



General Assembly

**Amendment**

February Session, 2022

LCO No. 5906



Offered by:  
REP. DAUPHINAIS, 44<sup>th</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 358

File No. 356

Cal. No. 493

**"AN ACT CONCERNING REQUIRED HEALTH INSURANCE  
COVERAGE FOR BREAST AND OVARIAN CANCER  
SUSCEPTIBILITY SCREENING."**

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the  
2 following in lieu thereof:

3 "Section 1. Section 38a-21 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

5 (a) As used in this section:

6 (1) "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner.

7 (2) "Mandated health benefit" means [an existing statutory obligation  
8 of, or] proposed legislation that would require [,] an insurer, health care  
9 center, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation,  
10 fraternal benefit society or other entity that offers individual or group  
11 health insurance or a medical or health care benefits plan in this state to  
12 [: (A) Permit an insured or enrollee to obtain health care treatment or  
13 services from a particular type of health care provider; (B) offer or

14 provide coverage for the screening, diagnosis or treatment of a  
15 particular disease or condition; or (C)] offer or provide coverage for a  
16 particular type of health care treatment or service, or for medical  
17 equipment, medical supplies or drugs used in connection with a health  
18 care treatment or service. ["Mandated health benefit" includes any  
19 proposed legislation to expand or repeal an existing statutory obligation  
20 relating to health insurance coverage or medical benefits.]

21 (b) (1) There is established within the Insurance Department a health  
22 benefit review program for the review and evaluation of any mandated  
23 health benefit that is requested by the joint standing committee of the  
24 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to insurance.  
25 Such program shall be funded by the Insurance Fund established under  
26 section 38a-52a. The commissioner shall be authorized to make  
27 assessments in a manner consistent with the provisions of chapter 698  
28 for the costs of carrying out the requirements of this section. Such  
29 assessments shall be in addition to any other taxes, fees and moneys  
30 otherwise payable to the state. The commissioner shall deposit all  
31 payments made under this section with the State Treasurer. The moneys  
32 deposited shall be credited to the Insurance Fund and shall be accounted  
33 for as expenses recovered from insurance companies. Such moneys shall  
34 be expended by the commissioner to carry out the provisions of this  
35 section and section 2 of public act 09-179.

36 (2) The commissioner [shall] may contract with The University of  
37 Connecticut Center for Public Health and Health Policy or an actuarial  
38 accounting firm to conduct any mandated health benefit review  
39 requested pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. The director of said  
40 center may engage the services of an actuary, quality improvement  
41 clearinghouse, health policy research organization or any other  
42 independent expert, and may engage or consult with any dean, faculty  
43 or other personnel said director deems appropriate within The  
44 University of Connecticut schools and colleges, including, but not  
45 limited to, The University of Connecticut (A) School of Business, (B)  
46 School of Dental Medicine, (C) School of Law, (D) School of Medicine,  
47 and (E) School of Pharmacy.

48 [(c) Not later than August first of each year, the joint standing  
49 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters  
50 relating to insurance shall submit to the commissioner a list of any  
51 mandated health benefits for which said committee is requesting a  
52 review. Not later than January first of the succeeding year, the  
53 commissioner shall submit a report, in accordance with section 11-4a, of  
54 the findings of such review and the information set forth in subsection  
55 (d) of this section.

56 (d) The review report shall include at least the following, to the extent  
57 information is available:

58 (1) The social impact of mandating the benefit, including:]

59 (c) During a regular session of the General Assembly, the joint  
60 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of  
61 matters relating to insurance may, upon a majority vote of its members,  
62 require the commissioner to conduct one review of not more than five  
63 mandated health benefits. The committee shall submit to the  
64 commissioner a list of the mandated health benefits to be reviewed.

65 (d) Not later than January first of the first calendar year following a  
66 request for review made under subsection (c) of this section, the  
67 commissioner shall submit a mandated health benefit review report, in  
68 accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the  
69 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to insurance  
70 and public health. Such report shall include an evaluation of the quality  
71 and cost impacts of mandating the benefit, including:

72 [(A)] (1) The extent to which the treatment, service or equipment,  
73 supplies or drugs, as applicable, is utilized by a significant portion of  
74 the population;

75 [(B)] (2) The extent to which the treatment, service or equipment,  
76 supplies or drugs, as applicable, is currently available to the population,  
77 including, but not limited to, coverage under Medicare, or through  
78 public programs administered by charities, public schools, the

79 Department of Public Health, municipal health departments or health  
80 districts or the Department of Social Services;

81 [(C)] (3) The extent to which insurance coverage is already available  
82 for the treatment, service or equipment, supplies or drugs, as applicable;

83 [(D) If the coverage is not generally available, the extent to which  
84 such lack of coverage results in persons being unable to obtain necessary  
85 health care treatment;

86 (E) If the coverage is not generally available, the extent to which such  
87 lack of coverage results in unreasonable financial hardships on those  
88 persons needing treatment;

89 (F) The level of public demand and the level of demand from  
90 providers for the treatment, service or equipment, supplies or drugs, as  
91 applicable;

92 (G) The level of public demand and the level of demand from  
93 providers for insurance coverage for the treatment, service or  
94 equipment, supplies or drugs, as applicable;

95 (H) The likelihood of achieving the objectives of meeting a consumer  
96 need as evidenced by the experience of other states;

97 (I) The relevant findings of state agencies or other appropriate public  
98 organizations relating to the social impact of the mandated health  
99 benefit;

100 (J) The alternatives to meeting the identified need, including, but not  
101 limited to, other treatments, methods or procedures;

102 (K) Whether the benefit is a medical or a broader social need and  
103 whether it is consistent with the role of health insurance and the concept  
104 of managed care;

105 (L) The potential social implications of the coverage with respect to  
106 the direct or specific creation of a comparable mandated benefit for

107 similar diseases, illnesses or conditions;

108 (M) The impact of the benefit on the availability of other benefits  
109 currently offered;

110 (N) The impact of the benefit as it relates to employers shifting to self-  
111 insured plans and the extent to which the benefit is currently being  
112 offered by employers with self-insured plans;]

113 [(O)] (4) The impact of making the benefit applicable to the state  
114 employee health insurance or health benefits plan; [and]

115 [(P)] (5) The extent to which credible scientific evidence published in  
116 peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant  
117 medical community determines the treatment, service or equipment,  
118 supplies or drugs, as applicable, to be safe and effective; [and]

119 [(2) The financial impact of mandating the benefit, including:]

120 [(A)] (6) The extent to which the mandated health benefit may  
121 increase or decrease the cost of the treatment, service or equipment,  
122 supplies or drugs, as applicable, over the next five years;

123 [(B)] (7) The extent to which the mandated health benefit may  
124 increase the appropriate or inappropriate use of the treatment, service  
125 or equipment, supplies or drugs, as applicable, over the next five years;

126 [(C)] (8) The extent to which the mandated health benefit may serve  
127 as an alternative for more expensive or less expensive treatment, service  
128 or equipment, supplies or drugs, as applicable;

129 [(D)] (9) The methods that will be implemented to manage the  
130 utilization and costs of the mandated health benefit;

131 [(E)] (10) The extent to which insurance coverage for the treatment,  
132 service or equipment, supplies or drugs, as applicable, may be  
133 reasonably expected to increase or decrease the insurance premiums  
134 and administrative expenses for policyholders;

135 [(F)] (11) The extent to which the treatment, service or equipment,  
136 supplies or drugs, as applicable, is more or less expensive than an  
137 existing treatment, service or equipment, supplies or drugs, as  
138 applicable, that is determined to be equally safe and effective by credible  
139 scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature  
140 generally recognized by the relevant medical community;

141 [(G)] (12) The impact of insurance coverage for the treatment, service  
142 or equipment, supplies or drugs, as applicable, on the total cost of health  
143 care, including potential benefits or savings to insurers and employers  
144 resulting from prevention or early detection of disease or illness related  
145 to such coverage;

146 [(H)] (13) The impact of the mandated health care benefit on the cost  
147 of health care for small employers, as defined in section 38a-564, and for  
148 employers other than small employers; and

149 [(I)] (14) The impact of the mandated health benefit on cost-shifting  
150 between private and public payors of health care coverage and on the  
151 overall cost of the health care delivery system in the state.

152 (e) The joint standing committees of the General Assembly having  
153 cognizance of matters relating to insurance and public health shall  
154 conduct a joint informational hearing following their receipt of a  
155 mandated health benefit review report submitted by the commissioner  
156 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section. The commissioner shall attend  
157 and be available for questions from the members of the committees at  
158 such hearing. On and after January 1, 2023, the General Assembly shall  
159 not enact legislation to establish a mandated health benefit unless (1)  
160 such benefit has been the subject of a report and an informational  
161 hearing as provided in this section, or (2) upon a two-thirds vote of the  
162 members of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly  
163 having cognizance of matters relating to insurance."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

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Section 1	<i>July 1, 2022</i>	38a-21
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