



General Assembly

**Amendment**

January Session, 2019

LCO No. 9337



Offered by:

REP. STAFSTROM, 129<sup>th</sup> Dist.

SEN. WINFIELD, 10<sup>th</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 7396

File No. 851

Cal. No. 534

**"AN ACT CONCERNING PARITY BETWEEN SEXUAL ASSAULT IN THE CASE OF A SPOUSAL OR COHABITATING RELATIONSHIP AND OTHER CRIMES OF SEXUAL ASSAULT AND CONCERNING THE INVESTIGATION OF A FAMILY VIOLENCE CRIME."**

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the  
2 following in lieu thereof:

3 "Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 10a-55a of the general statutes is  
4 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
5 *October 1, 2019*):

6 (a) On or before October 1, 1991, and annually thereafter, each  
7 institution of higher education shall prepare in such manner as the  
8 president of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities shall  
9 prescribe a uniform campus crime report concerning crimes committed  
10 in the immediately preceding calendar year within the geographical  
11 limits of the property owned or under the control of such institution.  
12 Such report shall be in accordance with the uniform crime reporting

13 system pursuant to section 29-1c, provided such report is limited to  
14 those offenses included in part I of the most recently published edition  
15 of the Uniform Crime Reports for the United States as authorized by  
16 the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Department  
17 of Justice, sexual assault under section 53a-70b of the general statutes,  
18 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or sections 53a-70, 53a-70a,  
19 [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b and 53a-73a, stalking under sections  
20 53a-181c, 53a-181d and 53a-181e and family violence as designated  
21 under section 46b-38h, as amended by this act. The state police, local  
22 police departments and special police forces established pursuant to  
23 section 10a-156b, as amended by this act, shall cooperate with  
24 institutions of higher education in preparing such reports. Institutions  
25 with more than one campus shall prepare such reports for each  
26 campus.

27 Sec. 2. Subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 10a-55m of the  
28 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
29 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

30 (5) "Intimate partner violence" means any physical or sexual harm  
31 against an individual by a current or former spouse of or person in a  
32 dating relationship with such individual that results from any action  
33 by such spouse or such person that may be classified as a sexual  
34 assault under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958,  
35 revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71,  
36 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, stalking under section 53a-181c, 53a-181d  
37 or 53a-181e, or family violence as designated under section 46b-38h, as  
38 amended by this act;

39 Sec. 3. Subsection (j) of section 17a-112 of the general statutes is  
40 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
41 *October 1, 2019*):

42 (j) The Superior Court, upon notice and hearing as provided in  
43 sections 45a-716 and 45a-717, as amended by this act, may grant a  
44 petition filed pursuant to this section if it finds by clear and convincing

45 evidence that (1) the Department of Children and Families has made  
46 reasonable efforts to locate the parent and to reunify the child with the  
47 parent in accordance with subsection (a) of section 17a-111b, unless the  
48 court finds in this proceeding that the parent is unable or unwilling to  
49 benefit from reunification efforts, except that such finding is not  
50 required if the court has determined at a hearing pursuant to section  
51 17a-111b, or determines at trial on the petition, that such efforts are not  
52 required, (2) termination is in the best interest of the child, and (3) (A)  
53 the child has been abandoned by the parent in the sense that the parent  
54 has failed to maintain a reasonable degree of interest, concern or  
55 responsibility as to the welfare of the child; (B) the child (i) has been  
56 found by the Superior Court or the Probate Court to have been  
57 neglected, abused or uncared for in a prior proceeding, or (ii) is found  
58 to be neglected, abused or uncared for and has been in the custody of  
59 the commissioner for at least fifteen months and the parent of such  
60 child has been provided specific steps to take to facilitate the return of  
61 the child to the parent pursuant to section 46b-129 and has failed to  
62 achieve such degree of personal rehabilitation as would encourage the  
63 belief that within a reasonable time, considering the age and needs of  
64 the child, such parent could assume a responsible position in the life of  
65 the child; (C) the child has been denied, by reason of an act or acts of  
66 parental commission or omission including, but not limited to, sexual  
67 molestation or exploitation, severe physical abuse or a pattern of  
68 abuse, the care, guidance or control necessary for the child's physical,  
69 educational, moral or emotional well-being, except that nonaccidental  
70 or inadequately explained serious physical injury to a child shall  
71 constitute prima facie evidence of acts of parental commission or  
72 omission sufficient for the termination of parental rights; (D) there is  
73 no ongoing parent-child relationship, which means the relationship  
74 that ordinarily develops as a result of a parent having met on a day-to-  
75 day basis the physical, emotional, moral and educational needs of the  
76 child and to allow further time for the establishment or  
77 reestablishment of such parent-child relationship would be  
78 detrimental to the best interest of the child; (E) the parent of a child  
79 under the age of seven years who is neglected, abused or uncared for,

80 has failed, is unable or is unwilling to achieve such degree of personal  
81 rehabilitation as would encourage the belief that within a reasonable  
82 period of time, considering the age and needs of the child, such parent  
83 could assume a responsible position in the life of the child and such  
84 parent's parental rights of another child were previously terminated  
85 pursuant to a petition filed by the Commissioner of Children and  
86 Families; (F) the parent has killed through deliberate, nonaccidental act  
87 another child of the parent or has requested, commanded, importuned,  
88 attempted, conspired or solicited such killing or has committed an  
89 assault, through deliberate, nonaccidental act that resulted in serious  
90 bodily injury of another child of the parent; or (G) the parent  
91 committed an act that constitutes sexual assault as described in section  
92 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a or  
93 compelling a spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by  
94 the use of force or by the threat of the use of force as described in  
95 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
96 January 1, 2019, if such act resulted in the conception of the child.

97 Sec. 4. Subsection (c) of section 17b-749k of the general statutes is  
98 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
99 *October 1, 2019*):

100 (c) The commissioner shall have the discretion to refuse payments  
101 for child care under any financial assistance program administered by  
102 him or her if the person or relative providing such child care has been  
103 convicted in this state or any other state of a felony, as defined in  
104 section 53a-25, involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of  
105 physical force against another person, of cruelty to persons under  
106 section 53-20, injury or risk of injury to or impairing morals of children  
107 under section 53-21, abandonment of children under the age of six  
108 years under section 53-23 or any felony where the victim of the felony  
109 is a child under eighteen years of age, or of a violation of section 53a-  
110 70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019,  
111 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-  
112 73a, or has a criminal record or was the subject of a substantiated  
113 report of child abuse in this state or any other state that the

114 commissioner reasonably believes renders the person or relative  
115 unsuitable to provide child care.

116 Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 19a-87a of the general statutes is  
117 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
118 *October 1, 2019*):

119 (a) The Commissioner of Early Childhood shall have the discretion  
120 to refuse to license under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, and 19a-  
121 82 to 19a-87, inclusive, a person to conduct, operate or maintain a child  
122 care center or a group child care home, as described in section 19a-77,  
123 or to suspend or revoke the license or take any other action set forth in  
124 regulation that may be adopted pursuant to section 19a-79 if, the  
125 person who owns, conducts, maintains or operates such center or  
126 home or a person employed therein in a position connected with the  
127 provision of care to a child receiving child care services, has been  
128 convicted in this state or any other state of a felony as defined in  
129 section 53a-25 involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of  
130 physical force against another person, of cruelty to persons under  
131 section 53-20, injury or risk of injury to or impairing morals of children  
132 under section 53-21, abandonment of children under the age of six  
133 years under section 53-23, or any felony where the victim of the felony  
134 is a child under eighteen years of age, or of a violation of section 53a-  
135 70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019,  
136 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-  
137 73a, or has a criminal record in this state or any other state that the  
138 commissioner reasonably believes renders the person unsuitable to  
139 own, conduct, operate or maintain or be employed by a child care  
140 center or group child care home. However, no refusal of a license shall  
141 be rendered except in accordance with the provisions of sections 46a-  
142 79 to 46a-81, inclusive.

143 Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 19a-87e of the general statutes is  
144 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
145 *October 1, 2019*):

146 (a) The Commissioner of Early Childhood may (1) refuse to license  
147 under section 19a-87b, a person to own, conduct, operate or maintain a  
148 family child care home, as defined in section 19a-77, (2) refuse to  
149 approve under section 19a-87b, a person to act as an assistant or  
150 substitute staff member in a family child care home, as defined in  
151 section 19a-77, or (3) suspend or revoke the license or approval or take  
152 any other action that may be set forth in regulation that may be  
153 adopted pursuant to section 19a-79 if the person who owns, conducts,  
154 maintains or operates the family child care home, the person who acts  
155 as an assistant or substitute staff member in a family child care home, a  
156 person employed in such family child care home in a position  
157 connected with the provision of care to a child receiving child care  
158 services or a household member, as defined in subsection (c) of section  
159 19a-87b, who is sixteen years of age or older and resides therein, has  
160 been convicted, in this state or any other state of a felony, as defined in  
161 section 53a-25, involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of  
162 physical force against another person, or has a criminal record in this  
163 state or any other state that the commissioner reasonably believes  
164 renders the person unsuitable to own, conduct, operate or maintain or  
165 be employed by a family child care home, or act as an assistant or  
166 substitute staff member in a family child care home, or if such persons  
167 or a household member has been convicted in this state or any other  
168 state of cruelty to persons under section 53-20, injury or risk of injury  
169 to or impairing morals of children under section 53-21, abandonment  
170 of children under the age of six years under section 53-23, or any  
171 felony where the victim of the felony is a child under eighteen years of  
172 age, a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of  
173 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,]  
174 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, illegal manufacture, distribution,  
175 sale, prescription, dispensing or administration under section 21a-277  
176 or 21a-278, or illegal possession under section 21a-279, or if such  
177 person, a person who acts as assistant or substitute staff member in a  
178 family child care home or a person employed in such family child care  
179 home in a position connected with the provision of care to a child  
180 receiving child care services, either fails to substantially comply with

181 the regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-87b, or conducts,  
182 operates or maintains the home in a manner which endangers the  
183 health, safety and welfare of the children receiving child care services.  
184 Any refusal of a license or approval pursuant to this section shall be  
185 rendered in accordance with the provisions of sections 46a-79 to 46a-  
186 81, inclusive. Any person whose license or approval has been revoked  
187 pursuant to this section shall be ineligible to apply for a license or  
188 approval for a period of one year from the effective date of revocation.

189 Sec. 7. Section 19a-112b of the general statutes is repealed and the  
190 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

191 The Department of Public Health shall provide to victims of a  
192 sexual act constituting a violation of section 53a-70b of the general  
193 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53-21,  
194 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a or 53a-  
195 192a, regardless of whether any person is convicted or adjudicated  
196 delinquent for such violation, the following services: (1) Counseling  
197 regarding human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune  
198 deficiency syndrome; (2) HIV-related testing; and (3) referral service  
199 for appropriate health care and support services. Such services shall be  
200 provided through counseling and testing sites funded by the  
201 Department of Public Health.

202 Sec. 8. Subdivision (5) of section 19a-112e of the general statutes is  
203 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
204 *October 1, 2019*):

205 (5) "Sexual offense" means a violation of section 53a-70b of the  
206 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or  
207 subsection (a) of section 53a-70 [,] or section 53a-70a, [or 53a-70b,]  
208 subsection (a) of section 53a-71, section 53a-72a or 53a-72b, subdivision  
209 (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-86, subdivision (2) of subsection (a)  
210 of section 53a-87 or section 53a-90a, 53a-196a or 53a-196b.

211 Sec. 9. Subdivision (8) of section 31-57r of the general statutes is  
212 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*

213 *October 1, 2019*):

214 (8) "Sexual assault" means any act that constitutes a violation of  
215 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
216 January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a,  
217 53a-72b or 53a-73a;

218 Sec. 10. Subsections (g) and (h) of section 45a-717 of the general  
219 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
220 (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

221 (g) At the adjourned hearing or at the initial hearing where no  
222 investigation and report has been requested, the court may approve a  
223 petition terminating the parental rights and may appoint a guardian of  
224 the person of the child, or, if the petitioner requests, the court may  
225 appoint a statutory parent, if it finds, upon clear and convincing  
226 evidence, that (1) the termination is in the best interest of the child, and  
227 (2) (A) the child has been abandoned by the parent in the sense that the  
228 parent has failed to maintain a reasonable degree of interest, concern  
229 or responsibility as to the welfare of the child; (B) the child has been  
230 denied, by reason of an act or acts of parental commission or omission,  
231 including, but not limited to, sexual molestation and exploitation,  
232 severe physical abuse or a pattern of abuse, the care, guidance or  
233 control necessary for the child's physical, educational, moral or  
234 emotional well-being. Nonaccidental or inadequately explained  
235 serious physical injury to a child shall constitute prima facie evidence  
236 of acts of parental commission or omission sufficient for the  
237 termination of parental rights; (C) there is no ongoing parent-child  
238 relationship which is defined as the relationship that ordinarily  
239 develops as a result of a parent having met on a continuing, day-to-  
240 day basis the physical, emotional, moral and educational needs of the  
241 child and to allow further time for the establishment or  
242 reestablishment of the parent-child relationship would be detrimental  
243 to the best interests of the child; (D) a child of the parent (i) was found  
244 by the Superior Court or the Probate Court to have been neglected,  
245 abused or uncared for, as those terms are defined in section 46b-120, in



246 a prior proceeding, or (ii) is found to be neglected, abused or uncared  
247 for and has been in the custody of the commissioner for at least fifteen  
248 months and such parent has been provided specific steps to take to  
249 facilitate the return of the child to the parent pursuant to section 46b-  
250 129 and has failed to achieve such degree of personal rehabilitation as  
251 would encourage the belief that within a reasonable time, considering  
252 the age and needs of the child, such parent could assume a responsible  
253 position in the life of the child; (E) a child of the parent, who is under  
254 the age of seven years is found to be neglected, abused or uncared for,  
255 and the parent has failed, is unable or is unwilling to achieve such  
256 degree of personal rehabilitation as would encourage the belief that  
257 within a reasonable amount of time, considering the age and needs of  
258 the child, such parent could assume a responsible position in the life of  
259 the child and such parent's parental rights of another child were  
260 previously terminated pursuant to a petition filed by the  
261 Commissioner of Children and Families; (F) the parent has killed  
262 through deliberate, nonaccidental act another child of the parent or has  
263 requested, commanded, importuned, attempted, conspired or solicited  
264 such killing or has committed an assault, through deliberate,  
265 nonaccidental act that resulted in serious bodily injury of another child  
266 of the parent; (G) except as provided in subsection (h) of this section,  
267 the parent committed an act that constitutes sexual assault as  
268 described in section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b  
269 or 53a-73a or compelling a spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual  
270 intercourse by the use of force or by the threat of the use of force as  
271 described in section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958,  
272 revised to January 1, 2019, if such act resulted in the conception of the  
273 child; or (H) the parent was finally adjudged guilty of sexual assault  
274 under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-  
275 73a or of compelling a spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual  
276 intercourse by the use of force or by the threat of the use of force under  
277 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
278 January 1, 2019, if such act resulted in the conception of the child.

279 (h) If the petition alleges an act described in subparagraph (G) of

280 subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section that resulted in the  
281 conception of the child as a basis for termination of parental rights and  
282 the court determines that the respondent parent was finally adjudged  
283 not guilty of such act of sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a,  
284 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73 or of compelling a spouse or  
285 cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force or by the  
286 threat of the use of force under section 53a-70b of the general statutes,  
287 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, the court shall transfer the  
288 case to the Superior Court and the clerk of the Probate Court shall  
289 transmit to the clerk of the Superior Court to which the case was  
290 transferred, the original files and papers in the case. The Superior  
291 Court, upon hearing after notice as provided in this section and section  
292 45a-716, may grant the petition as provided in this section.

293 Sec. 11. Section 46b-38h of the general statutes is repealed and the  
294 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

295 If any person is convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the  
296 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section  
297 53a-59, 53a-59a, 53a-59c, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-62, 53a-  
298 63, 53a-64, 53a-64aa, 53a-64bb, 53a-64cc, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-  
299 70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-181, 53a-181c, 53a-181d, 53a-181e,  
300 53a-182, 53a-182b, 53a-183, 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b, against a  
301 family or household member, as defined in section 46b-38a, the court  
302 shall include a designation that such conviction involved family  
303 violence on the court record for the purposes of criminal history record  
304 information, as defined in subsection (a) of section 54-142g.

305 Sec. 12. Subsection (a) of section 47a-11e of the general statutes is  
306 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
307 *October 1, 2019*):

308 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter and chapter 831,  
309 for rental agreements entered into or renewed on or after January 1,  
310 2011, any tenant who (1) is a victim of family violence, as defined in  
311 section 46b-38a, and (2) reasonably believes it is necessary to vacate the

312 dwelling unit due to fear of imminent harm to the tenant or a  
313 dependent of the tenant because of family violence, may terminate his  
314 or her rental agreement with the landlord for the dwelling unit that the  
315 tenant occupies without penalty or liability for the remaining term of  
316 the rental agreement by giving written notice to the landlord at least  
317 thirty days prior to the date the tenant intends to terminate the rental  
318 agreement. Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter and chapter  
319 831, for rental agreements entered into or renewed on or after January  
320 1, 2014, any tenant who (A) is a victim of sexual assault under any  
321 provision of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958,  
322 revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71,  
323 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, or is the parent or guardian with physical  
324 custody of a dependent who is the victim of sexual assault under  
325 section 53a-70c, and (B) reasonably believes it is necessary to vacate the  
326 dwelling unit due to fear of imminent harm to the tenant or a  
327 dependent of the tenant because of such sexual assault, may terminate  
328 his or her rental agreement with the landlord for the dwelling unit that  
329 the tenant occupies without penalty or liability for the remaining term  
330 of the rental agreement by giving written notice to the landlord at least  
331 thirty days prior to the date the tenant intends to terminate the rental  
332 agreement.

333 Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 52-161b of the general statutes is  
334 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
335 *October 1, 2019*):

336 (a) A pro se litigant in any civil matter, including a habeas corpus  
337 proceeding, shall notify the clerk of the court if such litigant has been  
338 convicted of a family violence crime, as defined in section 53a-70b of  
339 the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or  
340 section 46b-38a, or a violation of section 53-21, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-  
341 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a, 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e  
342 and if the subject of a subpoena to be issued by such litigant in such  
343 matter is the victim of the crime for which such litigant was convicted.

344 Sec. 14. Subsection (f) of section 53a-29 of the general statutes is

345 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
346 *October 1, 2019*):

347 (f) The period of probation, unless terminated sooner as provided in  
348 section 53a-32, shall be not less than ten years or more than thirty-five  
349 years for conviction of a violation of section 53a-70b of the general  
350 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or subdivision (2)  
351 of subsection (a) of section 53-21 [ ] or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-  
352 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-90a or subdivision (2), (3) or (4) of  
353 subsection (a) of section 53a-189a, or section 53a-196b, 53a-196c, 53a-  
354 196d, 53a-196e or 53a-196f.

355 Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 53a-30 of the general statutes is  
356 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
357 *October 1, 2019*):

358 (a) When imposing sentence of probation or conditional discharge,  
359 the court may, as a condition of the sentence, order that the defendant:  
360 (1) Work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue a  
361 course of study or of vocational training that will equip the defendant  
362 for suitable employment; (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment  
363 and remain in a specified institution, when required for that purpose;  
364 (3) support the defendant's dependents and meet other family  
365 obligations; (4) make restitution of the fruits of the defendant's offense  
366 or make restitution, in an amount the defendant can afford to pay or  
367 provide in a suitable manner, for the loss or damage caused thereby.  
368 The court or the Court Support Services Division, if authorized by the  
369 court, may fix the amount thereof and the manner of performance, and  
370 the victim shall be advised by the court or the Court Support Services  
371 Division that restitution ordered under this section may be enforced  
372 pursuant to section 53a-28a; (5) if a minor, (A) reside with the minor's  
373 parents or in a suitable foster home, (B) attend school, and (C)  
374 contribute to the minor's own support in any home or foster home; (6)  
375 post a bond or other security for the performance of any or all  
376 conditions imposed; (7) refrain from violating any criminal law of the  
377 United States, this state or any other state; (8) if convicted of a

378 misdemeanor or a felony, other than a capital felony under the  
379 provisions of section 53a-54b in effect prior to April 25, 2012, a class A  
380 felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision  
381 of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 21a-278, 21a-278a, 53a-55,  
382 53a-56, 53a-56b, 53a-57 [ ] or 53a-58 [or 53a-70b] or any offense for  
383 which there is a mandatory minimum sentence which may not be  
384 suspended or reduced by the court, and any sentence of imprisonment  
385 is suspended, participate in an alternate incarceration program; (9)  
386 reside in a residential community center or halfway house approved  
387 by the Commissioner of Correction, and contribute to the cost incident  
388 to such residence; (10) participate in a program of community service  
389 labor in accordance with section 53a-39c; (11) participate in a program  
390 of community service in accordance with section 51-181c; (12) if  
391 convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes,  
392 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of  
393 subsection (a) of section 53-21 [ ] or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,]  
394 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, undergo specialized sexual offender  
395 treatment; (13) if convicted of a criminal offense against a victim who  
396 is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or a sexually violent offense, as  
397 defined in section 54-250, as amended by this act, or of a felony that the  
398 court finds was committed for a sexual purpose, as provided in section  
399 54-254, register such person's identifying factors, as defined in section  
400 54-250, as amended by this act, with the Commissioner of Emergency  
401 Services and Public Protection when required pursuant to section 54-  
402 251, 54-252 or 54-253, as the case may be; (14) be subject to electronic  
403 monitoring, which may include the use of a global positioning system;  
404 (15) if convicted of a violation of section 46a-58, 53-37a, 53a-181j, 53a-  
405 181k or 53a-181l, participate in an anti-bias or diversity awareness  
406 program or participate in a program of community service designed to  
407 remedy damage caused by the commission of a bias crime or otherwise  
408 related to the defendant's violation; (16) if convicted of a violation of  
409 section 53-247, undergo psychiatric or psychological counseling or  
410 participate in an animal cruelty prevention and education program  
411 provided such a program exists and is available to the defendant; or  
412 (17) satisfy any other conditions reasonably related to the defendant's

413 rehabilitation. The court shall cause a copy of any such order to be  
414 delivered to the defendant and to the probation officer, if any.

415 Sec. 16. Section 53a-32a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
416 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

417 If a defendant who entered a plea of nolo contendere or a guilty  
418 plea under the Alford doctrine to a violation of subdivision (2) of  
419 section 53-21 of the general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000,  
420 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
421 January 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or  
422 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, and was  
423 ordered to undergo sexual offender treatment as a condition of  
424 probation, becomes ineligible for such treatment because of such  
425 defendant's refusal to acknowledge that such defendant committed the  
426 act or acts charged, such defendant shall be deemed to be in violation  
427 of the conditions of such defendant's probation and be returned to  
428 court for proceedings in accordance with section 53a-32.

429 Sec. 17. Section 53a-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
430 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

431 The court or sentencing judge may at any time during the period of  
432 probation or conditional discharge, after hearing and for good cause  
433 shown, terminate a sentence of probation or conditional discharge  
434 before the completion thereof, except a sentence of probation imposed  
435 for conviction of a violation of subdivision (2) of section 53-21 of the  
436 general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000, section 53a-70b of the  
437 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or  
438 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-  
439 70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b.

440 Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 53a-39a of the general statutes is  
441 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
442 *October 1, 2019*):

443 (a) In all cases where a defendant has been convicted of a

444 misdemeanor or a felony, other than a capital felony under the  
445 provisions of section 53a-54b in effect prior to April 25, 2012, a class A  
446 felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision  
447 of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 21a-278, 21a-278a, 53a-55,  
448 53a-56, 53a-56b, 53a-57 [.] or 53a-58 [or 53a-70b] or any other offense  
449 for which there is a mandatory minimum sentence which may not be  
450 suspended or reduced by the court, after trial or by a plea of guilty  
451 without trial, and a term of imprisonment is part of a stated plea  
452 agreement or the statutory penalty provides for a term of  
453 imprisonment, the court may, in its discretion, order an assessment for  
454 placement in an alternate incarceration program under contract with  
455 the Judicial Department. If the Court Support Services Division  
456 recommends placement in an alternate incarceration program, it shall  
457 also submit to the court a proposed alternate incarceration plan. Upon  
458 completion of the assessment, the court shall determine whether such  
459 defendant shall be ordered to participate in such program as an  
460 alternative to incarceration. If the court determines that the defendant  
461 shall participate in such program, the court shall suspend any sentence  
462 of imprisonment and shall make participation in the alternate  
463 incarceration program a condition of probation as provided in section  
464 53a-30, as amended by this act.

465 Sec. 19. Subsection (d) of section 53a-40 of the general statutes is  
466 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
467 *October 1, 2019*):

468 (d) A persistent serious sexual offender is a person, other than a  
469 person who qualifies as a persistent dangerous sexual offender under  
470 subsection (b) of this section, who qualifies as a persistent serious  
471 felony offender under subsection (c) of this section and the felony of  
472 which such person presently stands convicted is a violation of section  
473 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1,  
474 2019, or subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, or section  
475 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b and the prior  
476 conviction is for a violation of section 53-21 of the general statutes,  
477 revised to January 1, 1995, involving sexual contact, committed prior to

478 October 1, 1995, a violation of subdivision (2) of section 53-21 of the  
479 general statutes, committed on or after October 1, 1995, and prior to  
480 October 1, 2000, a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes,  
481 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or a violation of  
482 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or a violation of  
483 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b.

484 Sec. 20. Subsection (a) of section 53a-40e of the general statutes is  
485 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
486 *October 1, 2019*):

487 (a) If any person is convicted of (1) a violation of section 53a-70b of  
488 the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or  
489 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, section 53a-59,  
490 53a-59a, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,]  
491 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a, 53a-181c, 53a-181d, 53a-181e,  
492 53a-182b or 53a-183, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-  
493 192a, section 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b or attempt or conspiracy to  
494 violate any of said sections or section 53a-54a, or (2) any crime that the  
495 court determines constitutes a family violence crime, as defined in  
496 section 46b-38a, or attempt or conspiracy to commit any such crime,  
497 the court may, in addition to imposing the sentence authorized for the  
498 crime under section 53a-35a or 53a-36, if the court is of the opinion that  
499 the history and character and the nature and circumstances of the  
500 criminal conduct of such offender indicate that a standing criminal  
501 protective order will best serve the interest of the victim and the  
502 public, issue a standing criminal protective order which shall remain  
503 in effect for a duration specified by the court until modified or revoked  
504 by the court for good cause shown. If any person is convicted of any  
505 crime not specified in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, the court  
506 may, for good cause shown, issue a standing criminal protective order  
507 pursuant to this subsection.

508 Sec. 21. Section 53a-65 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
509 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):



510 As used in this part, [except section 53a-70b,] the following terms  
511 have the following meanings:

512 (1) "Actor" means a person accused of sexual assault.

513 (2) "Sexual intercourse" means vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse,  
514 fellatio or cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex. [Its meaning  
515 is limited to persons not married to each other.] Penetration, however  
516 slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse or  
517 fellatio and does not require emission of semen. Penetration may be  
518 committed by an object manipulated by the actor into the genital or  
519 anal opening of the victim's body.

520 (3) "Sexual contact" means any contact with the intimate parts of a  
521 person [not married to the actor] for the purpose of sexual gratification  
522 of the actor or for the purpose of degrading or humiliating such person  
523 or any contact of the intimate parts of the actor with a person [not  
524 married to the actor] for the purpose of sexual gratification of the actor  
525 or for the purpose of degrading or humiliating such person.

526 (4) "Impaired because of mental disability or disease" means that a  
527 person suffers from a mental disability or disease which renders such  
528 person incapable of appraising the nature of such person's conduct.

529 (5) "Mentally incapacitated" means that a person is rendered  
530 temporarily incapable of appraising or controlling such person's  
531 conduct owing to the influence of a drug or intoxicating substance  
532 administered to such person without such person's consent, or owing  
533 to any other act committed upon such person without such person's  
534 consent.

535 (6) "Physically helpless" means that a person is (A) unconscious, or  
536 (B) for any other reason, is physically unable to resist an act of sexual  
537 intercourse or sexual contact or to communicate unwillingness to an  
538 act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact.

539 (7) "Use of force" means: (A) Use of a dangerous instrument; or (B)

540 use of actual physical force or violence or superior physical strength  
541 against the victim.

542 (8) "Intimate parts" means the genital area or any substance emitted  
543 therefrom, groin, anus or any substance emitted therefrom, inner  
544 thighs, buttocks or breasts.

545 (9) "Psychotherapist" means a physician, psychologist, nurse,  
546 substance abuse counselor, social worker, clergyman, marital and  
547 family therapist, mental health service provider, hypnotist or other  
548 person, whether or not licensed or certified by the state, who performs  
549 or purports to perform psychotherapy.

550 (10) "Psychotherapy" means the professional treatment, assessment  
551 or counseling of a mental or emotional illness, symptom or condition.

552 (11) "Emotionally dependent" means that the nature of the patient's  
553 or former patient's emotional condition and the nature of the treatment  
554 provided by the psychotherapist are such that the psychotherapist  
555 knows or has reason to know that the patient or former patient is  
556 unable to withhold consent to sexual contact by or sexual intercourse  
557 with the psychotherapist.

558 (12) "Therapeutic deception" means a representation by a  
559 psychotherapist that sexual contact by or sexual intercourse with the  
560 psychotherapist is consistent with or part of the patient's treatment.

561 (13) "School employee" means: (A) A teacher, substitute teacher,  
562 school administrator, school superintendent, guidance counselor,  
563 school counselor, psychologist, social worker, nurse, physician, school  
564 paraprofessional or coach employed by a local or regional board of  
565 education or a private elementary, middle or high school or working in  
566 a public or private elementary, middle or high school; or (B) any other  
567 person who, in the performance of his or her duties, has regular  
568 contact with students and who provides services to or on behalf of  
569 students enrolled in (i) a public elementary, middle or high school,  
570 pursuant to a contract with the local or regional board of education, or

571 (ii) a private elementary, middle or high school, pursuant to a contract  
572 with the supervisory agent of such private school.

573 Sec. 22. Subsection (b) of section 53a-67 of the general statutes is  
574 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
575 *October 1, 2019*):

576 (b) In any prosecution for an offense under this part, except an  
577 offense under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958,  
578 revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71,  
579 53a-72a or 53a-72b, it shall be an affirmative defense that the defendant  
580 and the alleged victim were, at the time of the alleged offense, living  
581 together by mutual consent in a relationship of cohabitation, regardless  
582 of the legal status of their relationship.

583 Sec. 23. Subsection (h) of section 54-56d of the general statutes is  
584 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
585 *October 1, 2019*):

586 (h) (1) If, at the hearing, the court finds that there is a substantial  
587 probability that the defendant, if provided with a course of treatment,  
588 will regain competency within the period of any placement order  
589 under this section, the court shall either (A) order placement of the  
590 defendant for treatment for the purpose of rendering the defendant  
591 competent, or (B) order placement of the defendant at a treatment  
592 facility pending civil commitment proceedings pursuant to  
593 subdivision (2) of this subsection.

594 (2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, if  
595 the court makes a finding pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection  
596 and does not order placement pursuant to subparagraph (A) of said  
597 subdivision, the court shall, on its own motion or on motion of the  
598 state or the defendant, order placement of the defendant in the custody  
599 of the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services at a  
600 treatment facility pending civil commitment proceedings. The  
601 treatment facility shall be determined by the Commissioner of Mental  
602 Health and Addiction Services. Such order shall: (i) Include an

603 authorization for the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction  
604 Services to apply for civil commitment of such defendant pursuant to  
605 sections 17a-495 to 17a-528, inclusive; (ii) permit the defendant to agree  
606 to request voluntarily to be admitted under section 17a-506 and  
607 participate voluntarily in a treatment plan prepared by the  
608 Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, and require  
609 that the defendant comply with such treatment plan; and (iii) provide  
610 that if the application for civil commitment is denied or not pursued  
611 by the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, or if  
612 the defendant is unwilling or unable to comply with a treatment plan  
613 despite reasonable efforts of the treatment facility to encourage the  
614 defendant's compliance, the person in charge of the treatment facility,  
615 or such person's designee, shall submit a written progress report to the  
616 court and the defendant shall be returned to the court for a hearing  
617 pursuant to subsection (k) of this section. Such written progress report  
618 shall include the status of any civil commitment proceedings  
619 concerning the defendant, the defendant's compliance with the  
620 treatment plan, an opinion regarding the defendant's current  
621 competency to stand trial, the clinical findings of the person  
622 submitting the report and the facts upon which the findings are based,  
623 and any other information concerning the defendant requested by the  
624 court, including, but not limited to, the method of treatment or the  
625 type, dosage and effect of any medication the defendant is receiving.  
626 The Court Support Services Division shall monitor the defendant's  
627 compliance with any applicable provisions of such order. The period  
628 of placement and monitoring under such order shall not exceed the  
629 period of the maximum sentence which the defendant could receive on  
630 conviction of the charges against such defendant, or eighteen months,  
631 whichever is less. If the defendant has complied with such treatment  
632 plan and any applicable provisions of such order, at the end of the  
633 period of placement and monitoring, the court shall approve the entry  
634 of a nolle prosequi to the charges against the defendant or shall  
635 dismiss such charges.

636 (B) This subdivision shall not apply: (i) To any person charged with

637 a class A felony, a class B felony, except a violation of section 53a-122  
638 that does not involve the use, attempted use or threatened use of  
639 physical force against another person, or a violation of section 53a-70b  
640 of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or  
641 section 14-227a or 14-227m, subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of  
642 section 14-227n, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or  
643 section 53a-56b, 53a-60d, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or  
644 53a-72b; (ii) to any person charged with a crime or motor vehicle  
645 violation who, as a result of the commission of such crime or motor  
646 vehicle violation, causes the death of another person; or (iii) unless  
647 good cause is shown, to any person charged with a class C felony.

648 Sec. 24. Subdivision (3) of subsection (m) of section 54-56d of the  
649 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
650 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

651 (3) If the court orders the release of a defendant charged with the  
652 commission of a crime that resulted in the death or serious physical  
653 injury, as defined in section 53a-3, of another person, or with a  
654 violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958,  
655 revised to January 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of  
656 section 53-21, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-60 or  
657 section 53a-60a, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b,  
658 or orders the placement of such defendant in the custody of the  
659 Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services or the  
660 Commissioner of Developmental Services, the court may, on its own  
661 motion or on motion of the prosecuting authority, order, as a condition  
662 of such release or placement, periodic examinations of the defendant  
663 as to the defendant's competency at intervals of not less than six  
664 months. If, at any time after the initial periodic examination, the court  
665 finds again, based upon an examiner's recommendation, that there is a  
666 substantial probability that the defendant, if provided with a course of  
667 treatment, will never regain competency, then any subsequent periodic  
668 examination of the defendant as to the defendant's competency shall  
669 be at intervals of not less than eighteen months. Such an examination  
670 shall be conducted in accordance with subsection (d) of this section.

671 Periodic examinations ordered by the court under this subsection shall  
672 continue until the court finds that the defendant has attained  
673 competency or until the time within which the defendant may be  
674 prosecuted for the crime with which the defendant is charged, as  
675 provided in section 54-193 or 54-193a, has expired, whichever occurs  
676 first.

677 Sec. 25. Subsection (c) of section 54-56e of the general statutes is  
678 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
679 *October 1, 2019*):

680 (c) This section shall not be applicable: (1) To any person charged  
681 with (A) a class A felony, (B) a class B felony, except a violation of  
682 subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 53a-122 that does  
683 not involve the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force  
684 against another person, or a violation of subdivision (4) of subsection  
685 (a) of section 53a-122 that does not involve the use, attempted use or  
686 threatened use of physical force against another person and does not  
687 involve a violation by a person who is a public official, as defined in  
688 section 1-110, or a state or municipal employee, as defined in section 1-  
689 110, or (C) a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes,  
690 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 14-227a or 14-  
691 227m, subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n,  
692 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-56b,  
693 53a-60d, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, except as provided in  
694 subdivision (5) of this subsection, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-90a, 53a-196e  
695 or 53a-196f, (2) to any person charged with a crime or motor vehicle  
696 violation who, as a result of the commission of such crime or motor  
697 vehicle violation, causes the death of another person, (3) to any person  
698 accused of a family violence crime as defined in section 46b-38a who  
699 (A) is eligible for the pretrial family violence education program  
700 established under section 46b-38c, or (B) has previously had the  
701 pretrial family violence education program invoked in such person's  
702 behalf, (4) to any person charged with a violation of section 21a-267 or  
703 21a-279 who (A) is eligible for the pretrial drug education and  
704 community service program established under section 54-56i, or (B)

705 has previously had the pretrial drug education program or the pretrial  
706 drug education and community service program invoked on such  
707 person's behalf, (5) unless good cause is shown, to (A) any person  
708 charged with a class C felony, or (B) any person charged with  
709 committing a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section  
710 53a-71 while such person was less than four years older than the other  
711 person, (6) to any person charged with a violation of section 9-359 or 9-  
712 359a, (7) to any person charged with a motor vehicle violation (A)  
713 while operating a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in section 14-1,  
714 or (B) who holds a commercial driver's license or commercial driver's  
715 instruction permit at the time of the violation, (8) to any person  
716 charged with a violation of subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section  
717 53a-60, or (9) to a health care provider or vendor participating in the  
718 state's Medicaid program charged with a violation of section 53a-122  
719 or subdivision (4) of subsection (a) of section 53a-123.

720 Sec. 26. Subdivision (2) of section 54-76b of the general statutes is  
721 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
722 *October 1, 2019*):

723 (2) "Youthful offender" means a youth who (A) is charged with the  
724 commission of a crime which is not a class A felony or a violation of  
725 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
726 January 1, 2019, or section 14-222a, subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of  
727 subsection (b) of section 14-224, section 14-227a, 14-227g or 14-227m,  
728 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision  
729 (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-  
730 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, except a violation involving  
731 consensual sexual intercourse or sexual contact between the youth and  
732 another person who is thirteen years of age or older but under sixteen  
733 years of age, and (B) has not previously been convicted of a felony in  
734 the regular criminal docket of the Superior Court or been previously  
735 adjudged a serious juvenile offender or serious juvenile repeat  
736 offender, as defined in section 46b-120.

737 Sec. 27. Subsection (a) of section 54-76c of the general statutes is

738 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
739 *October 1, 2019*):

740 (a) In any case where an information or complaint has been laid  
741 charging a defendant with the commission of a crime, and where it  
742 appears that the defendant is a youth, such defendant shall be  
743 presumed to be eligible to be adjudged a youthful offender and the  
744 court having jurisdiction shall, but only as to the public, order the  
745 court file sealed, unless such defendant (1) is charged with the  
746 commission of a crime which is a class A felony or a violation of  
747 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
748 January 1, 2019, or section 14-222a, subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of  
749 subsection (b) of section 14-224, section 14-227a, 14-227g or 14-227m,  
750 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision  
751 (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-  
752 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, except a violation involving  
753 consensual sexual intercourse or sexual contact between the youth and  
754 another person who is thirteen years of age or older but under sixteen  
755 years of age, or (2) has been previously convicted of a felony in the  
756 regular criminal docket of the Superior Court or been previously  
757 adjudged a serious juvenile offender or serious juvenile repeat  
758 offender, as defined in section 46b-120. Except as provided in  
759 subsection (b) of this section, upon motion of the prosecuting official,  
760 the court may order that an investigation be made of such defendant  
761 under section 54-76d, for the purpose of determining whether such  
762 defendant is ineligible to be adjudged a youthful offender, provided  
763 the court file shall remain sealed, but only as to the public, during such  
764 investigation.

765 Sec. 28. Subsection (a) of section 54-76l of the general statutes is  
766 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
767 *October 1, 2019*):

768 (a) The records or other information of a youth, other than a youth  
769 arrested for or charged with the commission of a crime which is a class  
770 A felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes,



771 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 14-222a,  
772 subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 14-224,  
773 section 14-227a, 14-227g or 14-227m, subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection  
774 (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21  
775 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, except  
776 a violation involving consensual sexual intercourse or sexual contact  
777 between the youth and another person who is thirteen years of age or  
778 older but under sixteen years of age, including fingerprints,  
779 photographs and physical descriptions, shall be confidential and shall  
780 not be open to public inspection or be disclosed except as provided in  
781 this section, but such fingerprints, photographs and physical  
782 descriptions submitted to the State Police Bureau of Identification of  
783 the Division of State Police within the Department of Emergency  
784 Services and Public Protection at the time of the arrest of a person  
785 subsequently adjudged, or subsequently presumed or determined to  
786 be eligible to be adjudged, a youthful offender shall be retained as  
787 confidential matter in the files of the bureau and be opened to  
788 inspection only as provided in this section. Other data ordinarily  
789 received by the bureau, with regard to persons arrested for a crime,  
790 shall be forwarded to the bureau to be filed, in addition to such  
791 fingerprints, photographs and physical descriptions, and be retained in  
792 the division as confidential information, open to inspection only as  
793 provided in this section.

794 Sec. 29. Section 54-86d of the general statutes is repealed and the  
795 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

796 Any person who has been the victim of a sexual assault under  
797 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
798 January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71,  
799 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, voyeurism under section 53a-189a, or  
800 injury or risk of injury, or impairing of morals under section 53-21, or  
801 of an attempt thereof, or family violence, as defined in section 46b-38a,  
802 shall not be required to divulge his or her address or telephone  
803 number during any trial or pretrial evidentiary hearing arising from  
804 the sexual assault, voyeurism or injury or risk of injury to, or impairing

805 of morals of, a child, or family violence; provided the judge presiding  
806 over such legal proceeding finds: (1) Such information is not material  
807 to the proceeding, (2) the identity of the victim has been satisfactorily  
808 established, and (3) the current address of the victim will be made  
809 available to the defense in the same manner and time as such  
810 information is made available to the defense for other criminal  
811 offenses.

812 Sec. 30. Section 54-86e of the general statutes is repealed and the  
813 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

814 The name and address of the victim of a sexual assault under  
815 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
816 January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71,  
817 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, voyeurism under section 53a-189a, or  
818 injury or risk of injury, or impairing of morals under section 53-21, or  
819 of an attempt thereof, or family violence, as defined in section 46b-38a  
820 and such other identifying information pertaining to such victim as  
821 determined by the court, shall be confidential and shall be disclosed  
822 only upon order of the Superior Court, except that (1) such information  
823 shall be available to the accused in the same manner and time as such  
824 information is available to persons accused of other criminal offenses,  
825 and (2) if a protective order is issued in a prosecution under any of  
826 said sections, the name and address of the victim, in addition to the  
827 information contained in and concerning the issuance of such order,  
828 shall be entered in the registry of protective orders pursuant to section  
829 51-5c.

830 Sec. 31. Subsection (a) of section 54-86j of the general statutes is  
831 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
832 *October 1, 2019*):

833 (a) No member of any municipal police department, the state police  
834 or the Division of Criminal Justice may request or require any victim of  
835 a sexual assault under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision  
836 of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,]

837 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a to submit to or take a polygraph  
838 examination.

839 Sec. 32. Subsection (a) of section 54-102b of the general statutes is  
840 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
841 *October 1, 2019*):

842 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, except as  
843 provided in subsection (b) of this section, a court entering a judgment  
844 of conviction or conviction of a child as delinquent for a violation of  
845 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
846 January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b] or 53a-71 or a  
847 violation of section 53-21, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a involving a  
848 sexual act, shall, at the request of the victim of such crime, order that  
849 the offender be tested for the presence of the etiologic agent for  
850 acquired immune deficiency syndrome or human immunodeficiency  
851 virus and that the results be disclosed to the victim and the offender.  
852 The test shall be performed by or at the direction of the Department of  
853 Correction or, in the case of a child convicted as delinquent, at the  
854 direction of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial  
855 Department or the Department of Children and Families, in  
856 consultation with the Department of Public Health.

857 Sec. 33. Subsection (a) of section 54-102g of the general statutes is  
858 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
859 *October 1, 2019*):

860 (a) Whenever any person is arrested on or after October 1, 2011, for  
861 the commission of a serious felony and, prior to such arrest, has been  
862 convicted of a felony but has not submitted to the taking of a blood or  
863 other biological sample for DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis  
864 pursuant to this section, the law enforcement agency that arrested such  
865 person shall, as available resources allow, require such person to  
866 submit to the taking of a blood or other biological sample for DNA  
867 (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis to determine identification  
868 characteristics specific to the person. If the law enforcement agency

869 requires such person to submit to the taking of such blood or other  
870 biological sample, such person shall submit to the taking of such  
871 sample prior to release from custody and at such time and place as the  
872 agency may specify. For purposes of this subsection, "serious felony"  
873 means a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of  
874 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-54a, 53a-54b, 53a-54c,  
875 53a-54d, 53a-55, 53a-55a, 53a-56, 53a-56a, 53a-56b, 53a-57, 53a-59, 53a-  
876 59a, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-  
877 72b, 53a-92, 53a-92a, 53a-94, 53a-94a, 53a-95, 53a-100aa, 53a-101, 53a-  
878 102, 53a-102a, 53a-103a, 53a-111, 53a-112, 53a-134, 53a-135, 53a-136,  
879 53a-167c, 53a-179b, 53a-179c or 53a-181c.

880 Sec. 34. Subsection (c) of section 54-125e of the general statutes is  
881 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
882 *October 1, 2019*):

883 (c) The period of special parole shall be not less than one year or  
884 more than ten years, except that such period may be for more than ten  
885 years for a person convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the  
886 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or  
887 subdivision (2) of section 53-21 of the general statutes in effect prior to  
888 October 1, 2000, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, or  
889 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b or  
890 sentenced as a persistent dangerous felony offender pursuant to  
891 subsection (i) of section 53a-40 or as a persistent serious felony  
892 offender pursuant to subsection (k) of section 53a-40.

893 Sec. 35. Subsection (a) of section 54-125i of the general statutes is  
894 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
895 *October 1, 2019*):

896 (a) An inmate (1) not convicted of a crime for which there is a  
897 victim, as defined in section 54-201 or section 54-226, who is known by  
898 the Board of Pardons and Paroles, (2) whose eligibility for parole  
899 release is not subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of section 54-  
900 125a, (3) who was not convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the

901 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section  
902 53a-55, 53a-55a, 53a-56, 53a-56a, 53a-56b, 53a-57, 53a-58, 53a-59, 53a-  
903 59a, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60c, 53a-64aa, 53a-64bb, 53a-70, [53a-70b,] 53a-  
904 72b, 53a-92, 53a-92a, 53a-94a, 53a-95, 53a-100aa, 53a-101, 53a-102, 53a-  
905 102a, 53a-103a, 53a-111, 53a-112, 53a-134, 53a-135, 53a-136, 53a-167c,  
906 53a-179b, 53a-179c or 53a-181c, and (4) who is not otherwise prohibited  
907 from being granted parole for any reason, may be allowed to go at  
908 large on parole in accordance with the provisions of section 54-125a or  
909 section 54-125g, pursuant to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of  
910 this section.

911 Sec. 36. Section 54-143c of the general statutes is repealed and the  
912 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

913 In addition to any fine, fee or cost that may be imposed pursuant to  
914 any provision of the general statutes, the court shall impose a fine of  
915 one hundred fifty-one dollars on any person who, on or after July 1,  
916 2004, is convicted of or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to a violation  
917 of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
918 January 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or  
919 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a.  
920 Fines collected under this section shall be deposited in the sexual  
921 assault victims account established under section 19a-112d.

922 Sec. 37. Section 54-193b of the general statutes is repealed and the  
923 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

924 Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 54-193 and 54-193a,  
925 there shall be no limitation of time within which a person may be  
926 prosecuted for a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes,  
927 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a,  
928 [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, provided (1) the victim notified  
929 any police officer or state's attorney acting in such police officer's or  
930 state's attorney's official capacity of the commission of the offense not  
931 later than five years after the commission of the offense, and (2) the  
932 identity of the person who allegedly committed the offense has been

933 established through a DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) profile comparison  
934 using evidence collected at the time of the commission of the offense.

935 Sec. 38. Subsections (d) and (e) of section 54-209 of the general  
936 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
937 (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

938 (d) In instances where a violation of section 53a-70b of the general  
939 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53-21,  
940 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a,  
941 53a-82 or 53a-192a has been alleged, the Office of Victim Services or, on  
942 review, a victim compensation commissioner, may order  
943 compensation be paid if (1) the personal injury has been disclosed to:  
944 (A) A physician or surgeon licensed under chapter 370; (B) a resident  
945 physician or intern in any hospital in this state, whether or not  
946 licensed; (C) a physician assistant licensed under chapter 370; (D) an  
947 advanced practice registered nurse, registered nurse or practical nurse  
948 licensed under chapter 378; (E) a psychologist licensed under chapter  
949 383; (F) a police officer; (G) a mental health professional; (H) an  
950 emergency medical services provider licensed or certified under  
951 chapter 368d; (I) an alcohol and drug counselor licensed or certified  
952 under chapter 376b; (J) a marital and family therapist licensed under  
953 chapter 383a; (K) a domestic violence counselor or a sexual assault  
954 counselor, as defined in section 52-146k; (L) a professional counselor  
955 licensed under chapter 383c; (M) a clinical social worker licensed  
956 under chapter 383b; (N) an employee of the Department of Children  
957 and Families; or (O) a school principal, a school teacher, a school  
958 guidance counselor or a school counselor, and (2) the office or  
959 commissioner, as the case may be, reasonably concludes that a  
960 violation of any of said sections has occurred.

961 (e) In instances where a violation of section 53a-70b of the general  
962 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or section 53-21,  
963 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a,  
964 53a-82, 53a-192a or family violence, as defined in section 46b-38a, has  
965 been alleged, the Office of Victim Services or, on review, a victim

966 compensation commissioner, may also order the payment of  
967 compensation under sections 54-201 to 54-218, inclusive, for personal  
968 injury suffered by a victim (1) as reported in an application for a  
969 restraining order under section 46b-15 or an application for a civil  
970 protection order under section 46b-16a, an affidavit supporting an  
971 application under section 46b-15 or section 46b-16a, or on the record to  
972 the court, provided such restraining order or civil protection order was  
973 granted in the Superior Court following a hearing; or (2) as disclosed  
974 to a domestic violence counselor or a sexual assault counselor, as such  
975 terms are defined in section 52-146k.

976 Sec. 39. Subdivision (14) of section 54-240 of the general statutes is  
977 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
978 *October 1, 2019*):

979 (14) "Sexual assault" means any act that constitutes a violation of  
980 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
981 January 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a,  
982 53a-72b or 53a-73a; and

983 Sec. 40. Subdivision (11) of section 54-250 of the general statutes is  
984 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
985 *October 1, 2019*):

986 (11) "Sexually violent offense" means (A) a violation of section 53a-  
987 70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019,  
988 or section 53a-70, except subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of said  
989 section, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, except subdivision (1), (4), (8) or (10)  
990 or subparagraph (B) of subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of said section  
991 or subparagraph (A) of subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of said section  
992 if the court makes a finding that, at the time of the offense, the victim  
993 was under eighteen years of age, 53a-72a, except subdivision (2) of  
994 subsection (a) of said section, or 53a-72b, or of section 53a-92 or 53a-  
995 92a, provided the court makes a finding that the offense was  
996 committed with intent to sexually violate or abuse the victim, (B) a  
997 violation of any of the offenses specified in subparagraph (A) of this

998 subdivision for which a person is criminally liable under section 53a-8,  
999 53a-48 or 53a-49, or (C) a violation of any predecessor statute to any of  
1000 the offenses specified in subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision  
1001 the essential elements of which are substantially the same as said  
1002 offense.

1003 Sec. 41. Subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 54-255 of the  
1004 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
1005 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

1006 (a) Upon the conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of mental  
1007 disease or defect of any person for a violation of section 53a-70b of the  
1008 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, the court  
1009 may order the Department of Emergency Services and Public  
1010 Protection to restrict the dissemination of the registration information  
1011 to law enforcement purposes only and to not make such information  
1012 available for public access, provided the court finds that dissemination  
1013 of the registration information is not required for public safety and that  
1014 publication of the registration information would be likely to reveal  
1015 the identity of the victim within the community where the victim  
1016 resides. The court shall remove the restriction on the dissemination of  
1017 such registration information if, at any time, the court finds that public  
1018 safety requires that such person's registration information be made  
1019 available to the public or that a change of circumstances makes  
1020 publication of such registration information no longer likely to reveal  
1021 the identity of the victim within the community where the victim  
1022 resides. Prior to ordering or removing the restriction on the  
1023 dissemination of such person's registration information, the court shall  
1024 consider any information or statements provided by the victim.

1025 (b) Upon the conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of mental  
1026 disease or defect of any person of a criminal offense against a victim  
1027 who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or a sexually violent  
1028 offense, where the victim of such offense was, at the time of the  
1029 offense, under eighteen years of age and related to such person within  
1030 any of the degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21, the court may



1031 order the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to  
1032 restrict the dissemination of the registration information to law  
1033 enforcement purposes only and to not make such information  
1034 available for public access, provided the court finds that dissemination  
1035 of the registration information is not required for public safety and that  
1036 publication of the registration information would be likely to reveal  
1037 the identity of the victim within the community where the victim  
1038 resides. The court shall remove the restriction on the dissemination of  
1039 such registration information if, at any time, it finds that public safety  
1040 requires that such person's registration information be made available  
1041 to the public or that a change in circumstances makes publication of  
1042 the registration information no longer likely to reveal the identity of  
1043 the victim within the community where the victim resides.

1044 (c) Any person who: (1) Has been convicted or found not guilty by  
1045 reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of subdivision (1) of  
1046 subsection (a) of section 53a-71 between October 1, 1988, and June 30,  
1047 1999, and was under nineteen years of age at the time of the offense; (2)  
1048 has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or  
1049 defect of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-  
1050 73a between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999; (3) has been convicted  
1051 or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a criminal  
1052 offense against a victim who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or  
1053 a sexually violent offense, between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999,  
1054 where the victim of such offense was, at the time of the offense, under  
1055 eighteen years of age and related to such person within any of the  
1056 degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21; (4) has been convicted  
1057 or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation  
1058 of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to  
1059 January 1, 2019, between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999; or (5) has  
1060 been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or  
1061 defect of any crime between October 1, 1988, and September 30, 1998,  
1062 which requires registration under sections 54-250 to 54-258a, inclusive,  
1063 as amended by this act, and (A) served no jail or prison time as a result  
1064 of such conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of mental disease

1065 or defect, (B) has not been subsequently convicted or found not guilty  
1066 by reason of mental disease or defect of any crime which would  
1067 require registration under sections 54-250 to 54-258a, inclusive, as  
1068 amended by this act, and (C) has registered with the Department of  
1069 Emergency Services and Public Protection in accordance with sections  
1070 54-250 to 54-258a, inclusive, as amended by this act; may petition the  
1071 court to order the Department of Emergency Services and Public  
1072 Protection to restrict the dissemination of the registration information  
1073 to law enforcement purposes only and to not make such information  
1074 available for public access. Any person who files such a petition shall,  
1075 pursuant to subsection (b) of section 54-227, notify the Office of Victim  
1076 Services and the Victim Services Unit within the Department of  
1077 Correction of the filing of such petition. The Office of Victim Services  
1078 or the Victim Services Unit within the Department of Correction, or  
1079 both, shall, pursuant to section 54-230 or 54-230a, notify any victim  
1080 who has requested notification pursuant to subsection (b) of section 54-  
1081 228 of the filing of such petition. Prior to granting or denying such  
1082 petition, the court shall consider any information or statements  
1083 provided by the victim. The court may order the Department of  
1084 Emergency Services and Public Protection to restrict the dissemination  
1085 of the registration information to law enforcement purposes only and  
1086 to not make such information available for public access, provided the  
1087 court finds that dissemination of the registration information is not  
1088 required for public safety.

1089 Sec. 42. Subsection (a) of section 54-260 of the general statutes is  
1090 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
1091 *October 1, 2019*):

1092 (a) For the purposes of this section, "sexual offender" means any  
1093 person convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the general  
1094 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, or subdivision (2)  
1095 of section 53-21 of the general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000,  
1096 or subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, or section 53a-70,  
1097 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b committed on or after  
1098 October 1, 1995.

1099 Sec. 43. Subsection (j) of section 46b-38b of the general statutes is  
 1100 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*  
 1101 *1, 2019*):

1102 (j) The provisions of this section shall not apply to persons who are  
 1103 (1) attending an institution of higher education and presently residing  
 1104 together in on-campus housing [, provided such persons are not in a  
 1105 dating relationship, and] or in off-campus housing that is owned,  
 1106 managed or operated by the institution of higher education or its  
 1107 agent, provided such persons are not family or household members as  
 1108 defined in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (E) or (F) of subdivision (2) of  
 1109 section 46b-38a, or (2) presently residing in a dwelling unit, as defined  
 1110 in section 47a-1, and making payments pursuant to a rental agreement,  
 1111 as defined in section 47a-1, provided such persons are not [in a dating  
 1112 relationship] family or household members as defined in  
 1113 subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (E) or (F) of subdivision (2) of section 46b-  
 1114 38a.

1115 Sec. 44. Section 53a-70b of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective*  
 1116 *October 1, 2019*)"

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	10a-55a(a)
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	10a-55m(a)(5)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	17a-112(j)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	17b-749k(c)
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	19a-87a(a)
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	19a-87e(a)
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	19a-112b
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	19a-112e(5)
Sec. 9	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	31-57r(8)
Sec. 10	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	45a-717(g) and (h)
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	46b-38h
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	47a-11e(a)
Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	52-161b(a)
Sec. 14	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-29(f)

Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-30(a)
Sec. 16	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-32a
Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-33
Sec. 18	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-39a(a)
Sec. 19	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-40(d)
Sec. 20	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-40e(a)
Sec. 21	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-65
Sec. 22	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	53a-67(b)
Sec. 23	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-56d(h)
Sec. 24	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-56d(m)(3)
Sec. 25	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-56e(c)
Sec. 26	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-76b(2)
Sec. 27	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-76c(a)
Sec. 28	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-76l(a)
Sec. 29	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-86d
Sec. 30	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-86e
Sec. 31	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-86j(a)
Sec. 32	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-102b(a)
Sec. 33	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-102g(a)
Sec. 34	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-125e(c)
Sec. 35	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-125i(a)
Sec. 36	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-143c
Sec. 37	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-193b
Sec. 38	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-209(d) and (e)
Sec. 39	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-240(14)
Sec. 40	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-250(11)
Sec. 41	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-255(a) to (c)
Sec. 42	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-260(a)
Sec. 43	<i>July 1, 2019</i>	46b-38b(j)
Sec. 44	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	Repealer section