



General Assembly

February Session, 2020

**Raised Bill No. 5460**

LCO No. 2359



Referred to Committee on FINANCE, REVENUE AND BONDING

Introduced by:  
(FIN)

**AN ACT CONCERNING THE INTERSTATE COMPACT TO PHASE OUT CORPORATE GIVEAWAYS.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The interstate compact to  
2 phase out corporate giveaways is hereby entered into and enacted into  
3 law, subject to the provisions of section 2 of this act. The compact is as  
4 follows:

5 ARTICLE I

6 MEMBERSHIP

7 Any state of the United States and the District of Columbia may  
8 become a member of this compact by enacting this agreement in  
9 substantially the following form.

10 ARTICLE II

11 DEFINITIONS

12 As used in this compact, unless the context clearly indicates  
13 otherwise:

14 (1) "Corporate giveaway" means any company-specific or industry-  
15 specific disbursement of funds via property, cash or deferred or reduced  
16 tax liability by a state or local government to a particular company or  
17 industry;

18 (2) "Member state" means any state or the District of Columbia that  
19 has enacted a statute agreeing to this compact;

20 (3) "Company-specific tax incentive" means any change in the general  
21 tax rate or valuation offered or presented to a specific company that is  
22 not available to other similarly-situated companies;

23 (4) "Company-specific grant" means any disbursement of funds via  
24 property, cash or deferred tax liability by a state or local government to  
25 a particular company; and

26 (5) "Located in any other member state" means any corporate  
27 headquarters, office space, manufacturing facility or other real estate  
28 development that is physically located in another member state,  
29 whether or not the company has other property in the member state.

30 ARTICLE III

31 FINDINGS

32 The member states find that:

33 a. Corporate giveaways are among the least effective uses of taxpayer  
34 dollars to create and maintain jobs;

35 b. Local and state leaders are in a prisoners' dilemma where it is best  
36 for all to create a level playing field for all employers without any  
37 corporate giveaways, but each level of government has an incentive to  
38 subsidize a company, generating a race to the bottom;

39 c. Governments should attract and retain companies based on general

40 conditions, including, but not limited to, modern infrastructure, an  
41 educated workforce, a clean environment and a favorable tax and  
42 regulatory climate, not based on a specific grant for a particular  
43 company;

44 d. Corporate giveaways fuel business inequality as only the largest  
45 businesses receive the vast majority of these funds;

46 e. A reasonable first step in phasing out corporate giveaways is an  
47 anti-poaching agreement among state governments prohibiting state  
48 company-specific tax incentives and state company-specific grants as an  
49 inducement for entities to relocate existing facilities; and

50 f. Creating a national board of gubernatorial appointees charged with  
51 finding consensus around improvements to this agreement over time in  
52 a phased approach will assist state and local governments in escaping  
53 from the prisoners' dilemma and implementing a level playing field for  
54 all employers.

55 ARTICLE IV

56 ANTI-POACHING PROHIBITION

57 Each member state is prohibited from offering or providing any  
58 company-specific tax incentive or company-specific grant to any entity  
59 for a corporate headquarters, manufacturing facility, office space or  
60 other real estate development located in any other member state as an  
61 inducement to relocate to the offering member state.

62 ARTICLE V

63 EXCLUSIONS

64 Workforce development grants that train employees are not subject  
65 to this agreement. Company-specific tax incentives or company-specific  
66 grants from local governments are not subject to this agreement. State  
67 company-specific tax incentives or state company-specific grants to  
68 entities for corporate headquarters, manufacturing facilities, office

69 space or other real estate development located within its own state are  
70 not subject to this agreement.

71 ARTICLE VI

72 WITHDRAWAL

73 Any member state may withdraw from this agreement with six  
74 months' notice and shall do so in writing to the chief executive officer of  
75 every other member state to the agreement.

76 ARTICLE VII

77 ENFORCEMENT

78 a. The chief executive officer of each member state shall enforce this  
79 compact.

80 b. A taxpaying resident of any member state has standing in the  
81 courts of any member state to require the chief law enforcement officer  
82 of that member state to enforce this compact.

83 ARTICLE VIII

84 NATIONAL BOARD TO DRAFT SUGGESTED IMPROVEMENTS  
85 OVER TIME TO THE AGREEMENT

86 a. A national board of the agreement to phase out corporate  
87 giveaways is established by this agreement. Each chief executive officer  
88 of each member state shall appoint one member to the board. The board  
89 shall accept appointees from nonmember states that wish to appoint a  
90 member of the board.

91 b. The purpose of the board is to publish suggested revisions to this  
92 agreement in December of every year to continue to phase out those  
93 forms of corporate giveaways that the board finds reasonable to include  
94 as suggested revisions to the agreement for member states to consider  
95 implementing.

96 c. The board shall convene at least annually, elect officers from its  
97 membership, establish rules and procedures for its governance and  
98 publish a report in December of every year that includes suggested  
99 revisions and improvements to this agreement. The board shall collect  
100 testimony from all interested parties, including organizations and  
101 associations representing state legislators, taxpayers and subject matter  
102 experts on how the agreement can be improved and strengthened.

103

## ARTICLE IX

104

### CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

105 a. This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate its  
106 purposes. If any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact,  
107 or the applicability of any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this  
108 compact to any government, agency, person or circumstance is declared  
109 in a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary  
110 to the Constitution of the United States or is otherwise held invalid, the  
111 validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability of the  
112 remainder of this compact to any government, agency, person or  
113 circumstance shall not be affected.

114 b. If this compact is held to be contrary to the constitution of any  
115 member state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the  
116 remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the affected  
117 member state as to all severable matters.

118 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The interstate compact to phase  
119 out corporate giveaways under section 1 of this act shall take effect upon  
120 the adoption of said compact by two or more states. The Secretary of the  
121 Office of Policy and Management shall certify to the Governor and the  
122 General Assembly, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of  
123 the general statutes, that two or more states have enacted the interstate  
124 compact to phase out corporate giveaways into law.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	New section

**Statement of Purpose:**

To adopt the interstate compact to phase out corporate giveaways.

*[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]*