



**Town of Fairfield** · Registrar of Voters Office  
611 Old Post Road, Fairfield, Connecticut 06824

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Testimony of Matthew Waggoner, Registrar  
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### **Testimony on HB 5024: An Act Concerning Voting Rights**

Dear Co-Chairs Morin and Slossberg, Ranking Members Hwang and McLachlan, and members of the Government Administration and Elections Committee,

My name is Matt Waggoner, Registrar of Voters in Fairfield. We're a town with about 60,000 residents, 35,000 voters, and two universities. I appreciate the chance to share my perspective and research on Election Day registration as proposed in HB 5024.

First, I am a strong supporter of Election Day registration, and I support it primarily for the benefits it would hold for election integrity.

Following guidelines established in both state and federal law, Registrars conduct an annual canvass of our voters to update or remove voters who have changed their address in the prior year. This process concludes in May of each year, and touches from 3% to 5% of our voters. Of course, voters will often change addresses between our canvass and the election, and when they do, one of three things happen.

First, many will register to vote in their new town or apply to change their address within town through one of the mechanisms available to them.

Second, a number of voters realize that, due to forgetfulness or misunderstanding of the law, that they are ineligible to vote despite remaining on the rolls at their former address of residence. The U.S. Census Current Population Survey found that in 2008, 5.5% of registered voters who failed to vote did so because of a problem with their registration being out of date, as well as 3.6% of those who failed to vote in 2010.<sup>1</sup>

Third, some others will return to their familiar polling place, where they remain on the active list until the following year's canvass, presenting their license with their old address, and casting a ballot that in many cases contains offices for which they are no longer eligible to vote. I had the opportunity, following the 2010 election, to examine the canvass lists of several towns to ascertain the number of voters who voted in the wrong district despite having moved prior to the November election. This number was between 0.25% and 0.5% of ballots in those towns.

This number is not just significant considering that Connecticut elections are routinely tied or decided by a small handful of votes, but is also several orders of magnitude more significant than even the wildest assertions of fraudulent activity.

Both the voter who stays away from the polls because their information is out of date and the voter who should vote elsewhere but doesn't understand the importance of voting the correct ballot at the correct place have a distorting effect on our election process, making it fundamentally less representative.

Other states that have Election Day registration have found that 40% to 60% of Election Day registration activity is from voters who are not new registrants, but rather are changing their address in-state from one town or county to another.<sup>2</sup> Election Day registration will help change our civic culture from one that penalizes frequent movers to one that promotes the integrity of our local and district-level results and reduces the impact of voter misunderstanding of our election laws.

<sup>1</sup> Current Population Survey Attachment 13-1, Question 4, November 2008 and November 2010. <http://www.census.gov/aprd/techdoc/cps/cpsnov08.pdf>, <http://www.census.gov/aprd/techdoc/cps/cpsnov10.pdf>

<sup>2</sup> 2008-2011 Election Day Registrations Report from Maine Secretary of State, 7 February 2012.  
Election Day Late Registrations 2006-2010 Report from Montana Secretary of State's Office, as of 13 April 2011.

I also would like to recommend a change to the proposal before the committee. HB 5024 introduces "centralized" Election Day registration, which is held at a single location in each municipality. My hope is that you will consider a polling-place based process, which is in use in eight of the current nine Election Day Registration states. The process outlined in 5024 would have several steps:

- 1) The prospective voter travels to Town Hall or another designated location
- 2) The voter fills out a voter registration card
- 3) While the voter waits, the Registrar's office enters the voter's information into the state voter registration database (also known as "CVRS")
  - 3a) If the voter was previously registered in a different location in Connecticut, the Registrar places a call to the voter's prior town
  - 3b) The Registrar in the prior town calls the Assistant Registrar in the polling place where that voter was previously registered
  - 3c) The Assistant Registrar in that polling place interrupts the Official Checker from checking in voters to ascertain whether the voter in question had voted
  - 3d) The Assistant Registrar would communicate back to their Registrar that the voter had not yet voted
  - 3e) The Registrar in the prior town would call back the Registrar in the new town, and clear the voter to receive a ballot
- 4) The voter is given a ballot, completes it, and returns it
- 5) The next voter is then allowed to come forward to register and vote. Repeat steps 1-5.

This process is complicated, and adds nothing of value to election integrity. Under Connecticut law, a voter becomes registered when we examine and accept their credentials, so it is human judgement – not a computer – that is the basis for our system. Per the Help America Vote Act, we check a driver's license or social security number on the computer only for the mailed-in registrations of new voters, not for existing voters or in-person registrants. Further, the computer entry requirement assumes that there are individuals seeking to fraudulently vote multiple times with sufficient forethought to forge credentials, yet who lack sufficient forethought to make those credentials with a different name or date of birth, and are brazen enough to do all of this in-person rather than through the mail. All of this seems very unlikely relative to the risk of intimidation, disenfranchising strategies, the ability to vote by mail in total anonymity, and of course the more reasonable cost-to-benefit ratio associated with simply convincing others to vote for one's preferred candidates through legitimate and legal means such as volunteering or donating to campaigns.

However, the costs for this system to the orderly process of voting will be tremendous. It will:

- ***force needless travel by voters*** – many, including the undergraduates at both of Fairfield's universities, do not have a vehicle, and will likely have to take several trips after learning that they aren't registered at their neighborhood polling place;
- ***disrupt the duties of four different election officials for each voter transfer*** – the Registrars in two towns, the Assistant Registrar at the polling place, and the Official Checker (who would have to stop checking in the voters in their line to look up the recently-moved voter) will be engaged in the process, with extended investigations required for "John Smith"-type duplicates, junior-senior mixups, and erroneous cross-offs;
- ***extend waiting times for voters in the polling place and for those waiting to register***; and
- ***curtail the ability of Registrars to provide advice and solve problems*** for voters, poll-workers, and political entities on Election Day – a task which generally commands the full attention of the Registrar's office in a normal election.

If this were to happen a handful of times each day, it would be inconvenient, but workable. However, I've prepared a survey which is attached to the written testimony you've received outlining participation rates in the eight states which had EDR in 2008 and 2010. I collected data from 1121 jurisdictions, 96 of them with full-time university populations, and found that on average, 5.6% of all votes cast in a federal non-Presidential year are from voters registering on election day, while 12.9% of all votes in Presidential elections are from election day registrants. If you limit the comparison to New Hampshire and Maine, two New England states with municipally-run elections and comparable in demographics, turnout, population per district, and mobility rates to Connecticut, the averages are 8.7% and 4.4% in presidential and non-presidential years. The share of voters registering or transferring between towns on Election Day increases in larger jurisdictions and in those with an above-average share of full-time college students.

You will also find in my written testimony estimates for each town in Connecticut based on towns of similar size and college student population elsewhere in the country as to the number we should anticipate in Presidential and Gubernatorial years. In Fairfield, that number is 5,043 in a Presidential year, which would require at least 20 additional terminals, personnel, and phone lines for data entry, and would result in an average of 3 calls disrupting the voting in other towns in each *minute* of the 14-hour Election Day.

Again, I favor Election Day registration, but I think it's important to understand what we're talking about in terms of the volume of people who will use it once it has become central to our system, and to impress upon you the extent to which the centrally-based registration proposal before you will crowd out other election administration functions on Election Day.

Fortunately, Registrars already have personnel available at polling places that could handle Election Day registration in a manner similar to other states. Connecticut law requires that we appoint a minimum of two Assistant Registrars for each district to perform voter transfers and restorations. These officials are the only pollworkers required to be registered voters in our towns, as we already delegate certain of our powers as Registrars to them. As our current transfer and restoration process would be largely supplanted by EDR, these officials could be tasked with registering voters who live in their district without disrupting their other duties during the hours of voting.

On average, the volume in each district for a Presidential election would be 275 voters – less than 10 per Assistant Registrar per hour. For most towns, this would represent no extra costs whatsoever. There are a few towns – those with a much larger population per polling place – that would require an increase in polling place workers to manage the additional voters in Presidential years. However, in each of these towns the increase in personnel would be substantially below what would be required with centralized EDR, and I anticipate would be easily offset by the reduction in office hours in the weeks prior to the election. I hope you will consider asking OFA to evaluate the impact of polling place EDR as compared with centralized EDR – it seems to me that a polling-place based policy would represent a modest cost savings compared to current law.

Finally, conducting Election Day registrations at polling places would not compromise the ability of Registrars, SOTS, or SEEC to investigate abuse – other states have policies that set certain ballots aside pending verification or refer returned voter address verification letters to the state's attorney for prosecution, and Connecticut may consider steps such as auditing a small percentage of voter addresses or making copies of documents presented by Election Day registrants. You will find a short survey of EDR security policies in use elsewhere attached to this testimony. Any of these measures would represent a significant increase in security over current policy without compromising the voting experience for our constituents, and could be easily performed by Registrars in the days or weeks following an election.

I'd urge you to carefully consider whether conducting EDR at a central location serves a meaningful purpose relative to the problems it would cause. I think you will find that a polling place process can be combined with the tried-and-tested integrity components in use elsewhere to achieve a system with the best security and voter convenience with a minimum of cost and disruption.

Thank you for your time and attention. I would be glad to answer any questions you may have.

# Summary of Existing Election Day Registration Policies by State

State	EDR Location	Pre-Ballot Data Entry	Contacts Prior District	Security Measures
Idaho <sup>1</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Non-forwardable mailing Proof of identity and residence required for new voters
Iowa <sup>2</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Notice of legal obligations of felons provided to each EDR applicant Proof of residence and identity or "attesting" by registered voter in precinct required Non-forwardable mailing Returned letters submitted to County Attorney and Secretary of State for investigation Voters without ID given provisional ballot
Maine <sup>3</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Proof of residence and identity required for new voters Non-forwardable mailing Mandatory disclosure of previous address Voters without ID have ballots kept separately; may be challenged until end of recounts
Minnesota <sup>4</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Proof of residence and identity or "vouching" by registered voter in precinct required Non-forwardable mailing Registration official must be different than official providing ballot
Montana <sup>5</sup>	County Office	Yes	No	Voters transferring between districts are given provisional ballot
New Hampshire <sup>6</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Place of birth or naturalization location required Driver's license or partial Social Security number required Non-forwardable mailing to voters without ID Returned letters sent to AG for investigation and prosecution Investigation results of returned letters published annually on Secretary's website
Washington, D.C. <sup>7</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	All EDR ballots are provisional Ballots are returned to office and counted after election
Wisconsin <sup>8</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Proof of residence or "corroborator" statement by resident with required for new voters No provisionals available to those without proof of residence or "corroborator" Non-forwardable mailing Post-election audit Observers may challenge new voters EDR applicants checked against "ineligible voter list"
Wyoming <sup>9</sup>	Polling Place	No	No	Voters without ID are given provisional ballot; must furnish ID by day following election Duplicate investigation at time of data entry

**Sources:**

- <sup>1</sup> <http://www.sos.idaho.gov/ELECT/Law/Election%20Laws.pdf>
- <sup>2</sup> <http://sos.iowa.gov/elections/pdf/pec/Guide.pdf>
- <sup>3</sup> <http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/21-A/title21-A-ch3sec0.html>
- <sup>4</sup> <http://www.sos.state.mn.us/Modules/ShowDocument.aspx?documentid=5060>
- <sup>5</sup> Interview with Alan Miller, Elections Specialist at MT Secretary of State office
- <sup>6</sup> <http://nhvotes.sos.nh.gov/course/category.php?id=1>
- <sup>7</sup> [http://www.dboee.org/faq/election\\_day.asp](http://www.dboee.org/faq/election_day.asp)
- <sup>8</sup> <http://elections.state.wi.us/docview.asp?docid=6010&docid=47>
- <sup>9</sup> <http://legisweb.state.wy.us/statutes/statutes.aspx?file=titles/Title22/T22CFH3.htm>

# Summary of Existing Election Day Registration Participation by State and Jurisdiction Size

Jurisdiction Size	Voters (2008)	# Districts	Voters per District	2008 Votes	2008 EDR	2008 EDR %	2010 Votes	2010 EDR	2010 EDR %
Extra Large >150,000 voters	3,478,248	2,155	1,614	2,866,118	487,320	17.00%	2,088,222	159,640	7.64%
Large 30,000 to 150,000 voters	4,512,348	3,336	1,353	3,591,647	462,235	12.87%	2,545,620	147,152	5.78%
Medium 5,000 to 30,000 voters	3,800,700	4,957	767	3,055,670	326,599	10.69%	2,236,111	89,589	4.01%
Small <5,000 voters	1,090,858	1,422	767	835,093	62,301	7.46%	632,980	22,044	3.48%

State	Enacted in Year	Voters (2008)	# Districts	Voters per District	2008 Votes	2008 EDR	2008 EDR %	2010 Votes	2010 EDR	2010 EDR %
Idaho	1994	790,622	922	858	667,499	116,655	17.48%	457,748	41,609	9.09%
Iowa	2007	2,124,742	1,774	1,198	1,546,453	45,929	2.97%	1,133,495	16,516	1.46%
Maine	1973	1,065,064	562	1,895	744,456	49,846	6.70%	580,584	22,201	3.82%
Minnesota	1974	3,087,082	4,135	747	2,920,214	541,876	18.56%	2,123,369	71,980	3.39%
Montana	2005	632,996	793	798	497,599	7,419	1.49%	367,096	3,735	1.02%
New Hampshire	1996	945,341	314	3,011	719,403	76,755	10.67%	461,423	23,512	5.10%
Wisconsin	1971	4,023,961	2,911	1,382	2,996,869	459,549	15.33%	2,188,396	229,930	10.51%
Wyoming	1994	212,346	459	463	256,035	40,426	15.79%	190,822	8,942	4.69%

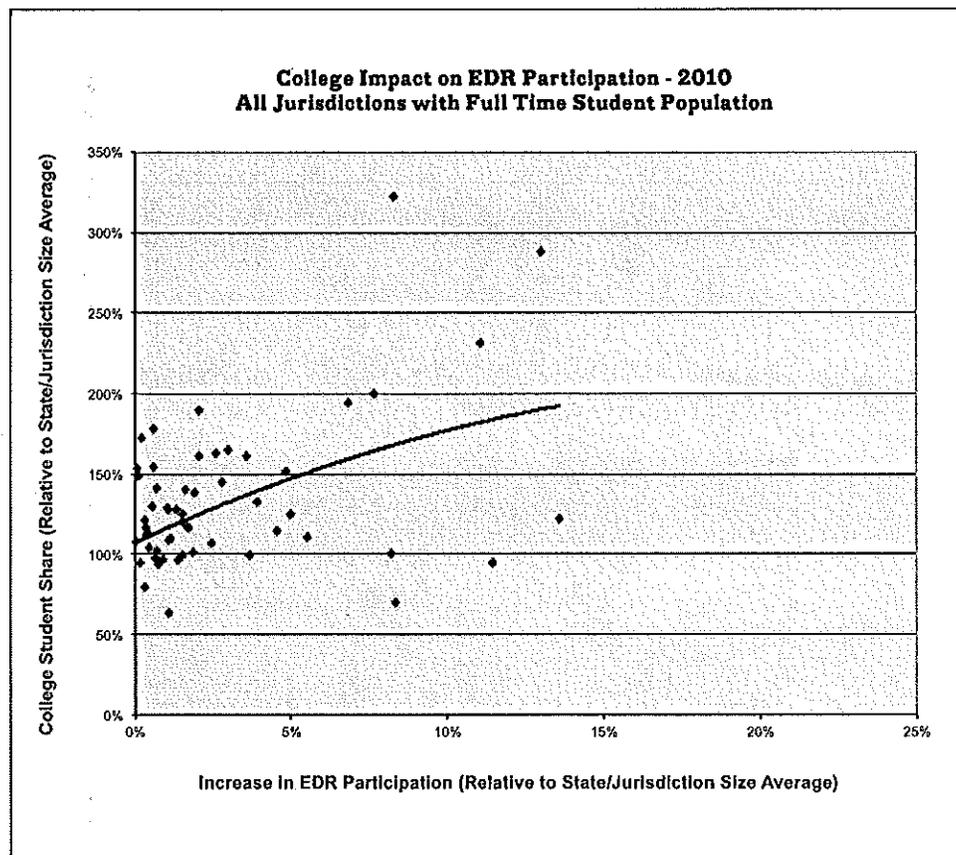
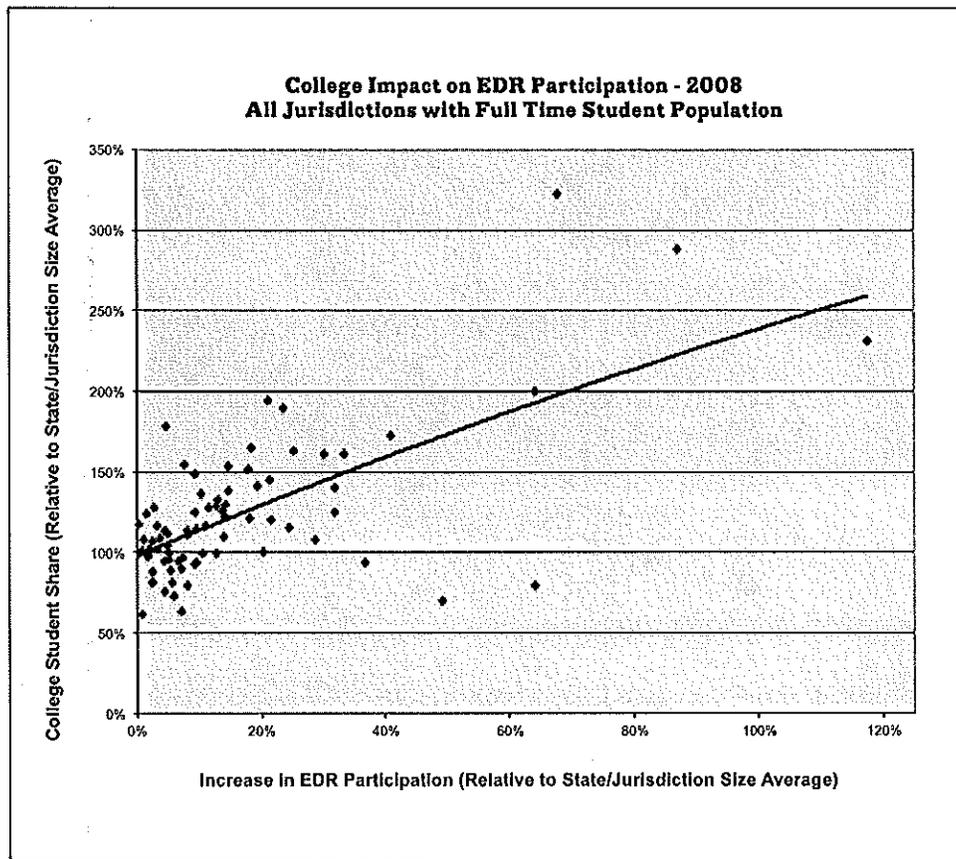
	Voters (2008)	# Districts	Voters per District	2008 Votes	2008 EDR	2008 EDR %	2010 Votes	2010 EDR	2010 EDR %
Total (All EDR States)	12,882,154	11,870	1,085	10,348,528	1,338,455	12.93%	7,502,933	418,425	5.58%
New Hampshire and Maine Only	2,010,405	876	2,295	1,463,859	126,601	8.65%	1,042,007	45,713	4.39%

Note: Washington D.C. is not included, as their EDR policy began in 2010, and the DC Board of Elections and Ethics has not made EDR participation data available. New Hampshire and Maine totals are provided separately for comparison purposes, as their election system (municipally-administered, large polling place populations), homeowner and renter mobility rates, and total voter population are similar to that of Connecticut. Connecticut, however, is demographically unique in comparison to existing EDR states, especially with regard to our state's substantially higher levels of racial and ethnic diversity.

## Detail of Existing Election Day Registration Participation by State and Jurisdiction Size

<b>Idaho</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	40,559	105	386	34,697	4,121	11.88%	25,337	1,901	7.50%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	257,734	396	651	215,525	33,429	15.51%	149,805	11,262	7.52%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	276,972	279	993	235,621	40,826	17.33%	160,431	13,339	8.31%
Total - Extra Large Jurisdictions	215,357	142	1,517	181,656	38,279	21.07%	122,175	15,107	12.37%
<b>Iowa</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	24,672	43	574	17,696	385	2.18%	14,218	141	0.99%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	962,838	1,004	959	684,752	17,862	2.61%	513,680	6,126	1.19%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	866,833	544	1,593	628,254	21,427	3.41%	443,442	8,054	1.82%
Total - Extra Large Jurisdictions	270,399	183	1,478	215,751	6,255	2.90%	162,155	2,195	1.35%
<b>Maine</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	535,670	454	1,180	382,247	24,190	6.33%	305,069	9,728	3.19%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	469,489	92	5,103	325,148	22,372	6.88%	248,548	10,724	4.31%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	59,905	16	3,744	37,061	3,284	8.86%	26,967	1,749	6.49%
<b>Minnesota</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	43,310	318	136	40,218	4,586	11.40%	32,322	1,152	3.56%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	739,349	2,030	364	693,446	115,287	16.63%	524,889	18,308	3.49%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	889,074	919	967	834,404	157,931	18.93%	608,104	22,255	3.66%
Total - Extra Large Jurisdictions	1,415,349	868	1,631	1,352,146	264,072	19.53%	958,054	30,265	3.16%
<b>Montana</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	64,451	186	347	53,410	668	1.25%	44,034	403	0.92%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	190,078	333	571	151,678	2,366	1.56%	116,669	1,010	0.87%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	378,467	274	1,381	292,511	4,385	1.50%	206,393	2,322	1.13%
<b>New Hampshire</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	335,793	194	1,731	261,374	22,738	8.70%	175,763	7,030	4.00%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	458,925	89	5,156	345,007	37,225	10.79%	215,562	11,304	5.24%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	150,623	31	4,859	113,022	16,792	14.86%	70,098	5,178	7.39%
<b>Wisconsin</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	15,013	30	500	11,675	1,393	11.93%	7,609	437	5.74%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	574,946	677	849	459,661	67,370	14.66%	334,912	24,290	7.25%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	1,856,859	1,242	1,495	1,408,968	212,072	15.05%	1,000,037	93,130	9.31%
Total - Extra Large Jurisdictions	1,577,143	962	1,639	1,116,565	178,714	16.01%	845,838	112,073	13.25%
<b>Wyoming</b>	Voters	# Polling Places	Voters/ District	Votes 2008	EDR in 2008	2008 EDR %	Votes 2010	EDR in 2010	2010 EDR %
Total - Small Jurisdictions	31,390	92	341	33,776	4,220	12.49%	28,628	1,252	4.37%
Total - Medium Jurisdictions	147,341	336	439	180,453	30,688	17.01%	132,046	6,565	4.97%
Total - Large Jurisdictions	33,615	31	1,084	41,806	5,518	13.20%	30,148	1,125	3.73%

# Summary of College Population Impact on EDR Participation Rates



# Estimates of Connecticut EDR Participation in Federal Elections

Town	Size	Districts (2010) <sup>1</sup>	Voters / District	Full-time Students <sup>2</sup>	2008 Voting <sup>3</sup>	2010 Voting <sup>4</sup>	ALL EDR STATES ESTIMATE			NH/ME ONLY ESTIMATE				
							Pres. Year EDR Total	Pres. Year EDR Per District	Gov. Year EDR Total	Gov. Year EDR Per District	Pres. Year EDR Total	Pres. Year EDR Per District	Gov. Year EDR Total	Gov. Year EDR Per District
Andover	S	1	2,231		1,733	1,448	127	127	51	51	124	124	51	51
Ansonia	M	9	1,117		7,568	5,116	792	88	207	23	659	73	245	27
Ashford	S	1	2,885		2,301	1,766	168	168	62	62	164	164	62	62
Avon	M	3	4,075		10,768	8,528	1,127	376	344	115	938	313	408	136
Barkhamsted	S	2	1,324		2,248	1,664	164	82	58	29	161	80	58	29
Beacon Falls	S	1	3,774		3,138	2,354	229	229	83	83	224	224	83	83
Berlin	M	5	2,665		11,262	8,667	1,179	236	350	70	981	196	414	83
Bethany	S	1	3,950		3,357	2,613	245	245	92	92	240	240	92	92
Bethel	M	5	2,291		9,531	6,818	998	200	275	55	830	166	326	65
Bethlehem	S	1	2,822		2,304	1,819	168	168	64	64	165	165	64	64
Bloomfield	M	6	2,508		12,364	8,990	1,294	216	363	60	1,077	179	430	72
Bolton	S	1	3,608		3,070	2,393	224	224	84	84	219	219	84	84
Borah	S	1	1,748		1,392	1,037	102	102	36	36	99	99	36	36
Branford	M	7	2,769		15,028	11,175	1,573	225	451	64	1,309	187	534	76
Bridgeport	L	25	2,798	3,216	41,244	23,158	5,199	208	1349	54	5,404	216	1,665	67
Bridgewater	S	1	1,884		1,199	940	88	88	33	33	86	86	33	33
Bristol	L	10	3,472		28,214	17,930	3,557	356	1,044	104	3,697	370	1,289	129
Brookfield	M	2	5,277		9,260	6,640	969	485	268	134	807	403	318	159
Brooklyn	S	1	4,827		3,674	2,632	268	268	92	92	262	262	92	92
Burlington	M	1	6,152		5,160	4,038	540	540	163	163	449	449	193	193
Canaan	S	1	773		635	463	46	46	16	16	45	45	16	16
Canterbury	S	1	3,444		2,720	2,056	199	199	72	72	194	194	72	72
Canton	M	1	7,022		5,923	4,706	620	620	190	190	516	516	225	225

Sources:  
<sup>1</sup> District and precinct counts from November 2010 Statewide CVRS Export  
<sup>2</sup> US Department of Education Full-Time Student count data, 2008.  
<http://ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter/Ranking.aspx>

<sup>3</sup> Connecticut Secretary of the State, 2008 Statement of Vote  
<sup>4</sup> Connecticut Secretary of the State, 2010 Statement of Vote

Town	Size	Districts (2010)	Voters / District	Full-time Students	2008 Voting	2010 Voting	ALL EDR STATES ESTIMATE			NH/ME ONLY ESTIMATE				
							Pres. Year EDR Total	Pres. Year EDR Per District	Gov. Year EDR Total	Gov. Year EDR Per District	Pres. Year EDR Total	Pres. Year EDR Per District	Gov. Year EDR Total	Gov. Year EDR Per District
Chaplin	S	1	1,375		1,116	860	82	82	30	30	80	80	30	30
Cheshire	M	7	2,639		13,849	12,053	1450	207	487	70	1206	172	576	82
Chester	S	1	2,652		2,262	1,687	165	165	59	59	162	162	59	59
Clinton	M	1	9,370		7,288	5,208	763	763	210	210	635	635	249	249
Colchester	M	3	3,301		8,117	6,009	850	283	243	81	707	236	287	96
Colebrook	S	1	1,131		906	706	66	66	25	25	65	65	25	25
Columbia	S	1	3,646		3,223	2,515	236	236	88	88	230	230	88	88
Cornwall	S	1	1,091		969	765	71	71	27	27	69	69	27	27
Coventry	M	2	4,069		6,686	4,979	700	350	201	100	582	291	238	119
Cromwell	M	1	9,417		7,582	5,746	794	794	232	232	660	660	275	275
Danbury	L	16	2,161	4,704	27,009	19,347	3895	243	1357	85	4048	253	1675	105
Darien	M	6	2,106		11,039	8,304	1156	193	335	56	962	160	397	66
Deep River	S	1	3,251		2,693	2,005	197	197	70	70	192	192	70	70
Derby	M	2	3,467		5,365	3,482	562	281	141	70	467	234	167	83
Durham	M	2	2,516		4,194	3,485	439	220	141	70	365	183	167	83
East Granby	S	2	1,733		2,986	2,242	218	109	79	39	213	107	79	39
East Haddam	M	1	5,765		4,942	3,770	517	517	152	152	430	430	180	180
East Hampton	M	1	8,518		6,898	5,724	722	722	231	231	601	601	274	274
East Hartford	M	7	3,922		20,357	12,265	2131	304	495	71	1773	253	587	84
East Haven	M	7	2,300		12,488	8,547	1307	187	345	49	1088	155	409	58
East Lyme	M	3	3,967		8,721	7545	913	304	305	102	760	253	361	120
East Windsor	M	2	3,792		4,966	3,855	520	260	156	78	433	216	184	92
Eastford	S	1	1,152		982	793	72	72	28	28	70	70	28	28
Easton	M	1	5,389		4,511	3,366	472	472	136	136	393	393	161	161
Ellington	M	2	4,758		7,739	5,769	810	405	233	116	674	337	276	138

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							Pres. Year EDR Total	Per District	Gov. Year EDR Total	Per District	Pres. Year EDR Total	Per District	Gov. Year EDR Total	Per District
Enfield	M	6	4,467		19,593	13,617	2051	342	550	92	1707	284	651	109
Essex	S	1	4,692		4,140	3,417	303	303	120	120	296	296	120	120
Fairfield	L	13	2,864	7,778	31,745	22,474	5043	388	1789	138	5242	403	2209	170
Farmington	M	6	2,883		14,073	11,064	1473	246	447	74	1226	204	529	88
Franklin	S	1	1,285		1,070	826	78	78	29	29	76	76	29	29
Glastonbury	M	6	3,877		19,845	14,294	2078	346	577	96	1729	288	684	114
Goshen	S	1	2,146		1,800	1,485	132	132	52	52	129	129	52	52
Granby	M	2	3,672		6,450	5,118	675	338	207	103	562	281	245	122
Greenwich	L	21	1,697		30,374	22,132	3829	182	1289	61	3980	190	1591	76
Griswold	M	2	3,439		5,074	3,619	531	266	146	73	442	221	173	87
Croton	M	8	2,560	556	15,028	10,109	1573	197	408	51	1309	164	483	60
Guilford	M	5	3,181		13,367	10,384	1399	280	419	84	1164	233	497	99
Haddam	M	3	1,940		4,760	3,743	498	166	151	50	415	138	179	60
Hamden	L	11	3,200	6,623	28,423	20,080	4397	400	1545	140	4571	416	1907	173
Hampton	S	1	1,278		1,106	866	81	81	30	30	79	79	30	30
Hartford	L	23	2,209	2,216	35,351	18,685	4456	194	1088	47	4632	201	1344	58
Hartland	S	1	1,582		1,263	970	92	92	34	34	90	90	34	34
Harwinton	S	2	1,994		3,346	2,639	245	122	93	46	239	119	93	46
Hebron	M	1	6,390		5,301	4,139	555	555	167	167	462	462	198	198
Kent	S	1	2,044		1,789	1,384	131	131	49	49	128	128	49	49
Killingly	M	8	1,164		6,634	4,312	695	87	174	22	578	72	206	26
Killingworth	S	1	4,632		3,914	3,039	286	286	107	107	280	280	107	107
Lebanon	S	1	4,765		3,914	2,956	286	286	104	104	280	280	104	104
Ledyard	M	2	4,644		7,775	5,295	814	407	214	107	677	339	253	127
Lisbon	S	1	2,702		2,248	1,646	164	164	58	58	161	161	58	58

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Litchfield	M	4	1,588		5,072	3,842	531	133	155	39	442	110	184	46
Lyme	S	1	1,841		1,585	1,227	116	116	43	43	113	113	43	43
Madison	M	2	6,783		10,963	8,602	1,148	574	347	174	955	477	411	206
Manchester	L	10	3,295		24,676	17,827	3,111	311	1,038	104	3,233	323	1,282	128
Mansfield	M	3	4,350	20,456	10,392	5,776	3,286	1,095	834	278	2,734	911	988	329
Marlborough	S	1	4,364		3,658	2,891	267	267	101	101	261	261	102	102
Meriden	L	17	1,984		23,750	15,718	2,994	176	915	54	3,112	183	1,130	66
Middlebury	M	1	5,130		4,526	3,521	474	474	142	142	394	394	168	168
Middlefield	S	1	3,167		2,647	2,130	193	193	75	75	189	189	75	75
Middletown	M	14	1,838	2,928	21,565	14,467	2,502	179	673	48	2,081	149	798	57
Milford	L	14	2,404		27,387	18,615	3,452	247	1,084	77	3,588	256	1,339	96
Monroe	M	4	3,298		11,150	7,869	1,167	292	318	79	971	243	376	94
Monville	M	6	1,665		8,147	5,878	853	142	287	40	710	118	281	47
Morris	S	1	1,688		1,392	1,129	102	102	40	40	99	99	40	40
Naugatuck	M	10	1,798		13,435	8,753	1,407	141	353	35	1,170	117	419	42
New Britain	L	17	1,990	8,422	22,778	13,860	3,799	223	1,174	69	3,949	232	1,450	85
New Canaan	M	3	4,276		11,176	8,217	1,170	390	332	111	974	325	393	131
New Fairfield	M	2	4,698		6,930	5,366	726	363	217	108	604	302	257	128
New Hartford	S	2	2,261		4,285	3,237	313	157	114	57	306	153	114	57
New Haven	L	35	1,880	22,380	43,435	27,200	8,015	229	2,613	75	8,331	238	3,225	92
New London	M	3	4,037	2,587	9,059	4,892	1,202	401	272	91	1,000	333	322	107
New Milford	M	7	2,569		13,811	9,117	1,446	207	368	53	1,203	172	436	62
Newington	M	8	2,398		14,500	11,714	1,518	190	473	59	1,263	158	560	70
Newtown	M	4	4,292		15,275	11,170	1,599	400	451	113	1,331	333	534	134
Norfolk	S	1	1,176		887	792	65	65	28	28	63	63	28	28

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North Branford	M	2	4,567		7,508	5,366	786	393	217	108	654	327	257	128
North Canaan	S	1	1,982		1,543	1,042	113	113	37	37	110	110	37	37
North Haven	M	5	3,265		13,535	10,422	1417	283	421	84	1179	236	498	100
North Storington	S	1	3,687		2,967	2,129	217	217	75	75	212	212	75	75
Norwalk	L	14	3,573		37,549	24,452	4733	338	1424	102	4920	351	1758	126
Norwich	M	10	2,025		14,022	9,054	1468	147	366	37	1221	122	433	43
Old Lyme	M	1	6,077	87	4,840	3,785	507	507	153	153	422	422	181	181
Old Saybrook	M	2	3,772		6,306	4,947	660	330	200	100	549	275	237	118
Orange	M	2	5,146		8,432	6,501	883	441	262	131	734	367	311	155
Oxford	M	1	8,403		6,889	5,150	721	721	208	208	600	600	246	246
Plainfield	M	5	1,830		6,095	4,125	638	128	167	33	531	106	197	39
Plainville	M	4	2,634		8,163	6,261	855	214	253	63	711	178	299	75
Plymouth	M	2	3,886		5,670	3,905	594	297	158	79	494	247	187	93
Pomfret	S	1	2,682		2,245	1,726	164	164	61	61	160	160	61	61
Portland	M	1	6,298		5,170	3,894	541	541	157	157	450	450	186	186
Preston	S	1	3,717		2,735	1,857	200	200	65	65	195	195	65	65
Prospect	M	2	3,065		5,222	4,056	547	273	164	82	455	227	194	97
Purnam	M	2	2,629		3,752	2,506	393	196	101	51	327	163	120	60
Redding	M	2	3,404		5,628	4,224	589	295	171	85	490	245	202	101
Ridgefield	M	3	5,573		14,448	10,510	1513	504	424	141	1259	420	503	168
Rocky Hill	M	3	3,943		10,147	7,374	1062	354	298	99	884	295	353	118
Roxbury	S	1	1,761		1,520	1,211	111	111	42	42	109	109	43	43
Salem	S	1	2,749		2,250	1,697	164	164	60	60	161	161	60	60
Salisbury	S	1	2,967		2,364	1,789	173	173	63	63	169	169	63	63
Scotland	S	1	1,159		934	705	68	68	25	25	67	67	25	25

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Seymour	M	3	3,438		7,869	5,606	824	275	226	75	685	228	268	89
Sharon	S	1	1,919		1,567	1,234	115	115	43	43	112	112	43	43
Shelton	M	6	4,229		20,484	14,613	2145	357	590	98	1784	297	699	116
Sherman	S	1	2,683		2,181	1,672	159	159	59	59	156	156	59	59
Simsbury	M	4	4,148		14,662	11,206	1535	384	452	113	1277	319	536	134
Somers	M	2	3,122		4,644	3,872	486	243	156	78	405	202	185	93
South Windsor	M	5	3,298		14,224	10,901	1489	298	440	88	1239	248	521	104
Southbury	M	12	1,215		10,468	8,919	1096	91	360	30	912	76	427	36
Southington	M	5	5,710		22,669	16,726	2373	475	675	135	1975	395	800	160
Sprague	S	1	1,778		1,492	1,188	109	109	42	42	107	107	42	42
Stafford	M	3	2,664		6,227	4,495	652	217	181	60	542	181	215	72
Stamford	L	23	2,582	848	48,493	32,831	6113	266	1912	83	6354	276	2361	103
Sterling	S	1	2,037		1,523	1,049	111	111	37	37	109	109	37	37
Stonington	M	5	2,575		10,839	7,667	1135	227	310	62	944	189	367	73
Stratford	L	13	2,474		24,497	16,993	3088	238	990	76	3210	247	1222	94
Suffield	M	1	8,630		7,507	5,573	786	786	225	225	654	654	267	267
Thomaston	S	1	4,936		4,069	3,006	297	297	105	105	291	291	106	106
Thompson	M	4	1,379		4,508	2,992	472	118	121	30	393	98	143	36
Tolland	M	2	5,015		8,514	6,532	891	446	264	132	742	371	312	156
Torrington	M	8	2,482		16,218	11,602	1698	212	468	59	1413	177	555	69
Trumbull	M	10	2,481		19,874	14,661	2081	208	592	59	1731	173	701	70
Union	S	1	610		536	443	39	39	16	16	38	38	16	16
Vernon	M	6	2,765		14,048	9,721	1471	245	392	65	1224	204	465	77
Voluntown	S	1	1,616		1,279	907	93	93	32	32	91	91	32	32
Wallingford	M	9	2,933		22,548	16,001	2361	262	646	72	1964	218	765	85

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Warren	S	1	985		846	652	62	62	23	23	60	60	23	23
Washington	S	1	2,378		2,226	1,670	163	163	59	59	159	159	59	59
Waterbury	L	23	2,468	2,985	36,116	22,067	4589	200	1300	1300	4770	207	1605	70
Waterford	M	4	3,335		10,892	7,839	1140	285	316	316	949	237	375	94
Watertown	M	4	3,666		11,503	8,412	1204	301	340	340	1002	250	402	101
West Hartford	L	20	2,025	6,404	34,157	26,015	5078	254	1900	1900	5278	264	2345	117
West Haven	L	12	2,670	4,047	22,123	13,860	3147	262	954	954	3270	273	1178	98
Westbrook	S	2	2,262		3,771	2,902	276	138	102	102	269	135	102	51
Weston	M	2	3,193		5,800	4,247	607	304	171	171	505	253	203	102
Westport	M	6	3,068		15,838	11,492	1658	276	464	464	1380	230	550	92
Wethersfield	M	10	1,785		14,847	11,076	1554	155	447	447	1293	129	530	53
Wilmington	S	1	3,763		3,124	2,314	228	228	81	81	223	223	81	81
Wilton	M	3	3,999		10,448	7,716	1094	365	311	311	910	303	369	123
Winchester	M	1	7,136		5,086	3,668	532	532	148	148	443	443	175	175
Windham	M	2	6,953	4,189	8,818	5,409	1296	648	342	342	1079	539	405	203
Windsor	M	7	2,903		16,517	11,822	1729	247	477	477	1439	206	565	81
Windsor Locks	M	2	3,978		6,166	4,383	646	323	177	177	537	269	210	105
Wolcott	M	3	3,640		8,499	6,509	890	297	263	263	740	247	311	104
Woodbridge	M	1	6,450		5,482	4,225	574	574	171	171	478	478	202	202
Woodbury	M	2	3,444		5,466	4,531	572	286	183	183	476	238	217	108
Woodstock	M	1	5,193		4,374	3,278	458	458	132	132	381	381	157	157