



January Session, 2021

**Proposed Substitute
Bill No. 6459**

LCO No. 4483

**AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER
PROTECTION AND REVISIONS TO THE LIQUOR CONTROL ACT.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 30-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

3 For the interpretation of this chapter, unless the context indicates a
4 different meaning:

5 (1) "Airline" means any United States airline carrier, holding a
6 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
7 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
8 1958, as amended, or any foreign flag carrier, holding a permit under
9 Section 402 of such act.

10 (2) "Alcohol" means the product of distillation of any fermented
11 liquid, rectified either once or more often, whatever may be the origin
12 thereof, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered
13 nonpotable.

14 (3) "Alcoholic liquor" or "alcoholic beverage" includes the four
15 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (16) and (17) of this
16 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,
17 patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of
18 being consumed by a human being for beverage purposes. Any liquid
19 or solid containing more than one of the four varieties so defined is
20 considered as belonging to that variety which has the higher percentage
21 of alcohol, according to the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and
22 beer, except as provided in subdivision [(20)] (17) of this section. The
23 provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any liquid or solid
24 containing less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol by volume.

25 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is himself the
26 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or
27 unincorporated, engaged in the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor,
28 in which business a permittee is associated, whether as employee, agent
29 or part owner.

30 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
31 of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt and hops in drinking water.

32 (6) (A) "Case price" means the price of a container of cardboard, wood
33 or other material, containing units of the same size and class of alcoholic
34 liquor, and (B) a case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer, cordials,
35 cocktails, wines and prepared mixed drinks, shall be in the number and
36 quantity, or fewer, with the permission of the Commissioner of
37 Consumer Protection, of units or bottles as follows: (i) Six one thousand
38 seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles; (ii) twelve one liter bottles; (iii)
39 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles; (iv) twenty-four three
40 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles; (v) forty-eight two hundred
41 milliliter bottles; (vi) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles; or (vii) one
42 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter
43 bottles may be in a number and quantity as originally configured,
44 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to
45 shipment, provided such number of bottles does not exceed two

46 hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer numbers or
47 quantities of units or bottles as specified in this subdivision for any one
48 person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the
49 purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as defined in
50 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits, as defined in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, and as defined
51 in 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.

52 (7) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization
53 organized for charitable purposes to which has been issued a ruling by
54 the Internal Revenue Service classifying it as an exempt organization
55 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

56 (8) "Coliseum" means a coliseum as defined in section 30-33a.

57 (9) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission and
58 "department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

59 (10) "Mead" means fermented honey, with or without adjunct
60 ingredients or additions, regardless of alcohol content, regardless of
61 process, and regardless of being sparkling, carbonated or still.

62 (11) "Minor" means any person under twenty-one years of age.

63 (12) "Person" means natural person including partners but shall not
64 include corporations, limited liability companies, joint stock companies
65 or other associations of natural persons.

66 (13) "Proprietor" shall include all owners of businesses or clubs,
67 included in subdivision (4) of this section, whether such owners are
68 individuals, partners, joint stock companies, fiduciaries, stockholders of
69 corporations or otherwise, but shall not include persons or corporations
70 who are merely creditors of such businesses or clubs, whether as note
71 holders, bond holders, landlords or franchisors.

72 (14) "Dining room" means a room or rooms in premises operating
73 under a hotel permit, hotel beer permit, restaurant permit, restaurant

74 permit for beer or cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (j) or (k) of
75 section 30-22a, where meals are customarily served, within the room or
76 rooms, to any member of the public who has means of payment and
77 proper demeanor.

78 (15) "Restaurant" means a restaurant as defined in section 30-22.

79 (16) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by
80 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in
81 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

82 (17) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the
83 fermentation of the natural sugar content of fruits, such as grapes or
84 apples or other agricultural products, containing sugar, including
85 fortified wines such as port, sherry and champagne.

86 (18) "Nonprofit public television corporation" means a nonprofit
87 public television corporation as defined in section 30-37d.

88 Sec. 2. Section 30-12 of the general statutes is repealed and the
89 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

90 When any town has so voted upon the question of liquor permits, any
91 liquor permit granted in such town which is not in accordance with such
92 vote shall be void except manufacturer permits [, railroad permits and
93 golf country club] and cafe permits issued pursuant to subsections (g)
94 and (k) of section 30-22a.

95 Sec. 3. Section 30-13a of the general statutes is repealed and the
96 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

97 In any case in which a town has, under the provisions of this part,
98 acted, prior to October 1, 1965, to prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquor or
99 restrict such sale to beer only, such action shall not apply to the sale of
100 alcoholic liquor under a [golf country club] cafe permit issued pursuant
101 to subsection (g) of section 30-22a, except that the granting of any such

102 permit by the Department of Consumer Protection shall be subject to the
103 provisions of section 30-25a, as amended by this act, provided any such
104 permit issued prior to October 1, 1973, shall be subject to the provisions
105 of [said] section 30-25a, as amended by this act, only if the holder fails
106 to renew such permit or it is revoked by the department for cause.

107 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 30-14 of the general statutes is
108 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
109 *2021*):

110 (a) A permit shall be a purely personal privilege that expires
111 annually, except a permit issued under sections 30-25, as amended by
112 this act, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h, and revocable in the
113 discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection subject to appeal
114 as provided in section 30-55, as amended by this act. A permit shall not
115 constitute property, nor shall it be subject to attachment and execution,
116 nor shall it be alienable, except that it shall descend to the estate of a
117 deceased permittee by the laws of testate or intestate succession. [A
118 railroad permit or an] An airline permit or a cafe permit issued pursuant
119 to subsection (k) of section 30-22a shall be granted to the [railroad
120 corporation or] airline corporation or railway corporation and not to any
121 person, and the corporation shall be the permittee.

122 Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 30-22c of the general statutes is
123 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
124 *2021*):

125 (b) The holder of a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (a) of
126 section 30-22a may operate a juice bar or similar facility at a permit
127 premises if the juice bar or similar facility is limited to a room or rooms
128 or separate area within the permit premises wherein there is no sale,
129 consumption, dispensing or presence of alcoholic liquor.

130 Sec. 6. Section 30-24 of the general statutes is repealed and the
131 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

132 Spouses of members of any club or golf country club which holds a
133 permit under [the provisions of this chapter] subsection (g) or (h) of
134 section 30-22a may be allowed to participate in all of the privileges of
135 said club or golf country club, by vote of said members, and shall not be
136 considered guests for purposes of the general statutes or regulations of
137 the Department of Consumer Protection.

138 Sec. 7. Section 30-24b of the general statutes is repealed and the
139 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

140 Auxiliary members who are spouses of members or surviving
141 spouses of former deceased members of any club specified in
142 subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 30-22a which holds a permit
143 under the provisions of this chapter may be allowed to participate in all
144 the privileges of such club, by vote of such club members and shall not
145 be considered guests for purposes of the general statutes or regulations
146 of the Department of Consumer Protection.

147 Sec. 8. Section 30-25 of the general statutes is repealed and the
148 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

149 (a) A special club permit shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor by the
150 drink at retail to be consumed at the grounds of an outdoor picnic
151 conducted by a club or golf country club. Such permits shall be issued
152 only to holders of [club or golf country club] cafe permits issued
153 pursuant to subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 30-22a and shall
154 be issued on a daily basis subject to the hours of sale in section 30-91, as
155 amended by this act, and shall be the same as provided therein for clubs
156 and golf country clubs. The exception that applies to [railroad and boat]
157 cafe permits issued pursuant to subsections (j) and (k) of section 30-22a
158 that is set forth in section 30-48, as amended by this act, shall apply to
159 such a special club permit. No such club or golf country club shall be
160 granted more than four such special club permits during any one
161 calendar year.

162 (b) The Department of Consumer Protection shall have full discretion
163 in the issuance of such special club permits as to suitability of place and
164 may make any regulations with respect thereto.

165 (c) The fee for such a special club permit shall be fifty dollars per day.

166 Sec. 9. Section 30-25a of the general statutes is repealed and the
167 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

168 Notwithstanding any provision of part III of this chapter, but subject
169 to the approval by referendum of the municipality wherein the golf club
170 is located, a [club] cafe permit, as specified in subsection (g) of section
171 30-22a, shall be granted by the Department of Consumer Protection, in
172 the manner provided in section 30-39, as amended by this act, to any
173 golf club which has been in existence as a bona fide organization for at
174 least five years and which maintains a golf course of not less than
175 eighteen holes and a course length of at least fifty-five hundred yards,
176 and a club house with full facilities, including locker rooms, a restaurant
177 and a lounge, to serve only members and their guests, but no outside
178 parties or groups of nonmembers. The cost of such referendum shall be
179 borne by such golf club.

180 Sec. 10. Section 30-37f of the general statutes is repealed and the
181 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

182 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any general statute or
183 regulation to the contrary, (1) the state of Connecticut, as owner or lessor
184 of premises at Bradley International Airport, shall be permitted to enter
185 into an arrangement with any concessionaire or lessee holding a permit
186 or permits at Bradley International Airport, and receive payments from
187 such concessionaire or lessee, without regard to the level or percentage
188 of gross receipts from the gross sales of alcoholic liquor by such
189 concessionaire or lessee; (2) any person may be a permittee for more
190 than one [airport permit or class of airport permit] cafe permit issued
191 pursuant to subsection (d) of section 30-22a; and (3) any area subject to

192 a permit in Bradley International Airport that is contiguous to or within
193 any concourse area shall not be required to provide a single point of
194 egress or ingress or to effectively separate the bar area or any dining
195 area from the concourse area by means of partitions, fences, or doors,
196 provided that a permittee of such area may be required by the
197 Department of Consumer Protection to provide a barrier to separate the
198 back bar area from the concourse area to prevent public access to the
199 portion of the back bar area from which liquor is dispensed, if physically
200 practicable.

201 (b) Sections 30-9 to 30-13a, inclusive, as amended by this act, section
202 30-23, subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 30-39, as amended by
203 this act, subsection (c) of section 30-39, as amended by this act, and
204 sections 30-44, 30-46, as amended by this act, 30-48a, as amended by this
205 act, and 30-91a, as amended by this act, shall not apply to [any class of
206 airport permit] a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section
207 30-22a.

208 Sec. 11. Section 30-38 of the general statutes is repealed and the
209 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

210 Each permit granted under the provisions of [section] sections 30-16,
211 30-17, as amended by this act, 30-20, [30-20a,] 30-21, 30-21b, 30-22, 30-
212 22a, as amended by this act, [30-23, 30-24a, 30-26, 30-28,] 30-28a, [30-29,]
213 30-33a [, 30-33b,] and 30-36, as amended by this act, [30-37c or 30-37e,]
214 shall also, under the regulations of the Department of Consumer
215 Protection, allow the storage, on the premises and at one other secure
216 location registered with and approved by the department, of sufficient
217 quantities of alcoholic liquor respectively allowed to be sold under such
218 permits as may be necessary for the business conducted by the
219 respective permittees or their backers; but no such permit shall be
220 granted under the provisions of section 30-16 or 30-17, as amended by
221 this act, unless such storage facilities are provided and the place of
222 storage receives the approval of the department as to suitability, and
223 thereafter no place of storage shall be changed nor any new place of

224 storage utilized without the approval of the department.

225 Sec. 12. Section 30-45 of the general statutes is repealed and the
226 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

227 The Department of Consumer Protection shall refuse permits for the
228 sale of alcoholic liquor to the following persons: (1) Any state marshal,
229 judicial marshal, judge of any court, prosecuting officer or member of
230 any police force, (2) a minor, and (3) any constable who performs
231 criminal law enforcement duties and is considered a peace officer by
232 town ordinance pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of section
233 54-1f, any constable who is certified under the provisions of sections 7-
234 294a to 7-294e, inclusive, who performs criminal law enforcement duties
235 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 54-1f, or any
236 special constable appointed pursuant to section 7-92. This section shall
237 not apply to out-of-state shippers' [, boat] permits, cafe permits issued
238 pursuant to subsection (j) of section 30-22a and airline permits. As used
239 in this section, "minor" means a minor, as defined in section 1-1d or as
240 defined in section 30-1, as amended by this act, whichever age is older.

241 Sec. 13. Section 30-46 of the general statutes is repealed and the
242 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

243 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, except as to a store
244 engaged chiefly in the sale of groceries, in its discretion, suspend, revoke
245 or refuse to grant or renew a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor if it
246 has reasonable cause to believe: (1) That the proximity of the permit
247 premises will have a detrimental effect upon any church, public or
248 parochial school, convent, charitable institution, whether supported by
249 private or public funds, hospital or veterans' home or any camp,
250 barracks or flying field of the armed forces; (2) that such location is in
251 such proximity to a no-permit town that it is apparent that the applicant
252 is seeking to obtain the patronage of such town; (3) that the number of
253 permit premises in the locality is such that the granting of a permit is
254 detrimental to the public interest, and, in reaching a conclusion in this

255 respect, the department may consider the character of, the population
256 of, the number of like permits and number of all permits existent in, the
257 particular town and the immediate neighborhood concerned, the effect
258 which a new permit may have on such town or neighborhood or on like
259 permits existent in such town or neighborhood; (4) that the place has
260 been conducted as a lewd or disorderly establishment; (5) that the
261 backer does not have a right to occupy the permit premises; (6) that
262 drive-up sales of alcoholic liquor are being made at the permit premises;
263 or (7) that there is any other reason as provided by state or federal law
264 or regulation which warrants such refusal.

265 (b) (1) The existence of a coliseum permit [or a coliseum concession
266 permit] shall not be a factor to be taken into consideration under
267 subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section. (2) The provisions of
268 subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section shall not
269 apply to the granting of a coliseum permit. [or a coliseum concession
270 permit. (3) The provisions of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (5) and (6) of
271 subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the granting of any
272 special sporting facility permit provided for in section 30-33b.]

273 [(c) Alcoholic liquor may be sold at retail for consumption within a
274 special sporting facility only under the permits provided for in section
275 30-33b. The number of permits of any class, the location where alcoholic
276 liquor is to be sold under any such permit, the number of locations to be
277 operated under a special sporting facility concession permit, and the
278 areas within such facility where alcoholic liquor may be consumed shall
279 be determined by the Department of Consumer Protection in its
280 discretion.]

281 Sec. 14. Section 30-46a of the general statutes is repealed and the
282 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

283 The issuance of a coliseum permit [or a coliseum concession permit,
284 or both,] shall not prohibit the issuance of a restaurant permit permitted
285 under this chapter for a restaurant within a coliseum.

286 Sec. 15. Section 30-48 of the general statutes is repealed and the
287 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

288 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or
289 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of [any class of
290 airport, railroad, airline and boat permits,] cafe permits issued pursuant
291 to subsection (d), (j) or (k) of section 30-22a and except that: (1) A backer
292 of a hotel or restaurant permit may be a backer of both such classes; (2)
293 a holder or backer of a restaurant permit or a cafe permit issued
294 pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-22a may be a holder or backer
295 of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer of a restaurant
296 permit may be a holder or backer of a [bowling establishment] cafe
297 permit issued pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a; (4) a backer
298 of a restaurant permit may be a backer of a coliseum permit [or a
299 coliseum concession permit, or both,] when such restaurant is within a
300 coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit may be a backer of a coliseum
301 permit; [or a coliseum concession permit, or both; (6) a backer of a
302 coliseum permit may be a backer of a coliseum concession permit; (7) a
303 backer of a coliseum concession permit may be a backer of a coliseum
304 permit; (8)] (6) a backer of a grocery store beer permit may be a backer
305 of a package store permit if such was the case on or before May 1, 1996;
306 [(9)] (7) a backer of a [university] cafe permit issued pursuant to
307 subsection (m) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, may be a backer
308 of a nonprofit theater permit; [(10)] (8) a backer of a nonprofit theater
309 permit may be a holder or backer of a hotel permit or a coliseum permit;
310 [(11) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit may be a holder or backer
311 of a special outing facility permit; (12)] (9) a backer of a concession
312 permit may be a backer of a coliseum permit; [or a coliseum concession
313 permit, or both; (13)] (10) a holder of an out-of-state winery shipper's
314 permit for wine may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit or an
315 out-of-state entity wine festival permit issued pursuant to section 30-
316 37m, or of both such permits; [(14)] (11) a holder of an out-of-state
317 shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than beer may be a holder of
318 an in-state transporter's permit; [(15)] (12) a holder of a manufacturer

319 permit for a farm winery or the holder of a manufacturer permit for
320 wine, cider and mead may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit,
321 a wine festival permit issued pursuant to section 30-37l, a farmers'
322 market sales permit issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-37o,
323 an off-site farm winery sales and tasting permit issued pursuant to
324 section 30-16a or of any combination of such permits; [(16)] (13) a holder
325 of a manufacturer permit for beer may be a holder of a farmers' market
326 sales permit issued pursuant to section 30-37o; [. Any person may be a
327 permittee of more than one permit; and (17)] (14) the holder of a
328 manufacturer permit for spirits, a manufacturer permit for beer, a
329 manufacturer permit for a farm winery or a manufacturer permit for
330 wine, cider and mead may be a holder of a Connecticut craft cafe permit,
331 a restaurant permit or a restaurant permit for wine and beer; and (15)
332 the holder of a restaurant permit or a cafe permit may be the holder of a
333 seasonal outdoor open-air permit issued pursuant to section 50 of this
334 act. Any person may be a permittee of more than one permit. No holder
335 of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub and no spouse or child of such
336 holder may be a holder or backer of more than three restaurant permits
337 or cafe permits.

338 (b) No permittee or backer thereof and no employee or agent of such
339 permittee or backer shall borrow money or receive credit in any form
340 for a period in excess of thirty days, directly or indirectly, from any
341 manufacturer permittee, or backer thereof, or from any wholesaler
342 permittee, or backer thereof, of alcoholic liquor or from any member of
343 the family of such manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or from any
344 stockholder in a corporation manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor,
345 and no manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or wholesaler
346 permittee or backer thereof or member of the family of either of such
347 permittees or of any such backer, and no stockholder of a corporation
348 manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor shall lend money or
349 otherwise extend credit, directly or indirectly, to any such permittee or
350 backer thereof or to the employee or agent of any such permittee or
351 backer. A wholesaler permittee or backer, or a manufacturer permittee

352 or backer, that has not received payment in full from a retailer permittee
353 or backer within thirty days after the date such credit was extended to
354 such retailer or backer or to an employee or agent of any such retailer or
355 backer, shall give a written notice of obligation to such retailer within
356 the five days following the expiration of the thirty-day period of credit.
357 The notice of obligation shall state: The amount due; the date credit was
358 extended; the date the thirty-day period ended, and that the retailer is
359 in violation of this section. A retailer who disputes the accuracy of the
360 "notice of obligation" shall, within the ten days following the expiration
361 of the thirty-day period of credit, give a written response to notice of
362 obligation to the department and give a copy to the wholesaler or
363 manufacturer who sent the notice. The response shall state the retailer's
364 basis for dispute and the amount, if any, admitted to be owed for more
365 than thirty days; the copy forwarded to the wholesaler or manufacturer
366 shall be accompanied by the amount admitted to be due, if any, and
367 such payment shall be made and received without prejudice to the
368 rights of either party in any civil action. Upon receipt of the retailer's
369 response, the chairman of the commission or such chairman's designee
370 shall conduct an informal hearing with the parties being given equal
371 opportunity to appear and be heard. If the chairman or such chairman's
372 designee determines that the notice of obligation is accurate, the
373 department shall forthwith issue an order directing the wholesaler or
374 manufacturer to promptly give all manufacturers and wholesalers
375 engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to retailers in this
376 state, a "notice of delinquency". The notice of delinquency shall identify
377 the delinquent retailer, and state the amount due and the date of the
378 expiration of the thirty-day credit period. No wholesaler or
379 manufacturer receiving a notice of delinquency shall extend credit by
380 the sale of alcoholic liquor or otherwise to such delinquent retailer until
381 after the manufacturer or wholesaler has received a "notice of
382 satisfaction" from the sender of the notice of delinquency. If the
383 chairman or such chairman's designee determines that the notice of
384 obligation is inaccurate, the department shall forthwith issue an order
385 prohibiting a notice of delinquency. The party for whom the

386 determination by the chairman or such chairman's designee was
387 adverse, shall promptly pay to the department a part of the cost of the
388 proceedings as determined by the chairman or such chairman's
389 designee, which shall not be less than fifty dollars. The department may
390 suspend or revoke the permit of any permittee who, in bad faith, gives
391 an incorrect notice of obligation, an incorrect response to notice of
392 obligation, or an unauthorized notice of delinquency. If the department
393 does not receive a response to the notice of obligation within such ten-
394 day period, the delinquency shall be deemed to be admitted and the
395 wholesaler or manufacturer who sent the notice of obligation shall,
396 within the three days following the expiration of such ten-day period,
397 give a notice of delinquency to the department and to all wholesalers
398 and manufacturers engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to
399 retailers in this state. A notice of delinquency identifying a retailer who
400 does not file a response within such ten-day period shall have the same
401 effect as a notice of delinquency given by order of the chairman or such
402 chairman's designee. A wholesaler permittee or manufacturer permittee
403 that has given a notice of delinquency and that receives full payment for
404 the credit extended, shall, within three days after the date of full
405 payment, give a notice of satisfaction to the department and to all
406 wholesalers and manufacturers to whom a notice of delinquency was
407 sent. The prohibition against extension of credit to such retailer shall be
408 void upon such full payment. The department may revoke or suspend
409 any permit for a violation of this section. An appeal from an order of
410 revocation or suspension issued in accordance with this section may be
411 taken in accordance with section 30-60.

412 (c) If there is a proposed change or change in ownership of a retail
413 permit premises, no application for a permit shall be approved until the
414 applicant files with the department an affidavit executed by the seller of
415 the retail permit premises stating that all obligations of the predecessor
416 permittee for the purchase of alcoholic liquor at such permit premises
417 have been paid or that such applicant did not receive direct or indirect
418 consideration from the predecessor permittee. [If a wholesaler permittee

419 alleges the applicant received direct or indirect consideration from the
420 predecessor permittee or that there remain outstanding liquor
421 obligations, such wholesaler permittee may file with the department an
422 affidavit, along with supporting documentation to establish receipt of
423 such consideration or outstanding liquor obligations. The
424 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, in the commissioner's sole
425 discretion, shall determine whether a hearing is warranted on such
426 allegations.] The commissioner may waive the requirement of such
427 seller's affidavit upon finding that (1) the predecessor permittee
428 abandoned the premises prior to the filing of the application, and (2)
429 such permittee did not receive any consideration, direct or indirect, for
430 such permittee's abandonment. For the purposes of this subsection,
431 "consideration" means the receipt of legal tender or goods or services for
432 the purchase of alcoholic liquor remaining on the premises of the
433 predecessor permittee, for which bills remain unpaid.

434 (d) A permittee may file a designation of an authorized agent with
435 the department to issue or receive all notices or documents provided for
436 in this section. The permittee shall be responsible for the issuance or
437 receipt of such notices or documents by the agent.

438 (e) The period of credit permitted under this section shall be
439 calculated as the time elapsing between the date of receipt of the
440 alcoholic liquors by the purchaser and the date of full legal discharge of
441 the purchaser through the payment of cash or its equivalent from all
442 indebtedness arising from the transaction except that, if the last day for
443 payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the last day for
444 payment shall then be the next business day.

445 Sec. 16. Subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 30-48a of the
446 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
447 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

448 (a) No person, and no backer as defined in section 30-1, as amended
449 by this act, shall, except as provided in this section, acquire an interest

450 in more than four alcoholic beverage retail permits, except that on and
451 after July 1, [2016] 2021, such person or backer may acquire an interest
452 in no more than [five] six alcoholic beverage retail permits, but nothing
453 in this section shall (1) require any such person who had, on June 8, 1981,
454 such interest in more than two such permits to surrender, dispose of or
455 release his or her interest in any such permit or permits nor shall it affect
456 his or her right to continue to hold, use and renew such permits, or (2)
457 prohibit any such person who had, on June 8, 1981, such interest in more
458 than two such permits from transferring his or her interest in such
459 permits by inter vivos or testamentary disposition, including living
460 trusts, to his or her spouse or child, or such spouse's or child's living
461 trust or prohibit such spouse or child from accepting such a transfer
462 notwithstanding that such spouse or child may already hold another
463 permit issued under the provisions of this chapter. Any such permit so
464 transferred may be renewed by such transferee under the provisions of
465 section 30-14a. Except as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection,
466 a person shall be deemed to acquire an interest in a retail permit if an
467 interest is owned by such person, such person's spouse, children,
468 partners, or an estate, trust, or corporation controlled by such person or
469 such person's spouse, children, or any combination thereof. The
470 provisions of this subsection shall apply to any such interest without
471 regard to whether such interest is a controlling interest. For the purposes
472 of this subsection, "person" means (A) an individual, (B) a corporation
473 or any subsidiary of a corporation, or (C) any combination of
474 corporations or individuals any of whom, or any combination of whom,
475 owns or controls, directly or indirectly, more than five per cent of any
476 entity which is a backer as defined in [said] section 30-1, as amended by
477 this act.

478 (b) A retail permit for the purposes of subsection (a) of this section
479 means a package store liquor permit or a druggist liquor permit.

480 (c) Membership in any organization which is or may become the
481 holder of a [club] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (h) of section

482 30-22a shall not constitute acquisition of an interest in a retail permit.

483 Sec. 17. Section 30-51 of the general statutes is repealed and the
484 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

485 [(a)] No permit may be issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any
486 building, a portion of which will not be used as the permit premises,
487 unless the application therefor is accompanied by an affidavit signed
488 and [sworn to] affirmed by the applicant, stating that access from the
489 portion of the building that will not be used as the permit premises to
490 the portion of the building that will be used as the permit premises is
491 effectually closed, unless the Department of Consumer Protection
492 endorses upon such application that it has dispensed with such affidavit
493 for reasons considered by it good and satisfactory and also endorses
494 thereon such reasons. If any way of access from the other portion of such
495 building to the portion used as the permit premises is opened, after such
496 permit is issued, without the consent of the Department of Consumer
497 Protection endorsed on such permit, such permit shall thereupon
498 become and be forfeited, with or without notice from the Department of
499 Consumer Protection, and shall be null and void. If such applicant or
500 any permittee or any backer thereof opens, causes to be opened, permits
501 to be opened or allows to remain open, at any time during the term for
502 which such permit is issued, any way of access from any portion of a
503 building not part of the permit premises to any other portion of such
504 building that is the permit premises, without the written consent of the
505 Department of Consumer Protection endorsed on such permit, such
506 persons or backers shall be subject to the penalties provided in section
507 30-113, as amended by this act. The Department of Consumer Protection
508 shall require every applicant for a permit to sell alcoholic liquor to state
509 under oath whether any portion of the building in which it is proposed
510 to carry on such business will not be used as the permit premises; and,
511 if so, said Department of Consumer Protection shall appoint a suitable
512 person to examine the premises and to see that any and all access
513 between the portion so to be used for the sale of alcoholic liquor and the

514 portion not so used is effectually closed, and may designate the manner
515 of such closing, and, if necessary, order seals to be placed so that such
516 way of access cannot be opened without breaking the seals, and the
517 breaking or removal of such seals or other methods of preventing access,
518 so ordered and provided, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of
519 this section. The above provisions shall not apply to any premises
520 operating under a hotel permit, [or any premises operating under a
521 restaurant permit, which premises are located in or attached to a motel,
522 and shall not apply to any entrance to a building in which is located
523 premises operating under a tavern permit, which entrance opens into
524 the rear or side yard of such tavern premises and is used solely as an
525 emergency exit or for the delivery of goods to, or carrying or conveying
526 goods from, any permit premises.]

527 [(b) "Motel" means every building or other structure kept, used,
528 maintained, advertised or held out to the public to be a place where
529 sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests,
530 usually, but not limited to, motorists, but is not a place where food is
531 served at all times or where kitchen and dining room facilities
532 necessarily exist.]

533 Sec. 18. Section 30-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the
534 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

535 Each permit granted or renewed by the Department of Consumer
536 Protection shall be of no effect until a duplicate thereof has been filed by
537 the permittee with the town clerk of the town within which the club or
538 place of business described in such permit is situated; provided the
539 place of filing of [railroad and boat permits] a cafe permit issued
540 pursuant to subsection (j) or (k) of section 30-22a shall be the office of
541 the town clerk of the town of New Haven, and airline permits, the office
542 of the town clerk of the town of Hartford. The fee for such filing shall be
543 twenty dollars.

544 Sec. 19. Section 30-54 of the general statutes is repealed and the

545 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

546 Every permittee, other than a corporation holding a [railroad or
547 airline permit] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (k) of section
548 30-22a, shall cause his permit or a duplicate thereof to be framed and
549 hung in plain view in a conspicuous place in any room where the sales
550 so permitted are to be carried on.

551 Sec. 20. Subsection (b) of section 30-68l of the general statutes is
552 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
553 *2021*):

554 (b) Subject to prior approval from the manufacturer or out-of-state
555 shipper, a wholesaler may sell to a retail licensee a [nonuniform] family
556 brand case, containing bottles only of one family brand, as defined in
557 subsection (d) of section 30-63. Wholesalers who do not hold exclusive
558 rights to a given brand trademark may also sell to a retail licensee a
559 [nonuniform] family brand case containing bottles only of one family
560 brand, provided all of the bottles in such [nonuniform] family brand
561 case are available to all nonexclusive wholesalers who also have rights
562 to the given brand trademarks. [For purposes of this subsection, "family
563 brand" means a group of different products belonging to a single brand
564 that are marketed under a parent brand.]

565 Sec. 21. Section 30-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the
566 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

567 No person who is, by statute or regulation, declared to be an
568 unsuitable person to hold a permit to sell alcoholic liquor shall be
569 allowed to have a financial interest in any such permit business. Except
570 as provided in section 30-90a, no minor shall be employed in any
571 premises operating under a [tavern] cafe permit in any capacity or in
572 handling any alcoholic liquor upon, in delivering any alcoholic liquor
573 to, or in carrying or conveying any alcoholic liquor from, any permit
574 premises.

575 Sec. 22. Section 30-90 of the general statutes is repealed and the
576 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

577 Any permittee who, by himself, his servant or agent, permits any
578 minor or any person to whom the sale or gift of alcoholic liquor has been
579 forbidden according to law to loiter on his premises where such liquor
580 is kept for sale, or allows any minor other than a person over age
581 eighteen who is an employee or permit holder under section 30-90a or a
582 minor accompanied by his parent or guardian, to be in any room where
583 alcoholic liquor is served at any bar, shall be subject to the penalties of
584 section 30-113, as amended by this act. For barrooms consisting of only
585 one room and for premises without effective separation between a
586 barroom and a dining room, no minor may sit or stand at a consumer
587 bar without being accompanied by a parent, guardian or spouse.

588 Sec. 23. Section 30-91 of the general statutes is repealed and the
589 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

590 (a) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in
591 glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
592 alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under hotel
593 permits, restaurant permits, cafe permits, Connecticut craft cafe permits,
594 restaurant permits for catering establishments, [bowling establishment
595 permits, racquetball facility permits, club permits,] coliseum permits,
596 [coliseum concession permits, special sporting facility restaurant
597 permits, special sporting facility employee recreational permits, special
598 sporting facility guest permits, special sporting facility concession
599 permits, special sporting facility bar permits, golf country club permits,]
600 nonprofit public museum permits, [university permits, airport
601 restaurant permits, airport bar permits, airport airline club permits,
602 tavern permits,] manufacturer permits for beer, casino permits, caterer
603 liquor permits and charitable organization permits shall be unlawful on:
604 (1) Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the
605 hours of one o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (2) Saturday between the
606 hours of two o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (3) Sunday between the

607 hours of two o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.; (4) Christmas, except (A)
608 for alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the
609 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which
610 Christmas falls, and (B) by casino permittees at casinos, as defined in
611 section 30-37k; and (5) January first between the hours of three o'clock
612 a.m. and nine o'clock a.m., except that on any Sunday that is January
613 first the prohibitions of this section shall be between the hours of three
614 o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.

615 (b) Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce
616 the number of hours during which sales under subsection (a) of this
617 section, except sales pursuant to [an airport restaurant permit, airport
618 bar permit or airport airline club permit] a cafe permit issued pursuant
619 to subsection (d) of section 30-22a, shall be permissible. In all cases when
620 a town, either by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, has acted on
621 the sale of alcoholic liquor or the reduction of the number of hours when
622 such sale is permissible, such action shall become effective on the first
623 day of the month succeeding such action and no further action shall be
624 taken until at least one year has elapsed since the previous action was
625 taken.

626 (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this
627 section, such sale or dispensing or consumption or presence in glasses
628 in places operating under a [bowling establishment] cafe permit issued
629 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a shall be unlawful before
630 eleven a.m. on any day, except in that portion of the permit premises
631 which is located in a separate room or rooms entry to which, from the
632 bowling lane area of the establishment, is by means of a door or doors
633 which shall remain closed at all times except to permit entrance and
634 egress to and from the lane area. Any alcoholic liquor sold or dispensed
635 in a place operating under a [bowling establishment] cafe permit issued
636 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a shall be served in containers
637 such as, but not limited to, plastic or glass. Any town may, by vote of a
638 town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during

639 which sales under this subsection shall be permissible.

640 (d) The sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-premises
641 consumption in places operating under package store permits, drug
642 store permits, manufacturer permits for beer or grocery store beer
643 permits shall be unlawful on Thanksgiving Day, New Year's Day and
644 Christmas; and such sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-
645 premises consumption in places operating under package store permits,
646 drug store permits, manufacturer permits for beer and grocery store
647 beer permits shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and
648 after six o'clock p.m. and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and
649 after ten o'clock p.m. Any town may, by a vote of a town meeting or by
650 ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which such sale shall be
651 permissible.

652 (e) (1) In the case of any premises operating under a [tavern] cafe
653 permit, wherein, under the provisions of this section, the sale of
654 alcoholic liquor is forbidden on certain days or hours of the day, or
655 during the period when a [tavern] cafe permit is suspended, it shall
656 likewise be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit it to be
657 occupied by, the public on such days or hours.

658 (2) In the case of any premises operating under a cafe permit, it shall
659 be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit such premises to
660 be occupied by, the public between the hours of one o'clock a.m. and six
661 o'clock a.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday
662 and between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m. on
663 Saturday and Sunday or during any period of time when such permit is
664 suspended, provided the sale or the dispensing or consumption of
665 alcohol on such premises operating under such cafe permit shall be
666 prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale or dispensing or
667 consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.

668 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, in the case of any
669 premises operating under a [tavern or] cafe permit, it shall be lawful for

670 such premises to be open to, or be occupied by, the public when such
671 premises is being used as a site for film, television, video or digital
672 production eligible for a film production tax credit pursuant to section
673 12-217jj, provided the sale or the dispensing or consumption of alcohol
674 on such premises operating under such [tavern or] cafe permit shall be
675 prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale or the dispensing
676 or consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.

677 (f) The retail sale and the tasting of free samples of wine, cider not
678 exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding
679 fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy, eau-de-vie and mead
680 by visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a
681 manufacturer permit for a farm winery or a manufacturer permit for
682 wine, cider and mead on the premises of such permittee shall be
683 unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
684 and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
685 Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the
686 number of hours during which sales and the tasting of free samples of
687 products under this subsection shall be permissible.

688 (g) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section,
689 food or nonalcoholic beverages may be sold, dispensed or consumed in
690 places operating under [an airport restaurant permit, an airport bar
691 permit or an airport airline club] a cafe permit issued pursuant to
692 subsection (d) of section 30-22a, at any time, as allowed by agreement
693 between the Connecticut Airport Authority and its lessees or
694 concessionaires. [In the case of premises operating under an airport
695 airline club permit, the sale, dispensing or consumption or the presence
696 in glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
697 alcoholic liquor by an individual shall be unlawful on: (1) Monday,
698 Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the hours of one
699 o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (2) Saturday and Sunday between the
700 hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (3) Christmas, except for
701 alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the

702 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which
703 Christmas falls, and (4) January first between the hours of three o'clock
704 a.m. and six o'clock a.m.]

705 (h) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in
706 glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
707 alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under a nonprofit
708 golf tournament permit shall be unlawful on any day prior to nine
709 o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.

710 (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any permittee
711 to continue the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor until the closing
712 hour established under this section.

713 (j) The retail sale of wine and the tasting of free samples of wine by
714 visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a wine
715 festival permit or an out-of-state entity wine festival permit issued
716 pursuant to section 30-37l or 30-37m shall be unlawful on Sunday before
717 eleven o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m., and on any other day
718 before ten o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m. Any town may, by
719 vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours
720 during which the retail sale of wine and the tasting of free samples of
721 wine pursuant to this subsection shall be permissible.

722 (k) The sale of products at a farmers' market by a permittee holding
723 a farmers' market sales permit pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-
724 37o shall be unlawful on any day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten
725 o'clock p.m., provided such permittee shall not sell such products at a
726 farmers' market at any time during such hours that the farmers' market
727 is not open to the public. Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or
728 by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which sales of
729 products under this subsection shall be permissible.

730 (l) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section, it
731 shall be lawful for casino permittees at casinos, as defined in section 30-

732 37k, to allow the presence of alcoholic liquor in glasses or other
733 receptacles suitable to permit the consumption thereof by an individual
734 at any time on its gaming facility, as defined in subsection (a) of section
735 30-37k, provided such alcoholic liquor shall not be served to a patron of
736 such casino during the hours specified in subsection (a) of this section.
737 For purposes of this section, "receptacles suitable to permit the
738 consumption of alcoholic liquor" shall not include bottles of distilled
739 spirits or bottles of wine.

740 Sec. 24. Section 30-91a of the general statutes is repealed and the
741 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

742 (a) In all cases where a town, either by vote of a town meeting or by
743 ordinance, had, prior to April 30, 1971, authorized the sale of alcoholic
744 liquor on Sunday between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and nine
745 o'clock in the evening, such sale shall be authorized until the time
746 specified in section 30-91, as amended by this act, unless an earlier
747 closing hour is established by town meeting or ordinance after April 30,
748 1971.

749 (b) Nothing in section 30-91, as amended by this act, shall be
750 construed to supersede any action taken by a town prior to May 25, 1971,
751 to prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquor in such town from midnight on
752 Saturday until one a.m. on Sunday and such action shall be construed
753 to prohibit such sale from midnight on Saturday until two a.m. on
754 Sunday in such town.

755 [(c) In all towns in which the sale of alcoholic liquor on Sunday
756 between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and the time specified in
757 section 30-91 is permitted, prior to June 5, 1975, in a place operating
758 under a hotel permit, a restaurant permit or a cafe permit, such sale shall
759 be authorized on Sunday between such hours in a place operating under
760 a tavern permit unless such sale is prohibited by town meeting or
761 ordinance after June 5, 1975.]

762 [(d)] (c) In all towns that have authorized the sale of alcoholic liquor
763 on Sunday commencing at twelve o'clock noon, either by vote of a town
764 meeting or by ordinance, such sale shall be permitted commencing at
765 eleven o'clock a.m. in places operating under permits listed in
766 subsection (a) of section 30-91, as amended by this act, unless a later
767 opening hour is established by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance
768 after July 1, 1981.

769 Sec. 25. Section 30-7 of the general statutes is repealed and the
770 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

771 Every regulation made by the Department of Consumer Protection
772 under the authority of this chapter shall be furnished to each permittee
773 upon request. The department shall biennially, on or before July first in
774 the odd-numbered years, [either (1) publish in convenient pamphlet
775 form all regulations then in force and shall furnish upon request copies
776 of such pamphlets to every permittee authorized under the provisions
777 of this chapter to manufacture or sell alcoholic liquor and to such other
778 persons as desire such pamphlets, or (2)] post such regulations on the
779 department's Internet web site.

780 Sec. 26. Section 30-8 of the general statutes is repealed and the
781 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

782 The Department of Consumer Protection and any agent thereof
783 authorized to conduct any inquiry, investigation or hearing under the
784 provisions of this chapter shall have power to administer oaths and take
785 testimony under oath relative to the matter of inquiry or investigation.
786 The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may withhold from
787 disclosure any complaints or inspections that result in an investigation
788 conducted by the department under this chapter, or any other
789 information obtained by the department during the course of an
790 investigation conducted by the department under this chapter, until the
791 earlier of (1) the date when the investigation is completed, (2) [six]
792 eighteen months after the date when the complaint resulting in the

793 investigation was filed, or (3) [six] eighteen months after the
794 investigation was commenced. At any hearing ordered by the
795 department, the department or such agent having authority by law to
796 issue such process may subpoena witnesses and require the production
797 of records, papers and documents pertinent to such inquiry. No witness
798 under subpoena authorized to be issued by the provisions of this section
799 shall be excused from testifying or from producing records, papers or
800 documents on the ground that such testimony or the production of such
801 records or other documentary evidence would tend to incriminate him,
802 but such evidence or the records or papers so produced and any
803 information directly or indirectly derived from such evidence, records
804 or papers shall not be used in any criminal proceeding against him. If
805 any person disobeys such process or, having appeared in obedience
806 thereto, refuses to answer any pertinent question put to him by the
807 department or its authorized agent or to produce any records and
808 papers pursuant thereto, the department or its agent may apply to the
809 superior court for the judicial district of Hartford or for the judicial
810 district wherein the person resides or wherein the business has been
811 conducted, setting forth such disobedience to process or refusal to
812 answer, and the court shall cite such person to appear before the court
813 to answer such question or to produce such records and papers and,
814 upon his refusal so to do, shall commit such person to a community
815 correctional center until he testifies, but not for a longer period than
816 sixty days. Notwithstanding the serving of the term of such
817 commitment by any person, the department may proceed with such
818 inquiry and examination as if the witness had not previously been called
819 upon to testify. Officers who serve subpoenas issued by the department
820 or under its authority and witnesses attending hearings conducted by it
821 under this section shall receive like fees and compensation as officers
822 and witnesses in the courts of this state to be paid on vouchers of the
823 department on order of the Comptroller.

824 Sec. 27. Section 30-17 of the general statutes is repealed and the
825 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

826 (a) (1) A wholesaler permit shall allow the bottling of alcoholic liquor
827 and the wholesale sale of alcoholic liquor to permittees in this state and
828 without the state, as may be permitted by law, and the sale of alcoholic
829 liquors to vessels engaged in coastwise or foreign commerce, and the
830 sale of alcohol and alcoholic liquor for industrial purposes to
831 nonpermittees, such sales to be made in accordance with the regulations
832 adopted by the Department of Consumer Protection, and the sale of
833 alcohol and alcoholic liquor for medicinal purposes to hospitals and
834 charitable institutions and to religious organizations for sacramental
835 purposes and the receipt from out-of-state shippers of multiple
836 packages of alcoholic liquor. The holder of a wholesaler permit may
837 apply for and shall thereupon receive an out-of-state shipper's permit
838 for direct importation from abroad of alcoholic liquors manufactured
839 outside the United States and an out-of-state shipper's permit for direct
840 importation from abroad of beer manufactured outside the United
841 States. The annual fee for a wholesaler permit shall be two thousand six
842 hundred fifty dollars.

843 (2) When a holder of a wholesaler permit has had the distributorship
844 of any alcohol, beer, spirits or wine product of a manufacturer or out-
845 of-state shipper for six months or more, such distributorship may be
846 terminated or its geographic territory diminished upon (A) the
847 execution of a written stipulation by the wholesaler and manufacturer
848 or out-of-state shipper agreeing to the change and the approval of such
849 change by the Department of Consumer Protection; or (B) the sending
850 of a written notice by certified or registered mail, return receipt
851 requested, by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper to the
852 wholesaler, a copy of which notice has been sent simultaneously by
853 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Department
854 of Consumer Protection. No such termination or diminishment shall
855 become effective except for just and sufficient cause, provided such
856 cause shall be set forth in such notice and the Department of Consumer
857 Protection shall determine, after hearing, that just and sufficient cause
858 exists. If an emergency occurs, caused by the wholesaler, prior to such

859 hearing, which threatens the manufacturers' or out-of-state shippers'
860 products or otherwise endangers the business of the manufacturer or
861 out-of-state shipper and said emergency is established to the satisfaction
862 of the Department of Consumer Protection, the department may
863 temporarily suspend such wholesaler permit or take whatever
864 reasonable action the department deems advisable to provide for such
865 emergency and the department may continue such temporary action
866 until its decision after a full hearing. The Department of Consumer
867 Protection shall render its decision with reasonable promptness
868 following such hearing. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, a manufacturer
869 or out-of-state shipper may appoint one or more additional wholesalers
870 as the distributor for an alcohol, spirits or wine product within such
871 territory, provided such appointment shall not be effective until six
872 months from the date such manufacturer or out-of-state shipper sets
873 forth such intention in written notice to the existing wholesaler by
874 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, with a copy of such
875 notice simultaneously sent by certified or registered mail, return receipt
876 requested, to the Department of Consumer Protection. For just and
877 sufficient cause, a manufacturer or out-of-state shipper may appoint one
878 or more additional wholesalers as the distributor for a beer product
879 within such territory provided such manufacturer or out-of-state
880 shipper sets forth such intention and cause in written notice to the
881 existing wholesaler by certified or registered mail, return receipt
882 requested, with a copy of such notice simultaneously sent by certified
883 or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Department of
884 Consumer Protection. For the purposes of this section, "just and
885 sufficient cause" means the existence of circumstances which, in the
886 opinion of a reasonable person considering all of the equities of both the
887 wholesaler and the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper warrants a
888 termination or a diminishment of a distributorship as the case may be.
889 For the purposes of this section, "manufacturer or out-of-state shipper"
890 means the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper who originally granted
891 a distributorship of any alcohol, beer, spirits or wine product to a
892 wholesaler, any successor to such manufacturer or out-of-state shipper,

893 which successor has assumed the contractual relationship with such
894 wholesaler by assignment or otherwise, or any other manufacturer or
895 out-of-state shipper who acquires the right to ship such alcohol, beer,
896 spirits or wine into the state.

897 (3) Nothing contained [herein] in this section shall be construed to
898 interfere with the authority of the Department of Consumer Protection
899 to retain or adopt reasonable regulations concerning the termination or
900 diminishment of a distributorship held by a wholesaler for less than six
901 months.

902 (4) All hearings held [hereunder] under this section shall be held in
903 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

904 (b) A wholesaler permit for beer shall be in all respects the same as a
905 wholesaler permit, except that the scope of operations of the holder shall
906 be limited to beer; but shall not prohibit the handling of nonalcoholic
907 merchandise. The holder of a wholesaler permit for beer may apply for
908 and shall thereupon receive an out-of-state shipper's permit for direct
909 importation from abroad of beer manufactured outside the United
910 States. The annual fee for a wholesaler permit for beer shall be one
911 thousand dollars.

912 (c) A wholesaler permittee may offer to industry members and its
913 own staff free samples of alcoholic liquor that it distributes for tasting
914 on the wholesaler's premises. Any offering, tasting, wine education and
915 tasting class demonstration held on permit premises shall be conducted
916 only during the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic
917 liquor under section 30-91, as amended by this act. No tasting of wine
918 on the premises shall be offered from more than ten uncorked or open
919 bottles at any one time. A wholesaler may offer such tastings to retail
920 permittees not more than four times per year.

921 Sec. 28. Section 30-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the
922 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

923 A concession permit shall allow the sale and consumption of beer or
924 wine on the premises of any fair grounds, ball park, amusement park,
925 indoor-outdoor amphitheater, outdoor amphitheater contiguous to and
926 under the same ownership as an amusement park, public golf course or
927 sports arena provided no sales of alcoholic liquor shall occur within one
928 hour of the scheduled end of a performance at an indoor-outdoor
929 amphitheater constructed to seat not less than fifteen thousand people.
930 A concession permit shall also allow the sale and consumption of
931 alcohol or spirits in all enclosed nonseating areas within an indoor-
932 outdoor amphitheater. Such areas shall be enclosed by a fence or wall
933 not less than thirty inches high and separate from each other. No
934 concession permittee, backer, employee or agent of such permittee shall
935 sell, offer or deliver more than two drinks of alcoholic liquor at any one
936 time to any person for such person's own consumption. Such permit
937 shall be issued in the discretion of the Department of Consumer
938 Protection and shall be effective only in accordance with a schedule of
939 hours and days determined by the department for each such permit
940 within the limitation of hours and days fixed by law. As used in this
941 section, "public golf course" means a golf course of not less than nine
942 holes and a course length of not less than twenty-seven hundred fifty
943 yards. The fee for a concession permit shall be as follows: For a period
944 of one year, three hundred dollars; for a period of six months, two
945 hundred dollars; and for a period of one day, fifty dollars.

946 Sec. 29. Section 30-35b of the general statutes is repealed and the
947 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

948 A ninety-day provisional permit shall allow the retail sale or
949 manufacture of alcoholic liquor by any applicant and his or her backer,
950 if any, who has made application for a liquor permit pursuant to section
951 30-39, as amended by this act, and may be issued at the discretion of the
952 Liquor Control Commission or the Department of Consumer Protection.
953 If [said] such applicant or [his] such applicant's backer, if any, causes
954 any delay in the investigation conducted by the Department of

955 Consumer Protection pursuant to said section, the ninety-day
956 provisional permit shall cease immediately. Only one such permit shall
957 be issued to any applicant and his or her backer, if any, for each location
958 of the club or place of business which is to be operated under such
959 permit and such permit shall be nonrenewable but may be extended due
960 to delays not caused by the applicant. Such permit shall not be extended
961 beyond one year from the filing date, as defined in section 30-39, as
962 amended by this act. The fee for such ninety-day permit shall be five
963 hundred dollars.

964 Sec. 30. Section 30-36 of the general statutes is repealed and the
965 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

966 A druggist permit may be issued by the Department of Consumer
967 Protection to a drug store proprietor. No druggist permit shall be issued
968 covering a new drug store or a new location for an old drug store until
969 the Commission of Pharmacy is satisfied that a drug store at such
970 location is necessary to the convenience and best interest of the public.
971 A druggist permit (1) shall allow the use of alcoholic liquors for the
972 compounding of prescriptions of physicians, advanced practice
973 registered nurses, physician assistants and dentists and for the
974 manufacturing of all United States Pharmacopoeia and National
975 Formulary preparations and all other medicinal preparations, (2) shall
976 allow the retail sale and delivery of alcoholic liquor in containers of not
977 less than eight ounces or one hundred eighty-seven and one-half
978 milliliters and not more than one quart or one liter capacity except that
979 beer may be sold in containers of not more than forty ounces or twelve
980 hundred milliliters capacity, to any person, and (3) shall forbid the
981 drinking of such alcoholic liquor on the premises of any drug store. Such
982 permittee shall keep all alcoholic liquors in compartments, which
983 compartments shall be securely locked except during those hours when
984 the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law. The holder of a druggist
985 permit shall not display any alcoholic liquors or containers, marked or
986 labeled or in any other way suggesting the contents of intoxicating

987 liquors, in the windows of the permit premises. The Commission of
988 Pharmacy shall revoke or suspend the pharmacy license of any
989 pharmacist upon whose premises any violation of any provision of this
990 section occurs. The annual fee for a druggist permit shall be five
991 hundred thirty-five dollars.

992 Sec. 31. Section 30-37 of the general statutes is repealed and the
993 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

994 Any pharmacy licensed by the [Commission of Pharmacy]
995 Department of Consumer Protection may fill the prescription of a
996 licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician
997 assistant or dentist for alcoholic liquors at any time without regard to
998 the vote of any town prohibiting the sale of such liquors and may use
999 alcoholic liquors for the compounding of such prescriptions and for the
1000 manufacture of all United States Pharmacopoeia and National
1001 Formulary preparations and all other medicinal preparations without
1002 the necessity of obtaining a permit from the Department of Consumer
1003 Protection, provided each such prescription shall include the name and
1004 address of the person for whom it is prescribed and shall be signed with
1005 his full name by the person issuing such prescription. Each such
1006 prescription shall be filled only once, and the person making a sale on
1007 such prescription shall write on the face thereof the number of such
1008 prescription and the date of the sale or delivery of such liquor and shall
1009 keep such prescription on file and available at all reasonable times for
1010 inspection. All alcoholic liquors sold by licensed pharmacies on
1011 prescriptions alone shall be kept in compartments, which compartments
1012 shall be securely locked except when such liquors are being used in the
1013 compounding of the prescriptions.

1014 Sec. 32. Section 30-37j of the general statutes is repealed and the
1015 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1016 (a) A caterer liquor permit shall allow a person regularly engaged in
1017 the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at

1018 private gatherings or at special events to sell and serve alcoholic liquor
1019 for on-premises consumption with or without the provision of food at
1020 any activity, event or function for which such person has been hired,
1021 pursuant to a contract between the holder of the caterer liquor permit
1022 and the hiring party. The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall not
1023 engage in self-dealing or self-hiring in order to generate catering events.
1024 The annual fee for a caterer liquor permit shall be four hundred forty
1025 dollars.

1026 (b) The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall, on a form prescribed
1027 by the Department of Consumer Protection or electronically, notify the
1028 department, in writing, of the date, location and hours of each event at
1029 which alcohol is served under such permit at least one business day in
1030 advance of such event. If the holder of a caterer liquor permit is unable
1031 to provide the written notice required under this section due to exigent
1032 circumstances, such holder may provide notice to the department by
1033 telephone of the date, location and hours of each event at which alcohol
1034 is served under such permit.

1035 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 30-48,
1036 as amended by this act, a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit may
1037 be a backer or holder of any other permit issued under the provisions of
1038 this chapter, except that a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit
1039 may not be a backer or holder of any other manufacturer permit issued
1040 under section 30-16 or a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17,
1041 as amended by this act.

1042 (d) The holder of a caterer liquor permit and any other permit issued
1043 under the provisions of this chapter that prohibits the off-premises
1044 consumption of alcoholic liquor shall be exempt from such prohibition
1045 for the purposes of conducting such holder's catering business only.

1046 (e) The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall be exempt from the
1047 provisions of sections 30-38, as amended by this act, 30-52, as amended
1048 by this act, and 30-54, as amended by this act, and from the requirements

1049 to affix and maintain a placard, as provided in subdivision (3) of
1050 subsection (b) of section 30-39, as amended by this act.

1051 (f) The holder of a caterer liquor permit may enter into a contract with
1052 another business entity to provide exclusive catering services at a
1053 specific venue, provided the holder of the caterer liquor permit is
1054 available for hire at other venues and is using the permit at other venues.
1055 No holder or member of the backer of the caterer liquor permit, nor the
1056 holder's or member's spouse or child, shall have an ownership interest
1057 in the venue that is subject to the exclusivity agreement.

1058 Sec. 33. Section 30-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1059 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1060 (a) For the purposes of this section, the "filing date" of an application
1061 means the date upon which the department, after approving the
1062 application for processing, mails or otherwise delivers to the applicant
1063 a placard containing such date.

1064 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a
1065 permit shall make [a sworn] an affirmed application therefor to the
1066 Department of Consumer Protection upon forms to be furnished by the
1067 department, showing the name and address of the applicant and of the
1068 applicant's backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business
1069 which is to be operated under such permit and a financial statement
1070 setting forth all elements and details of any business transactions
1071 connected with the application. Such application shall include a detailed
1072 description of the type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A
1073 club or place of business shall be exempt from providing such detailed
1074 description if the club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit
1075 prior to October 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of
1076 entertainment provided. The application shall also indicate any crimes
1077 of which the applicant or the applicant's backer may have been
1078 convicted. Applicants shall submit documents sufficient to establish
1079 that state and local building, fire and zoning requirements and local

1080 ordinances concerning hours and days of sale will be met, except that
1081 local building and zoning requirements and local ordinances
1082 concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply to [any class of
1083 airport] a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section 30-
1084 22a. The State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified designee shall be
1085 responsible for approving compliance with the State Fire Code at
1086 Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a permit provided
1087 for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's license with such
1088 application if such license was issued by the Department of Consumer
1089 Protection. The department may, at its discretion, conduct an
1090 investigation to determine whether a permit shall be issued to an
1091 applicant.

1092 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
1093 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in
1094 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be
1095 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall
1096 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a
1097 permit by a charitable organization, including a nonprofit public
1098 television corporation, a nonprofit golf tournament permit, a temporary
1099 permit or a special club permit; and for all other permits in the amount
1100 of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial application. Any permit
1101 issued shall be valid only for the purposes and activities described in
1102 the application.

1103 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give
1104 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of
1105 permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which
1106 such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be
1107 provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the
1108 same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place
1109 of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least
1110 once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not
1111 more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last

1112 publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the
1113 application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition
1114 upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to
1115 be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard
1116 provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt
1117 of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so
1118 far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as
1119 provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the
1120 public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of
1121 permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall
1122 erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
1123 four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located,
1124 instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign
1125 shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the
1126 proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and
1127 shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the
1128 placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under
1129 oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as
1130 the department may determine, but the department may require any
1131 additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such
1132 compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of
1133 the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply
1134 to applications for (A) airline permits, (B) charitable organization
1135 permits, (C) temporary permits, (D) special club permits, (E) concession
1136 permits, (F) military permits, [railroad permits, boat permits,] (G) cafe
1137 permits issued pursuant to subsection (j) or (k) of section 30-22a, (H)
1138 warehouse permits, (I) brokers' permits, (J) out-of-state shippers'
1139 permits for alcoholic liquor and out-of-state shippers' permits for beer,
1140 (K) coliseum permits, [coliseum concession permits, special sporting
1141 facility restaurant permits, special sporting facility employee
1142 recreational permits, special sporting facility guest permits, special
1143 sporting facility concession permits, special sporting facility bar
1144 permits,] (L) nonprofit golf tournament permits, (M) nonprofit public
1145 television permits, (N) Connecticut craft cafe permits by permittees who

1146 held a manufacturer permit for a brew pub or a manufacturer permit for
1147 a beer and brew pub prior to July 1, 2020, and (O) renewals of any such
1148 permits. The provisions of this subdivision regarding publication and
1149 placard display shall also be required of any applicant who seeks to
1150 amend the type of entertainment either upon filing of a renewal
1151 application or upon requesting permission of the department in a form
1152 that requires the approval of the municipal zoning official.

1153 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if
1154 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or
1155 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the
1156 current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall
1157 be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department
1158 and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any
1159 partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a
1160 new application with new fees shall be required.

1161 (c) Any ten persons who are at least eighteen years of age, and are
1162 residents of the town within which the business for which the permit or
1163 renewal thereof has been applied for, is intended to be operated, or, in
1164 the case of a manufacturer's or a wholesaler's permit, any ten persons
1165 who are at least eighteen years of age and are residents of the state, may
1166 file with the department, within three weeks from the last date of
1167 publication of notice made pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (b)
1168 of this section for an initial permit, and in the case of renewal of an
1169 existing permit, at least twenty-one days before the renewal date of such
1170 permit, a remonstrance containing any objection to the suitability of
1171 such applicant or proposed place of business, provided any such issue
1172 is not controlled by local zoning. Upon the filing of such remonstrance,
1173 the department, upon written application, shall hold a hearing and shall
1174 give such notice as it deems reasonable of the time and place at least five
1175 days before such hearing is had. The remonstrants shall designate one
1176 or more agents for service, who shall serve as the recipient or recipients
1177 of all notices issued by the department. At any time prior to the issuance

1178 of a decision by the department, a remonstrance may be withdrawn by
1179 the remonstrants or by such agent or agents acting on behalf of such
1180 remonstrants and the department may cancel the hearing or withdraw
1181 the case. The decision of the department on such application shall be
1182 final with respect to the remonstrance.

1183 (d) No new permit shall be issued until the foregoing provisions of
1184 subsections (a) and (b) of this section have been complied with. If no
1185 new permit is issued within twelve months of the filing date, as defined
1186 in subsection (a) of this section, the application may, in the discretion of
1187 the department, be deemed withdrawn and shall then be returned to the
1188 applicant. Six months' or seasonal permits may be renewed, provided
1189 the renewal application and fee shall be filed at least twenty-one days
1190 before the reopening of the business, there is no change in the permittee,
1191 ownership or type of permit, and the permittee or backer did not receive
1192 a rebate of the permit fee with respect to the permit issued for the
1193 previous year.

1194 (e) The department may renew a permit that has expired if the
1195 applicant pays to the department a nonrefundable late fee pursuant to
1196 subsection (c) of section 21a-4, which fee shall be in addition to the fees
1197 prescribed in this chapter for the permit applied for. The provisions of
1198 this subsection shall not apply to one-day permits, to any permit which
1199 is the subject of administrative or court proceedings, or where otherwise
1200 provided by law.

1201 Sec. 34. Section 30-55 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1202 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1203 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, in its discretion,
1204 revoke, suspend or place conditions on any permit or provisional permit
1205 or impose a fine of not greater than one thousand dollars per violation,
1206 upon cause found after hearing, provided ten days' written notice of
1207 such hearing has been given to the permittee setting forth, with the
1208 particulars required in civil pleadings, the charges upon which such

1209 proposed revocation, suspension, condition or fine is predicated. Any
1210 appeal from such order of revocation, suspension, condition or fine shall
1211 be taken in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

1212 (b) The surrender of a permit or provisional permit for cancellation
1213 or the expiration of a permit shall not prevent the department from
1214 suspending or revoking any such permit pursuant to the provisions of
1215 this section.

1216 Sec. 35. Section 30-56 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1217 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1218 (a) When any permit is revoked or suspended after a final
1219 [conviction] decision pursuant to chapter 54 or upon forfeiture of bond
1220 under the provisions of section 30-57, an appeal therefrom shall not act
1221 as a stay of execution upon such revocation or suspension. Such
1222 revocation or suspension shall become effective immediately.

1223 (b) When any permit is revoked or suspended for violation of the
1224 provisions of section 30-38a, an appeal therefrom, may, at the discretion
1225 of the court, act as a stay of execution upon such revocation or
1226 suspension.

1227 Sec. 36. Section 30-59 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1228 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1229 The Department of Consumer Protection shall [transmit a certificate
1230 of the revocation, suspension or reinstatement of any permit by it to the
1231 town clerk of the town within which the permittee is operating or has
1232 been operating, which clerk shall attach such certificate to the duplicate
1233 copy of such permit on file in his office] post notice of any revocation or
1234 suspension of any permit on the department's Internet web site.

1235 Sec. 37. Section 30-61 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1236 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1237 Service of process in any action in which the commission is a party
1238 shall be made upon any member of the commission, [or the secretary of
1239 the commission.]

1240 Sec. 38. Section 30-64b of the general statutes is repealed and the
1241 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1242 The sale of any alcoholic liquor by a wholesale or retail permittee for
1243 off-premises consumption at a price the intent of which is to destroy or
1244 prevent competition with any other permittee holding a like permit
1245 shall be deemed an unfair pricing practice and a violation of chapter
1246 735a. The Department of Consumer Protection may suspend or revoke
1247 any permit upon a finding of an unfair pricing practice. In arriving at
1248 such finding, the Department of Consumer Protection shall consider,
1249 but not be limited to, the consideration of the following factors: Labor,
1250 including salaries of executives and officers, rent, interest on borrowed
1251 capital, depreciation, selling cost, maintenance of equipment, delivery
1252 costs, credit losses, insurance and warehouse costs.

1253 Sec. 39. Section 30-67 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1254 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1255 In addition to the penalties otherwise provided under this chapter,
1256 including those allowed pursuant to section 30-55, as amended by this
1257 act, the Department of Consumer Protection may, for any violation of
1258 any provision of section 30-64 or of any regulation adopted under
1259 subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (b) of section 30-6a,
1260 suspend, cancel or revoke any permit as follows: For a first offense, not
1261 exceeding ten days' suspension of permit; for a second offense, not
1262 exceeding thirty days' suspension of permit; and for a third offense, the
1263 department may suspend, cancel or revoke the permit.

1264 Sec. 40. Section 30-68n of the general statutes is repealed and the
1265 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1266 (a) For the purposes of this section: (1) "Advertise" means the making

1267 of any statement or representation in connection with the solicitation of
1268 business in any manner by a retail permittee and includes, but is not
1269 limited to, statements and representations published in any newspaper
1270 or other publication or statements or representations printed in any
1271 catalog, circular or other sales literature or brochure; (2) "manufacturer's
1272 rebate" means that amount due and payable in accordance with an offer
1273 by a permittee other than a retail permittee to refund to a consumer all
1274 or a portion of the purchase price of an alcoholic liquor product; and (3)
1275 "net price" means the ultimate price paid by a consumer for an alcoholic
1276 liquor product after the consumer has redeemed the manufacturer's
1277 rebate offered for the alcoholic liquor product. Merchandise, novelties
1278 or other items are not permissible manufacturer's rebates. No permittee
1279 shall require alcoholic liquor to be purchased in order for a consumer to
1280 receive access to any merchandise, novelty or other item.

1281 (b) A retail permittee may advertise the existence of a manufacturer's
1282 rebate or the net price of an alcoholic liquor product provided such
1283 permittee makes all of the following disclosures in such advertisement
1284 in type that is the same color, style and size: (1) The sales price of the
1285 alcoholic liquor product before the manufacturer's rebate; (2) the
1286 amount and expiration date of the manufacturer's rebate; and (3) the net
1287 price of the alcoholic liquor product.

1288 Sec. 41. Subsection (d) of section 30-86 of the general statutes is
1289 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1290 *2021*):

1291 (d) (1) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall
1292 electronically or mechanically record or maintain any information
1293 derived from a transaction scan, except the following: (A) The name and
1294 date of birth of the person listed on the driver's license or identity card
1295 presented by a cardholder; (B) the expiration date and identification
1296 number of the driver's license or identity card presented by a
1297 cardholder.

1298 (2) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall use a
1299 transaction scan device for a purpose other than the purposes specified
1300 in subsection (c) of this section, subsection (d) of section 53-344 or
1301 subsection (e) of section 53-344b.

1302 (3) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall sell or
1303 otherwise disseminate the information derived from a transaction scan
1304 to any third party for any purpose, including, but not limited to, any
1305 marketing, advertising or promotional activities, except that a permittee
1306 or permittee's agent or employee may release that information pursuant
1307 to a court order.

1308 (4) Nothing in subsection (c) of this section or this subsection relieves
1309 a permittee or permittee's agent or employee of any responsibility to
1310 comply with any other applicable state or federal laws or rules
1311 governing the sale, giving away or other distribution of alcoholic liquor.

1312 (5) Any person who violates this subsection shall be subject to [a civil]
1313 any penalty [of not more than one thousand dollars] set forth in section
1314 30-55, as amended by this act.

1315 Sec. 42. Section 30-93a of the general statutes is repealed and the
1316 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1317 Any person who ships into this state any package or carton
1318 containing alcoholic liquor shall, for each offense, be [fined not more
1319 than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year or
1320 both] subject to any penalty set forth in section 30-55, as amended by
1321 this act, unless (1) the contents of such package or carton are clearly
1322 marked on the outside of such package or carton, and (2) such person
1323 conditions delivery of such alcoholic liquor upon the signature of an
1324 individual who is (A) at least twenty-one years of age, or (B) legally
1325 authorized to receive such alcoholic liquor under the provisions of this
1326 chapter.

1327 Sec. 43. Section 30-113 of the general statutes is repealed and the

1328 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1329 Any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this chapter
1330 for which a specified penalty is not imposed, shall, for each offense, be
1331 [fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than
1332 one year or both] subject to any penalty set forth in section 30-55, as
1333 amended by this act.

1334 Sec. 44. Subsection (m) of section 30-22a of the general statutes is
1335 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1336 *2021*):

1337 (m) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" [shall
1338 include] includes: (1) [a] A room or building that is subject to the care,
1339 custody and control of The University of Connecticut Board of Trustees;
1340 [or] (2) land and buildings which are subject to the care, custody and
1341 control of an institution offering a program of higher learning, as
1342 defined in section 10a-34, which has been accredited by the Board of
1343 Regents for Higher Education or Office of Higher Education or
1344 otherwise is authorized to award a degree pursuant to section 10a-34; or
1345 (3) on land or in a building situated on or abutting a golf course which
1346 is subject to the care, custody and control of an institution offering a
1347 program of higher learning, as defined in section 10a-34, which has been
1348 accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education or Office of
1349 Higher Education or otherwise is authorized to award a degree
1350 pursuant to section 10a-34.

1351 Sec. 45. Subsection (a) of section 30-18 of the general statutes is
1352 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1353 *2021*):

1354 (a) An out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than
1355 beer shall allow the sale of such alcoholic liquor to manufacturer and
1356 wholesaler permittees in this state and outside of this state as permitted
1357 by law and, as to any out-of-state shipper operating a farm winery who

1358 produces not more than one hundred thousand gallons of wine per year,
1359 the sale and shipment by the holder thereof to a retailer of wine
1360 manufactured by such permittee on the permitted premises in the
1361 original sealed containers of not more than fifteen gallons per container.
1362 The permit premises of an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic
1363 liquor may be located within this state or outside this state. The annual
1364 fee for an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than
1365 beer shall be ninety dollars for a Connecticut manufacturer or
1366 wholesaler holding such a permit and shall be one thousand two
1367 hundred fifty dollars for any other person holding such a permit. For
1368 purposes of this subsection, "farm winery" means any place or premises,
1369 located on a farm in which wine is manufactured and sold provided not
1370 less than twenty-five per cent of the fruit used in the manufacture of
1371 such wine is produced on such farm.

1372 Sec. 46. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) Notwithstanding the provisions
1373 of section 30-68m of the general statutes, the holder of a package store
1374 permit issued pursuant to section 30-20 of the general statutes may ship
1375 alcoholic liquor to a consumer located out-of-state, and may sell such
1376 alcoholic liquor at below his or her cost, subject to all applicable laws of
1377 the jurisdiction in which such consumer is located. As used in this
1378 section, "out-of-state" means any state other than Connecticut, any
1379 territory or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia or
1380 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, but does not include any foreign
1381 country.

1382 Sec. 47. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) (a) A permit issued pursuant to
1383 title 30 of the general statutes for any on-premises consumption of
1384 alcoholic liquor shall allow the retail sale of not more than two drinks to
1385 any one person at any one time.

1386 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall amend any
1387 existing regulations of Connecticut state agencies adopted under the
1388 provisions of title 30 of the general statutes, in accordance with chapter
1389 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of subsection (a)

1390 of this section.

1391 Sec. 48. Section 9-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1392 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1393 Except as otherwise provided, the following terms, as used in this
1394 title and sections 3-124, 7-5, 7-6, 7-7, 7-17, 7-20, 7-39, 7-157, 7-214, 7-275,
1395 7-295, 7-343, 7-407, 8-1, 8-5, 8-19, 10-219, 11-36, 13a-11, [30-10, 30-11,] 45a-
1396 18, 45a-19 and 51-95 have the following meanings:

1397 (a) "Ballot" means paper or other material containing the names of the
1398 candidates or a statement of a proposed constitutional amendment or
1399 other question or proposition to be voted on;

1400 (b) "Board for admission of electors" means the board as composed
1401 under subsection (a) of section 9-15a;

1402 (c) "Clerical error" means any error in the registry list or enrollment
1403 list due to a mistake or an omission on the part of the printer or a mistake
1404 or omission made by the registrars or their assistants;

1405 (d) "Election" means any electors' meeting at which the electors
1406 choose public officials by use of voting tabulators or by paper ballots as
1407 provided in section 9-272;

1408 (e) "Elector" means any person possessing the qualifications
1409 prescribed by the Constitution and duly admitted to, and entitled to
1410 exercise, the privileges of an elector in a town;

1411 (f) Repealed by P.A. 77-298, S. 14;

1412 (g) "Municipal clerk" means the clerk of a municipality;

1413 (h) "Municipal election" means the regularly recurring election held
1414 in a municipality at which the electors of the municipality choose public
1415 officials of such municipality;

1416 (i) "Municipality" means any city, borough or town within the state;

1417 (j) "Official ballot" means the official ballot to be used at an election,
1418 or the official ballot to be used thereat in accordance with the provisions
1419 of section 9-272;

1420 (k) "Population" means the population according to the last-
1421 completed United States census;

1422 (l) "Presidential electors" means persons elected to cast their ballots
1423 for President and Vice President of the United States;

1424 (m) "Print" means methods of duplication of words by mechanical
1425 process, but shall not include typewriting;

1426 (n) "Referendum" means (1) a question or proposal which is
1427 submitted to a vote of the electors or voters of a municipality at any
1428 regular or special state or municipal election, as defined in this section,
1429 (2) a question or proposal which is submitted to a vote of the electors or
1430 voters, as the case may be, of a municipality at a meeting of such electors
1431 or voters, which meeting is not an election, as defined in subsection (d)
1432 of this section, and is not a town meeting, or (3) a question or proposal
1433 which is submitted to a vote of the electors or voters, as the case may be,
1434 of a municipality at a meeting of such electors or voters pursuant to
1435 section 7-7 or pursuant to charter or special act;

1436 (o) "Regular election" means any state or municipal election;

1437 (p) "Registrars" means the registrars of voters of the municipality;

1438 (q) "Registry list" means the list of electors of any municipality
1439 certified by the registrars;

1440 (r) "Special election" means any election not a regular election;

1441 (s) "State election" means the election held in the state on the first
1442 Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the even-numbered

1443 years in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of
1444 Connecticut;

1445 (t) "State officers" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
1446 Secretary of the State, Treasurer, Comptroller and Attorney General;

1447 (u) "Voter" means a person qualified to vote at town and district
1448 meetings under the provisions of section 7-6;

1449 (v) "Voting district" means any municipality, or any political
1450 subdivision thereof, having not more than one polling place in a regular
1451 election;

1452 (w) "Voting tabulator" means a machine, including, but not limited
1453 to, a device which operates by electronic means, for the registering and
1454 recording of votes cast at elections, primaries and referenda;

1455 (x) "Write-in ballot" means a vote cast for any person whose name
1456 does not appear on the official ballot as a candidate for the office for
1457 which the person's name is written in; and

1458 (y) "The last session for admission of electors prior to an election"
1459 means the day which is the seventh day prior to an election.

1460 Sec. 49. Section 30-9 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1461 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1462 (a) The sale of alcoholic liquor or the sale of alcoholic liquor in one or
1463 more classes of permits under the provisions of this chapter shall be
1464 permitted in any town in the state until by vote of the town, taken [as
1465 provided in section 30-10] by vote of its legislative body or, in a town
1466 where the legislative body is a town meeting, by vote of the board of
1467 selectmen, a contrary preference has been indicated; and nothing
1468 contained in this chapter shall be construed to permit the sale of
1469 alcoholic liquor in any town which has voted to the contrary.

1470 (b) In all cases in which a town acted on the sale of alcoholic liquor

1471 prior to the effective date of this section, such action shall remain in
1472 effect until further action is taken in accordance with this chapter.

1473 Sec. 50. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) (a) A seasonal outdoor open-air
1474 permit shall allow the retail sale of alcoholic liquor for consumption on
1475 a lot, yard, green or other outdoor open space, provided: (1) The retail
1476 sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor is allowed in such space by the
1477 applicable local zoning, health and fire marshal officials; (2) the
1478 permitted premises is not more than one square acre in size; (3) a
1479 temporary fence or a wall not less than thirty inches high encloses the
1480 permitted area; (4) restrooms or enclosed portable toilets are available
1481 either within the permitted area or nearby; and (5) food is available for
1482 sale to consumers for consumption on the permitted premises during all
1483 hours that the permittee is engaging in the retail sale of alcoholic liquor.
1484 Any such food may be prepared on the permitted premises, provided
1485 by a food truck or a caterer, or consist of prepackaged items. The
1486 availability of area menus for delivery shall be deemed in compliance
1487 with the requirements of this subsection. Nothing in this section shall be
1488 construed to require that food be purchased with an alcoholic beverage.

1489 (b) Tents, mobile units and other temporary fixtures may be included
1490 within the permitted premises. A permittee under this section shall
1491 maintain the permitted premises in a manner consistent with all
1492 applicable local zoning, health and fire requirements.

1493 (c) The seasonal outdoor open-air permit shall be effective either
1494 April first to September thirtieth, inclusive, or May first to October
1495 thirty-first, inclusive, of the same year. Such permit shall be issued by
1496 the Department of Consumer Protection subject to the limitations on
1497 hours of operation for a restaurant permittee, as specified in section 30-
1498 91 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. Any such permit shall
1499 not be renewable and the issuance of a provisional seasonal outdoor
1500 open-air permit is prohibited. Any backer of the permittee may only
1501 apply for one such permit per calendar year. The provisions of
1502 subsection (c) of section 30-39 of the general statutes, as amended by this

1503 act, do not apply to such permit. The annual fee for a seasonal outdoor
1504 open-air permit shall be two thousand dollars.

1505 (d) The seasonal outdoor open-air permit shall allow the sale at retail
1506 of draught beer for off-premise consumption in sealed containers
1507 supplied by the permittee. Such sales shall be conducted only during
1508 the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under the
1509 provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes, as
1510 amended by this act. Not more than four liters of such beer shall be sold
1511 to any person on any day on which the sale of alcoholic liquor is
1512 authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the
1513 general statutes, as amended by this act.

1514 Sec. 51. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) Notwithstanding the provisions
1515 of sections 30-16, as amended by this act, 30-18 and 30-18a of the general
1516 statutes, no person shall repackage, relabel or sell wine manufactured
1517 outside of this state for the purpose of selling such wine as Connecticut
1518 made wine.

1519 Sec. 52. Subsection (a) of section 30-20 of the general statutes is
1520 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1521 *2021*):

1522 (a) A package store permit shall allow the retail sale of alcoholic
1523 liquor not to be consumed on the premises, such sales to be made only
1524 in sealed bottles or other containers. The holder of a package store
1525 permit may, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Department
1526 of Consumer Protection pursuant to the provisions of chapter 54, offer
1527 free samples of alcoholic liquor for tasting on the premises, conduct fee-
1528 based wine education and tasting classes and demonstrations and
1529 conduct tastings or demonstrations provided by a permittee or backer
1530 of a package store for a nominal charge to charitable nonprofit
1531 organizations. Any offering, tasting, wine education and tasting class or
1532 demonstration held on permit premises shall be conducted only during
1533 the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under

1534 section 30-91, as amended by this act. No tasting of wine on the premises
1535 shall be offered from more than ten uncorked bottles at any one time.
1536 No store operating under a package store permit shall sell any
1537 commodity other than alcoholic liquor except that, notwithstanding any
1538 other provision of law, such store may sell (1) cigarettes and cigars, (2)
1539 publications, (3) bar utensils, which shall include, but need not be
1540 limited to, corkscrews, beverage strainers, stirrers or other similar items
1541 used to consume or related to the consumption of alcoholic liquor, (4)
1542 gift packages of alcoholic liquor shipped into the state by a
1543 manufacturer or out-of-state shipper, which may include a nonalcoholic
1544 item in the gift package that may be any item, except food or tobacco
1545 products, provided the dollar value of the nonalcoholic items does not
1546 exceed the dollar value of the alcoholic items of the package, (5)
1547 complementary fresh fruits used in the preparation of mixed alcoholic
1548 beverages, (6) cheese or crackers, or both, (7) olives, (8) nonalcoholic
1549 beverages, (9) concentrates used in the preparation of mixed alcoholic
1550 beverages, (10) beer and wine-making kits and products related to beer
1551 and wine-making kits, (11) ice in any form, (12) articles of clothing
1552 imprinted with advertising related to the alcoholic liquor industry, (13)
1553 gift baskets or other containers of alcoholic liquor, (14) multiple
1554 packages of alcoholic liquors, as defined in subdivision (3) of section 30-
1555 1, as amended by this act, provided in all such cases the minimum retail
1556 selling price for such alcoholic liquor shall apply, (15) lottery tickets
1557 authorized by the Department of Consumer Protection, if licensed as an
1558 agent to sell such tickets by said department, (16) devices and related
1559 accessories designed primarily for accessing and extracting a beverage
1560 containing alcohol from prepackaged containers, including pods,
1561 pouches or similar containers, but excluding devices that are not
1562 designed primarily for such purposes, including, but not limited to,
1563 household blenders, and [(16)] (17) gift baskets containing only
1564 containers of alcoholic liquor and commodities authorized for sale
1565 under subdivisions (1) to [(15)] (16), inclusive, of this subsection. A
1566 package store permit shall also allow the taking and transmitting of
1567 orders for delivery of such merchandise in other states.

1568 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a package store permit
1569 shall allow the participation in any lottery ticket promotion or giveaway
1570 sponsored by the Department of Consumer Protection. The annual fee
1571 for a package store permit shall be five hundred thirty-five dollars.

1572 Sec. 53. Section 30-37p of the general statutes is repealed and the
1573 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1574 (a) A gift basket retailer permit shall allow the retail sale of wine,
1575 mead or beer. Such wine, mead or beer shall be included in a gift basket
1576 sold at retail by the permit holder. Such wine, mead or beer shall not be
1577 consumed on the premises. The holder of a gift basket retailer permit
1578 shall be located in this state and such wine, mead or beer shall only be
1579 purchased by such permit holder from the holder of a package store
1580 permit issued pursuant to section 30-20, as amended by this act, the
1581 holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery issued pursuant to
1582 subsection (c) of section 30-16, the holder of a manufacturer permit for
1583 wine, cider and mead issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section 30-16,
1584 or the holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued pursuant to
1585 subsection (b) of section 30-16.

1586 (b) The holder of a gift basket retailer permit may sell gift baskets
1587 which may include (1) a maximum of four bottles of wine or mead per
1588 basket or a maximum of seventy-two ounces of beer per basket, (2) food
1589 items, (3) nonalcoholic beverages, (4) concentrates used in the
1590 preparation of mixed alcoholic beverages, (5) wine-making kits and
1591 beer-making kits and products related to such kits, (6) ice in any form,
1592 (7) articles of clothing imprinted with advertising related to the alcoholic
1593 liquor industry or the permittee's gift basket business, (8) flowers, plants
1594 and garden-related items, (9) drinking glasses, bottle opening devices
1595 and literature related to wine, mead or beer, or (10) gift certificates. The
1596 sale of such gift baskets shall only take place during the times permitted
1597 for the sale of alcoholic liquor in places operating under package store
1598 permits pursuant to section 30-91, as amended by this act. The holder of
1599 a gift basket retailer permit shall not sell such gift baskets on premises

1600 operating under any other permit issued pursuant to this title. Nothing
1601 in this section shall prohibit the holder of a package store permit issued
1602 pursuant to section 30-20, as amended by this act, from selling any item
1603 permitted for sale by such permittee pursuant to said section.

1604 (c) The annual fee for a gift basket retailer permit shall be two
1605 hundred dollars.

1606 Sec. 54. Subsection (a) of section 30-16 of the general statutes is
1607 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1608 *2021*):

1609 (a) As used in this subsection, "proof gallon" has the same meaning
1610 as provided in section 12-433. A manufacturer permit for spirits shall
1611 allow the manufacture of spirits and the storage, bottling and wholesale
1612 distribution and sale of spirits manufactured or bottled to permittees in
1613 this state and without the state as may be permitted by law; but no such
1614 permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of the place of
1615 manufacture has received the approval of the Department of Consumer
1616 Protection. The holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits who
1617 produces less than fifty thousand proof gallons of spirits in a calendar
1618 year may sell at retail from the premises sealed bottles or other sealed
1619 containers of spirits manufactured on the premises for consumption off
1620 the premises, provided such holder shall not sell to any one consumer
1621 more than three liters of spirits per day nor more than five gallons of
1622 spirits in any two-month period. Retail sales by a holder of a
1623 manufacturer permit for spirits shall occur only on the days and times
1624 permitted under subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act.
1625 A holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, alone or in combination
1626 with any parent or subsidiary business or related or affiliated party, who
1627 sells more than ten thousand gallons of spirits in any calendar year may
1628 not sell spirits at wholesale to retail permittees within this state. Such
1629 permit shall also authorize the offering and tasting, on the premises of
1630 the permittee, of free samples of spirits distilled on the premises. Such
1631 free samples of spirits distilled on the premises may be offered for

1632 consumption in combination with a nonalcoholic beverage. Tastings
 1633 shall not exceed two ounces per patron per day and shall not be allowed
 1634 on such premises on Sunday before eleven o'clock a.m. and after eight
 1635 o'clock p.m. and on any other day before ten o'clock a.m. and after eight
 1636 o'clock p.m. No tastings shall be offered to or allowed to be consumed
 1637 by any minor or intoxicated person. A holder of a manufacturer permit
 1638 for spirits may apply for and shall receive an out-of-state shipper's
 1639 permit for manufacturing plants and warehouse locations outside the
 1640 state owned by such manufacturer or a subsidiary corporation thereof,
 1641 at least eighty-five per cent of the voting stock of which is owned by
 1642 such manufacturer, to bring into any of its plants or warehouses in the
 1643 state spirits for reprocessing, repackaging, reshipment or sale either (1)
 1644 within the state to wholesaler permittees not owned or controlled by
 1645 such manufacturer, or (2) outside the state. The annual fee for a
 1646 manufacturer permit for spirits shall be one thousand eight hundred
 1647 fifty dollars.

1648 Sec. 55. Sections 30-6c and 30-58b of the general statutes are repealed.
 1649 (*Effective July 1, 2021*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-1
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-12
Sec. 3	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-13a
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-14
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-22c(b)
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-24
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-24b
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-25
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-25a
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-37f
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-38
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-45
Sec. 13	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-46
Sec. 14	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-46a

Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-48
Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-48a(a) to (c)
Sec. 17	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-51
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-53
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-54
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-681(b)
Sec. 21	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-81
Sec. 22	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-90
Sec. 23	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-91
Sec. 24	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-91a
Sec. 25	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-7
Sec. 26	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-8
Sec. 27	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-17
Sec. 28	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-33
Sec. 29	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-35b
Sec. 30	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-36
Sec. 31	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-37
Sec. 32	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-37j
Sec. 33	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-39
Sec. 34	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-55
Sec. 35	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-56
Sec. 36	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-59
Sec. 37	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-61
Sec. 38	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-64b
Sec. 39	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-67
Sec. 40	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-68n
Sec. 41	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-86(d)
Sec. 42	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-93a
Sec. 43	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-113
Sec. 44	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-22a(m)
Sec. 45	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-18(a)
Sec. 46	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	New section
Sec. 47	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	New section
Sec. 48	<i>from passage</i>	9-1
Sec. 49	<i>from passage</i>	30-9
Sec. 50	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 51	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	New section
Sec. 52	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-20(a)
Sec. 53	<i>from passage</i>	30-37p

Sec. 54	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-16(a)
Sec. 55	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	Repealer section