



General Assembly

February Session, 2012

**Amendment**

LCO No. 4270

**\*HB0554804270HDO\***

Offered by:

REP. DONOVAN, 84 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. ROJAS, 9 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. FOX, 146 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. KINER, 59 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. FLEXER, 44 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. MORIN, 28 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. COLEMAN, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Dist.	REP. ROBLES, 6 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. HOLDER-WINFIELD, 94 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. NAFIS, 27 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. HETHERINGTON, 125 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	SEN. RORABACK, 30 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. KISSEL, 7 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. ARESIMOWICZ, 30 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. FRITZ, 90 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	SEN. BYE, 5 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. CHAPIN, 67 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	SEN. PRAGUE, 19 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. TERCYAK, 26 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. JOHNSON, 49 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. WOOD, 141 <sup>st</sup> Dist.	REP. HADDAD, 54 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. WALKER, 93 <sup>rd</sup> Dist.	SEN. GERRATANA, 6 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. ABERCROMBIE, 83 <sup>rd</sup> Dist.	REP. LESSER, 100 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. LYDDY, 106 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. GENGA, 10 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. COOK, 65 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	REP. SANTIAGO, 130 <sup>th</sup> Dist.
REP. BARAM, 15 <sup>th</sup> Dist.	

To: Subst. House Bill No. 5548

File No. 415

Cal. No. 332

**"AN ACT CONCERNING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE."**

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the  
2 following in lieu thereof:

3 "Section 1. Section 46b-15 of the 2012 supplement to the general

4 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
5 (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

6 (a) Any family or household member, as defined in section 46b-38a,  
7 as amended by this act, who has been subjected to a continuous threat  
8 of present physical pain or physical injury, stalking or a pattern of  
9 threatening, including, but not limited to, a pattern of threatening, as  
10 described in section 53a-62, by another family or household member  
11 may make an application to the Superior Court for relief under this  
12 section.

13 (b) The application form shall allow the applicant, at the applicant's  
14 option, to indicate whether the respondent holds a permit to carry a  
15 pistol or revolver or possesses one or more firearms. The application  
16 shall be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath which includes  
17 a brief statement of the conditions from which relief is sought. Upon  
18 receipt of the application the court shall order that a hearing on the  
19 application be held not later than fourteen days from the date of the  
20 order. The court, in its discretion, may make such orders as it deems  
21 appropriate for the protection of the applicant and such dependent  
22 children or other persons as the court sees fit. In making such orders,  
23 the court, in its discretion, may consider relevant court records if the  
24 records are available to the public from a clerk of the Superior Court or  
25 on the Judicial Branch's Internet web site. Such orders may include  
26 temporary child custody or visitation rights, and such relief may  
27 include, but is not limited to, an order enjoining the respondent from  
28 (1) imposing any restraint upon the person or liberty of the applicant;  
29 (2) threatening, harassing, assaulting, molesting, sexually assaulting or  
30 attacking the applicant; or (3) entering the family dwelling or the  
31 dwelling of the applicant. Such order may include provisions  
32 necessary to protect any animal owned or kept by the applicant  
33 including, but not limited to, an order enjoining the respondent from  
34 injuring or threatening to injure such animal. If an applicant alleges an  
35 immediate and present physical danger to the applicant, the court may  
36 issue an ex parte order granting such relief as it deems appropriate. If a  
37 postponement of a hearing on the application is requested by either

38 party and granted, the order shall not be continued except upon  
39 agreement of the parties or by order of the court for good cause shown.

40 (c) Every order of the court made in accordance with this section  
41 shall contain the following language: "This order may be extended by  
42 the court beyond [six months] one year. In accordance with section  
43 53a-107, entering or remaining in a building or any other premises in  
44 violation of this order constitutes criminal trespass in the first degree.  
45 This is a criminal offense punishable by a term of imprisonment of not  
46 more than one year, a fine of not more than two thousand dollars or  
47 both."

48 (d) No order of the court shall exceed [six months] one year, except  
49 that an order may be extended by the court upon motion of the  
50 applicant for such additional time as the court deems necessary. If the  
51 respondent has not appeared upon the initial application, service of a  
52 motion to extend an order may be made by first-class mail directed to  
53 the respondent at [his or her last known] the respondent's last-known  
54 address.

55 (e) The applicant shall cause notice of the hearing pursuant to  
56 subsection (b) of this section and a copy of the application and the  
57 applicant's affidavit and of any ex parte order issued pursuant to  
58 subsection (b) of this section to be served on the respondent not less  
59 than five days before the hearing. The cost of such service shall be paid  
60 for by the Judicial Branch. Upon the granting of an ex parte order, the  
61 clerk of the court shall provide two copies of the order to the applicant.  
62 Upon the granting of an order after notice and hearing, the clerk of the  
63 court shall provide two copies of the order to the applicant and a copy  
64 to the respondent. Every order of the court made in accordance with  
65 this section after notice and hearing shall be accompanied by a  
66 notification that is consistent with the full faith and credit provisions  
67 set forth in 18 USC 2265(a), as amended from time to time.  
68 Immediately after making service on the respondent, the proper officer  
69 shall send or cause to be sent, by facsimile or other means, a copy of  
70 the application, or the information contained in such application,

71 stating the date and time the respondent was served, to the law  
72 enforcement agency or agencies for the town in which the applicant  
73 resides, the town in which the applicant is employed and the town in  
74 which the respondent resides. The clerk of the court shall send, by  
75 facsimile or other means, a copy of any ex parte order and of any order  
76 after notice and hearing, or the information contained in any such  
77 order, to the law enforcement agency or agencies for the town in which  
78 the applicant resides, the town in which the applicant is employed and  
79 the town in which the respondent resides, within forty-eight hours of  
80 the issuance of such order. If the victim is enrolled in a public or  
81 private elementary or secondary school, including a regional  
82 vocational technical school, or an institution of higher education, as  
83 defined in section 10a-55, the clerk of the court shall, upon the request  
84 of the victim, send, by facsimile or other means, a copy of such ex parte  
85 order or of any order after notice and hearing, or the information  
86 contained in any such order, to such school or institution of higher  
87 education, the president of any institution of higher education at  
88 which the victim is enrolled and the special police force established  
89 pursuant to section 10a-142, if any, at the institution of higher  
90 education at which the victim is enrolled.

91 (f) A caretaker who is providing shelter in his or her residence to a  
92 person sixty years or older shall not be enjoined from the full use and  
93 enjoyment of his or her home and property. The Superior Court may  
94 make any other appropriate order under the provisions of this section.

95 (g) When a motion for contempt is filed for violation of a restraining  
96 order, there shall be an expedited hearing. Such hearing shall be held  
97 within five court days of service of the motion on the respondent,  
98 provided service on the respondent is made not less than twenty-four  
99 hours before the hearing. If the court finds the respondent in contempt  
100 for violation of an order, the court may impose such sanctions as the  
101 court deems appropriate.

102 (h) An action under this section shall not preclude the applicant  
103 from seeking any other civil or criminal relief.

104 Sec. 2. Section 46b-38a of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes  
105 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
106 *October 1, 2012*):

107 For the purposes of sections 46b-38a to 46b-38f, inclusive, as  
108 amended by this act:

109 (1) "Family violence" means an incident resulting in physical harm,  
110 bodily injury or assault, or an act of threatened violence that  
111 constitutes fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault,  
112 including, but not limited to, stalking or a pattern of threatening,  
113 between family or household members. Verbal abuse or argument  
114 shall not constitute family violence unless there is present danger and  
115 the likelihood that physical violence will occur.

116 (2) "Family or household member" means any of the following  
117 persons, regardless of the age of such person: (A) [spouses,] Spouses or  
118 former spouses; (B) parents [and] or their children; (C) persons  
119 [eighteen years of age or older] related by blood or marriage; (D)  
120 persons [sixteen years of age or older] other than those persons  
121 described in subparagraph (C) of this subdivision presently residing  
122 together or who have resided together; (E) persons who have a child in  
123 common regardless of whether they are or have been married or have  
124 lived together at any time; and (F) persons in, or who have recently  
125 been in, a dating relationship. [, regardless of the age of such persons.]

126 (3) "Family violence crime" means a crime as defined in section 53a-  
127 24, other than a delinquent act as defined in section 46b-120, which, in  
128 addition to its other elements, contains as an element thereof an act of  
129 family violence to a family or household member. [and shall] "Family  
130 violence crime" does not include acts by parents or guardians  
131 disciplining minor children unless such acts constitute abuse.

132 (4) "Institutions and services" means peace officers, service  
133 providers, mandated reporters of abuse, agencies and departments  
134 that provide services to victims and families and services designed to  
135 assist victims and families.

136 Sec. 3. Subsection (d) of section 46b-38c of the 2012 supplement to  
137 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
138 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

139 (d) In all cases of family violence, a written or oral report that  
140 indicates whether the parties in the family violence case are parties to a  
141 case pending on the family relations docket of the Superior Court and  
142 includes recommendation of the local family violence intervention unit  
143 shall be available to a judge at the first court date appearance to be  
144 presented at any time during the court session on that date. A judge of  
145 the Superior Court may consider and impose the following conditions  
146 to protect the parties, including, but not limited to: (1) Issuance of a  
147 protective order pursuant to subsection (e) of this section; (2)  
148 prohibition against subjecting the victim to further violence; (3) referral  
149 to a family violence education program for batterers; and (4)  
150 immediate referral for more extensive case assessment. Such protective  
151 order shall be an order of the court, and the clerk of the court shall  
152 cause (A) a copy of such order to be sent to the victim, and (B) a copy  
153 of such order, or the information contained in such order, to be sent by  
154 facsimile or other means within forty-eight hours of its issuance to the  
155 law enforcement agency for the town in which the victim resides and,  
156 if the defendant resides in a town different from the town in which the  
157 victim resides, to the law enforcement agency for the town in which  
158 the defendant resides. If the victim is employed in a town different  
159 from the town in which the victim resides, the clerk of the court shall,  
160 upon the request of the victim, send, by facsimile or other means, a  
161 copy of such order, or the information contained in such order, to the  
162 law enforcement agency for the town in which the victim is employed  
163 [within] not later than forty-eight hours [of] after the issuance of such  
164 order. If the victim is enrolled in a public or private elementary or  
165 secondary school, including a regional vocational technical school, or  
166 an institution of higher education, as defined in section 10a-55, the  
167 clerk of the court shall, upon the request of the victim, send, by  
168 facsimile or other means, a copy of such order, or the information  
169 contained in such order, to such school or institution of higher

170 education, the president of any institution of higher education at  
171 which the victim is enrolled and the special police force established  
172 pursuant to section 10a-142, if any, at the institution of higher  
173 education at which the victim is enrolled.

174 Sec. 4. Section 54-1k of the general statutes is repealed and the  
175 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

176 (a) Upon the arrest of a person for a violation of subdivision (1) or  
177 (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70c,  
178 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, or any attempt thereof, or section  
179 53a-181c, as amended by this act, 53a-181d or 53a-181e, the court may  
180 issue a protective order pursuant to this section. Upon the arrest of a  
181 person for a violation of section 53a-182b or 53a-183, the court may  
182 issue a protective order pursuant to this section if it finds that such  
183 violation caused the victim to reasonably fear for his or her physical  
184 safety. Such order shall be an order of the court, and the clerk of the  
185 court shall cause (1) a copy of such order, or the information contained  
186 in such order, to be sent to the victim, and (2) a copy of such order, or  
187 the information contained in such order, to be sent by facsimile or  
188 other means [within] not later than forty-eight hours [of] after its  
189 issuance to the law enforcement agency or agencies for the town in  
190 which the victim resides, the town in which the victim is employed  
191 and the town in which the defendant resides. If the victim is enrolled  
192 in a public or private elementary or secondary school, including a  
193 regional vocational technical school, or an institution of higher  
194 education, as defined in section 10a-55, the clerk of the court shall,  
195 upon the request of the victim, send, by facsimile or other means, a  
196 copy of such order, or the information contained in such order, to such  
197 school or institution of higher education, the president of any  
198 institution of higher education at which the victim is enrolled and the  
199 special police force established pursuant to section 10a-142, if any, at  
200 the institution of higher education at which the victim is enrolled.

201 (b) A protective order issued under this section may include  
202 provisions necessary to protect the victim from threats, harassment,

203 injury or intimidation by the defendant, including but not limited to,  
204 an order enjoining the defendant from (1) imposing any restraint upon  
205 the person or liberty of the victim, (2) threatening, harassing,  
206 assaulting, molesting or sexually assaulting the victim, or (3) entering  
207 the dwelling of the victim. A protective order issued under this section  
208 may include provisions necessary to protect any animal owned or kept  
209 by the victim including, but not limited to, an order enjoining the  
210 defendant from injuring or threatening to injure such animal. Such  
211 order shall be made a condition of the bail or release of the defendant  
212 and shall contain the following language: "In accordance with section  
213 53a-223 of the Connecticut general statutes, any violation of this order  
214 constitutes criminal violation of a protective order which is punishable  
215 by a term of imprisonment of not more than five years, a fine of not  
216 more than five thousand dollars, or both. Additionally, in accordance  
217 with section 53a-107 of the Connecticut general statutes, entering or  
218 remaining in a building or any other premises in violation of this order  
219 constitutes criminal trespass in the first degree which is punishable by  
220 a term of imprisonment of not more than one year, a fine of not more  
221 than two thousand dollars, or both. Violation of this order also violates  
222 a condition of your bail or release and may result in raising the amount  
223 of bail or revoking release.".

224 (c) The information contained in and concerning the issuance of any  
225 protective order issued under this section shall be entered in the  
226 registry of protective orders pursuant to section 51-5c.

227 Sec. 5. Section 54-63b of the general statutes is repealed and the  
228 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

229 (a) The duties of the Court Support Services Division shall include:  
230 (1) To promptly interview, prior to arraignment, any person referred  
231 by the police pursuant to section 54-63c or by a judge. Such interview  
232 shall include, but not be limited to, information concerning the accused  
233 person, his or her family, community ties, prior criminal record and  
234 physical and mental condition; (2) to seek independent verification of  
235 information obtained during the interview, if practicable; (3) to

236 determine, as provided in section 54-63d, or to make recommendations  
237 on request of any judge, concerning the terms and conditions of the  
238 release of arrested persons from custody pending final disposition of  
239 their cases; (4) to prepare a written report on all persons interviewed  
240 and, upon request and pursuant to the procedures established under  
241 subsection (f) of section 54-63d, provide copies of the report to the  
242 court, defense counsel and state's attorney. Such report shall contain  
243 the information obtained during the interview and verification  
244 process, the person's prior criminal record, where possible, and the  
245 determination or recommendation of the commissioner pursuant to  
246 section 54-63d concerning the terms and conditions of the release of the  
247 persons so interviewed; (5) to give prior notice of each required court  
248 appearance to each person released following an interview by a bail  
249 commissioner; (6) to supervise pursuant to the direction of the court  
250 those persons released on nonfinancial conditions; (7) to inform the  
251 court and the state's attorney of any failure to comply with terms and  
252 conditions of release, including the arrest of persons released under its  
253 supervision; (8) to monitor, evaluate and provide information  
254 concerning terms and conditions of release and the release criteria  
255 established under [subdivision (2) of subsection (c)] subsection (b) of  
256 this section, to prepare periodic reports on its activities, and to provide  
257 such other information as is needed to assist in the improvement of the  
258 pretrial release process; (9) to perform such other functions as the  
259 Chief Court Administrator may, from time to time, assign.

260 (b) The Court Support Services Division shall establish written  
261 uniform weighted release criteria based upon the premise that the least  
262 restrictive condition or conditions of release necessary to [insure]  
263 ensure the appearance in court of the defendant and sufficient to  
264 reasonably ensure the safety of any other person will not be  
265 endangered is the pretrial release alternative of choice. Such criteria  
266 shall be based on, but not be limited to, the following considerations:  
267 (1) The nature and circumstances of the offense insofar as they are  
268 relevant to the risk of nonappearance; (2) the defendant's record of  
269 previous convictions; (3) the defendant's past record of appearance in

270 court after being admitted to bail; (4) the defendant's family ties; (5) the  
271 defendant's employment record; (6) the defendant's financial  
272 resources, character and mental condition; and (7) the defendant's  
273 community ties.

274 Sec. 6. Subsection (h) of section 46b-38c of the 2012 supplement to  
275 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
276 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

277 (h) (1) There shall be a pretrial family violence education program  
278 for persons who are charged with family violence crimes. At a  
279 minimum, such program shall inform participants of the basic  
280 elements of family violence law and applicable penalties. The court  
281 may, in its discretion, invoke such program on motion of the  
282 defendant when it finds: (A) That the defendant has not previously  
283 been convicted of a family violence crime which occurred on or after  
284 October 1, 1986; (B) the defendant has not had a previous case assigned  
285 to the family violence education program; (C) the defendant has not  
286 previously invoked or accepted accelerated rehabilitation under  
287 section 54-56e for a family violence crime which occurred on or after  
288 October 1, 1986; and (D) that the defendant is not charged with a class  
289 A, class B or class C felony, or an unclassified felony carrying a term of  
290 imprisonment of more than ten years, or unless good cause is shown, a  
291 class D felony, [or] an unclassified offense carrying a term of  
292 imprisonment of more than five years or an offense that involved the  
293 infliction of serious physical injury, as defined in section 53a-3.  
294 Participation by any person in the accelerated pretrial rehabilitation  
295 program under section 54-56e prior to October 1, 1986, shall not  
296 prohibit eligibility of such person for the pretrial family violence  
297 education program under this section. The court may require that the  
298 defendant answer such questions under oath, in open court or before  
299 any person designated by the clerk and duly authorized to administer  
300 oaths, under the penalties of perjury as will assist the court in making  
301 these findings.

302 (2) The court, on such motion, may refer the defendant to the family

303 violence intervention unit, and may continue the defendant's case  
304 pending the submission of the report of the unit to the court. The court  
305 shall also give notice to the victim or victims that the defendant has  
306 requested assignment to the family violence education program, and,  
307 where possible, give the victim or victims opportunity to be heard.  
308 Any defendant who accepts placement in the family violence  
309 education program shall agree to the tolling of any statute of  
310 limitations with respect to the crime or crimes with which the  
311 defendant is charged, and to a waiver of the defendant's right to a  
312 speedy trial. Any such defendant shall appear in court and shall be  
313 released to the custody of the family violence intervention unit for  
314 such period, not exceeding two years, and under such conditions as  
315 the court shall order. If the defendant refuses to accept, or, having  
316 accepted, violates such conditions, the defendant's case shall be  
317 brought to trial. If the defendant satisfactorily completes the family  
318 violence education program and complies with the conditions imposed  
319 for the period set by the court, the defendant may apply for dismissal  
320 of the charges against the defendant and the court, on finding  
321 satisfactory compliance, shall dismiss such charges.

322 (3) Upon dismissal of charges under this subsection, all records of  
323 such charges shall be erased pursuant to section 54-142a.

324 Sec. 7. Section 46b-38h of the general statutes is repealed and the  
325 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

326 If any person is convicted of a violation of section 53a-59, 53a-59a,  
327 53a-59c, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-64, 53a-  
328 64aa, 53a-64bb, 53a-64cc, 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-  
329 72a, 53a-72b, 53a-181c, as amended by this act, 53a-181d, 53a-181e, 53a-  
330 182, 53a-182b, 53a-183, 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b, against a family  
331 or household member, as defined in section 46b-38a, as amended by  
332 this act, [or a person in a dating relationship,] the court shall include a  
333 designation that such conviction involved [domestic] family violence  
334 on the court record for the purposes of criminal history record  
335 information, as defined in subsection (a) of section 54-142g.

336 Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) Any person listed as a  
337 protected person on a restraining order, protective order, standing  
338 criminal protective order or foreign order of protection who believes  
339 that an electronic or telephonic communication received by the person  
340 constitutes a violation of section 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b of the  
341 general statutes may file a complaint reporting such alleged violation  
342 with the law enforcement agency for the town in which (1) such person  
343 resides, (2) such person received the communication, or (3) such  
344 communication was initiated. Such law enforcement agency shall  
345 accept such complaint, prepare a police report on the matter, provide  
346 the complainant with a copy of such report and investigate such  
347 alleged violation and shall, if necessary, coordinate such investigation  
348 with any other law enforcement agencies and, upon request of the  
349 complainant, notify the law enforcement agency for the town in which  
350 the complainant resides.

351 Sec. 9. Section 54-1d of the general statutes is amended by adding  
352 subsection (f) as follows (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

353 (NEW) (f) Any defendant who is charged with a violation of section  
354 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b by means of electronic or telephonic  
355 communication may be presented to the court in the geographical area  
356 in which (1) the victim resides, (2) the victim received the  
357 communication, or (3) the communication was initiated. Such  
358 defendant may be prosecuted in any such geographical area or a  
359 corresponding judicial district.

360 Sec. 10. Section 53a-61aa of the general statutes is repealed and the  
361 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

362 (a) A person is guilty of threatening in the first degree when such  
363 person (1) (A) threatens to commit any crime involving the use of a  
364 hazardous substance with the intent to terrorize another person, to  
365 cause evacuation of a building, place of assembly or facility of public  
366 transportation or otherwise to cause serious public inconvenience, or  
367 (B) threatens to commit such crime in reckless disregard of the risk of

368 causing such terror, evacuation or inconvenience; [, or] (2) (A)  
369 threatens to commit any crime of violence with the intent to cause  
370 evacuation of a building, place of assembly or facility of public  
371 transportation or otherwise to cause serious public inconvenience, or  
372 (B) threatens to commit such crime in reckless disregard of the risk of  
373 causing such evacuation or inconvenience; or (3) commits threatening  
374 in the second degree as provided in section 53a-62, and in the  
375 commission of such offense he uses or is armed with and threatens the  
376 use of or displays or represents by his words or conduct that he  
377 possesses a pistol, revolver, shotgun, rifle, machine gun or other  
378 firearm. No person shall be found guilty of threatening in the first  
379 degree under subdivision (3) of this subsection and threatening in the  
380 second degree upon the same transaction but such person may be  
381 charged and prosecuted for both such offenses upon the same  
382 information.

383 (b) For the purposes of this section, "hazardous substance" means  
384 any physical, chemical, biological or radiological substance or matter  
385 which, because of its quantity, concentration or physical, chemical or  
386 infectious characteristics, may cause or significantly contribute to an  
387 increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or  
388 incapacitating reversible illness, or pose a substantial present or  
389 potential hazard to human health.

390 (c) Threatening in the first degree is a class D felony.

391 Sec. 11. Section 53a-181c of the general statutes is repealed and the  
392 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

393 (a) A person is guilty of stalking in the first degree when [he] such  
394 person commits stalking in the second degree as provided in section  
395 53a-181d, as amended by this act, and (1) [he] such person has  
396 previously been convicted of [this section or] a violation of section 53a-  
397 181d, as amended by this act, or (2) such conduct violates a court order  
398 in effect at the time of the offense, or (3) the other person is under  
399 sixteen years of age.

400 (b) Stalking in the first degree is a class D felony.

401 Sec. 12. Section 53a-181d of the general statutes is repealed and the  
402 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

403 (a) For the purposes of this section, "course of conduct" means two  
404 or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which a person  
405 directly, indirectly or through a third party, by any action, method,  
406 device or means, (1) follows, lies in wait for, monitors, observes,  
407 surveils, threatens, harasses, communicates with or sends unwanted  
408 gifts to, a person, or (2) interferes with a person's property.

409 ~~[(a)]~~ (b) A person is guilty of stalking in the second degree when: [,  
410 with intent to cause another person to fear for his physical safety, he  
411 wilfully and repeatedly follows or lies in wait for such other person  
412 and causes such other person to reasonably fear for his physical safety]

413 (1) Such person knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed  
414 at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for  
415 such person's physical safety or the physical safety of a third person; or

416 (2) Such person intentionally, and for no legitimate purpose,  
417 engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would  
418 cause a reasonable person to fear that such person's employment,  
419 business or career is threatened, where (A) such conduct consists of the  
420 actor telephoning to, appearing at or initiating communication or  
421 contact at such other person's place of employment or business,  
422 provided the actor was previously and clearly informed to cease such  
423 conduct, and (B) such conduct does not consist of constitutionally  
424 protected activity.

425 ~~[(b)]~~ (c) Stalking in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.

426 Sec. 13. Section 53a-183 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
427 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

428 (a) A person is guilty of harassment in the second degree when: (1)  
429 By telephone, he addresses another in or uses indecent or obscene

430 language; or (2) with intent to harass, annoy or alarm another person,  
431 he communicates with a person by telegraph or mail, by electronically  
432 transmitting a facsimile through connection with a telephone network,  
433 by computer network, as defined in section 53a-250, or by any other  
434 form of written communication, in a manner likely to cause annoyance  
435 or alarm; or (3) with intent to harass, annoy or alarm another person,  
436 he makes a telephone call, whether or not a conversation ensues, in a  
437 manner likely to cause annoyance or alarm.

438 (b) For the purposes of this section, such offense may be deemed to  
439 have been committed either at the place where the [telephone call was  
440 made,] communication originated or at the place where it was  
441 received.

442 (c) The court may order any person convicted under this section to  
443 be examined by one or more psychiatrists.

444 (d) Harassment in the second degree is a class C misdemeanor.

445 Sec. 14. Section 53a-32 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
446 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

447 (a) At any time during the period of probation or conditional  
448 discharge, the court or any judge thereof may issue a warrant for the  
449 arrest of a defendant for violation of any of the conditions of probation  
450 or conditional discharge, or may issue a notice to appear to answer to a  
451 charge of such violation, which notice shall be personally served upon  
452 the defendant. Any such warrant shall authorize all officers named  
453 therein to return the defendant to the custody of the court or to any  
454 suitable detention facility designated by the court. Whenever a  
455 probation officer has probable cause to believe that a person has  
456 violated a condition of such person's probation, such probation officer  
457 may notify any police officer that such person has, in such officer's  
458 judgment, violated the conditions of such person's probation and such  
459 notice shall be sufficient warrant for the police officer to arrest such  
460 person and return such person to the custody of the court or to any  
461 suitable detention facility designated by the court. Whenever a

462 probation officer so notifies a police officer, the probation officer shall  
463 notify the victim of the offense for which such person is on probation,  
464 provided the probation officer has been provided with the name and  
465 contact information for such victim. Any probation officer may arrest  
466 any defendant on probation without a warrant or may deputize any  
467 other officer with power to arrest to do so by giving such other officer  
468 a written statement setting forth that the defendant has, in the  
469 judgment of the probation officer, violated the conditions of the  
470 defendant's probation. Such written statement, delivered with the  
471 defendant by the arresting officer to the official in charge of any  
472 correctional center or other place of detention, shall be sufficient  
473 warrant for the detention of the defendant. After making such an  
474 arrest, such probation officer shall present to the detaining authorities  
475 a similar statement of the circumstances of violation. Provisions  
476 regarding release on bail of persons charged with a crime shall be  
477 applicable to any defendant arrested under the provisions of this  
478 section. Upon such arrest and detention, the probation officer shall  
479 immediately so notify the court or any judge thereof.

480 (b) When the defendant is presented for arraignment on the charge  
481 of violation of any of the conditions of probation or conditional  
482 discharge, the court shall review any conditions previously imposed  
483 on the defendant and may order, as a condition of the pretrial release  
484 of the defendant, that the defendant comply with any or all of such  
485 conditions in addition to any conditions imposed pursuant to section  
486 54-64a. Unless the court, pursuant to subsection (c) of section 54-64a,  
487 orders that the defendant remain under the supervision of a probation  
488 officer or other designated person or organization, the defendant shall  
489 be supervised by the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial  
490 Branch in accordance with subsection (a) of section 54-63b, as amended  
491 by this act.

492 (c) Upon notification by the probation officer of the arrest of the  
493 defendant or upon an arrest by warrant as herein provided, the court  
494 shall cause the defendant to be brought before it without unnecessary  
495 delay for a hearing on the violation charges. At such hearing the

496 defendant shall be informed of the manner in which such defendant is  
497 alleged to have violated the conditions of such defendant's probation  
498 or conditional discharge, shall be advised by the court that such  
499 defendant has the right to retain counsel and, if indigent, shall be  
500 entitled to the services of the public defender, and shall have the right  
501 to cross-examine witnesses and to present evidence in such  
502 defendant's own behalf. Unless good cause is shown, a charge of  
503 violation of any of the conditions of probation or conditional discharge  
504 shall be disposed of or scheduled for a hearing not later than one  
505 hundred twenty days after the defendant is arraigned on such charge.

506 (d) If such violation is established, the court may: (1) Continue the  
507 sentence of probation or conditional discharge; (2) modify or enlarge  
508 the conditions of probation or conditional discharge; (3) extend the  
509 period of probation or conditional discharge, provided the original  
510 period with any extensions shall not exceed the periods authorized by  
511 section 53a-29; or (4) revoke the sentence of probation or conditional  
512 discharge. If such sentence is revoked, the court shall require the  
513 defendant to serve the sentence imposed or impose any lesser  
514 sentence. Any such lesser sentence may include a term of  
515 imprisonment, all or a portion of which may be suspended entirely or  
516 after a period set by the court, followed by a period of probation with  
517 such conditions as the court may establish. No such revocation shall be  
518 ordered, except upon consideration of the whole record and unless  
519 such violation is established by the introduction of reliable and  
520 probative evidence and by a preponderance of the evidence.

521 Sec. 15. Section 54-142m of the general statutes is repealed and the  
522 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

523 (a) A criminal justice agency holding nonconviction information  
524 may disclose it to persons or agencies not otherwise authorized (1) for  
525 the purposes of research, evaluation or statistical analysis, or (2) if  
526 there is a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide  
527 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to  
528 such agreement. The Judicial Branch may disclose nonconviction

529 information to a state agency pursuant to an agreement to provide  
530 services related to the collection of moneys due. Any such disclosure of  
531 information shall be limited to that information necessary for the  
532 collection of moneys due. Pursuant to an agreement, the Judicial  
533 Branch may disclose nonconviction information to the Department of  
534 Mental Health and Addiction Services for the administration of court-  
535 ordered evaluations and the provision of programs and services to  
536 persons with psychiatric disabilities and substance abuse treatment  
537 needs. Pursuant to an agreement, the Judicial Branch may disclose  
538 nonconviction information to advocates for victims of family violence  
539 to allow such advocates to develop plans to provide for the safety of  
540 victims and victims' minor children, provided such agreement  
541 prohibits such advocates from disclosing such nonconviction  
542 information to any person, including, but not limited to, a victim of  
543 family violence.

544 (b) No nonconviction information may be disclosed to such persons  
545 or agencies except pursuant to a written agreement between the  
546 agency holding it and the persons to whom it is to be disclosed.

547 (c) The agreement shall specify the information to be disclosed, the  
548 persons to whom it is to be disclosed, the purposes for which it is to be  
549 used, the precautions to be taken to insure the security and  
550 confidentiality of the information and the sanctions for improper  
551 disclosure or use.

552 (d) Persons to whom information is disclosed under the provisions  
553 of this section shall not without the subject's prior written consent  
554 disclose or publish such information in such manner that it will reveal  
555 the identity of such subject.

556 Sec. 16. Section 51-286e of the general statutes is repealed and the  
557 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

558 (a) For the purposes of this section, "victim" includes the legal  
559 representative of the victim or a member of the deceased victim's  
560 immediate family.

561 (b) The state's attorney for a judicial district wherein an offense has  
562 been committed shall notify any victim of the offense, if such victim  
563 has requested notification and provided the state's attorney with a  
564 current address, of any judicial proceedings relating to [his] the  
565 victim's case including (1) the arrest of the defendant, (2) the  
566 arraignment of the defendant, (3) the release of the defendant pending  
567 judicial proceedings, and (4) proceedings in the prosecution of the  
568 defendant, including the dismissal of the charges against the  
569 defendant, the entry of a nolle prosequi to the charges against the  
570 defendant, the entry of a plea of guilty [,] by the defendant, and the  
571 trial and sentencing of the defendant.

572 Sec. 17. Subdivision (7) of subsection (b) of section 54-203 of the  
573 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
574 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

575 (7) To provide each person who applies for compensation pursuant  
576 to section 54-204, within ten days of the date of receipt of such  
577 application, with a written list of rights of victims of crime involving  
578 personal injury and the programs available in this state to assist such  
579 victims. The Office of Victim Services, the state or any agent, employee  
580 or officer thereof shall not be liable for the failure to supply such list or  
581 any alleged inadequacies of such list. Such list shall include, but not be  
582 limited to:

583 (A) Subject to the provisions of sections 18-81e and 51-286e, as  
584 amended by this act, the victim shall have the right to be informed  
585 concerning the status of his or her case and to be informed of the  
586 release from custody of the defendant;

587 (B) Subject to the provisions of section 54-91c, the victim shall have  
588 the right to present a statement of his or her losses, injuries and wishes  
589 to the prosecutor and the court prior to the acceptance by the court of a  
590 plea of guilty or nolo contendere made pursuant to a plea agreement  
591 with the state wherein the defendant pleads to a lesser offense than the  
592 offense with which the defendant was originally charged;

593 (C) Subject to the provisions of section 54-91c, prior to the  
594 imposition of sentence upon the defendant, the victim shall have the  
595 right to submit a statement to the prosecutor as to the extent of any  
596 injuries, financial losses and loss of earnings directly resulting from the  
597 crime;

598 (D) Subject to the provisions of section 54-126a, the victim shall have  
599 the right to appear before a panel of the Board of Pardons and Paroles  
600 and make a statement as to whether the defendant should be released  
601 on parole and any terms or conditions to be imposed upon any such  
602 release;

603 (E) Subject to the provisions of section 54-36a, the victim shall have  
604 the right to have any property the victim owns which was seized by  
605 police in connection with an arrest to be returned;

606 (F) Subject to the provisions of sections 54-56e and 54-142c, the  
607 victim shall have the right to be notified of the application by the  
608 defendant for the pretrial program for accelerated rehabilitation and to  
609 obtain from the court information as to whether the criminal  
610 prosecution in the case has been dismissed;

611 (G) Subject to the provisions of section 54-85b, the victim cannot be  
612 fired, harassed or otherwise retaliated against by an employer for  
613 appearing under a subpoena as a witness in any criminal prosecution;

614 (H) Subject to the provisions of section 54-86g, the parent or legal  
615 guardian of a child twelve years of age or younger who is a victim of  
616 child abuse or sexual assault may request special procedural  
617 considerations to be taken during the testimony of the child;

618 (I) Subject to the provisions of section 46b-15, as amended by this  
619 act, the victim of assault by a spouse or former spouse, family or  
620 household member has the right to request the arrest of the offender,  
621 request a protective order and apply for a restraining order;

622 (J) Subject to the provisions of sections 52-146k, 54-86e and 54-86f,

623 the victim of sexual assault or domestic violence can expect certain  
624 records to remain confidential; and

625 (K) Subject to the provisions of section 53a-32, as amended by this  
626 act, the victim may receive notification from a probation officer  
627 whenever the officer has notified a police officer that the probation  
628 officer has probable cause to believe that the offender has violated a  
629 condition of such offender's probation.

630 Sec. 18. Section 54-216 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes  
631 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
632 *October 1, 2012*):

633 (a) The Office of Victim Services or, on review, a victim  
634 compensation commissioner may order that services be provided for  
635 the restitution of any person eligible for such services in accordance  
636 with the provisions of sections 54-201 to 54-233, inclusive. Such  
637 services may include but shall not be limited to medical, psychiatric,  
638 psychological and social services and social rehabilitation services.

639 (b) The Office of Victim Services or, on review, a victim  
640 compensation commissioner may order that such restitution services  
641 be provided to victims of child abuse and members of their families,  
642 victims of sexual assault and members of their families, victims of  
643 domestic violence and members of their families, [and] members of the  
644 family of any victim of homicide, and children who witness domestic  
645 violence, including, but not limited to, children who are not related to  
646 the victim. For the purposes of this subsection, "members of their  
647 families" or "member of the family" does not include the person  
648 responsible for such child abuse, sexual assault, domestic violence or  
649 homicide.

650 (c) The Office of Victim Services may contract with any public or  
651 private agency for any services ordered under this section.

652 Sec. 19. Subsection (e) of section 46b-38b of the 2012 supplement to  
653 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu

654 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

655 (e) (1) Each law enforcement agency shall develop, in conjunction  
656 with the Division of Criminal Justice, and implement specific  
657 operational guidelines for arrest policies in family violence incidents.  
658 Such guidelines shall include, but not be limited to: (A) Procedures for  
659 the conduct of a criminal investigation; (B) procedures for arrest and  
660 for victim assistance by peace officers; (C) education as to what  
661 constitutes speedy information in a family violence incident; (D)  
662 procedures with respect to the provision of services to victims; and (E)  
663 such other criteria or guidelines as may be applicable to carry out the  
664 purposes of sections 46b-1, 46b-15, as amended by this act, 46b-38a to  
665 46b-38f, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 54-1g, as amended by  
666 this act. Such procedures shall be duly promulgated by such law  
667 enforcement agency. On and after October 1, 2012, each law  
668 enforcement agency shall develop and implement specific operational  
669 guidelines for arrest policies in family violence incidents which, at a  
670 minimum, meet the standards set forth in the model law enforcement  
671 policy on family violence established in subdivision (2) of this  
672 subsection.

673 (2) There is established a model law enforcement policy on family  
674 violence for the state. Such policy shall consist of the model policy  
675 submitted by the task force established in section 19 of public act 11-  
676 152 on January 31, 2012, to the joint standing committee of the General  
677 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary, as  
678 amended from time to time by the Family Violence Model Policy  
679 Governing Council established pursuant to section 25 of this act.

680 (3) Not later than January 15, 2013, and annually thereafter, the  
681 chairperson of the Police Officer Standards and Training Council shall  
682 provide notice of updates to the model policy, if any, adopted by the  
683 council during the prior calendar year, to the chief law enforcement  
684 officer of each municipality having a police department, the law  
685 enforcement instructor of each such police department, and the  
686 Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection.

687       (4) Not later than July 1, 2013, and annually thereafter, each law  
688 enforcement agency shall submit a report to the Commissioner of  
689 Emergency Services and Public Protection, in such form as the  
690 commissioner prescribes, regarding the law enforcement agency's  
691 compliance with the model law enforcement policy on family violence  
692 for the state.

693       [(2)] (5) On and after July 1, 2010, each law enforcement agency shall  
694 designate at least one officer with supervisory duties to expeditiously  
695 process, upon request of a victim of family violence or other crime who  
696 is applying for U Nonimmigrant Status (A) a certification of  
697 helpfulness on Form I-918, Supplement B, or any subsequent  
698 corresponding form designated by the United States Department of  
699 Homeland Security, confirming that the victim of family violence or  
700 other crime has been helpful, is being helpful, or is likely to be helpful  
701 in the investigation or prosecution of the criminal activity, and (B) any  
702 subsequent certification required by the victim.

703       Sec. 20. Subsection (f) of section 53a-28 of the general statutes is  
704 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
705 *October 1, 2012*):

706       (f) When sentencing a person to a period of probation who is or has  
707 been subject to a protective order, [issued under section 54-1k,] the  
708 court may issue a protective order that is effective during such period  
709 of probation.

710       Sec. 21. Section 54-1g of the general statutes is repealed and the  
711 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

712       (a) Any arrested person who is not released sooner or who is  
713 charged with a family violence crime as defined in section 46b-38a, as  
714 amended by this act, or a violation of section 53a-181c, as amended by  
715 this act, 53a-181d or 53a-181e shall be promptly presented before the  
716 superior court sitting next regularly for the geographical area where  
717 the offense is alleged to have been committed. If an arrested person is  
718 hospitalized, or has escaped or is otherwise incapacitated, the person

719 shall be presented, if practicable, to the first regular sitting after return  
720 to police custody.

721 (b) Any arrested person who is charged with a violation of section  
722 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b shall be promptly presented to the  
723 superior court next sitting for the geographical area where the offense  
724 is alleged to have been committed. If the alleged offense was  
725 committed in a geographical area of the Superior Court other than the  
726 geographical area where the protective order was issued, the  
727 prosecutorial official for the geographical area of the Superior Court  
728 where the alleged offense was committed shall notify the prosecutorial  
729 official for the geographical area where the protective order was issued  
730 of the alleged violation of such protective order. On motion of any  
731 party or the court, the prosecution of such offense may be transferred  
732 to the superior court for the geographical area where the protective  
733 order was issued.

734 Sec. 22. Subsection (c) of section 54-69 of the general statutes is  
735 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
736 *October 1, 2012*):

737 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section,  
738 a hearing may be had on an application by any such state's attorney  
739 without a copy of such application and notice of the hearing being  
740 served upon the surety or sureties upon such bond, if any, the  
741 appropriate bail commissioner and the accused person if the accused  
742 person is charged with the commission of a family violence crime, as  
743 defined in section 46b-38a, as amended by this act, or a violation of  
744 section 53a-181c, as amended by this act, 53a-181d, 53a-181e, 53a-223,  
745 53a-223a or 53a-223b and is being presented at the next sitting of the  
746 Superior Court as required by section 54-1g, as amended by this act.

747 Sec. 23. Subsection (d) of section 46b-38b of the 2012 supplement to  
748 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
749 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

750 (d) It shall be the responsibility of the peace officer at the scene of a

751 family violence incident to provide immediate assistance to the victim.  
752 Such assistance shall include, but not be limited to: (1) Assisting the  
753 victim to obtain medical treatment if such treatment is required; (2)  
754 notifying the victim of the right to file an affidavit for a warrant for  
755 arrest; (3) informing the victim of services available, including  
756 providing the victim with contact information for a regional family  
757 violence organization that employs, or provides referrals to, counselors  
758 who are trained in providing trauma-informed care; (4) referring the  
759 victim to the Office of Victim Services; and (5) providing assistance in  
760 accordance with the uniform protocols for treating victims of family  
761 violence whose immigration status is questionable established  
762 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section. In cases where the officer has  
763 determined that no cause exists for an arrest, assistance shall include:  
764 (A) Assistance as provided in subdivisions (1) to (5), inclusive, of this  
765 subsection; and (B) remaining at the scene for a reasonable time until,  
766 in the reasonable judgment of the officer, the likelihood of further  
767 imminent violence has been eliminated. For the purposes of this  
768 subsection, "trauma-informed care" means services (i) directed by a  
769 thorough understanding of the neurological, biological, psychological  
770 and social effects of trauma and violence on a person; and (ii)  
771 delivered by a regional family violence organization that employs, or  
772 provides referrals to, counselors who: (I) Make available to the victim  
773 of family violence resources on trauma exposure, its impact and  
774 treatment; (II) engage in efforts to strengthen the resilience and  
775 protective factors of victims of family violence who are impacted by  
776 and vulnerable to trauma; (III) emphasize continuity of care and  
777 collaboration among organizations that provide services to children;  
778 and (IV) maintain professional relationships for referral and  
779 consultation purposes with programs and persons with expertise in  
780 trauma-informed care.

781 Sec. 24. Subsection (g) of section 46b-38c of the 2012 supplement to  
782 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
783 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

784 (g) In cases referred to the local family violence intervention unit, it

785 shall be the function of the unit to (1) identify victim service needs and,  
786 by contract with victim service providers, make available appropriate  
787 services that include, but are not limited to, the provision of trauma-  
788 informed care by a counselor who provides trauma-informed care, or a  
789 referral to a counselor, and (2) identify appropriate offender services  
790 and where possible, by contract, provide treatment programs for  
791 offenders. For purposes of this subsection, "trauma-informed care"  
792 means [services directed by a thorough understanding of the  
793 neurological, biological, psychological and social effects of trauma and  
794 violence on a person] trauma-informed care, as defined in subsection  
795 (d) of section 46b-38b, as amended by this act.

796 Sec. 25. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a  
797 Family Violence Model Policy Governing Council for the purpose of  
798 (1) evaluating policies and procedures used by law enforcement  
799 agencies when responding to incidents of family violence and  
800 violations of restraining orders and protective orders, (2) reviewing  
801 and updating the model law enforcement policy on family violence for  
802 the state established in section 46b-38b of the general statutes, as  
803 amended by this act, and (3) evaluating the accuracy of data collected  
804 by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection under  
805 section 46b-38d of the general statutes and the Court Support Services  
806 Division under section 46b-38f of the general statutes.

807 (b) The council shall consist of the following members:

808 (1) One appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;

809 (2) One appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate;

810 (3) One municipal police officer with experience in domestic  
811 violence training, appointed by the majority leader of the House of  
812 Representatives;

813 (4) One victim of domestic violence, appointed by the majority  
814 leader of the Senate;

815 (5) One appointed by the minority leader of the House of  
816 Representatives;

817 (6) One appointed by the minority leader of the Senate;

818 (7) One appointed by the Governor;

819 (8) One representative of the Police Officer Standards and Training  
820 Council with experience in domestic violence training, appointed by  
821 the chairperson of the council;

822 (9) One representative of the Office of the Chief State's Attorney,  
823 appointed by the Chief State's Attorney;

824 (10) One representative of the Office of the Chief Public Defender,  
825 appointed by the Chief Public Defender;

826 (11) One representative of the Office of the Victim Advocate,  
827 appointed by the Victim Advocate;

828 (12) One representative of the Division of State Police with  
829 experience in domestic violence training, and one commanding officer  
830 in the Division of State Police, each appointed by the Commissioner of  
831 Emergency Services and Public Protection;

832 (13) One judge of the Superior Court assigned to hear criminal  
833 matters, appointed by the Chief Court Administrator;

834 (14) One victim of domestic violence, one victim advocate with  
835 courtroom experience in domestic violence matters and one  
836 representative of the Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence,  
837 Inc., each appointed by the executive director of the Connecticut  
838 Coalition Against Domestic Violence, Inc.;

839 (15) One representative of the legal aid programs in Connecticut,  
840 appointed by the executive director of the Legal Assistance Resource  
841 Center of Connecticut; and

842 (16) One representative of the Connecticut Police Chiefs

843 Association, appointed by the president of the association.

844 (c) Any member of the council appointed under subdivision (1), (2),  
845 (5) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section may be a member of the  
846 General Assembly.

847 (d) All members of said council shall be appointed on or before July  
848 1, 2012, and quadrennially thereafter, to serve for a term of four years.  
849 Any member may be reappointed, and any member may continue to  
850 serve until such member's successor is appointed and qualified. Any  
851 vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.

852 (e) The members of the council shall select two chairpersons of the  
853 council from among the members of the council. Said chairpersons  
854 shall schedule the first meeting of the council, which shall be held not  
855 later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.

856 (f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the  
857 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public  
858 safety shall serve as administrative staff of the council.

859 (g) Not later than January 15, 2013, and annually thereafter, the  
860 council shall submit a report in accordance with section 11-4a of the  
861 general statutes to the joint standing committees of the General  
862 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary and  
863 public safety regarding the effectiveness of the model law enforcement  
864 policy on family violence for the state established in section 46b-38b of  
865 the general statutes, as amended by this act, and identifying any  
866 amendments to such model policy adopted during the prior calendar  
867 year.

868 Sec. 26. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Office of State-Wide  
869 Emergency Telecommunications shall conduct a study to determine  
870 the cost, feasibility and public safety considerations of redesigning the  
871 state-wide emergency 9-1-1 telephone system in a manner that allows  
872 individuals to send a text message with or from a mobile telephone or  
873 mobile electronic device to the state-wide emergency 9-1-1 telephone

874 system and receive a text message response through such system. In  
 875 conducting such study, the office shall seek the advice of the E 9-1-1  
 876 Commission established pursuant to section 28-29a of the general  
 877 statutes.

878 (b) Not later than January 15, 2013, the Office of State-Wide  
 879 Emergency Telecommunications shall submit a report containing the  
 880 findings of the study to the joint standing committees of the General  
 881 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public safety and  
 882 criminal law, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the  
 883 general statutes."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	46b-15
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	46b-38a
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	46b-38c(d)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-1k
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-63b
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	46b-38c(h)
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	46b-38h
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 9	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-1d
Sec. 10	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	53a-61aa
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	53a-181c
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	53a-181d
Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	53a-183
Sec. 14	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	53a-32
Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-142m
Sec. 16	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	51-286e
Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-203(b)(7)
Sec. 18	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-216
Sec. 19	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	46b-38b(e)
Sec. 20	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	53a-28(f)
Sec. 21	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-1g
Sec. 22	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	54-69(c)
Sec. 23	<i>July 1, 2012</i>	46b-38b(d)
Sec. 24	<i>July 1, 2012</i>	46b-38c(g)

Sec. 25	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 26	<i>from passage</i>	New section