



General Assembly

January Session, 2013

Raised Bill No. 1131

LCO No. 4651



Referred to Committee on COMMERCE

Introduced by:
(CE)

AN ACT CONCERNING CHANGES TO THE CONNECTICUT HISTORIC HOME TAX CREDIT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 10-416 of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013, and*
3 *applicable to taxable or income years, as applicable, commencing on or after*
4 *January 1, 2013*):

5 (a) As used in this section, the following terms shall have the
6 following meanings unless the context clearly indicates another
7 meaning:

8 [(1) "Officer" means the State Historic Preservation Officer
9 designated pursuant to 36 CFR S. 61.2 (1978);]

10 (1) "Department" means the Department of Economic and
11 Community Development;

12 (2) "Historic home" means a building that: (A) Will contain one-to-
13 four dwelling units of which at least one unit will be occupied as the

14 principal residence of the owner for not less than five years following
15 the completion of rehabilitation work, [(B) is located in a targeted area,
16 and (C)] and (B) is (i) listed individually on the National or State
17 Register of Historic Places, or (ii) located in a district listed on the
18 National or State Register of Historic Places, and has been certified by
19 the [commission] department as contributing to the historic character
20 of such district;

21 (3) "Nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit corporation
22 incorporated pursuant to chapter 602 or any predecessor statutes
23 thereto, having as one of its purposes the construction, rehabilitation,
24 ownership or operation of housing and having articles of incorporation
25 approved by the Commissioner of Economic and Community
26 Development in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to
27 section 8-79a or 8-84;

28 (4) "Owner" means (A) any taxpayer filing a state of Connecticut tax
29 return who possesses title to an historic home, or prospective title to an
30 historic home in the form of a purchase agreement or option to
31 purchase, or (B) a nonprofit corporation that possesses such title or
32 prospective title;

33 [(5) "Targeted area" means: (A) A federally designated "qualified
34 census tract" in which seventy per cent or more of the families have a
35 median income of eighty per cent or less of the state-wide median
36 family income, (B) a state designated and federally approved area of
37 chronic economic distress, or (C) an urban and regional center as
38 identified in the Connecticut Conservation and Development Policies
39 Plan;]

40 (5) "Median income" means, after adjustments for family size, the
41 area median income as determined by the United States Department of
42 Housing and Urban Development for the municipality in which the
43 historic home is located;

44 (6) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means any costs incurred

45 for the physical construction involved in the rehabilitation of an
46 historic home, but excludes: (A) The owner's personal labor, (B) the
47 cost of site improvements, unless to provide building access to persons
48 with disabilities, (C) the cost of a new addition, except as may be
49 required to comply with any provision of the State Building Code or
50 the Fire Safety Code, (D) any cost associated with the rehabilitation of
51 an outbuilding, unless such building contributes to the historical
52 significance of the historic home, and (E) any nonconstruction cost
53 such as architectural fees, legal fees and financing fees;

54 (7) "Rehabilitation plan" means any construction plans and
55 specifications for the proposed rehabilitation of an historic home in
56 sufficient detail to enable the [commission] department to evaluate
57 compliance with the standards developed under the provisions of
58 subsections (b), [to (d), inclusive,] (c) and (n) of this section; and

59 (8) "Occupancy period" means a period of five years during which
60 one or more owners occupy an historic home as [their] such owner's or
61 owners' primary residence. The occupancy period begins on the date
62 the tax credit voucher is issued by the Department of Economic and
63 Community Development.

64 (b) The Department of Economic and Community Development
65 shall administer a system of tax credit vouchers within the resources,
66 requirements and purposes of this section for owners rehabilitating
67 historic homes or taxpayers making contributions to qualified
68 rehabilitation expenditures. For [tax] taxable years commencing on or
69 after January 1, 2000, but prior to January 1, 2013, any owner shall be
70 eligible for a tax credit voucher in an amount equal to thirty per cent of
71 the qualified rehabilitation expenditures. For taxable years
72 commencing on or after January 1, 2013:

73 (1) An owner as defined in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (4) of
74 subsection (a) of this section, whose income does not exceed two
75 hundred per cent of the median income shall be eligible for a tax credit

76 voucher in an amount equal to thirty per cent of the qualified
77 rehabilitation expenditures;

78 (2) An owner, as defined in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (4) of
79 subsection (a) of this section, whose income exceeds two hundred per
80 cent but does not exceed four hundred per cent of the median income
81 shall be eligible for a tax credit voucher in an amount equal to twenty
82 per cent of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures; and

83 (3) An owner as defined in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (4) of
84 subsection (a) of this section, whose income exceeds four hundred per
85 cent of the median income shall be eligible for a tax credit voucher in
86 an amount equal to ten per cent of the qualified rehabilitation
87 expenditures.

88 (4) An owner, as defined in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (4) of
89 subsection (a) of this section, shall be eligible for a tax credit voucher in
90 an amount equal to thirty per cent of the qualified rehabilitation
91 expenditures.

92 (c) The [officer] department shall develop standards for the
93 approval of rehabilitation of historic homes for which a tax credit
94 voucher is sought. Such standards shall take into account whether the
95 rehabilitation of an historic home will preserve the historic character of
96 the building.

97 [(d) The Department of Economic and Community Development
98 may, in consultation with the Commissioner of Revenue Services,
99 adopt regulations in accordance with chapter 54 to carry out the
100 purposes of this section.]

101 [(e)] (d) Prior to beginning any rehabilitation work on an historic
102 home, the owner shall submit a rehabilitation plan to the [officer]
103 department for a determination of whether such rehabilitation work
104 meets the standards developed under the provisions of subsections (b),
105 [to (d), inclusive,] (c) and (n) of this section and shall also submit to the

106 department an estimate of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures.

107 [(f)] (e) If the [officer] department certifies that the rehabilitation
108 plan conforms to the standards developed under the provisions of
109 subsections (b), [to (d), inclusive,] (c) and (n) of this section, the
110 department shall reserve for the benefit of the owner an allocation for a
111 tax credit equivalent to [thirty per cent] the applicable percentage, as
112 provided in subsection (b) of this section, of the projected qualified
113 rehabilitation expenditures.

114 [(g)] (f) Following the completion of rehabilitation of an historic
115 home, the owner shall notify the [officer] department that such
116 rehabilitation has been completed. The [officer] owner shall provide
117 the [commission] department with documentation of work performed
118 on the historic home and shall certify the cost incurred in rehabilitating
119 the home. The [officer] department shall review such rehabilitation
120 and verify its compliance with the rehabilitation plan. Following such
121 verification, the [Department of Economic and Community
122 Development] department shall issue a tax credit voucher to either the
123 owner rehabilitating the historic home or to the taxpayer named by the
124 owner as contributing to the rehabilitation. The tax credit voucher shall
125 be in an amount equivalent to the lesser of (1) the tax credit reserved
126 upon certification of the rehabilitation plan under the provisions of
127 subsection [(f)] (e) of this section, or [thirty per cent] (2) the applicable
128 percentage, as provided in subsection (b) of this section, of the actual
129 qualified rehabilitation expenditures. In order to obtain a credit against
130 any state tax due that is specified in subsections [(j)] (i) to (m),
131 inclusive, of this section, the holder of the tax credit voucher shall file
132 the voucher with the holder's state tax return.

133 [(h)] (g) Before the [Department of Economic and Community
134 Development] department issues a tax credit voucher, the owner shall
135 deliver a signed statement to the department which provides that: (1)
136 The owner shall occupy the historic home as the owner's primary
137 residence during the occupancy period, or (2) the owner shall convey

138 the historic home to a new owner who will occupy it as the new
139 owner's primary residence during the occupancy period, or (3) an
140 encumbrance shall be recorded, in favor of the local, state or federal
141 government or other funding source, that will require the owner or the
142 owner's successors to occupy the historic home as the primary
143 residence of the owner or the owner's successors for a period equal to
144 or longer than the occupancy period. A copy of any such encumbrance
145 shall be attached to the signed statement.

146 [(i)] (h) The owner of an historic home shall not be eligible for a tax
147 credit voucher under subsections (b), [to (d), inclusive,] (c) and (n) of
148 this section, unless the owner incurs qualified rehabilitation
149 expenditures exceeding [twenty-five] fifteen thousand dollars.

150 [(j)] (i) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall grant a tax
151 credit to a taxpayer holding the tax credit voucher issued under
152 subsections [(e) to (i)] (d) to (h), inclusive, of this section against any
153 tax due under chapter 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, [or] 212 or 229, other than
154 the liability imposed by section 12-707, in the amount specified in the
155 tax credit voucher. The Department of Economic and Community
156 Development shall provide a copy of the voucher to the Commissioner
157 of Revenue Services upon the request of said commissioner.

158 [(k) In no event shall a] (j) A credit allowed under this section shall
159 not exceed thirty thousand dollars per dwelling unit for an historic
160 home, except that such credit shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars
161 per such dwelling unit for an owner that is a nonprofit corporation.

162 [(l)] (k) (1) The tax credit issued under subsection (j) of this section
163 shall be taken [by the holder of the tax credit voucher] in the same tax
164 year in which the tax credit voucher is issued. Any unused portion of
165 such credit may be carried forward to any or all of the four taxable
166 [years] or income years, as applicable, following the year in which the
167 tax credit voucher is issued.

168 (2) If the taxpayer is an S corporation or an entity treated as a

169 partnership for federal income tax purposes, the shareholders or
170 partners of such taxpayer may claim the credit. If the taxpayer is a
171 single member limited liability company that is disregarded as an
172 entity separate from its owner, the limited liability company's owner
173 may claim the credit.

174 (l) Any credit issued pursuant to this section may be sold, assigned
175 or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, to one or more taxpayers,
176 and such taxpayers may sell, assign or otherwise transfer, in whole or
177 in part, such credit. If a taxpayer sells, assigns or otherwise transfers a
178 credit under this section to another taxpayer, the transferor and
179 transferee shall jointly submit written notification of such transfer to
180 the Department of Economic and Community Development not later
181 than thirty days after such transfer. The notification shall include the
182 tax credit voucher number, the date of transfer, the amount of such
183 credit transferred, the tax credit balance before and after the transfer,
184 the tax identification numbers for both the transferor and the
185 transferee and any other information required by said department.
186 Failure to comply with this subsection shall result in a disallowance of
187 the tax credit until there is full compliance on the part of the transferor
188 and the transferee, and all subsequent transferors and transferees. The
189 Department of Economic and Community Development shall provide
190 a copy of the notification of assignment to the Commissioner of
191 Revenue Services upon request.

192 (m) The aggregate amount of all tax credits which may be reserved
193 by the Department of Economic and Community Development upon
194 certification of rehabilitation plans under subsections (b) to (d),
195 inclusive, of this section shall not exceed three million dollars in any
196 one fiscal year.

197 (n) The Department of Economic and Community Development
198 may, in consultation with the Commissioner of Revenue Services,
199 adopt regulations in accordance with chapter 54 to carry out the
200 purposes of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2013, and applicable to taxable or income years, as applicable, commencing on or after January 1, 2013</i>	10-416

Statement of Purpose:

To expand eligibility for and usage of the historic homes tax credit by (1) allowing homeowners to sell the credit to a business or apply it to the personal income tax, (2) lowering the minimum qualifying expense to fifteen thousand dollars, (3) raising the maximum amount of the credit to fifty thousand dollars per unit, (4) removing the geographical restriction on eligibility, and (5) introducing a graduated structure for the calculation of the credit amount.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]