AN ACT CONCERNING VARIOUS REVISIONS AND ADDITIONS TO THE EDUCATION STATUTES.

AMENDMENT

LCO No.: 8621
File Copy No.: 642
Senate Calendar No.: 303

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Municipalities</th>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>FY 20 $</th>
<th>FY 21 $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Local and Regional School Districts</td>
<td>STATE MANDATE(^1) - Cost</td>
<td>Less than $5,000</td>
<td>Less than $5,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Explanation

The amendment results in a cost and associated state mandate to local and regional boards of education as it requires schools to maintain opioid antagonists for the purposes of emergency first aid to students who experience a drug overdose. The costs result from purchasing naloxone doses. It is estimated that naloxone costs between $20 - $40 per dose. It is uncertain how many doses each district would be required to purchase, but it estimated that the cost would be less than $5,000 per district. These costs would recur every 18 months to restock per current manufacturer guidelines. The actual cost would vary by the size of the district and the number of doses that are used.

\(^1\) State mandate is defined in Sec. 2-32b(2) of the Connecticut General Statutes, "state mandate" means any state initiated constitutional, statutory or executive action that requires a local government to establish, expand or modify its activities in such a way as to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenues.
annually.

There is no cost to State Department of Education (SDE) to develop first aid training related to administering naloxone and other first aid related issues as they have the staff and expertise necessary to perform this requirement.

It is anticipated that SDE will distribute the annual training program to local and regional boards of education via email and a link to Internet-available training; thus there will be no cost.

*The preceding Fiscal Impact statement is prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for the purposes of information, summarization and explanation and does not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst’s professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.*