



General Assembly

February Session, 2020

Raised Bill No. 5173

LCO No. 1454



Referred to Committee on GENERAL LAW

Introduced by:
(GL)

AN ACT CONCERNING MINOR AND TECHNICAL REVISIONS TO THE LIQUOR CONTROL ACT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 30-1 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes,
2 as amended by section 3 of public act 19-24, is repealed and the
3 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

4 For the interpretation of this chapter, unless the context indicates a
5 different meaning:

6 (1) "Airline" means any United States airline carrier, holding a
7 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
8 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
9 1958, as amended, or any foreign flag carrier, holding a permit under
10 Section 402 of such act.

11 (2) "Alcohol" means the product of distillation of any fermented
12 liquid, rectified either once or more often, whatever may be the origin
13 thereof, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered
14 nonpotable.

15 (3) "Alcoholic liquor" or "alcoholic beverage" includes the four
16 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (16) and (17) of this
17 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,
18 patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of
19 being consumed by a human being for beverage purposes. Any liquid
20 or solid containing more than one of the four varieties so defined is
21 considered as belonging to that variety which has the higher percentage
22 of alcohol, according to the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and
23 beer, except as provided in subdivision (20) of this section. The
24 provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any liquid or solid
25 containing less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol by volume.

26 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is himself the
27 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or
28 unincorporated, engaged in the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor,
29 in which business a permittee is associated, whether as employee, agent
30 or part owner.

31 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
32 of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt and hops in drinking water.

33 (6) (A) "Case price" means the price of a container of cardboard, wood
34 or other material, containing units of the same size and class of alcoholic
35 liquor, and (B) a case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer, cordials,
36 cocktails, wines and prepared mixed drinks, shall be in the number and
37 quantity, or fewer, with the permission of the Commissioner of
38 Consumer Protection, of units or bottles as follows: (i) Six one thousand
39 seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles; (ii) twelve one liter bottles; (iii)
40 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles; (iv) twenty-four three
41 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles; (v) forty-eight two hundred
42 milliliter bottles; (vi) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles; or (vii) one
43 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter
44 bottles may be in a number and quantity as originally configured,
45 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to
46 shipment, provided such number of bottles does not exceed two

47 hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer numbers or
48 quantities of units or bottles as specified in this subdivision for any one
49 person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the
50 purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as defined in
51 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits, as defined in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, and as defined
52 in 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.

53 (7) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization
54 organized for charitable purposes to which has been issued a ruling by
55 the Internal Revenue Service classifying it as an exempt organization
56 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

57 (8) "Coliseum" means a coliseum as defined in section 30-33a.

58 (9) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission and
59 "department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

60 (10) "Mead" means fermented honey, with or without adjunct
61 ingredients or additions, regardless of alcohol content, regardless of
62 process, and regardless of being sparkling, carbonated or still.

63 (11) "Minor" means any person under twenty-one years of age.

64 (12) "Person" means natural person including partners but shall not
65 include corporations, limited liability companies, joint stock companies
66 or other associations of natural persons.

67 (13) "Proprietor" shall include all owners of businesses or clubs,
68 included in subdivision (4) of this section, whether such owners are
69 individuals, partners, joint stock companies, fiduciaries, stockholders of
70 corporations or otherwise, but shall not include persons or corporations
71 who are merely creditors of such businesses or clubs, whether as note
72 holders, bond holders, landlords or franchisors.

73 (14) "Dining room" means a room or rooms in premises operating
74 under a hotel permit, hotel beer permit, restaurant permit, restaurant
75 permit for beer or cafe permit issued pursuant to subsections (j) and (k)

76 of section 30-22a, where meals are customarily served, within the room
77 or rooms, to any member of the public who has means of payment and
78 proper demeanor.

79 (15) "Restaurant" means a restaurant as defined in section 30-22.

80 (16) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by
81 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in
82 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

83 (17) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the
84 fermentation of the natural sugar content of fruits, such as grapes or
85 apples or other agricultural products, containing sugar, including
86 fortified wines such as port, sherry and champagne.

87 (18) "Nonprofit public television corporation" means a nonprofit
88 public television corporation as defined in section 30-37d.

89 Sec. 2. Section 30-12 of the general statutes is repealed and the
90 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

91 When any town has so voted upon the question of liquor permits, any
92 liquor permit granted in such town which is not in accordance with such
93 vote shall be void except manufacturer permits [, railroad permits and
94 golf country club] and cafe permits issued pursuant to subsections (g)
95 and (k) of section 30-22a.

96 Sec. 3. Section 30-13a of the general statutes is repealed and the
97 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

98 In any case in which a town has, under the provisions of this part,
99 acted, prior to October 1, 1965, to prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquor or
100 restrict such sale to beer only, such action shall not apply to the sale of
101 alcoholic liquor under a [golf country club] cafe permit issued pursuant
102 to subsection (g) of section 30-22a, except that the granting of any such
103 permit by the Department of Consumer Protection shall be subject to the
104 provisions of section 30-25a, as amended by this act, provided any such

105 permit issued prior to October 1, 1973, shall be subject to the provisions
106 of said section 30-25a, as amended by this act, only if the holder fails to
107 renew such permit or it is revoked by the department for cause.

108 Sec. 4. Section 30-14 of the general statutes is repealed and the
109 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

110 (a) A permit shall be a purely personal privilege that expires
111 annually, except a permit issued under sections 30-25, as amended by
112 this act, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h, and revocable in the
113 discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection subject to appeal
114 as provided in section 30-55, as amended by this act. A permit shall not
115 constitute property, nor shall it be subject to attachment and execution,
116 nor shall it be alienable, except that it shall descend to the estate of a
117 deceased permittee by the laws of testate or intestate succession. [A
118 railroad permit or an] An airline permit and a cafe permit issued
119 pursuant to subsection (k) of section 30-22a shall be granted to the
120 [railroad corporation or] airline corporation or railway corporation and
121 not to any person, and the corporation shall be the permittee.

122 (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections 30-
123 25, as amended by this act, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h, may
124 be issued for a continuous period of not more than six consecutive
125 calendar months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but rebate of fees shall
126 not be permitted for any unexpired portion of the term of a permit
127 revoked by reason of a violation of any provision of this chapter.

128 (c) The executors or administrators of the estate of any deceased
129 permittee, and the trustees of any insolvent or bankrupt estate of a
130 permittee, when such estate consists in whole or in part of alcoholic
131 liquor, may continue the business of the sale or manufacture of alcoholic
132 liquor under order of the appropriate court and may exercise the
133 privileges of the deceased or insolvent or bankrupt permittee for a
134 period not exceeding six months after the date of such decease or of such
135 insolvency or bankruptcy, or until such time as the applicable permit

136 expires, whichever date is later. A certified copy of the order of the court
137 authorizing the continuance of such business shall be filed with the
138 department. In the event of the death, insolvency or bankruptcy of a
139 backer, the permittee of such backer shall have the same rights and
140 privileges as set forth in this section, provided, in addition to the order
141 of said court, the executor or administrator of the estate of any deceased
142 backer, or the trustee of any insolvent or bankrupt estate of a backer,
143 shall file a notice with the department that he has authorized such
144 permittee to continue such business.

145 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a package store
146 permit may be renewed by a transferee or purchaser of permit premises
147 under section 30-14a.

148 Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 30-22c of the general statutes is
149 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
150 *2020*):

151 (b) The holder of a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (a) of
152 section 30-22a may operate a juice bar or similar facility at a permit
153 premises if the juice bar or similar facility is limited to a room or rooms
154 or separate area within the permit premises wherein there is no sale,
155 consumption, dispensing or presence of alcoholic liquor.

156 Sec. 6. Section 30-24 of the general statutes is repealed and the
157 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

158 Spouses of members of any club or golf country club which holds a
159 permit under [the provisions of this chapter] subsection (g) or (h) of
160 section 30-22a may be allowed to participate in all of the privileges of
161 said club or golf country club, by vote of said members, and shall not be
162 considered guests for purposes of the general statutes or regulations of
163 the Department of Consumer Protection.

164 Sec. 7. Section 30-24b of the general statutes is repealed and the
165 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

166 Auxiliary members who are spouses of members or surviving
167 spouses of former deceased members of any club specified in
168 subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 30-22a which holds a permit
169 under the provisions of this chapter may be allowed to participate in all
170 the privileges of such club, by vote of such club members and shall not
171 be considered guests for purposes of the general statutes or regulations
172 of the Department of Consumer Protection.

173 Sec. 8. Section 30-25 of the general statutes is repealed and the
174 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

175 (a) A special club permit shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor by the
176 drink at retail to be consumed at the grounds of an outdoor picnic
177 conducted by a club or golf country club. Such permits shall be issued
178 only to holders of [club or golf country club] cafe permits issued
179 pursuant to subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 30-22a and shall
180 be issued on a daily basis subject to the hours of sale in section 30-91, as
181 amended by this act, and shall be the same as provided therein for clubs
182 and golf country clubs. The exception that applies to [railroad and boat]
183 cafe permits issued pursuant to subsections (j) to (k), inclusive, of section
184 30-22a in section 30-48, as amended by this act, shall apply to such a
185 special club permit. No such club or golf country club shall be granted
186 more than four such special club permits during any one calendar year.

187 (b) The Department of Consumer Protection shall have full discretion
188 in the issuance of such special club permits as to suitability of place and
189 may make any regulations with respect thereto.

190 (c) The fee for such a special club permit shall be fifty dollars per day.

191 Sec. 9. Section 30-25a of the general statutes is repealed and the
192 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

193 Notwithstanding any provision of part III of this chapter, but subject
194 to the approval by referendum of the municipality wherein the golf club
195 is located, a [club] cafe permit, as specified in subsection (g) of section

196 30-22a, shall be granted by the Department of Consumer Protection, in
197 the manner provided in section 30-39, as amended by this act, to any
198 golf club which has been in existence as a bona fide organization for at
199 least five years and which maintains a golf course of not less than
200 eighteen holes and a course length of at least fifty-five hundred yards,
201 and a club house with full facilities, including locker rooms, a restaurant
202 and a lounge, to serve only members and their guests, but no outside
203 parties or groups of nonmembers. The cost of such referendum shall be
204 borne by such golf club.

205 Sec. 10. Section 30-37f of the general statutes is repealed and the
206 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

207 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any general statute or
208 regulation to the contrary, (1) the state of Connecticut, as owner or lessor
209 of premises at Bradley International Airport, shall be permitted to enter
210 into an arrangement with any concessionaire or lessee holding a permit
211 or permits at Bradley International Airport, and receive payments from
212 such concessionaire or lessee, without regard to the level or percentage
213 of gross receipts from the gross sales of alcoholic liquor by such
214 concessionaire or lessee; (2) any person may be a permittee for more
215 than one [airport permit or class of airport permit] cafe permit issued
216 pursuant to subsection (d) of section 30-22a; and (3) any area subject to
217 a permit in Bradley International Airport that is contiguous to or within
218 any concourse area shall not be required to provide a single point of
219 egress or ingress or to effectively separate the bar area or any dining
220 area from the concourse area by means of partitions, fences, or doors,
221 provided that a permittee of such area may be required by the
222 Department of Consumer Protection to provide a barrier to separate the
223 back bar area from the concourse area to prevent public access to the
224 portion of the back bar area from which liquor is dispensed, if physically
225 practicable.

226 (b) Sections 30-9 to 30-13a, inclusive, as amended by this act, section
227 30-23, subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 30-39, as amended by

228 this act, subsection (c) of section 30-39, as amended by this act, and
229 sections 30-44, 30-46, as amended by this act, 30-48a, as amended by this
230 act, and 30-91a, as amended by this act, shall not apply to [any class of
231 airport permit] a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section
232 30-22a.

233 Sec. 11. Section 30-38 of the general statutes is repealed and the
234 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

235 Each permit granted under the provisions of [section] sections 30-16,
236 30-17, as amended by this act, 30-20, [30-20a,] 30-21, 30-21b, 30-22, 30-
237 22a, [30-23, 30-24a, 30-26, 30-28,] 30-28a, [30-29,] 30-33a [, 30-33b,] and
238 30-36, as amended by this act, [30-37c or 30-37e,] shall also, under the
239 regulations of the Department of Consumer Protection, allow the
240 storage, on the premises and at one other secure location registered with
241 and approved by the department, of sufficient quantities of alcoholic
242 liquor respectively allowed to be sold under such permits as may be
243 necessary for the business conducted by the respective permittees or
244 their backers; but no such permit shall be granted under the provisions
245 of section 30-16 or 30-17, as amended by this act, unless such storage
246 facilities are provided and the place of storage receives the approval of
247 the department as to suitability, and thereafter no place of storage shall
248 be changed nor any new place of storage utilized without the approval
249 of the department.

250 Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 30-39 of the general statutes is
251 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
252 *2020*):

253 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a
254 permit shall make a sworn application therefor to the Department of
255 Consumer Protection upon forms to be furnished by the department,
256 showing the name and address of the applicant and of the applicant's
257 backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business which is to be
258 operated under such permit and a financial statement setting forth all

259 elements and details of any business transactions connected with the
260 application. Such application shall include a detailed description of the
261 type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A club or place of
262 business shall be exempt from providing such detailed description if the
263 club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit prior to October
264 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of entertainment provided. The
265 application shall also indicate any crimes of which the applicant or the
266 applicant's backer may have been convicted. Applicants shall submit
267 documents sufficient to establish that state and local building, fire and
268 zoning requirements and local ordinances concerning hours and days
269 of sale will be met, except that local building and zoning requirements
270 and local ordinances concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply
271 to [any class of airport] a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d)
272 of section 30-22a. The State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified
273 designee shall be responsible for approving compliance with the State
274 Fire Code at Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a
275 permit provided for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's
276 license with such application if such license was issued by the
277 Department of Consumer Protection. The department may, at its
278 discretion, conduct an investigation to determine whether a permit shall
279 be issued to an applicant.

280 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
281 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in
282 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be
283 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall
284 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a
285 permit by a charitable organization, including a nonprofit public
286 television corporation, a nonprofit golf tournament permit, a temporary
287 permit or a special club permit; and for all other permits in the amount
288 of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial application. Any permit
289 issued shall be valid only for the purposes and activities described in
290 the application.

291 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give

292 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of
293 permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which
294 such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be
295 provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the
296 same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place
297 of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least
298 once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not
299 more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last
300 publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the
301 application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition
302 upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to
303 be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard
304 provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt
305 of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so
306 far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as
307 provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the
308 public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of
309 permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall
310 erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
311 four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located,
312 instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign
313 shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the
314 proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and
315 shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the
316 placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under
317 oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as
318 the department may determine, but the department may require any
319 additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such
320 compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of
321 the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply
322 to applications for airline permits, charitable organization permits,
323 temporary permits, special club permits, concession permits, military
324 permits, [railroad permits, boat permits] cafe permits issued pursuant
325 to subsections (j) and (k) of section 30-22a, warehouse permits, brokers'

326 permits, out-of-state shippers' permits for alcoholic liquor and out-of-
327 state shippers' permits for beer, coliseum permits, coliseum concession
328 permits, special sporting facility restaurant permits, special sporting
329 facility employee recreational permits, special sporting facility guest
330 permits, special sporting facility concession permits, special sporting
331 facility bar permits, nonprofit golf tournament permits, nonprofit public
332 television permits and renewals. The provisions of this subdivision
333 regarding publication and placard display shall also be required of any
334 applicant who seeks to amend the type of entertainment either upon
335 filing of a renewal application or upon requesting permission of the
336 department in a form that requires the approval of the municipal zoning
337 official.

338 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if
339 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or
340 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the
341 current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall
342 be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department
343 and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any
344 partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a
345 new application with new fees shall be required.

346 Sec. 13. Section 30-45 of the general statutes is repealed and the
347 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

348 The Department of Consumer Protection shall refuse permits for the
349 sale of alcoholic liquor to the following persons: (1) Any state marshal,
350 judicial marshal, judge of any court, prosecuting officer or member of
351 any police force, (2) a minor, and (3) any constable who performs
352 criminal law enforcement duties and is considered a peace officer by
353 town ordinance pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of section
354 54-1f, any constable who is certified under the provisions of sections 7-
355 294a to 7-294e, inclusive, who performs criminal law enforcement duties
356 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 54-1f, or any
357 special constable appointed pursuant to section 7-92. This section shall

358 not apply to out-of-state shippers' permits, [boat] cafe permits issued
359 pursuant to subsection (j) of section 30-22a and airline permits. As used
360 in this section, "minor" means a minor, as defined in section 1-1d or as
361 defined in section 30-1, as amended by this act, whichever age is older.

362 Sec. 14. Section 30-46 of the general statutes is repealed and the
363 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

364 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, except as to a store
365 engaged chiefly in the sale of groceries, in its discretion, suspend, revoke
366 or refuse to grant or renew a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor if it
367 has reasonable cause to believe: (1) That the proximity of the permit
368 premises will have a detrimental effect upon any church, public or
369 parochial school, convent, charitable institution, whether supported by
370 private or public funds, hospital or veterans' home or any camp,
371 barracks or flying field of the armed forces; (2) that such location is in
372 such proximity to a no-permit town that it is apparent that the applicant
373 is seeking to obtain the patronage of such town; (3) that the number of
374 permit premises in the locality is such that the granting of a permit is
375 detrimental to the public interest, and, in reaching a conclusion in this
376 respect, the department may consider the character of, the population
377 of, the number of like permits and number of all permits existent in, the
378 particular town and the immediate neighborhood concerned, the effect
379 which a new permit may have on such town or neighborhood or on like
380 permits existent in such town or neighborhood; (4) that the place has
381 been conducted as a lewd or disorderly establishment; (5) that the
382 backer does not have a right to occupy the permit premises; (6) that
383 drive-up sales of alcoholic liquor are being made at the permit premises;
384 or (7) that there is any other reason as provided by state or federal law
385 or regulation which warrants such refusal.

386 (b) (1) The existence of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession
387 permit shall not be a factor to be taken into consideration under
388 subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section. (2) The provisions of
389 subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section shall not

390 apply to the granting of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession
391 permit. (3) The provisions of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (5) and (6) of
392 subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the granting of any
393 special sporting facility permit provided for in section 30-33b.

394 [(c) Alcoholic liquor may be sold at retail for consumption within a
395 special sporting facility only under the permits provided for in section
396 30-33b. The number of permits of any class, the location where alcoholic
397 liquor is to be sold under any such permit, the number of locations to be
398 operated under a special sporting facility concession permit, and the
399 areas within such facility where alcoholic liquor may be consumed shall
400 be determined by the Department of Consumer Protection in its
401 discretion.]

402 Sec. 15. Section 30-46a of the general statutes is repealed and the
403 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

404 The issuance of a coliseum permit [or a coliseum concession permit,
405 or both,] shall not prohibit the issuance of a restaurant permit permitted
406 under this chapter for a restaurant within a coliseum.

407 Sec. 16. Section 30-48 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes,
408 as amended by section 16 of public act 19-24, is repealed and the
409 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

410 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or
411 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of [any class of
412 airport, railroad, airline and boat permits,] cafe permits issued pursuant
413 to subsections (d), (j) and (k) of section 30-22a and except that: (1) A
414 backer of a hotel or restaurant permit may be a backer of both such
415 classes; (2) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit or a cafe permit
416 issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-22a may be a holder or
417 backer of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer of a
418 restaurant permit may be a holder or backer of a [bowling
419 establishment] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (f) of section
420 30-22a; (4) a backer of a restaurant permit may be a backer of a coliseum

421 permit [or a coliseum concession permit, or both,] when such restaurant
 422 is within a coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit may be a backer of a
 423 coliseum permit; [or a coliseum concession permit, or both; (6) a backer
 424 of a coliseum permit may be a backer of a coliseum concession permit;
 425 (7) a backer of a coliseum concession permit may be a backer of a
 426 coliseum permit; (8)] (6) a backer of a grocery store beer permit may be
 427 a backer of a package store permit if such was the case on or before May
 428 1, 1996; [(9)] (7) a backer of a [university] cafe permit issued pursuant to
 429 subsection (m) of section 30-22a may be a backer of a nonprofit theater
 430 permit; [(10)] (8) a backer of a nonprofit theater permit may be a holder
 431 or backer of a hotel permit; [(11) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit
 432 may be a holder or backer of a special outing facility permit; (12)] (9) a
 433 backer of a concession permit may be a backer of a coliseum permit; [or
 434 a coliseum concession permit, or both; (13)] (10) a holder of an out-of-
 435 state winery shipper's permit for wine may be a holder of an in-state
 436 transporter's permit or an out-of-state entity wine festival permit issued
 437 pursuant to section 30-37m, or of both such permits; [(14)] (11) a holder
 438 of an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor other than beer
 439 may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit; [(15)] (12) a holder
 440 of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery or the holder of a
 441 manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may be a holder of an in-
 442 state transporter's permit, a wine festival permit issued pursuant to
 443 section 30-37l, a farmers' market sales permit issued pursuant to
 444 subsection (a) of section 30-37o, an off-site farm winery sales and tasting
 445 permit issued pursuant to section 30-16a or of any combination of such
 446 permits; [(16)] (13) a holder of a manufacturer permit for beer may be a
 447 holder of a farmers' market sales permit issued pursuant to section 30-
 448 37o; [. Any person may be a permittee of more than one permit; and (17)]
 449 and (14) the holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, a manufacturer
 450 permit for beer, a manufacturer permit for a farm winery or a
 451 manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may be a holder of a
 452 Connecticut craft cafe permit, a restaurant permit or a restaurant permit
 453 for wine and beer. Any person may be a permittee of more than one
 454 permit. No holder of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub and no

455 spouse or child of such holder may be a holder or backer of more than
456 three restaurant permits or cafe permits.

457 (b) No permittee or backer thereof and no employee or agent of such
458 permittee or backer shall borrow money or receive credit in any form
459 for a period in excess of thirty days, directly or indirectly, from any
460 manufacturer permittee, or backer thereof, or from any wholesaler
461 permittee, or backer thereof, of alcoholic liquor or from any member of
462 the family of such manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or from any
463 stockholder in a corporation manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor,
464 and no manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or wholesaler
465 permittee or backer thereof or member of the family of either of such
466 permittees or of any such backer, and no stockholder of a corporation
467 manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor shall lend money or
468 otherwise extend credit, directly or indirectly, to any such permittee or
469 backer thereof or to the employee or agent of any such permittee or
470 backer. A wholesaler permittee or backer, or a manufacturer permittee
471 or backer, that has not received payment in full from a retailer permittee
472 or backer within thirty days after the date such credit was extended to
473 such retailer or backer or to an employee or agent of any such retailer or
474 backer, shall give a written notice of obligation to such retailer within
475 the five days following the expiration of the thirty-day period of credit.
476 The notice of obligation shall state: The amount due; the date credit was
477 extended; the date the thirty-day period ended, and that the retailer is
478 in violation of this section. A retailer who disputes the accuracy of the
479 "notice of obligation" shall, within the ten days following the expiration
480 of the thirty-day period of credit, give a written response to notice of
481 obligation to the department and give a copy to the wholesaler or
482 manufacturer who sent the notice. The response shall state the retailer's
483 basis for dispute and the amount, if any, admitted to be owed for more
484 than thirty days; the copy forwarded to the wholesaler or manufacturer
485 shall be accompanied by the amount admitted to be due, if any, and
486 such payment shall be made and received without prejudice to the
487 rights of either party in any civil action. Upon receipt of the retailer's

488 response, the chairman of the commission or such chairman's designee
489 shall conduct an informal hearing with the parties being given equal
490 opportunity to appear and be heard. If the chairman or such chairman's
491 designee determines that the notice of obligation is accurate, the
492 department shall forthwith issue an order directing the wholesaler or
493 manufacturer to promptly give all manufacturers and wholesalers
494 engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to retailers in this
495 state, a "notice of delinquency". The notice of delinquency shall identify
496 the delinquent retailer, and state the amount due and the date of the
497 expiration of the thirty-day credit period. No wholesaler or
498 manufacturer receiving a notice of delinquency shall extend credit by
499 the sale of alcoholic liquor or otherwise to such delinquent retailer until
500 after the manufacturer or wholesaler has received a "notice of
501 satisfaction" from the sender of the notice of delinquency. If the
502 chairman or such chairman's designee determines that the notice of
503 obligation is inaccurate, the department shall forthwith issue an order
504 prohibiting a notice of delinquency. The party for whom the
505 determination by the chairman or such chairman's designee was
506 adverse, shall promptly pay to the department a part of the cost of the
507 proceedings as determined by the chairman or such chairman's
508 designee, which shall not be less than fifty dollars. The department may
509 suspend or revoke the permit of any permittee who, in bad faith, gives
510 an incorrect notice of obligation, an incorrect response to notice of
511 obligation, or an unauthorized notice of delinquency. If the department
512 does not receive a response to the notice of obligation within such ten-
513 day period, the delinquency shall be deemed to be admitted and the
514 wholesaler or manufacturer who sent the notice of obligation shall,
515 within the three days following the expiration of such ten-day period,
516 give a notice of delinquency to the department and to all wholesalers
517 and manufacturers engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to
518 retailers in this state. A notice of delinquency identifying a retailer who
519 does not file a response within such ten-day period shall have the same
520 effect as a notice of delinquency given by order of the chairman or such
521 chairman's designee. A wholesaler permittee or manufacturer permittee

522 that has given a notice of delinquency and that receives full payment for
523 the credit extended, shall, within three days after the date of full
524 payment, give a notice of satisfaction to the department and to all
525 wholesalers and manufacturers to whom a notice of delinquency was
526 sent. The prohibition against extension of credit to such retailer shall be
527 void upon such full payment. The department may revoke or suspend
528 any permit for a violation of this section. An appeal from an order of
529 revocation or suspension issued in accordance with this section may be
530 taken in accordance with section 30-60.

531 (c) If there is a proposed change or change in ownership of a retail
532 permit premises, no application for a permit shall be approved until the
533 applicant files with the department an affidavit executed by the seller of
534 the retail permit premises stating that all obligations of the predecessor
535 permittee for the purchase of alcoholic liquor at such permit premises
536 have been paid or that such applicant did not receive direct or indirect
537 consideration from the predecessor permittee. [If a wholesaler permittee
538 alleges the applicant received direct or indirect consideration from the
539 predecessor permittee or that there remain outstanding liquor
540 obligations, such wholesaler permittee may file with the department an
541 affidavit, along with supporting documentation to establish receipt of
542 such consideration or outstanding liquor obligations. The
543 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, in the commissioner's sole
544 discretion, shall determine whether a hearing is warranted on such
545 allegations.] The commissioner may waive the requirement of such
546 seller's affidavit upon finding that (1) the predecessor permittee
547 abandoned the premises prior to the filing of the application, and (2)
548 such permittee did not receive any consideration, direct or indirect, for
549 such permittee's abandonment. For the purposes of this subsection,
550 "consideration" means the receipt of legal tender or goods or services for
551 the purchase of alcoholic liquor remaining on the premises of the
552 predecessor permittee, for which bills remain unpaid.

553 (d) A permittee may file a designation of an authorized agent with
554 the department to issue or receive all notices or documents provided for

555 in this section. The permittee shall be responsible for the issuance or
556 receipt of such notices or documents by the agent.

557 (e) The period of credit permitted under this section shall be
558 calculated as the time elapsing between the date of receipt of the
559 alcoholic liquors by the purchaser and the date of full legal discharge of
560 the purchaser through the payment of cash or its equivalent from all
561 indebtedness arising from the transaction except that, if the last day for
562 payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the last day for
563 payment shall then be the next business day.

564 Sec. 17. Subsection (c) of section 30-48a of the general statutes is
565 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
566 *2020*):

567 (c) Membership in any organization which is or may become the
568 holder of a [club] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (h) of section
569 30-22a shall not constitute acquisition of an interest in a retail permit.

570 Sec. 18. Section 30-51 of the general statutes is repealed and the
571 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

572 (a) No permit may be issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any
573 building, a portion of which will not be used as the permit premises,
574 unless the application therefor is accompanied by an affidavit signed
575 and sworn to by the applicant, stating that access from the portion of the
576 building that will not be used as the permit premises to the portion of
577 the building that will be used as the permit premises is effectually
578 closed, unless the Department of Consumer Protection endorses upon
579 such application that it has dispensed with such affidavit for reasons
580 considered by it good and satisfactory and also endorses thereon such
581 reasons. If any way of access from the other portion of such building to
582 the portion used as the permit premises is opened, after such permit is
583 issued, without the consent of the Department of Consumer Protection
584 endorsed on such permit, such permit shall thereupon become and be
585 forfeited, with or without notice from the Department of Consumer

586 Protection, and shall be null and void. If such applicant or any permittee
587 or any backer thereof opens, causes to be opened, permits to be opened
588 or allows to remain open, at any time during the term for which such
589 permit is issued, any way of access from any portion of a building not
590 part of the permit premises to any other portion of such building that is
591 the permit premises, without the written consent of the Department of
592 Consumer Protection endorsed on such permit, such persons or backers
593 shall be subject to the penalties provided in section 30-113, as amended
594 by this act. The Department of Consumer Protection shall require every
595 applicant for a permit to sell alcoholic liquor to state under oath whether
596 any portion of the building in which it is proposed to carry on such
597 business will not be used as the permit premises; and, if so, said
598 Department of Consumer Protection shall appoint a suitable person to
599 examine the premises and to see that any and all access between the
600 portion so to be used for the sale of alcoholic liquor and the portion not
601 so used is effectually closed, and may designate the manner of such
602 closing, and, if necessary, order seals to be placed so that such way of
603 access cannot be opened without breaking the seals, and the breaking or
604 removal of such seals or other methods of preventing access, so ordered
605 and provided, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.
606 The above provisions shall not apply to any premises operating under a
607 hotel permit, [or any premises operating under a restaurant permit,
608 which premises are located in or attached to a motel, and shall not apply
609 to any entrance to a building in which is located premises operating
610 under a tavern permit, which entrance opens into the rear or side yard
611 of such tavern premises and is used solely as an emergency exit or for
612 the delivery of goods to, or carrying or conveying goods from, any
613 permit premises.]

614 (b) "Motel" means every building or other structure kept, used,
615 maintained, advertised or held out to the public to be a place where
616 sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests,
617 usually, but not limited to, motorists, but is not a place where food is
618 served at all times or where kitchen and dining room facilities

619 necessarily exist.

620 Sec. 19. Section 30-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the
621 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

622 Each permit granted or renewed by the Department of Consumer
623 Protection shall be of no effect until a duplicate thereof has been filed by
624 the permittee with the town clerk of the town within which the club or
625 place of business described in such permit is situated; provided the
626 place of filing of [railroad and boat permits] a cafe permit issued
627 pursuant to subsection (j) or (k) of section 30-22a shall be the office of
628 the town clerk of the town of New Haven, and airline permits, the office
629 of the town clerk of the town of Hartford. The fee for such filing shall be
630 twenty dollars.

631 Sec. 20. Section 30-54 of the general statutes is repealed and the
632 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

633 Every permittee, other than a corporation holding a [railroad or
634 airline permit] cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (k) of section
635 30-22, shall cause his permit or a duplicate thereof to be framed and
636 hung in plain view in a conspicuous place in any room where the sales
637 so permitted are to be carried on.

638 Sec. 21. Subsection (b) of section 30-68l of the 2020 supplement to the
639 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
640 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

641 (b) Subject to prior approval from the manufacturer or out-of-state
642 shipper, a wholesaler may sell to a retail licensee a [nonuniform] family
643 brand case, containing bottles only of one family brand, as defined in
644 subsection (d) of section 30-63. Wholesalers who do not hold exclusive
645 rights to a given brand trademark may also sell to a retail licensee a
646 [nonuniform] family brand case containing bottles only of one family
647 brand, provided all of the bottles in such [nonuniform] family brand
648 case are available to all nonexclusive wholesalers who also have rights

649 to the given brand trademarks. [For purposes of this subsection, "family
650 brand" means a group of different products belonging to a single brand
651 that are marketed under a parent brand.]

652 Sec. 22. Section 30-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the
653 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

654 No person who is, by statute or regulation, declared to be an
655 unsuitable person to hold a permit to sell alcoholic liquor shall be
656 allowed to have a financial interest in any such permit business. Except
657 as provided in section 30-90a, no minor shall be employed in any
658 premises operating under a [tavern] cafe permit in any capacity or in
659 handling any alcoholic liquor upon, in delivering any alcoholic liquor
660 to, or in carrying or conveying any alcoholic liquor from, any permit
661 premises.

662 Sec. 23. Section 30-90 of the general statutes is repealed and the
663 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

664 Any permittee who, by himself, his servant or agent, permits any
665 minor or any person to whom the sale or gift of alcoholic liquor has been
666 forbidden according to law to loiter on his premises where such liquor
667 is kept for sale, or allows any minor other than a person over age
668 eighteen who is an employee or permit holder under section 30-90a or a
669 minor accompanied by his parent or guardian, to be in any room where
670 alcoholic liquor is served at any bar, shall be subject to the penalties of
671 section 30-113, as amended by this act. For barrooms consisting of only
672 one room and for premises without effective separation between a
673 barroom and a dining room, no minor may sit or stand at a consumer
674 bar without being accompanied by a parent, guardian or spouse.

675 Sec. 24. Section 30-91 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes,
676 as amended by section 17 of public act 19-24, is repealed and the
677 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

678 (a) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in

679 glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
680 alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under hotel
681 permits, restaurant permits, cafe permits, Connecticut craft cafe permits,
682 restaurant permits for catering establishments, [bowling establishment
683 permits, racquetball facility permits, club permits,] coliseum permits,
684 [coliseum concession permits, special sporting facility restaurant
685 permits, special sporting facility employee recreational permits, special
686 sporting facility guest permits, special sporting facility concession
687 permits, special sporting facility bar permits, golf country club permits,]
688 nonprofit public museum permits, [university permits, airport
689 restaurant permits, airport bar permits, airport airline club permits,
690 tavern permits,] manufacturer permits for beer, casino permits, caterer
691 liquor permits and charitable organization permits shall be unlawful on:
692 (1) Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the
693 hours of one o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (2) Saturday between the
694 hours of two o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m.; (3) Sunday between the
695 hours of two o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.; (4) Christmas, except (A)
696 for alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the
697 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which
698 Christmas falls, and (B) by casino permittees at casinos, as defined in
699 section 30-37k; and (5) January first between the hours of three o'clock
700 a.m. and nine o'clock a.m., except that on any Sunday that is January
701 first the prohibitions of this section shall be between the hours of three
702 o'clock a.m. and ten o'clock a.m.

703 (b) Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce
704 the number of hours during which sales under subsection (a) of this
705 section, except sales pursuant to [an airport restaurant permit, airport
706 bar permit or airport airline club permit] a cafe permit issued pursuant
707 to subsection (d) of section 30-22a, shall be permissible. In all cases when
708 a town, either by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, has acted on
709 the sale of alcoholic liquor or the reduction of the number of hours when
710 such sale is permissible, such action shall become effective on the first
711 day of the month succeeding such action and no further action shall be

712 taken until at least one year has elapsed since the previous action was
713 taken.

714 (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this
715 section, such sale or dispensing or consumption or presence in glasses
716 in places operating under a [bowling establishment] cafe permit issued
717 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a shall be unlawful before
718 eleven a.m. on any day, except in that portion of the permit premises
719 which is located in a separate room or rooms entry to which, from the
720 bowling lane area of the establishment, is by means of a door or doors
721 which shall remain closed at all times except to permit entrance and
722 egress to and from the lane area. Any alcoholic liquor sold or dispensed
723 in a place operating under a [bowling establishment] cafe permit issued
724 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-22a shall be served in containers
725 such as, but not limited to, plastic or glass. Any town may, by vote of a
726 town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during
727 which sales under this subsection shall be permissible.

728 (d) The sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-premises
729 consumption in places operating under package store permits, drug
730 store permits, manufacturer permits for beer or grocery store beer
731 permits shall be unlawful on Thanksgiving Day, New Year's Day and
732 Christmas; and such sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-
733 premises consumption in places operating under package store permits,
734 drug store permits, manufacturer permits for beer and grocery store
735 beer permits shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and
736 after six o'clock p.m. and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and
737 after ten o'clock p.m. Any town may, by a vote of a town meeting or by
738 ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which such sale shall be
739 permissible.

740 (e) (1) In the case of any premises operating under a [tavern] cafe
741 permit, wherein, under the provisions of this section, the sale of
742 alcoholic liquor is forbidden on certain days or hours of the day, or
743 during the period when a [tavern] cafe permit is suspended, it shall

744 likewise be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit it to be
745 occupied by, the public on such days or hours.

746 (2) In the case of any premises operating under a cafe permit, it shall
747 be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit such premises to
748 be occupied by, the public between the hours of one o'clock a.m. and six
749 o'clock a.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday
750 and between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m. on
751 Saturday and Sunday or during any period of time when such permit is
752 suspended, provided the sale or the dispensing or consumption of
753 alcohol on such premises operating under such cafe permit shall be
754 prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale or dispensing or
755 consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.

756 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, in the case of any
757 premises operating under a tavern or cafe permit, it shall be lawful for
758 such premises to be open to, or be occupied by, the public when such
759 premises is being used as a site for film, television, video or digital
760 production eligible for a film production tax credit pursuant to section
761 12-217jj, provided the sale or the dispensing or consumption of alcohol
762 on such premises operating under such tavern or cafe permit shall be
763 prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale or the dispensing
764 or consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.

765 (f) The retail sale and the tasting of free samples of wine, cider not
766 exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding
767 fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy, eau-de-vie and mead
768 by visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a
769 manufacturer permit for a farm winery or a manufacturer permit for
770 wine, cider and mead on the premises of such permittee shall be
771 unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
772 and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
773 Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the
774 number of hours during which sales and the tasting of free samples of
775 products under this subsection shall be permissible.

776 (g) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section,
777 food or nonalcoholic beverages may be sold, dispensed or consumed in
778 places operating under [an airport restaurant permit, an airport bar
779 permit or an airport airline club] a cafe permit issued pursuant to
780 subsection (d) of section 30-22a, at any time, as allowed by agreement
781 between the Connecticut Airport Authority and its lessees or
782 concessionaires. [In the case of premises operating under an airport
783 airline club permit, the sale, dispensing or consumption or the presence
784 in glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
785 alcoholic liquor by an individual shall be unlawful on: (1) Monday,
786 Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the hours of one
787 o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (2) Saturday and Sunday between the
788 hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (3) Christmas, except for
789 alcoholic liquor that is served where food is also available during the
790 hours otherwise permitted by this section for the day on which
791 Christmas falls, and (4) January first between the hours of three o'clock
792 a.m. and six o'clock a.m.]

793 (h) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in
794 glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of
795 alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under a nonprofit
796 golf tournament permit shall be unlawful on any day prior to nine
797 o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.

798 (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any permittee
799 to continue the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor until the closing
800 hour established under this section.

801 (j) The retail sale of wine and the tasting of free samples of wine by
802 visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a wine
803 festival permit or an out-of-state entity wine festival permit issued
804 pursuant to section 30-37l or 30-37m shall be unlawful on Sunday before
805 eleven o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m., and on any other day
806 before ten o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m. Any town may, by
807 vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours

808 during which the retail sale of wine and the tasting of free samples of
809 wine pursuant to this subsection shall be permissible.

810 (k) The sale of products at a farmers' market by a permittee holding
811 a farmers' market sales permit pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-
812 37o shall be unlawful on any day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten
813 o'clock p.m., provided such permittee shall not sell such products at a
814 farmers' market at any time during such hours that the farmers' market
815 is not open to the public. Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or
816 by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which sales of
817 products under this subsection shall be permissible.

818 (l) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section, it
819 shall be lawful for casino permittees at casinos, as defined in section 30-
820 37k, to allow the presence of alcoholic liquor in glasses or other
821 receptacles suitable to permit the consumption thereof by an individual
822 at any time on its gaming facility, as defined in subsection (a) of section
823 30-37k, provided such alcoholic liquor shall not be served to a patron of
824 such casino during the hours specified in subsection (a) of this section.
825 For purposes of this section, "receptacles suitable to permit the
826 consumption of alcoholic liquor" shall not include bottles of distilled
827 spirits or bottles of wine.

828 Sec. 25. Section 30-91a of the general statutes is repealed and the
829 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

830 (a) In all cases where a town, either by vote of a town meeting or by
831 ordinance, had, prior to April 30, 1971, authorized the sale of alcoholic
832 liquor on Sunday between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and nine
833 o'clock in the evening, such sale shall be authorized until the time
834 specified in section 30-91, as amended by this act, unless an earlier
835 closing hour is established by town meeting or ordinance after April 30,
836 1971.

837 (b) Nothing in section 30-91, as amended by this act, shall be
838 construed to supersede any action taken by a town prior to May 25, 1971,

839 to prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquor in such town from midnight on
840 Saturday until one a.m. on Sunday and such action shall be construed
841 to prohibit such sale from midnight on Saturday until two a.m. on
842 Sunday in such town.

843 [(c) In all towns in which the sale of alcoholic liquor on Sunday
844 between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and the time specified in
845 section 30-91 is permitted, prior to June 5, 1975, in a place operating
846 under a hotel permit, a restaurant permit or a cafe permit, such sale shall
847 be authorized on Sunday between such hours in a place operating under
848 a tavern permit unless such sale is prohibited by town meeting or
849 ordinance after June 5, 1975.]

850 [(d)] (c) In all towns that have authorized the sale of alcoholic liquor
851 on Sunday commencing at twelve o'clock noon, either by vote of a town
852 meeting or by ordinance, such sale shall be permitted commencing at
853 eleven o'clock a.m. in places operating under permits listed in
854 subsection (a) of section 30-91, as amended by this act, unless a later
855 opening hour is established by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance
856 after July 1, 1981.

857 Sec. 26. Section 30-7 of the general statutes is repealed and the
858 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

859 Every regulation made by the Department of Consumer Protection
860 under the authority of this chapter shall be furnished to each permittee
861 upon request. The department shall biennially, on or before July first in
862 the odd-numbered years, [either (1) publish in convenient pamphlet
863 form all regulations then in force and shall furnish upon request copies
864 of such pamphlets to every permittee authorized under the provisions
865 of this chapter to manufacture or sell alcoholic liquor and to such other
866 persons as desire such pamphlets, or (2)] post such regulations on the
867 department's Internet web site.

868 Sec. 27. Section 30-8 of the general statutes is repealed and the
869 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

870 The Department of Consumer Protection and any agent thereof
871 authorized to conduct any inquiry, investigation or hearing under the
872 provisions of this chapter shall have power to administer oaths and take
873 testimony under oath relative to the matter of inquiry or investigation.
874 The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may withhold from
875 disclosure any complaints or inspections that result in an investigation
876 conducted by the department under this chapter, or any other
877 information obtained by the department during the course of an
878 investigation conducted by the department under this chapter, until the
879 earlier of (1) the date when the investigation is completed, (2) [six]
880 eighteen months after the date when the complaint resulting in the
881 investigation was filed, or (3) [six] eighteen months after the
882 investigation was commenced. At any hearing ordered by the
883 department, the department or such agent having authority by law to
884 issue such process may subpoena witnesses and require the production
885 of records, papers and documents pertinent to such inquiry. No witness
886 under subpoena authorized to be issued by the provisions of this section
887 shall be excused from testifying or from producing records, papers or
888 documents on the ground that such testimony or the production of such
889 records or other documentary evidence would tend to incriminate him,
890 but such evidence or the records or papers so produced and any
891 information directly or indirectly derived from such evidence, records
892 or papers shall not be used in any criminal proceeding against him. If
893 any person disobeys such process or, having appeared in obedience
894 thereto, refuses to answer any pertinent question put to him by the
895 department or its authorized agent or to produce any records and
896 papers pursuant thereto, the department or its agent may apply to the
897 superior court for the judicial district of Hartford or for the judicial
898 district wherein the person resides or wherein the business has been
899 conducted, setting forth such disobedience to process or refusal to
900 answer, and the court shall cite such person to appear before the court
901 to answer such question or to produce such records and papers and,
902 upon his refusal so to do, shall commit such person to a community
903 correctional center until he testifies, but not for a longer period than

904 sixty days. Notwithstanding the serving of the term of such
905 commitment by any person, the department may proceed with such
906 inquiry and examination as if the witness had not previously been called
907 upon to testify. Officers who serve subpoenas issued by the department
908 or under its authority and witnesses attending hearings conducted by it
909 under this section shall receive like fees and compensation as officers
910 and witnesses in the courts of this state to be paid on vouchers of the
911 department on order of the Comptroller.

912 Sec. 28. Section 30-17 of the general statutes is repealed and the
913 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

914 (a) (1) A wholesaler permit shall allow the bottling of alcoholic liquor
915 and the wholesale sale of alcoholic liquor to permittees in this state and
916 without the state, as may be permitted by law, and the sale of alcoholic
917 liquors to vessels engaged in coastwise or foreign commerce, and the
918 sale of alcohol and alcoholic liquor for industrial purposes to
919 nonpermittees, such sales to be made in accordance with the regulations
920 adopted by the Department of Consumer Protection, and the sale of
921 alcohol and alcoholic liquor for medicinal purposes to hospitals and
922 charitable institutions and to religious organizations for sacramental
923 purposes and the receipt from out-of-state shippers of multiple
924 packages of alcoholic liquor. The holder of a wholesaler permit may
925 apply for and shall thereupon receive an out-of-state shipper's permit
926 for direct importation from abroad of alcoholic liquors manufactured
927 outside the United States and an out-of-state shipper's permit for direct
928 importation from abroad of beer manufactured outside the United
929 States. The annual fee for a wholesaler permit shall be two thousand six
930 hundred fifty dollars.

931 (2) When a holder of a wholesaler permit has had the distributorship
932 of any alcohol, beer, spirits or wine product of a manufacturer or out-
933 of-state shipper for six months or more, such distributorship may be
934 terminated or its geographic territory diminished upon (A) the
935 execution of a written stipulation by the wholesaler and manufacturer

936 or out-of-state shipper agreeing to the change and the approval of such
937 change by the Department of Consumer Protection; or (B) the sending
938 of a written notice by certified or registered mail, return receipt
939 requested, by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper to the
940 wholesaler, a copy of which notice has been sent simultaneously by
941 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Department
942 of Consumer Protection. No such termination or diminishment shall
943 become effective except for just and sufficient cause, provided such
944 cause shall be set forth in such notice and the Department of Consumer
945 Protection shall determine, after hearing, that just and sufficient cause
946 exists. If an emergency occurs, caused by the wholesaler, prior to such
947 hearing, which threatens the manufacturers' or out-of-state shippers'
948 products or otherwise endangers the business of the manufacturer or
949 out-of-state shipper and said emergency is established to the satisfaction
950 of the Department of Consumer Protection, the department may
951 temporarily suspend such wholesaler permit or take whatever
952 reasonable action the department deems advisable to provide for such
953 emergency and the department may continue such temporary action
954 until its decision after a full hearing. The Department of Consumer
955 Protection shall render its decision with reasonable promptness
956 following such hearing. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, a manufacturer
957 or out-of-state shipper may appoint one or more additional wholesalers
958 as the distributor for an alcohol, spirits or wine product within such
959 territory, provided such appointment shall not be effective until six
960 months from the date such manufacturer or out-of-state shipper sets
961 forth such intention in written notice to the existing wholesaler by
962 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, with a copy of such
963 notice simultaneously sent by certified or registered mail, return receipt
964 requested, to the Department of Consumer Protection. For just and
965 sufficient cause, a manufacturer or out-of-state shipper may appoint one
966 or more additional wholesalers as the distributor for a beer product
967 within such territory provided such manufacturer or out-of-state
968 shipper sets forth such intention and cause in written notice to the
969 existing wholesaler by certified or registered mail, return receipt

970 requested, with a copy of such notice simultaneously sent by certified
971 or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Department of
972 Consumer Protection. For the purposes of this section, "just and
973 sufficient cause" means the existence of circumstances which, in the
974 opinion of a reasonable person considering all of the equities of both the
975 wholesaler and the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper warrants a
976 termination or a diminishment of a distributorship as the case may be.
977 "Just and sufficient cause" shall be presumed if a wholesaler fails to
978 order a product for eighteen months, provided such product was
979 available for order by such wholesaler during the entire eighteen-month
980 time period. For the purposes of this section, "manufacturer or out-of-
981 state shipper" means the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper who
982 originally granted a distributorship of any alcohol, beer, spirits or wine
983 product to a wholesaler, any successor to such manufacturer or out-of-
984 state shipper, which successor has assumed the contractual relationship
985 with such wholesaler by assignment or otherwise, or any other
986 manufacturer or out-of-state shipper who acquires the right to ship such
987 alcohol, beer, spirits or wine into the state.

988 (3) Nothing contained herein shall be construed to interfere with the
989 authority of the Department of Consumer Protection to retain or adopt
990 reasonable regulations concerning the termination or diminishment of
991 a distributorship held by a wholesaler for less than six months.

992 (4) All hearings held hereunder shall be held in accordance with the
993 provisions of chapter 54.

994 (b) A wholesaler permit for beer shall be in all respects the same as a
995 wholesaler permit, except that the scope of operations of the holder shall
996 be limited to beer; but shall not prohibit the handling of nonalcoholic
997 merchandise. The holder of a wholesaler permit for beer may apply for
998 and shall thereupon receive an out-of-state shipper's permit for direct
999 importation from abroad of beer manufactured outside the United
1000 States. The annual fee for a wholesaler permit for beer shall be one
1001 thousand dollars.

1002 (c) A wholesaler permittee may offer to industry members and its
1003 own staff free samples of alcoholic liquor that it distributes for tasting
1004 on the wholesaler's premises. Any offering, tasting, wine education and
1005 tasting class demonstration held on permit premises shall be conducted
1006 only during the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic
1007 liquor under section 30-91. No tasting of wine on the premises shall be
1008 offered from more than ten uncorked or open bottles at any one time. A
1009 wholesaler may offer such tastings to retail permittees no more than
1010 four times per year.

1011 Sec. 29. Section 30-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1012 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1013 A concession permit shall allow the sale and consumption of beer or
1014 wine on the premises of any fair grounds, ball park, amusement park,
1015 indoor-outdoor amphitheater, outdoor amphitheater contiguous to and
1016 under the same ownership as an amusement park, public golf course or
1017 sports arena provided no sales of alcoholic liquor shall occur within one
1018 hour of the scheduled end of a performance at an indoor-outdoor
1019 amphitheater constructed to seat not less than fifteen thousand people.
1020 A concession permit shall also allow the sale and consumption of
1021 alcohol or spirits in all enclosed nonseating areas within an indoor-
1022 outdoor amphitheater. Such areas shall be enclosed by a fence or wall
1023 not less than thirty inches high and separate from each other. No
1024 concession permittee, backer, employee or agent of such permittee shall
1025 sell, offer or deliver more than two drinks of alcoholic liquor at any one
1026 time to any person for such person's own consumption. Such permit
1027 shall be issued in the discretion of the Department of Consumer
1028 Protection and shall be effective only in accordance with a schedule of
1029 hours and days determined by the department for each such permit
1030 within the limitation of hours and days fixed by law. As used in this
1031 section, "public golf course" means a golf course of not less than nine
1032 holes and a course length of not less than twenty-seven hundred fifty
1033 yards. The fee for a concession permit shall be as follows: For a period
1034 of one year, three hundred dollars; for a period of six months, two

1035 hundred dollars; and for a period of one day, fifty dollars.

1036 Sec. 30. Section 30-35b of the general statutes is repealed and the
1037 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1038 A ninety-day provisional permit shall allow the retail sale or
1039 manufacture of alcoholic liquor by any applicant and his backer, if any,
1040 who has made application for a liquor permit pursuant to section 30-39,
1041 as amended by this act, and may be issued at the discretion of the Liquor
1042 Control Commission. If said applicant or his backer, if any, causes any
1043 delay in the investigation conducted by the Department of Consumer
1044 Protection pursuant to said section, the ninety-day provisional permit
1045 shall cease immediately. Only one such permit shall be issued to any
1046 applicant and his backer, if any, for each location of the club or place of
1047 business which is to be operated under such permit and such permit
1048 shall be nonrenewable but may be extended due to delays not caused
1049 by the applicant. Such permit shall not be extended beyond one year
1050 from the filing date defined in section 30-39, as amended by this act. The
1051 fee for such ninety-day permit shall be five hundred dollars.

1052 Sec. 31. Section 30-36 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1053 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1054 A druggist permit may be issued by the Department of Consumer
1055 Protection to a drug store proprietor. No druggist permit shall be issued
1056 covering a new drug store or a new location for an old drug store until
1057 the Commission of Pharmacy is satisfied that a drug store at such
1058 location is necessary to the convenience and best interest of the public.
1059 A druggist permit (1) shall allow the use of alcoholic liquors for the
1060 compounding of prescriptions of physicians, advanced practice
1061 registered nurses, physician assistants and dentists and for the
1062 manufacturing of all United States Pharmacopoeia and National
1063 Formulary preparations and all other medicinal preparations, (2) shall
1064 allow the retail sale and delivery of alcoholic liquor in containers of not
1065 less than eight ounces or one hundred eighty-seven and one-half

1066 milliliters and not more than one quart or one liter capacity except that
1067 beer may be sold in containers of not more than forty ounces or twelve
1068 hundred milliliters capacity, to any person, and (3) shall forbid the
1069 drinking of such alcoholic liquor on the premises of any drug store. Such
1070 permittee shall keep all alcoholic liquors in compartments, which
1071 compartments shall be securely locked except during those hours when
1072 the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law. The holder of a druggist
1073 permit shall not display any alcoholic liquors or containers, marked or
1074 labeled or in any other way suggesting the contents of intoxicating
1075 liquors, in the windows of the permit premises. The Commission of
1076 Pharmacy shall revoke or suspend the pharmacy license of any
1077 pharmacist upon whose premises any violation of any provision of this
1078 section occurs. The annual fee for a druggist permit shall be five
1079 hundred thirty-five dollars.

1080 Sec. 32. Section 30-37 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1081 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1082 Any pharmacy licensed by the [Commission of Pharmacy]
1083 Department of Consumer Protection may fill the prescription of a
1084 licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician
1085 assistant or dentist for alcoholic liquors at any time without regard to
1086 the vote of any town prohibiting the sale of such liquors and may use
1087 alcoholic liquors for the compounding of such prescriptions and for the
1088 manufacture of all United States Pharmacopoeia and National
1089 Formulary preparations and all other medicinal preparations without
1090 the necessity of obtaining a permit from the Department of Consumer
1091 Protection, provided each such prescription shall include the name and
1092 address of the person for whom it is prescribed and shall be signed with
1093 his full name by the person issuing such prescription. Each such
1094 prescription shall be filled only once, and the person making a sale on
1095 such prescription shall write on the face thereof the number of such
1096 prescription and the date of the sale or delivery of such liquor and shall
1097 keep such prescription on file and available at all reasonable times for
1098 inspection. All alcoholic liquors sold by licensed pharmacies on

1099 prescriptions alone shall be kept in compartments, which compartments
1100 shall be securely locked except when such liquors are being used in the
1101 compounding of the prescriptions.

1102 Sec. 33. Section 30-37j of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes,
1103 as amended by section 12 of public act 19-24, is repealed and the
1104 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1105 (a) A caterer liquor permit shall allow a person regularly engaged in
1106 the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at
1107 private gatherings or at special events to sell and serve alcoholic liquor
1108 for on-premises consumption at any activity, event or function for
1109 which such person has been hired, pursuant to a contract between the
1110 holder of the caterer liquor permit and the hiring party. The holder of a
1111 caterer liquor permit shall not engage in self-dealing or self-hiring in
1112 order to generate catering events. The annual fee for a caterer liquor
1113 permit shall be four hundred forty dollars.

1114 (b) The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall, on a form prescribed
1115 by the Department of Consumer Protection or electronically, notify the
1116 department, in writing, of the date, location and hours of each event at
1117 which alcohol is served under such permit at least one business day in
1118 advance of such event. If the holder of a caterer liquor permit is unable
1119 to provide the written notice required under this section due to exigent
1120 circumstances, such holder may provide notice to the department by
1121 telephone of the date, location and hours of each event at which alcohol
1122 is served under such permit.

1123 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 30-48,
1124 as amended by this act, a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit may
1125 be a backer or holder of any other permit issued under the provisions of
1126 this chapter, except that a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit
1127 may not be a backer or holder of any other manufacturer permit issued
1128 under section 30-16 or a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17,
1129 as amended by this act.

1130 (d) The holder of a caterer liquor permit and any other permit issued
1131 under the provisions of this chapter that prohibits the off-premises
1132 consumption of alcoholic liquor shall be exempt from such prohibition
1133 for the purposes of conducting such holder's catering business only.

1134 (e) The holder of a caterer liquor permit shall be exempt from the
1135 provisions of sections 30-38, as amended by this act, 30-52, as amended
1136 by this act, and 30-54 and from the requirements to affix and maintain a
1137 placard, as provided in subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 30-39,
1138 as amended by this act.

1139 (f) The holder of a caterer liquor permit may enter into a contract with
1140 another business entity to provide exclusive catering services at a
1141 specific venue, provided the holder of the caterer liquor permit is
1142 available for hire at other venues and is using the permit at other venues.
1143 No member of the backer of the caterer liquor permit, nor the member's
1144 spouse or child, shall have an ownership interest in the venue with the
1145 exclusivity agreement.

1146 Sec. 34. Section 30-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1147 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1148 (a) For the purposes of this section, the "filing date" of an application
1149 means the date upon which the department, after approving the
1150 application for processing, mails or otherwise delivers to the applicant
1151 a placard containing such date.

1152 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a
1153 permit shall make [a sworn] an affirmed application therefor to the
1154 Department of Consumer Protection upon forms to be furnished by the
1155 department, showing the name and address of the applicant and of the
1156 applicant's backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business
1157 which is to be operated under such permit and a financial statement
1158 setting forth all elements and details of any business transactions
1159 connected with the application. Such application shall include a detailed
1160 description of the type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A

1161 club or place of business shall be exempt from providing such detailed
1162 description if the club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit
1163 prior to October 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of
1164 entertainment provided. The application shall also indicate any crimes
1165 of which the applicant or the applicant's backer may have been
1166 convicted. Applicants shall submit documents sufficient to establish
1167 that state and local building, fire and zoning requirements and local
1168 ordinances concerning hours and days of sale will be met, except that
1169 local building and zoning requirements and local ordinances
1170 concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply to any class of airport
1171 permit. The State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified designee shall
1172 be responsible for approving compliance with the State Fire Code at
1173 Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a permit provided
1174 for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's license with such
1175 application if such license was issued by the Department of Consumer
1176 Protection. The department may, at its discretion, conduct an
1177 investigation to determine whether a permit shall be issued to an
1178 applicant.

1179 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
1180 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in
1181 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be
1182 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall
1183 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a
1184 permit by a charitable organization, including a nonprofit public
1185 television corporation, a nonprofit golf tournament permit, a temporary
1186 permit or a special club permit; and for all other permits in the amount
1187 of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial application. Any permit
1188 issued shall be valid only for the purposes and activities described in
1189 the application.

1190 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give
1191 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of
1192 permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which
1193 such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be

1194 provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the
1195 same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place
1196 of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least
1197 once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not
1198 more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last
1199 publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the
1200 application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition
1201 upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to
1202 be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard
1203 provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt
1204 of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so
1205 far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as
1206 provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the
1207 public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of
1208 permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall
1209 erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
1210 four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located,
1211 instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign
1212 shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the
1213 proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and
1214 shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the
1215 placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under
1216 oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as
1217 the department may determine, but the department may require any
1218 additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such
1219 compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of
1220 the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply
1221 to applications for airline permits, charitable organization permits,
1222 temporary permits, special club permits, concession permits, military
1223 permits, railroad permits, boat permits, warehouse permits, brokers'
1224 permits, out-of-state shippers' permits for alcoholic liquor and out-of-
1225 state shippers' permits for beer, coliseum permits, coliseum concession
1226 permits, special sporting facility restaurant permits, special sporting
1227 facility employee recreational permits, special sporting facility guest

1228 permits, special sporting facility concession permits, special sporting
1229 facility bar permits, nonprofit golf tournament permits, nonprofit public
1230 television permits and renewals. The provisions of this subdivision
1231 regarding publication and placard display shall also be required of any
1232 applicant who seeks to amend the type of entertainment either upon
1233 filing of a renewal application or upon requesting permission of the
1234 department in a form that requires the approval of the municipal zoning
1235 official.

1236 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if
1237 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or
1238 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the
1239 current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall
1240 be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department
1241 and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any
1242 partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a
1243 new application with new fees shall be required.

1244 (c) Any ten persons who are at least eighteen years of age, and are
1245 residents of the town within which the business for which the permit or
1246 renewal thereof has been applied for, is intended to be operated, or, in
1247 the case of a manufacturer's or a wholesaler's permit, any ten persons
1248 who are at least eighteen years of age and are residents of the state, may
1249 file with the department, within three weeks from the last date of
1250 publication of notice made pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (b)
1251 of this section for an initial permit, and in the case of renewal of an
1252 existing permit, at least twenty-one days before the renewal date of such
1253 permit, a remonstrance containing any objection to the suitability of
1254 such applicant or proposed place of business, provided any such issue
1255 is not controlled by local zoning. Upon the filing of such remonstrance,
1256 the department, upon written application, shall hold a hearing and shall
1257 give such notice as it deems reasonable of the time and place at least five
1258 days before such hearing is had. The remonstrants shall designate one
1259 or more agents for service, who shall serve as the recipient or recipients
1260 of all notices issued by the department. At any time prior to the issuance

1261 of a decision by the department, a remonstrance may be withdrawn by
1262 the remonstrants or by such agent or agents acting on behalf of such
1263 remonstrants and the department may cancel the hearing or withdraw
1264 the case. The decision of the department on such application shall be
1265 final with respect to the remonstrance.

1266 (d) No new permit shall be issued until the foregoing provisions of
1267 subsections (a) and (b) of this section have been complied with. If no
1268 new permit is issued within twelve months of the filing date, as defined
1269 in subsection (a) of this section, the application may, in the discretion of
1270 the department, be deemed withdrawn and shall then be returned to the
1271 applicant. Six months' or seasonal permits may be renewed, provided
1272 the renewal application and fee shall be filed at least twenty-one days
1273 before the reopening of the business, there is no change in the permittee,
1274 ownership or type of permit, and the permittee or backer did not receive
1275 a rebate of the permit fee with respect to the permit issued for the
1276 previous year.

1277 (e) The department may renew a permit that has expired if the
1278 applicant pays to the department a nonrefundable late fee pursuant to
1279 subsection (c) of section 21a-4, which fee shall be in addition to the fees
1280 prescribed in this chapter for the permit applied for. The provisions of
1281 this subsection shall not apply to one-day permits, to any permit which
1282 is the subject of administrative or court proceedings, or where otherwise
1283 provided by law.

1284 Sec. 35. Section 30-47 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1285 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1286 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, in its discretion,
1287 suspend, revoke or refuse to grant or renew a permit for the sale of
1288 alcoholic liquor if it has reasonable cause to believe: (1) That the
1289 applicant or permittee appears to be financially irresponsible [or
1290 neglects to provide for his family,] or neglects or is unable to pay his just
1291 debts; (2) that the applicant or permittee has been provided with funds

1292 by any wholesaler or manufacturer or has any forbidden connection
1293 with any other class of permittee as provided in this chapter; (3) that the
1294 applicant or permittee is in the habit of using alcoholic beverages to
1295 excess; (4) that the applicant or permittee has [wilfully] willfully made
1296 any false statement to the department in a material matter; (5) that the
1297 applicant or permittee has been convicted of violating any of the liquor
1298 laws of this or any other state or the liquor laws of the United States or
1299 has been convicted of a felony as such term is defined in section 53a-25
1300 or has such a criminal record that the department reasonably believes
1301 he is not a suitable person to hold a permit, provided no refusal shall be
1302 rendered under this subdivision except in accordance with the
1303 provisions of sections 46a-80 and 46a-81; (6) that the applicant or
1304 permittee has not been delegated full authority and control of the permit
1305 premises and of the conduct of all business on such premises; or (7) that
1306 the applicant or permittee has violated any provision of this chapter or
1307 any regulation adopted under this chapter. Any backer shall be subject
1308 to the same disqualifications as provided in this section in the case of an
1309 applicant for a permit or a permittee.

1310 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may, in his or her
1311 discretion, require a permittee who has had his or her permit for the sale
1312 of alcoholic liquor suspended or revoked pursuant to subsection (a) of
1313 this section to have such permittee's employees participate in an alcohol
1314 seller and server training program approved by the commissioner. The
1315 commissioner may require proof of completion of the program from the
1316 permittee prior to reactivation or reissuance of such permit.

1317 (c) In lieu of suspending or revoking a permit for the sale of alcoholic
1318 liquor pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the commissioner may
1319 require a permittee to have such permittee's employees participate in an
1320 alcohol seller and server training program.

1321 Sec. 36. Section 30-51 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1322 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1323 (a) No permit may be issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any
1324 building, a portion of which will not be used as the permit premises,
1325 unless the application therefor is accompanied by an affidavit signed
1326 and [sworn] affirmed to by the applicant, stating that access from the
1327 portion of the building that will not be used as the permit premises to
1328 the portion of the building that will be used as the permit premises is
1329 effectually closed, unless the Department of Consumer Protection
1330 endorses upon such application that it has dispensed with such affidavit
1331 for reasons considered by it good and satisfactory and also endorses
1332 thereon such reasons. If any way of access from the other portion of such
1333 building to the portion used as the permit premises is opened, after such
1334 permit is issued, without the consent of the Department of Consumer
1335 Protection endorsed on such permit, such permit shall thereupon
1336 become and be forfeited, with or without notice from the Department of
1337 Consumer Protection, and shall be null and void. If such applicant or
1338 any permittee or any backer thereof opens, causes to be opened, permits
1339 to be opened or allows to remain open, at any time during the term for
1340 which such permit is issued, any way of access from any portion of a
1341 building not part of the permit premises to any other portion of such
1342 building that is the permit premises, without the written consent of the
1343 Department of Consumer Protection endorsed on such permit, such
1344 persons or backers shall be subject to the penalties provided in section
1345 30-113, as amended by this act. The Department of Consumer Protection
1346 shall require every applicant for a permit to sell alcoholic liquor to state
1347 under oath whether any portion of the building in which it is proposed
1348 to carry on such business will not be used as the permit premises; and,
1349 if so, said Department of Consumer Protection shall appoint a suitable
1350 person to examine the premises and to see that any and all access
1351 between the portion so to be used for the sale of alcoholic liquor and the
1352 portion not so used is effectually closed, and may designate the manner
1353 of such closing, and, if necessary, order seals to be placed so that such
1354 way of access cannot be opened without breaking the seals, and the
1355 breaking or removal of such seals or other methods of preventing access,
1356 so ordered and provided, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of

1357 this section. The above provisions shall not apply to any premises
1358 operating under a hotel permit, or any premises operating under a
1359 restaurant permit, which premises are located in or attached to a motel,
1360 and shall not apply to any entrance to a building in which is located
1361 premises operating under a tavern permit, which entrance opens into
1362 the rear or side yard of such tavern premises and is used solely as an
1363 emergency exit or for the delivery of goods to, or carrying or conveying
1364 goods from, any permit premises.

1365 (b) "Motel" means every building or other structure kept, used,
1366 maintained, advertised or held out to the public to be a place where
1367 sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests,
1368 usually, but not limited to, motorists, but is not a place where food is
1369 served at all times or where kitchen and dining room facilities
1370 necessarily exist.

1371 Sec. 37. Section 30-55 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes
1372 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
1373 *1, 2020*):

1374 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, in its discretion,
1375 revoke, suspend or place conditions on any permit or provisional permit
1376 or impose a fine of not greater than one thousand dollars per violation,
1377 upon cause found after hearing, provided ten days' written notice of
1378 such hearing has been given to the permittee setting forth, with the
1379 particulars required in civil pleadings, the charges upon which such
1380 proposed revocation, suspension or fine is predicated. Any appeal from
1381 such order of revocation, suspension, [or] fine or conditions shall be
1382 taken in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

1383 (b) The surrender of a permit or provisional permit for cancellation
1384 or the expiration of a permit shall not prevent the department from
1385 suspending or revoking any such permit pursuant to the provisions of
1386 this section.

1387 Sec. 38. Section 30-56 of the general statutes is repealed and the

1388 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1389 (a) When any permit is revoked or suspended after a final
1390 [conviction] decision pursuant to chapter 54 or upon forfeiture of bond
1391 under the provisions of section 30-57, an appeal therefrom shall not act
1392 as a stay of execution upon such revocation or suspension. Such
1393 revocation or suspension shall become effective immediately.

1394 (b) When any permit is revoked or suspended for violation of the
1395 provisions of section 30-38a, an appeal therefrom, may, at the discretion
1396 of the court, act as a stay of execution upon such revocation or
1397 suspension.

1398 Sec. 39. Section 30-59 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1399 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1400 The Department of Consumer Protection shall [transmit a certificate
1401 of the revocation, suspension or reinstatement of any permit by it to the
1402 town clerk of the town within which the permittee is operating or has
1403 been operating, which clerk shall attach such certificate to the duplicate
1404 copy of such permit on file in his office] post notice of any revocation or
1405 suspension of any permit on the department's Internet web site.

1406 Sec. 40. Section 30-61 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1407 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1408 Service of process in any action in which the commission is a party
1409 shall be made upon any member of the commission. [or the secretary of
1410 the commission.]

1411 Sec. 41. Section 30-64b of the general statutes is repealed and the
1412 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1413 The sale of any alcoholic liquor by a wholesale or retail permittee for
1414 off-premises consumption at a price the intent of which is to destroy or
1415 prevent competition with any other permittee holding a like permit
1416 shall be deemed an unfair pricing practice and a violation of chapter

1417 735a. The Department of Consumer Protection may suspend or revoke
1418 any permit upon a finding of an unfair pricing practice. In arriving at
1419 such finding, the Department of Consumer Protection shall consider,
1420 but not be limited to, the consideration of the following factors: Labor,
1421 including salaries of executives and officers, rent, interest on borrowed
1422 capital, depreciation, selling cost, maintenance of equipment, delivery
1423 costs, credit losses, insurance and warehouse costs.

1424 Sec. 42. Section 30-67 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1425 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1426 In addition to the penalties otherwise provided under this chapter,
1427 including those allowed pursuant to section 30-55, as amended by this
1428 act, the Department of Consumer Protection may, for any violation of
1429 any provision of section 30-64 or of any regulation adopted under
1430 subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (b) of section 30-6a,
1431 suspend, cancel or revoke any permit as follows: For a first offense, not
1432 exceeding ten days' suspension of permit; for a second offense, not
1433 exceeding thirty days' suspension of permit; and for a third offense, the
1434 department may suspend, cancel or revoke the permit.

1435 Sec. 43. Section 30-68n of the general statutes is repealed and the
1436 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1437 (a) For the purposes of this section: (1) "Advertise" means the making
1438 of any statement or representation in connection with the solicitation of
1439 business in any manner by a retail permittee and includes, but is not
1440 limited to, statements and representations published in any newspaper
1441 or other publication or statements or representations printed in any
1442 catalog, circular or other sales literature or brochure; (2) "manufacturer's
1443 rebate" means that amount due and payable in accordance with an offer
1444 by a permittee other than a retail permittee to refund to a consumer all
1445 or a portion of the purchase price of an alcoholic liquor product; and (3)
1446 "net price" means the ultimate price paid by a consumer for an alcoholic
1447 liquor product after the consumer has redeemed the manufacturer's

1448 rebate offered for the alcoholic liquor product. Merchandise, novelties
1449 or other items are not permissible manufacturer's rebates. No permittee
1450 shall require alcoholic liquor to be purchased in order for a consumer to
1451 receive access to any merchandise, novelty or other item.

1452 (b) A retail permittee may advertise the existence of a manufacturer's
1453 rebate or the net price of an alcoholic liquor product provided such
1454 permittee makes all of the following disclosures in such advertisement
1455 in type that is the same color, style and size: (1) The sales price of the
1456 alcoholic liquor product before the manufacturer's rebate; (2) the
1457 amount and expiration date of the manufacturer's rebate; and (3) the net
1458 price of the alcoholic liquor product.

1459 Sec. 44. Section 30-74 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1460 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1461 (a) The sale of alcoholic liquor, except as permitted by this chapter, is
1462 prohibited, and any person or permittee who keeps or operates any bar
1463 or establishment which is a place where alcoholic liquor is kept for sale
1464 or exchange contrary to law shall be liable to the penalties provided in
1465 section 30-113, as amended by this act.

1466 (b) The sale, distribution or dispensing of alcoholic liquor without a
1467 permit issued under the provisions of this chapter in any premises,
1468 building, apartment or other place used by any club, association, social
1469 or fraternal society or organization to the members thereof, their guests
1470 or other persons shall be unlawful. Any officer, agent or employee of
1471 any club, association, social or fraternal society or organization without
1472 such a permit, who dispenses or permits to be dispensed, to or by its
1473 members, guests or other persons, any alcoholic liquor shall be subject
1474 to the penalties provided in section 30-113, as amended by this act.

1475 (c) No permittee or backer who is authorized under this chapter to
1476 sell alcoholic liquor at retail for consumption off the permit premises,
1477 and no agent or employee of such permittee or backer, may sell or
1478 deliver such alcoholic liquor from a drive-up window or similar exterior

1479 wall opening or to a drive-up parking spot when such alcoholic liquor
1480 was purchased via the Internet or other computer network.

1481 Sec. 45. Subsection (d) of section 30-86 of the general statutes is
1482 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1483 *2020*):

1484 (d) (1) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall
1485 electronically or mechanically record or maintain any information
1486 derived from a transaction scan, except the following: (A) The name and
1487 date of birth of the person listed on the driver's license or identity card
1488 presented by a cardholder; (B) the expiration date and identification
1489 number of the driver's license or identity card presented by a
1490 cardholder.

1491 (2) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall use a
1492 transaction scan device for a purpose other than the purposes specified
1493 in subsection (c) of this section, subsection (d) of section 53-344 or
1494 subsection (e) of section 53-344b.

1495 (3) No permittee or permittee's agent or employee shall sell or
1496 otherwise disseminate the information derived from a transaction scan
1497 to any third party for any purpose, including, but not limited to, any
1498 marketing, advertising or promotional activities, except that a permittee
1499 or permittee's agent or employee may release that information pursuant
1500 to a court order.

1501 (4) Nothing in subsection (c) of this section or this subsection relieves
1502 a permittee or permittee's agent or employee of any responsibility to
1503 comply with any other applicable state or federal laws or rules
1504 governing the sale, giving away or other distribution of alcoholic liquor.

1505 (5) Any person who violates this subsection shall be subject to [a civil]
1506 the penalty of [not more than one thousand dollars] section 30-55, as
1507 amended by this act.

1508 Sec. 46. Section 30-93a of the general statutes is repealed and the
1509 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1510 Any person who ships into this state any package or carton
1511 containing alcoholic liquor shall, for each offense, be [fined not more
1512 than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year or
1513 both] subject to the penalty provisions of section 30-55, as amended by
1514 this act, unless (1) the contents of such package or carton are clearly
1515 marked on the outside of such package or carton, and (2) such person
1516 conditions delivery of such alcoholic liquor upon the signature of an
1517 individual who is (A) at least twenty-one years of age, or (B) legally
1518 authorized to receive such alcoholic liquor under the provisions of this
1519 chapter.

1520 Sec. 47. Section 30-113 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1521 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1522 Any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this chapter
1523 for which a specified penalty is not imposed, shall, for each offense, be
1524 [fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than
1525 one year or both] subject to the penalty provisions of section 30-55, as
1526 amended by this act.

1527 Sec. 48. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2020*) Notwithstanding the provisions
1528 of section 30-68m of the general statutes, the holder of a package store
1529 permit issued pursuant to section 30-20 of the general statutes may ship
1530 alcoholic liquor to a consumer located out-of-state, subject to all
1531 applicable laws of the jurisdiction in which such consumer is located.
1532 As used in this section, "out-of-state" means any state other than
1533 Connecticut, any territory or possession of the United States, the District
1534 of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, but does not include
1535 any foreign country.

1536 Sec. 49. Section 30-35a of the general statutes is repealed and the
1537 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

1538 (a) A nonprofit theater permit shall allow the retail sale of not more
 1539 than two drinks of alcoholic liquor to a patron at any one time by a
 1540 nonprofit theater to be consumed on its premises by patrons on any day
 1541 on which a performance is given and twelve other days per year;
 1542 provided the proceeds derived from such sales, except for reasonable
 1543 operating costs, shall be used in furtherance of the charitable, literary
 1544 and educational activities of such theater. The annual fee for a nonprofit
 1545 theater permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars.

1546 (b) "Nonprofit theater" means an organization organized for
 1547 nonprofit, charitable, literary and educational purposes to which has
 1548 been issued a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service classifying it as an
 1549 exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
 1550 Code, and which carries on a program of performing arts for the general
 1551 public at a theater located on its premises.

1552 Sec. 50. Sections 30-6c and 30-58b of the general statutes are repealed.
 1553 (*Effective July 1, 2020*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-1
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-12
Sec. 3	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-13a
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-14
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-22c(b)
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-24
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-24b
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-25
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-25a
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-37f
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-38
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-39(b)
Sec. 13	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-45
Sec. 14	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-46
Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-46a

Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-48
Sec. 17	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-48a(c)
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-51
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-53
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-54
Sec. 21	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-681(b)
Sec. 22	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-81
Sec. 23	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-90
Sec. 24	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-91
Sec. 25	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-91a
Sec. 26	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-7
Sec. 27	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-8
Sec. 28	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-17
Sec. 29	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-33
Sec. 30	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-35b
Sec. 31	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-36
Sec. 32	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-37
Sec. 33	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-37j
Sec. 34	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-39
Sec. 35	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-47
Sec. 36	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-51
Sec. 37	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-55
Sec. 38	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-56
Sec. 39	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-59
Sec. 40	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-61
Sec. 41	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-64b
Sec. 42	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-67
Sec. 43	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-68n
Sec. 44	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-74
Sec. 45	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-86(d)
Sec. 46	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-93a
Sec. 47	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-113
Sec. 48	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	New section
Sec. 49	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	30-35a
Sec. 50	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	Repealer section

Statement of Purpose:

To make minor and technical changes to the Liquor Control Act.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]