OLR Bill Analysis
HB 5534

AN ACT CONCERNING THE CLASSIFICATION OF FARM LAND.

SUMMARY

This bill requires tax assessors to approve applications to classify as farm land any land that meets the farm land criteria under the PA 490 program (see BACKGROUND). Existing law, unchanged by the bill, requires tax assessors, when a timely application is made to classify land as farm land under the program, to (1) determine whether the subject land qualifies as such and (2) if so, classify it as such on the municipality’s grand list.

By law, “farm land” is any tract or tracts of land, including woodland and wasteland, constituting a farm unit. In determining whether land is farm land, a tax assessor must consider, among other things, total acreage; the portion being used for agricultural purposes; productivity; gross income derived from the land; the nature and value of related equipment; and the extent to which farm land tracts are contiguous (CGS §§ 12-107b & 12-107c).

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2018 and applicable to assessment years beginning on or after that date.

BACKGROUND

PA 490 Program

In 1963, the legislature enacted PA 63-490, commonly referred to as “PA 490” or the “490 program” (CGS § 12-107a et seq.). The program allows four classifications of land—farm, forest, open space, and maritime heritage land—to be assessed at their current use value, rather than their fair market value (CGS § 12-63). “Current use value” refers to what the land is worth as it is actually used; “fair market value” refers to what the land may be worth on the open market (i.e., its highest and best use).
COMMITTEE ACTION
Planning and Development Committee

Joint Favorable
Yea 22  Nay 0    (03/26/2018)