



General Assembly

February Session, 2012

Raised Bill No. 5164

LCO No. 959

00959_____TRA

Referred to Committee on Transportation

Introduced by:
(TRA)

AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 14-12 of the 2012 supplement to
2 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
3 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

4 (c) The commissioner may, for the more efficient administration of
5 the commissioner's duties, appoint licensed dealers meeting
6 qualifications established by the commissioner pursuant to regulations
7 adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to issue new
8 registrations for passenger motor vehicles, motorcycles, campers, camp
9 trailers, commercial trailers, service buses, school buses, [or] trucks or
10 other vehicle types as determined by the commissioner when they are
11 sold by a licensed dealer. The commissioner shall charge such dealer a
12 fee of ten dollars for each new dealer issue form furnished for the
13 purposes of this subsection. A person purchasing a motor vehicle or
14 other vehicle types as determined by the commissioner from a dealer
15 so appointed and registering [the motor] such vehicle pursuant to this
16 section shall file an application with the dealer and pay, to the dealer, a

17 fee in accordance with the provisions of section 14-49. The
18 commissioner shall prescribe the time and manner in which the
19 application and fee shall be transmitted to the commissioner.

20 Sec. 2. Section 14-20 of the general statutes is repealed and the
21 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

22 (a) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may issue special number
23 plates for antique, rare or special interest motor vehicles, including
24 antique, rare or special interest motor vehicles that have been
25 modified, such special number plates to be issued on a permanent
26 basis. The commissioner shall charge a fee for such plates which shall
27 cover the entire cost of making the same. An owner of such antique,
28 rare or special interest motor vehicle may use such owner's own
29 porcelain number plate in place of the plates issued by the
30 commissioner provided (1) such plate was originally issued by the
31 department, and (2) such owner files with the commissioner a
32 description and the number of such plate and any additional
33 information the commissioner may require.

34 (b) [Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section,
35 section 14-18 and section 14-21b, the owner of such antique, rare or
36 special interest motor vehicle may be authorized by the commissioner
37 to display] For the purposes of this subsection, "year of manufacture
38 plate" means a number plate originally issued by the Commissioner of
39 Motor Vehicles corresponding to the year of manufacture of [such] an
40 antique, rare or special interest motor vehicle, but which does not
41 reflect the actual registration number assigned to such antique, rare or
42 special interest motor vehicle upon which it is displayed. [The] On and
43 after July 1, 2012, the commissioner shall [issue a certificate of
44 registration, as provided in section 14-12. Such registration shall be
45 valid, subject to renewal, as long as the commissioner permits.
46 Thereafter, the registration number and number plates, if any, which
47 were assigned to such motor vehicle before such registration and
48 number plates were issued under this section, shall be in effect. Each

49 such number plate authorized for use by the commissioner shall be
50 displayed in a conspicuous place at the rear of such motor vehicle at all
51 times while the vehicle is in use or operation upon any public
52 highway. A sticker shall be affixed to each such number plate to
53 denote the expiration date of the registration, unless the commissioner
54 authorizes the sticker, or other evidence of the period of the
55 registration, to be placed elsewhere or carried in such motor vehicle.
56 Such sticker may contain the corresponding letters and numbers of the
57 registration and number plate. The commissioner may adopt
58 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the
59 provisions of this section] not authorize the display of a year of
60 manufacture plate. Any owner of an antique, rare or special interest
61 motor vehicle who was authorized before July 1, 2012, to display a
62 year of manufacture plate may continue to display such plate until the
63 expiration of such owner's registration period that is in effect on July 1,
64 2012. Upon renewal of the registration for such antique, rare or special
65 interest motor vehicle, the owner shall display the plates that
66 correspond to such owner's registration number. No owner shall
67 display a year of manufacture plate after June 30, 2014.

68 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 14-21c of the 2012 supplement to the
69 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
70 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

71 (b) The commissioner shall charge an annual fee of [twenty] seventy
72 dollars for the issuance of registration and plates for any such
73 experimental test motor vehicle. [On and after July 1, 1985, the fee shall
74 be thirty dollars, on and after July 1, 1989, forty-five dollars, on and
75 after July 1, 1991, fifty-six dollars, and on and after July 1, 1993,
76 seventy dollars.] Such registration shall expire [on the last day of
77 March each year] one year following the date of issuance and shall not
78 be renewed.

79 Sec. 4. Section 14-41 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is
80 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*

81 1, 2012):

82 (a) Upon every other renewal of a motor vehicle operator's license
83 or identity card issued pursuant to section 1-1h, the commissioner may
84 issue such license or identity card without the personal appearance of
85 the licensee or identity card holder if (1) such licensee or identity card
86 holder has a digital image on file with the commissioner, and (2) such
87 licensee or identity card holder has fulfilled all other requirements for
88 such renewal.

89 (b) An original operator's license shall expire within a period not
90 exceeding six years following the date of the operator's next birthday.
91 The fee for such original license shall be computed at the rate of forty-
92 eight dollars for a four-year license, seventy-two dollars for a six-year
93 license and twelve dollars per year or any part of a year. The
94 commissioner may authorize an automobile club or association,
95 licensed in accordance with the provisions of section 14-67, as
96 amended by this act, on or before July 1, 2007, to issue duplicate
97 licenses and identity cards pursuant to section 14-50a, renew licenses,
98 renew identity cards issued pursuant to section 1-1h and conduct
99 registration transactions at its office facilities. The commissioner may
100 authorize such automobile clubs or associations to charge a
101 convenience fee, which shall not exceed two dollars, to each applicant
102 for a license or identity card renewal or duplication, or for a
103 registration transaction.

104 (c) Any previously licensed operator who fails to renew a motor
105 vehicle operator's license in accordance with subsection (b) of this
106 section shall be charged a late fee of twenty-five dollars upon renewal
107 of such operator's license.

108 (d) The commissioner may, at least fifteen days before the date on
109 which each motor vehicle operator's license or identity card expires,
110 notify the holder of such license or identity card of the expiration date,
111 in a manner determined by the commissioner. The commissioner shall
112 not provide such notification by mail to any such licensee or identity

113 card holder if the United States Postal Service has determined that mail
114 is undeliverable to the address for such person that is documented in
115 the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles. Any previously
116 licensed operator who operates a motor vehicle within sixty days after
117 the expiration date of the operator's license without obtaining a
118 renewal of the license shall be fined in accordance with the amount
119 designated for the infraction of failure to renew a motor vehicle
120 operator's license. Any operator so charged shall not be prosecuted
121 under section 14-36 for the same act constituting a violation under this
122 section but section 14-36 shall apply after the sixty-day period.

123 (e) On and after January 1, 2013, when the commissioner is unable
124 to complete a timely renewal of a license or identity card of any person
125 due to an incomplete verification of immigration status or citizenship
126 under the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program of
127 the United States Department of Homeland Security or when any
128 person is able to present documentation satisfactory to the
129 commissioner that such person requires an extension of a license or
130 identity card due to such person's absence from the state at the time of
131 such person's renewal, the commissioner may grant a single extension
132 of such person's operator's license for a period of six months. The fee
133 for such extension shall be the same as that for a duplicate license
134 under section 14-50a and no part of such fee shall be subject to refund.
135 The commissioner shall not issue more than one extension to any such
136 person pursuant to this subsection.

137 [(e)] (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1-3a, if the
138 expiration date of any motor vehicle operator's license or any public
139 passenger transportation permit falls on any day when offices of the
140 commissioner are closed for business or are open for less than a full
141 business day, the license or permit shall be deemed valid until
142 midnight of the next day on which offices of the commissioner are
143 open for a full day of business.

144 Sec. 5. Subsection (h) of section 14-44k of the 2012 supplement to the

145 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
146 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

147 (h) A person is disqualified for life if such person commits two or
148 more of the offenses specified in subsection (b) of this section, or if
149 such person is the subject of two or more findings by the commissioner
150 under subsection (c) of this section, or any combination of those
151 offenses or findings, arising from two or more separate incidents. A
152 person is disqualified for life if the commissioner takes suspension
153 actions against such person for two or more alcohol test refusals or test
154 failures, or any combination of such actions, arising from two or more
155 separate incidents. Any person disqualified for life, except a person
156 disqualified under subsection (g) of this section, who has both
157 voluntarily enrolled in and successfully completed an appropriate
158 rehabilitation program, as determined by the commissioner, may
159 apply for reinstatement of such person's commercial driver's license,
160 provided any such applicant shall not be eligible for reinstatement
161 until such time as such person has served a minimum disqualification
162 period of ten years. An application for reinstatement shall be
163 accompanied by documentation satisfactory to the commissioner that
164 such person has both voluntarily enrolled in and successfully
165 completed a [rehabilitation program that meets the requirements of
166 section 14-227f and the regulations adopted pursuant to section 14-
167 227f] program established and operated by the Department of Mental
168 Health and Addiction Services pursuant to chapter 319j, a program
169 operated through a substance abuse treatment facility licensed in
170 accordance with section 19a-491 or the equivalent of either program
171 offered in another state. The commissioner shall not reinstate a
172 commercial driver's license that was disqualified for life unless an
173 applicant for reinstatement requests an administrative hearing in
174 accordance with chapter 54, and offers evidence that the reinstatement
175 of such applicant's commercial driver's license does not endanger the
176 public safety or welfare. Such evidence shall include, but not be
177 limited to, proof that such applicant has not been convicted of any
178 offense involving alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug during a

179 period of ten years following the date of such applicant's most recent
180 lifetime disqualification. If a person whose commercial driver's license
181 is reinstated under this subsection is subsequently convicted of
182 another disqualifying offense, such person shall be permanently
183 disqualified for life and shall be ineligible to reapply for a reduction of
184 the lifetime disqualification. The following shall remain on the driving
185 history record of a commercial motor vehicle operator or commercial
186 driver's license holder for a period of fifty-five years, as required by 49
187 CFR Part 384, as amended from time to time: (1) Any offense specified
188 in subsection (b) or (c) of this section, provided such offense occurred
189 on or after December 29, 2006; (2) each of two or more offenses
190 specified in subsection (b) or (c) of this section that occur within ten
191 years of each other and result in a lifetime disqualification, regardless
192 of when such offenses occur; (3) any conviction under subsection (g) of
193 this section for using a motor vehicle in the commission of a felony
194 involving the manufacture, distribution or dispensing of a controlled
195 substance, committed on or after January 1, 2005.

196 Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 14-50 of the general statutes is
197 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
198 *1, 2012*):

199 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 14-41, as
200 amended by this act, there shall be charged a fee of forty-three dollars
201 for each renewal of a motor vehicle operator's license issued for a
202 period of four years, a fee of sixty-five dollars for each renewal of a
203 motor vehicle operator's license issued for a period of six years and an
204 additional fee of twelve dollars for each year or part thereof for each
205 passenger endorsement.

206 Sec. 7. Subsection (b) of section 14-52 of the 2012 supplement to the
207 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
208 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

209 (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, each
210 applicant for a repairer's or a limited repairer's license shall furnish a

211 cash bond or a surety bond in the amount of five thousand dollars.

212 (2) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, each
213 applicant for a new car dealer's or a used car dealer's license shall
214 furnish a cash bond or a surety bond in the amount of fifty thousand
215 dollars.

216 (3) Each applicant for a leasing or rental license issued pursuant to
217 section 14-15, who is engaged in the leasing or renting of motor
218 vehicles for periods of thirty days or more shall furnish a cash bond or
219 a surety bond in the amount of ten thousand dollars.

220 (4) Each such bond required under subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive,
221 of this subsection shall be conditioned upon the applicant or licensee
222 complying with the provisions of any state or federal law or regulation
223 relating to the conduct of such business and provided as indemnity for
224 any loss sustained by any person by reason of any acts of the licensee
225 constituting grounds for suspension or revocation of the license or
226 such licensee going out of business. Each cash bond shall be deposited
227 with the commissioner and each surety bond shall be executed in the
228 name of the state of Connecticut for the benefit of any aggrieved party,
229 but the penalty of the bond shall not be invoked except upon order of
230 the commissioner after a hearing held before said commissioner in
231 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

232 (5) The commissioner shall assess a fee of fifty dollars against any
233 licensee for failing to continuously maintain the bond requirements of
234 this subsection. This fee shall be in addition to the license suspension
235 or revocation penalties and the civil penalties to which the licensee is
236 subject pursuant to section 14-64.

237 Sec. 8. Subsection (c) of section 14-58 of the general statutes is
238 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
239 *October 1, 2012*):

240 (c) Registration certificates issued under the provisions of this

241 section shall not be required to be carried upon such motor vehicles
242 when upon the public highways as required under subsection (a) of
243 section 14-13, except that the licensee shall issue to each person driving
244 such motor vehicle a document indicating that such person is validly
245 entrusted with such vehicle which document shall be carried in the
246 motor vehicle. The commissioner shall determine the form and
247 contents of this document. Legible photostatic copies of such
248 registration certificates may be carried in such vehicles as proof of
249 ownership. The licensee shall furnish financial responsibility
250 satisfactory to the commissioner as defined in section 14-112, provided
251 such financial responsibility shall not be required from a licensee when
252 the commissioner finds that the licensee is of sufficient financial
253 responsibility to meet such legal liability. The commissioner may issue
254 such license upon presentation of evidence of such financial
255 responsibility satisfactory to the commissioner. The commissioner
256 shall assess a fee of fifty dollars against any licensee for failing to
257 continuously maintain the financial responsibility requirements of this
258 subsection. This fee shall be in addition to the license suspension or
259 revocation penalties and the civil penalties to which the licensee is
260 subject pursuant to section 14-64.

261 Sec. 9. Section 14-66 of the general statutes is repealed and the
262 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

263 (a) (1) No person, firm or corporation shall engage in the business of
264 operating a wrecker for the purpose of towing or transporting motor
265 vehicles, including motor vehicles which are disabled, inoperative or
266 wrecked or are being removed in accordance with the provisions of
267 section 14-145, 14-150 or 14-307, unless such person, firm or
268 corporation is a motor vehicle dealer or repairer licensed under the
269 provisions of subpart (D) of this part. (2) The commissioner shall
270 establish and publish a schedule of uniform rates and charges for the
271 nonconsensual towing and transporting of motor vehicles and for the
272 storage of motor vehicles which shall be just and reasonable. Upon
273 petition of any person, firm or corporation licensed in accordance with

274 the provisions of this section, but not more frequently than once every
275 two years, the commissioner shall reconsider the established rates and
276 charges and shall amend such rates and charges if the commissioner,
277 after consideration of the factors stated in this subdivision, determines
278 that such rates and charges are no longer just and reasonable. In
279 establishing and amending such rates and charges, the commissioner
280 may consider factors, including, but not limited to, the Consumer Price
281 Index, rates set by other jurisdictions, charges for towing and
282 transporting services provided pursuant to a contract with an
283 automobile club or automobile association licensed under the
284 provisions of section 14-67, as amended by this act, and rates
285 published in standard service manuals. The commissioner shall hold a
286 public hearing for the purpose of obtaining additional information
287 concerning such rates and charges. (3) With respect to the
288 nonconsensual towing or transporting and the storage of motor
289 vehicles, no such person, firm or corporation shall charge more than
290 the rates and charges published by the commissioner. Any person
291 aggrieved by any action of the commissioner under the provisions of
292 this section may take an appeal therefrom in accordance with section
293 4-183, except venue for such appeal shall be in the judicial district of
294 New Britain.

295 (b) The commissioner, or an inspector authorized by the
296 commissioner, shall examine each wrecker, including its number,
297 equipment and identification, and shall determine the mechanical
298 condition of such wrecker and whether or not it is properly equipped
299 to do the work intended. A wrecker shall be deemed properly
300 equipped if there are two flashing yellow lights installed and mounted
301 on such wrecker that (1) show in all directions at all times, and (2)
302 indicate the full width of such wrecker. Such lights shall be mounted
303 not less than eight feet above the road surface and as close to the back
304 of the cab of such wrecker as practicable. Such lights shall be in
305 operation when such wrecker is towing a vehicle and when such
306 wrecker is at the scene of an accident or the location of a disabled
307 motor vehicle. In addition, each wrecker shall be equipped with a spot

308 light mounted so that its beam of light is directed toward the hoisting
309 equipment in the rear of such wrecker. The hoisting equipment of each
310 wrecker shall be of sufficient capacity to perform the service intended
311 and shall be securely mounted to the frame of such vehicle. A fire
312 extinguisher shall be carried at all times on each wrecker which shall
313 be in proper working condition, mounted in a permanent bracket on
314 each wrecker and have a minimum rating of eight bc. A set of three
315 flares in operating condition shall be carried at all times on each
316 wrecker and shall be used between the periods of one-half hour after
317 sunset and one-half hour before sunrise when the wrecker is parked on
318 a highway while making emergency repairs or preparing to pick up a
319 disabled vehicle to remove it from a highway or adjoining property.
320 No registrant or operator of any wrecker shall offer to give any
321 gratuities or inducements of any kind to any police officer or other
322 person in order to obtain towing business or recommendations for
323 towing or storage of, or estimating repairs to, disabled vehicles. No
324 licensee shall require the owner to sign a contract for the repair of such
325 owner's damaged vehicle as part of the towing consideration or to sign
326 an order for the repair of, or authorization for estimate until the tow
327 job has been completed. No licensee shall tow a vehicle in such a
328 negligent manner as to cause further damage to the vehicle being
329 towed.

330 (c) Each wrecker used for towing or transporting motor vehicles
331 shall be registered as a wrecker by the commissioner for a fee of one
332 hundred twenty-five dollars. Each such registration shall be renewed
333 biennially according to renewal schedules established by the
334 commissioner so as to effect staggered renewal of all such
335 registrations. If the adoption of a staggered system results in the
336 expiration of any registration more or less than two years from its
337 issuance, the commissioner may charge a prorated amount for such
338 registration fee.

339 (d) An owner of a wrecker may apply to the commissioner for a
340 general distinguishing number and number plate for the purpose of

341 displaying such number plate on a motor vehicle temporarily in the
342 custody of such owner and being towed or transported by such owner.
343 The commissioner shall issue such number and number plate to an
344 owner of a wrecker (1) who has complied with the requirements of this
345 section, and (2) whose wrecker is equipped in accordance with
346 subsection (b) of this section. The commissioner shall charge a fee to
347 cover the cost of issuance and renewal of such number plates.

348 (e) With respect to the nonconsensual towing or transporting of a
349 motor vehicle, no licensee may tow or transport a vehicle to the
350 premises of any person, firm or corporation engaged in the storage of
351 vehicles for compensation unless such person, firm or corporation
352 adheres to the storage charges published by the commissioner.

353 (f) The provisions of this section shall not apply to [: (1) Any] any
354 person, firm, [or] corporation [licensed as a motor vehicle dealer under
355 the provisions of subpart (D) of this part, towing] or association: (1)
356 Towing or transporting a motor vehicle, [for salvage purposes,]
357 provided such person, firm, [or] corporation or association is licensed
358 as a motor vehicle dealer pursuant to the provisions of subpart (D) of
359 this part or is a contractor of such dealer and does not offer direct
360 towing or wrecker service to the public or engage in nonconsensual
361 towing or transporting; (2) [any person, firm or corporation] operating
362 as an automobile club or automobile association licensed under section
363 14-67, as amended by this act; (3) [any person, firm or corporation]
364 operating as a motor vehicle recycler licensed under section 14-67l or
365 any contractor of such recycler, provided such recycler or its contractor
366 does not offer towing or wrecker service to the public to engage in
367 nonconsensual towing or transporting; (4) [any person, firm or
368 corporation engaged] engaging in the business of repossession of
369 motor vehicles for lending institutions; [or] (5) [any person, firm or
370 corporation] towing motor vehicles owned or leased by such person,
371 firm, association or corporation; (6) towing or transporting motor
372 vehicles for hire, with the appropriate operating authority, as defined
373 in 49 CFR 390.5, as amended from time to time, provided such person,

374 firm, corporation or association does not offer towing or wrecker
375 service to the public or engage in nonconsensual towing or
376 transporting; or (7) towing motor vehicles to or from an auction
377 conducted by a dealer licensed pursuant to the provisions of subpart
378 (D) of this part, provided such person, firm, corporation or association
379 does not offer direct towing or wrecker service to the public or engage
380 in nonconsensual towing or transporting.

381 (g) For the purposes of this section, "nonconsensual towing or
382 transporting" means the towing or transporting of a motor vehicle in
383 accordance with the provisions of section 14-145 or for which
384 arrangements are made by order of a law enforcement officer or traffic
385 authority, as defined in section 14-297.

386 (h) Any person, firm, corporation or association that violates the
387 provisions of this section shall, for a first offense, be deemed to have
388 committed an infraction and be fined not more than two hundred
389 dollars and, for a second or subsequent offense, shall be fined not more
390 than five hundred dollars.

391 Sec. 10. Section 14-67 of the general statutes is repealed and the
392 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

393 (a) No person, firm, association or corporation operating as an
394 automobile club or automobile association shall perform, or offer to
395 perform, in this state for a stipulated fee covering a certain period, any
396 service relating to the protection and assistance of automobile owners
397 or drivers, other than insurance, without being licensed therefor by the
398 commissioner.

399 (b) If the commissioner is of the opinion that the applicant is
400 reliable, entitled to confidence and of sufficient financial responsibility,
401 such applicant shall be granted a license to perform such service in this
402 state. The license shall expire [annually on the last day of June]
403 biennially and such license may be renewed as long as the
404 commissioner regards such licensee as reliable, entitled to confidence

405 and of sufficient financial responsibility.

406 (c) No license shall be granted under the provisions of this section
407 unless the applicant deposits the sum of ten thousand dollars in cash
408 or securities of a market value in said amount in this state and
409 approved by the commissioner, or in lieu thereof a surety bond in like
410 amount of a company legally authorized to do business in this state.
411 Such bond shall be in favor of and for the protection, use and benefit of
412 all members of such club or association and of all persons whose
413 applications for such membership have been accepted and who have
414 secured a judgment against such licensee for failure to perform its
415 contract and which, after thirty days, remains unsatisfied, but in no
416 event shall any judgment recovered against any such licensee be
417 satisfied under such bond for more than one hundred dollars in any
418 one action.

419 (d) The commissioner shall grant such [a] license if [he has been
420 satisfied that] the applicant has complied with the provisions of this
421 section [have been complied with and he] and the commissioner may,
422 for cause, after [a] notice and hearing, [and for cause,] revoke such [a]
423 license. [; and, if] If the applicant or licensee is aggrieved either by the
424 commissioner's refusal to grant a license or [his] the revocation of [it]
425 such license, [he] such applicant or licensee may appeal from the
426 commissioner's decision in accordance with the provisions of section 4-
427 183.

428 (e) [The] On and after October 1, 2012, the fee for each such license
429 or the renewal thereof shall be [thirty-one dollars, payable to the
430 commissioner. On and after January 1, 2005, such fee shall be two
431 hundred fifty] five hundred dollars.

432 (f) No person shall solicit or aid in the solicitation of another person
433 to purchase automobile club or automobile association service from
434 any person, firm, association or corporation which is not licensed
435 under this section.

436 (g) No person shall, orally or in writing, misrepresent the terms,
437 benefits or provisions of any automobile club or automobile
438 association service contract issued or to be issued by any person, firm,
439 association or corporation.

440 (h) Any person, firm, association or corporation which violates any
441 provision of this section shall be fined not more than one hundred
442 dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days or both.

443 Sec. 11. Subsection (b) of section 14-67i of the general statutes is
444 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
445 *1, 2012*):

446 (b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to [: (1) Any] any
447 public agency, as defined in section 7-339a, which acquires, collects,
448 dismantles or disposes of junk or abandoned motor vehicles pursuant
449 to a program of solid waste disposal, in accordance with the provisions
450 of chapter 446d and the regulations of Connecticut state agencies,
451 concerning the operation of motor vehicle recycler's yards, provided
452 this exemption shall not apply to any public agency which sells or
453 distributes or exchanges for profit motor vehicle parts for reuse as
454 such, and provided further, such public agency shall designate an
455 employee to maintain accurate records of all motor vehicles received
456 and processed. Such records shall include the make, year, serial
457 number and, if available, the name and address of the person from
458 whom each vehicle was received. A list containing the make, year and
459 serial number of each such motor vehicle shall be sent to the
460 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles on or before the last day of the month
461 following the month during which such disposal occurred. [; or (2) any
462 intermediate processor operating at a licensed facility, pursuant to
463 subsection (a) of this section. "Intermediate processor" means any
464 person, firm or corporation which dismantles, crushes or otherwise
465 conditions junk or abandoned motor vehicles or parts thereof for
466 delivery to a scrap metal processor as defined in section 14-67w, or for
467 disposal in any other manner permitted by law, and which does not

468 sell automobile parts for reuse as parts; provided all such junk or
469 abandoned motor vehicles or parts thereof shall, at the time of such
470 dismantling, crushing or conditioning, be owned by or in the custody
471 of, and located on premises of or maintained by the holder of a motor
472 vehicle recycler's license issued pursuant to section 14-67l, or by a
473 public agency exempted under this subsection.]

474 Sec. 12. Section 14-67v of the general statutes is repealed and the
475 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

476 Any person, or any officer or agent of any firm or corporation, who
477 establishes, operates or maintains a motor vehicle recycler's yard or
478 motor vehicle recycler's business in any location within a restricted
479 district created under the provisions of this subpart (H), or establishes,
480 operates or maintains such yard or business without procuring such
481 certificate of approval from the local authority, [or establishes, operates
482 or maintains an intermediate processor in violation of any provision of
483 this subpart (H),] or transports or hauls any motor vehicle or used
484 parts of a motor vehicle in violation of any provision of this subpart
485 (H) or violates any provision of this subpart (H), shall be fined not
486 more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than ninety
487 days or both. Each day of such establishment, operation or
488 maintenance in violation hereof shall constitute a separate offense. The
489 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may, after notice and hearing, impose
490 a civil penalty of not more than two thousand dollars on any person,
491 firm or corporation that establishes, operates or maintains such yard or
492 business, uses the title "motor vehicle recycler" or advertises or holds
493 itself out as a motor vehicle recycler without a license. In addition to
494 the penalties herein prescribed, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or
495 the local authority, upon a violation of any of the provisions of this
496 subpart (H), may bring an application to the superior court for the
497 judicial district where such yard or business is located to enjoin a
498 further operation or maintenance of such yard or business and to abate
499 the same as a public nuisance. Said court may, upon finding such yard
500 or business has been established, operated or maintained in violation

501 of the provisions of this subpart (H), issue such injunction as it deems
502 equitable and make such order for the discontinuance or abatement of
503 such yard or business as a nuisance as it finds to be necessary,
504 including authorization to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles to
505 enter such yard or business to eliminate, at the expense of the
506 defendant, the conditions which constitute the violation of any
507 provision of this subpart (H).

508 Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 14-67w of the general statutes is
509 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
510 *1, 2012*):

511 (a) Except as herein provided, the provisions of this subpart (H)
512 shall not apply to any scrap metal processor. "Scrap metal processor"
513 shall include any place of business and any place of deposit which has
514 facilities for preparing and processing iron, steel and nonferrous
515 metals into a form suitable for remelting by a foundry, steel mill or
516 other remelter, and which does not buy or receive motor vehicles from
517 any person, firm or corporation, except the holder of a motor vehicle
518 recycler's license pursuant to section 14-67l, or a public agency [or
519 intermediate processor] exempt from the provisions of said section
520 pursuant to subsection (b) of section 14-67i, as amended by this act,
521 and which does not sell automobile parts for reuse as parts. Any scrap
522 metal processor who retains on his premises for a period in excess of
523 thirty days any motor vehicle junk which has not been processed into a
524 form suitable for remelting as provided in this section shall be deemed
525 to be operating or maintaining a motor vehicle recycler's business or
526 motor vehicle recycler's yard, as defined in section 14-67g, and shall be
527 subject to the provisions of section 14-67v, as amended by this act.

528 Sec. 14. Subsection (a) of section 14-111g of the 2012 supplement to
529 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
530 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

531 (a) For the purposes of this subsection, "moving violation" means
532 any violation of subsection (c) of section 14-36 or section 14-36g, 14-

533 218a, 14-219, 14-222, 14-223, 14-230 to 14-249, inclusive, 14-279, 14-283,
534 14-289b, 14-296aa, [or] 14-299, [to] 14-300, 14-301, 14-302 or 14-303,
535 [inclusive,] and "suspension violation" means a violation of section 14-
536 222a or 14-224, subsection (a) of section 14-227a, or section 53a-56b,
537 53a-57 or 53a-60d. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may require
538 any motor vehicle operator who is twenty-four years of age or less,
539 who has been convicted of a moving violation or a suspension
540 violation, or both, committed on two or more occasions to attend a
541 motor vehicle operator's retraining program. The commissioner may
542 require any motor vehicle operator over twenty-four years of age, who
543 has been convicted of a moving violation or a suspension violation or a
544 combination of said violations, committed on three or more occasions
545 to attend a motor vehicle operator's retraining program. The
546 commissioner shall notify such operator, in writing, of such
547 requirement. A fee of not more than sixty dollars shall be charged for
548 the retraining program. The commissioner, after notice and
549 opportunity for hearing, may suspend the motor vehicle operator's
550 license of any such operator who fails to attend or successfully
551 complete the program until the operator successfully completes the
552 program. The hearing shall be limited to any claim of impossibility of
553 the operator to attend the retraining program, or to a determination of
554 mistake or misidentification.

555 Sec. 15. Section 14-160 of the general statutes is repealed and the
556 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

557 The commissioner is authorized to reserve only the registration
558 marker plate numbers of motor vehicles from the number one to the
559 number ten thousand, inclusive, for passenger vehicles and from the
560 number one to the number five hundred, inclusive, for dealers' plates.
561 Said numbers may be issued at the discretion of the commissioner. A
562 fee of [sixty-five] sixty-nine dollars shall be charged for the first
563 registration period with respect to the issuance of any such plate or
564 plates, in addition to the regular fee prescribed for registration.

565 Sec. 16. Subsection (f) of section 14-174 of the general statutes is
566 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
567 *January 1, 2013*):

568 (f) The commissioner shall place a legend on any new or [duplicate]
569 replacement certificate of title in accordance with the requirements of
570 section 14-16c, 14-172, 14-178, as amended by this act, 14-179 or 42-179.
571 The commissioner shall place a legend on any new or [duplicate]
572 replacement certificate of title that the commissioner issues concerning
573 the mileage on a motor vehicle in accordance with the requirements of
574 the Federal Odometer Act, Sections 32701 to 32711, inclusive, Title 49,
575 United States Code, and any federal regulation adopted under the
576 authority of said act. The commissioner may adopt regulations, in
577 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to provide for the
578 placement of additional legends on any certificate of title, concerning
579 the condition of any motor vehicle or the status of the title to any
580 motor vehicle, including legends to indicate that a motor vehicle has
581 been rebuilt or damaged by flood, or that a bond has been posted to
582 obtain the title, as provided in section 14-176. Such regulations, as may
583 be adopted by the commissioner, shall provide for an opportunity for a
584 hearing, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 and section
585 14-194, for any person aggrieved by any action, omission or decision of
586 the commissioner made pursuant to this subsection.

587 Sec. 17. Section 14-175 of the general statutes is repealed and the
588 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

589 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the certificate
590 of title [shall] may be presented or mailed to the first lienholder named
591 in it or, if none, to the owner. In lieu of the presentation or mailing of
592 the title, the commissioner may maintain a title record in electronic
593 form, and may issue a title upon request of a lienholder or the owner.

594 (b) The commissioner may maintain an electronic title file for the
595 recording and storage of the evidence of any lienholder's security
596 interest. When the first lienholder's security interest is satisfied and

597 released, the commissioner [shall] may present or mail the certificate of
598 title to the owner, unless another security interest has been recorded
599 by the commissioner. In lieu of the presentation or mailing of the title,
600 the commissioner may maintain a title record in electronic form, and
601 may issue a title upon request of the owner.

602 Sec. 18. Section 14-178 of the general statutes is repealed and the
603 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2013*):

604 (a) If a certificate of title is lost, stolen, mutilated or destroyed or
605 becomes illegible, the first lienholder or, if none, the owner or legal
606 representative of the owner named in the certificate, as shown by the
607 records of the commissioner, shall promptly make application for and
608 may obtain a [duplicate] replacement upon furnishing information,
609 including personal identification acceptable and satisfactory to the
610 commissioner. The [duplicate] replacement certificate of title shall
611 contain the legend "This is a [duplicate] replacement certificate and
612 may be subject to the rights of a person under the original certificate."
613 Except as provided in subsection (b) of section 14-175, as amended by
614 this act, the commissioner shall present or mail the [duplicate]
615 replacement certificate to the first lienholder named in the [duplicate]
616 replacement certificate or, if none, to the owner.

617 (b) The commissioner shall not issue a new certificate of title to a
618 transferee upon application made on a [duplicate] replacement until
619 fifteen days after receipt of the application.

620 (c) A person recovering an original certificate of title for which a
621 [duplicate] replacement has been issued shall promptly surrender the
622 original certificate to the commissioner.

623 Sec. 19. Subsection (a) of section 14-192 of the general statutes is
624 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
625 *January 1, 2013*):

626 (a) The commissioner shall be paid the following fees: (1) For filing

627 an application for a certificate of title, twenty-five dollars; (2) for each
628 security interest noted upon a certificate of title or maintained in the
629 electronic title file pursuant to subsection (b) of section 14-175, as
630 amended by this act, ten dollars; (3) for each record copy search,
631 twenty dollars; (4) for each assignment of a security interest noted
632 upon a certificate of title or maintained in the electronic title file, ten
633 dollars; (5) for an application for a [duplicate] replacement certificate
634 of title, twenty-five dollars, provided such fee shall not be required for
635 any such [duplicate] replacement certificate of title (A) which is
636 requested on a form prepared and signed by the assessor in any town
637 for purposes of such proof of ownership of a motor vehicle as may be
638 required in accordance with section 12-71b, or (B) in connection with
639 an application submitted by a licensed dealer in accordance with the
640 provisions of subsection (c) of section 14-12, as amended by this act, or
641 section 14-61; (6) for an ordinary certificate of title issued upon
642 surrender of a distinctive certificate, ten dollars; (7) for filing a notice of
643 security interest, ten dollars; (8) for a certificate of search of the records
644 of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for each name or identification
645 number searched against, twenty dollars; (9) for filing an assignment
646 of security interest, ten dollars; (10) for search of a motor vehicle
647 certificate of title record, requested by a person other than the owner of
648 such motor vehicle, twenty dollars; and (11) for a bond filing under
649 section 14-176, twenty-five dollars.

650 Sec. 20. Subsection (k) of section 14-227b of the general statutes is
651 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
652 *1, 2012*):

653 (k) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) to (j),
654 inclusive, of this section, any police officer who obtains the results of a
655 chemical analysis of a blood sample taken from or a urine sample
656 provided by an operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident
657 who suffered or allegedly suffered physical injury in such accident, or
658 is otherwise deemed by a police officer to require treatment or
659 observation at a hospital, shall notify the Commissioner of Motor

660 Vehicles and submit to the commissioner a written report if such
661 results indicate that such person had an elevated blood alcohol
662 content, and if such person was arrested for violation of section 14-
663 227a in connection with such accident. The report shall be made on a
664 form approved by the commissioner containing such information as
665 the commissioner prescribes, and shall be subscribed and sworn to
666 under penalty of false statement, as provided in section 53a-157b, by
667 the police officer. The commissioner may, after notice and an
668 opportunity for hearing, which shall be conducted by a hearing officer
669 on behalf of the commissioner in accordance with chapter 54, suspend
670 the motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege
671 of such person for the appropriate period of time specified in
672 subsection (i) or (j) of this section. Each hearing conducted under this
673 subsection shall be limited to a determination of the following issues:
674 (1) Whether the police officer had probable cause to arrest the person
675 for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating
676 liquor or drug or both; (2) whether such person was placed under
677 arrest; (3) whether such person was operating the motor vehicle; (4)
678 whether the results of the analysis of the blood or urine of such person
679 indicate that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content; and
680 (5) in the event that a blood sample was taken, whether the blood
681 sample was obtained in accordance with conditions for admissibility
682 and competence as evidence as set forth in subsection (k) of section 14-
683 227a. If, after such hearing, the commissioner finds on any one of the
684 said issues in the negative, the commissioner shall not impose a
685 suspension. The fees of any witness summoned to appear at the
686 hearing shall be the same as provided by the general statutes for
687 witnesses in criminal cases, as provided in section 52-260.

688 Sec. 21. Subsection (a) of section 15-145a of the general statutes is
689 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
690 *October 1, 2012*):

691 (a) Each marine dealer, as defined in section 15-141, may make
692 application to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles for a general

693 distinguishing number and mark in lieu of registering each boat trailer
694 owned by him or in his custody, and the commissioner may issue to
695 the applicant a certificate or certificates of registration containing the
696 distinguishing number and mark assigned to such applicant, and
697 made in a form and containing any further information that the
698 commissioner may require. Each such boat trailer owned by such
699 applicant or temporarily in his custody shall be regarded as registered
700 under and having assigned to it such general distinguishing number
701 and mark until sold. Such application shall contain an affidavit stating
702 that such dealer is a person engaged in the business of manufacturing,
703 selling or repairing new or used vessels and that such person has an
704 established place of business for the sale, trade, display or repair of
705 such vessels. For the registration of all boat trailers registered under a
706 general distinguishing number and mark, the commissioner shall
707 charge a fee at the rate of fifty dollars per annum or any part thereof
708 for each number plate furnished. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles
709 shall assess a twenty-five dollar late fee for renewal of a registration in
710 the event a dealer fails to renew such registration within five days after
711 its expiration. The issuance of such registrations shall be in the sole
712 discretion of the commissioner and may be recalled at any time for any
713 reason or cause the commissioner deems sufficient.

714 Sec. 22. Section 14-41c of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes
715 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
716 *October 1, 2012*):

717 The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall consult with the
718 Commissioner of Correction to establish a procedure to renew the
719 operator's licenses and identity cards of persons who are incarcerated,
720 without the appearance of such persons at the Department of Motor
721 Vehicles, [upon the written] in accordance with subsection (b) of
722 section 14-36d. Such renewal shall be initiated at the request of an
723 incarcerated person who responds to a renewal notice for such
724 person's operator's license. [, shall extend the expiration date of such
725 person's operator's license for two years or thirty days following the

726 date such person is released from incarceration, whichever occurs first]
727 This section shall not apply to the initial issuance of a driver's license
728 or identity card or the issuance of a license or identity card that has
729 expired more than two years before the date of the requested renewal.

730 Sec. 23. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) The Commissioner of
731 Motor Vehicles may issue a registration, limited to six months in
732 duration, for any motor vehicle for which adequate proof of ownership
733 is pending, including a motor vehicle previously registered in another
734 state that is awaiting the out-of-state title or title lien release required
735 for obtaining a permanent registration in this state. Such registration
736 shall be known as a courtesy registration and in no case shall such
737 registration be issued without proper sale of documents in the name of
738 the person seeking to obtain such registration and without meeting all
739 other requirements for the registration of the motor vehicle.

740 (b) For six months or any part thereof, the fee for a courtesy
741 registration shall be one-quarter of the amount specified for a two-year
742 permanent registration and one-half of the amount specified for a one-
743 year permanent registration. The owner of a motor vehicle with a
744 courtesy registration may receive a permanent registration upon
745 presentation of documents to the commissioner demonstrating proof
746 of ownership. No part of the fee paid for a courtesy registration shall
747 be refunded or applied to the fee for the permanent registration of the
748 motor vehicle.

749 Sec. 24. Subsection (c) of section 14-67w of the general statutes is
750 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
751 *1, 2012*):

752 (c) The premises of each scrap metal processor utilized for
753 processing motor vehicle junk and the records provided to each such
754 processor pursuant to the provisions of [section 14-67j or] section 14-
755 67m shall be available for inspection during regular business hours by
756 one or more representatives of the Department of Motor Vehicles, the
757 Division of State Police within the Department of Emergency Services

758 and Public Protection or any organized local police department. Each
759 such record shall be retained by each scrap metal processor for a
760 period of two years after receipt of such record.

761 Sec. 25. Section 14-164 of the general statutes is repealed and the
762 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

763 Any person who violates any provision of this chapter [,] or section
764 14-16c [or section 14-67j] for which no other penalty is provided or
765 which is not designated an infraction shall be fined not more than one
766 hundred dollars.

767 Sec. 26. Subsection (a) of section 29-1s of the 2012 supplement to the
768 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
769 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

770 (a) (1) Wherever the term "Department of Public Safety" is used in
771 the following general statutes, the term "Department of Emergency
772 Services and Public Protection" shall be substituted in lieu thereof; and
773 (2) wherever the term "Commissioner of Public Safety" is used in the
774 following general statutes, the term "Commissioner of Emergency
775 Services and Public Protection" shall be substituted in lieu thereof: 1-
776 24, 1-84b, 1-217, 2-90b, 3-2b, 4-68m, 4a-2a, 4a-18, 4a-67d, 4b-1, 4b-130, 5-
777 142, 5-146, 5-149, 5-150, 5-169, 5-173, 5-192f, 5-192t, 5-246, 6-32g, 7-169,
778 7-285, 7-294f to 7-294h, inclusive, 7-294l, 7-294n, 7-294y, 7-425, 9-7a, 10-
779 233h, 12-562, 12-564a, 12-586f, 12-586g, 13a-123, 13b-69, 13b-376, 14-10,
780 14-64, [14-67j,] 14-67m, 14-67w, as amended by this act, 14-103, 14-108a,
781 14-138, 14-152, 14-163c, 14-211a, 14-212a, 14-212f, 14-219c, 14-227a, 14-
782 227c, 14-267a, 14-270c to 14-270f, inclusive, 14-283, 14-291, 14-298, 14-
783 315, 15-98, 15-140r, 15-140u, 16-256g, 16a-103, 17a-105a, 17a-106a, 17a-
784 500, 17b-90, 17b-137, 17b-192, 17b-225, 17b-279, 17b-490, 18-87k, 19a-
785 112a, 19a-112f, 19a-179b, 19a-409, 19a-904, 20-12c, 20-327b, 21a-36, 21a-
786 283, 22a-2, 23-8b, 23-18, 26-5, 26-67b, 27-19a, 27-107, 28-25b, 28-27, 28-
787 27a, 28-30a, 29-1c, 29-1e to 29-1h, inclusive, 29-1q, 29-1zz, 29-2, 29-2a,
788 29-2b, 29-3a, 29-3b, 29-4a, 29-6a, 29-7, 29-7b, 29-7c, 29-7h, 29-7m, 29-7n,
789 29-8, 29-9, 29-10, 29-10a, 29-10c, 29-11, 29-12, 29-17a, 29-17b, 29-17c, 29-

790 18 to 29-23a, inclusive, 29-25, 29-26, 29-28, 29-28a, 29-30 to 29-32,
791 inclusive, 29-32b, 29-33, 29-36f to 29-36i, inclusive, 29-36k, 29-36m, 29-
792 36n, 29-37a, 29-37f, 29-38b, 29-38e, 29-38f, 29-108b, 29-143i, 29-143j, 29-
793 145 to 29-151, inclusive, 29-152f to 29-152j, inclusive, 29-152m, 29-152o,
794 29-152u, 29-153, 29-155d, 29-156a, 29-161g to 29-161i, inclusive, 29-161k
795 to 29-161m, inclusive, 29-161o to 29-161t, inclusive, 29-161v to 29-161z,
796 inclusive, 29-163, 29-164g, 29-166, 29-176 to 29-179, inclusive, 29-179f to
797 29-179h, 31-275, 38a-18, 38a-356, 45a-63, 46a-4b, 46a-170, 46b-15a, 46b-
798 38d, 46b-38f, 51-5c, 51-10c, 51-51o, 51-277a, 52-11, 53-39a, 53-134, 53-
799 199, 53-202, 53-202b, 53-202c, 53-202g, 53-202l, 53-202n, 53-202o, 53-
800 278c, 53-341b, 53a-3, 53a-30, 53a-54b, 53a-130, 53a-130a, 54-1f, 54-1l, 54-
801 36e, 54-36i, 54-36n, 54-47aa, 54-63c, 54-76l, 54-86k, 54-102g to 54-102j,
802 inclusive, 54-102m, 54-102pp, 54-142j, 54-222a, 54-240, 54-240m, 54-250
803 to 54-258, inclusive, 54-259a, 54-260b, and 54-300.

804 Sec. 27. Subsection (c) of section 14-36a of the 2012 supplement to
805 the general statutes, as amended by section 34 of public act 10-110 and
806 section 60 of public act 11-213, is repealed and the following is
807 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

808 (c) A commercial driver's license or a class D license that contains
809 [either] any of the following endorsements evidences that the holder
810 meets the requirements of section 14-44:

811 "V"- authorizes the transportation of passengers in a student
812 transportation vehicle, as defined in section 14-212, or any vehicle that
813 requires an "A" or "F" endorsement; [and]

814 "A"- authorizes the transportation of passengers in an activity
815 vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, as amended by this act, or any
816 vehicle that requires an "F" endorsement; and

817 "F"- authorizes the transportation of passengers in a taxicab, motor
818 vehicle in livery service, service bus or motor bus.

819 The commissioner may establish one or more endorsements or

820 restrictions on class D licenses, in accordance with regulations adopted
821 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

822 Sec. 28. Section 14-1 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes,
823 as amended by section 37 of public act 10-110 and section 61 of public
824 act 11-213, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
825 (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

826 Terms used in this chapter shall be construed as follows, unless
827 another construction is clearly apparent from the language or context
828 in which the term is used or unless the construction is inconsistent
829 with the manifest intention of the General Assembly:

830 (1) "Activity vehicle" means a student transportation vehicle that is
831 used to transport students in connection with school-sponsored events
832 and activities, but is not used to transport students to and from school;

833 ~~[(1)]~~ (2) "Agricultural tractor" means a tractor or other form of
834 nonmuscular motive power used for transporting, hauling, plowing,
835 cultivating, planting, harvesting, reaping or other agricultural
836 purposes on any farm or other private property, or used for the
837 purpose of transporting, from one farm to another, agricultural
838 implements and farm products, provided the agricultural tractor is not
839 used on any highway for transporting a pay load or for some other
840 commercial purpose;

841 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) "Antique, rare or special interest motor vehicle" means a
842 motor vehicle twenty years old or older which is being preserved
843 because of historic interest and which is not altered or modified from
844 the original manufacturer's specifications;

845 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) "Apparent candle power" means an illumination equal to
846 the normal illumination in foot candles produced by any lamp or
847 lamps, divided by the square of the distance in feet between the lamp
848 or lamps and the point at which the measurement is made;

849 ~~[(4)]~~ (5) "Authorized emergency vehicle" means (A) a fire

850 department vehicle, (B) a police vehicle, or (C) a public service
851 company or municipal department ambulance or emergency vehicle
852 designated or authorized for use as an authorized emergency vehicle
853 by the commissioner;

854 [(5)] (6) "Auxiliary driving lamp" means an additional lighting
855 device on a motor vehicle used primarily to supplement the general
856 illumination in front of a motor vehicle provided by the motor
857 vehicle's head lamps;

858 [(6)] (7) "Bulb" means a light source consisting of a glass bulb
859 containing a filament or substance capable of being electrically
860 maintained at incandescence;

861 [(7)] (8) "Camp trailer" includes any trailer designed for living or
862 sleeping purposes and used exclusively for camping or recreational
863 purposes;

864 [(8)] (9) "Camp trailer registration" means the type of registration
865 issued to any trailer that is for nonbusiness use and is limited to camp
866 trailers and utility trailers;

867 [(9)] (10) "Camp vehicle" means any motor vehicle that is regularly
868 used to transport persons under eighteen years of age in connection
869 with the activities of any youth camp, as defined in section 19a-420;

870 [(10)] (11) "Camper" means any motor vehicle designed or
871 permanently altered in such a way as to provide temporary living
872 quarters for travel, camping or recreational purposes;

873 [(11)] (12) "Combination registration" means the type of registration
874 issued to a motor vehicle used for both private passenger and
875 commercial purposes if such vehicle does not have a gross vehicle
876 weight rating in excess of twelve thousand five hundred pounds;

877 [(12)] (13) "Commercial driver's license" or "CDL" means a license
878 issued to an individual in accordance with the provisions of sections

879 14-44a to 14-44m, inclusive, as amended by this act, which authorizes
880 such individual to drive a commercial motor vehicle;

881 [(13)] (14) "Commercial driver's license information system" or
882 "CDLIS" means the national database of holders of commercial driver's
883 licenses established by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety
884 Administration pursuant to Section 12007 of the Commercial Motor
885 Vehicle Safety Act of 1986;

886 [(14)] (15) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a vehicle designed or
887 used to transport passengers or property, except a vehicle used for
888 farming purposes in accordance with 49 CFR 383.3(d), fire fighting
889 apparatus or an emergency vehicle, as defined in section 14-283, or a
890 recreational vehicle in private use, which (A) has a gross vehicle
891 weight rating of twenty-six thousand and one pounds or more, or a
892 gross combination weight rating of twenty-six thousand and one
893 pounds or more, inclusive of a towed unit or units with a gross vehicle
894 weight rating of more than ten thousand pounds; (B) is designed to
895 transport sixteen or more passengers, including the driver, or is
896 designed to transport more than ten passengers, including the driver,
897 and is used to transport students under the age of twenty-one years to
898 and from school; or (C) is transporting hazardous materials and is
899 required to be placarded in accordance with 49 CFR 172, Subpart F, as
900 amended, or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin
901 in 42 CFR Part 73;

902 [(15)] (16) "Commercial registration" means the type of registration
903 required for any motor vehicle designed or used to transport
904 merchandise, freight or persons in connection with any business
905 enterprise, unless a more specific type of registration is authorized and
906 issued by the commissioner for such class of vehicle;

907 [(16)] (17) "Commercial trailer" means a trailer used in the conduct
908 of a business to transport freight, materials or equipment whether or
909 not permanently affixed to the bed of the trailer;

910 [(17)] (18) "Commercial trailer registration" means the type of
911 registration issued to any commercial trailer;

912 [(18)] (19) "Commissioner" includes the Commissioner of Motor
913 Vehicles and any assistant to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles who
914 is designated and authorized by, and who is acting for, the
915 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles under a designation; except that the
916 deputy commissioners of motor vehicles and the Attorney General are
917 deemed, unless the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles otherwise
918 provides, to be designated and authorized by, and acting for, the
919 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles under a designation;

920 [(19)] (20) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in section
921 21a-240 and the federal laws and regulations incorporated in chapter
922 420b;

923 [(20)] (21) "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt, or
924 a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the
925 law in a court of original jurisdiction or an authorized administrative
926 tribunal, an unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to
927 secure the person's appearance in court, the payment of a fine or court
928 cost, or violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of
929 whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended or probated;

930 [(21)] (22) "Dealer" includes any person actively engaged in buying,
931 selling or exchanging motor vehicles or trailers who has an established
932 place of business in this state and who may, incidental to such
933 business, repair motor vehicles or trailers, or cause them to be repaired
934 by persons in his or her employ;

935 [(22)] (23) "Disqualification" means a withdrawal of the privilege to
936 drive a commercial motor vehicle, which occurs as a result of (A) any
937 suspension, revocation, or cancellation by the commissioner of the
938 privilege to operate a motor vehicle; (B) a determination by the Federal
939 Highway Administration, under the rules of practice for motor carrier
940 safety contained in 49 CFR 386, as amended, that a person is no longer

941 qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle under the standards of
942 49 CFR 391, as amended; or (C) the loss of qualification which follows
943 any of the convictions or administrative actions specified in section 14-
944 44k;

945 [(23)] (24) "Drive" means to drive, operate or be in physical control
946 of a motor vehicle, including a motor vehicle being towed by another;

947 [(24)] (25) "Driver" means any person who drives, operates or is in
948 physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, or who is required to
949 hold a commercial driver's license;

950 [(25)] (26) "Driver's license" or "operator's license" means a valid
951 Connecticut motor vehicle operator's license or a license issued by
952 another state or foreign jurisdiction authorizing the holder thereof to
953 operate a motor vehicle on the highways;

954 [(26)] (27) "Employee" means any operator of a commercial motor
955 vehicle, including full-time, regularly employed drivers, casual,
956 intermittent or occasional drivers, drivers under contract and
957 independent owner-operator contractors, who, while in the course of
958 operating a commercial motor vehicle, are either directly employed by,
959 or are under contract to, an employer;

960 [(27)] (28) "Employer" means any person, including the United
961 States, a state or any political subdivision thereof, who owns or leases
962 a commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a person to drive a commercial
963 motor vehicle;

964 [(28)] (29) "Farm implement" means a vehicle designed and adapted
965 exclusively for agricultural, horticultural or livestock-raising
966 operations and which is not operated on a highway for transporting a
967 pay load or for any other commercial purpose;

968 [(29)] (30) "Felony" means any offense as defined in section 53a-25
969 and includes any offense designated as a felony under federal law;

970 [(30)] (31) "Fatality" means the death of a person as a result of a
971 motor vehicle accident;

972 [(31)] (32) "Foreign jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction other than a
973 state of the United States;

974 [(32)] (33) "Fuels" means (A) all products commonly or
975 commercially known or sold as gasoline, including casinghead and
976 absorption or natural gasoline, regardless of their classification or uses,
977 (B) any liquid prepared, advertised, offered for sale or sold for use, or
978 commonly and commercially used, as a fuel in internal combustion
979 engines, which, when subjected to distillation in accordance with the
980 standard method of test for distillation of gasoline, naphtha, kerosene
981 and similar petroleum products by "American Society for Testing
982 Materials Method D-86", shows not less than ten per cent distilled
983 (recovered) below 347° Fahrenheit (175° Centigrade) and not less than
984 ninety-five per cent distilled (recovered) below 464° Fahrenheit (240°
985 Centigrade); provided the term "fuels" shall not include commercial
986 solvents or naphthas which distill, by "American Society for Testing
987 Materials Method D-86", not more than nine per cent at 176°
988 Fahrenheit and which have a distillation range of 150° Fahrenheit, or
989 less, or liquefied gases which would not exist as liquids at a
990 temperature of 60° Fahrenheit and a pressure of 14.7 pounds per
991 square inch absolute, and (C) any liquid commonly referred to as
992 "gasohol" which is prepared, advertised, offered for sale or sold for
993 use, or commonly and commercially used, as a fuel in internal
994 combustion engines, consisting of a blend of gasoline and a minimum
995 of ten per cent by volume of ethyl or methyl alcohol;

996 [(33)] (34) "Garage" includes every place of business where motor
997 vehicles are, for compensation, received for housing, storage or repair;

998 [(34)] (35) "Gross vehicle weight rating" or "GVWR" means the value
999 specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a
1000 single or a combination (articulated) vehicle. The GVWR of a
1001 combination (articulated) vehicle commonly referred to as the "gross

1002 combination weight rating" or GCWR is the GVWR of the power unit
1003 plus the GVWR of the towed unit or units;

1004 [(35)] (36) "Gross weight" means the light weight of a vehicle plus
1005 the weight of any load on the vehicle, provided, in the case of a tractor-
1006 trailer unit, "gross weight" means the light weight of the tractor plus
1007 the light weight of the trailer or semitrailer plus the weight of the load
1008 on the vehicle;

1009 [(36)] (37) "Hazardous materials" has the same meaning as in 49 CFR
1010 383.5;

1011 [(37)] (38) "Head lamp" means a lighting device affixed to the front
1012 of a motor vehicle projecting a high intensity beam which lights the
1013 road in front of the vehicle so that it can proceed safely during the
1014 hours of darkness;

1015 [(38)] (39) "High-mileage vehicle" means a motor vehicle having the
1016 following characteristics: (A) Not less than three wheels in contact with
1017 the ground; (B) a completely enclosed seat on which the driver sits; (C)
1018 a single or two cylinder, gasoline or diesel engine or an electric-
1019 powered engine; and (D) efficient fuel consumption;

1020 [(39)] (40) "Highway" includes any state or other public highway,
1021 road, street, avenue, alley, driveway, parkway or place, under the
1022 control of the state or any political subdivision of the state, dedicated,
1023 appropriated or opened to public travel or other use;

1024 [(40)] (41) "Imminent hazard" means the existence of a condition that
1025 presents a substantial likelihood that death, serious illness, severe
1026 personal injury or a substantial endangerment to health, property, or
1027 the environment may occur before the reasonably foreseeable
1028 completion date of a formal proceeding begun to lessen the risk of that
1029 death, illness, injury or endangerment;

1030 [(41)] (42) "Intersecting highway" includes any public highway
1031 which joins another at an angle whether or not it crosses the other;

1032 [(42)] (43) "Light weight" means the weight of an unloaded motor
1033 vehicle as ordinarily equipped and ready for use, exclusive of the
1034 weight of the operator of the motor vehicle;

1035 [(43)] (44) "Limited access highway" means a state highway so
1036 designated under the provisions of section 13b-27;

1037 [(44)] (45) "Local authorities" includes the board of aldermen,
1038 common council, chief of police, warden and burgesses, board of
1039 selectmen or other officials having authority for the enactment or
1040 enforcement of traffic regulations within their respective towns, cities
1041 or boroughs;

1042 [(45)] (46) "Maintenance vehicle" means any vehicle in use by the
1043 state or by any town, city, borough or district, any state bridge or
1044 parkway authority or any public service company, as defined in
1045 section 16-1, in the maintenance of public highways or bridges and
1046 facilities located within the limits of public highways or bridges;

1047 [(46)] (47) "Manufacturer" means (A) a person, whether a resident or
1048 nonresident, engaged in the business of constructing or assembling
1049 new motor vehicles of a type required to be registered by the
1050 commissioner, for operation upon any highway, except a utility trailer,
1051 which are offered for sale in this state, or (B) a person who distributes
1052 new motor vehicles to new car dealers licensed in this state;

1053 [(47)] (48) "Median divider" means an intervening space or physical
1054 barrier or clearly indicated dividing section separating traffic lanes
1055 provided for vehicles proceeding in opposite directions;

1056 [(48)] (49) "Modified antique motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle
1057 twenty years old or older which has been modified for safe road use,
1058 including, but not limited to, modifications to the drive train,
1059 suspension, braking system and safety or comfort apparatus;

1060 [(49)] (50) "Motor bus" includes any motor vehicle, except a taxicab,
1061 as defined in section 13b-95, operated in whole or in part on any street

1062 or highway in a manner affording a means of transportation by
1063 indiscriminately receiving or discharging passengers, or running on a
1064 regular route or over any portion of a regular route or between fixed
1065 termini;

1066 [(50)] (51) "Motor home" means a vehicular unit designed to provide
1067 living quarters and necessary amenities which are built into an integral
1068 part of, or permanently attached to, a truck or van chassis;

1069 [(51)] (52) "Motor-driven cycle" means any motorcycle, motor
1070 scooter, or bicycle with attached motor with a seat height of not less
1071 than twenty-six inches and a motor that produces five brake
1072 horsepower or less;

1073 [(52)] (53) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle propelled or drawn by
1074 any nonmuscular power, except aircraft, motor boats, road rollers,
1075 baggage trucks used about railroad stations or other mass transit
1076 facilities, electric battery-operated wheel chairs when operated by
1077 physically handicapped persons at speeds not exceeding fifteen miles
1078 per hour, golf carts operated on highways solely for the purpose of
1079 crossing from one part of the golf course to another, golf-cart-type
1080 vehicles operated on roads or highways on the grounds of state
1081 institutions by state employees, agricultural tractors, farm implements,
1082 such vehicles as run only on rails or tracks, self-propelled snow plows,
1083 snow blowers and lawn mowers, when used for the purposes for
1084 which they were designed and operated at speeds not exceeding four
1085 miles per hour, whether or not the operator rides on or walks behind
1086 such equipment, motor-driven cycles as defined in section 14-286,
1087 special mobile equipment as defined in subsection (i) of section 14-165,
1088 mini-motorcycles, as defined in section 14-289j, and any other vehicle
1089 not suitable for operation on a highway;

1090 [(53)] (54) "Motorcycle" means a motor vehicle, with or without a
1091 side car, having not more than three wheels in contact with the ground
1092 and a saddle or seat on which the rider sits or a platform on which the
1093 rider stands, but does not include a motor-driven cycle, as defined in

1094 this section, or a vehicle having or designed to have a completely
1095 enclosed driver's seat and a motor which is not in the enclosed area;

1096 [(54)] (55) "National Driver Registry" or "NDR" means the licensing
1097 information system and database operated by the National Highway
1098 Traffic Safety Administration and established pursuant to the National
1099 Driver Registry Act of 1982, as amended;

1100 [(55)] (56) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle, the equitable
1101 or legal title to which has never been transferred by a manufacturer,
1102 distributor or dealer to an ultimate consumer;

1103 [(56)] (57) "Nonresident" means any person whose legal residence is
1104 in a state other than Connecticut or in a foreign country;

1105 [(57)] (58) "Nonresident commercial driver's license" or "nonresident
1106 CDL" means a commercial driver's license issued by a state to an
1107 individual who resides in a foreign jurisdiction;

1108 [(58)] (59) "Nonskid device" means any device applied to the tires,
1109 wheels, axles or frame of a motor vehicle for the purpose of increasing
1110 the traction of the motor vehicle;

1111 [(59)] (60) "Number plate" means any sign or marker furnished by
1112 the commissioner on which is displayed the registration number
1113 assigned to a motor vehicle by the commissioner;

1114 [(60)] (61) "Officer" includes any constable, state marshal, inspector
1115 of motor vehicles, state policeman or other official authorized to make
1116 arrests or to serve process, provided the officer is in uniform or
1117 displays the officer's badge of office in a conspicuous place when
1118 making an arrest;

1119 [(61)] (62) "Operator" means any person who operates a motor
1120 vehicle or who steers or directs the course of a motor vehicle being
1121 towed by another motor vehicle and includes a driver as defined in
1122 subdivision [(24)] (25) of this section;

1123 [[62]] (63) "Out-of-service order" means an order (A) issued by a
1124 police officer, state policeman, or motor vehicle inspector under the
1125 authority of section 14-8, or by an authorized official of the United
1126 States Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration pursuant to any
1127 provision of federal law, to prohibit a commercial motor vehicle from
1128 being operated on any highway, or to prohibit a driver from operating
1129 a commercial motor vehicle, or (B) issued by the Federal Motor Carrier
1130 Safety Administration, pursuant to any provision of federal law, to
1131 prohibit any motor carrier, as defined in Section 386.2 of Title 49 of the
1132 Code of Federal Regulations, from engaging in commercial motor
1133 vehicle operations;

1134 [[63]] (64) "Owner" means any person holding title to a motor
1135 vehicle, or having the legal right to register the same, including
1136 purchasers under conditional bills of sale;

1137 [[64]] (65) "Parked vehicle" means a motor vehicle in a stationary
1138 position within the limits of a public highway;

1139 [[65]] (66) "Passenger and commercial motor vehicle" means a motor
1140 vehicle used for private passenger and commercial purposes which is
1141 eligible for combination registration;

1142 [[66]] (67) "Passenger motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle used for
1143 the private transportation of persons and their personal belongings,
1144 designed to carry occupants in comfort and safety, with a capacity of
1145 carrying not more than ten passengers including the operator thereof;

1146 [[67]] (68) "Passenger registration" means the type of registration
1147 issued to a passenger motor vehicle unless a more specific type of
1148 registration is authorized and issued by the commissioner for such
1149 class of vehicle;

1150 [[68]] (69) "Person" includes any individual, corporation, limited
1151 liability company, association, copartnership, company, firm, business
1152 trust or other aggregation of individuals but does not include the state

1153 or any political subdivision thereof, unless the context clearly states or
1154 requires;

1155 [(69)] (70) "Pick-up truck" means a motor vehicle with an enclosed
1156 forward passenger compartment and an open rearward compartment
1157 used for the transportation of property;

1158 [(70)] (71) "Pneumatic tires" means tires inflated or inflatable with
1159 air;

1160 [(71)] (72) "Pole trailer" means a trailer which is (A) intended for
1161 transporting long or irregularly shaped loads such as poles, logs, pipes
1162 or structural members, which loads are capable of sustaining
1163 themselves as beams between supporting connections, and (B)
1164 designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle and attached or secured
1165 directly to the motor vehicle by any means including a reach, pole or
1166 boom;

1167 [(72)] (73) "Recreational vehicle" includes the camper, camp trailer
1168 and motor home classes of vehicles;

1169 [(73)] (74) "Registration" includes the certificate of motor vehicle
1170 registration and the number plate or plates used in connection with
1171 such registration;

1172 [(74)] (75) "Registration number" means the identifying number or
1173 letters, or both, assigned by the commissioner to a motor vehicle;

1174 [(75)] (76) "Resident", for the purpose of registering motor vehicles,
1175 includes any person who is a legal resident of this state, as the
1176 commissioner may presume from the fact that such person occupies a
1177 place of dwelling in this state for more than six months in a year, or
1178 any person, firm or corporation owning or leasing a motor vehicle
1179 used or operated in intrastate business in this state, or a firm or
1180 corporation having its principal office or place of business in this state;

1181 [(76)] (77) "School bus" means any school bus, as defined in section

1182 14-275, including a commercial motor vehicle used to transport
1183 preschool, elementary school or secondary school students from home
1184 to school, from school to home, or to and from school-sponsored
1185 events, but does not include a bus used as a common carrier;

1186 [(77)] (78) "Second" violation or "subsequent" violation means an
1187 offense committed not more than three years after the date of an arrest
1188 which resulted in a previous conviction for a violation of the same
1189 statutory provision, except in the case of a violation of section 14-215
1190 or 14-224 or subsection (a) of section 14-227a, "second" violation or
1191 "subsequent" violation means an offense committed not more than ten
1192 years after the date of an arrest which resulted in a previous conviction
1193 for a violation of the same statutory provision;

1194 [(78)] (79) "Semitrailer" means any trailer type vehicle designed and
1195 used in conjunction with a motor vehicle so that some part of its own
1196 weight and load rests on or is carried by another vehicle;

1197 [(79)] (80) "Serious traffic violation" means a conviction of any of the
1198 following offenses: (A) Excessive speeding, involving a single offense
1199 in which the speed is fifteen miles per hour or more above the posted
1200 speed limit, in violation of section 14-218a or 14-219; (B) reckless
1201 driving in violation of section 14-222; (C) following too closely in
1202 violation of section 14-240 or 14-240a; (D) improper or erratic lane
1203 changes, in violation of section 14-236; (E) typing, reading or sending
1204 text or a text message with or from a mobile telephone or mobile
1205 electronic device in violation of subsection (e) of section 14-296aa while
1206 operating a commercial motor vehicle; (F) driving a commercial motor
1207 vehicle without a valid commercial driver's license in violation of
1208 section 14-36u, as amended by this act, or 14-44a; (G) failure to carry a
1209 commercial driver's license in violation of section 14-44a; (H) failure to
1210 have the proper class of license or endorsement, or violation of a
1211 license restriction in violation of section 14-44a; or (I) a violation of any
1212 provision of chapter 248, while operating a commercial motor vehicle,
1213 that results in the death of another person;

1214 [(80)] (81) "Service bus" includes any vehicle except a vanpool
1215 vehicle or a school bus designed and regularly used to carry ten or
1216 more passengers when used in private service for the transportation of
1217 persons without charge to the individual;

1218 [(81)] (82) "Service car" means any motor vehicle used by a
1219 manufacturer, dealer or repairer for emergency motor vehicle repairs
1220 on the highways of this state, for towing or for the transportation of
1221 necessary persons, tools and materials to and from the scene of such
1222 emergency repairs or towing;

1223 [(82)] (83) "Shoulder" means that portion of a highway immediately
1224 adjacent and contiguous to the travel lanes or main traveled portion of
1225 the roadway;

1226 [(83)] (84) "Solid tires" means tires of rubber, or other elastic material
1227 approved by the Commissioner of Transportation, which do not
1228 depend on confined air for the support of the load;

1229 [(84)] (85) "Spot lamp" or "spot light" means a lighting device
1230 projecting a high intensity beam, the direction of which can be readily
1231 controlled for special or emergency lighting as distinguished from
1232 ordinary road illumination;

1233 [(85)] (86) "State" means any state of the United States and the
1234 District of Columbia unless the context indicates a more specific
1235 reference to the state of Connecticut;

1236 [(86)] (87) "Stop" means complete cessation of movement;

1237 [(87)] (88) "Student" means any person under the age of twenty-one
1238 years who is attending a preprimary, primary or secondary school
1239 program of education;

1240 [(88)] (89) "Tail lamp" means a lighting device affixed to the rear of a
1241 motor vehicle showing a red light to the rear and indicating the
1242 presence of the motor vehicle when viewed from behind;

1243 [(89)] (90) "Tank vehicle" means any commercial motor vehicle
1244 designed to transport any liquid or gaseous material within a tank that
1245 is either permanently or temporarily attached to the vehicle or its
1246 chassis which shall include, but not be limited to, a cargo tank and
1247 portable tank, as defined in 49 CFR 383.5, as amended, provided it
1248 shall not include a portable tank with a rated capacity not to exceed
1249 one thousand gallons;

1250 [(90)] (91) "Tractor" or "truck tractor" means a motor vehicle
1251 designed and used for drawing a semitrailer;

1252 [(91)] (92) "Tractor-trailer unit" means a combination of a tractor and
1253 a trailer or a combination of a tractor and a semitrailer;

1254 [(92)] (93) "Trailer" means any rubber-tired vehicle without motive
1255 power drawn or propelled by a motor vehicle;

1256 [(93)] (94) "Truck" means a motor vehicle designed, used or
1257 maintained primarily for the transportation of property;

1258 [(94)] (95) "Ultimate consumer" means, with respect to a motor
1259 vehicle, the first person, other than a dealer, who in good faith
1260 purchases the motor vehicle for purposes other than resale;

1261 [(95)] (96) "United States" means the fifty states and the District of
1262 Columbia;

1263 [(96)] (97) "Used motor vehicle" includes any motor vehicle which
1264 has been previously separately registered by an ultimate consumer;

1265 [(97)] (98) "Utility trailer" means a trailer designed and used to
1266 transport personal property, materials or equipment, whether or not
1267 permanently affixed to the bed of the trailer;

1268 [(98)] (99) "Vanpool vehicle" includes all motor vehicles, the primary
1269 purpose of which is the daily transportation, on a prearranged
1270 nonprofit basis, of individuals between home and work, and which:

1271 (A) If owned by or leased to a person, or to an employee of the person,
1272 or to an employee of a local, state or federal government unit or agency
1273 located in Connecticut, are manufactured and equipped in such
1274 manner as to provide a seating capacity of at least seven but not more
1275 than fifteen individuals, or (B) if owned by or leased to a regional ride-
1276 sharing organization in the state recognized by the Commissioner of
1277 Transportation, are manufactured and equipped in such manner as to
1278 provide a seating capacity of at least six but not more than nineteen
1279 individuals;

1280 [(99)] (100) "Vehicle" includes any device suitable for the
1281 conveyance, drawing or other transportation of persons or property,
1282 whether operated on wheels, runners, a cushion of air or by any other
1283 means. The term does not include devices propelled or drawn by
1284 human power or devices used exclusively on tracks;

1285 [(100)] (101) "Vehicle identification number" or "VIN" means a series
1286 of Arabic numbers and Roman letters that is assigned to each new
1287 motor vehicle that is manufactured within or imported into the United
1288 States, in accordance with the provisions of 49 CFR 565, unless another
1289 sequence of numbers and letters has been assigned to a motor vehicle
1290 by the commissioner, in accordance with the provisions of section 14-
1291 149;

1292 [(101)] (102) "Wrecker" means a vehicle which is registered,
1293 designed, equipped and used for the purposes of towing or
1294 transporting wrecked or disabled motor vehicles for compensation or
1295 for related purposes by a person, firm or corporation licensed in
1296 accordance with the provisions of subpart (D) of part III of this chapter
1297 or a vehicle contracted for the consensual towing or transporting of
1298 one or more motor vehicles to or from a place of sale, purchase,
1299 salvage or repair.

1300 Sec. 29. Section 14-67j of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective*
1301 *July 1, 2012*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	July 1, 2012	14-12(c)
Sec. 2	July 1, 2012	14-20
Sec. 3	October 1, 2012	14-21c(b)
Sec. 4	July 1, 2012	14-41
Sec. 5	July 1, 2012	14-44k(h)
Sec. 6	July 1, 2012	14-50(a)
Sec. 7	October 1, 2012	14-52(b)
Sec. 8	October 1, 2012	14-58(c)
Sec. 9	October 1, 2012	14-66
Sec. 10	October 1, 2012	14-67
Sec. 11	July 1, 2012	14-67i(b)
Sec. 12	July 1, 2012	14-67v
Sec. 13	July 1, 2012	14-67w(a)
Sec. 14	July 1, 2012	14-111g(a)
Sec. 15	July 1, 2012	14-160
Sec. 16	January 1, 2013	14-174(f)
Sec. 17	July 1, 2012	14-175
Sec. 18	January 1, 2013	14-178
Sec. 19	January 1, 2013	14-192(a)
Sec. 20	July 1, 2012	14-227b(k)
Sec. 21	October 1, 2012	15-145a(a)
Sec. 22	October 1, 2012	14-41c
Sec. 23	October 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 24	July 1, 2012	14-67w(c)
Sec. 25	July 1, 2012	14-164
Sec. 26	July 1, 2012	29-1s(a)
Sec. 27	July 1, 2012	14-36a(c)
Sec. 28	July 1, 2012	14-1
Sec. 29	July 1, 2012	Repealer section

Statement of Purpose:

To amend various motor vehicle statutes to expand on-line dealer functions, phase out year of manufacture plates, limit the registration period for experimental test plates, extend the period for people who need second level immigration and citizenship checks, add exceptions to certain towing limitations, repeal licensing requirements for intermediate processors, amend per se statute to include urine

samples, add or increase certain fees, and make certain technical corrections.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]