AN ACT CONCERNING MUNICIPAL AND REGIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AND EFFICIENCIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 7-395 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) The secretary shall review each audit report filed with said secretary as provided in section 7-393, except said secretary shall review the audit reports on each audited agency biennially and may review the audit reports on any municipality or regional school district biennially, provided such secretary shall, in any year in which he does not review the report of any such municipality or regional school district, review the comments and recommendations of the independent auditor who made such audit. If, upon such review of the audit report, evidence of fraud or embezzlement is found, he shall report such information to the state's attorney for the judicial district in
which such municipality, regional school district or audited agency is located. If, in the review of such audit report said secretary finds that such audit has not been prepared in compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) of section 7-394a, or said secretary finds evidence of any unsound or irregular financial practice in relation to commonly accepted standards in municipal finance, said secretary shall prepare a report concerning such finding, including necessary details for proper evaluation of such finding and recommendations for corrective action and shall refer such report to the Municipal Finance Advisory Commission established under section 7-394b. A copy of such report shall be filed with: (1) The chief executive officer of such municipality or audited agency or the superintendent of such school district and, in the case of a town, city or borough, with the clerk of such town, city or borough; and (2) the Auditors of Public Accounts.

(b) If, upon such review of the audit report, the secretary finds (1) that such audit has not been prepared in accordance with subsection (a) of section 7-394, and the municipality, regional school district or audited agency did not request permission to have the audit report prepared in a manner not in compliance with said subsection; or (2) evidence of unsound or irregular financial practices or management letter comments or lack of internal controls in relation to commonly accepted standards in municipal finance, the secretary shall prepare a report concerning such finding, including, but not limited to, information to aid in the evaluation of such finding and recommendations for corrective action. The secretary shall submit such report to (A) the Municipal Finance Advisory Commission established pursuant to section 7-394b; (B) the Auditors of Public Accounts; and (C) the chief executive officer and clerk of the municipality, superintendent of schools for the regional school district or chief executive officer of the audited agency.

(c) Upon receipt of a report submitted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the chief executive officer of a municipality or audited agency or superintendent of schools for the regional school district shall attest to and explain the secretary's findings and submit a plan
for corrective action, in writing, to the secretary.

(d) The secretary shall refer to the Municipal Finance Advisory Commission any municipality that has not been previously referred to said commission pursuant to subsection (b) of this section or section 7-576, 7-576a or 7-576c, provided the municipality has:

(1) A negative fund balance percentage;

(2) Reported a fund balance percentage of less than five per cent in the three immediately preceding fiscal years;

(3) Reported a declining fund balance trend in the two immediately preceding fiscal years;

(4) Issued tax or bond anticipation notes in the three immediately preceding fiscal years to meet cash liquidity;

(5) Had a general fund annual operating budget deficit of one and one-half per cent or more of such municipality's general fund revenues in the immediately preceding fiscal year;

(6) Had a general fund annual operating budget deficit of two per cent or more of such municipality's average general fund revenues in the two immediately preceding fiscal years; or

(7) Received a bond rating below A from a bond rating agency.

(e) The secretary may, at the secretary's discretion and based upon the review conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, refer to the Municipal Finance Advisory Commission any municipality that has not been previously referred to said commission pursuant to subsection (b) of this section or section 7-576, 7-576a or 7-576c.

(f) For the purposes of this section, "deficit", "fund balance" and "fund balance percentage" have the same meanings as provided in section 7-560.

Sec. 2. Section 2-79a of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) (1) There shall be a Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations. The purpose of the commission shall be to enhance coordination and cooperation between the state and local governments. [The]

(2) Before July 1, 2019, the commission shall consist of the president pro tempore of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, the minority leader of the Senate, the minority leader of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, the Commissioners of Education, Energy and Environmental Protection, Economic and Community Development, or their designees, and sixteen additional members as follows: [(1)] (A) Six municipal officials appointed by the Governor, four of whom shall be selected from a list of nominees submitted to him by the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities and two of whom shall be selected from a list submitted by the Council of Small Towns. Two of such six officials shall be from towns having populations of twenty thousand or less persons, two shall be from towns having populations of more than twenty thousand but less than sixty thousand persons and two shall be from towns having populations of sixty thousand or more persons; [(2)] (B) two local public education officials appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be selected from a list of nominees submitted to him by the Connecticut Association of Boards of Education and one of whom shall be selected from a list submitted by the Connecticut Association of School Administrators; [(3)] (C) one representative of a regional council of governments appointed by the Governor from a list of nominees submitted to him by the Regional Planning Association of Connecticut; [(4)] (D) five persons who do not hold elected or appointed office in state or local government, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom shall be appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate and one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of
Representatives; [(5)] (E) one representative of the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities appointed by said conference; and [(6)] (F) one representative of the Council of Small Towns appointed by said council. [Each]

(3) On and after July 1, 2019, the commission shall consist of the chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development, or their designees, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and seventeen additional members as follows: (A) Six municipal officials appointed by the Governor, four of whom shall be selected from a list of nominees submitted to the Governor by the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities and two of whom shall be selected from a list submitted by the Council of Small Towns. Two of such six officials shall be from towns having populations of twenty thousand or less persons, two shall be from towns having populations of more than twenty thousand but less than sixty thousand persons and two shall be from towns having populations of sixty thousand or more persons; (B) two local public education officials appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be selected from a list of nominees submitted to the Governor by the Connecticut Association of Boards of Education and one of whom shall be selected from a list submitted by the Connecticut Association of School Administrators; (C) one representative of a regional council of governments appointed by the Governor from a list of nominees submitted to the Governor by the Regional Planning Association of Connecticut; (D) one representative of organized labor appointed by the Governor from a list of nominees submitted to the Governor by the Connecticut AFL-CIO; (E) five persons who do not hold elected or appointed office in state or local government, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom shall be appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate and one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives;
(F) one representative of the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities appointed by said conference; and (G) one representative of the Council of Small Towns appointed by said council.

(4) Before July 1, 2019, each member of the commission appointed pursuant to [subdivisions (1) to (6)] subparagraphs (A) to (F), inclusive, of subdivision (2) of this subsection shall serve for a term of two years. On and after July 1, 2019, each member of the commission appointed pursuant to subparagraphs (A) to (G), inclusive, of subdivision (3) of this subsection shall serve for a term of two years and may serve until a successor is appointed and has qualified. All other members shall serve for terms which are coterminous with their terms of office. The Governor shall appoint a chairperson and a vice-chairperson from among the commission members. Members of the General Assembly may serve as gubernatorial appointees to the commission. Members of the commission shall not be compensated for their services but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

(b) The commission shall: (1) Serve as a forum for consultation among state and local government officials; (2) conduct research on intergovernmental issues, including, but not limited to, the sharing and consolidation of government services as well as the direct and indirect impacts of changes in the provision of services at different levels of government; (3) encourage and coordinate studies of intergovernmental issues by universities, research and consulting organizations and others; and (4) [initiate policy development and make] develop models for sustainable, recurring savings and revenue growth while initiating policy development and making recommendations for consideration by all levels and branches of government. The commission shall issue, from time to time, public reports of its findings and recommendations. [and] Before July 1, 2019, the commission shall issue, annually, a public report on its activities. On and after July 1, 2019, the commission shall issue, annually, a public report on its activities and a work plan, as described in subsection (c) of this section, for the next year. On and after July 1,
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2020, such public report shall describe the status of all items in the
prior year's work plan, including statistics to measure progress made,
if any, from the prior year.

(c) In developing any work plan to be issued on and after July 1,
2019, the commission, in consultation with other commissions
established to address consolidation and sharing of government
services, shall, on or before October 15, 2019, and every six months
thereafter until October 15, 2021, consider, analyze and make specific
recommendations to the secretary for the accomplishment of, all
aspects of sharing government services among state, regional and local
bodies, which aspects may include, but not be limited to:

(1) Standardization and alignment of various regions;

(2) Consolidation of government services, including, but not limited
to, joint purchasing, for a municipality and its respective local or
regional school district, as applicable;

(3) Consolidation and sharing of government services, including,
but not limited to, joint purchasing, among municipalities;

(4) Types of government services that may be provided in a more
efficient, high-quality or cost-effective manner by another level of
government or by regional councils of governments, regional
educational service centers or other similar regional bodies;

(5) Standardization of government services, including, but not
limited to, the issuance of permits, across state, regional and local
bodies;

(6) Standardization, enhancement or streamlining of reporting by
and among state, regional and local bodies;

(7) Standardization, enhancement or streamlining of collection and
sharing of data;

(8) Opportunities for the use of e-government solutions to deliver
government services and conduct government programs;

(9) Alternative sources of revenue for municipal governments, regional councils of governments and regional educational service centers;

(10) Regional revenue sharing;

(11) Coalition bargaining and other changes to relations between municipalities and municipal employees;

(12) Reduction of long-term liabilities of municipalities; and

(13) Sequencing of and timeliness for planning and implementation of aspects described in this subsection.

[(c)] (d) On or before [October 1, 2019] the second Wednesday after the convening of the regular session of the General Assembly in 2020, and every four years thereafter on such second Wednesday, the commission shall submit to the General Assembly a report which lists each existing state mandate, as defined in subsection (a) of section 2-32b, and which (1) categorizes each mandate as constitutional, statutory or executive, [(2) provides the date of original enactment or issuance along with a brief description of the history of the mandate, and (3) analyzes the costs incurred by] and (2) describes the potential impacts on local governments [in] implementing the mandate. In each report the commission may also make recommendations on state mandates for consideration by the commission. On and after October 1, 1996, the report shall be submitted to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to appropriations and budgets of state agencies, to any other joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance and, upon request, to any member of the General Assembly. A summary of the report shall be submitted to each member of the General Assembly if the summary is two pages or less and a notification of the report shall be submitted to each member if the summary is more than two pages. Submission shall be by mailing the report, summary or
notification to the legislative address of each member of the committees or the General Assembly, as applicable. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to prevent the commission from making more frequent recommendations on state mandates.

[(d)] (e) Commencing on or before [the second Wednesday after the convening of the 1997 regular session of the General Assembly] January 15, 1997, and every year thereafter except a year in which a report is filed pursuant to subsection [(c)] (d) of this section, the commission shall submit to the General Assembly a supplement to the report required in [said subsection (c)] subsection (d) of this section identifying any new mandates adopted and any mandates changed in the previous year.

[(e)] (f) The Office of Policy and Management shall provide such staff as is necessary for the performance of the functions and duties of the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations. Such persons may be exempt from the classified service.

Sec. 3. Section 2-32c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

On and after [January 1, 2019] July 1, 2019, the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, established pursuant to section 2-79a, as amended by this act, shall, not more than ninety days after adjournment of any regular or special session of the General Assembly or [September first] November fifteenth immediately following adjournment of a regular session, whichever is sooner] later, submit to the speaker of the House of Representatives, the president pro tempore of the Senate, the majority leader of the House of Representatives, the majority leader of the Senate, the minority leader of the House of Representatives, [and] the minority leader of the Senate and the chief elected official of each municipality a report [which] that lists each state mandate enacted during said regular or special session of the General Assembly. [Within five days of] Not later than five days after receipt of the report, the speaker and
the president pro tempore shall [submit the report to the Secretary of
the Office of Policy and Management and] refer each state mandate to
the joint standing committee or select committee of the General
Assembly having cognizance of the subject matter of the mandate.
[The secretary shall provide notice of the report to the chief elected
official of each municipality.]

Sec. 4. Section 4-66k of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) There is established an account to be known as the "regional
planning incentive account" which shall be a separate, nonlAPSing
account within the General Fund. The account shall contain any
moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in the
account shall be expended by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and
Management in accordance with subsection (b) of this section for the
purposes of first providing funding to regional planning organizations
in accordance with the provisions of subsections (b) [and (c)] to (d),
inclusive, of this section and then to providing grants under the
regional performance incentive program established pursuant to
section 4-124s, as amended by this act.

(b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, funds from the regional
planning incentive account shall be distributed to each regional
planning organization, as defined in section 4-124i, revision of 1958,
revised to January 1, 2013, in the amount of one hundred twenty-five
thousand dollars. Any regional council of governments that is
comprised of any two or more regional planning organizations that
voluntarily consolidate on or before December 31, 2013, shall receive
an additional payment in an amount equal to the amount the regional
planning organizations would have received if such regional planning
organizations had not voluntarily consolidated.

(c) [Beginning in] For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, and
[annually thereafter] each fiscal year thereafter until July 1, 2019, funds
from the regional planning incentive account shall be distributed to
each regional council of governments formed pursuant to section 4-124j, in the amount of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars plus fifty cents per capita, using population information from the most recent federal decennial census. Any regional council of governments that is comprised of any two or more regional planning organizations, as defined in section 4-124i, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2013, that voluntarily consolidated on or before December 31, 2013, shall receive a payment in the amount of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each such regional planning organization that voluntarily consolidated on or before said date.

(d) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and each fiscal year thereafter, funds from the regional planning incentive account shall be distributed to each regional council of governments formed pursuant to section 4-124j, in the amount of seventy-five thousand dollars plus thirty cents per capita, using population information from the most recent federal decennial census. The secretary may distribute, annually, an additional amount to each regional council of governments.

Sec. 5. Section 4-66r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

For the fiscal year ending June 30, [2018] 2020, and each fiscal year thereafter, each regional council of governments shall [within available appropriations], receive a grant-in-aid to be known as a regional services grant, the amount of which shall be based on a formula to be determined by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management. No such council shall receive a grant for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, unless the secretary approves a spending plan for such grant moneys submitted by such council to the secretary on or before November 1, 2017. No such council shall receive a grant for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, or any fiscal year thereafter, unless the secretary approves a spending plan for such grant moneys submitted by such council to the secretary on or before July 1, 2018, and annually thereafter] the formula established pursuant to section 4-66k, as
amended by this act. Each regional council of governments shall use
such grant funds for planning purposes and to achieve efficiencies in
the delivery of municipal services, without diminishing the quality of
such services. On or before October 1, [2018] 2020, and annually
thereafter, each regional council of governments shall submit a report,
in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of
the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to
planning and development and finance, revenue and bonding, and to
the secretary. Such report shall (1) summarize the expenditure of such
grant funds, (2) describe any regional program, project or initiative
currently provided or planned by the council, (3) review the
performance of any existing regional program, project or initiative
relative to its initial goals and objectives, (4) analyze the existing
services provided by member municipalities or by the state that, in the
opinion of the council, could be more effectively or efficiently
provided on a regional basis, and (5) provide recommendations for
legislative action concerning potential impediments to the
regionalization of services.

Sec. 6. Subsections (b) to (e), inclusive, of section 4-124s of the
general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(b) There is established a regional performance incentive program
that shall be administered by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and
Management. [On or before December 31, 2011, and annually
thereafter, any regional council of governments, any two or more
municipalities acting through a regional council of governments, any
economic development district, any regional educational service center
or any combination thereof may submit a proposal to the secretary for:
(1) The joint provision of any service that one or more participating
municipalities of such council, educational service center or agency
currently provide but which is not provided on a regional basis, (2) a
planning study regarding the joint provision of any service on a
regional basis, or (3) shared information technology services. A copy of
said proposal shall be sent to the legislators representing said
The secretary may provide funding for:

(1) The joint provision of any government service, or (2) a planning study regarding the joint provision of any service on a regional basis.

Any local or regional board of education or regional educational service center serving a population greater than one hundred thousand may submit a proposal to the secretary for a regional special education initiative.

(c) (1) [A regional council of governments, an economic development district, a regional educational service center or a local or regional board of education shall submit each proposal in the form and manner the secretary prescribes and shall, at a minimum, provide the following information for each proposal: (A) Service or initiative description; (B) the explanation of the need for such service or initiative; (C) the method of delivering such service or initiative on a regional basis; (D) the organization that would be responsible for regional service or initiative delivery; (E) a description of the population that would be served; (F) the manner in which regional service or initiative delivery will achieve economies of scale; (G) the amount by which participating municipalities will reduce their mill rates as a result of savings realized; (H) a cost benefit analysis for the provision of the service or initiative by each participating municipality and by the entity or board of education submitting the proposal; (I) a plan of implementation for delivery of the service or initiative on a regional basis; (J) a resolution endorsing such proposal approved by the legislative body of each participating municipality; and (K) an explanation of the potential legal obstacles, if any, to the regional provision of the service or initiative] On or before December 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations established pursuant to section 2-79a, as amended by this act, may recommend to the secretary any specific proposal for achieving additional cost savings through regional efficiencies. The secretary may provide funding, within available resources, to a regional council of governments, an economic development district, a regional educational service center or any...
combination thereof for the purpose of administering any such proposal. Said commission shall submit each proposal in the form and manner prescribed by the secretary.

(2) The secretary shall review each proposal and shall award grants for proposals the secretary determines best meet the requirements of this section. In awarding such grants, the secretary shall give priority to a proposal submitted by (A) any entity specified in subsection (a) of this section that includes participation of all of the member municipalities of such entity, and which may increase the purchasing power of participating municipalities or provide a cost savings initiative resulting in a decrease in expenses of such municipalities, allowing such municipalities to lower property taxes, (B) any economic development district, and (C) any local or regional board of education.

(d) On or before December 31, 2013, and annually thereafter until December 31, 2018, in addition to any proposal submitted pursuant to this section, any municipality or regional council of governments may apply to the secretary for a grant to fund: (1) Operating costs associated with connecting to the state-wide high speed, flexible network developed pursuant to section 4d-80, including the costs to connect at the same rate as other government entities served by such network; and (2) capital cost associated with connecting to such network, including expenses associated with building out the internal fiber network connections required to connect to such network, provided the secretary shall make any such grant available in accordance with the two-year schedule by which the Bureau of Enterprise Systems and Technology recommends connecting each municipality and regional council of governments to such network. Any municipality or regional council of governments shall submit each application in the form and manner the secretary prescribes.

(e) The secretary shall submit to the Governor and the joint standing committee committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and finance, revenue
and bonding a report on the grants provided pursuant to this section. Each such report shall include information on the amount of each grant, and the potential of each grant for leveraging other public and private investments. The secretary shall submit a report for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2011, not later than February 1, 2012, and shall submit a report for each subsequent fiscal year not later than the first day of March in such fiscal year. [Such reports shall include the property tax reductions achieved by means of the program established pursuant to this section.]

Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) There is established a Commission on Shared School Services for the purpose of developing a plan for the redistricting or consolidation of school services and school districts. Such plan shall be developed in accordance with the provisions of section 8 of this act.

(b) The commission shall consist of the following members:

(1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a representative of the American Federation of Teachers-Connecticut and one of whom shall be a representative of the Connecticut Association of Boards of Education;

(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom shall be a representative of the Connecticut Education Association and one of whom shall be a chief elected official of a municipality;

(3) One appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives who shall be a representative of the Connecticut School Transportation Association;

(4) One appointed by the minority leader of the Senate who shall be a representative of a regional school district;

(5) One appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives who shall be a representative of the RESC Alliance;
(6) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate who shall be a representative of the Connecticut Association of Public School Superintendents;

(7) Six appointed by the Governor, at least one of whom shall be a parent of a student enrolled in a public school, one of whom shall be a representative of the Connecticut Association of Schools and one of whom shall be a representative of the Connecticut Association of School Business Officials;

(8) The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee;

(9) The Commissioner of Administrative Services, or the commissioner's designee; and

(10) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the secretary's designee.

(c) All appointments to the commission shall be made not later than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority. The Commissioner of Education shall schedule the first meeting of the commission, which shall be held not later than forty-five days after the effective date of this section.

(d) There shall be two chairpersons of the commission as follows: (1) The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee, and (2) a member of the commission who is selected by a majority of members of the commission at the first meeting of the commission.

(e) The Department of Education shall provide administrative support to the commission, including, but not limited to, administrative staff and supplies. The department may retain consultants, as necessary, to assist the commission in carrying out its duties.

(f) The commission shall terminate on June 30, 2027.

Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The Commission on Shared
School Services, established pursuant to section 7 of this act, shall develop a plan for redistricting or consolidating school services and school districts. In developing such plan and to assist in the completion of the reports required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the chairpersons of the commission may, as needed, (1) establish subcommittees and working groups of the members, and (2) hold public hearings or conduct any other outreach, including consultations with the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, established pursuant to section 2-79a of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

(b) The commission shall:

(1) Not later than December 1, 2019, develop a report concerning existing school districts, including, but not limited to, (A) the sizes of existing school districts, including enrollment data and the number of certified and noncertified employees, (B) the types and administrative structures of existing school districts, such as local boards of education, regional boards of education, regional educational services centers, state and local charter schools, incorporated or endowed high schools or academies, the Technical Education and Career System and regional agricultural science and technology education centers, (C) the number of schools, including school building size and capacity, enrollment data and grade ranges, as reported to the Department of Administrative Services in such form and manner as prescribed by the office of school grants and review within the department.

(2) Not later than November 1, 2019, develop a report concerning existing shared services between school districts and employment of superintendents of schools, including, but not limited to, existing cooperative arrangements pursuant to section 10-158a of the general statutes and instances of the joint employment of a superintendent of schools pursuant to section 10-157a of the general statutes;

(3) Not later than November 15, 2019, develop a report concerning academic and support services provided by school districts, as
reported to the Department of Education in such form and manner as
prescribed by the Commissioner of Education;

(4) Not later than January 15, 2020, develop a report containing
preliminary recommendations concerning school district sizes and
types, including, but not limited to, the total number of school districts,
types of school districts, total number of schools in a school district
and enrollment of school districts;

(5) Not later than January 15, 2020, develop a report containing a
review and preliminary recommendations concerning the governance
structure of school districts;

(6) Not later than February 1, 2020, develop a report containing
preliminary recommendations concerning enhanced shared services
among school districts and with municipalities;

(7) Not later than April 1, 2020, develop a report containing a review
of the current services provided by regional educational service centers
and preliminary recommendations concerning the role of regional
educational service centers in regionalization and shared service
efforts;

(8) Not later than April 15, 2020, develop a report containing a review of existing labor contracts within each of the various types of school districts described in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, and preliminary recommendations concerning how future labor contracts should be negotiated as additional education services are shared and following redistricting;

(9) Not later than June 1, 2020, develop, in consultation with the
Connecticut Association of School Business Officials, a report
containing a review of existing school transportation service contracts
within each of the various types of school districts described in
subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, and preliminary recommendations concerning the establishment of shared school transportation contracts, including time spent by students on school
buses, hours of such transportation services, tiers of schools and any other related issues;

(10) Not later than July 1, 2020, develop, in consultation with the Connecticut Interscholastic Athletic Conference, a report containing a review of interscholastic athletic schedules and arrangements within and among each of the various types of school districts described in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, and preliminary recommendations concerning the development of interscholastic athletic schedules and related issues, including transportation services to interscholastic athletic events and school hours;

(11) Not later than July 1, 2020, develop, in consultation with the Connecticut After School Network, a report containing a review of existing after-school programs and arrangements within and among each of the various types of school districts described in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, and preliminary recommendations concerning the potential impact and changes to such after-school programs and arrangements following redistricting or the sharing of services, on such issues as transportation and school hours;

(12) Not later than August 1, 2020, develop a report containing a review of the current school choice program structures and unified enrollment systems concerning a regional or state-basis, and preliminary recommendations on the integration of school choice programs in a system of shared services and school district consolidations;

(13) Not later than August 15, 2020, develop a report containing preliminary recommendations concerning the impact that redistricting and consolidation may have on the provision of special education services not otherwise addressed in any of the previous preliminary recommendations required under this section;

(14) Not later than August 15, 2020, develop a report containing preliminary recommendations concerning the impact that redistricting and consolidation may have on early childhood care and education
programs within and among each of the various types of school
districts described in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this
subsection;

(15) Not later than September 1, 2020, develop a report containing
preliminary recommendations concerning school building usage
within and among each of the various types of school districts
described in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection;

(16) Not later than October 1, 2020, develop a report containing
preliminary recommendations concerning the use of incentives, grants
or tax changes to accomplish any of the other preliminary
recommendations developed pursuant to this section; and

(17) Not later than December 1, 2020, develop a comprehensive
report concerning the preliminary recommendations developed
pursuant to this section, including financial projections on savings and
costs resulting from school district redistricting or consolidation.

(c) Not later than December 15, 2020, the chairpersons of the
commission shall hold a public hearing on the comprehensive report
developed pursuant to subdivision (17) of subsection (b) of this
section.

(d) The commission may continue to develop additional
recommendations following the submission of any report required
under subsection (b) of this section.

(e) All reports and plans developed pursuant to this section shall be
submitted to the Governor, State Board of Education and the joint
standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of
matters relating to education and appropriations, in accordance with
the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.

(f) The Commissioner of Education shall make all such reports and
plans available to the public on the Internet web site of the Department
of Education.
Sec. 9. (Effective from passage) Not later than March 1, 2020, the Commissioner of Education shall solicit proposals, through a request for information, for cooperative arrangements and regionalization of education services and incentives for the establishment of such cooperative arrangements or regionalization of education services. The commissioner shall submit a report on the results of such request for information to the Commission on Shared School Services, established pursuant to section 7 of this act.

Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) (1) Not later than September 15, 2019, each municipality and the local or regional board of education for such municipality shall develop a report on which services have been shared or consolidated (A) between the municipality and its local or regional board of education, and (B) with other municipalities or local and regional boards of education, including, but not limited to, human resources, accounting, payroll, procurement, finance, information technology, risk management, health care and retirement benefits, insurance and claims administration and buildings and grounds. Such report shall include a detailed cost-benefit analysis of such consolidations.

(2) Each municipality shall submit such report, on a form and in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, to the secretary, Commissioner of Education and Commissioner of Administrative Services. The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall forward such reports to the Commission on Shared School Services, established pursuant to section 7 of this act, and the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, established pursuant to section 2-79a of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

(b) (1) Not later than January 1, 2020, each municipality and the local or regional board of education for such municipality shall, in consultation with the Commission on Shared School Services and the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, develop a report on which services will be shared or consolidated (A)
between the municipality and its local or regional board of education, and (B) with other municipalities or local and regional boards of education, including, but not limited to, human resources, accounting, payroll, procurement, finance, information technology, risk management, health care and retirement benefits, insurance and claims administration, and buildings and grounds. Such report shall include a (i) detailed cost-benefit analysis of such consolidations, (ii) a schedule for implementation to be completed on or before July 1, 2022, and (iii) an explanation of when services and consolidations are not being implemented.

(2) Each municipality shall submit such report, on a form and in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, to the secretary, Commissioner of Education and Commissioner of Administrative Services. The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall forward such reports to the Commission on Shared School Services and the Connecticut Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations.

Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 32-665 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) Except as otherwise provided in sections 32-650 to 32-668, inclusive, the following provisions of the general statutes, including regulations adopted thereunder, shall not apply to the overall project: Section 3-14b, subdivisions (13) to (15), inclusive, of section 4-166, sections 4-167 to 4-174, inclusive, 4-181a, 4a-1 to 4a-59a, inclusive, 4a-63 to 4a-76, inclusive, title 4b, section 16a-31, chapters 97a, 124 and 126, sections 14-311 to 14-314c, inclusive, 19a-37, 22a-16 and subsection (a) of section 22a-19. For the purposes of section 22a-12, construction plans relating to the overall project shall not be considered construction plans required to be submitted by state agencies to the Council on Environmental Quality. Notwithstanding any provision of any special act, charter, ordinance, home rule ordinance or chapter 98, no provision of any such act, charter or ordinance or said chapter 98,
concerning licenses, permits or approvals by a political subdivision of
the state pertaining to building demolition or construction shall apply
to the overall project and, notwithstanding any provision of the
general statutes, the State Building Inspector and the State Fire
Marshal shall have original jurisdiction with respect to the
administration and enforcement of the State Building Code and the
Fire Safety Code, respectively, with respect to all aspects of the overall
project, including, without limitation, the conduct of necessary reviews
and inspections and the issuance of any building permit, certificate of
occupancy or other necessary permits or certificates related to building
construction, occupancy or fire safety. For the purposes of part III of
chapter 557, the stadium facility project, the convention center project
and the parking project shall be deemed to be a public works project
and consist of public buildings except that the provisions relating to
payment of prevailing wages to workers in connection with a public
works project including, but not limited to, section 31-53 shall not
apply to the stadium facility project, the convention center project and
the parking project if the project manager or the prime construction
contractor has negotiated other wage terms pursuant to a project labor
agreement. The provisions of section 2-32c, as amended by this act,
and subsection [(c)] (d) of section 2-79a, as amended by this act, shall
not apply to any provisions of public act 99-241, as amended by public
act 00-140, or chapter 588x concerning the overall project. Any building
permit application with respect to the overall project shall be exempt
from the assessment of an education fee under subsection (b) of section
29-252a.

Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 4-66n of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July
1, 2019):

(b) Moneys transferred to the account in accordance with section 87
of public act 13-247 shall be expended by the Office of Policy and
Management as follows: (1) For the Nutmeg Network, [two million
one hundred seventy-four thousand] two million one hundred four
thousand dollars; (2) for a tax incidence study, seven hundred
thousand dollars; (3) for the universal chart of accounts, [four hundred fifty thousand] two hundred seventy thousand dollars; (4) to audit private providers of special education services, in accordance with section 2-90 and sections 10-91g to 10-91i, inclusive, three hundred sixty-six thousand dollars; [and] (5) for the Department of Education, to conduct the study described in section 4 of public act 16-144, two hundred fifty thousand dollars; and (6) two hundred fifty thousand dollars to promote and facilitate the implementation of shared or regional government services. Such moneys for the universal chart of accounts may be used to reimburse expenses incurred on or after July 1, 2013.

Sec. 13. Section 12-62 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) As used in this chapter:

(1) "Assessor" means the person responsible for establishing property assessments for purposes of a town's grand list and includes a board of assessors;

(2) "Field review" means the process by which an assessor, a member of an assessor's staff or person designated by an assessor examines each parcel of real property in its neighborhood setting, compares observable attributes to those listed on such parcel's corresponding property record, makes any necessary corrections based on such observation and verifies that such parcel's attributes are accounted for in the valuation being developed for a revaluation;

(3) "Full inspection" or "fully inspect" means to measure or verify the exterior dimensions of a building or structure and to enter and examine the interior of such building or structure in order to observe and record or verify the characteristics and conditions thereof, provided permission to enter such interior is granted by the property owner or an adult occupant;

(4) "Real property" means all the property described in section 12-
"Revaluation" or "revalue" means to establish the present true and actual value of all real property in a town as of a specific assessment date;

"Secretary" means the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or said secretary's designee; [and]

"Town" means any town, consolidated town and city or consolidated town and borough; and

"Revaluation zone" means one of five geographic areas in the state established by the secretary utilizing the boundaries of the nine planning regions.

(b) (1) (A) Commencing October 1, 2006, and until September 30, 2020, each town shall implement a revaluation not later than the first day of October that follows, by five years, the October first assessment date on which the town's previous revaluation became effective, provided, a town that opted to defer a revaluation, pursuant to section 12-62l, shall implement a revaluation not later than the first day of October that follows, by five years, the October first assessment date on which the town's deferred revaluation became effective.

(B) Commencing October 1, 2020, (i) each town shall implement a revaluation not later than the first day of October that follows, by five years, an October first assessment date set in accordance with a revaluation date schedule prescribed by the secretary for each revaluation zone, (ii) any town's required revaluation subsequent to any delayed revaluation implemented pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this subdivision shall be implemented in accordance with this section, and (iii) any such revaluation subsequent to any delayed revaluation shall recommence on the date set in such revaluation date schedule prescribed for the revaluation zone in which such town is located, which revaluation date schedule applied to such town prior to such delay.
(C) The town shall use assessments derived from each such revaluation for the purpose of levying property taxes for the assessment year in which such revaluation is effective and for each assessment year that follows until the ensuing revaluation becomes effective.

(2) When conducting a revaluation, an assessor shall use generally accepted mass appraisal methods which may include, but need not be limited to, the market sales comparison approach to value, the cost approach to value and the income approach to value. Prior to the completion of each revaluation, the assessor shall conduct a field review. Except in a town that has a single assessor, the members of the board of assessors shall approve, by majority vote, all valuations established for a revaluation.

(3) An assessor, member of an assessor's staff or person designated by an assessor may, at any time, fully inspect any parcel of improved real property in order to ascertain or verify the accuracy of data listed on the assessor's property record for such parcel. Except as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection, the assessor shall fully inspect each such parcel once in every ten assessment years, provided, if the full inspection of any such parcel occurred in an assessment year preceding that commencing October 1, 1996, the assessor shall fully inspect such parcel not later than the first day of October of 2009, and shall thereafter fully inspect such parcel in accordance with this section. Nothing in this subsection shall require the assessor to fully inspect all of a town's improved real property parcels in the same assessment year and in no case shall an assessor be required to fully inspect any such parcel more than once during every ten assessment years.

(4) An assessor may, at any time during the period in which a full inspection of each improved parcel of real property is required, send a questionnaire to the owner of such parcel to (A) obtain information concerning the property's acquisition, and (B) obtain verification of the accuracy of data listed on the assessor's property record for such
parcel. An assessor shall develop and institute a quality assurance program with respect to responses received to such questionnaires. If satisfied with the results of said program concerning such questionnaires, the assessor may fully inspect only those parcels of improved real property for which satisfactory verification of data listed on the assessor's property record has not been obtained and is otherwise unavailable. The full inspection requirement in subdivision (3) of this subsection shall not apply to any parcel of improved real property for which the assessor obtains satisfactory verification of data listed on the assessor's property record.

(c) The following shall be available for public inspection in the assessor's office, in the manner provided for access to public records in subsection (a) of section 1-210, not later than the date written notices of real property valuations are mailed in accordance with subsection (f) of this section: (1) Any criteria, guidelines, price schedules or statement of procedures used in such revaluation by the assessor or by any revaluation company that the assessor designates to perform mass appraisal or field review functions, all of which shall continue to be available for public inspection until the town's next revaluation becomes effective; and (2) a compilation of all real property sales in each neighborhood for the twelve months preceding the date on which each revaluation is effective, the selling prices of which are representative of the fair market values of the properties sold, which compilation shall continue to be available for public inspection for a period of not less than twelve months immediately following a revaluation's effective date. If the assessor changes any property valuation as determined by the revaluation company, the assessor shall document, in writing, the reason for such change and shall append such written explanation to the property card for the real estate parcel whose revaluation was changed. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit the assessor to post a plan or drawing of a dwelling unit of a residential property's interior on the Internet or to otherwise publish such plan or drawing.

(d) (1) The chief executive officer of a town shall notify the Secretary
of the Office of Policy and Management that the town is effecting a revaluation by sending a written notice to the secretary not later than thirty days after the date on which such town's assessor signs a grand list that reflects assessments of real property derived from a revaluation. Any town that fails to effect a revaluation for the assessment date required by this section shall be subject to a penalty effective for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July following such assessment date, and continuing for each successive fiscal year in which the town fails to levy taxes on the basis of such revaluation, provided the secretary shall not impose such penalty with respect to any assessment year in which the provisions of subsection (b) of section 12-117 are applicable. Such penalty shall be the forfeit of the amount otherwise allocable to such town pursuant to section 7-536, and the loss of fifty per cent of the amount of the grant that is payable to such town pursuant to sections 3-55i, 3-55j and 3-55k. Upon imposing said penalty, the secretary shall notify the chief executive officer of the amount of the town's forfeiture for said fiscal year and that the secretary's certification to the State Comptroller for the payments of such grant in said year shall reflect the required reduction.

(2) The secretary may waive such penalty if, in the secretary's opinion, there appears to be reasonable cause for the town not having implemented a revaluation for the required assessment date, provided the chief executive officer of the town submits a written request for such waiver. Reasonable cause shall include: (A) An extraordinary circumstance or an act of God, (B) the failure on the part of any revaluation company to complete its contractual duties in a time and manner allowing for the implementation of such revaluation, and provided the town imposed the sanctions for such failure provided in a contract executed with said company, (C) the assessor's death or incapacitation during the conduct of a revaluation, which results in a delay of its implementation, or (D) an order by the superior court for the judicial district in which the town is located postponing such revaluation, or the potential for such an order with respect to a
proceeding brought before said court. The chief executive officer shall submit such written request to the secretary not earlier than thirty business days after the date on which the assessor signs a grand list that does not reflect real property assessments based on values established for such required revaluation, and not later than thirty days preceding the July first commencement date of the fiscal year in which said penalty is applicable. Such request shall include the reason for the failure of the town to comply with the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. The chief executive officer of such town shall promptly provide any additional information regarding such failure that the secretary may require. Not later than sixty days after receiving such request and any such additional information, the secretary shall notify the chief executive officer of the secretary's decision to grant or deny the waiver requested, provided the secretary may delay a decision regarding a waiver related to a potential court order until not later than sixty days after the date such court renders the decision. The secretary shall not grant a penalty waiver under the provisions of this subsection with respect to consecutive years unless the General Assembly approves such action.

(e) When conducting a revaluation, an assessor may designate a revaluation company certified in accordance with section 12-2b to perform [property] parcel data collection, analysis of such data and any mass appraisal valuation or field review functions, pursuant to a method or methods the assessor approves, and may require such company to prepare and mail the valuation notices required by subsection (f) of this section, provided nothing in this subsection shall relieve any assessor of any other requirement relating to such revaluation imposed by any provisions of the general statutes, any public or special act, the provisions of any municipal charter that are not inconsistent with the requirements of this section, or any regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (g) of this section.

(f) Not earlier than the assessment date that is the effective date of a revaluation and not later than the tenth calendar day immediately following the date on which the grand list for said assessment date is
signed, the assessor shall mail a written notice to the last-known address of the owner of each parcel of real property that was revalued. Such notice shall include the valuation of such parcel as of said assessment date and the valuation of such parcel in the last-preceding assessment year, and shall provide information describing the property owner’s rights to appeal the valuation established for said assessment date, including the manner in which an appeal may be filed with the board of assessment appeals.

(g) The secretary shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, which an assessor shall use when conducting a revaluation. Such regulations shall include (1) provisions governing the management of the revaluation process, including, but not limited to, the method of compiling and maintaining property records, documenting the assessment year during which a full inspection of each parcel of improved real property occurs, and the method of determining real property sales data in support of the mass appraisal process, and (2) provisions establishing criteria for measuring the level and uniformity of assessments generated from a revaluation, provided such criteria shall be applicable to different classes of real property with respect to which a sufficient number of property sales exist. Certification of compliance with not less than one of said regulatory provisions shall be required for each revaluation and the assessor shall, not later than the date on which the grand list reflecting assessments of real property derived from a revaluation is signed, certify to the secretary and the chief executive officer, in writing, that the revaluation was conducted in accordance with said regulatory requirement. Any town effecting a revaluation with respect to which an assessor is unable to certify such compliance shall be subject to the penalty provided in subsection (d) of this section. In the event the assessor designates a revaluation company to perform mass appraisal valuation or field review functions with respect to a revaluation, the assessor and the employee of said company responsible for such function or functions shall jointly sign such certification. The assessor shall retain a copy of such certification and any data in support thereof.
in the assessor's office. The provisions of subsection (c) of this section concerning the public inspection of criteria, guidelines, price schedules or statement of procedures used in a revaluation shall be applicable to such certification and supporting data.

(h) This section shall require the revaluation of real property (1) designated within the 1983 Settlement boundary and taken into trust by the federal government for the Mashantucket Pequot Tribal Nation before June 8, 1999, or (2) taken into trust by the federal government for the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut.

(i) Each assessor shall file with the secretary parcel data from each revaluation implemented pursuant to this section upon forms prescribed and furnished by the secretary, which forms shall be so prescribed and furnished not later than thirty days prior to the date set by the secretary for such filing.

Sec. 14. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2019) (a) Not later than July 1, 2020, each regional council of governments shall establish a regional assessment division for the collection and processing of data for each municipality with fifteen thousand parcels or fewer of real property within such council's planning region, as defined in section 4-124i of the general statutes. Such data shall include, but not be limited to, regional geographical information systems, personal property declarations, income and expense statements, property transfers, valuation of motor vehicles and building permit information. Each such municipality shall provide the data requested by the regional assessment division pursuant to this subsection.

(b) Each municipality with fifteen thousand parcels or fewer of real property that fails to provide the data requested pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to a penalty, imposed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, effective for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2020, and continuing for each successive fiscal year in which the municipality fails to provide such data, provided the secretary shall not impose such penalty with
respect to any assessment year in which the provisions of subsection (b) of section 12-117 of the general statutes are applicable. Such penalty shall be the forfeit of the amount otherwise allocable to such municipality pursuant to section 7-536 of the general statutes, and the loss of fifty per cent of the amount of the grant that is payable to such municipality pursuant to sections 3-55i, 3-55j and 3-55k of the general statutes. Upon imposing such penalty, the secretary shall notify such municipality’s chief executive officer of the amount of such municipality’s forfeiture for such fiscal year and that the secretary’s certification to the State Comptroller for the payments of such grant in such year shall reflect the required reduction.

Sec. 15. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2019) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of the general statutes, any special act, municipal charter or ordinance to the contrary, the tax collector of each municipality shall be appointed by the legislative body of such municipality, which legislative body shall establish the qualifications and compensation of such tax collector, except that any tax collector elected before July 1, 2019, shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which such tax collector was elected.

(b) Not later than July 1, 2022, each municipality with fifteen thousand parcels or fewer of real property shall establish an assessment and collection department and shall consolidate into such department the powers and duties of such municipality’s assessor or board of assessors and the powers and duties of such municipality’s tax collector.

(c) Each municipality with fifteen thousand parcels or fewer of real property that fails to establish an assessment and collection department on or before July 1, 2022, shall be subject to a penalty, imposed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, effective for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2022, and continuing for each successive fiscal year in which the municipality fails to establish such department, provided the secretary shall not impose such penalty with respect to any assessment year in which the
provisions of subsection (b) of section 12-117 of the general statutes are applicable. Such penalty shall be the forfeit of the amount otherwise allocable to such municipality pursuant to section 7-536 of the general statutes, and the loss of fifty per cent of the amount of the grant that is payable to such municipality pursuant to sections 3-55i, 3-55j and 3-55k of the general statutes. Upon imposing such penalty, the secretary shall notify such municipality's chief executive officer of the amount of such municipality's forfeiture for such fiscal year and that the secretary's certification to the State Comptroller for the payments of such grant in such year shall reflect the required reduction.

Sec. 16. Section 7-105 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

Each person appointed an assessor or a collector of town taxes, or elected or appointed a member of the board of assessment appeals [or a collector of town taxes] in any town shall be sworn before entering upon the duties of the office to which he has been elected or appointed.

Sec. 17. Section 9-185 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

Unless otherwise provided by special act or charter, (1) members of boards of assessment appeals, (2) selectmen, (3) town clerks, (4) town treasurers, (5) [collectors of taxes, (6)] constables, [(7)] (6) registrars of voters, [(8)] (7) subject to the provisions of subsection (i) of section 10-223e, members of boards of education, and [(9)] (8) library directors shall be elected, provided any town may, by ordinance, provide for the appointment, by its chief executive authority, of (A) a constable or constables in lieu of constables to be elected under section 9-200, or (B) a town clerk [J] or town treasurer [or collector of taxes] in lieu of the election of such officers as provided in section 9-189. Unless otherwise provided by special act or charter, all other town officers shall be appointed as provided by law and, if no other provision for their appointment is made by law, then (i) by the chief executive officer of such municipality, (ii) where the legislative body is a town meeting, by
the board of selectmen, or (iii) by such other appointing authority as a
town may by ordinance provide, and except that, if a board of finance
is established under the provisions of section 7-340, the members
thereof shall be elected as provided in section 9-202. Any town may, by
a vote of its legislative body, determine the number of its officers and
prescribe the mode by which they shall be voted for at subsequent
elections.

Sec. 18. Section 9-189 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) [Each] Before July 1, 2019, each town, unless otherwise provided
by law, shall, at its regular municipal election elect a town clerk for a
term of not less than two years [and] but not more than six years, a
town treasurer for the term of two years and a collector of town taxes
for a term of not less than two years and not more than six. Each such
clerk, treasurer and collector of taxes shall hold office for the term for
which he is elected and until his successor is elected and has qualified.

[(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section,
the legislative body of a town may, by ordinance adopted by its
legislative body or in any town in which the legislative body is a town
meeting, by the board of selectmen, authorize appointment of a tax
collector. Such ordinance shall include provisions for the appointment
procedure and shall specify the term of appointment. If the charter,
home rule ordinance or special act of a town provides for the method
of appointment of a tax collector, the method shall be changed by
charter, charter amendment or home rule amendment.]

(b) On and after July 1, 2019, each town shall appoint a collector of
taxes in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of this act, except
that any collector of taxes elected before July 1, 2019, shall hold office
until the expiration of the term for which such tax collector was
elected.

Sec. 19. Section 12-136 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):
The collector of taxes of each town, city or borough shall, before the
commitment to him of any warrant for the collection of taxes, give a
bond [to run for the term of his office,] for the faithful discharge of his
duties in such sum as is fixed by the selectmen of each town not
consolidated with a city or borough, the mayor and aldermen of each
city or the warden and burgesses of each borough. Each other collector
of taxes shall, before the commitment to him of any warrant for the
collection of taxes, give to the municipal district of which he is such
collector a bond, with surety, to the acceptance of the committee or
other authority signing the rate bill, [to run for the term of his office,] for the faithful discharge of his duties. The bond of each town tax
collector shall be procured from a surety company of good standing
approved by the selectmen, and the premium on such bond shall be
paid by the town treasurer upon order of the selectmen. If any
collector refuses to receive the rate bill or give the bond required by
law or to collect and pay the tax within the time limited and delivers
up his rate bill, the selectmen or committee of the community may
depute some person to collect the sums due on such rate bill, who shall
give bond as prescribed in this section.

Sec. 20. Section 12-137 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

When the tax collector of any town, city, borough, fire district or
other municipality, by reason of illness or disability, becomes unable to
discharge the duties of his office, the selectmen of the town, or a
majority of them, or the governing body of any such municipality,
may, by a writing signed by them or by the authorized officer of the
governing body, as the case may be, appoint some suitable person as
acting tax collector, who, upon being sworn and giving a bond
satisfactory to the selectmen or such governing body, may thereupon
exercise all the duties and perform all the functions of such tax
collector until such time as such tax collector is found by such
selectmen or such governing body to have become able to discharge
the duties of his office or until his successor is [elected or] appointed
and has qualified.
Sec. 21. Section 7-148cc of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

[Two] Notwithstanding the provisions of the general statutes or any special act, charter, special act charter, home-rule ordinance or local law, two or more municipalities may jointly perform any function that each municipality may perform separately under any provisions of the general statutes or of any special act, charter or home rule ordinance by entering into an interlocal agreement pursuant to sections 7-339a to 7-339l, inclusive. As used in this section, "municipality" means any municipality, as defined in section 7-187, any district, as defined in section 7-324, any metropolitan district or any municipal district created under section 7-330 and located within the state of Connecticut.

Sec. 22. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 28-24 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(2) [Develop] (A) Before July 1, 2019, develop and administer an enhanced emergency 9-1-1 program, which shall provide for: [(A)] (i) The replacement of existing 9-1-1 terminal equipment for each public safety answering point; [(B)] (ii) the subsidization of regional public safety emergency telecommunications centers, with enhanced subsidization for municipalities with a population of forty thousand or more; [(C)] (iii) the establishment of a transition grant program to encourage regionalization of public safety answering points; [(D)] (iv) the establishment of a regional emergency telecommunications service credit in order to support regional dispatch services; and [(E)] (v) the implementation of the next generation 9-1-1 telecommunication system;

(B) On and after July 1, 2019, develop and administer an enhanced emergency 9-1-1 program, which shall provide for: (i) The maintenance and replacement of existing 9-1-1 terminal equipment for each public safety answering point, provided, on and after July 1, 2024,
each such answering point shall serve a population of forty thousand
or more and may be a regional public safety emergency
telecommunications center; (ii) the subsidization of regional public
safety emergency telecommunications centers, with enhanced
subsidization for municipalities with a population of forty thousand or
more; (iii) the establishment of a transition grant program to encourage
regionalization of public safety answering points. Any transition grant
under such program shall be awarded, as provided in regulations
adopted under this section, to each town or city (I) joining an existing
regional public safety emergency telecommunications center, or (II)
creating a new regional public safety emergency telecommunications
center. The amount of any such grant shall be in an amount not less
than two hundred fifty thousand and up to five hundred thousand
dollars, subject to availability of funds and using a sliding scale based
upon the annual number of 9-1-1 calls placed from each joining or
creating town or city; (iv) the establishment of a regional emergency
telecommunications service credit in order to support regional
dispatch services; and (v) the implementation of the next generation 9-
1-1 telecommunication system as defined in section 28-25;

Sec. 23. Subsections (b) to (e), inclusive, of section 28-24 of the
general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (Effective October 1, 2019):

(b) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection
shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, establishing
eligibility standards for state financial assistance to local or regional
police, fire and emergency medical service agencies providing
emergency service telecommunications. Not later than April 1, 1997,
the commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter
54, in order to carry out the provisions of subparagraph (A) of
subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section. Not later than April 1,
2021, the commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with
chapter 54, in order to carry out the provisions of subparagraph (B) of
subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section.
(c) Within a time period determined by the commissioner to ensure the availability of funds for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, to the regional emergency telecommunications centers within the state, and not later than April first of each year thereafter, the commissioner shall determine the amount of funding needed for the development and administration of the enhanced emergency 9-1-1 program. The commissioner shall specify the expenses associated with (1) the purchase, installation and maintenance of new public safety answering point terminal equipment, (2) the implementation of the subsidy program, as described in subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, (3) the implementation of the transition grant program, described in subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, (4) the implementation of the regional emergency telecommunications service credit, as described in subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, provided, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, and each fiscal year thereafter, such credit for coordinated medical emergency direction services as provided in regulations adopted under this section shall be based upon the factor of thirty cents per capita and shall not be reduced each year, (5) the training of personnel, as necessary, (6) recurring expenses and future capital costs associated with the telecommunications network used to provide emergency 9-1-1 service and the public safety services data networks, (7) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, and each fiscal year thereafter, the collection, maintenance and reporting of emergency medical services data, as required under subparagraph (A) of subdivision (8) of section 19a-177, provided the amount of expenses specified under this subdivision shall not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal year, (8) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, and each fiscal year thereafter, the initial training of emergency medical dispatch personnel, the provision of an emergency medical dispatch priority reference card set and emergency medical dispatch training and continuing education pursuant to subdivisions (3) and (4) of subsection (g) of section 28-25b, (9) the administration of the enhanced emergency 9-1-1 program by the Division of State-Wide Emergency Telecommunications, as the commissioner determines to be reasonably
necessary, and (10) the implementation and maintenance of the public
safety data network established pursuant to section 29-1j. The
commissioner shall communicate the commissioner's findings to the
Public Utilities Regulatory Authority not later than April first of each
year.

(d) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, and each fiscal year
thereafter, any municipality with a population of less than forty
thousand, which municipality has not joined with two or more other
municipalities to form a regional emergency telecommunications
center, shall not be eligible to receive any funds pursuant to this
section.

[(d)] (e) The division may apply for, receive and distribute any
federal funds available for emergency service telecommunications. The
division shall deposit such federal funds in the Enhanced 9-1-1
Telecommunications Fund established pursuant to section 28-30a, as
amended by this act.

[(e)] (f) The division shall work in cooperation with the Public
Utilities Regulatory Authority to carry out the purposes of this section.

Sec. 24. Subsection (a) of section 28-30a of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
October 1, 2019):

(a) There is established a fund to be known as the "Enhanced 9-1-1
Telecommunications Fund". The fund shall contain any moneys
required by law to be deposited in the fund, including, but not limited
to, any federal funds collected pursuant to subsection [(d)] (e) of
section 28-24, as amended by this act, fees assessed against subscribers
of local telephone service and subscribers of commercial mobile radio
services pursuant to section 16-256g and prepaid wireless E 9-1-1 fees
collected pursuant to section 28-30e. The Enhanced 9-1-1
Telecommunications Fund shall be held separate and apart from all
other moneys, funds and accounts. Interest derived from the
investment of the fund shall be credited to the assets of the fund. Any
balance remaining in the fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be
carried forward in the fund for the fiscal year next succeeding.

Sec. 25. Section 29-305 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

(a) Each local fire marshal and the State Fire Marshal, for the
purpose of satisfying themselves that all pertinent statutes and
regulations are complied with, may inspect in the interests of public
safety all buildings, facilities, processes, equipment, systems and other
areas regulated by the Fire Safety Code and the State Fire Prevention
Code within their respective jurisdictions.

(b) Each local fire marshal shall inspect or cause to be inspected, at
least once each calendar year or as often as prescribed by the State Fire
Marshal pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, in the interests of
public safety, all buildings and facilities of public service and all
occupancies regulated by the Fire Safety Code within the local fire
marshal's jurisdiction, except residential buildings designed to be
occupied by (1) one or two families which shall be inspected, upon
complaint or request of an owner or occupant, only for the purpose of
determining whether the requirements specified in said codes relative
to smoke detection and warning equipment have been satisfied; (2)
three to six families, which shall be inspected at least once every three
calendar years; and (3) seven to sixteen families, which shall be
inspected at least once every two calendar years. In the case of a school
building, each local fire marshal shall submit a written report to the
local or regional board of education documenting each such
inspection. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a local fire
marshal from inspecting or causing to be inspected a residential
building designed to be occupied by three or more families at least
once each calendar year.

(c) Upon receipt by the State Fire Marshal of information from an
authentic source that any other building or facility within the State Fire
Marshal's jurisdiction is hazardous to life safety from fire, the State Fire
Governor’s Bill No. 7192

1277 Marshal shall inspect such building or facility.

1278 (d) Upon receipt by the local fire marshal of information from an
1279 authentic source that any other building or facility within the local fire
1280 marshal’s jurisdiction is hazardous to life safety from fire, the local fire
1281 marshal shall inspect such building or facility. In each case in which
1282 the local fire marshal conducts an inspection, the local fire marshal
1283 shall be satisfied that all pertinent statutes and regulations are
1284 complied with, and shall keep a record of such investigations. Such
1285 local fire marshal or a designee shall have the right of entry at all
1286 reasonable hours into or upon any premises within the local fire
1287 marshal’s jurisdiction for the performance of the fire marshal’s duties
1288 except that occupied dwellings and habitations, exclusive of common
1289 use passageways and rooms in tenement houses, hotels and rooming
1290 houses, may only be entered for inspections between the hours of 9:00
1291 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., except in the event of any emergency requiring
1292 immediate attention for life safety, or in the interests of public safety.
1293 Each local fire marshal shall make a monthly report to the authority
1294 which appointed the local fire marshal and shall be paid for his or her
1295 services in making such inspections of buildings, facilities, processes,
1296 equipment, systems and other areas the compensation agreed upon
1297 with such appointing authority.

1298 (e) The State Fire Marshal may adopt amendments to the Fire Safety
1299 Code and the State Fire Prevention Code regarding requirements for
1300 the frequency of inspections of different building uses regulated by the
1301 codes and set forth a schedule of inspections, except for inspections of
1302 residential buildings, [designed to be occupied by three or more
1303 families,] that are less frequent than yearly if the interests of public
1304 safety can be met by less frequent inspections.

1305 Sec. 26. Subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of section 7-576d of the
1306 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
1307 thereof (Effective July 1, 2019):

1308 (6) With respect to any proposed collective bargaining agreement or
amendments negotiated pursuant to sections 7-467 to 7-477, inclusive, including any such agreement negotiated by a board of education, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of section 7-474, or pursuant to section 10-153d, the board shall have the same opportunity and authority to approve or reject, on not more than two occasions, collective bargaining agreements or amendments as [is] are provided to the legislative body of such municipality in said respective sections, except that (A) any such agreement negotiated by a board of education shall be submitted to the board by the bargaining representative of such board of education not later than fourteen days after any such agreement is reached, and (B) the board shall act upon such agreement, pursuant to this subdivision, not later than thirty days after submission by such bargaining representative.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>July 1, 2019</td>
<td>7-395</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<td>2-79a</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>4-124s(b) to (e)</td>
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<td>11</td>
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<td>32-665(a)</td>
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<td>7-148cc</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>July 1, 2019</td>
<td>28-24(a)(2)</td>
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</table>
Sec. 23 | October 1, 2019 | 28-24(b) to (e)
Sec. 24 | October 1, 2019 | 28-30a(a)
Sec. 25 | July 1, 2019 | 29-305
Sec. 26 | July 1, 2019 | 7-576d(b)(6)

**Statement of Purpose:**
To implement the Governor's budget recommendations.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]