sHB-7299
AN ACT MAKING CHANGES TO DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION ENFORCEMENT STATUTES.

**OFA Fiscal Note**

**State Impact:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Affected</th>
<th>Fund-Effect</th>
<th>FY 20 $</th>
<th>FY 21 $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumer Protection, Dept.</td>
<td>GF - Revenue Gain</td>
<td>At least 20,000</td>
<td>At least 20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: GF=General Fund

**Municipal Impact:** None

**Explanation**

The bill revises Department of Consumer Protection (DCP) enforcement statutes and results in various revenue gains and potential revenue gains described below.

**Sections 1 and 2** allow DCP to issue a $500 fine for contractors that fail to display state license numbers on commercial vehicles and results in an estimated $20,000 revenue gain. It’s estimated that there will be at least 40 of these fines per year.

**Sections 3 and 4** allow on-demand mobile fueling companies to operate in the state and result in a potential revenue gain to the extent companies apply for this license.

**Section 12** will allow DCP to fine up to $1,000 for liquor permittees who are in violation of the law and results in a potential revenue gain to the extent that these violations occur. The revenue is anticipated to be minimal because the statute doesn’t allow for DCP to suspend and
fine a permittee at the same time and more serious offenses involve suspensions.

**The Out Years**

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to the number of licenses and violations.