



General Assembly

January Session, 2021

Raised Bill No. 6101

LCO No. 2563



Referred to Committee on GENERAL LAW

Introduced by:
(GL)

AN ACT CONCERNING VARIOUS ISSUES RELATED TO THE LIQUOR CONTROL ACT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 30-48a of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

3 (a) No person, and no backer as defined in section 30-1, shall, except
4 as provided in this section, acquire an interest in more than four
5 alcoholic beverage retail permits, except that on and after July 1, [2016]
6 2021, such person or backer may acquire an interest in no more than
7 [five] six alcoholic beverage retail permits, but nothing in this section
8 shall (1) require any such person who had, on June 8, 1981, such interest
9 in more than two such permits to surrender, dispose of or release his or
10 her interest in any such permit or permits nor shall it affect his or her
11 right to continue to hold, use and renew such permits, or (2) prohibit
12 any such person who had, on June 8, 1981, such interest in more than
13 two such permits from transferring his or her interest in such permits
14 by inter vivos or testamentary disposition, including living trusts, to his
15 or her spouse or child, or such spouse's or child's living trust or prohibit

16 such spouse or child from accepting such a transfer notwithstanding
17 that such spouse or child may already hold another permit issued under
18 the provisions of this chapter. Any such permit so transferred may be
19 renewed by such transferee under the provisions of section 30-14a.
20 Except as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person shall
21 be deemed to acquire an interest in a retail permit if an interest is owned
22 by such person, such person's spouse, children, partners, or an estate,
23 trust, or corporation controlled by such person or such person's spouse,
24 children, or any combination thereof. The provisions of this subsection
25 shall apply to any such interest without regard to whether such interest
26 is a controlling interest. For the purposes of this subsection, "person"
27 means (A) an individual, (B) a corporation or any subsidiary of a
28 corporation, or (C) any combination of corporations or individuals any
29 of whom, or any combination of whom, owns or controls, directly or
30 indirectly, more than five per cent of any entity which is a backer as
31 defined in said section 30-1.

32 (b) A retail permit for the purposes of subsection (a) of this section
33 means a package store liquor permit or a druggist liquor permit.

34 (c) Membership in any organization which is or may become the
35 holder of a club permit shall not constitute acquisition of an interest in
36 a retail permit.

37 (d) Any person who violates any provision of this section or of any
38 regulation adopted pursuant to this section shall be fined not less than
39 fifty dollars nor more than two hundred fifty dollars and any permit
40 issued in violation of this section shall be revoked.

41 Sec. 2. Section 9-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the following
42 is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

43 Except as otherwise provided, the following terms, as used in this
44 title and sections 3-124, 7-5, 7-6, 7-7, 7-17, 7-20, 7-39, 7-157, 7-214, 7-275,
45 7-295, 7-343, 7-407, 8-1, 8-5, 8-19, 10-219, 11-36, 13a-11, [30-10, 30-11,] 45a-
46 18, 45a-19 and 51-95 have the following meanings:

47 (a) "Ballot" means paper or other material containing the names of the
48 candidates or a statement of a proposed constitutional amendment or
49 other question or proposition to be voted on;

50 (b) "Board for admission of electors" means the board as composed
51 under subsection (a) of section 9-15a;

52 (c) "Clerical error" means any error in the registry list or enrollment
53 list due to a mistake or an omission on the part of the printer or a mistake
54 or omission made by the registrars or their assistants;

55 (d) "Election" means any electors' meeting at which the electors
56 choose public officials by use of voting tabulators or by paper ballots as
57 provided in section 9-272;

58 (e) "Elector" means any person possessing the qualifications
59 prescribed by the Constitution and duly admitted to, and entitled to
60 exercise, the privileges of an elector in a town;

61 (f) Repealed by P.A. 77-298, S. 14;

62 (g) "Municipal clerk" means the clerk of a municipality;

63 (h) "Municipal election" means the regularly recurring election held
64 in a municipality at which the electors of the municipality choose public
65 officials of such municipality;

66 (i) "Municipality" means any city, borough or town within the state;

67 (j) "Official ballot" means the official ballot to be used at an election,
68 or the official ballot to be used thereat in accordance with the provisions
69 of section 9-272;

70 (k) "Population" means the population according to the last-
71 completed United States census;

72 (l) "Presidential electors" means persons elected to cast their ballots
73 for President and Vice President of the United States;

74 (m) "Print" means methods of duplication of words by mechanical
75 process, but shall not include typewriting;

76 (n) "Referendum" means (1) a question or proposal which is
77 submitted to a vote of the electors or voters of a municipality at any
78 regular or special state or municipal election, as defined in this section,
79 (2) a question or proposal which is submitted to a vote of the electors or
80 voters, as the case may be, of a municipality at a meeting of such electors
81 or voters, which meeting is not an election, as defined in subsection (d)
82 of this section, and is not a town meeting, or (3) a question or proposal
83 which is submitted to a vote of the electors or voters, as the case may be,
84 of a municipality at a meeting of such electors or voters pursuant to
85 section 7-7 or pursuant to charter or special act;

86 (o) "Regular election" means any state or municipal election;

87 (p) "Registrars" means the registrars of voters of the municipality;

88 (q) "Registry list" means the list of electors of any municipality
89 certified by the registrars;

90 (r) "Special election" means any election not a regular election;

91 (s) "State election" means the election held in the state on the first
92 Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the even-numbered
93 years in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of
94 Connecticut;

95 (t) "State officers" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
96 Secretary of the State, Treasurer, Comptroller and Attorney General;

97 (u) "Voter" means a person qualified to vote at town and district
98 meetings under the provisions of section 7-6;

99 (v) "Voting district" means any municipality, or any political
100 subdivision thereof, having not more than one polling place in a regular
101 election;

102 (w) "Voting tabulator" means a machine, including, but not limited
103 to, a device which operates by electronic means, for the registering and
104 recording of votes cast at elections, primaries and referenda;

105 (x) "Write-in ballot" means a vote cast for any person whose name
106 does not appear on the official ballot as a candidate for the office for
107 which the person's name is written in; and

108 (y) "The last session for admission of electors prior to an election"
109 means the day which is the seventh day prior to an election.

110 Sec. 3. Section 30-9 of the general statutes is repealed and the
111 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

112 (a) The sale of alcoholic liquor or the sale of alcoholic liquor in one or
113 more classes of permits under the provisions of this chapter shall be
114 permitted in any town in the state until by vote of the town, taken [as
115 provided in section 30-10,] by vote of its legislative body or, in a
116 municipality where the legislative body is a town meeting, by vote of
117 the board of selectmen, a contrary preference has been indicated; and
118 nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to permit the sale
119 of alcoholic liquor in any town which has voted to the contrary.

120 (b) In all cases in which a town, prior to the effective date of this
121 section, acted on the sale of alcoholic liquor, such action shall remain in
122 effect until further action is taken in accordance with this chapter.

123 Sec. 4. Section 30-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
124 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

125 For the interpretation of this chapter, unless the context indicates a
126 different meaning:

127 (1) "Airline" means any United States airline carrier, holding a
128 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
129 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
130 1958, as amended, or any foreign flag carrier, holding a permit under
131 Section 402 of such act.

132 (2) "Alcohol" means the product of distillation of any fermented
133 liquid, rectified either once or more often, whatever may be the origin
134 thereof, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered
135 nonpotable.

136 (3) "Alcoholic liquor" or "alcoholic beverage" includes the four
137 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (16) and (17) of this
138 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,
139 patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of
140 being consumed by a human being for beverage purposes. Any liquid
141 or solid containing more than one of the four varieties so defined is
142 considered as belonging to that variety which has the higher percentage
143 of alcohol, according to the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and
144 beer, except as provided in subdivision (20) of this section. The
145 provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any liquid or solid
146 containing less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol by volume.

147 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is himself the
148 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or
149 unincorporated, engaged in the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor,
150 in which business a permittee is associated, whether as employee, agent
151 or part owner.

152 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
153 of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt and hops in drinking water.

154 (6) (A) "Case price" means the price of a container of cardboard, wood
155 or other material, containing units of the same size and class of alcoholic
156 liquor, and (B) a case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer, cordials,
157 cocktails, wines and prepared mixed drinks, shall be in the number and
158 quantity, or fewer, with the permission of the Commissioner of
159 Consumer Protection, of units or bottles as follows: (i) Six one thousand
160 seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles; (ii) twelve one liter bottles; (iii)
161 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles; (iv) twenty-four three
162 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles; (v) forty-eight two hundred
163 milliliter bottles; (vi) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles; or (vii) one

164 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter
165 bottles may be in a number and quantity as originally configured,
166 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to
167 shipment, provided such number of bottles does not exceed two
168 hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer numbers or
169 quantities of units or bottles as specified in this subdivision for any one
170 person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the
171 purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as defined in
172 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits, as defined in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, and as defined
173 in 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.

174 (7) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization
175 organized for charitable purposes to which has been issued a ruling by
176 the Internal Revenue Service classifying it as an exempt organization
177 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

178 (8) "Coliseum" means a coliseum as defined in section 30-33a.

179 (9) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission and
180 "department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

181 (10) "Mead" means fermented honey, with or without adjunct
182 ingredients or additions, regardless of alcohol content, regardless of
183 process, and regardless of being sparkling, carbonated or still.

184 (11) "Minor" means any person under twenty-one years of age.

185 (12) "Person" means natural person including partners but shall not
186 include corporations, limited liability companies, joint stock companies
187 or other associations of natural persons.

188 (13) "Proprietor" shall include all owners of businesses or clubs,
189 included in subdivision (4) of this section, whether such owners are
190 individuals, partners, joint stock companies, fiduciaries, stockholders of
191 corporations or otherwise, but shall not include persons or corporations
192 who are merely creditors of such businesses or clubs, whether as note
193 holders, bond holders, landlords or franchisors.

194 (14) "Dining room" means a room or rooms in premises operating
195 under a hotel permit, hotel beer permit, restaurant permit, restaurant
196 permit for beer or cafe permit issued pursuant to subsections (j) and (k)
197 of section 30-22a, where meals are customarily served, within the room
198 or rooms, to any member of the public who has means of payment and
199 proper demeanor.

200 (15) "Restaurant" means a restaurant as defined in section 30-22.

201 (16) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by
202 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in
203 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

204 (17) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the
205 fermentation of the natural sugar content of fruits, such as grapes or
206 apples or other agricultural products, containing sugar, including
207 fortified wines such as port, sherry and champagne.

208 (18) "Nonprofit public television corporation" means a nonprofit
209 public television corporation as defined in section 30-37d.

210 Sec. 5. Section 30-12 of the general statutes is repealed and the
211 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

212 When any town has so voted upon the question of liquor permits, any
213 liquor permit granted in such town which is not in accordance with such
214 vote shall be void except manufacturer permits [, railroad permits and
215 golf country club] and cafe permits issued pursuant to subsections (g)
216 and (k) of section 30-22a.

217 Sec. 6. Section 30-13a of the general statutes is repealed and the
218 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

219 In any case in which a town has, under the provisions of this part,
220 acted, prior to October 1, 1965, to prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquor or
221 restrict such sale to beer only, such action shall not apply to the sale of
222 alcoholic liquor under a [golf country club] cafe permit issued pursuant
223 to subsection (g) of section 30-22a, except that the granting of any such

224 permit by the Department of Consumer Protection shall be subject to the
225 provisions of section 30-25a, as amended by this act, provided any such
226 permit issued prior to October 1, 1973, shall be subject to the provisions
227 of said section 30-25a, as amended by this act, only if the holder fails to
228 renew such permit or it is revoked by the department for cause.

229 Sec. 7. Section 30-14 of the general statutes is repealed and the
230 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

231 (a) A permit shall be a purely personal privilege that expires
232 annually, except a permit issued under sections 30-25, as amended by
233 this act, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h, and revocable in the
234 discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection subject to appeal
235 as provided in section 30-55, as amended by this act. A permit shall not
236 constitute property, nor shall it be subject to attachment and execution,
237 nor shall it be alienable, except that it shall descend to the estate of a
238 deceased permittee by the laws of testate or intestate succession. [A
239 railroad permit or an] An airline permit and a cafe permit issued
240 pursuant to subsection (k) of section 30-22a shall be granted to the
241 [railroad corporation or] airline corporation or railway corporation and
242 not to any person, and the corporation shall be the permittee.

243 (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections 30-
244 25, as amended by this act, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h, may
245 be issued for a continuous period of not more than six consecutive
246 calendar months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but rebate of fees shall
247 not be permitted for any unexpired portion of the term of a permit
248 revoked by reason of a violation of any provision of this chapter.

249 (c) The executors or administrators of the estate of any deceased
250 permittee, and the trustees of any insolvent or bankrupt estate of a
251 permittee, when such estate consists in whole or in part of alcoholic
252 liquor, may continue the business of the sale or manufacture of alcoholic
253 liquor under order of the appropriate court and may exercise the
254 privileges of the deceased or insolvent or bankrupt permittee for a
255 period not exceeding six months after the date of such decease or of such

256 insolvency or bankruptcy, or until such time as the applicable permit
257 expires, whichever date is later. A certified copy of the order of the court
258 authorizing the continuance of such business shall be filed with the
259 department. In the event of the death, insolvency or bankruptcy of a
260 backer, the permittee of such backer shall have the same rights and
261 privileges as set forth in this section, provided, in addition to the order
262 of said court, the executor or administrator of the estate of any deceased
263 backer, or the trustee of any insolvent or bankrupt estate of a backer,
264 shall file a notice with the department that he has authorized such
265 permittee to continue such business.

266 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a package store
267 permit may be renewed by a transferee or purchaser of permit premises
268 under section 30-14a.

269 Sec. 8. Subsection (b) of section 30-22c of the general statutes is
270 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
271 *2021*):

272 (b) The holder of a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (a) of
273 section 30-22a may operate a juice bar or similar facility at a permit
274 premises if the juice bar or similar facility is limited to a room or rooms
275 or separate area within the permit premises wherein there is no sale,
276 consumption, dispensing or presence of alcoholic liquor.

277 Sec. 9. Section 30-24 of the general statutes is repealed and the
278 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

279 Spouses of members of any club or golf country club which holds a
280 permit under [the provisions of this chapter] subsection (g) or (h) of
281 section 30-22a may be allowed to participate in all of the privileges of
282 said club or golf country club, by vote of said members, and shall not be
283 considered guests for purposes of the general statutes or regulations of
284 the Department of Consumer Protection.

285 Sec. 10. Section 30-24b of the general statutes is repealed and the
286 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

287 Auxiliary members who are spouses of members or surviving
288 spouses of former deceased members of any club specified in
289 subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 30-22a which holds a permit
290 under the provisions of this chapter may be allowed to participate in all
291 the privileges of such club, by vote of such club members and shall not
292 be considered guests for purposes of the general statutes or regulations
293 of the Department of Consumer Protection..

294 Sec. 11. Section 30-25 of the general statutes is repealed and the
295 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

296 (a) A special club permit shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor by the
297 drink at retail to be consumed at the grounds of an outdoor picnic
298 conducted by a club or golf country club. Such permits shall be issued
299 only to holders of [club or golf country club] cafe permits issued
300 pursuant to subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 30-22a and shall
301 be issued on a daily basis subject to the hours of sale in section 30-91, as
302 amended by this act, and shall be the same as provided therein for clubs
303 and golf country clubs. The exception that applies to [railroad and boat]
304 cafe permits issued pursuant to subsections (j) to (k), inclusive, of section
305 30-22a in section 30-48, as amended by this act, shall apply to such a
306 special club permit. No such club or golf country club shall be granted
307 more than four such special club permits during any one calendar year.

308 (b) The Department of Consumer Protection shall have full discretion
309 in the issuance of such special club permits as to suitability of place and
310 may make any regulations with respect thereto.

311 (c) The fee for such a special club permit shall be fifty dollars per day.

312 Sec. 12. Section 30-25a of the general statutes is repealed and the
313 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

314 Notwithstanding any provision of part III of this chapter, but subject
315 to the approval by referendum of the municipality wherein the golf club
316 is located, a [club] cafe permit, as specified in subsection (g) of section
317 30-22a, shall be granted by the Department of Consumer Protection, in

318 the manner provided in section 30-39, as amended by this act, to any
319 golf club which has been in existence as a bona fide organization for at
320 least five years and which maintains a golf course of not less than
321 eighteen holes and a course length of at least fifty-five hundred yards,
322 and a club house with full facilities, including locker rooms, a restaurant
323 and a lounge, to serve only members and their guests, but no outside
324 parties or groups of nonmembers. The cost of such referendum shall be
325 borne by such golf club.

326 Sec. 13. Section 30-37f of the general statutes is repealed and the
327 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

328 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any general statute or
329 regulation to the contrary, (1) the state of Connecticut, as owner or lessor
330 of premises at Bradley International Airport, shall be permitted to enter
331 into an arrangement with any concessionaire or lessee holding a permit
332 or permits at Bradley International Airport, and receive payments from
333 such concessionaire or lessee, without regard to the level or percentage
334 of gross receipts from the gross sales of alcoholic liquor by such
335 concessionaire or lessee; (2) any person may be a permittee for more
336 than one [airport permit or class of airport permit] cafe permit issued
337 pursuant to subsection (d) of section 30-22a; and (3) any area subject to
338 a permit in Bradley International Airport that is contiguous to or within
339 any concourse area shall not be required to provide a single point of
340 egress or ingress or to effectively separate the bar area or any dining
341 area from the concourse area by means of partitions, fences, or doors,
342 provided that a permittee of such area may be required by the
343 Department of Consumer Protection to provide a barrier to separate the
344 back bar area from the concourse area to prevent public access to the
345 portion of the back bar area from which liquor is dispensed, if physically
346 practicable.

347 (b) Sections 30-9 to 30-13a, inclusive, as amended by this act, section
348 30-23, subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 30-39, as amended by
349 this act, subsection (c) of section 30-39, as amended by this act, and
350 sections 30-44, 30-46, as amended by this act, 30-48a, as amended by this

351 act, and 30-91a, as amended by this act, shall not apply to [any class of
352 airport permit] a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section
353 30-22a.

354 Sec. 14. Section 30-38 of the general statutes is repealed and the
355 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

356 Each permit granted under the provisions of [section] sections 30-16,
357 30-17, as amended by this act, 30-20, [30-20a,] 30-21, 30-21b, 30-22, 30-
358 22a, [30-23, 30-24a, 30-26, 30-28,] 30-28a, [30-29,] 30-33a [, 30-33b,] and
359 30-36, as amended by this act, [30-37c or 30-37e,] shall also, under the
360 regulations of the Department of Consumer Protection, allow the
361 storage, on the premises and at one other secure location registered with
362 and approved by the department, of sufficient quantities of alcoholic
363 liquor respectively allowed to be sold under such permits as may be
364 necessary for the business conducted by the respective permittees or
365 their backers; but no such permit shall be granted under the provisions
366 of section 30-16 or 30-17, as amended by this act, unless such storage
367 facilities are provided and the place of storage receives the approval of
368 the department as to suitability, and thereafter no place of storage shall
369 be changed nor any new place of storage utilized without the approval
370 of the department.

371 Sec. 15. Subsection (b) of section 30-39 of the general statutes is
372 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
373 *2021*):

374 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a
375 permit shall make a sworn application therefor to the Department of
376 Consumer Protection upon forms to be furnished by the department,
377 showing the name and address of the applicant and of the applicant's
378 backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business which is to be
379 operated under such permit and a financial statement setting forth all
380 elements and details of any business transactions connected with the
381 application. Such application shall include a detailed description of the
382 type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A club or place of

383 business shall be exempt from providing such detailed description if the
384 club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit prior to October
385 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of entertainment provided. The
386 application shall also indicate any crimes of which the applicant or the
387 applicant's backer may have been convicted. Applicants shall submit
388 documents sufficient to establish that state and local building, fire and
389 zoning requirements and local ordinances concerning hours and days
390 of sale will be met, except that local building and zoning requirements
391 and local ordinances concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply
392 to [any class of airport] a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d)
393 of section 30-22a. The State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified
394 designee shall be responsible for approving compliance with the State
395 Fire Code at Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a
396 permit provided for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's
397 license with such application if such license was issued by the
398 Department of Consumer Protection. The department may, at its
399 discretion, conduct an investigation to determine whether a permit shall
400 be issued to an applicant.

401 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
402 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in
403 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be
404 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall
405 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a
406 permit by a charitable organization, including a nonprofit public
407 television corporation, a nonprofit golf tournament permit, a temporary
408 permit or a special club permit; and for all other permits in the amount
409 of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial application. Any permit
410 issued shall be valid only for the purposes and activities described in
411 the application.

412 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give
413 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of
414 permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which
415 such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be
416 provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the

417 same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place
418 of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least
419 once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not
420 more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last
421 publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the
422 application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition
423 upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to
424 be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard
425 provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt
426 of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so
427 far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as
428 provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the
429 public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of
430 permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall
431 erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
432 four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located,
433 instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign
434 shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the
435 proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and
436 shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the
437 placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under
438 oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as
439 the department may determine, but the department may require any
440 additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such
441 compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of
442 the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply
443 to applications for airline permits, charitable organization permits,
444 temporary permits, special club permits, concession permits, military
445 permits, [railroad permits, boat permits] cafe permits issued pursuant
446 to subsections (j) and (k) of section 30-22a, warehouse permits, brokers'
447 permits, out-of-state shippers' permits for alcoholic liquor and out-of-
448 state shippers' permits for beer, coliseum permits, coliseum concession
449 permits, special sporting facility restaurant permits, special sporting
450 facility employee recreational permits, special sporting facility guest
451 permits, special sporting facility concession permits, special sporting

452 facility bar permits, nonprofit golf tournament permits, nonprofit public
453 television permits and renewals. The provisions of this subdivision
454 regarding publication and placard display shall also be required of any
455 applicant who seeks to amend the type of entertainment either upon
456 filing of a renewal application or upon requesting permission of the
457 department in a form that requires the approval of the municipal zoning
458 official.

459 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if
460 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or
461 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the
462 current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall
463 be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department
464 and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any
465 partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a
466 new application with new fees shall be required.

467 Sec. 16. Section 30-45 of the general statutes is repealed and the
468 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

469 The Department of Consumer Protection shall refuse permits for the
470 sale of alcoholic liquor to the following persons: (1) Any state marshal,
471 judicial marshal, judge of any court, prosecuting officer or member of
472 any police force, (2) a minor, and (3) any constable who performs
473 criminal law enforcement duties and is considered a peace officer by
474 town ordinance pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of section
475 54-1f, any constable who is certified under the provisions of sections 7-
476 294a to 7-294e, inclusive, who performs criminal law enforcement duties
477 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 54-1f, or any
478 special constable appointed pursuant to section 7-92. This section shall
479 not apply to out-of-state shippers' [boat,] permits, cafe permits issued
480 pursuant to subsection (j) of section 30-22a and airline permits. As used
481 in this section, "minor" means a minor, as defined in section 1-1d or as
482 defined in section 30-1, as amended by this act, whichever age is older.

483 Sec. 17. Section 30-46 of the general statutes is repealed and the

484 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

485 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, except as to a store
486 engaged chiefly in the sale of groceries, in its discretion, suspend, revoke
487 or refuse to grant or renew a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor if it
488 has reasonable cause to believe: (1) That the proximity of the permit
489 premises will have a detrimental effect upon any church, public or
490 parochial school, convent, charitable institution, whether supported by
491 private or public funds, hospital or veterans' home or any camp,
492 barracks or flying field of the armed forces; (2) that such location is in
493 such proximity to a no-permit town that it is apparent that the applicant
494 is seeking to obtain the patronage of such town; (3) that the number of
495 permit premises in the locality is such that the granting of a permit is
496 detrimental to the public interest, and, in reaching a conclusion in this
497 respect, the department may consider the character of, the population
498 of, the number of like permits and number of all permits existent in, the
499 particular town and the immediate neighborhood concerned, the effect
500 which a new permit may have on such town or neighborhood or on like
501 permits existent in such town or neighborhood; (4) that the place has
502 been conducted as a lewd or disorderly establishment; (5) that the
503 backer does not have a right to occupy the permit premises; (6) that
504 drive-up sales of alcoholic liquor are being made at the permit premises;
505 or (7) that there is any other reason as provided by state or federal law
506 or regulation which warrants such refusal.

507 (b) (1) The existence of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession
508 permit shall not be a factor to be taken into consideration under
509 subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section. (2) The provisions of
510 subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section shall not
511 apply to the granting of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession
512 permit. (3) The provisions of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (5) and (6) of
513 subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the granting of any
514 special sporting facility permit provided for in section 30-33b.

515 [(c) Alcoholic liquor may be sold at retail for consumption within a
516 special sporting facility only under the permits provided for in section

517 30-33b. The number of permits of any class, the location where alcoholic
518 liquor is to be sold under any such permit, the number of locations to be
519 operated under a special sporting facility concession permit, and the
520 areas within such facility where alcoholic liquor may be consumed shall
521 be determined by the Department of Consumer Protection in its
522 discretion.]

523 Sec. 18. Section 30-46a of the general statutes is repealed and the
524 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

525 The issuance of a coliseum permit [or a coliseum concession permit,
526 or both,] shall not prohibit the issuance of a restaurant permit permitted
527 under this chapter for a restaurant within a coliseum.

528 Sec. 19. Section 30-48 of the general statutes is repealed and the
529 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

530 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or
531 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of [any class of
532 airport, railroad, airline and boat permits,] cafe permits issued pursuant
533 to subsections (d), (j) and (k) of section 30-22a and except that: (1) A
534 backer of a hotel or restaurant permit may be a backer of both such
535 classes; (2) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit or a cafe permit
536 issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-22a may be a holder or
537 backer of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer of a
538 restaurant permit may be a holder or backer of a [bowling
539 establishment] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (f) of section
540 30-22a; (4) a backer of a restaurant permit may be a backer of a coliseum
541 permit [or a coliseum concession permit, or both,] when such restaurant
542 is within a coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit may be a backer of a
543 coliseum permit; [or a coliseum concession permit, or both; (6) a backer
544 of a coliseum permit may be a backer of a coliseum concession permit;
545 (7) a backer of a coliseum concession permit may be a backer of a
546 coliseum permit; (8)] ~~(6)~~ a backer of a grocery store beer permit may be
547 a backer of a package store permit if such was the case on or before May
548 1, 1996; [~~(9)~~] ~~(7)~~ a backer of a [university] cafe permit issued pursuant to

549 subsection (m) of section 30-22a may be a backer of a nonprofit theater
550 permit; [(10)] (8) a backer of a nonprofit theater permit may be a holder
551 or backer of a hotel permit; [(11) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit
552 may be a holder or backer of a special outing facility permit; (12)] (9) a
553 backer of a concession permit may be a backer of a coliseum permit; [or
554 a coliseum concession permit, or both; (13)] (10) a holder of an out-of-
555 state winery shipper's permit for wine may be a holder of an in-state
556 transporter's permit or an out-of-state entity wine festival permit issued
557 pursuant to section 30-37m, or of both such permits; [(14)] (11) a holder
558 of an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than beer
559 may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit; [(15)] (12) a holder
560 of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery or the holder of a
561 manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may be a holder of an in-
562 state transporter's permit, a wine festival permit issued pursuant to
563 section 30-37l, a farmers' market sales permit issued pursuant to
564 subsection (a) of section 30-37o, an off-site farm winery sales and tasting
565 permit issued pursuant to section 30-16a or of any combination of such
566 permits; [(16)] (13) a holder of a manufacturer permit for beer may be a
567 holder of a farmers' market sales permit issued pursuant to section 30-
568 37o; [. Any person may be a permittee of more than one permit; and (17)]
569 and (14) the holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, a manufacturer
570 permit for beer, a manufacturer permit for a farm winery or a
571 manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may be a holder of a
572 Connecticut craft cafe permit, a restaurant permit or a restaurant permit
573 for wine and beer. Any person may be a permittee of more than one
574 permit. No holder of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub and no
575 spouse or child of such holder may be a holder or backer of more than
576 three restaurant permits or cafe permits.

577 (b) No permittee or backer thereof and no employee or agent of such
578 permittee or backer shall borrow money or receive credit in any form
579 for a period in excess of thirty days, directly or indirectly, from any
580 manufacturer permittee, or backer thereof, or from any wholesaler
581 permittee, or backer thereof, of alcoholic liquor or from any member of
582 the family of such manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or from any

583 stockholder in a corporation manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor,
584 and no manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or wholesaler
585 permittee or backer thereof or member of the family of either of such
586 permittees or of any such backer, and no stockholder of a corporation
587 manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor shall lend money or
588 otherwise extend credit, directly or indirectly, to any such permittee or
589 backer thereof or to the employee or agent of any such permittee or
590 backer. A wholesaler permittee or backer, or a manufacturer permittee
591 or backer, that has not received payment in full from a retailer permittee
592 or backer within thirty days after the date such credit was extended to
593 such retailer or backer or to an employee or agent of any such retailer or
594 backer, shall give a written notice of obligation to such retailer within
595 the five days following the expiration of the thirty-day period of credit.
596 The notice of obligation shall state: The amount due; the date credit was
597 extended; the date the thirty-day period ended, and that the retailer is
598 in violation of this section. A retailer who disputes the accuracy of the
599 "notice of obligation" shall, within the ten days following the expiration
600 of the thirty-day period of credit, give a written response to notice of
601 obligation to the department and give a copy to the wholesaler or
602 manufacturer who sent the notice. The response shall state the retailer's
603 basis for dispute and the amount, if any, admitted to be owed for more
604 than thirty days; the copy forwarded to the wholesaler or manufacturer
605 shall be accompanied by the amount admitted to be due, if any, and
606 such payment shall be made and received without prejudice to the
607 rights of either party in any civil action. Upon receipt of the retailer's
608 response, the chairman of the commission or such chairman's designee
609 shall conduct an informal hearing with the parties being given equal
610 opportunity to appear and be heard. If the chairman or such chairman's
611 designee determines that the notice of obligation is accurate, the
612 department shall forthwith issue an order directing the wholesaler or
613 manufacturer to promptly give all manufacturers and wholesalers
614 engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to retailers in this
615 state, a "notice of delinquency". The notice of delinquency shall identify
616 the delinquent retailer, and state the amount due and the date of the
617 expiration of the thirty-day credit period. No wholesaler or

618 manufacturer receiving a notice of delinquency shall extend credit by
619 the sale of alcoholic liquor or otherwise to such delinquent retailer until
620 after the manufacturer or wholesaler has received a "notice of
621 satisfaction" from the sender of the notice of delinquency. If the
622 chairman or such chairman's designee determines that the notice of
623 obligation is inaccurate, the department shall forthwith issue an order
624 prohibiting a notice of delinquency. The party for whom the
625 determination by the chairman or such chairman's designee was
626 adverse, shall promptly pay to the department a part of the cost of the
627 proceedings as determined by the chairman or such chairman's
628 designee, which shall not be less than fifty dollars. The department may
629 suspend or revoke the permit of any permittee who, in bad faith, gives
630 an incorrect notice of obligation, an incorrect response to notice of
631 obligation, or an unauthorized notice of delinquency. If the department
632 does not receive a response to the notice of obligation within such ten-
633 day period, the delinquency shall be deemed to be admitted and the
634 wholesaler or manufacturer who sent the notice of obligation shall,
635 within the three days following the expiration of such ten-day period,
636 give a notice of delinquency to the department and to all wholesalers
637 and manufacturers engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to
638 retailers in this state. A notice of delinquency identifying a retailer who
639 does not file a response within such ten-day period shall have the same
640 effect as a notice of delinquency given by order of the chairman or such
641 chairman's designee. A wholesaler permittee or manufacturer permittee
642 that has given a notice of delinquency and that receives full payment for
643 the credit extended, shall, within three days after the date of full
644 payment, give a notice of satisfaction to the department and to all
645 wholesalers and manufacturers to whom a notice of delinquency was
646 sent. The prohibition against extension of credit to such retailer shall be
647 void upon such full payment. The department may revoke or suspend
648 any permit for a violation of this section. An appeal from an order of
649 revocation or suspension issued in accordance with this section may be
650 taken in accordance with section 30-60.

651 (c) If there is a proposed change or change in ownership of a retail

652 permit premises, no application for a permit shall be approved until the
653 applicant files with the department an affidavit executed by the seller of
654 the retail permit premises stating that all obligations of the predecessor
655 permittee for the purchase of alcoholic liquor at such permit premises
656 have been paid or that such applicant did not receive direct or indirect
657 consideration from the predecessor permittee. [If a wholesaler permittee
658 alleges the applicant received direct or indirect consideration from the
659 predecessor permittee or that there remain outstanding liquor
660 obligations, such wholesaler permittee may file with the department an
661 affidavit, along with supporting documentation to establish receipt of
662 such consideration or outstanding liquor obligations. The
663 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, in the commissioner's sole
664 discretion, shall determine whether a hearing is warranted on such
665 allegations.] The commissioner may waive the requirement of such
666 seller's affidavit upon finding that (1) the predecessor permittee
667 abandoned the premises prior to the filing of the application, and (2)
668 such permittee did not receive any consideration, direct or indirect, for
669 such permittee's abandonment. For the purposes of this subsection,
670 "consideration" means the receipt of legal tender or goods or services for
671 the purchase of alcoholic liquor remaining on the premises of the
672 predecessor permittee, for which bills remain unpaid.

673 (d) A permittee may file a designation of an authorized agent with
674 the department to issue or receive all notices or documents provided for
675 in this section. The permittee shall be responsible for the issuance or
676 receipt of such notices or documents by the agent.

677 (e) The period of credit permitted under this section shall be
678 calculated as the time elapsing between the date of receipt of the
679 alcoholic liquors by the purchaser and the date of full legal discharge of
680 the purchaser through the payment of cash or its equivalent from all
681 indebtedness arising from the transaction except that, if the last day for
682 payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the last day for
683 payment shall then be the next business day..

684 Sec. 20. Subsection (c) of section 30-48a of the general statutes is

685 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
686 *2021*):

687 (c) Membership in any organization which is or may become the
688 holder of a [club] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (h) of section
689 30-22a shall not constitute acquisition of an interest in a retail permit.

690 Sec. 21. Section 30-51 of the general statutes is repealed and the
691 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

692 (a) No permit may be issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any
693 building, a portion of which will not be used as the permit premises,
694 unless the application therefor is accompanied by an affidavit signed
695 and sworn to by the applicant, stating that access from the portion of the
696 building that will not be used as the permit premises to the portion of
697 the building that will be used as the permit premises is effectually
698 closed, unless the Department of Consumer Protection endorses upon
699 such application that it has dispensed with such affidavit for reasons
700 considered by it good and satisfactory and also endorses thereon such
701 reasons. If any way of access from the other portion of such building to
702 the portion used as the permit premises is opened, after such permit is
703 issued, without the consent of the Department of Consumer Protection
704 endorsed on such permit, such permit shall thereupon become and be
705 forfeited, with or without notice from the Department of Consumer
706 Protection, and shall be null and void. If such applicant or any permittee
707 or any backer thereof opens, causes to be opened, permits to be opened
708 or allows to remain open, at any time during the term for which such
709 permit is issued, any way of access from any portion of a building not
710 part of the permit premises to any other portion of such building that is
711 the permit premises, without the written consent of the Department of
712 Consumer Protection endorsed on such permit, such persons or backers
713 shall be subject to the penalties provided in section 30-113, as amended
714 by this act. The Department of Consumer Protection shall require every
715 applicant for a permit to sell alcoholic liquor to state under oath whether
716 any portion of the building in which it is proposed to carry on such
717 business will not be used as the permit premises; and, if so, said

718 Department of Consumer Protection shall appoint a suitable person to
719 examine the premises and to see that any and all access between the
720 portion so to be used for the sale of alcoholic liquor and the portion not
721 so used is effectually closed, and may designate the manner of such
722 closing, and, if necessary, order seals to be placed so that such way of
723 access cannot be opened without breaking the seals, and the breaking or
724 removal of such seals or other methods of preventing access, so ordered
725 and provided, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.
726 The above provisions shall not apply to any premises operating under a
727 hotel permit, [or any premises operating under a restaurant permit,
728 which premises are located in or attached to a motel, and shall not apply
729 to any entrance to a building in which is located premises operating
730 under a tavern permit, which entrance opens into the rear or side yard
731 of such tavern premises and is used solely as an emergency exit or for
732 the delivery of goods to, or carrying or conveying goods from, any
733 permit premises.]

734 (b) "Motel" means every building or other structure kept, used,
735 maintained, advertised or held out to the public to be a place where
736 sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests,
737 usually, but not limited to, motorists, but is not a place where food is
738 served at all times or where kitchen and dining room facilities
739 necessarily exist.

740 Sec. 22. Section 30-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the
741 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

742 Each permit granted or renewed by the Department of Consumer
743 Protection shall be of no effect until a duplicate thereof has been filed by
744 the permittee with the town clerk of the town within which the club or
745 place of business described in such permit is situated; provided the
746 place of filing of [railroad and boat permits] a cafe permit issued
747 pursuant to subsection (j) or (k) of section 30-22a shall be the office of
748 the town clerk of the town of New Haven, and airline permits, the office
749 of the town clerk of the town of Hartford. The fee for such filing shall be
750 twenty dollars.

751 Sec. 23. Section 30-54 of the general statutes is repealed and the
752 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

753 Every permittee, other than a corporation holding a [railroad or
754 airline permit] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (k) of section
755 30-22, shall cause his permit or a duplicate thereof to be framed and
756 hung in plain view in a conspicuous place in any room where the sales
757 so permitted are to be carried on.

758 Sec. 24. Subsection (b) of section 30-68*l* of the general statutes is
759 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
760 *2021*):

761 (b) Subject to prior approval from the manufacturer or out-of-state
762 shipper, a wholesaler may sell to a retail licensee a [nonuniform] family
763 brand case, containing bottles only of one family brand, as defined in
764 subsection (d) of section 30-63. Wholesalers who do not hold exclusive
765 rights to a given brand trademark may also sell to a retail licensee a
766 [nonuniform] family brand case containing bottles only of one family
767 brand, provided all of the bottles in such [nonuniform] family brand
768 case are available to all nonexclusive wholesalers who also have rights
769 to the given brand trademarks. [For purposes of this subsection, "family
770 brand" means a group of different products belonging to a single brand
771 that are marketed under a parent brand.]

772 Sec. 25. Section 30-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the
773 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

774 No person who is, by statute or regulation, declared to be an
775 unsuitable person to hold a permit to sell alcoholic liquor shall be
776 allowed to have a financial interest in any such permit business. Except
777 as provided in section 30-90a, no minor shall be employed in any
778 premises operating under a [tavern] cafe permit in any capacity or in
779 handling any alcoholic liquor upon, in delivering any alcoholic liquor
780 to, or in carrying or conveying any alcoholic liquor from, any permit
781 premises.

782 Sec. 26. Section 30-90 of the general statutes is repealed and the
783 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

784 Any permittee who, by himself, his servant or agent, permits any
785 minor or any person to whom the sale or gift of alcoholic liquor has been
786 forbidden according to law to loiter on his premises where such liquor
787 is kept for sale, or allows any minor other than a person over age
788 eighteen who is an employee or permit holder under section 30-90a or a
789 minor accompanied by his parent or guardian, to be in any room where
790 alcoholic liquor is served at any bar, shall be subject to the penalties of
791 section 30-113, as amended by this act. For barrooms consisting of only
792 one room and for premises without effective separation between a
793 barroom and a dining room, no minor may sit or stand at a consumer
794 bar without being accompanied by a parent, guardian or spouse.

795 Sec. 27. Section 30-91 of the general statutes is repealed and the
796 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

797 (a) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in
798 glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
799 alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under hotel
800 permits, restaurant permits, cafe permits, Connecticut craft cafe permits,
801 restaurant permits for catering establishments, [bowling establishment
802 permits, racquetball facility permits, club permits,] coliseum permits,
803 [coliseum concession permits, special sporting facility restaurant
804 permits, special sporting facility employee recreational permits, special
805 sporting facility guest permits, special sporting facility concession
806 permits, special sporting facility bar permits, golf country club permits,]
807 nonprofit public museum permits, [university permits, airport
808 restaurant permits, airport bar permits, airport airline club permits,
809 tavern permits,] manufacturer permits for beer, casino permits, caterer
810 liquor permits and charitable organization permits shall be unlawful on:
811 (1) Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the
812 hours of one o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (2) Saturday between the
813 hours of two o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (3) Sunday between the
814 hours of two o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.; (4) Christmas, except (A)

815 for alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the
816 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which
817 Christmas falls, and (B) by casino permittees at casinos, as defined in
818 section 30-37k; and (5) January first between the hours of three o'clock
819 a.m. and nine o'clock a.m., except that on any Sunday that is January
820 first the prohibitions of this section shall be between the hours of three
821 o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.

822 (b) Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce
823 the number of hours during which sales under subsection (a) of this
824 section, except sales pursuant to [an airport restaurant permit, airport
825 bar permit or airport airline club permit] a cafe permit issued pursuant
826 to subsection (d) of section 30-22a, shall be permissible. In all cases when
827 a town, either by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, has acted on
828 the sale of alcoholic liquor or the reduction of the number of hours when
829 such sale is permissible, such action shall become effective on the first
830 day of the month succeeding such action and no further action shall be
831 taken until at least one year has elapsed since the previous action was
832 taken.

833 (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this
834 section, such sale or dispensing or consumption or presence in glasses
835 in places operating under a [bowling establishment] cafe permit issued
836 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a shall be unlawful before
837 eleven a.m. on any day, except in that portion of the permit premises
838 which is located in a separate room or rooms entry to which, from the
839 bowling lane area of the establishment, is by means of a door or doors
840 which shall remain closed at all times except to permit entrance and
841 egress to and from the lane area. Any alcoholic liquor sold or dispensed
842 in a place operating under a [bowling establishment] cafe permit issued
843 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a shall be served in containers
844 such as, but not limited to, plastic or glass. Any town may, by vote of a
845 town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during
846 which sales under this subsection shall be permissible.

847 (d) The sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-premises

848 consumption in places operating under package store permits, drug
849 store permits, manufacturer permits for beer or grocery store beer
850 permits shall be unlawful on Thanksgiving Day, New Year's Day and
851 Christmas; and such sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-
852 premises consumption in places operating under package store permits,
853 drug store permits, manufacturer permits for beer and grocery store
854 beer permits shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and
855 after six o'clock p.m. and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and
856 after ten o'clock p.m. Any town may, by a vote of a town meeting or by
857 ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which such sale shall be
858 permissible.

859 (e) (1) In the case of any premises operating under a [tavern] cafe
860 permit, wherein, under the provisions of this section, the sale of
861 alcoholic liquor is forbidden on certain days or hours of the day, or
862 during the period when a [tavern] cafe permit is suspended, it shall
863 likewise be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit it to be
864 occupied by, the public on such days or hours.

865 (2) In the case of any premises operating under a cafe permit, it shall
866 be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit such premises to
867 be occupied by, the public between the hours of one o'clock a.m. and six
868 o'clock a.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday
869 and between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m. on
870 Saturday and Sunday or during any period of time when such permit is
871 suspended, provided the sale or the dispensing or consumption of
872 alcohol on such premises operating under such cafe permit shall be
873 prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale or dispensing or
874 consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.

875 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, in the case of any
876 premises operating under a tavern or cafe permit, it shall be lawful for
877 such premises to be open to, or be occupied by, the public when such
878 premises is being used as a site for film, television, video or digital
879 production eligible for a film production tax credit pursuant to section
880 12-217jj, provided the sale or the dispensing or consumption of alcohol

881 on such premises operating under such tavern or cafe permit shall be
882 prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale or the dispensing
883 or consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.

884 (f) The retail sale and the tasting of free samples of wine, cider not
885 exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding
886 fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy, eau-de-vie and mead
887 by visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a
888 manufacturer permit for a farm winery or a manufacturer permit for
889 wine, cider and mead on the premises of such permittee shall be
890 unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
891 and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
892 Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the
893 number of hours during which sales and the tasting of free samples of
894 products under this subsection shall be permissible.

895 (g) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section,
896 food or nonalcoholic beverages may be sold, dispensed or consumed in
897 places operating under [an airport restaurant permit, an airport bar
898 permit or an airport airline club] a cafe permit issued pursuant to
899 subsection (d) of section 30-22a, at any time, as allowed by agreement
900 between the Connecticut Airport Authority and its lessees or
901 concessionaires. [In the case of premises operating under an airport
902 airline club permit, the sale, dispensing or consumption or the presence
903 in glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
904 alcoholic liquor by an individual shall be unlawful on: (1) Monday,
905 Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the hours of one
906 o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (2) Saturday and Sunday between the
907 hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (3) Christmas, except for
908 alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the
909 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which
910 Christmas falls, and (4) January first between the hours of three o'clock
911 a.m. and six o'clock a.m.]

912 (h) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in
913 glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of

914 alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under a nonprofit
915 golf tournament permit shall be unlawful on any day prior to nine
916 o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.

917 (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any permittee
918 to continue the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor until the closing
919 hour established under this section.

920 (j) The retail sale of wine and the tasting of free samples of wine by
921 visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a wine
922 festival permit or an out-of-state entity wine festival permit issued
923 pursuant to section 30-37l or 30-37m shall be unlawful on Sunday before
924 eleven o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m., and on any other day
925 before ten o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m. Any town may, by
926 vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours
927 during which the retail sale of wine and the tasting of free samples of
928 wine pursuant to this subsection shall be permissible.

929 (k) The sale of products at a farmers' market by a permittee holding
930 a farmers' market sales permit pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-
931 37o shall be unlawful on any day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten
932 o'clock p.m., provided such permittee shall not sell such products at a
933 farmers' market at any time during such hours that the farmers' market
934 is not open to the public. Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or
935 by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which sales of
936 products under this subsection shall be permissible.

937 (l) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section, it
938 shall be lawful for casino permittees at casinos, as defined in section 30-
939 37k, to allow the presence of alcoholic liquor in glasses or other
940 receptacles suitable to permit the consumption thereof by an individual
941 at any time on its gaming facility, as defined in subsection (a) of section
942 30-37k, provided such alcoholic liquor shall not be served to a patron of
943 such casino during the hours specified in subsection (a) of this section.
944 For purposes of this section, "receptacles suitable to permit the
945 consumption of alcoholic liquor" shall not include bottles of distilled

946 spirits or bottles of wine.

947 Sec. 28. Section 30-91a of the general statutes is repealed and the
948 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

949 (a) In all cases where a town, either by vote of a town meeting or by
950 ordinance, had, prior to April 30, 1971, authorized the sale of alcoholic
951 liquor on Sunday between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and nine
952 o'clock in the evening, such sale shall be authorized until the time
953 specified in section 30-91, as amended by this act, unless an earlier
954 closing hour is established by town meeting or ordinance after April 30,
955 1971.

956 (b) Nothing in section 30-91, as amended by this act, shall be
957 construed to supersede any action taken by a town prior to May 25, 1971,
958 to prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquor in such town from midnight on
959 Saturday until one a.m. on Sunday and such action shall be construed
960 to prohibit such sale from midnight on Saturday until two a.m. on
961 Sunday in such town.

962 [(c) In all towns in which the sale of alcoholic liquor on Sunday
963 between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and the time specified in
964 section 30-91 is permitted, prior to June 5, 1975, in a place operating
965 under a hotel permit, a restaurant permit or a cafe permit, such sale shall
966 be authorized on Sunday between such hours in a place operating under
967 a tavern permit unless such sale is prohibited by town meeting or
968 ordinance after June 5, 1975.]

969 [(d)] (c) In all towns that have authorized the sale of alcoholic liquor
970 on Sunday commencing at twelve o'clock noon, either by vote of a town
971 meeting or by ordinance, such sale shall be permitted commencing at
972 eleven o'clock a.m. in places operating under permits listed in
973 subsection (a) of section 30-91, as amended by this act, unless a later
974 opening hour is established by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance
975 after July 1, 1981.

976 Sec. 29. Section 30-7 of the general statutes is repealed and the

977 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

978 Every regulation made by the Department of Consumer Protection
979 under the authority of this chapter shall be furnished to each permittee
980 upon request. The department shall biennially, on or before July first in
981 the odd-numbered years, [either (1) publish in convenient pamphlet
982 form all regulations then in force and shall furnish upon request copies
983 of such pamphlets to every permittee authorized under the provisions
984 of this chapter to manufacture or sell alcoholic liquor and to such other
985 persons as desire such pamphlets, or (2)] post such regulations on the
986 department's Internet web site.

987 Sec. 30. Section 30-8 of the general statutes is repealed and the
988 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

989 The Department of Consumer Protection and any agent thereof
990 authorized to conduct any inquiry, investigation or hearing under the
991 provisions of this chapter shall have power to administer oaths and take
992 testimony under oath relative to the matter of inquiry or investigation.
993 The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may withhold from
994 disclosure any complaints or inspections that result in an investigation
995 conducted by the department under this chapter, or any other
996 information obtained by the department during the course of an
997 investigation conducted by the department under this chapter, until the
998 earlier of (1) the date when the investigation is completed, (2) [six]
999 eighteen months after the date when the complaint resulting in the
1000 investigation was filed, or (3) [six] eighteen months after the
1001 investigation was commenced. At any hearing ordered by the
1002 department, the department or such agent having authority by law to
1003 issue such process may subpoena witnesses and require the production
1004 of records, papers and documents pertinent to such inquiry. No witness
1005 under subpoena authorized to be issued by the provisions of this section
1006 shall be excused from testifying or from producing records, papers or
1007 documents on the ground that such testimony or the production of such
1008 records or other documentary evidence would tend to incriminate him,
1009 but such evidence or the records or papers so produced and any

1010 information directly or indirectly derived from such evidence, records
1011 or papers shall not be used in any criminal proceeding against him. If
1012 any person disobeys such process or, having appeared in obedience
1013 thereto, refuses to answer any pertinent question put to him by the
1014 department or its authorized agent or to produce any records and
1015 papers pursuant thereto, the department or its agent may apply to the
1016 superior court for the judicial district of Hartford or for the judicial
1017 district wherein the person resides or wherein the business has been
1018 conducted, setting forth such disobedience to process or refusal to
1019 answer, and the court shall cite such person to appear before the court
1020 to answer such question or to produce such records and papers and,
1021 upon his refusal so to do, shall commit such person to a community
1022 correctional center until he testifies, but not for a longer period than
1023 sixty days. Notwithstanding the serving of the term of such
1024 commitment by any person, the department may proceed with such
1025 inquiry and examination as if the witness had not previously been called
1026 upon to testify. Officers who serve subpoenas issued by the department
1027 or under its authority and witnesses attending hearings conducted by it
1028 under this section shall receive like fees and compensation as officers
1029 and witnesses in the courts of this state to be paid on vouchers of the
1030 department on order of the Comptroller.

1031 Sec. 31. Section 30-17 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1032 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1033 (a) (1) A wholesaler permit shall allow the bottling of alcoholic liquor
1034 and the wholesale sale of alcoholic liquor to permittees in this state and
1035 without the state, as may be permitted by law, and the sale of alcoholic
1036 liquors to vessels engaged in coastwise or foreign commerce, and the
1037 sale of alcohol and alcoholic liquor for industrial purposes to
1038 nonpermittees, such sales to be made in accordance with the regulations
1039 adopted by the Department of Consumer Protection, and the sale of
1040 alcohol and alcoholic liquor for medicinal purposes to hospitals and
1041 charitable institutions and to religious organizations for sacramental
1042 purposes and the receipt from out-of-state shippers of multiple
1043 packages of alcoholic liquor. The holder of a wholesaler permit may

1044 apply for and shall thereupon receive an out-of-state shipper's permit
1045 for direct importation from abroad of alcoholic liquors manufactured
1046 outside the United States and an out-of-state shipper's permit for direct
1047 importation from abroad of beer manufactured outside the United
1048 States. The annual fee for a wholesaler permit shall be two thousand six
1049 hundred fifty dollars.

1050 (2) When a holder of a wholesaler permit has had the distributorship
1051 of any alcohol, beer, spirits or wine product of a manufacturer or out-
1052 of-state shipper for six months or more, such distributorship may be
1053 terminated or its geographic territory diminished upon (A) the
1054 execution of a written stipulation by the wholesaler and manufacturer
1055 or out-of-state shipper agreeing to the change and the approval of such
1056 change by the Department of Consumer Protection; or (B) the sending
1057 of a written notice by certified or registered mail, return receipt
1058 requested, by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper to the
1059 wholesaler, a copy of which notice has been sent simultaneously by
1060 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Department
1061 of Consumer Protection. No such termination or diminishment shall
1062 become effective except for just and sufficient cause, provided such
1063 cause shall be set forth in such notice and the Department of Consumer
1064 Protection shall determine, after hearing, that just and sufficient cause
1065 exists. If an emergency occurs, caused by the wholesaler, prior to such
1066 hearing, which threatens the manufacturers' or out-of-state shippers'
1067 products or otherwise endangers the business of the manufacturer or
1068 out-of-state shipper and said emergency is established to the satisfaction
1069 of the Department of Consumer Protection, the department may
1070 temporarily suspend such wholesaler permit or take whatever
1071 reasonable action the department deems advisable to provide for such
1072 emergency and the department may continue such temporary action
1073 until its decision after a full hearing. The Department of Consumer
1074 Protection shall render its decision with reasonable promptness
1075 following such hearing. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, a manufacturer
1076 or out-of-state shipper may appoint one or more additional wholesalers
1077 as the distributor for an alcohol, spirits or wine product within such

1078 territory, provided such appointment shall not be effective until six
1079 months from the date such manufacturer or out-of-state shipper sets
1080 forth such intention in written notice to the existing wholesaler by
1081 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, with a copy of such
1082 notice simultaneously sent by certified or registered mail, return receipt
1083 requested, to the Department of Consumer Protection. For just and
1084 sufficient cause, a manufacturer or out-of-state shipper may appoint one
1085 or more additional wholesalers as the distributor for a beer product
1086 within such territory provided such manufacturer or out-of-state
1087 shipper sets forth such intention and cause in written notice to the
1088 existing wholesaler by certified or registered mail, return receipt
1089 requested, with a copy of such notice simultaneously sent by certified
1090 or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Department of
1091 Consumer Protection. For the purposes of this section, "just and
1092 sufficient cause" means the existence of circumstances which, in the
1093 opinion of a reasonable person considering all of the equities of both the
1094 wholesaler and the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper warrants a
1095 termination or a diminishment of a distributorship as the case may be.
1096 For the purposes of this section, "manufacturer or out-of-state shipper"
1097 means the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper who originally granted
1098 a distributorship of any alcohol, beer, spirits or wine product to a
1099 wholesaler, any successor to such manufacturer or out-of-state shipper,
1100 which successor has assumed the contractual relationship with such
1101 wholesaler by assignment or otherwise, or any other manufacturer or
1102 out-of-state shipper who acquires the right to ship such alcohol, beer,
1103 spirits or wine into the state.

1104 (3) Nothing contained herein shall be construed to interfere with the
1105 authority of the Department of Consumer Protection to retain or adopt
1106 reasonable regulations concerning the termination or diminishment of
1107 a distributorship held by a wholesaler for less than six months.

1108 (4) All hearings held hereunder shall be held in accordance with the
1109 provisions of chapter 54.

1110 (b) A wholesaler permit for beer shall be in all respects the same as a

1111 wholesaler permit, except that the scope of operations of the holder shall
1112 be limited to beer; but shall not prohibit the handling of nonalcoholic
1113 merchandise. The holder of a wholesaler permit for beer may apply for
1114 and shall thereupon receive an out-of-state shipper's permit for direct
1115 importation from abroad of beer manufactured outside the United
1116 States. The annual fee for a wholesaler permit for beer shall be one
1117 thousand dollars.

1118 (c) A wholesaler permittee may offer to industry members and its
1119 own staff free samples of alcoholic liquor that it distributes for tasting
1120 on the wholesaler's premises. Any offering, tasting, wine education and
1121 tasting class demonstration held on permit premises shall be conducted
1122 only during the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic
1123 liquor under section 30-91. No tasting of wine on the premises shall be
1124 offered from more than ten uncorked or open bottles at any one time. A
1125 wholesaler may offer such tastings to retail permittees no more than
1126 four times per year.

1127 Sec. 32. Section 30-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1128 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1129 A concession permit shall allow the sale and consumption of beer or
1130 wine on the premises of any fair grounds, ball park, amusement park,
1131 indoor-outdoor amphitheater, outdoor amphitheater contiguous to and
1132 under the same ownership as an amusement park, public golf course or
1133 sports arena provided no sales of alcoholic liquor shall occur within one
1134 hour of the scheduled end of a performance at an indoor-outdoor
1135 amphitheater constructed to seat not less than fifteen thousand people.
1136 A concession permit shall also allow the sale and consumption of
1137 alcohol or spirits in all enclosed nonseating areas within an indoor-
1138 outdoor amphitheater. Such areas shall be enclosed by a fence or wall
1139 not less than thirty inches high and separate from each other. No
1140 concession permittee, backer, employee or agent of such permittee shall
1141 sell, offer or deliver more than two drinks of alcoholic liquor at any one
1142 time to any person for such person's own consumption. Such permit
1143 shall be issued in the discretion of the Department of Consumer

1144 Protection and shall be effective only in accordance with a schedule of
1145 hours and days determined by the department for each such permit
1146 within the limitation of hours and days fixed by law. As used in this
1147 section, "public golf course" means a golf course of not less than nine
1148 holes and a course length of not less than twenty-seven hundred fifty
1149 yards. The fee for a concession permit shall be as follows: For a period
1150 of one year, three hundred dollars; for a period of six months, two
1151 hundred dollars; and for a period of one day, fifty dollars.

1152 Sec. 33. Section 30-35b of the general statutes is repealed and the
1153 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1154 A ninety-day provisional permit shall allow the retail sale or
1155 manufacture of alcoholic liquor by any applicant and his backer, if any,
1156 who has made application for a liquor permit pursuant to section 30-39,
1157 as amended by this act, and may be issued at the discretion of the Liquor
1158 Control Commission or the Department of Consumer Protection. If said
1159 applicant or his backer, if any, causes any delay in the investigation
1160 conducted by the Department of Consumer Protection pursuant to said
1161 section, the ninety-day provisional permit shall cease immediately.
1162 Only one such permit shall be issued to any applicant and his backer, if
1163 any, for each location of the club or place of business which is to be
1164 operated under such permit and such permit shall be nonrenewable but
1165 may be extended due to delays not caused by the applicant. Such permit
1166 shall not be extended beyond one year from the filing date defined in
1167 section 30-39, as amended by this act. The fee for such ninety-day permit
1168 shall be five hundred dollars.

1169 Sec. 34. Section 30-36 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1170 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1171 A druggist permit may be issued by the Department of Consumer
1172 Protection to a drug store proprietor. No druggist permit shall be issued
1173 covering a new drug store or a new location for an old drug store until
1174 the Commission of Pharmacy is satisfied that a drug store at such
1175 location is necessary to the convenience and best interest of the public.

1176 A druggist permit (1) shall allow the use of alcoholic liquors for the
1177 compounding of prescriptions of physicians, advanced practice
1178 registered nurses, physician assistants and dentists and for the
1179 manufacturing of all United States Pharmacopoeia and National
1180 Formulary preparations and all other medicinal preparations, (2) shall
1181 allow the retail sale and delivery of alcoholic liquor in containers of not
1182 less than eight ounces or one hundred eighty-seven and one-half
1183 milliliters and not more than one quart or one liter capacity except that
1184 beer may be sold in containers of not more than forty ounces or twelve
1185 hundred milliliters capacity, to any person, and (3) shall forbid the
1186 drinking of such alcoholic liquor on the premises of any drug store. Such
1187 permittee shall keep all alcoholic liquors in compartments, which
1188 compartments shall be securely locked except during those hours when
1189 the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law. The holder of a druggist
1190 permit shall not display any alcoholic liquors or containers, marked or
1191 labeled or in any other way suggesting the contents of intoxicating
1192 liquors, in the windows of the permit premises. The Commission of
1193 Pharmacy shall revoke or suspend the pharmacy license of any
1194 pharmacist upon whose premises any violation of any provision of this
1195 section occurs. The annual fee for a druggist permit shall be five
1196 hundred thirty-five dollars.

1197 Sec. 35. Section 30-37 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1198 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1199 Any pharmacy licensed by the [Commission of Pharmacy]
1200 Department of Consumer Protection may fill the prescription of a
1201 licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician
1202 assistant or dentist for alcoholic liquors at any time without regard to
1203 the vote of any town prohibiting the sale of such liquors and may use
1204 alcoholic liquors for the compounding of such prescriptions and for the
1205 manufacture of all United States Pharmacopoeia and National
1206 Formulary preparations and all other medicinal preparations without
1207 the necessity of obtaining a permit from the Department of Consumer
1208 Protection, provided each such prescription shall include the name and
1209 address of the person for whom it is prescribed and shall be signed with

1210 his full name by the person issuing such prescription. Each such
1211 prescription shall be filled only once, and the person making a sale on
1212 such prescription shall write on the face thereof the number of such
1213 prescription and the date of the sale or delivery of such liquor and shall
1214 keep such prescription on file and available at all reasonable times for
1215 inspection. All alcoholic liquors sold by licensed pharmacies on
1216 prescriptions alone shall be kept in compartments, which compartments
1217 shall be securely locked except when such liquors are being used in the
1218 compounding of the prescriptions.

1219 Sec. 36. Section 30-37j of the general statutes is repealed and the
1220 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1221 (a) A caterer liquor permit shall allow a person regularly engaged in
1222 the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at
1223 private gatherings or at special events to sell and serve alcoholic liquor
1224 for on-premises consumption with or without the provision of food at
1225 any activity, event or function for which such person has been hired,
1226 pursuant to a contract between the holder of the caterer liquor permit
1227 and the hiring party. The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall not
1228 engage in self-dealing or self-hiring in order to generate catering events.
1229 The annual fee for a caterer liquor permit shall be four hundred forty
1230 dollars.

1231 (b) The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall, on a form prescribed
1232 by the Department of Consumer Protection or electronically, notify the
1233 department, in writing, of the date, location and hours of each event at
1234 which alcohol is served under such permit at least one business day in
1235 advance of such event. If the holder of a caterer liquor permit is unable
1236 to provide the written notice required under this section due to exigent
1237 circumstances, such holder may provide notice to the department by
1238 telephone of the date, location and hours of each event at which alcohol
1239 is served under such permit.

1240 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 30-48,
1241 as amended by this act, a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit may

1242 be a backer or holder of any other permit issued under the provisions of
1243 this chapter, except that a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit
1244 may not be a backer or holder of any other manufacturer permit issued
1245 under section 30-16 or a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17,
1246 as amended by this act.

1247 (d) The holder of a caterer liquor permit and any other permit issued
1248 under the provisions of this chapter that prohibits the off-premises
1249 consumption of alcoholic liquor shall be exempt from such prohibition
1250 for the purposes of conducting such holder's catering business only.

1251 (e) The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall be exempt from the
1252 provisions of sections 30-38, as amended by this act, 30-52, as amended
1253 by this act, and 30-54 and from the requirements to affix and maintain a
1254 placard, as provided in subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 30-39,
1255 as amended by this act.

1256 (f) The holder of a caterer liquor permit may enter into a contract with
1257 another business entity to provide exclusive catering services at a
1258 specific venue, provided the holder of the caterer liquor permit is
1259 available for hire at other venues and is using the permit at other venues.
1260 No member of the backer of the caterer liquor permit, nor the member's
1261 spouse or child, shall have an ownership interest in the venue with the
1262 exclusivity agreement.

1263 Sec. 37. Section 30-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1264 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1265 (a) For the purposes of this section, the "filing date" of an application
1266 means the date upon which the department, after approving the
1267 application for processing, mails or otherwise delivers to the applicant
1268 a placard containing such date.

1269 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a
1270 permit shall make [a sworn] an affirmed application therefor to the
1271 Department of Consumer Protection upon forms to be furnished by the
1272 department, showing the name and address of the applicant and of the

1273 applicant's backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business
1274 which is to be operated under such permit and a financial statement
1275 setting forth all elements and details of any business transactions
1276 connected with the application. Such application shall include a detailed
1277 description of the type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A
1278 club or place of business shall be exempt from providing such detailed
1279 description if the club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit
1280 prior to October 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of
1281 entertainment provided. The application shall also indicate any crimes
1282 of which the applicant or the applicant's backer may have been
1283 convicted. Applicants shall submit documents sufficient to establish
1284 that state and local building, fire and zoning requirements and local
1285 ordinances concerning hours and days of sale will be met, except that
1286 local building and zoning requirements and local ordinances
1287 concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply to any class of airport
1288 permit. The State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified designee shall
1289 be responsible for approving compliance with the State Fire Code at
1290 Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a permit provided
1291 for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's license with such
1292 application if such license was issued by the Department of Consumer
1293 Protection. The department may, at its discretion, conduct an
1294 investigation to determine whether a permit shall be issued to an
1295 applicant.

1296 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
1297 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in
1298 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be
1299 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall
1300 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a
1301 permit by a charitable organization, including a nonprofit public
1302 television corporation, a nonprofit golf tournament permit, a temporary
1303 permit or a special club permit; and for all other permits in the amount
1304 of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial application. Any permit
1305 issued shall be valid only for the purposes and activities described in
1306 the application.

1307 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give
1308 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of
1309 permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which
1310 such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be
1311 provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the
1312 same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place
1313 of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least
1314 once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not
1315 more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last
1316 publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the
1317 application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition
1318 upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to
1319 be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard
1320 provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt
1321 of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so
1322 far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as
1323 provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the
1324 public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of
1325 permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall
1326 erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
1327 four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located,
1328 instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign
1329 shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the
1330 proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and
1331 shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the
1332 placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under
1333 oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as
1334 the department may determine, but the department may require any
1335 additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such
1336 compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of
1337 the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply
1338 to applications for airline permits, charitable organization permits,
1339 temporary permits, special club permits, concession permits, military
1340 permits, railroad permits, boat permits, warehouse permits, brokers'
1341 permits, out-of-state shippers' permits for alcoholic liquor and out-of-

1342 state shippers' permits for beer, coliseum permits, coliseum concession
1343 permits, special sporting facility restaurant permits, special sporting
1344 facility employee recreational permits, special sporting facility guest
1345 permits, special sporting facility concession permits, special sporting
1346 facility bar permits, nonprofit golf tournament permits, nonprofit public
1347 television permits and renewals. The provisions of this subdivision
1348 regarding publication and placard display shall also be required of any
1349 applicant who seeks to amend the type of entertainment either upon
1350 filing of a renewal application or upon requesting permission of the
1351 department in a form that requires the approval of the municipal zoning
1352 official.

1353 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if
1354 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or
1355 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the
1356 current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall
1357 be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department
1358 and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any
1359 partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a
1360 new application with new fees shall be required.

1361 (c) Any ten persons who are at least eighteen years of age, and are
1362 residents of the town within which the business for which the permit or
1363 renewal thereof has been applied for, is intended to be operated, or, in
1364 the case of a manufacturer's or a wholesaler's permit, any ten persons
1365 who are at least eighteen years of age and are residents of the state, may
1366 file with the department, within three weeks from the last date of
1367 publication of notice made pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (b)
1368 of this section for an initial permit, and in the case of renewal of an
1369 existing permit, at least twenty-one days before the renewal date of such
1370 permit, a remonstrance containing any objection to the suitability of
1371 such applicant or proposed place of business, provided any such issue
1372 is not controlled by local zoning. Upon the filing of such remonstrance,
1373 the department, upon written application, shall hold a hearing and shall
1374 give such notice as it deems reasonable of the time and place at least five
1375 days before such hearing is had. The remonstrants shall designate one

1376 or more agents for service, who shall serve as the recipient or recipients
1377 of all notices issued by the department. At any time prior to the issuance
1378 of a decision by the department, a remonstrance may be withdrawn by
1379 the remonstrants or by such agent or agents acting on behalf of such
1380 remonstrants and the department may cancel the hearing or withdraw
1381 the case. The decision of the department on such application shall be
1382 final with respect to the remonstrance.

1383 (d) No new permit shall be issued until the foregoing provisions of
1384 subsections (a) and (b) of this section have been complied with. If no
1385 new permit is issued within twelve months of the filing date, as defined
1386 in subsection (a) of this section, the application may, in the discretion of
1387 the department, be deemed withdrawn and shall then be returned to the
1388 applicant. Six months' or seasonal permits may be renewed, provided
1389 the renewal application and fee shall be filed at least twenty-one days
1390 before the reopening of the business, there is no change in the permittee,
1391 ownership or type of permit, and the permittee or backer did not receive
1392 a rebate of the permit fee with respect to the permit issued for the
1393 previous year.

1394 (e) The department may renew a permit that has expired if the
1395 applicant pays to the department a nonrefundable late fee pursuant to
1396 subsection (c) of section 21a-4, which fee shall be in addition to the fees
1397 prescribed in this chapter for the permit applied for. The provisions of
1398 this subsection shall not apply to one-day permits, to any permit which
1399 is the subject of administrative or court proceedings, or where otherwise
1400 provided by law.

1401 Sec. 38. Section 30-47 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1402 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1403 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, in its discretion,
1404 suspend, revoke or refuse to grant or renew a permit for the sale of
1405 alcoholic liquor if it has reasonable cause to believe: (1) That the
1406 applicant or permittee appears to be financially irresponsible [or
1407 neglects to provide for his family,] or neglects or is unable to pay his just

1408 debts; (2) that the applicant or permittee has been provided with funds
1409 by any wholesaler or manufacturer or has any forbidden connection
1410 with any other class of permittee as provided in this chapter; (3) that the
1411 applicant or permittee is in the habit of using alcoholic beverages to
1412 excess; (4) that the applicant or permittee has [~~wilfully~~] willfully made
1413 any false statement to the department in a material matter; (5) that the
1414 applicant or permittee has been convicted of violating any of the liquor
1415 laws of this or any other state or the liquor laws of the United States or
1416 has been convicted of a felony as such term is defined in section 53a-25
1417 or has such a criminal record that the department reasonably believes
1418 he is not a suitable person to hold a permit, provided no refusal shall be
1419 rendered under this subdivision except in accordance with the
1420 provisions of sections 46a-80 and 46a-81; (6) that the applicant or
1421 permittee has not been delegated full authority and control of the permit
1422 premises and of the conduct of all business on such premises; or (7) that
1423 the applicant or permittee has violated any provision of this chapter or
1424 any regulation adopted under this chapter. Any backer shall be subject
1425 to the same disqualifications as provided in this section in the case of an
1426 applicant for a permit or a permittee.

1427 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may, in his or her
1428 discretion, require a permittee who has had his or her permit for the sale
1429 of alcoholic liquor suspended or revoked pursuant to subsection (a) of
1430 this section to have such permittee's employees participate in an alcohol
1431 seller and server training program approved by the commissioner. The
1432 commissioner may require proof of completion of the program from the
1433 permittee prior to reactivation or reissuance of such permit.

1434 (c) In lieu of suspending or revoking a permit for the sale of alcoholic
1435 liquor pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the commissioner may
1436 require a permittee to have such permittee's employees participate in an
1437 alcohol seller and server training program.

1438 Sec. 39. Section 30-51 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1439 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1440 (a) No permit may be issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any
1441 building, a portion of which will not be used as the permit premises,
1442 unless the application therefor is accompanied by an affidavit signed
1443 and [sworn] affirmed to by the applicant, stating that access from the
1444 portion of the building that will not be used as the permit premises to
1445 the portion of the building that will be used as the permit premises is
1446 effectually closed, unless the Department of Consumer Protection
1447 endorses upon such application that it has dispensed with such affidavit
1448 for reasons considered by it good and satisfactory and also endorses
1449 thereon such reasons. If any way of access from the other portion of such
1450 building to the portion used as the permit premises is opened, after such
1451 permit is issued, without the consent of the Department of Consumer
1452 Protection endorsed on such permit, such permit shall thereupon
1453 become and be forfeited, with or without notice from the Department of
1454 Consumer Protection, and shall be null and void. If such applicant or
1455 any permittee or any backer thereof opens, causes to be opened, permits
1456 to be opened or allows to remain open, at any time during the term for
1457 which such permit is issued, any way of access from any portion of a
1458 building not part of the permit premises to any other portion of such
1459 building that is the permit premises, without the written consent of the
1460 Department of Consumer Protection endorsed on such permit, such
1461 persons or backers shall be subject to the penalties provided in section
1462 30-113, as amended by this act. The Department of Consumer Protection
1463 shall require every applicant for a permit to sell alcoholic liquor to state
1464 under oath whether any portion of the building in which it is proposed
1465 to carry on such business will not be used as the permit premises; and,
1466 if so, said Department of Consumer Protection shall appoint a suitable
1467 person to examine the premises and to see that any and all access
1468 between the portion so to be used for the sale of alcoholic liquor and the
1469 portion not so used is effectually closed, and may designate the manner
1470 of such closing, and, if necessary, order seals to be placed so that such
1471 way of access cannot be opened without breaking the seals, and the
1472 breaking or removal of such seals or other methods of preventing access,
1473 so ordered and provided, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of
1474 this section. The above provisions shall not apply to any premises

1475 operating under a hotel permit, or any premises operating under a
1476 restaurant permit, which premises are located in or attached to a motel,
1477 and shall not apply to any entrance to a building in which is located
1478 premises operating under a tavern permit, which entrance opens into
1479 the rear or side yard of such tavern premises and is used solely as an
1480 emergency exit or for the delivery of goods to, or carrying or conveying
1481 goods from, any permit premises.

1482 (b) "Motel" means every building or other structure kept, used,
1483 maintained, advertised or held out to the public to be a place where
1484 sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests,
1485 usually, but not limited to, motorists, but is not a place where food is
1486 served at all times or where kitchen and dining room facilities
1487 necessarily exist.

1488 Sec. 40. Section 30-55 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1489 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1490 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, in its discretion,
1491 revoke, suspend or place conditions on any permit or provisional permit
1492 or impose a fine of not greater than one thousand dollars per violation,
1493 upon cause found after hearing, provided ten days' written notice of
1494 such hearing has been given to the permittee setting forth, with the
1495 particulars required in civil pleadings, the charges upon which such
1496 proposed revocation, suspension or fine is predicated. Any appeal from
1497 such order of revocation, suspension, [or] fine or conditions shall be
1498 taken in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

1499 (b) The surrender of a permit or provisional permit for cancellation
1500 or the expiration of a permit shall not prevent the department from
1501 suspending or revoking any such permit pursuant to the provisions of
1502 this section.

1503 Sec. 41. Section 30-56 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1504 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1505 (a) When any permit is revoked or suspended after a final

1506 [conviction] decision pursuant to chapter 54 or upon forfeiture of bond
1507 under the provisions of section 30-57, an appeal therefrom shall not act
1508 as a stay of execution upon such revocation or suspension. Such
1509 revocation or suspension shall become effective immediately.

1510 (b) When any permit is revoked or suspended for violation of the
1511 provisions of section 30-38a, an appeal therefrom, may, at the discretion
1512 of the court, act as a stay of execution upon such revocation or
1513 suspension.

1514 Sec. 42. Section 30-59 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1515 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1516 The Department of Consumer Protection shall [transmit a certificate
1517 of the revocation, suspension or reinstatement of any permit by it to the
1518 town clerk of the town within which the permittee is operating or has
1519 been operating, which clerk shall attach such certificate to the duplicate
1520 copy of such permit on file in his office] post notice of any revocation or
1521 suspension of any permit on the department's Internet web site.

1522 Sec. 43. Section 30-61 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1523 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1524 Service of process in any action in which the commission is a party
1525 shall be made upon any member of the commission. [or the secretary of
1526 the commission.]

1527 Sec. 44. Section 30-64b of the general statutes is repealed and the
1528 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1529 The sale of any alcoholic liquor by a wholesale or retail permittee for
1530 off-premises consumption at a price the intent of which is to destroy or
1531 prevent competition with any other permittee holding a like permit
1532 shall be deemed an unfair pricing practice and a violation of chapter
1533 735a. The Department of Consumer Protection may suspend or revoke
1534 any permit upon a finding of an unfair pricing practice. In arriving at
1535 such finding, the Department of Consumer Protection shall consider,

1536 but not be limited to, the consideration of the following factors: Labor,
1537 including salaries of executives and officers, rent, interest on borrowed
1538 capital, depreciation, selling cost, maintenance of equipment, delivery
1539 costs, credit losses, insurance and warehouse costs.

1540 Sec. 45. Section 30-67 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1541 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1542 In addition to the penalties otherwise provided under this chapter,
1543 including those allowed pursuant to section 30-55, as amended by this
1544 act, the Department of Consumer Protection may, for any violation of
1545 any provision of section 30-64 or of any regulation adopted under
1546 subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (b) of section 30-6a,
1547 suspend, cancel or revoke any permit as follows: For a first offense, not
1548 exceeding ten days' suspension of permit; for a second offense, not
1549 exceeding thirty days' suspension of permit; and for a third offense, the
1550 department may suspend, cancel or revoke the permit.

1551 Sec. 46. Section 30-68n of the general statutes is repealed and the
1552 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1553 (a) For the purposes of this section: (1) "Advertise" means the making
1554 of any statement or representation in connection with the solicitation of
1555 business in any manner by a retail permittee and includes, but is not
1556 limited to, statements and representations published in any newspaper
1557 or other publication or statements or representations printed in any
1558 catalog, circular or other sales literature or brochure; (2) "manufacturer's
1559 rebate" means that amount due and payable in accordance with an offer
1560 by a permittee other than a retail permittee to refund to a consumer all
1561 or a portion of the purchase price of an alcoholic liquor product; and (3)
1562 "net price" means the ultimate price paid by a consumer for an alcoholic
1563 liquor product after the consumer has redeemed the manufacturer's
1564 rebate offered for the alcoholic liquor product. Merchandise, novelties
1565 or other items are not permissible manufacturer's rebates. No permittee
1566 shall require alcoholic liquor to be purchased in order for a consumer to
1567 receive access to any merchandise, novelty or other item.

1568 (b) A retail permittee may advertise the existence of a manufacturer's
1569 rebate or the net price of an alcoholic liquor product provided such
1570 permittee makes all of the following disclosures in such advertisement
1571 in type that is the same color, style and size: (1) The sales price of the
1572 alcoholic liquor product before the manufacturer's rebate; (2) the
1573 amount and expiration date of the manufacturer's rebate; and (3) the net
1574 price of the alcoholic liquor product.

1575 Sec. 47. Section 30-74 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1576 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1577 (a) The sale of alcoholic liquor, except as permitted by this chapter, is
1578 prohibited, and any person or permittee who keeps or operates any bar
1579 or establishment which is a place where alcoholic liquor is kept for sale
1580 or exchange contrary to law shall be liable to the penalties provided in
1581 section 30-113, as amended by this act.

1582 (b) The sale, distribution or dispensing of alcoholic liquor without a
1583 permit issued under the provisions of this chapter in any premises,
1584 building, apartment or other place used by any club, association, social
1585 or fraternal society or organization to the members thereof, their guests
1586 or other persons shall be unlawful. Any officer, agent or employee of
1587 any club, association, social or fraternal society or organization without
1588 such a permit, who dispenses or permits to be dispensed, to or by its
1589 members, guests or other persons, any alcoholic liquor shall be subject
1590 to the penalties provided in section 30-113, as amended by this act.

1591 (c) No permittee or backer who is authorized under this chapter to
1592 sell alcoholic liquor at retail for consumption off the permit premises,
1593 and no agent or employee of such permittee or backer, may sell or
1594 deliver such alcoholic liquor from a drive-up window or similar exterior
1595 wall opening or to a drive-up parking spot when such alcoholic liquor
1596 was purchased via the Internet or other computer network.

1597 Sec. 48. Subsection (d) of section 30-86 of the general statutes is
1598 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1599 *2021*):

1600 (d) (1) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall
1601 electronically or mechanically record or maintain any information
1602 derived from a transaction scan, except the following: (A) The name and
1603 date of birth of the person listed on the driver's license or identity card
1604 presented by a cardholder; (B) the expiration date and identification
1605 number of the driver's license or identity card presented by a
1606 cardholder.

1607 (2) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall use a
1608 transaction scan device for a purpose other than the purposes specified
1609 in subsection (c) of this section, subsection (d) of section 53-344 or
1610 subsection (e) of section 53-344b.

1611 (3) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall sell or
1612 otherwise disseminate the information derived from a transaction scan
1613 to any third party for any purpose, including, but not limited to, any
1614 marketing, advertising or promotional activities, except that a permittee
1615 or permittee's agent or employee may release that information pursuant
1616 to a court order.

1617 (4) Nothing in subsection (c) of this section or this subsection relieves
1618 a permittee or permittee's agent or employee of any responsibility to
1619 comply with any other applicable state or federal laws or rules
1620 governing the sale, giving away or other distribution of alcoholic liquor.

1621 (5) Any person who violates this subsection shall be subject to [a civil]
1622 the penalty of [not more than one thousand dollars] section 30-55, as
1623 amended by this act.

1624 Sec. 49. Section 30-93a of the general statutes is repealed and the
1625 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1626 Any person who ships into this state any package or carton
1627 containing alcoholic liquor shall, for each offense, be [fined not more
1628 than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year or
1629 both] subject to the penalty provisions of section 30-55, as amended by
1630 this act, unless (1) the contents of such package or carton are clearly

1631 marked on the outside of such package or carton, and (2) such person
1632 conditions delivery of such alcoholic liquor upon the signature of an
1633 individual who is (A) at least twenty-one years of age, or (B) legally
1634 authorized to receive such alcoholic liquor under the provisions of this
1635 chapter.

1636 Sec. 50. Section 30-113 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1637 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):

1638 Any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this chapter
1639 for which a specified penalty is not imposed, shall, for each offense, be
1640 [fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than
1641 one year or both] subject to the penalty provisions of section 30-55, as
1642 amended by this act.

1643 Sec. 51. Subsection (m) of section 30-22a of the general statutes is
1644 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1645 *2021*):

1646 (m) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" shall include:
1647 (1) A room or building that is subject to the care, custody and control of
1648 The University of Connecticut Board of Trustees; [, or] (2) land and
1649 buildings which are subject to the care, custody and control of an
1650 institution offering a program of higher learning, as defined in section
1651 10a-34, which has been accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher
1652 Education or Office of Higher Education or otherwise is authorized to
1653 award a degree pursuant to section 10a-34; or (3) on land or in a building
1654 situated on or abutting a golf course which is subject to the care, custody
1655 and control of an institution offering a program of higher learning, as
1656 defined in section 10a-34, which has been accredited by the Board of
1657 Regents for Higher Education or Office of Higher Education or
1658 otherwise is authorized to award a degree pursuant to section 10a-34.

1659 Sec. 52. Subsection (a) of section 30-18 of the general statutes is
1660 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1661 *2021*):

1662 (a) An out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than
1663 beer shall allow the sale of such alcoholic liquor to manufacturer and
1664 wholesaler permittees in this state and outside this state as permitted by
1665 law and, as to any out-of-state shipper operating a farm winery who
1666 produces not more than one hundred thousand gallons of wine per year,
1667 the sale and shipment by the holder thereof to a retailer of wine
1668 manufactured by such permittee on the permitted premises in the
1669 original sealed containers of not more than fifteen gallons per container.
1670 The permit premises of an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic
1671 liquor may be located within this state or outside this state. The annual
1672 fee for an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than
1673 beer shall be ninety dollars for a Connecticut manufacturer or
1674 wholesaler holding such a permit and shall be one thousand two
1675 hundred fifty dollars for any other person holding such a permit. For
1676 purposes of this subsection, "farm winery" means any place or premises,
1677 located on a farm in which wine is manufactured and sold provided not
1678 less than twenty-five per cent of the fruit used in the manufacture of
1679 such wine is produced on such farm.

1680 Sec. 53. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) Notwithstanding the provisions
1681 of section 30-68m of the general statutes, the holder of a package store
1682 permit issued pursuant to section 30-20 of the general statutes may ship
1683 alcoholic liquor to a consumer located out-of-state, subject to all
1684 applicable laws of the jurisdiction in which such consumer is located.
1685 As used in this section, "out-of-state" means any state other than
1686 Connecticut, any territory or possession of the United States, the District
1687 of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, but does not include
1688 any foreign country.

1689 Sec. 54. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) (a) A permit issued pursuant to
1690 title 30 of the general statutes for any on-premises consumption of
1691 alcoholic liquor shall allow the retail sale of not more than two drinks to
1692 any one person at any one time.

1693 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall amend existing
1694 regulations of Connecticut state agencies to comply with the provisions

1695 of subsection (a) of this section.

1696 Sec. 55. Subsection (b) of section 30-20 of the general statutes is
1697 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1698 *passage*):

1699 (b) A grocery store beer permit may be granted to any grocery store
1700 and shall allow the retail sale of wine, mead and beer in standard size
1701 containers not to be consumed on the premises. A holder of a grocery
1702 store wine, mead and beer permit shall post in a prominent location
1703 adjacent to the wine, mead and beer [display] displays, the retail price
1704 for each brand of wine, mead and beer and said retail price shall include
1705 all applicable federal and state taxes including the applicable state sales
1706 taxes. The annual fee for a grocery store wine, mead and beer permit
1707 shall be one hundred seventy dollars. For a grocery store that has annual
1708 sales of food and grocery items of not less than two million dollars the
1709 annual fee for a grocery store wine, mead and beer permit shall be one
1710 thousand five hundred dollars.

1711 Sec. 56. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding any provision
1712 of title 30 of the general statutes, a current holder of a permit allowing
1713 the sale of beer at retail issued pursuant to said title may sell beer in a
1714 retail store with over six thousand square feet of floor space, at least
1715 twenty per cent of which is dedicated primarily to the sale of groceries,
1716 subject to the applicable provisions of such permit.

1717 Sec. 57. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2021*) Notwithstanding the provisions
1718 of sections 30-16, 30-18, as amended by this act, and 30-18a of the general
1719 statutes, no person shall repackage, relabel or sell wine manufactured
1720 outside of this state for the purpose of selling such wine as Connecticut
1721 made wine.

1722 Sec. 58. Subsection (a) of section 30-48 of the general statutes is
1723 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1724 *2021*):

1725 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or

1726 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of any class of
1727 airport, railroad, airline and boat permits, and except that: (1) A backer
1728 of a hotel or restaurant permit may be a backer of both such classes; (2)
1729 a holder or backer of a restaurant permit or a cafe permit may be a
1730 holder or backer of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer
1731 of a restaurant permit may be a holder or backer of a bowling
1732 establishment permit; (4) a backer of a restaurant permit may be a backer
1733 of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession permit, or both, when
1734 such restaurant is within a coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit may
1735 be a backer of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession permit, or
1736 both; (6) a backer of a coliseum permit may be a backer of a coliseum
1737 concession permit; (7) a backer of a coliseum concession permit may be
1738 a backer of a coliseum permit; (8) a backer of a grocery store beer permit
1739 may be a backer of a package store permit if such was the case on or
1740 before May 1, 1996; (9) a backer of a university permit may be a backer
1741 of a nonprofit theater permit; (10) a backer of a nonprofit theater permit
1742 may be a holder or backer of a hotel permit or a coliseum permit; (11) a
1743 holder or backer of a restaurant permit may be a holder or backer of a
1744 special outing facility permit; (12) a backer of a concession permit may
1745 be a backer of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession permit, or
1746 both; (13) a holder of an out-of-state winery shipper's permit for wine
1747 may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit or an out-of-state
1748 entity wine festival permit issued pursuant to section 30-37m, or of both
1749 such permits; (14) a holder of an out-of-state shipper's permit for
1750 alcoholic liquor other than beer may be a holder of an in-state
1751 transporter's permit; (15) a holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm
1752 winery or the holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead
1753 may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit, a wine festival
1754 permit issued pursuant to section 30-37l, a farmers' market sales permit
1755 issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-37o, an off-site farm
1756 winery sales and tasting permit issued pursuant to section 30-16a or of
1757 any combination of such permits; (16) a holder of a manufacturer permit
1758 for beer may be a holder of a farmers' market sales permit issued
1759 pursuant to section 30-37o. Any person may be a permittee of more than
1760 one permit; and (17) the holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, a

1761 manufacturer permit for beer, a manufacturer permit for a farm winery
1762 or a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may be a holder of
1763 a Connecticut craft cafe permit, a restaurant permit or a restaurant
1764 permit for wine and beer. No holder of a manufacturer permit for a brew
1765 pub and no spouse or child of such holder may be a holder or backer of
1766 more than three restaurant permits or cafe permits..

1767 Sec. 59. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) From the effective date of
1768 this section until three years after the effective date of this section, the
1769 holder of a permit issued pursuant to sections 30-16, 30-21, and 30-22 of
1770 the general statutes or subsection (a), (g), (h) or (i) of section 30-22a of
1771 the general statutes may sell for consumption off-premise sealed
1772 containers of all such alcoholic liquor such permit holder is allowed to
1773 sell for on-premise consumption, subject to the requirements of this
1774 section and consistent with all local ordinances for the town in which
1775 the premise is located.

1776 (b) Any alcoholic liquor sold for off-premise consumption pursuant
1777 to this section shall be accompanied by food prepared on the permit
1778 premises for off-premise consumption.

1779 (c) Alcoholic liquor sold for off-premise consumption pursuant to this
1780 section may be sold in a container other than the manufacturer's original
1781 sealed container. All such alcoholic liquor sold for off-premise
1782 consumption shall be given to a consumer in a securely sealed container
1783 that prevents consumption without the removal of a tamper-evident lid,
1784 cap or seal. A securely sealed container does not include a container
1785 with a lid with sipping holes or openings for straws. Each securely
1786 sealed container shall be placed in a bag by the permittee's agent or
1787 employee prior to removal from the premises.

1788 (d) If a permittee is delivering alcoholic liquor and food, such
1789 delivery shall be made only by a direct employee of the permittee and
1790 not by a third-party vendor or entity, unless such third-party vendor or
1791 entity holds an in-state transporters permit.

1792 (e) The sale of alcoholic liquor for off-premise consumption pursuant

1793 to this section shall be conducted only during the hours a package store
1794 is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under the provisions of subsection
1795 (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes.

1796 (f) A sealed container of alcoholic liquor sold pursuant to this section
1797 shall not be deemed an open container, provided the sealed container is
1798 unopened, the seal has not been tampered with, and the contents of the
1799 sealed container have not been partially removed.

1800 Sec. 60. Section 30-37p of the general statutes is repealed and the
1801 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1802 (a) A gift basket retailer permit shall allow the retail sale of wine,
1803 mead or beer. Such wine, mead or beer shall be included in a gift basket
1804 sold at retail by the permit holder. Such wine, mead or beer shall not be
1805 consumed on the premises. The holder of a gift basket retailer permit
1806 shall be located in this state and such wine, mead or beer shall only be
1807 purchased by such permit holder from the holder of a package store
1808 permit issued pursuant to section 30-20, the holder of a manufacturer
1809 permit for a farm winery issued pursuant to subsection (c) of section 30-
1810 16, the holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead issued
1811 pursuant to subsection (d) of section 30-16, or the holder of a
1812 manufacturer permit for beer issued pursuant to subsection (b) of
1813 section 30-16.

1814 (b) The holder of a gift basket retailer permit may sell gift baskets
1815 which may include (1) a maximum of four bottles of wine or mead per
1816 basket or a maximum of seventy-two ounces of beer per basket, (2) food
1817 items, (3) nonalcoholic beverages, (4) concentrates used in the
1818 preparation of mixed alcoholic beverages, (5) wine-making kits and
1819 beer-making kits and products related to such kits, (6) ice in any form,
1820 (7) articles of clothing imprinted with advertising related to the alcoholic
1821 liquor industry or the permittee's gift basket business, (8) flowers, plants
1822 and garden-related items, (9) drinking glasses, bottle opening devices
1823 and literature related to wine, mead or beer, or (10) gift certificates. The
1824 sale of such gift baskets shall only take place during the times permitted

1825 for the sale of alcoholic liquor in places operating under package store
 1826 permits pursuant to section 30-91. The holder of a gift basket retailer
 1827 permit shall not sell such gift baskets on premises operating under any
 1828 other permit issued pursuant to this title. Nothing in this section shall
 1829 prohibit the holder of a package store permit issued pursuant to section
 1830 30-20 from selling any item permitted for sale by such permittee
 1831 pursuant to said section.

1832 (c) The annual fee for a gift basket retailer permit shall be two
 1833 hundred dollars.

1834 Sec. 61. Sections 30-6c and 30-58b of the general statutes are repealed.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	30-48a
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	9-1
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	30-9
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-1
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-12
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-13a
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-14
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-22c(b)
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-24
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-24b
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-25
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-25a
Sec. 13	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-37f
Sec. 14	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-38
Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-39(b)
Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-45
Sec. 17	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-46
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-46a
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-48
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-48a(c)
Sec. 21	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-51
Sec. 22	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-53
Sec. 23	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-54
Sec. 24	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-681(b)

Sec. 25	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-81
Sec. 26	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-90
Sec. 27	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-91
Sec. 28	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-91a
Sec. 29	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-7
Sec. 30	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-8
Sec. 31	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-17
Sec. 32	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-33
Sec. 33	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-35b
Sec. 34	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-36
Sec. 35	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-37
Sec. 36	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-37j
Sec. 37	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-39
Sec. 38	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-47
Sec. 39	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-51
Sec. 40	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-55
Sec. 41	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-56
Sec. 42	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-59
Sec. 43	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-61
Sec. 44	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-64b
Sec. 45	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-67
Sec. 46	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-68n
Sec. 47	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-74
Sec. 48	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-86(d)
Sec. 49	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-93a
Sec. 50	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-113
Sec. 51	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-22a(m)
Sec. 52	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-18(a)
Sec. 53	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	New section
Sec. 54	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	New section
Sec. 55	<i>from passage</i>	30-20(b)
Sec. 56	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 57	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	New section
Sec. 58	<i>July 1, 2021</i>	30-48(a)
Sec. 59	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 60	<i>from passage</i>	30-37p

Statement of Purpose:

To address various issues relating to the Liquor Control Act.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]