Chairs and members of the Committee, my name is Luther Weeks, Executive Director of CTVotersCount, a Certified Moderator, and a Computer Scientist.

This bill is better than H.B.5820 which was heard on 2/27 as it does not restrict the definition of RCV to one method, yet it should be broadened further.

I would support this Task Force if some significant changes were made, especially to the charge for the Task Force, and if it was appropriately funded and staffed.

I have several reservations about the use of Ranked Choice Voting (RCV) in Connecticut and other states. Yet, I would support a comprehensive study of all RCV and related options along with the challenges of implementing RCV in Connecticut.

There are several forms of RCV, although many consider only one form known as Instant Runoff Voting (IRV). Many experts favor related forms in addition to RCV called Approval Voting, Score Voting, and STAR-voting, which they find overcome the problems with RCV that occasionally cause unexpected results that seem to contradict what voters would expect in a voting system. Any task force should evaluate all forms of RCV and related methods.

For some information on the problems with IRV, see:
- A video on the Favorite Betrayal Problem and the Later No Harm Issue: [https://tinyurl.com/fbRCV](https://tinyurl.com/fbRCV)
- And this video explaining Approval Voting: [https://tinyurl.com/AprvVote](https://tinyurl.com/AprvVote)

I am not suggesting a particular choice, but that the choice is complicated.

I also believe it is premature to claim that RCV was successful in Maine. Claims of success in statewide elections should await many more races, in several elections, also in more and larger states. In addition to such success, the task force should study the cases where jurisdictions have stopped using RCV after several elections, both in the modern era and in the first half of the 20th century.

Here are some of the many issues the Task Force should address before reaching a conclusion or making recommendations:
- Which exact method should we choose? Not only the type, such as Approval Voting or IRV, but the exact rules for voting (e.g. up to 3 preferences and the exact algorithm for elimination or choosing the winner.)
- Which races would be included? Which state races, which municipal races, which Federal races, including Presidential? Including primaries or eliminating primaries? Vote for multiple or only single vote races?
- Would our current AccuVoteOS Scanners be sufficient or would we need all new scanners?
- How will hand counted ballots be processed through the runoff rounds? Centrally or in each municipality?
- How will Federal military ballots be adjudicated - they do not include a method of specifying more than one candidate or party per race?
- How would our current lever-look ballot change? Would we change to another ballot style, such as the, so called, non-partisan ballot? How would the design incorporate fusion voting?
• How big would our ballots be? E.g. using our lever-look and assuming ranking three candidates, and a moderate growth in candidates, our ballot would be about three times as big as it is now.
• How much longer would it take voters to complete their ballots? How many more booths would be required? Would more voting machines be required because a) there would be more ballot sheets to count and b) new voting machines on the market today take longer to process ballots than the AccuVoteOS, especially because their speed is based on the number of marks the scanners have to interpret per ballot?
• How would we perform the original counting, recanvassing, and post-election audits with RCV? What would have to change in law, regulations, and procedures?
• Currently we maintain an air-gap between our scanners and memory cards as a security, accumulating results with our Election Night Reporting system. Would we have to give up on that air-gap to determine the RCV winner?
• How would our Election Calendar change? In some circumstances it can take several weeks to determine winners in IRV races, and several more weeks to recount races, while Connecticut law requires that counting and recanvassing must be completed and certified in 10 days. Would this entail later dates for some candidates to take office?
• Do we need a Constitutional Amendment to do RCV? The 10 days maximum to certification for state offices is specified in the Connecticut Constitution. Would there be any other Constitutional changes needed?
• If we were to use RCV for Presidential Electors, could we always be able to complete counting and recounting to select electors in time to meet the requirements of the 12th Amendment and the Electoral Count Act?
• If we were to use RCV for Presidential Electors and the National Popular Vote Compact were in effect, which round would count as votes for each candidate? By when could we report our results so that other states could use them to determine the national popular votes for each candidate and award their electors?

Finally, I am concerned that this Task Force needs more time, a significant staff budget to handle all the items above, and also to hire experts to provide information, suggestions, and to create a thorough evaluation.

The Task Force should also provide several, noticed well in advance, opportunities for public oral and written comments.

Thank you