



General Assembly

January Session, 2015

Raised Bill No. 6961

LCO No. 4577



Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by:
(JUD)

**AN ACT CONCERNING THE REVISOR'S TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS
TO THE GENERAL STATUTES.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 1-2b of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

3 (a) For purposes of sections 1-100oo, 1-206, 2-71r, 4-176, 4-180, 4-183,
4 4a-52a, 4a-60q, 4a-63, 4a-100, 4e-34, 4e-35, 7-65, 7-148w, 7-247a, 7-473c,
5 7-478e, 8-3b, 8-3i, 8-7d, 8-26b, 8-169r, 8-293, 9-388, 9-608, 9-623, 10a-22c,
6 10a-22i, 10a-34a, 10a-109n, 12-35, 12-157, 12-242ii, 12-242jj, 13a-80, 13a-
7 123, 15-11a, 16-41, 16-50c, 16-50d, 17a-103b, 19a-87, 19a-87c, 19a-209c,
8 19a-332e, 19a-343a, 19a-486a, 19a-486c, 19a-486d, 19a-497, 19a-507b, 20-
9 205a, 20-325a, 21-63, 21-80, 22-7, 22a-6b, 22a-6u, 22a-30, 22a-42d, 22a-
10 42f, 22a-66d, 22a-137, 22a-178, 22a-225, 22a-228, 22a-250, 22a-354p, 22a-
11 354s, 22a-354t, 22a-361, 22a-371, 22a-401, 22a-403, 22a-433, 22a-436, 22a-
12 449f, 22a-449l, 22a-449n, 22a-504, 22a-626, 23-46, 23-65j, 23-651, 23-65p,
13 25-32, 25-32e, 25-331, 25-34, 25-204, 25-234, 29-108d, 31-57c, 31-57d, 31-
14 355, 32-613, 33-663, 33-929, 33-1053, 33-1219, 34-521, 35-42, 36a-50, 36a-
15 51, 36a-52, 36a-53, 36a-82, 36a-184, 36a-493, 36b-62, 36b-72, 38-323a,

16 38a-344, 38a-676, 38a-724, 38a-788, 42-158j, 42-161, 42-181, 42-182, 42-
17 186, 42-271, 45a-716, 46b-115w, 46b-128, 47-42d, 47-74f, 47-88b, 47-236,
18 47-284, 47a-11b, 47a-11d, 47a-13a, 47a-14h, 47a-56b, 49-2, 49-4a, 49-8,
19 49-8a, 49-10b, 49-31b, 49-51, 49-70, 51-90e, 52-57, 52-59b, 52-63, 52-64,
20 52-195c, 52-350e, 52-351b, 52-361a, 52-362, 52-565a, 52-605, 52-606, 53-
21 401, 53a-128, 53a-128d, 53a-207 and 54-82c and chapter 965, any
22 reference to certified mail, return receipt requested, shall include mail,
23 electronic, and digital methods of receiving the return receipt,
24 including all methods of receiving the return receipt identified by the
25 Mailing Standards of the United States Postal Service in Chapter 500 of
26 the Domestic Mail Manual or any subsequent corresponding
27 document of the United States Postal Service.

28 (b) The Legislative Commissioners' Office shall, in codifying the
29 provisions of this section, make such technical, grammatical and
30 punctuation changes and statutory placements and classifications,
31 including, but not limited to, the addition of newly enacted material to
32 the sections listed in subsection (a) of this section as are necessary to
33 carry out the purposes of this section.

34 Sec. 2. Subsection (b) of section 6-32 of the general statutes is
35 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
36 *October 1, 2015*):

37 (b) A civil [protective] protection order constitutes civil process for
38 purposes of the powers and duties of a state marshal. The cost of
39 serving a civil protective order shall be paid by the Judicial Branch in
40 the same manner as the cost of serving a restraining order issued
41 pursuant to section 46b-15, and fees and expenses associated with the
42 serving of a civil [protective] protection order shall be calculated in
43 accordance with subsection (a) of section 52-261.

44 Sec. 3. Section 7-339r of the general statutes is repealed and the
45 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

46 (a) An ordinance establishing a special services district shall provide

47 the time and manner for determining the levy on real property within
48 such district which is recommended by the board of commissioners of
49 such district pursuant to [subsection (e)] subdivision (5) of section 7-
50 339n.

51 (b) In order to provide that different areas, and different land use
52 categories, within any such special services district may share
53 equitably in the funding of such district in proportion to the different
54 benefits to be derived therefrom, an ordinance establishing a special
55 services district may divide such district into subdistricts, and such
56 ordinance may further provide a separate basis for the determination
57 of the levy recommended pursuant to [subsection (e)] subdivision (5)
58 of section 7-339n on taxable interests in real property within each such
59 subdistrict.

60 (c) (1) An ordinance establishing a special services district may
61 create, for taxing purposes only, different categories of land use within
62 such district, and such ordinance may further provide a separate basis
63 for the determination of the levy recommended pursuant to
64 [subsection (e)] subdivision (5) of section 7-339n on each such category
65 of land use. (2) If an ordinance establishing such a district divides such
66 district into subdistricts, and if such ordinance also creates different
67 land use categories, such ordinance may also provide a basis for the
68 determination of the levy recommended pursuant to [subsection (e)]
69 subdivision (5) of section 7-339n on taxable interests in real property in
70 a land use category in any such subdistrict which is different from the
71 basis for determining the levy recommended on taxable interests in
72 real property in the same land use category in another subdistrict or in
73 other subdistricts.

74 (d) An ordinance establishing a special services district shall
75 provide that, when the board of commissioners of such district shall, in
76 a timely manner, recommend to the legislative body of the
77 municipality in which such district is located a levy upon the taxable
78 interests in real property within such district, pursuant to [subsection

79 (e)] subdivision (5) of section 7-339n and pursuant to such ordinance, it
80 shall be the obligation of such legislative body to impose such levy as a
81 municipal levy, and such levy shall be in addition to the regular
82 municipal levy, and it shall be the obligation of the municipality to
83 collect such levy for the benefit of such district. All moneys received by
84 the board of commissioners of any such district or by a municipality on
85 behalf of any such district shall be paid into the general fund of such
86 municipality where an account shall be maintained of such moneys for
87 the benefit of such district. Any provision of the general statutes, any
88 special act or any municipal charter to the contrary notwithstanding,
89 the treasurer of such municipality shall disburse such funds in
90 accordance with an annual budget adopted by the board of
91 commissioners of such district.

92 Sec. 4. Section 18-7a of the general statutes is repealed and the
93 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

94 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, any
95 person sentenced to a term of imprisonment, on and after October 1,
96 1976, and while still serving such sentence whether such sentence is for
97 a definite, indefinite or indeterminate term, and regardless of the
98 institution wherein the prisoner is confined may, by good conduct and
99 obedience to the rules which have been established for the service of
100 his sentence, earn a commutation or diminution of his sentence in the
101 amount of ten days for each month, and pro rata for a part of a month,
102 of a sentence which is for not more than five years, and fifteen days for
103 each month, and pro rata for a part of a month, for the sixth and each
104 subsequent year of a sentence of more than five years. In the case of an
105 indeterminate sentence, such credit shall apply to both the minimum
106 and maximum term. In the case of an indefinite sentence, such credit
107 shall apply to the maximum term only. Any act of misconduct or
108 refusal to obey the rules which have been established for the service of
109 his sentence shall subject the prisoner to the loss of all or any portion of
110 such credit by the commissioner or his designee.

111 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, any person
112 sentenced to a term of imprisonment for an offense committed on or
113 after July 1, 1981, may, while held in default of bond or while serving
114 such sentence, by good conduct and obedience to the rules which have
115 been established for the service of his sentence, earn a reduction of his
116 sentence in the amount of ten days for each month and pro rata for a
117 part of a month of a sentence up to five years, and twelve days for each
118 month and pro rata for a part of a month for the sixth and each
119 subsequent year of a sentence which is more than five years.
120 Misconduct or refusal to obey the rules which have been established
121 for the service of his sentence shall subject the prisoner to the loss of all
122 or any portion of such reduction by the commissioner or his designee.

123 (c) Any person sentenced to a term of imprisonment for an offense
124 committed on or after July 1, 1983, may, while held in default of bond
125 or while serving such sentence, by good conduct and obedience to the
126 rules which have been established for the service of his sentence, earn
127 a reduction of his sentence as such sentence is served in the amount of
128 ten days for each month served and pro rata for a part of a month
129 served of a sentence up to five years, and twelve days for each month
130 served and pro rata for a part of a month served for the sixth and each
131 subsequent year of a sentence which is more than five years.
132 Misconduct or refusal to obey the rules which have been established
133 for the service of his sentence shall subject the prisoner to the loss of all
134 or any portion of such reduction by the commissioner or his designee.
135 In the event a prisoner has not yet earned sufficient good time to
136 satisfy the good time loss, such lost good time shall be deducted from
137 any good time earned in the future by such prisoner.

138 Sec. 5. Section 18-98b of the general statutes is repealed and the
139 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

140 In addition to any commutation or diminution of sentence or any
141 meritorious time service award which may have been granted under
142 section 18-7 or 18-7a any inmate committed to the custody of the

143 Commissioner of Correction for a definite term, or for a term with a
144 minimum sentence imposed, may have not more than one hundred
145 [and] twenty days deducted from any one continuous term of
146 imprisonment as an outstandingly meritorious performance award in
147 the discretion of the Commissioner of Correction for exceptional
148 personal achievement, accomplishment and other outstandingly
149 meritorious performance, provided any serious act of misconduct or
150 insubordination or refusal to conform to institution regulations
151 occurring at any time during his confinement shall subject the
152 prisoner, at the discretion of the warden and the commissioner, to the
153 loss of all, or any portion, of any time awarded under this section.
154 When any prisoner is held under more than one conviction the several
155 terms of imprisonment imposed thereunder shall be construed as one
156 continuous term for purposes of determining eligibility for any
157 outstandingly meritorious performance award authorized by this
158 section.

159 Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 21a-349 of the general statutes is
160 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
161 *October 1, 2015*):

162 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the
163 administrator, as defined in section 21a-335, may adopt, within
164 available appropriations, regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to
165 require certain consumer products determined by the administrator
166 that bear lead-containing paint or that have lead in any part of the
167 product and that a child may reasonably or foreseeably come into
168 contact with, to carry a warning label described in this section. If the
169 administrator adopts such regulations, no person, firm or corporation
170 engaged in commerce shall have, offer for sale, sell or give away any
171 consumer product, identified in such regulations, that may be used by
172 the general public unless it bears a warning statement prescribed by
173 federal regulations or, if no warning statement is prescribed by federal
174 regulations, bears a warning statement that meets the requirements of
175 subdivision (1) or (2) of this section, as appropriate. (1) The warning

176 statement shall be as follows when the consumer product bears lead-
177 containing paint: "WARNING--CONTAINS LEAD. DRIED FILM OF
178 THIS SUBSTANCE MAY BE HARMFUL IF EATEN OR CHEWED. See
179 Other Cautions on (Side or Back) Panel. Do not apply on toys, or other
180 children's articles, furniture, or interior or exterior exposed surfaces of
181 any residential building or facility that may be occupied or used by
182 children. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.". (2) The
183 warning statement shall be as follows when the consumer product
184 bears a form of lead other than lead-containing paint: ["WARNING
185 CONTAINS LEAD.] "WARNING--CONTAINS LEAD. MAY BE
186 HARMFUL IF EATEN OR CHEWED. MAY GENERATE DUST
187 CONTAINING LEAD. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.".
188 The placement, conspicuousness and contrast of such labeling shall be
189 in accordance with 16 CFR 1500.121.

190 Sec. 7. Subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 36a-486 of the
191 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
192 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

193 (3) No individual shall engage in the activities of a loan processor or
194 underwriter unless such individual obtains and maintains a license as
195 a loan processor or underwriter under section 36a-489. The following
196 individuals are exempt from the foregoing license requirement:

197 (A) An employee of a licensed mortgage lender, mortgage
198 correspondent lender or mortgage broker who engages in loan
199 processor or underwriter activities (i) in connection with residential
200 mortgage loans either originated or made by such licensee, and (ii) at
201 the direction of and subject to the supervision of a licensed mortgage
202 loan originator of such licensee;

203 (B) An employee of a person exempt from licensure under
204 subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 36a-487 who
205 engages in loan processor or underwriter activities at the direction of
206 and subject to the supervision of either a licensed mortgage loan

207 originator or a registered mortgage loan originator of such exempt
208 person; or

209 (C) Any individual engaged, in any capacity, in loan processor or
210 underwriter activities in connection with a residential mortgage loan
211 originated by an individual not required to be licensed or registered as
212 a mortgage loan originator under this part.

213 Sec. 8. Section 37-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
214 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

215 (a) The compensation for forbearance of property loaned at a fixed
216 valuation, or for money, shall, in the absence of any agreement to the
217 contrary, be at the rate of eight per cent a year; and, in computing
218 interest, three hundred [and] sixty days may be considered to be a
219 year.

220 (b) Unless otherwise provided by agreement, interest at the legal
221 rate from the date of maturity of a debt shall accrue as an addition to
222 the debt.

223 Sec. 9. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 45a-318 of the
224 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
225 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

226 (2) Any conservator of the person authorized pursuant to
227 subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 45a-656 to act on behalf of a
228 conserved person, or any agent authorized pursuant to subdivision
229 (14) of section 1-52 to act on behalf of a principal, may execute in
230 advance of such conserved person's or principal's death a written
231 document, subscribed by such conservator or agent and attested by
232 two witnesses, either: (A) Directing the disposition of such conserved
233 person's or principal's body upon the death of such conserved person
234 or principal, which document may also designate an individual to
235 have custody and control of such conserved person's or principal's
236 body and to act as agent to carry out such directions; or (B) if there are

237 no directions for disposition, designating an individual to have
238 custody and control of the disposition of such conserved person's or
239 principal's body upon the death of such conserved person or principal.
240 Such disposition shall include, but not be limited to, cremation,
241 incineration, disposition of cremains, burial, method of interment and
242 cryogenic preservation. Any such document may designate an
243 alternate to an individual designated under subparagraph (A) or (B) of
244 this subdivision. A document executed by a conservator pursuant to
245 this subdivision shall include provisions indicating that such
246 document (i) is valid if the person is under conservatorship at the time
247 of his or her death, and (ii) terminates upon the termination of the
248 conservatorship when such termination occurs prior to the death of the
249 conserved person.

250 Sec. 10. Subsection (e) of section 45a-318 of the general statutes is
251 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
252 *October 1, 2015*):

253 (e) In the event that the applicable class of persons set forth in
254 subdivisions (2) to (5), inclusive, of subsection (d) of this section []
255 contains more than one person, the custody and control of the body
256 shall be in a majority of the members of the class who can be located
257 and indicate willingness to participate in making arrangements for the
258 disposition within a reasonable time not to exceed ten days after the
259 date on which the deceased person is identified. Such class members
260 shall indicate their decision in writing.

261 Sec. 11. Subsection (c) of section 45a-608n of the general statutes is
262 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
263 *October 1, 2015*):

264 (c) If the court has previously granted a petition to remove a parent
265 or other person as guardian under section 45a-609 or 45a-610 or to
266 appoint a guardian or coguardian under section 45a-616, a parent,
267 guardian or attorney for the minor child may file a petition requesting

268 that the court make findings under this section to be used in
269 connection with a petition to the United States Citizenship and
270 Immigration Services for designation of the minor child as having
271 special immigrant juvenile status under 8 USC 1101(a)(27)(J). The court
272 shall cause notice of the hearing on the petition to be given by first
273 class mail to each parent, guardian and attorney for the minor child, to
274 the minor child if the minor child is twelve years of age or older and to
275 other persons as the court determines. The court shall make written
276 findings on the petition in accordance with subsection (b) of this
277 section.

278 Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 45a-608o of the general statutes is
279 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
280 *October 1, 2015*):

281 (b) If the court has previously granted a petition to terminate
282 parental rights under section 45a-717 or to approve an adoption under
283 section 45a-727, a statutory parent, guardian, adoptive parent or
284 attorney for the minor child may file a petition requesting that the
285 court make findings under this section to be used in connection with a
286 petition to the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services for
287 designation of the minor child as having special immigrant juvenile
288 status under 8 USC 1101(a)(27)(J). The court shall order notice of the
289 hearing on the petition to be given by first class mail to the statutory
290 parent, each guardian, adoptive parent and attorney for the minor
291 child, to the minor child if the minor child is twelve years of age or
292 older and to other persons as the court determines. The court shall
293 make written findings in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.

294 Sec. 13. Section 46b-57 of the general statutes is repealed and the
295 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

296 In any controversy before the Superior Court as to the custody of
297 minor children, and on any complaint under this chapter or section
298 46b-1 or 51-348a, if there is any minor child of either or both parties,

299 the court, if it has jurisdiction under the provisions of chapter 815p,
300 may allow any interested third party or parties to intervene upon
301 motion. The court may award full or partial custody, care, education
302 and visitation rights of such child to any such third party upon such
303 conditions and limitations as it deems equitable. Before allowing any
304 such intervention, the court may appoint counsel for the minor child or
305 children pursuant to the provisions of sections 46b-12 and 46b-54. In
306 making any order under this section, the court shall be guided by the
307 best interests of the child, giving consideration to the wishes of the
308 child if the child is of sufficient age and capable of forming an
309 intelligent preference.

310 Sec. 14. Subsection (b) of section 46b-133f of the general statutes is
311 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
312 *October 1, 2015*):

313 (b) The Judicial Department shall establish, within available
314 appropriations, a family violence mediation program as a pilot
315 program on the docket for juvenile matters in two judicial districts.
316 Under the family violence mediation program, parties to an alleged
317 delinquent act that involved family violence may agree to participate
318 in mediation with an impartial third-party approved by the Superior
319 Court to work toward a disposition of the alleged delinquent act that is
320 satisfactory to each party. A juvenile probation officer, or [] the court,
321 upon motion of any party, may refer the case of a child accused of a
322 delinquent act involving family violence to the family violence
323 mediation program. Such child's participation in the family violence
324 mediation program shall be supervised by a juvenile probation officer.

325 Sec. 15. Subsection (b) of section 47-261e of the general statutes is
326 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
327 *October 1, 2015*):

328 (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the
329 executive board, at any time, may propose a special assessment. Not

330 later than thirty days after adoption of a proposed special assessment,
331 the executive board shall provide to all unit owners a summary of the
332 proposed special assessment. Unless the declaration or bylaws
333 otherwise provide, if the proposed special assessment, together with
334 all other special and emergency assessments proposed by the executive
335 board in the same calendar year, [do] does not exceed fifteen per cent
336 of the association's last adopted periodic budget for that calendar year,
337 the proposed special assessment is effective without approval of the
338 unit owners. Otherwise, the board shall set a date not less than ten
339 days or more than sixty days after providing the summary for either a
340 meeting of the unit owners or a vote by ballot without a meeting to
341 consider approval or rejection of the proposed special assessment. If, at
342 that meeting or in the vote by ballot, a majority of all unit owners or
343 any larger number specified in the declaration votes to reject the
344 special assessment, the special assessment shall be rejected. If, at such
345 meeting or in the balloting, a majority of all unit owners or any larger
346 number specified in the declaration does not vote to reject the special
347 assessment, the special assessment shall be approved. The absence of a
348 quorum at such meeting or participating in the vote by ballot shall not
349 affect the rejection or approval of the special assessment. If a proposed
350 special assessment is not rejected in accordance with the provisions of
351 this subdivision, the proposed special assessment shall be deemed
352 approved.

353 (2) The executive board of an association of a common interest
354 community, or of a master association as defined in section 47-239
355 exercising the powers on behalf of one or more common interest
356 communities or for the benefit of the unit owners of one or more
357 common interest communities, which community or communities
358 were established prior to July 3, 1991, and have more than two
359 thousand four hundred residential units, at any time, may propose a
360 special assessment. Not later than thirty days after adoption of a
361 proposed special assessment, the executive board shall provide to all
362 unit owners a summary of the proposed special assessment. Unless the

363 declaration or bylaws otherwise provide, if the proposed special
364 assessment, together with all other special and emergency assessments
365 proposed by the executive board in the same calendar year, [do] does
366 not exceed fifteen per cent of the association's last adopted periodic
367 budget for that calendar year, the proposed special assessment is
368 effective without approval of the unit owners. Otherwise, the board
369 shall set a date not less than ten days or more than sixty days after
370 providing the summary for either a meeting of the unit owners or a
371 vote by ballot without a meeting to consider approval or rejection of
372 the proposed special assessment. If, at that meeting or in the vote by
373 ballot, a majority of unit owners actually voting votes to reject the
374 proposed special assessment, the proposed special assessment shall be
375 rejected, provided not less than thirty-three and one-third per cent of
376 the unit owners entitled to vote on the proposed special assessment
377 vote at that meeting or in the vote by ballot to reject the proposed
378 special assessment. If an association's declaration or bylaws include
379 quorum requirements for a meeting, the absence of a quorum at such
380 meeting or participating in the vote by ballot shall not affect the
381 rejection or approval of the proposed special assessment. If a proposed
382 special assessment is not rejected in accordance with the provisions of
383 this subdivision, the proposed special assessment shall be deemed
384 approved.

385 Sec. 16. Subsection (b) of section 51-14a of the general statutes is
386 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
387 *October 1, 2015*):

388 (b) On or before January 1, 2015, and annually thereafter, the
389 chairperson of the advisory committee established pursuant to
390 subsection (a) of this section [,] shall report on the activities of the
391 advisory committee to the joint standing committee of the General
392 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary. Upon
393 the adoption of said code by the Supreme Court, such report shall
394 include any proposed amendments to said code which are being
395 considered by the advisory committee.

396 Sec. 17. Subsection (c) of section 51-296a of the general statutes is
397 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
398 *October 1, 2015*):

399 (c) For the purposes of determining eligibility for appointment of
400 counsel pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the judicial
401 authority shall cause the parents or guardian of a child or youth to
402 complete a written statement under oath or affirmation setting forth
403 the parents' or guardian's liabilities and assets, income and sources
404 thereof, and such other information as the Public Defender Services
405 Commission designates and requires on forms adopted by the
406 commission. When determining eligibility for appointment of counsel
407 pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the judicial authority
408 shall examine the [parent] parent's or guardian's present ability to
409 afford counsel. A [parent] parent's or guardian's prior history of
410 payments to counsel or prior ability to afford counsel shall not be
411 considered as evidence of such [parent] parent's or guardian's present
412 ability to afford counsel.

413 Sec. 18. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 54-258 of the
414 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
415 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

416 (2) (A) Any state agency, the Judicial Department, any state police
417 troop or any local police department may, at its discretion, notify any
418 government agency, private organization or individual of registration
419 information when such agency, said department, such troop or such
420 local police department, as the case may be, believes such notification
421 is necessary to protect the public or any individual in any jurisdiction
422 from any person who is subject to registration under section 54-251,
423 54-252, 54-253 or 54-254.

424 (B) [(1)] (i) Whenever a registrant is released into the community, or
425 whenever a registrant changes such registrant's address and notifies
426 the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection of such

427 change pursuant to section 54-251, 54-252, 54-253 or 54-254, the
 428 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall, by
 429 electronic mail, notify the superintendent of schools for the school
 430 district in which the registrant resides, or plans to reside, of such
 431 release or new address, and provide such superintendent with the
 432 same registry information for such registrant that the department
 433 makes available to the public through the Internet under subdivision
 434 (1) of this subsection.

435 [(2)] (ii) Whenever a registrant is released into the community, or
 436 whenever a registrant changes such registrant's address and notifies
 437 the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection of such
 438 change pursuant to section 54-251, 54-252, 54-253 or 54-254, the
 439 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall, by
 440 electronic mail, notify the chief executive officer of the municipality in
 441 which the registrant resides, or plans to reside, of such release or new
 442 address, and provide such chief executive officer with the same
 443 registry information for such registrant that the department makes
 444 available to the public through the Internet under subdivision (1) of
 445 this subsection.

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|---|------------------------|---------------|
| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections: | | |
| Section 1 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 1-2b |
| Sec. 2 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 6-32(b) |
| Sec. 3 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 7-339r |
| Sec. 4 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 18-7a |
| Sec. 5 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 18-98b |
| Sec. 6 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 21a-349(a) |
| Sec. 7 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 36a-486(b)(3) |
| Sec. 8 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 37-1 |
| Sec. 9 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 45a-318(a)(2) |
| Sec. 10 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 45a-318(e) |
| Sec. 11 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 45a-608n(c) |
| Sec. 12 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 45a-608o(b) |
| Sec. 13 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 46b-57 |

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| Sec. 14 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 46b-133f(b) |
| Sec. 15 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 47-261e(b) |
| Sec. 16 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 51-14a(b) |
| Sec. 17 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 51-296a(c) |
| Sec. 18 | <i>October 1, 2015</i> | 54-258(a)(2) |

Statement of Purpose:

To make various technical changes concerning grammar, clarity, accuracy of internal references and consistency in general statutes.