

OLR Backgrounder: State-Mandated Health Insurance Benefits

By: Janet Kaminski Leduc, Senior Legislative Attorney
November 13, 2017 | 2017-R-0274

Issue

List and briefly describe Connecticut's mandated health insurance benefits. (This report updates [OLR Report 2016-R-0254](#) by incorporating laws enacted in 2017.)

Summary

This report identifies and describes Connecticut's mandated health insurance benefits. A health insurance benefit mandate is a requirement that an insurance policy or a health plan cover a specified benefit. In Connecticut, private health insurance benefit mandates are contained in Chapter 700c of the General Statutes. Most mandates apply to both individual and group health insurance plans, including HMO contracts. However, due to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), state benefit mandates generally do not apply to self-funded health plans.

In 2017, the legislature enacted three acts related to health insurance benefit mandates, as follows:

Related OLR Reports

[OLR Report 2015-R-0273](#) provides a list of health care providers and facilities whose services health insurance policies and HMO contracts must cover under state law.

[OLR Report 2015-R-0188](#) discusses when the state must defray the cost of health insurance benefit mandates under the federal Affordable Care Act.

[OLR Report 2005-R-0753](#) explains federal preemption of state benefit mandates under ERISA.

1. [PA 17-55](#), An Act Concerning Health Insurance Coverage for Fertility Preservation for Insureds Diagnosed with Cancer (effective January 1, 2018);
2. [PA 17-131](#), An Act Preventing Prescription Opioid Diversion and Abuse (§§ 8 & 9, insurance coverage for medically necessary inpatient detoxification services for those diagnosed with a substance use disorder, effective January 1, 2018); and
3. [PA 17-2, June Special Session \(JSS\)](#), An Act Concerning the State Budget for the Biennium Ending June 30, 2019, Making Appropriations Therefor, Authorizing and Adjusting Bonds of the State and Implementing Provisions of the Budget (§§ 202 & 203, repealing coverage of certain services related to mental health and nervous conditions, effective January 1, 2018).

Additionally, the legislature enacted the following act that includes provisions related to health insurance plans: [PA 17-228](#), An Act Concerning Step Therapy for Prescription Drugs Prescribed to Treat Stage IV Metastatic Cancer (effective January 1, 2018).

Connecticut's Mandated Health Insurance Benefits

Table 1 lists and briefly describes Connecticut's mandated health insurance benefits in alphabetical order. It provides the statutory citation for each and indicates if the mandate generally applies to individual plans, group plans, or both.

Table 1: Connecticut's Mandated Health Insurance Benefits*

| CGS § | Mandate | Individual, Group, or Both | Description |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|
| 38a-498a 38a-525a | 911 Calls | Both | Cannot require preauthorization for 911 calls. |
| 38a-492 38a-518 | Accidental Ingestion or Consumption of Controlled Drugs | Both | Emergency medical care for the accidental ingestion or consumption of controlled drugs. Coverage is subject to a minimum of 30 days inpatient care and a maximum \$500 for outpatient care per calendar year. |
| 38a-533 | Alcoholism | Group | Expenses incurred in connection with medical complications of alcoholism such as cirrhosis of the liver, gastrointestinal bleeding, pneumonia, and delirium tremens. |
| 38a-498 38a-525 | Ambulance Services | Both | Ambulance service when medically necessary. Payment must be on a direct pay basis where notice of assignment is reflected on the bill. |
| 38a-514b 38a-488b | Autism Spectrum Disorder | Both | Policies must cover the diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorders, including (1) behavioral therapy for a person age 20 or younger and (2) certain prescription drugs and psychiatric and psychological services. |
| 38a-516a 38a-490a | Birth-to-Three Services | Both | Policies cannot impose coinsurance, copayments, deductibles, or other out-of-pocket expenses for early intervention services, unless it is a high deductible health plan used to establish a medical savings account. |
| 38a-492o 38a-518o | Bone Marrow Testing | Both | Policies must cover compatibility testing for bone marrow transplants for people who join the National Marrow Donor Program. |

Table 1 (continued)

| CGS § | Mandate | Individual, Group, or Both | Description |
|--|---|----------------------------|---|
| 38a-503 38a-530 | Breast Cancer Screening | Both | <p>Baseline mammogram for a woman age 35 to 39 and one every year for a woman age 40 and older. (The covered mammogram may be provided by breast tomosynthesis at the woman's option.)</p> <p>Additional coverage must be provided for a comprehensive ultrasound screening of a woman's entire breast(s) if (1) a mammogram shows heterogeneous or dense breast tissue based on BI-RADS or (2) the woman is at increased breast cancer risk because of family history, her prior history, genetic testing, or other indications determined by her physician or advanced-practice nurse. A policy cannot impose a copayment of more than \$20 for a breast ultrasound screening.</p> <p>Coverage must be provided for magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) in accordance with American Cancer Society guidelines.</p> |
| 38a-542(a)&(b) | Breast Implant Removal | Group | Medically necessary removal of breast implants implanted on or before July 1, 1994. Annual coverage must be at least \$1,000. |
| 38a-504(c) 38a-542(c) | Breast Reconstruction after Mastectomy | Both | Reconstructive surgery on non-diseased breast for symmetrical appearance. Coverage is subject to the same terms and conditions as other benefits under the policy. |
| 38a-504a – 38a-504g ; 38a-542a – 38a-542g | Cancer and Other Clinical Trials | Both | Routine patient costs relating to cancer clinical trials and disabling or life-threatening chronic diseases. Out-of-network hospitalization paid as in-network benefit if services are not available in network. Such trials must have peer-reviewed protocols approved by one of several federal organizations. |
| 38a-482 38a-497 | Children - Covered to Age 26 | Both | Coverage continues at least until the policy anniversary date on or after the date the child (1) gets coverage under his or her employer's group health plan or (2) turns age 26. |
| 38a-489 38a-515 38a-554 | Children - Mentally or Physically Handicapped | Both | After passing dependent status age when coverage would otherwise end, coverage must continue if the child is both mentally or physically handicapped and dependent upon insured for support. |
| 38a-490 38a-508 38a-516 38a-549 | Children - Newborns and Adopted | Both | <p>Injury and sickness, including care and treatment of congenital defects and birth abnormalities, for newborns from birth and for adopted children from legal placement for adoption.</p> <p>Newborns are covered for 61 days. To extend coverage, insureds must give notification and premium payment to the insurer.</p> |
| 38a-497 38a-554 | Children - Stepchildren | Both | Policies must cover stepchildren on the same basis as biological children. |
| 38a-492l 38a-516d | Children with Cancer | Both | Coverage for children diagnosed with cancer after December 31, 1999 for neuropsychological testing a physician orders to assess the extent chemotherapy or radiation treatment has caused the child to have cognitive or developmental delays. Insurers cannot require pre-authorization for the tests. |
| 38a-507 38a-534 | Chiropractic Services | Both | Cover chiropractor services to same extent as coverage for a physician. |
| 38a-492k 38a-518k | Colorectal Cancer Screening | Both | <p>Coverage for colorectal cancer screening. Frequency of screening must be based on American Cancer Society recommendations.</p> <p>Cannot impose coinsurance, copayment, deductible, or other out-of-pocket expense for any additional colonoscopy a physician orders for an insured person in a policy year, unless a high deductible insurance plan was used to establish a medical savings account.</p> <p>Cannot impose a deductible for a procedure initially undertaken as a screening colonoscopy or screening sigmoidoscopy.</p> |
| 38a-503e 38a-530e | Contraceptives | Both | If prescription drugs are covered, prescription contraceptives must be covered. An employer or individual may decline contraceptive coverage if it conflicts with religious beliefs. |
| 38a-490c 38a-516c | Craniofacial Disorders | Both | Medically necessary orthodontic processes and appliances for treatment of craniofacial disorders for people age 18 or younger. Coverage is not required for cosmetic surgery. |

Table 1 (continued)

| CGS § | Mandate | Individual, Group, or Both | Description |
|---|--|----------------------------|---|
| 38a-491a 38a-517a | Dental Coverage | Both | Medically necessary general anesthesia, nursing, and related hospital services for in-patient, outpatient, or one-day dental services. |
| 38a-492d 38a-518d | Diabetes | Both | Laboratory and diagnostic tests for all types of diabetes. Medically necessary equipment, drugs, and supplies for insulin-dependent, insulin using, gestational, and non-insulin using diabetes. |
| 38a-492e 38a-518e | Diabetes Self-Management Training | Both | Outpatient self-management training prescribed by a licensed health care professional. Coverage is subject to the same terms and conditions as other policy benefits. |
| 38a-477aa | Emergency Services | Both | Cannot require preauthorization for emergency services. |
| 38a-492n 38a-518m | Epidermolysis Bullosa | Both | Policies must cover wound care supplies that are medically necessary to treat epidermolysis bullosa (a rare skin disorder) and administered under a physician's direction. |
| 38a-483c 38a-513b | Experimental Treatments | Both | Procedures, treatments, or drugs that have completed a Phase III Food and Drug Administration clinical trial. Appeals process expedited for those with a life expectancy of less than two years. |
| 38a-490b 38a-516b | Hearing Aids | Both | Coverage for hearing aids. Coverage may be limited to \$1,000 within a 24-month period. (See Insurance Department Bulletin HC-102 for discussion.) |
| 38a-493 38a-520 | Home Health Care | Both | Home health care, including (1) part-time or intermittent nursing care and home health aide services; (2) physical, occupational, or speech therapy; (3) medical supplies, drugs, and medicines; and (4) medical social services. Coverage can be limited to no less than 80 visits per year and, for a terminally ill person, no more than \$200 for medical social services. Coverage can be subject to an annual deductible of up to \$50 and a coinsurance of no less than 75%, except that a high deductible plan used to establish a medical savings account is exempt from the deductible limit. |
| 38a-492a 38a-518a | Hypodermic Needles and Syringes | Both | Hypodermic needles and syringes prescribed by a practitioner for administering medications. |
| 38a-511 38a-550 | Imaging Services (MRIs, CAT scans, and PET scans) – Copays | Both | Limits copays for MRIs and CAT scans to (1) \$375 for all such services annually and (2) \$75 for each one. Limits copays for PET scans to (1) \$400 for all such scans annually and (2) \$100 for each one. Limits not applicable (1) if the ordering physician performs the service or is in the same practice group as the one who does and (2) to high deductible health plans designed to be compatible with federally qualified Health Savings Accounts. |
| 38a-509 38a-536 As amended by PA 17-55 | Infertility | Both | Medically necessary costs of diagnosing and treating infertility. (See Insurance Department Bulletin HC-104 for discussion.) |
| 38a-498c 38a-525c | Injured and Under the Influence | Both | Insurance policies prohibited from denying coverage for health care services rendered to an injured insured person if the injury is alleged to have occurred or occurs when the person has an elevated blood alcohol level (0.08% or more) or is under the influence of drugs or alcohol. |
| 38a-535 | Lead Screening | Both | Coverage for blood lead screening and risk assessments ordered by primary care providers in accordance with the law. |
| 38a-501 | Long-Term Care Policy – Elimination Period | Individual | Requires an elimination period (i.e., a waiting period after the onset of the injury, illness, or function loss during which no benefits are payable) that is (1) up to 100 days of confinement or (2) between 100 days and two years of confinement if an irrevocable trust is in place that is estimated to be sufficient to cover the person's confinement costs during this period. Sets requirements for the trust. |
| 38a-501 | Long-Term Care Policy – Non-Forfeiture | Individual | Prohibits an insurer from issuing or delivering a long-term care policy on or after July 1, 2008 unless it had offered the prospective insured an optional non-forfeiture benefit during the policy solicitation or application process. If the non-forfeiture option is declined, the insurer must give the insured a contingent benefit upon lapse. |
| 38a-492h 38a-518h | Lyme Disease Treatment | Both | Lyme disease treatment including not less than 30 days of intravenous antibiotic therapy, 60 days of oral antibiotic therapy, or both, and further treatment if recommended by a rheumatologist, infectious disease specialist, or neurologist. |

Table 1 (continued)

| CGS § | Mandate | Individual, Group, or Both | Description |
|--|--|--|---|
| 38a-503d 38a-530d | Mastectomy | Both | Minimum 48-hour hospital stay after mastectomy or lymph node dissection or longer stay if recommended by physician. |
| 38a-503c 38a-530c | Maternity Care | Both | Minimum 48-hour hospital stay for mother and newborn after vaginal delivery and minimum 96-hour hospital stay after caesarian delivery. |
| 38a-488a 38a-514 As amended by PA 17-2, JSS | Mental Illness | Both | Diagnosis and treatment of mental or nervous conditions. Coverage cannot (1) differ from the terms, conditions, or benefits for the diagnosis or treatment of medical, surgical, or other physical health conditions or (2) prohibit multiple screening services as part of a single-day visit to a provider or multicare institution. |
| 38a-498b 38a-525b | Mobile Field Hospitals | Both | Benefits for isolation care and emergency services provided by mobile field hospitals, previously called critical access hospitals. These benefits are subject to any policy provisions that apply to other covered services. The rates a policy pays must be equal to the rates Medicaid pays, as determined by the Department of Social Services. |
| 38a-503c(e) 38a-530c(e) | Newborn Infants and Their Mothers | Both | Cannot require preauthorization for an inter-hospital transfer of (1) a newborn infant with a life-threatening emergency or condition or (2) the infant's hospitalized mother to accompany him or her. |
| 38a-503b 38a-530b | Obstetrician-Gynecologist; Pap Smear | Both | Direct access to participating in-network OB-GYN for gynecological examination, pregnancy care, and primary and preventive obstetric and gynecologic services required as result of a gynecological examination or condition (includes pap smear). Female enrollees may also designate participating OB-GYN or other doctor as primary care provider. |
| 38a-496 38a-524 | Occupational Therapy | Both | If policy covers physical therapy, it must provide coverage for occupational therapy. |
| 38a-511a 38a-550a | Occupational Therapy Services - Copays | Both | A policy cannot impose a copayment of more than \$30 per visit for in-network occupational therapy services performed by a state-licensed occupational therapist. |
| 38a-492b 38a-518b | Off-Label Prescription Drugs | Both | If a prescription drug is recognized for treatment of a specific type of cancer or disabling or life threatening chronic disease, a policy cannot exclude coverage of the drug when it is used for another type of cancer or disease under certain circumstances. |
| 38a-504(d) 38a-542(d) | Oral Chemotherapy | Both | Policies that cover intravenously and orally administered anti-cancer medications must cover the orally administered medication on at least as favorable a basis as the intravenously administered medication. |
| 38a-492j 38a-518j | Ostomy Appliances and Supplies | Both | If policy covers ostomy surgery, it must also cover medically necessary ostomy-related appliances and supplies, up to \$2,500 per year. |
| 38a-492i 38a-518i | Pain Management | Both | Access to a pain management specialist and coverage for pain treatment ordered by such specialist. Cannot require an insured person to use an alternative brand name prescription or over-the-counter drug before using a brand name prescription drug prescribed by a licensed physician for pain management. |
| 38a-511a 38a-550a | Physical Therapy Services – Copays | Both | A policy cannot impose a copayment of more than \$30 per visit for in-network physical therapy services performed by a state-licensed physical therapist. |
| 38a-476(b)(1) | Preexisting Condition Coverage | Group | May not impose preexisting condition exclusion on any person. |
| 38a-476(c) | Preexisting Condition Coverage | Individual short-term policy | May not impose preexisting condition exclusion beyond 12 months after effective date of coverage, and exclusion may relate only to conditions for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received 24 months before the policy's effective date. |
| 38a-476(b)(2) | Preexisting Condition Coverage | Individual, except for short-term policy | May not impose preexisting condition exclusion on any person. |

Table 1 (continued)

| CGS § | Mandate | Individual, Group, or Both | Description |
|--|--|----------------------------|--|
| 38a-492f 38a-518f | Prescription Drugs Removed from Formulary | Both | A prescription drug that has been removed from the list of covered drugs must be continued if the insured was previously using the drug for the treatment of a chronic illness and it is deemed medically necessary. |
| 38a-492m 38a-518l | Prescription Eye Drops | Both | Policies that provide prescription eye drop coverage cannot deny coverage for prescription renewals when (1) the refill is requested by the insured person less than 30 days from either (a) the date the original prescription was given to the insured or (b) the last date the prescription refill was given to the insured, whichever is later, and (2) the prescribing physician indicates on the original prescription that additional quantities are needed and the refill request does not exceed this amount. |
| 38a-510b 38a-544b | Prescription Opioid Antagonists | Both | Cannot require preauthorization for naloxone hydrochloride or any other similarly acting and equally safe drug (i.e., opioid antagonist) approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of drug overdose. |
| 38a-510a 38a-544a | Prescription Refills Synchronized | Both | Cannot deny coverage for refilling any drug prescribed to treat a chronic illness if the refill is made in accordance with a plan to synchronize the refilling of multiple prescriptions. |
| 38a-535 | Preventive Pediatric Care | Group | Preventive pediatric care at the following intervals (1) every 2 months from birth to 6 months, (2) every 3 months from 9 to 18 months, and (3) annually from 2 to 6 years of age. Coverage is subject to any policy provisions that apply to other services covered under the policy. |
| 38a-492g 38a-518g | Prostate Screening | Both | Laboratory and diagnostic tests to screen for prostate cancer for men who are symptomatic, have a family history, or are over age 50. Policy must cover medically necessary prostate cancer treatment in accordance with National Comprehensive Cancer Network, American Cancer Society, or American Society of Clinical Oncology guidelines. |
| 38a-492c 38a-518c | Protein Modified Food and Specialized Formula | Both | Coverage for (1) amino acid modified and low protein modified food products when prescribed for the treatment of inherited metabolic diseases and cystic fibrosis and (2) medically necessary specialized formula for children up to age 12. Food and formula must be administered under the direction of a physician. Coverage for preparations, food products, and formulas must be on the same basis as coverage for outpatient prescription drugs. |
| 38a-476b | Psychotropic Drugs | Both | A mental health care benefit provided under state law, with state funds, or to state employees may not limit the availability of the most effective psychotropic drugs. |
| 38a-523 | Rehabilitation Services | Group | Group health insurance must offer coverage for comprehensive rehabilitation services, including (1) physician services, physical and occupational therapy, nursing care, psychological and audiological services, and speech therapy; (2) social services provided by a social worker; (3) respiratory therapy; (4) prescription drugs and medicines; (5) prosthetic and orthotic devices; and (6) other supplies and services prescribed by a doctor. |
| PA 17-131 | Substance Use Disorder – Inpatient Detoxification Services | Both | For insureds or enrollees diagnosed with a substance use disorder, policies must cover medically necessary (1) medically monitored inpatient detoxification services and (2) medically managed intensive inpatient detoxification services. |
| 38a-499a 38a-526a | Telehealth | Both | Policies must cover medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment provided through telehealth to the extent that they cover these services through in-person visits between an insured person and a health care provider. |
| 38a-504(a)&(b) 38a-542(a)&(b) | Treatment for Leukemia, Tumors, and Wigs for Chemotherapy Patients | Both | Surgical removal of tumors and treatment of leukemia, including outpatient chemotherapy, reconstructive surgery, non-dental prosthesis, surgical removal of breasts due to tumors, and a wig if prescribed by a licensed oncologist for a patient suffering hair loss from chemotherapy. Annual coverage must be at least \$500 for surgical tumor removal, \$500 for reconstructive surgery, \$500 for outpatient chemotherapy, \$350 for a wig, and \$300 for prosthesis, except for surgical removal of breasts due to tumors, the prosthesis benefit must be at least \$300 for each breast removed. |

* Notes:

1. Some mandates require that services be “medically necessary.” State law specifies the definition of “medically necessary” that policies must include (see [CGS §§ 38a-482a](#) and [38a-513c](#)).
2. Section 2711 of the ACA prohibits annual dollar limits on essential health benefits. The prohibition preempts Connecticut’s statutory annual dollar limits for any mandated benefit that is part of Connecticut’s essential health benefit package. For more information, see the Connecticut Insurance Department’s Bulletins [HC-90-14-2](#) (March 18, 2014) and [HC-99](#) (August 20, 2014).
3. Section 1557 of the ACA prohibits discrimination in benefit design based on age. Age-based restrictions for hearing aids and infertility treatment are not permitted. For more information, see the Connecticut Insurance Department’s Bulletins [HC-102](#) (June 16, 2015) and [HC-104](#) (August 13, 2015).

JKL:bs