



General Assembly

January Session, 2017

Committee Bill No. 1

LCO No. 4897

* _____SB00001LAB__031017_____*

Referred to Committee on LABOR AND PUBLIC EMPLOYEES

Introduced by:
(LAB)

AN ACT CONCERNING EARNED FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) As used in this section and
2 sections 2 to 13, inclusive, of this act:

3 (1) "Covered employee" means an individual who (A) (i) has earned
4 not less than two thousand three hundred twenty-five dollars, or such
5 minimum earning threshold as is prescribed by the Labor
6 Commissioner pursuant to subsection (f) of section 2 of this act, from
7 one or more employers during the employee's highest earning quarter
8 within the five most recently completed calendar quarters, and (ii) is
9 employed by an employer or not currently employed, or (B) is a self-
10 employed person or sole proprietor who is enrolled in the Family and
11 Medical Leave Compensation Program pursuant to section 8 of this
12 act;

13 (2) "Administrator" means the Labor Department;

14 (3) "Employ" means to allow or permit to work;

15 (4) "Employee" means any person engaged in service to an employer
16 in the state in the business of the employer and shall include a self-
17 employed person or sole proprietor in the state who elects coverage
18 under section 8 of this act;

19 (5) "Employer" means a person engaged in any activity, enterprise
20 or business who employs two or more employees, and includes any
21 person who acts, directly or indirectly, in the interest of an employer to
22 any of the employees of such employer and any successor in interest of
23 an employer, and shall include a municipality, a local or regional
24 board of education, or a private or parochial elementary or secondary
25 school, but shall not include the state. The number of employees of an
26 employer shall be determined by the administrator on October first
27 annually;

28 (6) "Family and medical leave compensation" or "compensation"
29 means the paid leave provided to covered employees from the Family
30 and Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund;

31 (7) "Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program" or
32 "program" means the program established pursuant to section 2 of this
33 act;

34 (8) "Family and Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund" or "trust"
35 means the trust fund established pursuant to section 3 of this act; and

36 (9) "Person" means one or more individuals, partnerships,
37 associations, corporations, limited liability companies, business trusts,
38 legal representatives or any organized group of persons.

39 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a
40 Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program. The program shall
41 be administered by the administrator and shall offer up to twelve
42 workweeks of family and medical leave compensation to covered
43 employees during any twelve-month period as described in section 31-
44 511l of the general statutes, as amended by this act. The administrator
45 shall begin collecting contributions to the Family and Medical Leave

46 Compensation Trust Fund, established pursuant to section 3 of this act,
47 on or before July 1, 2019, and shall begin to provide compensation to
48 covered employees on and after July 1, 2020. For the purposes of this
49 section and sections 3 to 13, inclusive, of this act, the administrator
50 shall have the power to (1) determine whether an individual meets the
51 requirements for compensation under this section; (2) require a
52 covered employee's claim for compensation pursuant to this section be
53 supported by certification pursuant to section 31-51mm of the general
54 statutes, as amended by this act; (3) examine or cause to be produced
55 or examined, any books, records, documents, contracts or other papers
56 relevant to the eligibility of a covered employee; (4) summon and
57 examine under oath such witnesses as may provide information
58 relevant to a covered employee's claim for family and medical leave
59 compensation; (5) establish procedures and forms for the filing of
60 claims for compensation, including the certification required for
61 establishing eligibility for such compensation; and (6) ensure the
62 confidentiality of records and documents relating to medical
63 certifications, recertifications or medical histories of covered
64 employees or covered employees' family members pursuant to section
65 31-51oo of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

66 (b) Each employee shall contribute a percentage of his or her weekly
67 earnings to the Family and Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund,
68 in a manner and form as prescribed by the administrator pursuant to
69 section 6 of this act. Such contributions shall be utilized to provide
70 compensation to covered employees pursuant to subsections (c) to (e),
71 inclusive, of this section.

72 (c) (1) The level of weekly compensation offered to covered
73 employees shall be one hundred per cent of a covered employee's
74 average weekly earnings during the covered employee's highest
75 earning quarter within the five most recently completed calendar
76 quarters preceding the date the leave commences after such earnings
77 have been reduced by any deduction for federal or state taxes, or both,
78 and for the federal Insurance Contributions Act, provided such

79 compensation shall not exceed one thousand dollars per week or such
80 maximum compensation threshold as is prescribed by the Labor
81 Commissioner pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection. If the
82 Internal Revenue Service determines that family and medical leave
83 compensation is subject to federal income tax and a covered employee
84 elects to have federal income tax deducted and withheld from his or
85 her compensation, the administrator shall deduct and withhold the
86 amount specified in the United States Internal Revenue Code in a
87 manner consistent with the state law.

88 (2) Effective July 1, 2020, and not later than each July fifteenth
89 thereafter, the Labor Commissioner shall announce an adjustment to
90 the maximum compensation threshold established pursuant to
91 subdivision (1) of this subsection that shall be equal to the percentage
92 increase between the last complete calendar year and the previous
93 calendar year in the consumer price index for urban wage earners and
94 clerical workers in the northeast urban area of New York-Northern
95 New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA, with no seasonal adjustment,
96 as calculated by the United States Department of Labor's Bureau of
97 Labor Statistics, with the amount of the maximum compensation
98 threshold increase rounded to the nearest five cents. The maximum
99 compensation threshold plus the adjustment announced by the Labor
100 Commissioner on July fifteenth shall become the new maximum
101 compensation threshold and shall be effective on the January first
102 immediately following.

103 (d) A covered employee shall receive compensation under this
104 section for leave taken for one or more of the reasons listed in
105 subparagraphs (A) to (E), inclusive, of subdivision (2) of subsection (a)
106 of section 31-51ll of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or the
107 reasons listed in subsection (i) of said section or section 31-51ss of the
108 general statutes, as amended by this act, provided such covered
109 employee (1) provides notice to the administrator, and such covered
110 employee's employer, if applicable, of the need for such compensation
111 in a form and a manner as prescribed by the administrator, and (2)

112 upon the request of the administrator, provides certification of such
113 covered employee's need for compensation in accordance with the
114 provisions of section 31-51mm of the general statutes, as amended by
115 this act, to the administrator and such employer, if applicable.

116 (e) A covered employee may receive compensation under this
117 section for nonconsecutive hours of leave provided such leave shall
118 not amount to less than eight hours of leave in any workweek. If
119 family and medical leave benefits are taken for eight hours or more,
120 but for less than one full week, such hourly compensation shall be
121 determined on a pro rata basis at the discretion of the administrator.

122 (f) Effective July 1, 2020, and not later than each July fifteenth
123 thereafter, the Labor Commissioner shall announce an adjustment to
124 the minimum earning threshold required for an individual to receive
125 compensation under this section that shall be equal to the percentage
126 increase between the last complete calendar year and the previous
127 calendar year in the consumer price index for urban wage earners and
128 clerical workers in the northeast urban area of New York-Northern
129 New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA, with no seasonal adjustment,
130 as calculated by the United States Department of Labor's Bureau of
131 Labor Statistics, with the amount of the minimum earning threshold
132 increase rounded to the nearest five cents. The minimum earning
133 threshold plus the adjustment announced by the Labor Commissioner
134 on July fifteenth shall become the new minimum earning threshold
135 and shall be effective on the January first immediately following.

136 (g) A covered employee may receive compensation under this
137 section concurrently with any employer-provided employment
138 benefits, provided the total compensation of such covered employee
139 during such period of leave shall not exceed such covered employee's
140 regular rate of compensation.

141 (h) No covered employee shall receive compensation under this
142 section concurrently with the provisions of chapter 567 or 568 of the
143 general statutes or any other state or federal program that provides

144 wage replacement.

145 (i) Any moneys expended from the General Fund for the purpose of
146 (1) administering the Family and Medical Leave Compensation
147 Program, or (2) providing compensation to covered employees shall be
148 reimbursed to the General Fund by the administrator not later than
149 October 1, 2019.

150 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a fund
151 to be known as the "Family and Medical Leave Compensation Trust
152 Fund" the purpose of which shall be to provide compensation to
153 covered employees who take leave pursuant to sections 31-51kk to 31-
154 51qq, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and 31-
155 51ss of the general statutes, as amended by this act. The Family and
156 Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund shall be a nonlapsing fund
157 held by the State Treasurer separate and apart from all other moneys,
158 funds and accounts. Investment earnings credited to the trust shall
159 become part of the trust.

160 (b) The trust shall constitute an instrumentality of the state and shall
161 perform essential governmental functions, in accordance with the
162 provisions of this section. The trust shall receive and hold all payments
163 and deposits or contributions intended for the trust, as well as gifts,
164 bequests, endowments or federal, state or local grants and any other
165 funds from any public or private source and all earnings until
166 disbursed in accordance with the provisions of this section.

167 (c) The amounts on deposit in the trust shall not constitute property
168 of the state and the trust shall not be construed to be a department,
169 institution or agency of the state. Amounts on deposit in the trust shall
170 not be commingled with state funds and the state shall have no claim
171 to or against, or interest in, such funds. Any contract entered into by or
172 any obligation of the trust shall not constitute a debt or obligation of
173 the state and the state shall have no obligation to any designated
174 beneficiary or any other person on account of the trust and all amounts
175 obligated to be paid from the trust shall be limited to amounts

176 available for such obligation on deposit in the trust. The trust shall
177 continue in existence as long as it holds any deposits or has any
178 obligations and until its existence is terminated by law and upon
179 termination any unclaimed assets shall return to the state. Property of
180 the trust shall be governed by section 3-61a of the general statutes.

181 (d) The State Treasurer shall be responsible for the receipt and
182 investment of moneys held by the trust. The trust shall not receive
183 deposits in any form other than cash. No depositor or designated
184 beneficiary may direct the investment of any contributions or amounts
185 held in the trust other than the specific fund options provided for by
186 the trust.

187 (e) The assets of the trust shall be used for the purpose of
188 distributing family and medical leave compensation to covered
189 employees, educating and informing individuals about the program
190 and paying the operational, administrative and investment costs of the
191 trust, including those incurred pursuant to section 6 of this act.

192 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The State Treasurer, on behalf
193 of the Family and Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund and for
194 purposes of the trust, shall:

195 (1) Receive and invest moneys in the trust in any instruments,
196 obligations, securities or property in accordance with sections 3 and 5
197 of this act;

198 (2) Procure insurance as the State Treasurer deems necessary to
199 protect the trust's property, assets, activities or deposits or
200 contributions to the trust; and

201 (3) Apply for, accept and expend gifts, grants or donations from
202 public or private sources to carry out the objectives of the trust.

203 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The State Treasurer shall invest
204 the amounts on deposit in the Family and Medical Leave
205 Compensation Trust Fund in a manner reasonable and appropriate to

206 achieve the objectives of the trust, exercising the discretion and care of
207 a prudent person in similar circumstances with similar objectives. The
208 State Treasurer shall give due consideration to rate of return, risk, term
209 or maturity, diversification of the total portfolio within the trust,
210 liquidity, the projected disbursements and expenditures and the
211 expected payments, deposits, contributions and gifts to be received.
212 The State Treasurer shall not require the trust to invest directly in
213 obligations of the state or any political subdivision of the state or in
214 any investment or other fund administered by the State Treasurer. The
215 assets of the trust shall be continuously invested and reinvested in a
216 manner consistent with the objectives of the trust until disbursed upon
217 order of the administrator or expended on expenses incurred by the
218 operations of the trust.

219 Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The administrator, in
220 consultation with the State Treasurer and the Department of Revenue
221 Services, shall establish the procedures necessary to implement the
222 Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program. The administrator
223 shall:

224 (1) Design, establish and operate the program to ensure
225 transparency in the management of the program and the Family and
226 Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund through oversight and ethics
227 review of plan fiduciaries;

228 (2) Design and establish the process by which employees shall
229 contribute a portion of their salary or wages to the trust. This process
230 shall include, but not be limited to, the creation of an information
231 packet including the necessary paperwork for an employee to
232 participate in the program pursuant to section 8 of this act;

233 (3) Evaluate and establish the process by which employers may
234 credit employee contributions to the trust through payroll deposit;

235 (4) Determine the amount of employee contributions necessary to
236 ensure solvency of the program, provided that total contributions shall

237 not be less than four million dollars per month;

238 (5) Ensure that contributions to the trust collected from employees
239 shall not be used for any purpose other than to provide compensation
240 to covered employees or to satisfy any expenses, including employee
241 costs, incurred to implement, maintain, advertise and administer the
242 program;

243 (6) Establish and maintain a secure Internet web site that displays all
244 public notices issued by the administrator and such other information
245 as the administrator deems relevant and necessary for the education of
246 the public regarding the program; and

247 (7) Not later than January 1, 2018, submit a report, in accordance
248 with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the
249 General Assembly regarding any recommendations for legislative
250 action that may be necessary for the implementation of the program.

251 Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2019*) The administrator, in
252 consultation with the State Treasurer, shall conduct a public education
253 campaign to inform individuals and employers about the Family and
254 Medical Leave Compensation Program. Such campaign shall include,
255 but not be limited to, information about the requirements for receiving
256 family and medical leave compensation, how to apply for such
257 compensation and the circumstances for which such compensation
258 may be available. The administrator may use funds contributed to the
259 Family and Medical Leave Compensation Trust Fund for purposes of
260 the public education campaign. Information distributed or made
261 available under the campaign shall be available in English and Spanish
262 and in any other language as prescribed by the administrator.

263 Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) A self-employed person or
264 sole proprietor, upon application to the administrator, in a form and
265 manner as prescribed by the administrator, may enroll in the Family
266 and Medical Leave Compensation Program, provided such self-
267 employed person or sole proprietor is enrolled in the program for an

268 initial period of not less than three years. Such self-employed person or
269 sole proprietor may reenroll in the program for a subsequent period,
270 or periods, of not less than one year, provided (1) such self-employed
271 person or sole proprietor provides written notice of such reenrollment
272 to the administrator, and (2) such reenrollment begins immediately
273 following a period of participation in the program.

274 (b) A self-employed person or sole proprietor may withdraw from
275 the program upon submitting written notice to the administrator not
276 less than thirty days prior to the expiration of the initial enrollment
277 period, or at such other times as the administrator may prescribe by
278 rule.

279 Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Any covered employee, or self-
280 employed person or sole proprietor participating in the program,
281 aggrieved by a denial of compensation under the Family and Medical
282 Leave Compensation Program may file a complaint with the Labor
283 Commissioner. Upon receipt of any such complaint, the commissioner
284 shall hold a hearing. After the hearing, the commissioner shall send
285 each party a written copy of the commissioner's decision. The
286 commissioner may award the covered employee, or self-employed
287 person or sole proprietor, all appropriate relief, including any
288 compensation or benefits to which the employee otherwise would
289 have been eligible if such denial had not occurred. Any party
290 aggrieved by the decision of the commissioner may appeal the
291 decision to the Superior Court in accordance with the provisions of
292 chapter 54 of the general statutes.

293 Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2020*) Each employer shall, at the
294 time of hiring, and annually thereafter, provide notice to each of the
295 employer's employees (1) of the entitlement to family and medical
296 leave under sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, of the general
297 statutes, as amended by this act, and 31-51ss of the general statutes, as
298 amended by this act, and the terms under which such leave may be
299 used, (2) that retaliation by the employer against the employee for
300 requesting, applying for or using family and medical leave for which

301 the employee is eligible is prohibited, and (3) that the employee has a
302 right to file a complaint with the Labor Commissioner for any violation
303 of said sections. Employers shall comply with the provisions of this
304 section by displaying a poster in a conspicuous place, accessible to
305 employees, at the employer's place of business that contains the
306 information required by this section in both English and Spanish. The
307 Labor Commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with
308 chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish additional requirements
309 concerning the means by which employers shall provide such notice.

310 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Any individual or covered
311 employee participating in the program who wilfully makes a false
312 statement or misrepresentation regarding a material fact, or wilfully
313 fails to report a material fact, to obtain family and medical leave
314 compensation shall be disqualified from receiving any compensation
315 under the program for one year.

316 (b) If family and medical leave compensation is paid to an
317 individual or covered employee erroneously or as a result of wilful
318 misrepresentation by such individual or covered employee, or if a
319 claim for family and medical leave compensation is rejected after
320 compensation is paid, the administrator may seek repayment of
321 benefits from the individual or covered employee having received
322 such compensation. The Labor Commissioner may, in his or her
323 discretion, waive, in whole or in part, the amount of any such
324 payments where the recovery would be against equity and good
325 conscience.

326 Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The provisions of sections 2
327 to 13, inclusive, of this act are severable and if any provision is
328 determined to contravene state or federal law, the remainder of
329 sections 2 to 13, inclusive, of this act shall remain in full force and
330 effect.

331 (b) Nothing in sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, of the general
332 statutes, as amended by this act, and 31-51ss of the general statutes, as

333 amended by this act, or sections 2 to 13, inclusive, of this act, shall be
334 construed to (1) prevent employers from providing any benefits that
335 are more expansive than those provided for under said sections, (2)
336 diminish any rights provided to any covered employee under the
337 terms of the covered employee's employment or a collective
338 bargaining agreement, or (3) preempt or override the terms of any
339 collective bargaining agreement effective prior to the effective date of
340 this section.

341 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Not later than July 1, 2021, and
342 annually thereafter, the Labor Commissioner shall report, in
343 accordance with section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint
344 standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of
345 matters relating to appropriations and the budgets of state agencies
346 and labor, on (1) the projected and actual participation in the program,
347 (2) the balance of the trust, (3) the size of employers at which covered
348 employees are employed, (4) the reasons covered employees are
349 receiving family and medical leave compensation, (5) the success of the
350 administrator's outreach and education efforts, and (6) demographic
351 information of covered employees, including gender, age, town of
352 residence and income level.

353 Sec. 14. Section 31-51kk of the general statutes is repealed and the
354 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

355 As used in sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, as amended by
356 this act:

357 (1) "Eligible employee" means an [employee] individual who [has
358 been employed (A) for at least twelve months by the employer with
359 respect to whom leave is requested; and (B) for at least one thousand
360 hours of service with such employer during the twelve-month period
361 preceding the first day of the leave;] (A) has earned not less than two
362 thousand three hundred twenty-five dollars, or such minimum
363 earning threshold established by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to
364 subsection (f) of section 2 of this act, from one or more employers

365 during the employee's highest earning quarter within the five most
366 recently completed calendar quarters, and (B) is employed by an
367 employer or not currently employed;

368 (2) "Employ" includes to allow or permit to work;

369 (3) "Employee" means any person engaged in service to an employer
370 in the business of the employer;

371 (4) "Employer" means a person engaged in any activity, enterprise
372 or business who employs [seventy-five] two or more employees, and
373 includes any person who acts, directly or indirectly, in the interest of
374 an employer to any of the employees of such employer and any
375 successor in interest of an employer, [but shall not] and shall include
376 [the state,] a municipality, a local or regional board of education, or a
377 private or parochial elementary or secondary school, but shall not
378 include the state. The number of employees of an employer shall be
379 determined on October first annually;

380 (5) "Employment benefits" means all benefits provided or made
381 available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance,
382 health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave,
383 educational benefits and pensions, regardless of whether such benefits
384 are provided by practice or written policy of an employer or through
385 an "employee benefit plan", as defined in Section 1002(3) of Title 29 of
386 the United States Code;

387 (6) "Grandchild" means a grandchild related to a person by (A)
388 blood, (B) marriage, or (C) adoption by a child of the grandparent;

389 (7) "Grandparent" means a grandparent related to a person by (A)
390 blood, (B) marriage, or (C) adoption of a minor child by a child of the
391 grandparent;

392 [(6)] (8) "Health care provider" means (A) a doctor of medicine or
393 osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery by the
394 state in which the doctor practices; (B) a podiatrist, dentist,

395 psychologist, optometrist or chiropractor authorized to practice by the
396 state in which such person practices and performs within the scope of
397 the authorized practice; (C) an advanced practice registered nurse,
398 nurse practitioner, nurse midwife or clinical social worker authorized
399 to practice by the state in which such person practices and performs
400 within the scope of the authorized practice; (D) Christian Science
401 practitioners listed with the First Church of Christ, Scientist in Boston,
402 Massachusetts; (E) any health care provider from whom an employer
403 or a group health plan's benefits manager will accept certification of
404 the existence of a serious health condition to substantiate a claim for
405 benefits; (F) a health care provider as defined in subparagraphs (A) to
406 (E), inclusive, of this subdivision who practices in a country other than
407 the United States, who is licensed to practice in accordance with the
408 laws and regulations of that country; or (G) such other health care
409 provider as the Labor Commissioner determines, performing within
410 the scope of the authorized practice. The commissioner may utilize any
411 determinations made pursuant to chapter 568;

412 [(7)] (9) "Parent" means a biological parent, foster parent, adoptive
413 parent, stepparent, parent-in-law or legal guardian of an eligible
414 employee or an eligible employee's spouse, or an individual [who
415 stood] standing in loco parentis to an eligible employee; [when the
416 employee was a son or daughter;]

417 [(8)] (10) "Person" means one or more individuals, partnerships,
418 associations, corporations, business trusts, legal representatives or
419 organized groups of persons;

420 [(9)] (11) "Reduced leave schedule" means a leave schedule that
421 reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per
422 workday, of an employee;

423 [(10)] (12) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury,
424 impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves (A) inpatient
425 care in a hospital, hospice, nursing home or residential medical care
426 facility; or (B) continuing treatment, including outpatient treatment, by

427 a health care provider;

428 (13) "Sibling" means a brother or sister related to a person by (A)
429 blood, (B) marriage, or (C) adoption by a parent of the person;

430 [(11)] (14) "Son or daughter" means a biological, adopted or foster
431 child, stepchild, legal ward, or, in the alternative, a child of a person
432 standing in loco parentis; [who is (A) under eighteen years of age; or
433 (B) eighteen years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of
434 a mental or physical disability;] and

435 [(12)] (15) "Spouse" means a [husband or wife, as the case may be]
436 person to whom one is legally married.

437 Sec. 15. Section 31-51ll of the general statutes is repealed and the
438 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

439 (a) (1) Subject to section 31-51mm, as amended by this act, an
440 eligible employee shall be entitled to a total of [sixteen] twelve
441 workweeks of leave, which may be compensated under the Family and
442 Medical Leave Compensation Program established pursuant to section
443 2 of this act, during any [twenty-four-month] twelve-month period. [,
444 such twenty-four-month] Such twelve-month period [to be] shall be
445 determined utilizing any one of the following methods: (A)
446 [Consecutive calendar years] Calendar year; (B) any fixed [twenty-
447 four-month] twelve-month period, such as [two consecutive fiscal
448 years] a fiscal year or a [twenty-four-month] twelve-month period
449 measured forward from an employee's first date of employment; (C) a
450 [twenty-four-month] twelve-month period measured forward from an
451 employee's first day of leave taken under sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq,
452 inclusive, as amended by this act; or (D) a rolling [twenty-four-month]
453 twelve-month period measured backward from an employee's first
454 day of leave taken under sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, as
455 amended by this act.

456 (2) Leave under this subsection may be taken for one or more of the
457 following reasons:

458 (A) Upon the birth of a son or daughter of the employee;

459 (B) Upon the placement of a son or daughter with the employee for
460 adoption or foster care;

461 (C) In order to care for the spouse, [or a son,] sibling, son or
462 daughter, grandparent, grandchild or parent of the employee, if such
463 spouse, [son,] sibling, son or daughter, grandparent, grandchild or
464 parent has a serious health condition;

465 (D) Because of a serious health condition of the employee;

466 (E) In order to serve as an organ or bone marrow donor; or

467 (F) Because of any qualifying exigency, as determined in regulations
468 adopted by the United States Secretary of Labor, arising out of the fact
469 that the spouse, son, daughter or parent of the employee is on active
470 duty, or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty,
471 in the armed forces, as defined in subsection (a) of section 27-103.

472 (b) Entitlement to leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of
473 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section may accrue prior to the
474 birth or placement of a son or daughter when such leave is required
475 because of such impending birth or placement.

476 (c) (1) Leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subdivision (2) of
477 subsection (a) of this section for the birth or placement of a son or
478 daughter may not be taken by an employee intermittently or on a
479 reduced leave schedule unless the employee and the employer agree
480 otherwise. Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection concerning an
481 alternative position, subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of this section
482 concerning the duties of the employee and subdivision (5) of
483 subsection (b) of section 31-51mm, as amended by this act, concerning
484 sufficient certification, leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of
485 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) or under subsection (i) of this section
486 for a serious health condition may be taken intermittently or on a
487 reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. The taking of leave

488 intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule pursuant to this
489 subsection shall not result in a reduction of the total amount of leave to
490 which the employee is entitled under subsection (a) of this section
491 beyond the amount of leave actually taken.

492 (2) If an employee requests intermittent leave or leave on a reduced
493 leave schedule under subparagraph (C), (D) or (E) of subdivision (2) of
494 subsection (a) or under subsection (i) of this section that is foreseeable
495 based on planned medical treatment, the employer may require the
496 employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position
497 offered by the employer for which the employee is qualified and that
498 (A) has equivalent pay and benefits, and (B) better accommodates
499 recurring periods of leave than the regular employment position of the
500 employee, provided the exercise of this authority shall not conflict
501 with any provision of a collective bargaining agreement between such
502 employer and a labor organization which is the collective bargaining
503 representative of the unit of which the employee is a part.

504 (d) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, leave
505 granted under subsection (a) of this section may consist of unpaid
506 leave.

507 (e) (1) If an employer provides paid leave for fewer than [sixteen]
508 twelve workweeks, the additional weeks of leave necessary to attain
509 the [sixteen] twelve workweeks of leave required under sections 5-
510 248a and 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act, may be
511 provided without compensation or with compensation through the
512 Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program established
513 pursuant to section 2 of this act.

514 (2) (A) An eligible employee may elect [, or an employer may
515 require the employee,] to substitute any of the accrued paid vacation
516 leave, personal leave or family leave of the employee for leave
517 provided under subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of
518 subsection (a) of this section for any part of the [sixteen-week] twelve-
519 week period of such leave under said subsection or under subsection

520 (i) of this section for any part of the twenty-six-week period of such
521 leave.

522 (B) An eligible employee may elect [, or an employer may require
523 the employee,] to substitute any of the accrued paid vacation leave,
524 personal leave, or medical or sick leave of the employee for leave
525 provided under subparagraph (C), (D) or (E) of subdivision (2) of
526 subsection (a) of this section for any part of the [~~sixteen-week~~] twelve-
527 week period of such leave under said subsection or under subsection
528 (i) of this section for any part of the twenty-six-week period of leave,
529 except that nothing in section 5-248a or sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq,
530 inclusive, as amended by this act, shall require an employer to provide
531 paid sick leave or paid medical leave in any situation in which such
532 employer would not normally provide any such paid leave.

533 (f) (1) In any case in which the necessity for leave under
534 subparagraph (A) or (B) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this
535 section is foreseeable based on an expected birth or placement of a son
536 or daughter, the employee shall provide the employer with not less
537 than thirty days' notice, before the date of the leave is to begin, of the
538 employee's intention to take leave under said subparagraph (A) or (B),
539 except that if the date of the birth or placement of a son or daughter
540 requires leave to begin in less than thirty days, the employee shall
541 provide such notice as is practicable.

542 (2) In any case in which the necessity for leave under subparagraph
543 (C), (D) or (E) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) or under subsection
544 (i) of this section is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment,
545 the employee (A) shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the
546 treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employer,
547 subject to the approval of the health care provider of the employee or
548 the health care provider of the spouse, sibling, son [,] or daughter,
549 [spouse] grandparent, grandchild or parent of the employee, as
550 appropriate; and (B) shall provide the employer with not less than
551 thirty days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the
552 employee's intention to take leave under said subparagraph (C), (D) or

553 (E) or said subsection (i), except that if the date of the treatment
554 requires leave to begin in less than thirty days, the employee shall
555 provide such notice as is practicable.

556 (g) In any case in which [a husband and wife] two spouses entitled
557 to leave under subsection (a) of this section are employed by the same
558 employer, the aggregate number of workweeks of leave to which both
559 may be entitled may be limited to [sixteen] twelve workweeks, which
560 may be compensated under the Family and Medical Leave
561 Compensation Program established pursuant to section 2 of this act,
562 during any [twenty-four-month] twelve-month period, if such leave is
563 taken: (1) Under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subdivision (2) of
564 subsection (a) of this section; or (2) to care for a sick sibling, son or
565 daughter, grandparent, grandchild, or parent under subparagraph (C)
566 of said subdivision. In any case in which [a husband and wife] two
567 spouses entitled to leave under subsection (i) of this section are
568 employed by the same employer, the aggregate number of workweeks
569 of leave to which both may be entitled may be limited to twenty-six
570 workweeks, twelve weeks of which may be compensated under the
571 Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program established
572 pursuant to section 2 of this act, during any twelve-month period.

573 (h) Unpaid leave taken pursuant to sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to
574 31-51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act, shall not be construed to
575 affect an employee's qualification for exemption under chapter 558.

576 (i) Subject to section 31-51mm, as amended by this act, an eligible
577 employee who is the spouse, sibling, son or daughter, grandparent,
578 grandchild, parent or next of kin of a current member of the armed
579 forces, as defined in section 27-103, who is undergoing medical
580 treatment, recuperation or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status or
581 is on the temporary disability retired list for a serious injury or illness
582 incurred in the line of duty shall be entitled to a one-time benefit of
583 twenty-six workweeks of leave, up to twelve weeks of which may be
584 compensated under the Family and Medical Leave Compensation
585 Program established pursuant to section 2 of this act, during any

586 twelve-month period for each armed forces member per serious injury
587 or illness incurred in the line of duty. Such twelve-month period shall
588 commence on an employee's first day of leave taken to care for a
589 covered armed forces member and end on the date twelve months
590 after such first day of leave. For the purposes of this subsection, (1)
591 "next of kin" means the armed forces member's nearest blood relative,
592 other than the covered armed forces member's spouse, [parent] sibling,
593 son or daughter, grandparent, grandchild or parent, in the following
594 order of priority: Blood relatives who have been granted legal custody
595 of the armed forces member by court decree or statutory provisions,
596 brothers and sisters, grandparents, aunts and uncles, and first cousins,
597 unless the covered armed forces member has specifically designated in
598 writing another blood relative as his or her nearest blood relative for
599 purposes of military caregiver leave, in which case the designated
600 individual shall be deemed to be the covered armed forces member's
601 next of kin; and (2) "son or daughter" means a biological, adopted or
602 foster child, stepchild, legal ward or child for whom the eligible
603 employee or armed forces member stood in loco parentis and who is
604 any age.

605 (j) Leave taken pursuant to sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, as
606 amended by this act, shall not run concurrently with the provisions of
607 section 31-313.

608 (k) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 5-248a and 31-51kk
609 to 31-51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act, all further rights granted
610 by federal law shall remain in effect.

611 Sec. 16. Section 31-51mm of the general statutes is repealed and the
612 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

613 (a) An employer may require that request for leave based on a
614 serious health condition in subparagraph (C) or (D) of subdivision (2)
615 of subsection (a) of section 31-51ll, as amended by this act, or leave
616 based on subsection (i) of section 31-51ll, as amended by this act, be
617 supported by a certification issued by the health care provider of the

618 eligible employee or of the spouse, sibling, son [.] or daughter,
619 [spouse] grandparent, grandchild, parent or next of kin of the
620 employee, as appropriate. The employee shall provide, in a timely
621 manner, a copy of such certification to the employer.

622 (b) Certification provided under subsection (a) of this section shall
623 be sufficient if it states:

624 (1) The date on which the serious health condition commenced;

625 (2) The probable duration of the condition;

626 (3) The appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the
627 health care provider regarding the condition;

628 (4) (A) For purposes of leave under subparagraph (C) of subdivision
629 (2) of subsection (a) of section 31-51ll, as amended by this act, a
630 statement that the eligible employee is needed to care for the spouse,
631 sibling, son [.] or daughter, [spouse] grandparent, grandchild or parent
632 and an estimate of the amount of time that such employee needs to
633 care for the spouse, sibling, son [.] or daughter, [spouse] grandparent,
634 grandchild or parent; and (B) for purposes of leave under
635 subparagraph (D) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 31-51ll,
636 as amended by this act, a statement that the employee is unable to
637 perform the functions of the position of the employee;

638 (5) In the case of certification for intermittent leave or leave on a
639 reduced leave schedule for planned medical treatment, the dates on
640 which such treatment is expected to be given and the duration of such
641 treatment;

642 (6) In the case of certification for intermittent leave or leave on a
643 reduced leave schedule under subparagraph (D) of subdivision (2) of
644 subsection (a) of section 31-51ll, as amended by this act, a statement of
645 the medical necessity of the intermittent leave or leave on a reduced
646 leave schedule, and the expected duration of the intermittent leave or
647 reduced leave schedule;

648 (7) In the case of certification for intermittent leave or leave on a
649 reduced leave schedule under subparagraph (C) of subdivision (2) of
650 subsection (a) of section 31-51ll, as amended by this act, a statement
651 that the employee's intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave
652 schedule is necessary for the care of the spouse, sibling, son [,] or
653 daughter, grandparent, grandchild, or parent [or spouse] who has a
654 serious health condition, or will assist in their recovery, and the
655 expected duration and schedule of the intermittent leave or reduced
656 leave schedule; and

657 (8) In the case of certification for intermittent leave or leave on a
658 reduced leave schedule under subsection (i) of section 31-51ll, as
659 amended by this act, a statement that the employee's intermittent leave
660 or leave on a reduced leave schedule is necessary for the care of the
661 spouse, sibling, son or daughter, grandparent, grandchild, parent or
662 next of kin who is a current member of the armed forces, as defined in
663 section 27-103, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or
664 therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status or is on the temporary
665 disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness incurred in the line
666 of duty, and the expected duration and schedule of the intermittent
667 leave or reduced leave schedule. For the purposes of this subsection,
668 "son or daughter" and "next of kin" have the same meanings as
669 provided in subsection (i) of section 31-51ll, as amended by this act.

670 (c) (1) In any case in which the employer has reason to doubt the
671 validity of the certification provided under subsection (a) of this
672 section for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subdivision (2) of
673 subsection (a) or under subsection (i) of section 31-51ll, as amended by
674 this act, the employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that
675 the eligible employee obtain the opinion of a second health care
676 provider designated or approved by the employer concerning any
677 information certified under subsection (b) of this section for such leave.

678 (2) A health care provider designated or approved under
679 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be employed on a regular
680 basis by the employer.

681 (d) (1) In any case in which the second opinion described in
682 subsection (c) of this section differs from the opinion in the original
683 certification provided under subsection (a) of this section, the
684 employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that the
685 employee obtain the opinion of a third health care provider designated
686 or approved jointly by the employer and the employee concerning the
687 information certified under subsection (b) of this section.

688 (2) The opinion of the third health care provider concerning the
689 information certified under subsection (b) of this section shall be
690 considered to be final and shall be binding on the employer and the
691 employee.

692 (e) The employer may require that the eligible employee obtain
693 subsequent recertifications on a reasonable basis, provided the
694 standards for determining what constitutes a reasonable basis for
695 recertification may be governed by a collective bargaining agreement
696 between such employer and a labor organization which is the
697 collective bargaining representative of the unit of which the worker is
698 a part if such a collective bargaining agreement is in effect. Unless
699 otherwise required by the employee's health care provider, the
700 employer may not require recertification more than once during a
701 thirty-day period and, in any case, may not unreasonably require
702 recertification. The employer shall pay for any recertification that is not
703 covered by the employee's health insurance.

704 Sec. 17. Section 31-5100 of the general statutes is repealed and the
705 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

706 Records and documents relating to medical certifications,
707 recertifications or medical histories of employees or employees' family
708 members, created for purposes of sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to 31-
709 51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act, and sections 2 to 13, inclusive,
710 of this act shall be maintained as medical records pursuant to chapter
711 563a, except that: (1) Supervisors and managers may be informed
712 regarding necessary restrictions on the work or duties of an employee

713 and necessary accommodations; (2) first aid and safety personnel may
714 be informed, when appropriate, if the employee's physical or medical
715 condition might require emergency treatment; and (3) government
716 officials investigating compliance with sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to
717 31-51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act, and sections 2 to 13,
718 inclusive, of this act, or other pertinent law shall be provided relevant
719 information upon request.

720 Sec. 18. Section 31-51pp of the general statutes is repealed and the
721 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

722 (a) (1) It shall be a violation of sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to 31-
723 51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act, for any employer to interfere
724 with, restrain or deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any
725 right provided under said sections.

726 (2) It shall be a violation of sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to 31-51qq,
727 inclusive, as amended by this act, for any employer to discharge or
728 cause to be discharged, or in any other manner discriminate, against
729 any individual for opposing any practice made unlawful by said
730 sections or because such employee has exercised the rights afforded to
731 such employee under said sections.

732 (b) It shall be a violation of sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to 31-51qq,
733 inclusive, as amended by this act, for any person to discharge or cause
734 to be discharged, or in any other manner discriminate, against any
735 individual because such individual:

736 (1) Has filed any charge, or has instituted or caused to be instituted
737 any proceeding, under or related to sections 5-248a and 31-51kk to 31-
738 51qq, inclusive, as amended by this act;

739 (2) Has given, or is about to give, any information in connection
740 with any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under
741 said sections; or

742 (3) Has testified, or is about to testify, in any inquiry or proceeding

743 relating to any right provided under said sections.

744 (c) (1) It shall be a violation of sections 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive,
745 as amended by this act, for any employer to deny an employee the
746 right to use up to two weeks of accumulated sick leave or to discharge,
747 threaten to discharge, demote, suspend or in any manner discriminate
748 against an employee for using, or attempting to exercise the right to
749 use, up to two weeks of accumulated sick leave to attend to a serious
750 health condition of a spouse, sibling, son or daughter, [spouse]
751 grandparent, grandchild or parent of the employee, or for the birth or
752 adoption of a son or daughter of the employee. For purposes of this
753 subsection, "sick leave" means an absence from work for which
754 compensation is provided through (A) an employer's bona fide written
755 policy providing compensation for loss of wages occasioned by illness,
756 or (B) the Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program
757 established pursuant to section 2 of this act, but does not include
758 absences from work for which compensation is provided through an
759 employer's plan, including, but not limited to, a short or long-term
760 disability plan, whether or not such plan is self-insured.

761 (2) Any employee aggrieved by a violation of this subsection may
762 file a complaint with the Labor Commissioner alleging violation of the
763 provisions of this subsection. Upon receipt of any such complaint, the
764 commissioner shall hold a hearing. After the hearing, the
765 commissioner shall send each party a written copy of the
766 commissioner's decision. The commissioner may award the employee
767 all appropriate relief, including rehiring or reinstatement to the
768 employee's previous job, payment of back wages and reestablishment
769 of employee benefits to which the employee otherwise would have
770 been eligible if a violation of this subsection had not occurred. Any
771 party aggrieved by the decision of the commissioner may appeal the
772 decision to the Superior Court in accordance with the provisions of
773 chapter 54.

774 (3) The rights and remedies specified in this subsection are
775 cumulative and nonexclusive and are in addition to any other rights or

776 remedies afforded by contract or under other provisions of law.

777 Sec. 19. Section 31-51qq of the general statutes is repealed and the
778 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2019*):

779 On or before [~~January 1, 1997~~] July 1, 2019, the Labor Commissioner
780 shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter
781 54, to establish procedures and guidelines necessary to implement the
782 provisions of sections [~~5-248a and~~] 31-51kk to 31-51qq, inclusive, as
783 amended by this act, and sections 2 to 13, inclusive, of this act,
784 including, but not limited to, procedures for hearings and redress,
785 including restoration and restitution, for an employee who believes
786 that there is a violation by the employer of such employee of any
787 provision of said sections. [In adopting such regulations, the
788 commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to ensure compatibility of
789 state regulatory provisions with similar provisions of the federal
790 Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 and the regulations
791 promulgated pursuant to said act.]

792 Sec. 20. Section 31-51ss of the general statutes is repealed and the
793 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2020*):

794 (a) For the purposes of this section:

795 (1) "Employer" means a person engaged in business who has three
796 or more employees, including the state and any political subdivision of
797 the state;

798 (2) "Employee" means any person engaged in service to an employer
799 in the business of the employer;

800 (3) "Family violence" means family violence, as defined in section
801 46b-38a; and

802 (4) "Leave" includes paid or unpaid leave which may include, but is
803 not limited to, compensatory time, vacation time, personal days off,
804 leave under the Family and Medical Leave Compensation Program

805 established pursuant to section 2 of this act or other time off.

806 (b) If an employee is a victim of family violence, an employer shall
807 permit the employee to take paid or unpaid leave during any calendar
808 year in which such leave is reasonably necessary (1) to seek medical
809 care or psychological or other counseling for physical or psychological
810 injury or disability for the victim, (2) to obtain services from a victim
811 services organization on behalf of the victim, (3) to relocate due to such
812 family violence, or (4) to participate in any civil or criminal proceeding
813 related to or resulting from such family violence. An employer may
814 limit unpaid leave under this section to twelve days during any
815 calendar year. Leave under this section shall not affect any other leave
816 provided under state or federal law.

817 (c) If an employee's need to use leave under this section is
818 foreseeable, an employer may require advance notice, not to exceed
819 seven days prior to the date such leave is to begin, of the intention to
820 use such leave. If an employee's need for such leave is not foreseeable,
821 an employer may require an employee to give notice of such intention
822 as soon as practicable.

823 (d) Upon an employer's request, an employee who takes leave
824 pursuant to this section shall provide the employer a signed written
825 statement certifying that the leave is for a purpose authorized under
826 this section. The employer may also, but need not, request that the
827 employee provide a police or court record related to the family
828 violence or a signed written statement that the employee is a victim of
829 family violence, provided such statement is from an employee or agent
830 of a victim services organization, an attorney, an employee of the
831 Judicial Branch's Office of Victim Services or the Office of the Victim
832 Advocate, or a licensed medical professional or other licensed
833 professional from whom the employee has sought assistance with
834 respect to the family violence.

835 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to (1) prevent
836 employers from providing more leave than is required under this

837 section, (2) diminish any rights provided to any employee under the
838 terms of the employee's employment or a collective bargaining
839 agreement, or (3) preempt or override the terms of any collective
840 bargaining agreement effective prior to October 1, 2010.

841 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an employer
842 to provide paid leave under this section if (1) the employee is not
843 entitled to paid leave pursuant to the terms and conditions of the
844 employee's employment or under the Family and Medical Leave
845 Compensation Program established pursuant to section 2 of this act, or
846 (2) such paid leave exceeds the maximum amount of leave due the
847 employee during any calendar year, provided the employee shall be
848 entitled to unpaid leave under this section if paid leave is exhausted or
849 not provided.

850 (g) Any written statement or police or court record provided to an
851 employer pursuant to subsection (d) of this section shall be maintained
852 as confidential by the employer and shall not be further disclosed by
853 the employer except as required by federal or state law or as necessary
854 to protect the employee's safety in the workplace, provided the
855 employee is given notice prior to the disclosure.

856 (h) If an employer discharges, penalizes or threatens or otherwise
857 coerces an employee in violation of this section, the employee, not later
858 than one hundred eighty days from the occurrence of such action, may
859 bring a civil action for damages and for an order requiring the
860 employee's reinstatement or otherwise rescinding such action. If the
861 employee prevails, the employee shall be allowed a reasonable
862 attorney's fee to be fixed by the court.

863 Sec. 21. Section 3-13c of the general statutes is repealed and the
864 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2017*):

865 Trust funds as used in sections 3-13 to 3-13e, inclusive, and 3-31b
866 shall be construed to include Connecticut Municipal Employees'
867 Retirement Fund A, Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement

868 Fund B, Soldiers, Sailors and Marines Fund, Family and Medical Leave
 869 Compensation Trust Fund, State's Attorneys' Retirement Fund,
 870 Teachers' Annuity Fund, Teachers' Pension Fund, Teachers'
 871 Survivorship and Dependency Fund, School Fund, State Employees
 872 Retirement Fund, the Hospital Insurance Fund, Policemen and
 873 Firemen Survivor's Benefit Fund and all other trust funds
 874 administered, held or invested by the State Treasurer.

875 Sec. 22. Section 31-51rr of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective*
 876 *July 1, 2020*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 5	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 6	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 7	<i>January 1, 2019</i>	New section
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 10	<i>January 1, 2020</i>	New section
Sec. 11	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 12	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 14	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	31-51kk
Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	31-51ll
Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	31-51mm
Sec. 17	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	31-51oo
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	31-51pp
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2019</i>	31-51qq
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	31-51ss
Sec. 21	<i>July 1, 2017</i>	3-13c
Sec. 22	<i>July 1, 2020</i>	Repealer section

LAB *Joint Favorable*

