



General Assembly

January Session, 2021

Raised Bill No. 6416

LCO No. 3159



Referred to Committee on HUMAN SERVICES

Introduced by:
(HS)

***AN ACT CONCERNING THE REMOVAL OF LIENS ON THE
PROPERTY OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE BENEFICIARIES.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 4a-13 of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

3 (a) As used in this section and section 4a-16, as amended by this act,
4 "cash assistance" means payments made to a beneficiary of the aid to
5 families with dependent children program, the state-administered
6 general assistance program, the state supplement program or the
7 temporary family assistance program.

8 (b) The Commissioner of Administrative Services may accept
9 mortgage notes and mortgage deeds in payment of claims due for
10 [welfare assistance or] (1) institutional care [,] in state humane
11 institutions, as defined in section 17b-222, or correctional institutions
12 administered by the Commissioner of Correction, and (2) cash
13 assistance and medical assistance, provided that no such claims shall be
14 due and payable from mortgage notes and mortgage deeds valued at
15 two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less unless required under federal
16 law or the provisions of section 18-85c. The commissioner may accept

17 such mortgage notes and mortgage deeds on such terms and conditions
18 as the commissioner deems proper and reasonable, and such
19 encumbrances may be foreclosed in an action brought in a court of
20 competent jurisdiction by the commissioner on behalf of the state. Any
21 such encumbrance shall be released by the commissioner upon payment
22 of the amount by it secured.

23 Sec. 2. Section 4a-16 of the general statutes is repealed and the
24 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

25 When any person supported or cared for by the state (1) under a
26 program of [public] cash assistance or medical assistance, [or] (2) in an
27 institution maintained by the Department of Developmental Services or
28 Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, [or] (3) when an
29 inmate of the Department of Correction, or [when any] (4) as a child
30 committed to the Commissioner of Social Services or Commissioner of
31 Children and Families dies, leaving only personal estate, including
32 personal assets owing and due the estate after death, not exceeding the
33 aggregate value, as described in section 45a-273, as amended by this act,
34 the Commissioner of Administrative Services or the commissioner's
35 authorized representative shall [, upon filing] file with the [probate
36 court] Probate Court having jurisdiction of such estate a certificate that
37 the total estate is under the aggregate value, as described in section 45a-
38 273, as amended by this act, and the claim of the state for the cost of any
39 care or support, required to be recovered under federal law or the
40 provisions of 18-85c, together with the expense of last illness not
41 exceeding three hundred seventy-five dollars and funeral and burial
42 expenses in accordance with [section] sections 17b-84 and 17b-131,
43 equals or exceeds the amount of such estate. [,] The commissioner shall
44 be issued a certificate by said court that the commissioner is the legal
45 representative of such estate only for the following purpose. The
46 commissioner shall have authority to claim such estate, the
47 commissioner's receipt for the same to be a valid discharge of the
48 liability of any person turning over the same, and to settle the same by
49 payment of the expense of last illness not exceeding three hundred
50 seventy-five dollars, expense of funeral and burial in accordance with

51 [section] sections 17b-84 and 17b-131 and the remainder as partial or full
52 reimbursement of the claim of the state only for amounts due under the
53 provisions of section 18-85c or federal law for (A) care [or assistance]
54 rendered to the decedent as described in subdivisions (2) to (4),
55 inclusive, of this section, or (B) cash assistance or medical assistance the
56 state is required to recover under federal law. The commissioner shall
57 file with said probate court a statement of the settlement of such estate
58 as herein provided.

59 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 17b-77 of the general statutes is
60 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
61 *2021*):

62 (b) The Commissioner of Social Services shall notify each applicant
63 for aid under the state supplement program, medical assistance
64 program, temporary family assistance program and state-administered
65 general assistance program of the provisions of sections 17b-93 to 17b-
66 97, inclusive, in general terms, at the time of application for such aid.
67 The commissioner shall notify each person who may be liable for
68 repayment of such aid, if known, of the provisions of sections 17b-93 to
69 17b-97, inclusive, as amended by this act, in general terms, not later than
70 thirty days after the applicant for such aid is determined to be eligible
71 for such aid or, if not known at the time the applicant is determined to
72 be eligible for such aid, [the department shall give such notice] not later
73 than thirty days after the date on which the commissioner identifies
74 such person as one who may be liable for repayment of such aid. The
75 notice shall be (1) written in plain language, (2) in an easily readable and
76 understandable format, and (3) whenever possible, in the first language
77 of the applicant or person who may be liable for repayment of such aid.

78 Sec. 4. Section 17b-79 of the general statutes is repealed and the
79 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

80 (a) As used in this section, "cash assistance" means payments made
81 to a beneficiary of the state supplement program, temporary family
82 assistance program or the state-administered general assistance

83 program. No person shall be deemed ineligible to receive an award
84 under the state supplement program, medical assistance program,
85 temporary family assistance program, state-administered general
86 assistance program or supplemental nutrition assistance program for
87 himself or herself or for any person for whose support he or she is liable
88 by reason of having an interest in real property, maintained as his or her
89 home, provided the equity in such property [shall] does not exceed the
90 limits established by the commissioner. The commissioner may place a
91 lien against any property to secure the claim of the state for all amounts
92 which it has paid or may thereafter pay to such person or in such
93 person's behalf [under any such program, or] (1) for cash assistance or
94 medical assistance, (2) to or on behalf of any person for whose support
95 he or she is liable, [except for] or (3) for any medical assistance, provided
96 that, for property valued at two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less,
97 the commissioner may only recover amounts due for cash assistance or
98 medical assistance required to be recovered under federal law. Such
99 recovery shall not include property maintained as a home in aid to
100 families of dependent children cases, in which case such lien shall secure
101 the state only for that portion of the assistance grant awarded for
102 amortization of a mortgage or other encumbrance beginning with the
103 fifth month after the original grant for principal payment on any such
104 encumbrance is made, and each succeeding month of such grant
105 thereafter. The claim of the state shall be secured by filing a certificate in
106 the land records of the town or towns in which any such real estate is
107 situated, describing such real estate. Any such lien may, at any time
108 during which the amount secured by such lien remains unpaid, be
109 foreclosed in an action brought in a court of competent jurisdiction by
110 the commissioner on behalf of the state. Any real estate to which title
111 has been taken by foreclosure under this section, or which has been
112 conveyed to the state in lieu of foreclosure, may be sold, transferred or
113 conveyed for the state by the commissioner with the approval of the
114 Attorney General, and the commissioner may, in the name of the state,
115 execute deeds for such purpose. Such lien shall be released by the
116 commissioner upon payment of the amount secured by such lien, or an
117 amount equal to the value of the beneficiary's interest in such property

118 if the value of such interest is less than the amount secured by such lien,
119 at the commissioner's discretion, and with the advice and consent of the
120 Attorney General, upon a compromise of the amount due to the state.
121 At the discretion of the commissioner, the beneficiary, or, in the case of
122 a husband and wife living together, the survivor of them, as long as he
123 or she lives, or a dependent child or children, may be permitted to
124 occupy such real property.

125 (b) On and after July 1, 2021, the state shall not recover cash assistance
126 or medical assistance from a lien filed on any property valued at two
127 hundred fifty thousand dollars or less, unless the state is required to
128 recover such assistance under federal law. Any certificate or lien filed
129 under this section by or on behalf of the state on such property prior to
130 July 1, 2021, shall be released by the state if the recovery of such
131 assistance is not required under federal law.

132 Sec. 5. Section 17b-85 of the general statutes is repealed and the
133 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

134 If any person receiving an award for the care of any dependent child
135 or children, or any person legally liable for the support of such child or
136 children, or any other person being supported wholly or in part under
137 the provisions of the state supplement program, medical assistance
138 program, temporary family assistance program or state-administered
139 general assistance program or any beneficiary under such provisions or
140 any legally liable relative of such beneficiary, receives property, wages,
141 income or resources of any kind, such person or beneficiary, within ten
142 days after obtaining knowledge of or receiving such property, wages,
143 income or resources, shall notify the commissioner thereof, orally or in
144 writing, unless good cause is established for failure to provide such
145 notice, as determined by the commissioner. No such person or
146 beneficiary shall sell, assign, transfer, encumber or otherwise dispose of
147 any property without the consent of the commissioner unless such
148 property is valued at two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less and
149 such person has not received care or support payments the state is
150 required to recover under federal law. The provisions of section 17b-137

151 shall be applicable with respect to any person applying for or receiving
152 an award under such provisions. Except for the supplemental nutrition
153 assistance program, any change in the information which has been
154 furnished on an application form or a redetermination of eligibility form
155 shall also be reported to the commissioner, orally or in writing, within
156 ten days of the occurrence of such change, unless good cause is
157 established for failure to provide such notice, as determined by the
158 commissioner. For participants in the supplemental nutrition assistance
159 program, the commissioner shall establish reporting requirements
160 regarding such changes in information in accordance with applicable
161 federal law, as may be amended from time to time.

162 Sec. 6. Section 17b-93 of the general statutes is repealed and the
163 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

164 (a) If a beneficiary of aid under the state supplement program,
165 medical assistance program, aid to families with dependent children
166 program, temporary family assistance program or state-administered
167 general assistance program has or acquires property of any kind or
168 interest in any property, estate or claim of any kind, except moneys
169 received for the replacement of real or personal property, the state of
170 Connecticut shall have a claim, subject to subsections (b) and (c) of this
171 section and the provisions of section 17b-94, as amended by this act,
172 which shall have priority over all other unsecured claims and
173 unrecorded encumbrances, against such beneficiary for the full amount
174 paid, [subject to the provisions of section 17b-94, to the beneficiary or on
175 the beneficiary's behalf under said programs;] provided that the state's
176 claim on such property, property interest, estate or claim of any kind
177 valued at two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less shall not exceed the
178 amount the state is required to recover under federal law, and, in
179 addition thereto, the parents of an aid to dependent children
180 beneficiary, a state-administered general assistance beneficiary or a
181 temporary family assistance beneficiary shall be liable to repay, subject
182 to the provisions of section 17b-94, to the state the full amount of any
183 such aid paid to or on behalf of either parent, his or her spouse, and his
184 or her dependent child or children, as defined in section 17b-75, to the

185 extent such payments are required to be recovered by the state under
186 federal law or the value of such parent's property, property interest,
187 estate or claim exceeds two hundred fifty thousand dollars. The state of
188 Connecticut shall have a lien against property of any kind or interest in
189 any property, estate or claim of any kind of the parents of an aid to
190 dependent children, temporary family assistance or state administered
191 general assistance beneficiary, in addition and not in substitution of [its]
192 any other state claim, for amounts owing under any order for support
193 of any court or any family support magistrate, including any arrearage
194 under such order, provided household goods and other personal
195 property identified in section 52-352b, real property pursuant to section
196 17b-79, as amended by this act, as long as such property is used as a
197 home for the beneficiary and money received for the replacement of real
198 or personal property, shall be exempt from such lien.

199 (b) Any person who received cash benefits under the aid to families
200 with dependent children program, the temporary family assistance
201 program or the state-administered general assistance program, when
202 such person was under eighteen years of age, shall not be liable to repay
203 the state for such assistance.

204 (c) No claim, except a claim required to be made under federal law,
205 shall be made, or lien applied, against any payment made pursuant to
206 chapter 135, any payment made pursuant to section 47-88d or 47-287,
207 any moneys received as a settlement or award in a housing or
208 employment or public accommodation discrimination case, any court-
209 ordered retroactive rent abatement, including any made pursuant to
210 subsection (e) of section 47a-14h or section 47a-4a, 47a-5 or 47a-57, or
211 any security deposit refund pursuant to subsection (d) of section 47a-21
212 paid to a beneficiary of assistance under the state supplement program,
213 medical assistance program, aid to families with dependent children
214 program, temporary family assistance program or state-administered
215 general assistance program or paid to any person who has been
216 supported wholly, or in part, by the state, in accordance with section
217 17b-223, in a humane institution.

218 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, whenever
219 funds are collected pursuant to this section or section 17b-94, as
220 amended by this act, and the person who otherwise would have been
221 entitled to such funds is subject to a court-ordered current or arrearage
222 child support payment obligation in a IV-D support case, such funds
223 shall first be paid to the state for reimbursement of Medicaid funds
224 granted to such person for medical expenses incurred for injuries related
225 to a legal claim by such person which was the subject of the state's lien
226 and such funds shall then be paid to the Office of Child Support Services
227 for distribution pursuant to the federally mandated child support
228 distribution system implemented pursuant to subsection (j) of section
229 17b-179. The remainder, if any, shall be paid to the state for payment of
230 previously provided assistance [through the state supplement program,
231 medical assistance program, aid to families with dependent children
232 program, temporary family assistance program or state-administered
233 general assistance program] that the state is required to recover under
234 federal law or, if such recovery is not required under federal law, from
235 property, a property interest, estate or claim of any kind that exceeds
236 the value of two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

237 (e) The Commissioner of Social Services shall adopt regulations, in
238 accordance with chapter 54, establishing criteria and procedures for
239 adjustment of the claim of the state of Connecticut against any parent
240 liable for child support payments under subsection (a) of this section.
241 The purpose of any such adjustment shall be to encourage the positive
242 involvement of noncustodial parents in the lives of their children and to
243 encourage noncustodial parents to begin making regular support
244 payments.

245 (f) On and after July 1, 2021, the state shall not recover cash assistance
246 or medical assistance from a lien filed on any property, property
247 interest, estate or claim of any kind valued at two hundred fifty
248 thousand dollars or less, unless the state is required to recover such
249 assistance under federal law. Any certificate or lien filed under this
250 section by or on behalf of the state on such property, property interest,
251 estate or claim of any kind prior to July 1, 2021, shall be released by the

252 state if the recovery of such assistance is not required under federal law.
253 As used in this subsection, cash assistance means payments made to a
254 beneficiary of the aid to families with dependent children program, the
255 state-administered general assistance program, the state supplement
256 program or the temporary family assistance program.

257 Sec. 7. Section 17b-94 of the general statutes is repealed and the
258 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

259 (a) In the case of causes of action of beneficiaries of aid under the state
260 supplement program, medical assistance program, aid to families with
261 dependent children program, temporary family assistance program or
262 state-administered general assistance program, subject to subsections
263 (b) and (c) of section 17b-93, as amended by this act, or of a parent liable
264 to repay the state under the provisions of section 17b-93, as amended by
265 this act, the claim of the state shall be a lien against the proceeds
266 therefrom in the amount of the assistance paid or fifty per cent of the
267 proceeds received by such beneficiary or such parent after payment of
268 all expenses connected with the cause of action, whichever is less, for
269 repayment under section 17b-93, [and shall have priority] provided the
270 proceeds from the cause of action exceeds two hundred fifty thousand
271 dollars or the state is required to recover all, or a portion of the proceeds,
272 under federal law for the assistance paid. The state's claim shall have
273 priority over all other claims except attorney's fees for said causes,
274 expenses of suit, costs of hospitalization connected with the cause of
275 action by whomever paid over and above hospital insurance or other
276 such benefits, and, for such period of hospitalization as was not paid for
277 by the state, physicians' fees for services during any such period as are
278 connected with the cause of action over and above medical insurance or
279 other such benefits; and such claim shall consist of the total assistance
280 repayment for which claim may be made under said programs under
281 the provisions of this section. The proceeds of such causes of action shall
282 be assignable to the state for payment of the amount due under section
283 17b-93, as amended by this act, subject to the provisions of this
284 subsection, irrespective of any other provision of law. Upon
285 presentation to the attorney for the beneficiary of an assignment of such

286 proceeds executed by the beneficiary or his conservator or guardian,
287 such assignment shall constitute an irrevocable direction to the attorney
288 to pay the Commissioner of Administrative Services in accordance with
289 its terms, except if, after settlement of the cause of action or judgment
290 thereon, the Commissioner of Administrative Services does not inform
291 the attorney for the beneficiary of the amount of lien which is to be paid
292 to the Commissioner of Administrative Services within forty-five days
293 of receipt of the written request of such attorney for such information,
294 such attorney may distribute such proceeds to such beneficiary and
295 shall not be liable for any loss the state may sustain thereby.

296 (b) In the case of an inheritance of an estate by a beneficiary of aid
297 under the state supplement program, medical assistance program, aid
298 to families with dependent children program, temporary family
299 assistance program or state-administered general assistance program,
300 subject to subsections (b) and (c) of section 17b-93, as amended by this
301 act, or by a parent liable to repay the state under the provisions of
302 section 17b-93, as amended by this act, fifty per cent of the assets of the
303 estate payable to the beneficiary or such parent or the amount of such
304 assets equal to the amount of assistance paid, provided the value of the
305 estate exceeds two hundred fifty thousand dollars, or is otherwise
306 required to be recovered by the state under federal law, whichever is
307 less, shall be assignable to the state for payment of the amount due
308 under section 17b-93, as amended by this act. The state shall have a lien
309 against such assets in the applicable amount specified in this subsection.
310 The [Court of Probate] Probate Court shall accept any such assignment
311 executed by the beneficiary or parent or any such lien notice if such
312 assignment or lien notice is filed by the Commissioner of Administrative
313 Services with the court prior to the distribution of such inheritance, and
314 to the extent of such inheritance not already distributed, the court shall
315 order distribution in accordance with such assignment or lien notice. If
316 the Commissioner of Administrative Services receives any assets of an
317 estate pursuant to any such assignment, the commissioner shall be
318 subject to the same duties and liabilities concerning such assigned assets
319 as the beneficiary or parent.

320 (c) On and after July 1, 2021, the state shall not recover cash assistance
321 or medical assistance from a lien filed on any property, property
322 interest, proceeds from a cause of action or estate valued at two hundred
323 fifty thousand dollars or less, unless the state is required to recover such
324 assistance under federal law. Any certificate or lien filed under this
325 section by or on behalf of the state on such property, property interest,
326 proceeds from a cause of action or estate prior to July 1, 2021, shall be
327 released by the state if the recovery of such assistance is not required
328 under federal law. As used in this subsection, cash assistance means
329 payments made to a beneficiary of the aid to families with dependent
330 children program, the state-administered general assistance program,
331 the state supplement program or the temporary family assistance
332 program.

333 Sec. 8. Section 17b-95 of the general statutes is repealed and the
334 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

335 (a) As used in this section, "cash assistance" means payments made
336 to a beneficiary under the state supplement program, aid to families
337 with dependent children program, temporary family assistance
338 program or state-administered general assistance program. Subject to
339 the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, upon the death of a
340 parent of a child who has, at any time, been a beneficiary under the
341 program of aid to families with dependent children, the temporary
342 family assistance program or the state-administered general assistance
343 program, or upon the death of any person who has at any time been a
344 beneficiary of aid under the state supplement program, medical
345 assistance program, aid to families with dependent children program,
346 temporary family assistance program or state-administered general
347 assistance program, except as provided in subsection (b) of section 17b-
348 93, as amended by this act, the state shall have a claim against such
349 parent's or [person's] beneficiary's estate for all [amounts paid on behalf
350 of each such child or for the support of either parent or such child or
351 such person under the state supplement program, medical assistance
352 program, aid to families with dependent children program, temporary
353 family assistance program or state-administered general assistance

354 program] cash assistance or medical assistance for which the state has
355 not been reimbursed, to the extent that (1) the amount which the
356 surviving spouse, parent or dependent children of the decedent would
357 otherwise take from such estate is not needed for their support, (2) the
358 value of the estate exceeds two hundred fifty thousand dollars, or (3) the
359 state is required to recover such assistance under federal law.
360 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, effective for services
361 provided on or after January 1, 2014, no state claim pursuant to this
362 section shall be made against the estate of a recipient of medical
363 assistance under the Medicaid Coverage for the Lowest Income
364 Populations program, established pursuant to Section
365 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Social Security Act, as amended from time
366 to time, except to the extent required by federal law.

367 (b) In the case of any person dying after October 1, 1959, the claim for
368 medical payments, even though such payments were made prior
369 thereto, shall be restricted to medical disbursements actually made for
370 care of such deceased beneficiary.

371 (c) Claims pursuant to this section shall have priority over all
372 unsecured claims against such estate, except (1) expenses of last sickness
373 not to exceed three hundred seventy-five dollars, (2) funeral and burial
374 expenses in accordance with [section] sections 17b-84 and 17b-131, and
375 (3) administrative expenses, including [probate fees and taxes, and] (A)
376 taxes, and (B) probate fees, including fiduciary fees not exceeding the
377 following commissions on the value of the whole estates accounted for
378 by such fiduciaries: On the first two thousand dollars or portion thereof,
379 five per cent; on the next eight thousand dollars or portion thereof, four
380 per cent; on the excess over ten thousand dollars, three per cent. Upon
381 petition by any fiduciary, the Probate Court, after a hearing thereon,
382 may authorize compensation in excess of the above schedule for
383 extraordinary services. Notice of any such petition and hearing shall be
384 given to the Commissioner of Administrative Services in Hartford at
385 least ten days in advance of such hearing. The allowable funeral and
386 burial payment [herein] as provided in this section shall be reduced by
387 the amount of any prepaid funeral arrangement. Any amount paid from

388 the estate under this section to any person which exceeds the limits
389 provided [herein] in this section shall be repaid to the estate by such
390 person, and such amount may be recovered in a civil action with interest
391 at six per cent from the date of demand.

392 (d) For purposes of this section, all sums due on or after July 1, 2003,
393 to any individual after the death of a [public] cash assistance or medical
394 assistance beneficiary from whom the state is required to recover such
395 assistance under federal law, pursuant to the terms of an annuity
396 contract purchased at any time with assets of [a public assistance] such
397 beneficiary, shall be deemed to be part of the estate of the deceased
398 beneficiary and shall be payable to the state by the recipient of such
399 annuity payments to the extent [necessary to achieve full
400 reimbursement of any public assistance benefits paid to, or on behalf of,
401 the deceased beneficiary] such estate exceeds the value of two hundred
402 fifty thousand dollars or such assistance is required to be recovered
403 under federal law, irrespective of any provision of law. The recipient of
404 beneficiary payments from any such annuity contract shall be solely
405 liable to the state of Connecticut for reimbursement of [public
406 assistance] cash assistance and medical assistance benefits paid to, or on
407 behalf of, the deceased beneficiary that the state is required to recover
408 under federal law, to the extent of any payments received by such
409 recipient pursuant to the annuity contract.

410 (e) On and after July 1, 2021, the state shall not recover cash assistance
411 or medical assistance from a lien filed on any property or estate valued
412 at two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less, unless the state is required
413 to recover such assistance under federal law. Any certificate or lien filed
414 under this section by or on behalf of the state on such property or estate
415 prior to July 1, 2021, shall be released by the state if the recovery of such
416 assistance is not required under federal law.

417 Sec. 9. Section 17b-224 of the general statutes is repealed and the
418 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

419 A patient who is receiving or has received care in a state humane

420 institution, his estate or both shall be liable to reimburse the state for any
 421 unpaid portion of per capita cost, [to the same extent as the liability of a
 422 public assistance beneficiary under sections 17b-93 and 17b-95,] subject
 423 to the same protection of a surviving spouse or dependent child as is
 424 provided in section 17b-95, as amended by this act, [and subject to the
 425 same limitations and the same assignment and lien rights as provided
 426 in section 17b-94] provided the unpaid portion is required to be
 427 recovered under federal law or the value of the patient's assets or estate
 428 exceeds two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	4a-13
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	4a-16
Sec. 3	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-77(b)
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-79
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-85
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-93
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-94
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-95
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	17b-224

Statement of Purpose:

To eliminate state recovery of public assistance payments from assets and estates valued at two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less except as required under federal law.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]