



General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2021

LCO No. 9064



Offered by:

SEN. FLEXER, 29th Dist.

REP. FOX, 148th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 5

File No. 570

Cal. No. 338

"AN ACT CONCERNING INCREASED OPPORTUNITIES FOR ABSENTEE VOTING, SAFE AND SECURE IN-PERSON VOTING, VOTER REGISTRATION AND CERTAIN OTHER CHANGES REGARDING ELECTION ADMINISTRATION."

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- 1 Strike lines 89 to 96, inclusive, in their entirety
 - 2 In line 167, after "section 9-46a," insert "as amended by this act,"
 - 3 Strike lines 202 to 209, inclusive, in their entirety
 - 4 Strike section 8 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections
 - 5 and internal references accordingly
 - 6 In line 315, strike "paid" and insert in lieu thereof "unpaid"
 - 7 Strike sections 11 and 12 in their entirety and renumber the remaining
 - 8 sections and internal references accordingly
 - 9 Strike section 13 in its entirety and substitute the following in lieu

10 thereof:

11 "Sec. 13. Subsection (j) of section 9-19j of the general statutes is
12 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
13 *passage*):

14 (j) No person shall (1) solicit [in] on behalf of or in opposition to the
15 candidacy of another or himself or herself or [in] on behalf of or in
16 opposition to any question being submitted at the election, or loiter or
17 peddle or offer any advertising matter, ballot or circular to another
18 person within a radius of seventy-five feet of any outside entrance in
19 use as an entry to any location designated by the registrars of voters for
20 election day registration balloting or in any corridor, passageway or
21 other approach leading from any such outside entrance to any such
22 location or in any room opening upon any such corridor, passageway
23 or approach, or (2) possess a firearm within a radius of two hundred feet
24 of any such outside entrance or in any such corridor, passageway or
25 other approach or in any such room, except in the case of (A) a firearm
26 located (i) in a residence situated within such radius, or (ii) in the trunk
27 or locked glove box of, or in a locked safe inside, a motor vehicle situated
28 within such radius, or (B) a uniformed on-duty police officer. "

29 Strike section 17 in its entirety and substitute the following in lieu
30 thereof:

31 "Sec. 17. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 9-236 of the general statutes
32 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
33 *from passage*):

34 (a) (1) On the day of any primary, referendum or election, no person
35 shall solicit on behalf of or in opposition to the candidacy of another or
36 himself or on behalf of or in opposition to any question being submitted
37 at the election or referendum, or loiter or peddle or offer any advertising
38 matter, ballot or circular to another person within a radius of seventy-
39 five feet of any outside entrance in use as an entry to any polling place
40 or in any corridor, passageway or other approach leading from any such
41 outside entrance to such polling place or in any room opening upon any

42 such corridor, passageway or approach.

43 (2) On the day of any primary, referendum or election, no person
44 shall possess a firearm within a radius of two hundred feet of any such
45 outside entrance or in any such corridor, passageway or other approach
46 or in any such room, except in the case of (A) a firearm located (i) in a
47 residence situated within such radius, or (ii) in the trunk or locked glove
48 box of, or in a locked safe inside, a motor vehicle situated within such
49 radius, or (B) a uniformed on-duty police officer.

50 (3) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit
51 [(1)] (A) parent-teacher associations or parent-teacher organizations
52 from holding bake sales or other fund-raising activities on the day of
53 any primary, referendum or election in any school used as a polling
54 place, provided such sales or activities shall not be held in the room in
55 which the election booths are located, [(2)] (B) the registrars of voters
56 from directing the officials at a primary, referendum or election to
57 distribute, within the restricted area, adhesive labels on which are
58 imprinted the words "I Voted Today", or [(3)] (C) the registrars of voters
59 in a primary, election or referendum from jointly permitting
60 nonpartisan activities to be conducted in a room other than the room in
61 which the election booths are located.

62 (4) The registrars may jointly impose such conditions and limitations
63 on such nonpartisan activity as deemed necessary to ensure the orderly
64 process of voting. The moderator shall evict any person who in any way
65 interferes with the orderly process of voting.

66 (b) (1) The selectmen shall provide suitable markers to indicate the
67 seventy-five-foot [distance] and two-hundred-foot distances from such
68 entrance. Such markers shall consist of a board resting on an iron rod,
69 which board shall be not less than twelve inches square and painted a
70 bright color and shall bear, [the] respectively:

71 (A) The figures and letters "75 feet" and the following words: "On the
72 day of any primary, referendum or election no person shall solicit [in]
73 on behalf of or in opposition to another or himself or peddle or offer any

74 ballot, advertising matter or circular to another person or loiter within a
75 radius of seventy-five feet of any outside entrance in use as an entry to
76 any polling place or in any corridor, passageway or other approach
77 leading from any such outside entrance to such polling place or in any
78 room opening upon any such corridor, passageway or approach." and

79 (B) The figures and letters "200 feet" and the following words: "On the
80 day of any primary, referendum, or election no person shall possess a
81 firearm within a radius of two hundred feet of any outside entrance in
82 use as an entry to any polling place or in any corridor, passageway or
83 other approach leading from any such outside entrance to such polling
84 place or in any room opening upon any such corridor, passageway or
85 approach." This restriction shall not apply in the case of (i) a firearm
86 located in a residence situated within such radius of two hundred feet,
87 (ii) a firearm located in the trunk or locked glove box of, or in a locked
88 safe inside, a motor vehicle situated within such radius of two hundred
89 feet, or (iii) a uniformed on-duty police officer.

90 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A) of
91 subdivision (1) of this subsection, the selectmen may provide the
92 markers required by the provisions of this subsection in effect prior to
93 October 1, 1983, in lieu of the markers required by said subparagraph,
94 except that in the case of a referendum which is not held in conjunction
95 with an election or a primary, the selectmen shall provide the markers
96 required by [subdivision (1) of this subsection] said subparagraph.

97 (3) The moderator and the moderator's assistants shall meet at least
98 twenty minutes before the opening of a primary, referendum or an
99 election in the voting district, and shall cause to be placed by a police
100 officer or constable, or such other primary or election official as they
101 select, a suitable number of distance markers. Such moderator or any
102 police officer or constable shall prohibit loitering and peddling of tickets
103 within that distance."

104 Strike lines 1000 to 1022 in their entirety

105 In line 1023, strike "(2) (A)" and insert in lieu thereof "(1)"

106 In line 1026, after "section 9-19k" insert ", or the system described in
107 section 6 of this act,"

108 In line 1027, after "online" insert "application"

109 In line 1028, strike "(B)" and insert in lieu thereof "(2)"

110 In line 1029, strike "subparagraph (A) of this"

111 In line 1030, after "subdivision" insert "(1) of this subsection"

112 In line 1031, after "section 9-19k" insert ", or the system described in
113 section 6 of this act,"

114 In line 1032, strike "(i)" and insert in lieu thereof "(A)", and strike "(ii)"
115 and insert in lieu thereof "(B)"

116 In line 1034, strike "(iii)" and insert in lieu thereof "(C)"

117 In line 1048, strike "telephonic or"

118 In line 1049, strike "or (2)"

119 Strike section 21 in its entirety and substitute the following in lieu
120 thereof:

121 "Sec. 21. Subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 9-140b of the
122 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
123 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

124 (a) An absentee ballot shall be cast at a primary, election or
125 referendum only if: (1) It is mailed by (A) the ballot applicant, (B) a
126 designee of a person who applies for an absentee ballot because of
127 illness or physical disability, or (C) a member of the immediate family
128 of an applicant who is a student, so that it is received by the clerk of the
129 municipality in which the applicant is qualified to vote not later than the
130 close of the polls; (2) it is returned by the applicant in person to the clerk
131 by the day before a regular election, special election or primary or prior
132 to the opening of the polls on the day of a referendum; (3) it is returned

133 by a designee of an ill or physically disabled ballot applicant, in person,
134 to said clerk not later than the close of the polls on the day of the election,
135 primary or referendum; (4) it is returned by a member of the immediate
136 family of the absentee voter, in person, to said clerk not later than the
137 close of the polls on the day of the election, primary or referendum; (5)
138 in the case of a presidential or overseas ballot, it is mailed or otherwise
139 returned pursuant to the provisions of section 9-158g; or (6) it is returned
140 with the proper identification as required by the Help America Vote Act,
141 P.L. 107-252, as amended from time to time, if applicable, inserted in the
142 outer envelope so such identification can be viewed without opening
143 the inner envelope. A person returning an absentee ballot to the
144 municipal clerk pursuant to subdivision (3) or (4) of this subsection shall
145 present identification and, on the outer envelope of the absentee ballot,
146 sign his name in the presence of the municipal clerk, and indicate his
147 address, his relationship to the voter or his position, and the date and
148 time of such return. As used in this section, "immediate family" means
149 a dependent relative who resides in the individual's household or any
150 spouse, child, [or] parent or sibling of the individual.

151 (b) As used in this section and section 9-150c, "designee" means (1) a
152 person who is caring for the applicant because of the applicant's illness
153 or physical disability, including but not limited to, a licensed physician
154 or a registered or practical nurse, (2) a member of the applicant's family,
155 who is designated by an absentee ballot applicant and who consents to
156 such designation, or (3) [if no such person consents or is available, then]
157 a police officer, registrar of voters, deputy registrar of voters or assistant
158 registrar of voters in the municipality in which the applicant resides.

159 (c) (1) For purposes of this section, "mailed" means (A) sent by the
160 United States Postal Service or any commercial carrier, courier or
161 messenger service recognized and approved by the Secretary of the
162 State, or (B) for the state election in 2020, and any election, primary or
163 referendum held on or after the effective date of this section but prior to
164 November 3, 2021, and, after November 3, 2021, each election, primary
165 or referendum, deposited in a secure drop box designated by the
166 municipal clerk for such purpose, in accordance with instructions

167 prescribed by the Secretary.

168 (2) In the case of absentee ballots mailed under subparagraph (B) of
169 subdivision (1) of this subsection, beginning on the twenty-ninth day
170 before the state election in 2020, and any election, primary or
171 referendum held on or after the effective date of this section but prior to
172 November 3, 2021, and, after November 3, 2021, each election, primary
173 or referendum and on each weekday thereafter until the close of the
174 polls at such election, primary or referendum, the municipal clerk shall
175 [(A)] retrieve from the secure drop box described in said subparagraph
176 each such ballot deposited in such drop box. [, and (B) if the drop box is
177 located outside a building other than the building where the clerk's
178 office is located, arrange for the clerk or the clerk's designee to be
179 escorted by a police officer during such retrieval.]"

180 Strike section 22 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections
181 and internal references accordingly

182 In line 1297, strike the opening and closing brackets around "(1)"

183 In line 1298, strike the opening bracket before "or", bracket "thirty"
184 and after the closing bracket insert "sixty"

185 In line 1300, strike the closing bracket after "form,"

186 Strike sections 24 to 26, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the
187 remaining sections and internal references accordingly

188 Strike sections 28 to 36, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the
189 remaining sections and internal references accordingly

190 Strike sections 42 to 50, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the
191 remaining sections and internal references accordingly

192 After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
193 internal references accordingly:

194 "Sec. 501. Section 9-264 of the general statutes is repealed and the

195 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

196 An elector who requires assistance to vote, by reason of blindness,
197 disability or inability to write or to read the ballot, may be given
198 assistance by a person of the elector's choice, other than (1) the elector's
199 employer, (2) an agent of such employer, (3) an officer or agent of the
200 elector's union, or (4) a candidate for any office on the ballot, unless the
201 elector is a member of the immediate family of such candidate. The
202 person assisting the elector may accompany the elector into the voting
203 booth at the polling place or the location designated for election day
204 registration. Such person shall register such elector's vote upon the
205 ballot as such elector directs. Any person accompanying an elector into
206 the voting booth at the polling place or the location designated for
207 election day registration who deceives any elector in registering the
208 elector's vote under this section or seeks to influence any elector while
209 in the act of voting, or who registers any vote for any elector or on any
210 question other than as requested by such elector, or who gives
211 information to any person as to what person or persons such elector
212 voted for, or how such elector voted on any question, shall be guilty of
213 a class D felony. As used in this section, "immediate family" means
214 "immediate family" as defined in section 9-140b.

215 Sec. 502. Subsection (a) of section 9-232 of the general statutes is
216 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
217 *passage*):

218 (a) [Each registrar may appoint one or more challengers in his town
219 or district, one of whom may be present at the offering of any vote; and
220 any such challenger or any] Any elector may challenge the right of any
221 person offering to vote, on the ground of want of identity with the
222 person on whose name the vote is offered, or disfranchisement or lack
223 of bona fide residence, and the moderator shall decide upon the right of
224 the person so challenged to vote.

225 Sec. 503. Section 9-235d of the general statutes is repealed and the
226 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

227 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of sections 9-233, 9-235 and 9-258,
228 as amended by this act, [to the contrary,] a United States citizen who is
229 sixteen or seventeen years of age and a bona fide resident of a town may
230 be [(1)] appointed as [a challenger or] (1) an unofficial checker in an
231 election, or (2) [appointed as] a checker, translator, ballot clerk or voting
232 tabulator tender in an election after (A) attending poll worker training,
233 and (B) receiving the written permission of a parent, guardian or the
234 principal of the school that the citizen attends if the citizen is a secondary
235 school student and the citizen is to be appointed to work on a day when
236 such school is in session.

237 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of section 9-436, as amended by
238 this act, or 9-436a, [to the contrary,] a United States citizen who is sixteen
239 or seventeen years of age and a bona fide resident of a town or political
240 subdivision holding a primary may be [(1)] appointed as [a challenger
241 or] (1) a candidate checker in the primary, or (2) [appointed as] a
242 checker, translator, ballot clerk or voting tabulator tender in a primary
243 after (A) attending poll worker training, and (B) receiving the written
244 permission of a parent, guardian or the principal of the school that the
245 citizen attends if the citizen is a secondary school student and the citizen
246 is to be appointed to work on a day when such school is in session.

247 Sec. 504. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 9-258 of the general statutes
248 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
249 *from passage*):

250 (a) For municipalities with more than one voting district, the election
251 officials of each polling place shall be electors of the state and shall
252 consist of (1) one moderator, (2) at least one but not more than two
253 official checkers, (3) two assistant registrars of voters of opposite
254 political parties, each of whom shall be residents of the town, (4) [not
255 more than two challengers if the registrars of voters have appointed
256 challengers pursuant to section 9-232, (5)] at least one but not more than
257 two ballot clerks, and [(6)] (5) at least one but not more than two voting
258 tabulator tenders for each voting tabulator in use at the polling place. A
259 known candidate for any office shall not serve as an election official on

260 election day or serve at the polls in any capacity, except that (A) a
261 municipal clerk or a registrar of voters, who is a candidate for the same
262 office, may perform his or her official duties, and (B) a deputy registrar
263 of voters, who is a candidate for the office of registrar of voters, may
264 perform his or her official duties. If, in the opinion of the registrar of
265 voters, the public convenience of the electors in any voting district so
266 requires, provision shall be made for an additional line or lines of
267 electors at the polling place and, if more than one line of electors is
268 established, at least one but not more than two additional official
269 checkers and at least one but not more than two ballot clerks for each
270 line of electors shall be appointed and, if more than one tabulator is used
271 in a polling place, at least one but not more than two additional voting
272 tabulator tenders shall be appointed for each additional machine so
273 used. Head moderators, central counting moderators and absentee
274 ballot counters appointed pursuant to law shall also be deemed election
275 officials.

276 (b) For municipalities with one voting district, the election officials of
277 such polling place shall be electors of the state and shall consist of (1)
278 one moderator, (2) at least one but not more than two official checkers,
279 (3) [not more than two challengers if the registrars of voters have
280 appointed challengers pursuant to section 9-232, (4)] at least one but not
281 more than two voting tabulator tenders for each voting tabulator in use
282 at the polling place, and [(5)] (4) at least one but not more than two ballot
283 clerks. Additionally, such election officials may consist of two registrars
284 of voters of opposite political parties, or two assistant registrars of voters
285 of opposite political parties, as the case may be, subject to the
286 requirements of sections 9-259 and 9-439, provided if the registrars of
287 voters are present in the polling place, they shall appoint at least one
288 designee to be present in their office. A known candidate for any office
289 shall not serve as an election official on election day or serve at the polls
290 in any capacity, except that (A) a municipal clerk or a registrar of voters,
291 who is a candidate for the same office, may perform his or her official
292 duties, and (B) a deputy registrar of voters, who is a candidate for the
293 office of registrar of voters, may perform his or her official duties. If, in

294 the opinion of the registrar of voters, the public convenience of the
295 electors in any voting district so requires, provision shall be made for an
296 additional line or lines of electors at the polling place and, if more than
297 one line of electors is established, at least one but not more than two
298 additional official checkers for each line of electors shall be appointed
299 and, if more than one tabulator is used in a polling place, at least one
300 but not more than two additional voting tabulator tenders shall be
301 appointed for each additional tabulator so used. Head moderators,
302 central counting moderators and absentee ballot counters appointed
303 pursuant to law shall be deemed to be election officials.

304 Sec. 505. Subsection (c) of section 9-436 of the general statutes is
305 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
306 *passage*):

307 (c) The registrar shall appoint from among the enrolled party
308 members in the state, to serve in each polling place, the primary polling
309 place officials, who shall consist of (1) one moderator, (2) at least one []
310 but not more than two official checkers, [not more than two challengers
311 if the registrar deems it necessary, and] (3) at least one [and] but not
312 more than two ballot clerks, [and] (4) at least one but not more than two
313 voting tabulator tenders for each tabulator in use at such primary, and
314 [] (5) in towns with two or more voting districts, at least one [and] but
315 not more than two assistant registrars, provided [(1)] (A) in the case of
316 either a municipality or a political subdivision holding a primary, if no
317 enrolled party member can be found or no such person consents to serve
318 as a moderator, the registrar may appoint any elector who resides in the
319 state and is a certified moderator to be moderator, [(2)] (B) in the case of
320 a political subdivision holding a primary, if an insufficient number of
321 enrolled party members who reside in the state consent to serve as
322 checkers, [challengers,] voting tabulator tenders or assistant registrars,
323 the registrar may appoint any elector who resides in the state to be a
324 checker, [challenger,] voting tabulator tender or assistant registrar, and
325 [(3)] (C) in the case of either a municipality or a political subdivision
326 holding more than one primary on the same day for different political
327 parties, one certified moderator may serve as moderator for both

328 primaries, if the registrars of voters so agree. If unaffiliated electors are
329 authorized under section 9-431 to vote for some but not all of the offices
330 to be contested at the primary, the registrar shall appoint two additional
331 checkers to check the list of unaffiliated electors who are authorized to
332 vote on the separate tabulators. If unaffiliated electors are authorized
333 under section 9-431 to vote in the primary of either of two parties in the
334 same polling place, whether for some or for all offices to be contested at
335 the primary, each such registrar shall appoint two additional checkers
336 to check the list of unaffiliated electors who are authorized to vote in
337 either such primary.

338 Sec. 506. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Secretary of the State shall
339 consult with various department heads, as defined in section 4-5 of the
340 general statutes, including, but not limited to, the Commissioner of
341 Consumer Protection, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and
342 Public Protection, the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental
343 Protection and the Commissioner of Veterans Affairs, to conduct a study
344 of the technological and staffing capabilities of various state agencies to
345 provide an electronic system to effectuate the purposes of subdivision
346 (1) of subsection (b) of section 9-23n of the general statutes.

347 (b) Not later than February 1, 2023, the Secretary shall submit to the
348 joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance
349 of matters relating to elections, in accordance with the provisions of
350 section 11-4a of the general statutes, (1) a report on the findings of such
351 study, and (2) recommendations for legislation to authorize any such
352 state agency to provide such an electronic system.

353 Sec. 507. Subsection (a) of section 9-164 of the general statutes is
354 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*
355 *1, 2022*):

356 (a) (1) (A) [Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, there
357 shall be held in each municipality, biennially, a municipal election on
358 the first Monday of May or the Tuesday after the first Monday of
359 November, of the odd-numbered years, whichever date the legislative

360 body of such municipality determines, provided, if no action is taken by
361 the legislative body to so designate the date of such election, such
362 election shall be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday of
363 November of the odd-numbered years.] On and after January 1, 2022,
364 and notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, there shall be held
365 in each municipality, biennially, a municipal election on the Tuesday
366 after the first Monday of November of the odd-numbered years, except
367 that such municipal election may be held on the first Monday of May of
368 the odd-numbered years if the legislative body of such municipality so
369 determines by a three-fourths vote.

370 (B) In any municipality where the legislative body determines to hold
371 its municipal election on the first Monday of May of the odd-numbered
372 years in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this
373 subdivision, such legislative body may subsequently determine by a
374 majority vote to hold such municipal election on the Tuesday after the
375 first Monday of November of the odd-numbered years.

376 (2) In any municipality where the term of any elected official would
377 expire prior to the next regular election held under the provisions of this
378 section, the term of such official shall be extended to the date of such
379 election.

380 Sec. 508. Section 9-164b of the general statutes is repealed and the
381 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2022*):

382 As to any board or commission of a municipality with a rotating
383 membership, some of the members of which, prior to [the] any change
384 [to a uniform] in a municipal election date for such municipality under
385 section 9-164, as amended by this act, were elected for terms beginning
386 approximately one year after the date of their election, the legislative
387 body of such municipality may provide for such conforming changes in
388 the beginning date of the terms of office as are designed to continue the
389 rotation with regard to such office as it existed prior to such change, and
390 in the absence of such action by such legislative body, the beginning
391 date of the terms of such office shall be so changed by the clerk of the

392 municipality in preparing the list provided for under section 9-254. With
393 respect to any board or commission of a municipality with a rotating
394 membership established under sections 8-1, 8-4a, 8-5 and 8-19, the
395 authority empowered to prescribe the term of office of the members of
396 such board or commission, if it is authorized under said sections to
397 provide for an odd-numbered year term, may further provide for
398 deferred terms by prescribing which terms are to begin approximately
399 one year from the date on which the terms of municipal officers
400 generally begin in such municipality.

401 Sec. 509. Section 9-164c of the general statutes is repealed and the
402 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2022*):

403 [After January 1, 1970, any municipality may by charter, or by vote of
404 the legislative body approved at a referendum of the electors to be held
405 within thirty days thereafter, change the date of its municipal election
406 by designating the alternate date specified in section 9-164 as the date of
407 the municipal election, provided (1) no such charter provision adopted,
408 nor such vote of such legislative body so approved, within six months
409 prior to any municipal election may be effective with respect thereto,
410 and (2) in changing from the November municipal election date
411 specified in section 9-164 to the May municipal election date therein
412 specified, the terms of incumbent municipal elected officials shall be
413 diminished to conform to such change but for a period of not more than
414 nine months and (3) in changing from the May municipal election date
415 specified in section 9-164 to the November date therein specified, the
416 terms of incumbent municipal elected officials shall be extended to
417 conform to such change but for a period of not more than nine months.]
418 On and after January 1, 2022, (1) any municipality may change the date
419 of its municipal election in accordance with the provisions of section 9-
420 164, as amended by this act, (2) in any municipality that changes from
421 the November municipal election date specified in said section to the
422 May municipal election date specified in said section, the terms of
423 incumbent municipal elected officials shall be diminished to conform to
424 such change but for a period of not more than nine months, and (3) in
425 any municipality that changes from the May municipal election date

426 specified in said section to the November date specified in said section,
427 the terms of incumbent municipal election officials shall be extended to
428 conform to such change but for a period of not more than nine months.

429 Sec. 510. Section 9-164e of the general statutes is repealed and the
430 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2022*):

431 Before any action is taken under sections [9-164a] 9-164b to 9-164f,
432 inclusive, as amended by this act, 9-187 and 9-187a, as amended by this
433 act, such proposed action shall be submitted by the legislative body to
434 the municipal attorney of the municipality taking such action for
435 approval as to conforming to law.

436 Sec. 511. Section 9-164f of the general statutes is repealed and the
437 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2022*):

438 Nothing in sections [9-164a] 9-164b to 9-164e, inclusive, as amended
439 by this act, 9-187 and 9-187a, as amended by this act, shall affect the
440 election of registrars of voters.

441 Sec. 512. Section 9-187a of the general statutes is repealed and the
442 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2022*):

443 Except as provided in sections [9-164a] 9-164b to 9-164f, inclusive, as
444 amended by this act, the term of each elected municipal official shall
445 begin within seventy days after the municipal election at which such
446 official is elected, on the day within such period prescribed by special
447 act or charter provision, or, in the absence of such special act or charter
448 provision, on the day within such period as is prescribed by action of
449 the legislative body of such municipality, provided (1) in each
450 municipality which holds its municipal election on the first Monday of
451 May in the odd-numbered years, in the absence of such special act or
452 charter provision, or action of the legislative body, such terms shall
453 begin on the first day of July following the municipal election at which
454 such official is elected, and (2) in each municipality which holds its
455 municipal election on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November
456 in the odd-numbered years, with the exception of the term of the town

457 clerk, in the absence of such special act, or charter provision, or action
 458 of the legislative body, such term shall begin on the second Tuesday next
 459 following the day of the municipal election at which such official is
 460 elected, and (3) in each municipality which holds its municipal election
 461 on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the odd-
 462 numbered years, the term of the town clerk shall be two years from the
 463 first Monday of January next succeeding his election, unless otherwise
 464 provided by charter or special act. Whenever the beginning date of the
 465 terms of elected municipal officials is so determined or changed, within
 466 the limits hereinabove specified, the authority providing therefor may
 467 provide for the conforming diminution or extension of terms of
 468 incumbents.

469 Sec. 513. Section 9-164a of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective*
 470 *January 1, 2022*)"

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	9-19j(j)
Sec. 17	<i>from passage</i>	9-236(a) and (b)
Sec. 21	<i>from passage</i>	9-140b(a) to (c)
Sec. 501	<i>from passage</i>	9-264
Sec. 502	<i>from passage</i>	9-232(a)
Sec. 503	<i>from passage</i>	9-235d
Sec. 504	<i>from passage</i>	9-258(a) and (b)
Sec. 505	<i>from passage</i>	9-436(c)
Sec. 506	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 507	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	9-164(a)
Sec. 508	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	9-164b
Sec. 509	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	9-164c
Sec. 510	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	9-164e
Sec. 511	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	9-164f
Sec. 512	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	9-187a
Sec. 513	<i>January 1, 2022</i>	Repealer section