AN ACT CONCERNING THE STATE’S CONSOLIDATED PLAN FOR HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 8-37t of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011):

(a) Not later than January 1, 2000, and every five years thereafter, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development together with the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, shall prepare a long-range state housing plan, which shall conform and be subject to the plan of conservation and development for the state adopted by the General Assembly. The plan shall: (1) Contain an assessment of the housing needs of households with incomes less than one hundred per cent of the average area median income, adjusted for family size, analyzed separately for households with incomes (A) less than twenty-five per cent of the area median income, (B) more than twenty-five per cent but not more than fifty per cent of the area median income, (C) more than fifty per cent but not more than eighty per cent of the area median income, and (D) more than eighty per cent but not more than one hundred per cent of the area median income; (2)
analyze the households served by the housing construction, substantial
rehabilitation, purchase and rental assistance programs, including the
number of households served by each program, the total amount of
financial assistance provided to such households and the race of
households served under such programs; (3) provide information on
affirmative fair housing marketing activities and programs and an
analysis of occupancy results of affirmative fair housing marketing
plans and shall include data on the racial composition of the occupants
and persons on the waiting list of each housing project which is
assisted under any housing program established by the general
statutes or special act or which is supervised by the commissioner or
the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority; (4) set specific measurable
goals for meeting identified housing needs; (5) outline strategies for
meeting those goals; and (6) identify state, federal and private sector
resources for affordable housing programs. The provisions of this
section shall not be construed to require an occupant or applicant to
disclose the race of such occupant or applicant on an application or
survey form. The long-range plan shall be updated annually by an
action plan that assesses the state’s progress toward meeting housing
needs contained in the long-range plan and recommends revised
strategies, if deemed necessary. In preparing the long-range plan and
subsequent action plans, the commissioner shall consult with
representatives of those who use or benefit from state housing
programs.

(b) The Department of Economic and Community Development
shall submit the long-range housing plan to the General Assembly not
later than January 1, 2000, and each action plan not later than January
first of each subsequent year, after receiving public review and
comment on the long-range plan and each action plan through written
remarks and public hearings. The commencement date of each plan
shall be the July first following the submission of the plan.]

The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, in
consultation with the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, shall
prepare the state's consolidated plan for housing and community
development in accordance with 24 CFR Part 91, as amended from
time to time.

Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 8-2 of the general statutes is repealed
and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1,
2011):

(a) The zoning commission of each city, town or borough is
authorized to regulate, within the limits of such municipality, the
height, number of stories and size of buildings and other structures;
the percentage of the area of the lot that may be occupied; the size of
yards, courts and other open spaces; the density of population and the
location and use of buildings, structures and land for trade, industry,
residence or other purposes, including water-dependent uses, as
defined in section 22a-93, and the height, size and location of
advertising signs and billboards. Such bulk regulations may allow for
cluster development, as defined in section 8-18. Such zoning
commission may divide the municipality into districts of such number,
shape and area as may be best suited to carry out the purposes of this
chapter; and, within such districts, it may regulate the erection,
construction, reconstruction, alteration or use of buildings or
structures and the use of land. All such regulations shall be uniform
for each class or kind of buildings, structures or use of land throughout
each district, but the regulations in one district may differ from those
in another district, and may provide that certain classes or kinds of
buildings, structures or uses of land are permitted only after obtaining
a special permit or special exception from a zoning commission,
planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission or
zoning board of appeals, whichever commission or board the
regulations may, notwithstanding any special act to the contrary,
designate, subject to standards set forth in the regulations and to
conditions necessary to protect the public health, safety, convenience
and property values. Such regulations shall be made in accordance
with a comprehensive plan and in adopting such regulations the
commission shall consider the plan of conservation and development prepared under section 8-23, as amended by this act. Such regulations shall be designed to lessen congestion in the streets; to secure safety from fire, panic, flood and other dangers; to promote health and the general welfare; to provide adequate light and air; to prevent the overcrowding of land; to avoid undue concentration of population and to facilitate the adequate provision for transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks and other public requirements. Such regulations shall be made with reasonable consideration as to the character of the district and its peculiar suitability for particular uses and with a view to conserving the value of buildings and encouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout such municipality. Such regulations may, to the extent consistent with soil types, terrain, infrastructure capacity and the plan of conservation and development for the community, provide for cluster development, as defined in section 8-18, in residential zones. Such regulations shall also encourage the development of housing opportunities, including opportunities for multifamily dwellings, consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity, for all residents of the municipality and the planning region in which the municipality is located, as designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management under section 16a-4a. Such regulations shall also promote housing choice and economic diversity in housing, including housing for both low and moderate income households, and shall encourage the development of housing which will meet the housing needs identified in the state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t, as amended by this act, and in the housing component and the other components of the state plan of conservation and development prepared pursuant to section 16a-26. Zoning regulations shall be made with reasonable consideration for their impact on agriculture. Zoning regulations may be made with reasonable consideration for the protection of historic factors and shall be made with reasonable consideration for the protection of existing and potential public surface and ground
drinking water supplies. On and after July 1, 1985, the regulations shall provide that proper provision be made for soil erosion and sediment control pursuant to section 22a-329. Such regulations may also encourage energy-efficient patterns of development, the use of solar and other renewable forms of energy, and energy conservation. The regulations may also provide for incentives for developers who use passive solar energy techniques, as defined in subsection (b) of section 8-25, in planning a residential subdivision development. The incentives may include, but not be limited to, cluster development, higher density development and performance standards for roads, sidewalks and underground facilities in the subdivision. Such regulations may provide for a municipal system for the creation of development rights and the permanent transfer of such development rights, which may include a system for the variance of density limits in connection with any such transfer. Such regulations may also provide for notice requirements in addition to those required by this chapter.

Such regulations may provide for conditions on operations to collect spring water or well water, as defined in section 21a-150, including the time, place and manner of such operations. No such regulations shall prohibit the operation of any family day care home or group day care home in a residential zone. No such regulations shall prohibit the use of receptacles for the storage of items designated for recycling in accordance with section 22a-241b or require that such receptacles comply with provisions for bulk or lot area, or similar provisions, except provisions for side yards, rear yards and front yards. No such regulations shall unreasonably restrict access to or the size of such receptacles for businesses, given the nature of the business and the volume of items designated for recycling in accordance with section 22a-241b, that such business produces in its normal course of business, provided nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit such regulations from requiring the screening or buffering of such receptacles for aesthetic reasons. Such regulations shall not impose conditions and requirements on manufactured homes having as their narrowest dimension twenty-two feet or more and built in accordance
with federal manufactured home construction and safety standards or
on lots containing such manufactured homes which are substantially
different from conditions and requirements imposed on single-family
dwellings and lots containing single-family dwellings. Such
regulations shall not impose conditions and requirements on
developments to be occupied by manufactured homes having as their
narrowest dimension twenty-two feet or more and built in accordance
with federal manufactured home construction and safety standards
which are substantially different from conditions and requirements
imposed on multifamily dwellings, lots containing multifamily
dwellings, cluster developments or planned unit developments. Such
regulations shall not prohibit the continuance of any nonconforming
use, building or structure existing at the time of the adoption of such
regulations. Such regulations shall not provide for the termination of
any nonconforming use solely as a result of nonuse for a specified
period of time without regard to the intent of the property owner to
maintain that use. Any city, town or borough which adopts the
provisions of this chapter may, by vote of its legislative body, exempt
municipal property from the regulations prescribed by the zoning
commission of such city, town or borough; but unless it is so voted
municipal property shall be subject to such regulations.

Sec. 3. Subsection (e) of section 8-23 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
October 1, 2011):

(e) (1) Such plan of conservation and development shall (A) be a
statement of policies, goals and standards for the physical and
economic development of the municipality, (B) provide for a system of
principal thoroughfares, parkways, bridges, streets, sidewalks,
multipurpose trails and other public ways as appropriate, (C) be
designed to promote, with the greatest efficiency and economy, the
coordinated development of the municipality and the general welfare
and prosperity of its people and identify areas where it is feasible and
prudent (i) to have compact, transit accessible, pedestrian-oriented
mixed use development patterns and land reuse, and (ii) to promote such development patterns and land reuse, (D) recommend the most desirable use of land within the municipality for residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, conservation and other purposes and include a map showing such proposed land uses, (E) recommend the most desirable density of population in the several parts of the municipality, (F) note any inconsistencies with the following growth management principles: (i) Redevelopment and revitalization of commercial centers and areas of mixed land uses with existing or planned physical infrastructure; (ii) expansion of housing opportunities and design choices to accommodate a variety of household types and needs; (iii) concentration of development around transportation nodes and along major transportation corridors to support the viability of transportation options and land reuse; (iv) conservation and restoration of the natural environment, cultural and historical resources and existing farmlands; (v) protection of environmental assets critical to public health and safety; and (vi) integration of planning across all levels of government to address issues on a local, regional and state-wide basis, (G) make provision for the development of housing opportunities, including opportunities for multifamily dwellings, consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity, for all residents of the municipality and the planning region in which the municipality is located, as designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management under section 16a-4a, (H) promote housing choice and economic diversity in housing, including housing for both low and moderate income households, and encourage the development of housing which will meet the housing needs identified in the [housing plan] state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t, as amended by this act, and in the housing component and the other components of the state plan of conservation and development prepared pursuant to chapter 297. In preparing such plan the commission shall consider focusing development and revitalization in areas with existing or planned physical infrastructure.
For any municipality that is contiguous to Long Island Sound, such plan shall be (A) consistent with the municipal coastal program requirements of sections 22a-101 to 22a-104, inclusive, (B) made with reasonable consideration for restoration and protection of the ecosystem and habitat of Long Island Sound, and (C) designed to reduce hypoxia, pathogens, toxic contaminants and floatable debris in Long Island Sound.

Sec. 4. Subsection (c) of section 8-37u of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011):

(c) In order to facilitate such coordination, the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority shall submit annually to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development a projected twelve-month operating plan. Said plan shall be prepared in a manner so as to be consistent with the [five-year plan referred to in] state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t, as amended by this act, as such plan is then in effect. Said plan shall include such matters as the authority determines are necessary and shall include, but not be limited to, production targets under each multifamily program of the authority, including targets for rental housing production for both elderly and nonelderly families in a proportion consistent with housing needs estimated pursuant to [section 8-37t] the state's consolidated plan for housing and community development; proposed new and expanded programs; proposed outreach activities to help serve areas of the state or segments of the population whose housing needs have been particularly underserved, and estimated level of subsidy needed to support the proposed level of production. The first such plan shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development prior to January 1, 1981, and subsequent plans on each twelve-month anniversary thereof.

Sec. 5. Subsection (d) of section 8-206 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011):

(d) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development is authorized to do all things necessary to apply for, qualify for and accept any federal funds made available or allotted under any federal act for any activities which may be pertinent to the purposes of this chapter and chapters 128, 129, 130, 135 and 136 and said commissioner shall administer any such funds allotted to the department in accordance with federal law. The commissioner may enter into contracts with the federal government concerning the use and repayment of such funds under any such federal act, the prosecution of the work under any such contract and the establishment of and disbursement from a separate account in which federal and state funds estimated to be required for plan preparation or other eligible activities under such federal act shall be kept. Said account shall not be a part of the General Fund of the state or any subdivision of the state. Unless otherwise required by federal law or regulation, any federal housing assistance funding made available at the state level shall be allocated in accordance with the state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 8-37t, as amended by this act. Such allocation shall, to the maximum extent possible, reflect the types and distribution of housing needs in all parts of the state and the resources required by the department, the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority or other appropriate agencies to meet those needs.

Sec. 6. Subsection (c) of section 22a-1b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011):

(c) Each state department, institution or agency responsible for the primary recommendation or initiation of actions which may significantly affect the environment shall in the case of each such proposed action make a detailed written evaluation of its
environmental impact before deciding whether to undertake or approve such action. All such environmental impact evaluations shall be detailed statements setting forth the following: (1) A description of the proposed action which shall include, but not be limited to, a description of the purpose and need of the proposed action, and, in the case of a proposed facility, a description of the infrastructure needs of such facility, including, but not limited to, parking, water supply, wastewater treatment and the square footage of the facility; (2) the environmental consequences of the proposed action, including cumulative, direct and indirect effects which might result during and subsequent to the proposed action; (3) any adverse environmental effects which cannot be avoided and irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources should the proposal be implemented; (4) alternatives to the proposed action, including the alternative of not proceeding with the proposed action and, in the case of a proposed facility, a list of all the sites controlled by or reasonably available to the sponsoring agency that would meet the stated purpose of such facility; (5) an evaluation of the proposed action's consistency and each alternative's consistency with the state plan of conservation and development, an evaluation of each alternative including, to the extent practicable, whether it avoids, minimizes or mitigates environmental impacts, and, where appropriate, a description of detailed mitigation measures proposed to minimize environmental impacts, including, but not limited to, where appropriate, a site plan; (6) an analysis of the short term and long term economic, social and environmental costs and benefits of the proposed action; (7) the effect of the proposed action on the use and conservation of energy resources; and (8) a description of the effects of the proposed action on sacred sites or archaeological sites of state or national importance. In the case of an action which affects existing housing, the evaluation shall also contain a detailed statement analyzing (A) housing consequences of the proposed action, including direct and indirect effects which might result during and subsequent to the proposed action by income group as defined in section 8-37aa and by race, and (B) the consistency of the
Sec. 7. Subdivision (4) of section 25-231 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011):

(4) "Major state plan" means any of the following: The master transportation plan adopted pursuant to section 13b-15, the plan for development of outdoor recreation adopted pursuant to section 22a-21, the solid waste management plan adopted pursuant to section 22a-211, the state-wide plan for the management of water resources adopted pursuant to section 22a-352, the state-wide environmental plan adopted pursuant to section 22a-8, the historic preservation plan adopted under the National Historic Preservation Act, 16 USC 470 et seq., the state-wide facility and capital plan adopted pursuant to section 4b-23, the long-range state housing plan adopted\state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t, as amended by this act, the water quality management plan adopted under the federal Clean Water Act, 33 USC 1251 et seq., any plans for managing forest resources adopted pursuant to section 23-20 and the Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Compact adopted pursuant to section 26-302;

Sec. 8. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 32-1o of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011):

(1) Ensure that the plan is consistent with (A) the text and locational guide map of the state plan of conservation and development adopted pursuant to chapter 297, (B) the [long-range state housing plan adopted] state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t, as amended by this
act, and (C) the transportation strategy adopted pursuant to section 13b-57g;

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

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<td>8-37t</td>
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<tr>
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**Statement of Purpose:**
To eliminate duplicative reporting requirements by replacing all references to the long-range state housing plan with references to the state's consolidated plan for housing and community development.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]