



General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2015

LCO No. 6665



Offered by:

REP. TONG, 147th Dist.

SEN. COLEMAN, 2nd Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 6961

File No. 628

Cal. No. 398

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE REVISOR'S TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE GENERAL STATUTES."

1 After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
2 internal references accordingly:

3 "Sec. 501. Section 17a-93 of the general statutes is repealed and the
4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

5 As used in sections 17a-90 to [17a-124] 17a-121a, inclusive, and
6 sections 17a-145 to 17a-153, inclusive:

7 (1) "Child" means any person under eighteen years of age, except as
8 otherwise specified, or any person under twenty-one years of age who
9 is in full-time attendance in a secondary school, a technical school, a
10 college or a state-accredited job training program;

11 (2) "Parent" means natural or adoptive parent;

12 (3) "Adoption" means the establishment by court order of the legal
13 relationship of parent and child;

14 (4) "Guardianship" means guardianship, unless otherwise specified,
15 of the person of a minor and refers to the obligation of care and
16 control, the right to custody and the duty and authority to make major
17 decisions affecting such minor's welfare, including, but not limited to,
18 consent determinations regarding marriage, enlistment in the armed
19 forces and major medical, psychiatric or surgical treatment;

20 (5) "Termination of parental rights" means the complete severance
21 by court order of the legal relationship, with all its rights and
22 responsibilities, between the child and his parent or parents so that the
23 child is free for adoption except it shall not affect the right of
24 inheritance of such child or the religious affiliation of such child;

25 (6) "Statutory parent" means the Commissioner of Children and
26 Families or that child-placing agency appointed by the court for the
27 purpose of giving a minor child or minor children in adoption;

28 (7) "Child-placing agency" means any agency within or without the
29 state of Connecticut licensed or approved by the Commissioner of
30 Children and Families in accordance with sections 17a-149 and 17a-
31 151, and in accordance with such standards which shall be established
32 by regulations of the Department of Children and Families;

33 (8) "Child care facility" means a congregate residential setting
34 licensed by the Department of Children and Families for the out-of-
35 home placement of children or youths under eighteen years of age, or
36 any person under twenty-one years of age who is in full-time
37 attendance in a secondary school, a technical school, a college or state
38 accredited job training program;

39 (9) "Protective supervision" means a status created by court order
40 following adjudication of neglect whereby a child's place of abode is
41 not changed but assistance directed at correcting the neglect is
42 provided at the request of the court through the Department of

43 Children and Families or such other social agency as the court may
44 specify;

45 (10) "Receiving home" means a facility operated by the Department
46 of Children and Families to receive and temporarily care for children
47 in the guardianship or care of the commissioner;

48 (11) "Protective services" means public welfare services provided
49 after complaints of abuse, neglect or abandonment, but in the absence
50 of an adjudication or assumption of jurisdiction by a court;

51 (12) "Person responsible for the health, welfare or care of a child or
52 youth" means a child's or a youth's parent, guardian or foster parent;
53 an employee of a public or private residential home, agency or
54 institution or other person legally responsible in a residential setting;
55 or any staff person providing out-of-home care, including center-based
56 child day care, family day care or group day care, as defined in section
57 19a-77;

58 (13) "Foster family" means a person or persons, licensed or certified
59 by the Department of Children and Families or approved by a licensed
60 child-placing agency, for the care of a child or children in a private
61 home;

62 (14) "Prospective adoptive family" means a person or persons,
63 licensed by the Department of Children and Families or approved by a
64 licensed child-placing agency, who is awaiting the placement of, or
65 who has a child or children placed in their home for the purposes of
66 adoption; and

67 (15) "Person entrusted with the care of a child or youth" means a
68 person given access to a child or youth by a person responsible for the
69 health, welfare or care of a child or youth for the purpose of providing
70 education, child care, counseling, spiritual guidance, coaching,
71 training, instruction, tutoring or mentoring of such child or youth.

72 Sec. 502. Section 19a-289v of the general statutes is repealed and the

73 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

74 Sections 19a-289 to 19a-289v, inclusive, modify, limit and supersede
75 the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15
76 USC Section 7001 et seq., but [does] do not modify, limit or supersede
77 Section 101(c) of that act, 15 USC Section 7001(c), or authorize
78 electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of
79 said act, 15 USC Section 7003(b).

80 Sec. 503. Section 5-145a of the general statutes is repealed and the
81 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

82 Any condition of impairment of health caused by hypertension or
83 heart disease resulting in total or partial disability or death to a
84 member of the security force or fire department of The University of
85 Connecticut or the aeronautics operations of the Department of
86 Transportation, or to a member of the Office of State Capitol Police or
87 any person appointed under section 29-18 as a special policeman for
88 the State Capitol building and grounds, the Legislative Office Building
89 and parking garage and related structures and facilities, and other
90 areas under the supervision and control of the Joint Committee on
91 Legislative Management, or to state personnel engaged in guard or
92 instructional duties in the Connecticut Correctional Institution,
93 Somers, Connecticut Correctional Institution, Enfield-Medium, the
94 Carl Robinson Correctional Institution, Enfield, John R. Manson Youth
95 Institution, Cheshire, the [Connecticut Correctional Institution,
96 Niantic] York Correctional Institution, the Connecticut Correctional
97 Center, Cheshire, or the community correctional centers, or to any
98 employee of the Whiting Forensic Division with direct and substantial
99 patient contact, or to any detective, chief inspector or inspector in the
100 Division of Criminal Justice or chief detective, or to any state employee
101 designated as a hazardous duty employee pursuant to an applicable
102 collective bargaining agreement who successfully passed a physical
103 examination on entry into such service, which examination failed to
104 reveal any evidence of such condition, shall be presumed to have been
105 suffered in the performance of his duty and shall be compensable in

106 accordance with the provisions of chapter 568, except that for the first
107 three months of compensability the employee shall continue to receive
108 the full salary which he was receiving at the time of injury in the
109 manner provided by the provisions of section 5-142. Any such
110 employee who began such service prior to June 28, 1985, and was not
111 covered by the provisions of this section prior to said date shall not be
112 required, for purposes of this section, to show proof that he
113 successfully passed a physical examination on entry into such service.

114 Sec. 504. Subsection (a) of section 5-173 of the general statutes is
115 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
116 *October 1, 2015*):

117 (a) A state policeman in the active service of the Division of State
118 Police within the Department of Emergency Services and Public
119 Protection, or any person who is engaged in guard or instructional
120 duties at the Connecticut Correctional Institution, Somers, the
121 Connecticut Correctional Institution, Enfield-Medium, the Carl
122 Robinson Correctional Institution, Enfield, the John R. Manson Youth
123 Institution, Cheshire, the [Connecticut Correctional Institution,
124 Niantic] York Correctional Institution, the Connecticut Correctional
125 Center, Cheshire and the community correctional centers, or any
126 person exempt from collective bargaining who is engaged in custodial
127 or instructional duties within the Department of Correction, or any
128 person who is an employee of the Whiting Forensic Division with
129 direct and substantial patient contact, or any person who is employed
130 as a correctional counselor, correctional counselor supervisor, parole
131 officer or parole supervisor or in a comparable job classification by the
132 Board of Pardons and Paroles, or any member of tier I who has been
133 designated as a hazardous duty member pursuant to an applicable
134 collective bargaining agreement, who has reached his forty-seventh
135 birthday and completed at least twenty years of hazardous duty
136 service for the state or service as a state policeman or as guard or
137 instructor at said correctional institutions or correctional centers, or
138 service in a custodial or instructional position within the Department

139 of Correction which is exempt from collective bargaining, or as an
140 employee of the Whiting Forensic Division or its predecessor
141 institutions, or as a correctional counselor, correctional counselor
142 supervisor, parole officer or parole supervisor or in a comparable job
143 classification as an employee of the Board of Pardons and Paroles, shall
144 be retired on his own application or on the application of the
145 Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection or the
146 Commissioner of Correction, as the case may be.

147 Sec. 505. Subsection (d) of section 5-173 of the general statutes is
148 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
149 *October 1, 2015*):

150 (d) Any such person who, after retiring from hazardous duty as
151 designated pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement or from the
152 Division of State Police or the employ of the Connecticut Correctional
153 Institution, Somers, the Connecticut Correctional Institution, Enfield-
154 Medium, the Carl Robinson Correctional Institution, Enfield, the John
155 R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire, the [Connecticut Correctional
156 Institution, Niantic] York Correctional Institution, the Connecticut
157 Correctional Center, Cheshire or a community correctional center, the
158 Whiting Forensic Division or the Board of Pardons and Paroles, as the
159 case may be, is employed by any other state agency may elect to
160 receive the retirement income to which he was entitled at the time of
161 his retirement from such hazardous duty or as a state policeman or
162 employee of the correctional institution or correctional center, forensic
163 division or Board of Pardons and Paroles when his employment in
164 such other agency ceases, but he shall not, in that case, be entitled to
165 any retirement income by reason of service in such other agency except
166 as provided in subsection (g) of this section.

167 Sec. 506. Subsection (d) of section 5-192f of the general statutes is
168 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
169 *October 1, 2015*):

170 (d) "Hazardous duty member" means a member who is a state

171 policeman in the active service of the Division of State Police within
172 the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, who is
173 engaged in guard or instructional duties at the Connecticut
174 Correctional Institution, Somers, the Connecticut Correctional
175 Institution, Enfield-Medium, the Carl Robinson Correctional
176 Institution, Enfield, the John R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire,
177 the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York Correctional
178 Institution, the Connecticut Correctional Center, Cheshire or the
179 community correctional centers, who is an employee of the Whiting
180 Forensic Division or its predecessor institutions with direct and
181 substantial patient contact, who is a detective, chief inspector or
182 inspector in the Division of Criminal Justice or chief detective, who is
183 employed as a correctional counselor, correctional counselor
184 supervisor, parole officer or parole supervisor or in a comparable job
185 classification by the Board of Pardons and Paroles, or who has been
186 designated as a hazardous duty member pursuant to the terms of a
187 collective bargaining agreement.

188 Sec. 507. Section 7-135 of the general statutes is repealed and the
189 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

190 As used in this section and section 7-135a, "lockup" means any
191 municipal jail, lockup or place of detention of prisoners. Subject to the
192 provisions of section 54-63c, any officer authorized to make arrests in
193 any town in which there is no suitable lockup, or in which the facilities
194 of such lockup are exhausted or inadequate, shall procure a suitable
195 lockup in an adjoining or nearby town or shall make arrangements
196 with the nearest available community correctional center or the
197 [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York Correctional
198 Institution, as the case may be, and shall remove thereto and cause to
199 be detained therein any person under arrest pending arraignment
200 before the court having jurisdiction, and any municipal lockup,
201 community correctional center or the [Connecticut Correctional
202 Institution, Niantic] York Correctional Institution, as the case may be,
203 to which request is made for the detention of any such person, which

204 lockup, center or institution has suitable available facilities, may
205 receive, provide for and feed such person, taking from such officer a
206 temporary surrender statement, in such form as the Commissioner of
207 Correction shall prescribe, and giving to such officer a receipt for such
208 persons.

209 Sec. 508. Subsection (a) of section 17a-12 of the general statutes is
210 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
211 *October 1, 2015*):

212 (a) When the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee,
213 determines that a change of program is in the best interest of any child
214 or youth committed or transferred to the department, the
215 commissioner or the commissioner's designee, may transfer such
216 person to any appropriate resource or program administered by or
217 available to the department, to any other state department or agency,
218 or to any private agency or organization within or without the state
219 under contract with the department; provided no child or youth
220 voluntarily admitted to the department under section 17a-11 shall be
221 placed or subsequently transferred to the Connecticut Juvenile
222 Training School; and further provided no transfer shall be made to any
223 institution, hospital or facility under the jurisdiction of the Department
224 of Correction, except as authorized by section 18-87, unless it is so
225 ordered by the Superior Court after a hearing. When, in the opinion of
226 the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, a person fourteen
227 years of age or older is dangerous to himself or herself or others or
228 cannot be safely held at the Connecticut Juvenile Training School, if a
229 male, or at any other facility within the state available to the
230 Commissioner of Children and Families, the commissioner, or the
231 commissioner's designee, may request an immediate hearing before
232 the Superior Court on the docket for juvenile matters where such
233 person was originally committed to determine whether such person
234 shall be transferred to the John R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire,
235 if a male, or the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York
236 Correctional Institution, if a female. The court shall, within three days

237 of the hearing, make such determination. If the court orders such
238 transfer, the transfer shall be reviewed by the court every six months
239 thereafter to determine whether it should be continued or terminated,
240 unless the commissioner has already exercised the powers granted to
241 the commissioner under section 17a-13, as amended by this act, by
242 removing such person from the John R. Manson Youth Institution,
243 Cheshire or the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York
244 Correctional Institution. Such transfer shall terminate upon the
245 expiration of the commitment in such juvenile matter.

246 Sec. 509. Section 17a-13 of the general statutes is repealed and the
247 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

248 Any person committed to the Department of Children and Families
249 who is transferred to the John R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire,
250 or the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York Correctional
251 Institution, pursuant to section 17a-12, as amended by this act, shall be
252 deemed, while so transferred, to be under the jurisdiction of the
253 Department of Correction except that the Commissioner of Children
254 and Families shall retain his powers to remove such person and to
255 place him in another facility or in the community or to terminate the
256 commitment. The jurisdiction of the Department of Correction shall
257 terminate upon the expiration of the commitment as provided in
258 subsection (a) of section 17a-8.

259 Sec. 510. Section 17b-250 of the general statutes is repealed and the
260 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

261 When any person has been transferred from the Connecticut
262 Correctional Institution, Somers, the [Connecticut Correctional
263 Institution, Niantic] York Correctional Institution, or its maximum
264 security division, the John R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire, or a
265 community correctional center to a state hospital, such person's
266 hospital expense prior to the termination of his sentence shall be
267 charged to the state. If any person, transferred from a correctional
268 institution or community correction center is committed to or

269 otherwise remains in a state hospital after the expiration of his
270 sentence, such person's hospital expense shall be paid to the state in
271 the manner provided for payment in sections 17b-122, 17b-124 to 17b-
272 132, inclusive, 17b-136 to 17b-138, inclusive, 17b-194 to 17b-197,
273 inclusive, 17b-222 to 17b-250, inclusive, 17b-256, 17b-263, 17b-340 to
274 17b-350, inclusive, 17b-689b and 17b-743 to 17b-747, inclusive.

275 Sec. 511. Section 18-65 of the general statutes is repealed and the
276 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

277 Persons over sixteen years of age who have been committed by any
278 court of criminal jurisdiction to the Commissioner of Correction may
279 be confined in the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York
280 Correctional Institution.

281 Sec. 512. Section 18-65a of the general statutes is repealed and the
282 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

283 Any female person between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one
284 years who is convicted in the Superior Court for an offense for which
285 she may be punished by imprisonment for a shorter period than life or
286 any female child transferred to the regular docket of said court under
287 section 46b-127, may, if it appears to the trial court that such person is
288 amenable to reformatory methods, be sentenced to a definite term of
289 imprisonment in the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic]
290 York Correctional Institution or to the Commissioner of Correction for
291 placement in any institution available to said commissioner; provided
292 in no event shall any sentence under this section be for a term longer
293 than the maximum term of imprisonment for the offense committed,
294 nor shall such term be for more than five years. The judge at the time
295 of imposing any sentence to imprisonment in said institution or to the
296 custody of said commissioner for placement in any institution
297 available to him, may order suspension of such sentence after any
298 specified number of months and may place such person on probation
299 for the unexpired portion of the sentence.

300 Sec. 513. Section 18-67 of the general statutes is repealed and the
301 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

302 Any woman who has escaped from the [Connecticut Correctional
303 Institution, Niantic] York Correctional Institution, may, whether the
304 limit of her original sentence has expired or not, be arrested and
305 detained without warrant, by any officer authorized to serve criminal
306 process, for a reasonable time, to enable the warden of said institution,
307 or a person authorized in writing by the warden of said institution and
308 provided with the mittimus by which such woman was committed, or
309 with a certified copy thereof, to take such woman for the purpose of
310 returning her to said institution, but, during such detention, she shall
311 not be committed to a community correctional center, and the officer
312 arresting her shall be paid by the state a reasonable compensation for
313 her arrest and keeping. Any woman lawfully committed to said
314 institution who escapes therefrom or from any keeper or officer having
315 her in charge or from her place of work while engaged in working
316 outside the walls of said institution shall be returned to said institution
317 when arrested and may be disciplined in such manner as the
318 Commissioner of Correction may determine. The provisions of sections
319 54-126 to 54-129, inclusive, relating to the arrest and return of paroled
320 inmates shall apply to the arrest and return of escaped inmates and the
321 provisions of chapter 963 shall apply to such inmates as have escaped
322 and become fugitives from justice.

323 Sec. 514. Section 18-68 of the general statutes is repealed and the
324 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

325 The warden of the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic]
326 York Correctional Institution, may transfer any person committed to
327 said institution to any facility within its limits in accordance with her
328 judgment.

329 Sec. 515. Section 18-69 of the general statutes is repealed and the
330 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

331 The warden of the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic]
332 York Correctional Institution, subject to the approval of the
333 commissioner, shall establish regulations in cooperation with the
334 Department of Children and Families for the placing of children born
335 to inmates of the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York
336 Correctional Institution, in order that an infant shall not be maintained
337 at said institution beyond the planning period for placement which is
338 not to exceed sixty calendar days. In any instance where the mother of
339 the infant objects in writing to the warden of said institution as to such
340 placement, the Department of Children and Families shall provide for
341 an administrative review of the placement action.

342 Sec. 516. Section 18-69a of the general statutes is repealed and the
343 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

344 The warden of the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic]
345 York Correctional Institution, subject to the same conditions as
346 provided in section 18-69, as amended by this act, shall establish
347 regulations in cooperation with the Department of Children and
348 Families for the placing of children born to women who are being
349 detained at the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York
350 Correctional Institution, awaiting disposition of pending charges, or
351 have been committed to the Commissioner of Correction for a term of
352 one year or less, in order that an infant may be placed directly from the
353 facility where such infant was delivered.

354 Sec. 517. Section 18-69b of the general statutes is repealed and the
355 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

356 The Department of Correction shall establish rehabilitative
357 programs, including, but not limited to, substance abuse, academic
358 and vocational education services and work-release and job training,
359 for women incarcerated at the [Connecticut Correctional Institution,
360 Niantic] York Correctional Institution.

361 Sec. 518. Subsection (a) of section 54-64b of the general statutes is

362 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
363 *October 1, 2015*):

364 (a) When any person is arrested on a bench warrant of arrest issued
365 by order of the Superior Court or, when said court is not in session, by
366 a judge thereof, in which the court or judge issuing the warrant
367 indicated that bail should be denied or ordered that the person to be
368 arrested should be brought before a clerk or assistant clerk of the
369 Superior Court, the officer or indifferent person making the arrest shall
370 without undue delay bring the arrested person before the clerk or
371 assistant clerk of the superior court for the geographical area where the
372 offense is alleged to have been committed during the office hours of
373 the clerk and if the clerk's office is not open, the officer or indifferent
374 person shall, without undue delay, bring the arrested person to a
375 community correctional center within the geographical area where the
376 offense is alleged to have been committed or, if there is no such
377 correctional center within such geographical area, to the nearest
378 community correctional center, or the [Connecticut Correctional
379 Institution, Niantic] York Correctional Institution, as the case may be.
380 The clerk or assistant clerk or a person designated by the
381 Commissioner of Correction shall thereupon advise the arrested
382 person of his rights under section 54-1b, and, when the court or judge
383 has not indicated that bail should be denied, shall order the arrested
384 person to enter into the condition of release pursuant to the condition
385 fixed by the judge or court conditioned that the arrested person shall
386 appear before the superior court having criminal jurisdiction in and for
387 the geographical area to answer to the bench warrant of arrest and
388 information filed in the case. Upon the failure of the arrested person to
389 enter into the condition of release fixed by the court or judge or if the
390 person has been arrested for an offense which is not bailable, the clerk
391 or assistant clerk or the person designated by the Commissioner of
392 Correction shall issue a mittimus committing the arrested person to a
393 community correctional center, or the [Connecticut Correctional
394 Institution, Niantic] York Correctional Institution, as the case may be,
395 until he is discharged by due course of law.

396 Sec. 519. Section 54-125 of the general statutes is repealed and the
397 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

398 Any person confined for an indeterminate sentence, after having
399 been in confinement under such sentence for not less than the
400 minimum term, or, if sentenced for life, after having been in
401 confinement under such sentence for not less than the minimum term
402 imposed by the court, less such time as may have been earned under
403 the provisions of section 18-7, may be allowed to go at large on parole
404 in the discretion of the panel of the Board of Pardons and Paroles for
405 the institution in which the person is confined, if (1) it appears from all
406 available information, including such reports from the Commissioner
407 of Correction as such panel may require, that there is reasonable
408 probability that such inmate will live and remain at liberty without
409 violating the law and (2) such release is not incompatible with the
410 welfare of society. Such parolee shall be allowed in the discretion of
411 such panel to return to his home or to reside in a residential
412 community center, or to go elsewhere, upon such terms and
413 conditions, including personal reports from such paroled person, as
414 such panel prescribes, and to remain, while on parole, in the legal
415 custody and control of the board until the expiration of the maximum
416 term or terms for which he was sentenced. Any parolee released on
417 condition that he reside in a residential community center may be
418 required to contribute to the cost incidental to such residence. Each
419 order of parole shall fix the limits of the parolee's residence, which
420 may be changed in the discretion of such panel. Within one week after
421 the commitment of each person sentenced for more than one year
422 during any criminal term of the Superior Court, the state's attorney of
423 each county and judicial district shall send to the Board of Pardons and
424 Paroles the record, if any, of such person. In the case of an inmate
425 serving a sentence at the John R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire,
426 or at the [Connecticut Correctional Institution, Niantic] York
427 Correctional Institution, the Board of Pardons and Paroles shall
428 establish, by rule, the date upon which said board shall notify the
429 inmate that his eligibility for parole will be considered. At any time

430 prior thereto the Commissioner of Correction may recommend that
 431 parole be granted and, under special and unusual circumstances, the
 432 commissioner may recommend that an inmate be discharged from the
 433 institution.

434 Sec. 520. Section 18-81c of the general statutes is repealed and the
 435 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

436 The Commissioner of Correction shall provide office space and
 437 telephone service for [the Connecticut Prison Association] Community
 438 Partners in Action.

439 Sec. 521. Section 54-131 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 440 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

441 [The Connecticut Prison Association] Community Partners in
 442 Action and the Commissioner of Correction shall make all reasonable
 443 efforts to secure employment and provide directly or by contract other
 444 necessary services for any convict or inmate paroled or discharged
 445 from the custody of the commissioner and any institution of the
 446 Department of Correction, and the agents of said association are
 447 authorized, in carrying out this duty, to interview inmates of said
 448 correctional institutions prior to discharge."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Sec. 501	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	17a-93
Sec. 502	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	19a-289v
Sec. 503	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	5-145a
Sec. 504	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	5-173(a)
Sec. 505	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	5-173(d)
Sec. 506	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	5-192f(d)
Sec. 507	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	7-135
Sec. 508	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	17a-12(a)
Sec. 509	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	17a-13
Sec. 510	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	17b-250
Sec. 511	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-65

Sec. 512	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-65a
Sec. 513	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-67
Sec. 514	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-68
Sec. 515	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-69
Sec. 516	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-69a
Sec. 517	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-69b
Sec. 518	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	54-64b(a)
Sec. 519	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	54-125
Sec. 520	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	18-81c
Sec. 521	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	54-131