



# Senate

General Assembly

**File No. 744**

January Session, 2017

Substitute Senate Bill No. 734

*Senate, May 10, 2017*

The Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding reported through SEN. FONFARA of the 1st Dist. and SEN. FRANTZ, L. of the 36th Dist., Chairpersons of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

***AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TAX DEDUCTION FOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO A CITIZENS IN NEED ACCOUNT.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2017, and applicable to taxable years*  
2 *commencing on or after January 1, 2017*) (a) (1) There is established an  
3 account to be known as the "citizens in need account" which shall be a  
4 separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account  
5 shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the  
6 account.

7 (2) Moneys in the account shall be expended by the Comptroller, in  
8 consultation with the Commissioner of Social Services, to assist  
9 residents of this state who have had their benefits from social services  
10 programs administered by the Department of Social Services reduced  
11 due to state budgetary constraints. Such moneys shall not be used for  
12 administrative purposes.

13 (b) Any taxpayer may make a charitable contribution to the citizens  
14 in need account and such taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction from  
15 the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes at the rate of  
16 two hundred per cent of the amount of such contribution.

17 (c) The Commissioner of Social Services may adopt regulations, in  
18 consultation with the Comptroller and in accordance with the  
19 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish standards  
20 or criteria for determining what social services programs are eligible to  
21 receive moneys from the account and how disbursements from the  
22 account will be made, methods to determine the amounts of and a  
23 schedule for making such disbursements and any other regulations  
24 necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

25 Sec. 2. Subparagraph (B) of subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of  
26 section 12-701 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is  
27 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2017, and applicable to taxable*  
28 *years commencing on or after January 1, 2017*):

29 (B) There shall be subtracted therefrom (i) to the extent properly  
30 includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, any  
31 income with respect to which taxation by any state is prohibited by  
32 federal law, (ii) to the extent allowable under section 12-718, exempt  
33 dividends paid by a regulated investment company, (iii) the amount of  
34 any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this  
35 state, or any other state of the United States or a political subdivision  
36 thereof, or the District of Columbia, to the extent properly includable  
37 in gross income for federal income tax purposes, (iv) to the extent  
38 properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes  
39 and not otherwise subtracted from federal adjusted gross income  
40 pursuant to clause (x) of this subparagraph in computing Connecticut  
41 adjusted gross income, any tier 1 railroad retirement benefits, (v) to the  
42 extent any additional allowance for depreciation under Section 168(k)  
43 of the Internal Revenue Code, as provided by Section 101 of the Job  
44 Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, for property placed in  
45 service after December 31, 2001, but prior to September 10, 2004, was

46 added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph  
47 (A)(ix) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross  
48 income for a taxable year ending after December 31, 2001, twenty-five  
49 per cent of such additional allowance for depreciation in each of the  
50 four succeeding taxable years, (vi) to the extent properly includable in  
51 gross income for federal income tax purposes, any interest income  
52 from obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any  
53 political subdivision thereof, or public instrumentality, state or local  
54 authority, district or similar public entity created under the laws of the  
55 state of Connecticut, (vii) to the extent properly includable in  
56 determining the net gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of  
57 capital assets for federal income tax purposes, any gain from the sale  
58 or exchange of obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of  
59 Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof, or public  
60 instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar public entity  
61 created under the laws of the state of Connecticut, in the income year  
62 such gain was recognized, (viii) any interest on indebtedness incurred  
63 or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities the interest  
64 on which is subject to tax under this chapter but exempt from federal  
65 income tax, to the extent that such interest on indebtedness is not  
66 deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and is  
67 attributable to a trade or business carried on by such individual, (ix)  
68 ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable  
69 year for the production or collection of income which is subject to  
70 taxation under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, or the  
71 management, conservation or maintenance of property held for the  
72 production of such income, and the amortizable bond premium for the  
73 taxable year on any bond the interest on which is subject to tax under  
74 this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that  
75 such expenses and premiums are not deductible in determining federal  
76 adjusted gross income and are attributable to a trade or business  
77 carried on by such individual, (x) (I) for a person who files a return  
78 under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose  
79 federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than fifty  
80 thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose

81 federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than fifty  
82 thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a return under  
83 the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose  
84 federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than sixty  
85 thousand dollars or a person who files a return under the federal  
86 income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross  
87 income for such taxable year is less than sixty thousand dollars, an  
88 amount equal to the Social Security benefits includable for federal  
89 income tax purposes; and (II) for a person who files a return under the  
90 federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted  
91 gross income for such taxable year is fifty thousand dollars or more, or  
92 as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross  
93 income for such taxable year is fifty thousand dollars or more, or for a  
94 husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as  
95 married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income  
96 from such taxable year is sixty thousand dollars or more or for a  
97 person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of  
98 household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year  
99 is sixty thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the difference  
100 between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal  
101 income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the Social  
102 Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five per  
103 cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue  
104 Code, (xi) to the extent properly includable in gross income for federal  
105 income tax purposes, any amount rebated to a taxpayer pursuant to  
106 section 12-746, (xii) to the extent properly includable in the gross  
107 income for federal income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary,  
108 any distribution to such beneficiary from any qualified state tuition  
109 program, as defined in Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
110 established and maintained by this state or any official, agency or  
111 instrumentality of the state, (xiii) to the extent allowable under section  
112 12-701a, contributions to accounts established pursuant to any  
113 qualified state tuition program, as defined in Section 529(b) of the  
114 Internal Revenue Code, established and maintained by this state or  
115 any official, agency or instrumentality of the state, (xiv) to the extent

116 properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes,  
117 the amount of any Holocaust victims' settlement payment received in  
118 the taxable year by a Holocaust victim, (xv) to the extent properly  
119 includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes of an  
120 account holder, as defined in section 31-51ww, interest earned on  
121 funds deposited in the individual development account, as defined in  
122 section 31-51ww, of such account holder, (xvi) to the extent properly  
123 includable in the gross income for federal income tax purposes of a  
124 designated beneficiary, as defined in section 3-123aa, interest,  
125 dividends or capital gains earned on contributions to accounts  
126 established for the designated beneficiary pursuant to the Connecticut  
127 Homecare Option Program for the Elderly established by sections 3-  
128 123aa to 3-123ff, inclusive, (xvii) to the extent properly includable in  
129 gross income for federal income tax purposes, any income received  
130 from the United States government as retirement pay for a retired  
131 member of (I) the Armed Forces of the United States, as defined in  
132 Section 101 of Title 10 of the United States Code, or (II) the National  
133 Guard, as defined in Section 101 of Title 10 of the United States Code,  
134 (xviii) to the extent properly includable in gross income for federal  
135 income tax purposes for the taxable year, any income from the  
136 discharge of indebtedness in connection with any reacquisition, after  
137 December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt  
138 instrument or instruments, as those terms are defined in Section 108 of  
139 the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by Section 1231 of the  
140 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, to the extent any  
141 such income was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to  
142 subparagraph (A)(xi) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut  
143 adjusted gross income for a preceding taxable year, (xix) to the extent  
144 not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income, the  
145 amount of any contribution to a manufacturing reinvestment account  
146 established pursuant to section 32-9zz in the taxable year that such  
147 contribution is made, [and] (xx) to the extent properly includable in  
148 gross income for federal income tax purposes, for the taxable year  
149 commencing January 1, 2015, ten per cent of the income received from  
150 the state teachers' retirement system, for the taxable year commencing

151 January 1, 2016, twenty-five per cent of the income received from the  
 152 state teachers' retirement system, and for the taxable year commencing  
 153 January 1, 2017, and each taxable year thereafter, fifty per cent of the  
 154 income received from the state teachers' retirement system, and (xxi)  
 155 the amount calculated pursuant to subsection (b) of section 1 of this act  
 156 for contributions made during the taxable year.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2017, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2017</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2017, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2017</i>	12-701(a)(20)(B)

**Statement of Legislative Commissioners:**

In Section 1, the effective date and applicability were changed for consistency, "chapter 219" was changed to "chapter 229" in Subsec. (b) for accuracy, and "social services" was added in Subsec. (c) for consistency; and in Section 2, "donations" was changed to "contributions" for consistency.

**FIN** Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

**OFA Fiscal Note**

**State Impact:**

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 18 \$	FY 19 \$
Comptroller	GF- Citizens In Need Account - Revenue Gain	300,000	300,000
Comptroller	GF - Cost	55,800	55,800
State Comptroller - Fringe Benefits <sup>1</sup>	GF - Cost	21,249	21,249
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Cost	40,000	None
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Revenue Loss	31,500	31,500

Note: GF=General Fund

**Municipal Impact:** None

**Explanation**

The bill, which establishes a “citizens in need account” that is funded through voluntary contributions for which a 200% state income tax deduction is available, is estimated to result in: 1) a \$300,000 annual revenue gain to the “citizens in need account” within the General Fund beginning in FY 18, 2) a \$31,500 annual General Fund revenue loss beginning in FY 18, 3) an annual cost to the Office of the State Comptroller (OSC) of approximately \$77,049 beginning in FY 18, and 4) a one-time cost to the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) in FY 18 only.

The estimated \$300,000 revenue gain to the “citizens in need

<sup>1</sup>The fringe benefit costs for most state employees are budgeted centrally in accounts administered by the Comptroller. The estimated active employee fringe benefit cost associated with most personnel changes is 38.08% of payroll in FY 18 and FY 19.

account” is based on the average annual amount of voluntary contributions currently made to various charitable programs via state income tax refunds. The estimated revenue loss assumes an average effective income tax rate of 5.2% applied to the estimated \$300,000 in voluntary contributions, the product of which is doubled to estimate the impact of the 200% deduction provision.

It is anticipated that the OSC would require one Assistant Accountant to administer the “citizens in need account” at an annual cost of \$77,049 (\$55,800 for salary and \$21,249 for fringe benefits). Additionally, the bill results in a one-time cost of \$40,000 in FY 18 for the DRS to establish a new subtraction modification and accompanying schedule on the income tax, as well as changes to the online Taxpayer Service Center and internal Integrated Tax Administration System.

### ***The Out Years***

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

**OLR Bill Analysis****sSB 734*****AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TAX DEDUCTION FOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO A CITIZENS IN NEED ACCOUNT.*****SUMMARY**

This bill creates a mechanism to obtain voluntary contributions from taxpayers to assist Connecticut residents whose social service benefits have been reduced because of budget constraints. The mechanism is a 200% personal income tax deduction for taxpayers who contribute to a separate nonlapsing General Fund account the bill establishes exclusively to help these residents (i.e., the “citizens in need account”). The account must also contain any other funds that must be deposited there by law.

The comptroller, in consultation with the Department of Social Service (DSS) commissioner, must use the account to fund only benefits provided through DSS programs. The commissioner cannot use the account for administrative purposes. The commissioner may adopt regulations, in consultation with the comptroller, establishing:

1. standards or criteria for determining the programs that may be funded from the account,
2. the schedule for determining and making benefit payments, and
3. other requirements for funding these payments.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1 2017 and applicable to taxable years starting on or after January 1, 2017.

**COMMITTEE ACTION**

Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee

Joint Favorable

Yea 38 Nay 11 (04/27/2017)