



# Senate

General Assembly

**File No. 374**

January Session, 2021

Substitute Senate Bill No. 1051

*Senate, April 8, 2021*

The Committee on Insurance and Real Estate reported through SEN. LESSER of the 9th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

***AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TASK FORCE TO STUDY MEDICAL PRACTICE OWNERSHIP MODELS.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a task force  
2 to study the corporate practice of medicine doctrine, health carrier  
3 ownership of medical practices located in this state and medical practice  
4 ownership models that ensure the integrity of medical judgments,  
5 optimize patient outcomes and minimize corporate influence and  
6 interests. Such study shall include, but need not be limited to:

7 (1) An examination of:

8 (A) The extent to which health carriers have acquired, and are  
9 acquiring, medical practices in this state;

10 (B) The medical practice ownership models emerging in this state;

11 (C) The effects that health carrier ownership of medical practices has  
12 in this state, including, but not limited to, any effect on:

- 13 (i) Patient health outcomes;
- 14 (ii) Health care costs;
- 15 (iii) Provider network size;
- 16 (iv) Timely access to health care;
- 17 (v) Health care quality;
- 18 (vi) Patient outcome monitoring;
- 19 (vii) Health care providers;
- 20 (viii) Potential conflicts of interest in health care decision-making;
- 21 (ix) Administrative processes, efficiency and the benefits and costs
- 22 associated with such effect; or
- 23 (x) Health care provider reporting requirements; and

24 (D) The effects that health carrier ownership of medical practices has  
25 in this state in comparison to the effects that other medical practice  
26 ownership models have in this state, including, but not limited to, a  
27 comparison of effects on:

- 28 (i) Patient health outcomes;
- 29 (ii) Costs;
- 30 (iii) Pricing;
- 31 (iv) Efficiency; and
- 32 (v) Quality of care;

33 (2) A benchmarking exercise to compare the effects of health carrier  
34 ownership of medical practices to the effects of other medical practice  
35 ownership models in this state, other states and across states for the  
36 purpose of gathering as much data and information as possible to make  
37 an evidence-based comparison; and

38 (3) Methods available to address the adverse impacts of certain  
39 medical practice ownership models, including, but not limited to,  
40 codifying the corporate practice of medicine doctrine in this state.

41 (b) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, the task force  
42 shall consist of the following members:

43 (1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,  
44 one of whom is a physician practicing in a privately-owned medical  
45 practice and one of whom is a physician practicing in a health carrier-  
46 owned medical practice;

47 (2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of  
48 whom is a physician practicing in a federally qualified health center and  
49 one of whom is a physician practicing in a hospital-owned or affiliated  
50 medical practice;

51 (3) Two appointed by the majority leader of the House of  
52 Representatives, one of whom has expertise in health economics,  
53 insurance or pricing and one of whom has expertise analyzing health  
54 care provider metrics for a health carrier;

55 (4) Two appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, one of whom  
56 has expertise in public health policy and one of whom has expertise  
57 analyzing health care provider metrics for a health care provider;

58 (5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of  
59 Representatives, one of whom has a background in patient advocacy  
60 and one of whom is an attorney who has experience practicing antitrust  
61 law;

62 (6) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, one of whom  
63 has a background in health equity advocacy and one of whom has  
64 expertise in medical ethics;

65 (7) The Comptroller, or the Comptroller's designee;

66 (8) The Insurance Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee;

67 (9) The Healthcare Advocate, or the Healthcare Advocate's designee;  
68 and

69 (10) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy, or the  
70 executive director's designee.

71 (c) Any member of the task force appointed under subdivision (1),  
72 (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section may be a member  
73 of the General Assembly.

74 (d) All initial appointments to the task force shall be made not later  
75 than thirty days after the effective date of this section. If an appointing  
76 authority fails to make an initial appointment under subdivision (1), (2),  
77 (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section before the expiration of  
78 such period, the chairs of the joint standing committee of the General  
79 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to insurance shall  
80 jointly make such initial appointment and the member appointed by the  
81 chairs shall serve until the appointing authority appoints a member to  
82 replace the member initially appointed by the chairs. Any member  
83 appointed by the chairs pursuant to this subsection may be a member of  
84 the General Assembly. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,  
85 any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.

86 (e) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president pro  
87 tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the task force from  
88 among the members of the task force. Such chairpersons shall schedule  
89 the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not later than sixty  
90 days after the effective date of this section.

91 (f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the  
92 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to insurance  
93 shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.

94 (g) Not later than January 1, 2022, the task force shall submit a report  
95 on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committees  
96 of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to  
97 human services, insurance and public health in accordance with the

98 provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes. The task force shall  
 99 terminate on the date that it submits such report or January 1, 2022,  
 100 whichever is later.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	New section

**Statement of Legislative Commissioners:**

In Subsec. (a)(1)(C)(ix), "or" was added for consistency, and in Subsec. (a)(2), "in comparison" was deleted for clarity.

**INS**      *Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO*

---

*The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.*

---

### **OFA Fiscal Note**

**State Impact:** None

**Municipal Impact:** None

### **Explanation**

The bill establishes a sixteen-member task force to study the corporate practice of medicine doctrine, health carrier ownership of medical practices located in this state, and medical practice ownership models that ensure the integrity of medical judgments, optimize patient outcomes and minimize corporate influence and interests.

Not later than January 1, 2022, the task force shall submit a report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committees of human services, insurance, and public health. The task force shall terminate on the date that it submits such report or January 1, 2022, whichever is later.

This bill has no fiscal impact for members of task forces as PA 17-236 prohibits transportation allowances.

### **The Out Years**

**State Impact:** None

**Municipal Impact:** None



**OLR Bill Analysis**

**sSB 1051**

***AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TASK FORCE TO STUDY MEDICAL PRACTICE OWNERSHIP MODELS.***

**SUMMARY**

The Office of Legislative Research does not analyze Special Acts.

**COMMITTEE ACTION**

Insurance and Real Estate Committee

Joint Favorable

Yea 14 Nay 4 (03/22/2021)