, 53-311a, 53-321, 53-322, 53-
756 323, 53-331 or 53-344, subsection (c) of section 53-344b, or section 53-450,
757 or (2) a violation under the provisions of chapter 268, or (3) a violation
758 of any regulation adopted in accordance with the provisions of section
759 12-484, 12-487 or 13b-410, or (4) a violation of any ordinance, regulation
760 or bylaw of any town, city or borough, except violations of building
761 codes and the health code, for which the penalty exceeds ninety dollars
762 but does not exceed two hundred fifty dollars, unless such town, city or
763 borough has established a payment and hearing procedure for such
764 violation pursuant to section 7-152c, shall follow the procedures set
765 forth in this section.

766 Sec. 21. Subdivision (3) of section 13a-261 of the 2022 supplement to
767 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
768 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

769 (3) "Owner" means a person in whose name a motor vehicle is
770 registered under the [provision] provisions of chapter 246 or law of
771 another jurisdiction.

772 Sec. 22. Subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 13a-264 of the 2022
773 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is
774 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

775 (3) A work zone speed control system operator shall complete and
776 sign a daily log for a work zone control system. Such daily log shall (A)
777 state the date, time and location of such system's set-up, (B) state that
778 the work zone speed control system operator successfully performed,
779 and the work zone speed control system passed, the testing specified by
780 the manufacturer of the work zone speed control system, (C) be kept on
781 file at the principle office of the operator, and (D) be admitted in any
782 court proceeding for an alleged violation of section 13a-263.

783 Sec. 23. Section 14-307a of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes

784 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
785 *1, 2022*):

786 (a) The traffic authority of any town, city or borough may establish a
787 pedestrian safety zone on any street, highway and bridge or in any
788 parking area for ten cars or more or on any private road wholly within
789 the municipality under its jurisdiction without approval from the Office
790 of the State Traffic Administration, provided: (1) The municipality, by
791 vote of its legislative body, or in the case of a municipality in which the
792 legislative body is a town meeting, its board of selectmen, grants general
793 authority to the traffic authority to establish pedestrian safety zones
794 within the municipality. Such general authority is not required if such
795 legislative body or board of selectmen is also the traffic authority; (2) the
796 traffic authority conducts an engineering study described in subsection
797 (b) of this section; (3) the posted speed limit for such zone is not less than
798 twenty miles per hour; (4) such zone encompasses a clearly defined
799 downtown district or community center frequented by pedestrians or is
800 adjacent to hospital property or, in the opinion of the traffic authority,
801 is sufficiently close to hospital property as to constitute a risk to the
802 public safety; and (5) the traffic authority satisfies the requirements of
803 subparagraphs (C) to (E), inclusive, of subdivision (2) of subsection (c)
804 of section 14-218a, as amended by this act, if applicable.

805 (b) Prior to establishing a pedestrian safety zone, the traffic authority
806 shall conduct an engineering study in accordance with the Federal
807 Highway Administration's Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices
808 for Streets and Highways, as amended from time to time, and other
809 generally accepted engineering principles and guidance. The study shall
810 be completed by a professional engineer licensed to practice in this state
811 and shall consider factors, including, but not limited to, pedestrian
812 activity, type of land use and development, parking and the record of
813 traffic crashes in the area under consideration to be a pedestrian safety
814 zone. If the study recommends the establishment of a pedestrian safety
815 zone, the study shall also include a speed management plan and
816 recommend actions to achieve lower motor vehicle speeds.

817 (c) In a municipality where the Office of the State Traffic
 818 Administration approves speed limits on the streets, highways and
 819 bridges or in any parking area for ten cars or more or on any private
 820 road wholly within the municipality in accordance with section 14-218a,
 821 as amended by this act, the traffic authority shall notify the office in
 822 writing of the establishment of any pedestrian safety zone and confirm
 823 that the requirements of this section have been satisfied.

824 (d) If the Commissioner of Transportation or a traffic authority of any
 825 town, city or borough seeks to establish a pedestrian safety zone on a
 826 state highway that passes through a downtown or community center,
 827 the commissioner or traffic authority shall submit a written request to
 828 the Office of the State Traffic Administration and include with such
 829 request the engineering study and speed management plan conducted
 830 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The office shall be the sole
 831 authority for establishing a pedestrian safety zone on a state highway
 832 and shall provide a written explanation of the reasons for denying any
 833 such request.

834 (e) The Office of the State Traffic Administration may adopt
 835 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to
 836 implement the provisions of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	54-1m(i)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	14-251
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	14-218a(b)
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	14-219
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13b-34
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	4a-60(c)(1)
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	4a-81(b)(2) and (3)
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	4-252(b)
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	4-252a(d)
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13b-4d
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13b-26

Sec. 13	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	14-270(d)
Sec. 14	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	54-33p(c)
Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	54-56e(b) and (c)
Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	14-227b(c)
Sec. 17	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13a-73(b) and (c)
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	14-240
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13a-247
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	51-164n(b)
Sec. 21	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13a-261(3)
Sec. 22	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	13a-264(a)(3)
Sec. 23	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	14-307a