



General Assembly

February Session, 2010

Raised Bill No. 421

LCO No. 2036

02036_____GAE

Referred to Committee on Government Administration and Elections

Introduced by:
(GAE)

AN ACT CONCERNING ELECTIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subdivision (25) of section 9-601 of the general statutes is
2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
3 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

4 (25) "Organization expenditure" means an expenditure by a party
5 committee, legislative caucus committee or legislative leadership
6 committee for the benefit of a candidate or candidate committee for the
7 office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State
8 Comptroller, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, state Senator or
9 state representative:

10 (A) The preparation, display or mailing or other distribution of a
11 party candidate listing. As used in this subparagraph, "party candidate
12 listing" means any communication that meets the following criteria: (i)
13 The communication lists the name or names of candidates for election
14 to public office, (ii) the communication is distributed through public
15 advertising such as broadcast stations, cable television, newspapers or

16 similar media, or through direct mail, telephone, electronic mail,
17 publicly accessible sites on the Internet or personal delivery, (iii) the
18 treatment of all candidates in the communication is substantially
19 similar, and (iv) the content of the communication is limited to (I) for
20 each such candidate, identifying information, including photographs,
21 the office sought, the office currently held by the candidate, if any, the
22 party enrollment of the candidate, a brief statement concerning the
23 candidate's positions, philosophy, goals, accomplishments or
24 biography and the positions, philosophy, goals or accomplishments of
25 the candidate's party, (II) encouragement to vote for each such
26 candidate, and (III) information concerning voting, including voting
27 hours and locations;

28 (B) A document in printed or electronic form, including a party
29 platform, a copy of an issue paper, information pertaining to the
30 requirements of this title, a list of registered voters and voter
31 identification information, which document is created or maintained
32 by a party committee, legislative caucus committee or legislative
33 leadership committee for the general purposes of party or caucus
34 building and is provided (i) to a candidate who is a member of the
35 party that has established such party committee, or (ii) to a candidate
36 who is a member of the party of the caucus or leader who has
37 established such legislative caucus committee or legislative leadership
38 committee, whichever is applicable;

39 (C) A campaign event at which a candidate or candidates are
40 present;

41 (D) The retention of the services of an advisor to provide assistance
42 relating to campaign organization, financing, accounting, strategy, law
43 or media; or

44 (E) The use of offices, telephones, computers and similar equipment,
45 [which does not result in additional cost to the party committee,
46 legislative caucus committee or legislative leadership committee.]

47 Sec. 2. Section 9-601 of the general statutes is amended by adding
48 subdivisions (28) and (29) as follows (*Effective from passage and*
49 *applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

50 (NEW) (28) "Slate committee" means a political committee formed
51 by two or more candidates for nomination or election to any municipal
52 office in the same town, city or borough, or in a primary for the office
53 of justice of the peace or the position of town committee member
54 whenever such political committee will serve as the sole funding
55 vehicle for the candidates' campaigns.

56 (NEW) (29) "Commission" means the State Elections Enforcement
57 Commission.

58 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 9-601a of the general statutes is
59 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
60 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

61 (b) As used in this chapter and sections 9-700 to 9-716, inclusive,
62 "contribution" does not mean:

63 (1) A loan of money made in the ordinary course of business by a
64 national or state bank;

65 (2) Any communication made by a corporation, organization or
66 association to its members, owners, stockholders, executive or
67 administrative personnel, or their families;

68 (3) Nonpartisan voter registration and get-out-the-vote campaigns
69 by any corporation, organization or association aimed at its members,
70 owners, stockholders, executive or administrative personnel, or their
71 families;

72 (4) Uncompensated services provided by individuals volunteering
73 their time on behalf of a party committee, political committee, slate
74 committee or candidate committee, including participating and
75 nonparticipating candidates and any unreimbursed payment for travel

76 expenses within the state made by an individual who, on the
77 individual's own behalf, volunteers the individual's personal services
78 to any single candidate;

79 (5) The use of real or personal property, and the cost of invitations,
80 food or beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual to a
81 candidate, including participating and nonparticipating candidates
82 under the Citizens' Election Program, or on behalf of [a state central or
83 town committee] any single party or slate committee, in rendering
84 voluntary personal services for candidate or party-related activities at
85 the individual's [residence] residential premises or community room in
86 the individual's residential facility, to the extent that the cumulative
87 value of the invitations, food or beverages provided for any single
88 event by [the] an individual on behalf of any single candidate does not
89 exceed [two] four hundred dollars with respect to any single election,
90 and does not exceed eight hundred dollars for any single event when
91 such event is hosted by two or more individuals of the same
92 residential premises or on behalf of [all state central and town
93 committees] any single party or slate committee, provided the
94 cumulative value of the invitations, food or beverages provided by an
95 individual on behalf of any single candidate with respect to any single
96 election, and on behalf of any single party or slate committee does not
97 exceed [four] eight hundred dollars in any calendar year or single
98 election, as the case may be;

99 (6) The sale of food or beverage for use in a candidate's campaign or
100 for use by a [state central or town] party or slate committee at a
101 discount, if the charge is not less than the cost to the vendor, to the
102 extent that the cumulative value of the discount given to or on behalf
103 of any single candidate does not exceed two hundred dollars with
104 respect to any single election, and on behalf of all [state central and
105 town committees] any party or slate committee does not exceed four
106 hundred dollars in a calendar year or single election, as the case may
107 be;

108 (7) [Any unreimbursed payment for travel expenses made by an
109 individual who on the individual's own behalf volunteers the
110 individual's personal services to any single candidate to the extent the
111 cumulative value does not exceed two hundred dollars with respect to
112 any single election, and on behalf of all state central or town
113 committees does not exceed four hundred dollars in a calendar year]
114 The donation of food or beverage by an individual for consumption at
115 a slate or party committee meeting or event that is not a fundraising
116 affair to the extent that the cumulative value of the food or beverage
117 donated by an individual for a single meeting or event does not exceed
118 fifty dollars;

119 (8) The payment, by a party committee [, political committee or an
120 individual,] or slate committee of the costs of preparation, display,
121 mailing or other distribution incurred by the committee or individual
122 with respect to any printed slate card, sample ballot or other printed
123 list containing the names of three or more candidates;

124 (9) The donation of any item of personal property by an individual
125 to a committee for a fund-raising affair, including a tag sale or auction,
126 or the purchase by an individual of any such item at such an affair, to
127 the extent that the cumulative value donated or purchased does not
128 exceed fifty dollars;

129 (10) (A) The purchase of advertising space which clearly identifies
130 the purchaser, in a program for a fund-raising affair sponsored by the
131 candidate committee of a candidate for an office of a municipality,
132 provided the cumulative purchase of such space does not exceed two
133 hundred fifty dollars from any single such candidate or the candidate's
134 committee with respect to any single election campaign if the
135 purchaser is a business entity or fifty dollars for purchases by any
136 other person;

137 (B) The purchase of advertising space which clearly identifies the
138 purchaser, in a program for a fund-raising affair or on signs at a fund-
139 raising affair sponsored by a town committee, provided the

140 cumulative purchase of such space does not exceed two hundred fifty
141 dollars from any single town committee in any calendar year if the
142 purchaser is a business entity or fifty dollars for purchases by any
143 other person. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph,
144 the following may not purchase advertising space in a program for a
145 fund-raising affair or on signs at a fund-raising affair sponsored by a
146 town committee: (i) A communicator lobbyist, (ii) a member of the
147 immediate family of a communicator lobbyist, (iii) a state contractor,
148 (iv) a prospective state contractor, or (v) a principal of a state
149 contractor or prospective state contractor. As used in this
150 subparagraph, "state contractor", "prospective state contractor" and
151 "principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor" have the
152 same meanings as provided in subsection (g) of section 9-612;

153 (11) The payment of money by a candidate to the candidate's
154 candidate committee;

155 (12) The donation of goods or services by a business entity to a
156 committee for a fund-raising affair, including a tag sale or auction, to
157 the extent that the cumulative value donated does not exceed one
158 hundred dollars;

159 (13) The advance of a security deposit by an individual to a
160 telephone company, as defined in section 16-1, for telecommunications
161 service for a committee, provided the security deposit is refunded to
162 the individual;

163 (14) The provision of facilities, equipment, technical and managerial
164 support, and broadcast time by a community antenna television
165 company, as defined in section 16-1, for community access
166 programming pursuant to section 16-331a, unless (A) the major
167 purpose of providing such facilities, equipment, support and time is to
168 influence the nomination or election of a candidate, or (B) such
169 facilities, equipment, support and time are provided on behalf of a
170 political party;

171 (15) The sale of food or beverage by a town committee to an
172 individual at a town fair, county fair or similar mass gathering held
173 within the state, to the extent that the cumulative payment made by
174 any one individual for such items does not exceed fifty dollars; [or]

175 (16) An organization expenditure by a party committee, legislative
176 caucus committee or legislative leadership committee; or

177 (17) The value associated with the following de minimis campaign
178 activities on behalf of a party committee, political committee, slate
179 committee or candidate committee, including for the benefit of
180 participating and nonparticipating candidates under the Citizens'
181 Election Program: (A) The sending of electronic mail or messages from
182 an individual's personal computer or cellular telephone when
183 compensation is not remitted to such individual for the sending of
184 such electronic mail or messages, (B) the posting or display of a
185 candidate or group of candidates' names at a town fair by a party
186 committee, or (C) the use of personal property or a service that is
187 customarily attendant to the occupancy of a residential dwelling, or
188 the donation of an item or items of personal property that are
189 customarily used for campaign purposes, by an individual, to a
190 candidate committee, provided the cumulative fair market value of
191 such item or items of personal property does not exceed fifty dollars in
192 the aggregate for any single election or calendar year, as the case may
193 be.

194 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 9-603 of the general statutes is
195 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
196 *passage*):

197 (a) Statements filed by party committees, political committees
198 formed to aid or promote the success or defeat of a referendum
199 question proposing a constitutional convention, constitutional
200 amendment or revision of the Constitution [, individual lobbyists,] and
201 those political committees and candidate committees formed to aid or
202 promote the success or defeat of any candidate for the office of

203 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer,
204 State Comptroller, Attorney General, judge of probate and members of
205 the General Assembly, shall be filed with the State Elections
206 Enforcement Commission. [A copy of each statement filed by a town
207 committee shall be filed at the same time with the town clerk of the
208 municipality in which the committee is situated.] A political committee
209 formed for a slate of candidates in a primary for the office of justice of
210 the peace shall file statements with [both the State Elections
211 Enforcement Commission and] the town clerk of the municipality in
212 which the primary is to be held.

213 Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 9-606 of the general statutes is
214 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
215 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

216 (b) A contribution in the form of a check drawn on a joint bank
217 account shall, for the purpose of allocation, be deemed to be a
218 contribution made by the individual who signed the check. If a check
219 is signed by more than one individual, the total amount of the check
220 shall be divided equally among the cosigners for the purpose of
221 allocation, except such contribution shall be allocated in accordance
222 with the provisions of any written statement from the holders of such
223 joint bank account that indicates how such contribution should be
224 allocated. If a committee receives an anonymous contribution, [of more
225 than fifteen dollars] the campaign treasurer shall immediately remit
226 the contribution to the [State Treasurer] State Elections Enforcement
227 Commission for deposit in the General Fund. [The State Treasurer
228 shall deposit the contribution in the General Fund.]

229 Sec. 6. Section 9-607 of the general statutes is amended by adding
230 subsection (n) as follows (*Effective from passage and applicable to primaries*
231 *and elections held on and after said date*):

232 (NEW) (n) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 9-601, as
233 amended by this act, 9-601a, as amended by this act, and 9-718, any
234 paid committee worker may volunteer his or her services to a

235 candidate committee, including participating and nonparticipating
236 candidates under the Citizens' Election Program, provided such
237 committee worker executes an affidavit indicating the number of
238 unpaid, volunteer hours that such committee worker provides to such
239 candidate committee. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
240 permit a business to make a contribution. Such committee worker shall
241 give such affidavit to the campaign treasurer who shall concomitantly
242 file such affidavit with the State Elections Enforcement Commission
243 when such treasurer files any requisite report under section 9-608, as
244 amended by this act.

245 Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 9-608 of the general statutes is
246 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
247 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

248 (a) (1) Each campaign treasurer of a committee [, other than a state
249 central committee,] shall file a statement, sworn under penalty of false
250 statement with the proper authority in accordance with the provisions
251 of section 9-603, as amended by this act, (A) on the tenth calendar day
252 in the months of January, April, July and October, provided, if such
253 tenth calendar day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the
254 statement shall be filed on the next business day, (B) on the seventh
255 day preceding each regular state election, except that (i) in the case of a
256 candidate or exploratory committee established for an office to be
257 elected at a municipal election, the statement shall be filed on the
258 seventh day preceding a regular municipal election in lieu of such
259 date, [and] (ii) in the case of a town committee, the statement shall be
260 filed on the seventh day preceding each municipal election in addition
261 to such date, and (iii) in the case of a candidate committee in a state
262 election that is required to file any supplemental campaign finance
263 statements pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of
264 section 9-712, as amended by this act, such supplemental campaign
265 finance statement shall satisfy the filing requirements of this
266 subparagraph, and (C) if the committee has made or received a
267 contribution or expenditure in connection with any other election, a

268 primary or a referendum, on the seventh day preceding the election,
269 primary or referendum, provided in the case of a candidate committee
270 in a primary that is required to file any supplemental campaign
271 finance statement pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a)
272 of section 9-712, as amended by this act, such supplemental campaign
273 finance statements shall satisfy the filing requirements of this
274 subparagraph. The [statement] statements required pursuant to this
275 subdivision shall be complete as of midnight of the last day of the
276 month preceding the month in which the statement is required to be
277 filed, except that for the statement required to be filed on the seventh
278 day preceding the election, primary or referendum, the statement shall
279 be complete as of [seven days] midnight of the second day
280 immediately preceding the required filing day. The statement shall
281 cover a period to begin with the first day not included in the last filed
282 statement. In the case of a candidate committee, the statement required
283 to be filed in January shall be in lieu of the statement formerly required
284 to be filed within forty-five days following an election.

285 (2) Each campaign treasurer of a candidate committee, within thirty
286 days following any primary, and each campaign treasurer of a political
287 committee formed for a single primary, election or referendum, within
288 forty-five days after any election or referendum not held in November,
289 shall file statements in the same manner as is required of them under
290 subdivision (1) of this subsection. If the campaign treasurer of a
291 candidate committee established by a candidate, who is unsuccessful
292 in the primary or has terminated his candidacy prior to the primary,
293 distributes all surplus funds within thirty days following the
294 scheduled primary and discloses the distribution on the postprimary
295 statement, such campaign treasurer shall not be required to file any
296 subsequent statement unless the committee has a deficit, in which case
297 he shall file any required statements in accordance with the provisions
298 of subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of this section.

299 [(3) In the case of state central committees, (A) on the tenth calendar
300 day in the months of January, April and July, provided, if such tenth

301 calendar day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, on the next
302 business day, and (B) on the twelfth day preceding any election, the
303 campaign treasurer of each such committee shall file with the proper
304 authority, a statement, sworn under penalty of false statement,
305 complete as of the last day of the month immediately preceding the
306 month in which such statement is to be filed in the case of statements
307 required to be filed in January, April and July, and complete as of the
308 nineteenth day preceding an election, in the case of the statement
309 required to be filed on the twelfth day preceding an election, and in
310 each case covering a period to begin with the first day not included in
311 the last filed statement.]

312 Sec. 8. Subsections (c) to (e), inclusive, of section 9-608 of the general
313 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
314 (*Effective from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and*
315 *after said date*):

316 (c) (1) Each statement filed under subsection (a), (e) or (f) of this
317 section shall include, but not be limited to: (A) An itemized accounting
318 of each contribution, if any, including the full name and complete
319 address of each contributor, [and] the amount of the contribution and
320 the date indicated on any contribution made in the form of a check; (B)
321 [in the case of anonymous contributions, the total amount received and
322 the denomination of the bills; (C)] an itemized accounting of each
323 expenditure, if any, including the full name and complete address of
324 each payee, including secondary payees whenever the primary or
325 principal payee is known to include charges which the primary payee
326 has already paid or will pay directly to another person, vendor or
327 entity, the amount and the purpose of the expenditure, the candidate
328 supported or opposed by the expenditure, whether the expenditure is
329 made independently of the candidate supported or is an in-kind
330 contribution to the candidate, and a statement of the balance on hand
331 or deficit, as the case may be; [(D)] (C) an itemized accounting of each
332 expense incurred but not paid, provided if the expense is incurred by
333 use of a credit card, the accounting shall include secondary payees,

334 and the amount owed to each such payee; [(E)] (D) the name and
335 address of any person who is the guarantor of a loan to, or the cosigner
336 of a note with, the candidate on whose behalf the committee was
337 formed, or the campaign treasurer in the case of a party committee or a
338 political committee or who has advanced a security deposit to a
339 telephone company, as defined in section 16-1, for telecommunications
340 service for a committee; [(F)] (E) for each business entity or person
341 purchasing advertising space in a program for a fund-raising affair or
342 on signs of a fund-raising affair, the name and address of the business
343 entity or the name and address of the person, and the amount and
344 aggregate amounts of such purchases; [(G)] (F) for each individual
345 who contributes in excess of one hundred dollars but not more than
346 one thousand dollars, in the aggregate, to the extent known, the
347 principal occupation of such individual and the name of the
348 individual's employer, if any; [(H)] (G) for each individual who
349 contributes in excess of one thousand dollars in the aggregate, the
350 principal occupation of such individual, the name of the individual's
351 employer, if any; [(I)] (H) for each itemized contribution made by a
352 lobbyist, the spouse of a lobbyist or any dependent child of a lobbyist
353 who resides in the lobbyist's household, a statement to that effect; and
354 [(J)] (I) for each individual who contributes in excess of four hundred
355 dollars in the aggregate to or for the benefit of any candidate's
356 campaign for nomination at a primary or election to the office of chief
357 executive officer or a slate or town committee financing the
358 nomination or election or a candidate for chief executive officer of a
359 town, city or borough, a statement indicating whether the individual
360 or a business with which he is associated has a contract with said
361 municipality that is valued at more than five thousand dollars. Each
362 campaign treasurer shall include in such statement (i) an itemized
363 accounting of the receipts and expenditures relative to any testimonial
364 affair held under the provisions of section 9-609 or any other fund-
365 raising affair, which is referred to in subsection (b) of section 9-601a, as
366 amended by this act, and (ii) the date, location and a description of the
367 affair, except that a campaign treasurer shall not be required to include

368 the name of any individual who has purchased items at a fund-raising
369 affair, if the cumulative value of items purchased by such individual
370 does not exceed fifty dollars or the name of any individual who
371 donated food or beverage for a meeting. Any campaign treasurer shall
372 not be required to report any receipts or expenditures related to any de
373 minimis donations described in subdivision (17) of subsection (b) of
374 section 9-601a, as amended by this act.

375 (2) Each contributor described in subparagraph [(G), (H), (I) or (J)]
376 (F), (G), (H) or (I) of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall, at the time
377 the contributor makes such a contribution, provide the information
378 which the campaign treasurer is required to include under said
379 subparagraph in the statement filed under subsection (a), (e) or (f) of
380 this section. Notwithstanding any provision of subdivision (2) of
381 section 9-7b, any contributor described in subparagraph [(G)] (F) of
382 subdivision (1) of this subsection who does not provide such
383 information at the time the contributor makes such a contribution and
384 any treasurer shall not be subject to the provisions of subdivision (2) of
385 section 9-7b. If a campaign treasurer receives a contribution from an
386 individual which separately, or in the aggregate, is in excess of one
387 thousand dollars and the contributor has not provided the information
388 required by said subparagraph [(H)] (G) or if a campaign treasurer
389 receives a contribution from an individual to or for the benefit of any
390 candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election to the
391 office of chief executive officer of a town, city or borough, which
392 separately, or in the aggregate, is in excess of four hundred dollars and
393 the contributor has not provided the information required by said
394 subparagraph [(J)] (I), the campaign treasurer: (i) Within three business
395 days after receiving the contribution, shall send a request for such
396 information to the contributor by certified mail, return receipt
397 requested; (ii) shall not deposit the contribution until the campaign
398 treasurer obtains such information from the contributor,
399 notwithstanding the provisions of section 9-606, as amended by this
400 act; and (iii) shall return the contribution to the contributor if the
401 contributor does not provide the required information within fourteen

402 days after the treasurer's written request or the end of the reporting
403 period in which the contribution was received, whichever is later. Any
404 failure of a contributor to provide the information which the campaign
405 treasurer is required to include under said subparagraph [(G) or (I)] (F)
406 or (H), which results in noncompliance by the campaign treasurer with
407 the provisions of said subparagraph [(G) or (I)] (E), shall be a complete
408 defense to any action against the campaign treasurer for failure to
409 disclose such information.

410 (3) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (2) of this
411 subsection, each contributor who makes a contribution to a candidate
412 or exploratory committee for Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
413 Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State, State
414 Treasurer, state senator or state representative, any political committee
415 established or controlled by such candidates or authorized to make
416 contributions to such candidates or committees, and any party
417 committee that separately, or in the aggregate, exceeds fifty dollars
418 shall provide with the contribution: [a certification that the contributor
419 is not a principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor, as
420 defined in subsection (g) of section 9-612, nor a communicator lobbyist
421 or a member of the immediate family of a communicator lobbyist and
422 shall provide the name of the employer of the contributor] (A) The
423 name of the contributor's employer, (B) whether the contributor is a
424 "communicator lobbyist", as defined in section 1-91, or an immediate
425 family member of a communicator lobbyist, (C) whether the
426 contributor is a "state contractor" or "principal of a state contractor or
427 prospective state contractor", as such terms are defined in section 9-
428 612, and (D) a certification that the contributor is not prohibited from
429 making a contribution to such candidate or committee pursuant to
430 subsection (g) of section 9-610 and subsection (g) of section 9-612. The
431 State Elections Enforcement Commission shall prepare a sample form
432 for such certification by the contributor and shall make it available to
433 campaign treasurers and contributors. Such sample form shall include
434 an explanation of the contribution prohibitions and exceptions
435 contained in subsections (g) and (i) of section 9-610 and subsection (g)

436 of section 9-612 in addition to an explanation of the terms
437 "communicator lobbyist", [and] "principal of a state contractor or
438 principal of a prospective state contractor", "immediate family member
439 of a communicator lobbyist", "state contractor" and "prospective state
440 contractor". The information on such sample form shall be included in
441 any written solicitation conducted by any such committee. If a
442 campaign treasurer receives such a contribution and the contributor
443 has not provided such certification, the campaign treasurer shall: [(A)]
444 (i) Not later than three business days after receiving the contribution,
445 send a request for the certification to the contributor by certified mail,
446 return receipt requested; [(B)] (ii) not deposit the contribution until the
447 campaign treasurer obtains the certification from the contributor,
448 notwithstanding the provisions of section 9-606, as amended by this
449 act; and [(C)] (iii) return the contribution to the contributor if the
450 contributor does not provide the certification not later than fourteen
451 days after the treasurer's written request or at the end of the reporting
452 period in which the contribution was received, whichever is later. No
453 treasurer shall be required to obtain and keep more than one
454 certification from each contributor, unless information certified to by
455 the contributor, other than the amount contributed changes. If a
456 campaign treasurer deposits a contribution based on a certification that
457 is later determined to be false, the treasurer shall [not be in violation of
458 this subdivision] have a complete defense to any action against such
459 campaign treasurer for the receipt of such contribution. Such defense
460 shall not be available to a campaign treasurer who knew or had reason
461 to know that the certification was false prior to depositing such
462 contribution.

463 (4) Contributions from a single individual to a campaign treasurer
464 in the aggregate totaling fifty dollars or less need not be individually
465 identified in the statement, but a sum representing the total amount of
466 all such contributions made by all such individuals during the period
467 to be covered by such statement shall be a separate entry, identified
468 only by the words "total contributions from small contributors".

469 (5) Each statement filed by the campaign treasurer of a party
470 committee, a legislative caucus committee or a legislative leadership
471 committee shall include an itemized accounting of each organization
472 expenditure made by the committee. Concomitant with the filing of
473 any such statement containing an accounting of an organization
474 expenditure made by the committee for the benefit of [a participating]
475 any candidate for the office of state senator, [or] state representative,
476 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of the
477 State, State Comptroller or State Treasurer such campaign treasurer
478 shall provide notice of [the amount and purpose of] the organization
479 expenditure to the candidate committee of such candidate.

480 (6) In addition to the other applicable requirements of this section,
481 the campaign treasurer of a candidate committee of [a participating]
482 any candidate for the office of state senator, [or] state representative,
483 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of the
484 State, State Comptroller or State Treasurer who has received the
485 benefit of any organization expenditure shall, not later than the time of
486 dissolving such committee, file a statement with the State Elections
487 Enforcement Commission that lists, if known to such candidate
488 committee, the committee which made such organization expenditure
489 for such candidate's behalf. [and the amount and purpose of such
490 organization expenditure.]

491 (7) Statements filed in accordance with this section shall remain
492 public records of the state for five years from the date such statements
493 are filed.

494 (d) At the time of filing statements required under this section, the
495 campaign treasurer of each candidate committee shall send to the
496 candidate a duplicate statement and the campaign treasurer of each
497 party committee and each political committee other than an
498 exploratory committee shall send to the chairman of the committee a
499 duplicate statement. Each statement required to be filed with the
500 commission under this section, [and subsection (g) of section 9-610,]

501 subsection (e) of section 9-612, section 9-706, as amended by this act, or
502 section 9-712, as amended by this act, shall be deemed to be filed in a
503 timely manner if: (1) For statements filed as hard copies, including, but
504 not limited to, those statements delivered by the United States Postal
505 Service, courier service, parcel service or hand delivery, the statement
506 is received by the commission by five o'clock p.m. on the day the
507 statement is required to be filed, (2) for statements authorized by the
508 commission to be filed electronically, including, but not limited to,
509 those statements filed via electronic mail, facsimile machine, web-
510 based programs created by the commission or other electronic means,
511 the statement is transmitted to the commission by midnight on the day
512 the statement is required to be filed, or (3) for statements required to be
513 filed pursuant to subsection (e) of section 9-612, section 9-706, as
514 amended by this act, or section 9-712, as amended by this act, by the
515 deadline specified in each such section. Any other filing required
516 pursuant to this section shall be deemed to be filed in a timely manner
517 if it is delivered by hand to the office of the proper authority before
518 four-thirty o'clock p.m. or postmarked by the United States Postal
519 Service before midnight on the required filing day. If the day for any
520 such filing falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the statement
521 shall be filed on the next business day thereafter.

522 (e) (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter, in the event
523 of a surplus the campaign treasurer of a candidate committee or of a
524 political committee, other than a political committee formed for
525 ongoing political activities or an exploratory committee, shall
526 distribute or expend such surplus not later than [ninety] one hundred
527 twenty days after a primary which results in the defeat of the
528 candidate, an election or referendum not held in November or by
529 [January] March thirty-first following an election or referendum held
530 in November, in the following manner:

531 (A) Such committees may distribute their surplus to a party
532 committee, or a political committee organized for ongoing political
533 activities, return such surplus to all contributors to the committee on a

534 prorated basis of contribution, distribute all or any part of such surplus
535 to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 9-701 or distribute
536 such surplus to any charitable organization which is a tax-exempt
537 organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
538 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the
539 United States, as from time to time amended, provided (i) no candidate
540 committee may distribute such surplus to a committee which has been
541 established to finance future political campaigns of the candidate, and
542 (ii) a candidate committee which received moneys from the Citizens'
543 Election Fund shall distribute such surplus to such fund; [, and (iii) a
544 candidate committee for a nonparticipating candidate, as described in
545 subsection (b) of section 9-703, may only distribute any such surplus to
546 the Citizens' Election Fund or to a charitable organization;]

547 (B) Each such political committee established by an organization
548 which received its funds from the organization's treasury shall return
549 its surplus to its sponsoring organization;

550 (C) (i) Each political committee formed solely to aid or promote the
551 success or defeat of any referendum question, which does not receive
552 contributions from a business entity or an organization, shall distribute
553 its surplus to a party committee, to a political committee organized for
554 ongoing political activities, to a national committee of a political party,
555 to all contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of contribution,
556 to state or municipal governments or agencies or to any organization
557 which is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the
558 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding
559 internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time
560 amended. (ii) Each political committee formed solely to aid or promote
561 the success or defeat of any referendum question, which receives
562 contributions from a business entity or an organization, shall distribute
563 its surplus to all contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of
564 contribution, to state or municipal governments or agencies, or to any
565 organization which is tax-exempt under said provisions of the Internal
566 Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a

567 committee formed for a single referendum shall not be required to
568 expend its surplus not later than ninety days after the referendum and
569 may continue in existence if a substantially similar referendum
570 question on the same issue will be submitted to the electorate within
571 six months after the first referendum. If two or more substantially
572 similar referenda on the same issue are submitted to the electorate,
573 each no more than six months apart, the committee shall expend such
574 surplus within ninety days following the date of the last such
575 referendum;

576 (D) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee of a
577 candidate who is elected to office may, upon the authorization of such
578 candidate, expend surplus campaign funds to pay for the cost of
579 clerical, secretarial or other office expenses necessarily incurred by
580 such candidate in preparation for taking office; except such surplus
581 shall not be distributed for the personal benefit of any individual or to
582 any organization; [and]

583 (E) The campaign treasurer of a candidate committee, or of a
584 political committee, other than a political committee formed for
585 ongoing political activities or an exploratory committee, shall, prior to
586 the dissolution of such committee, either (i) distribute any equipment
587 purchased, including, but not limited to, computer equipment, to any
588 recipient as set forth in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, or (ii) sell
589 any equipment purchased, including but not limited to computer
590 equipment, to any person for fair market value and then distribute the
591 proceeds of such sale to any recipient as set forth in said subparagraph
592 (A);

593 (F) The campaign treasurer of a qualified candidate committee may,
594 following an election or unsuccessful primary, provide a post-primary
595 thank you meal or a post-election thank you meal for committee
596 workers, provided such meal (i) occurs not later than fourteen days
597 after the applicable election or primary day, and (ii) the cost for such
598 meal does not exceed the limits established by the commission

599 pursuant to regulation;

600 (G) The campaign treasurer of a qualified candidate committee may,
601 following an election or unsuccessful primary, make payment to a
602 campaign treasurer for services rendered to the candidate committee,
603 provided such payment does not exceed one thousand dollars; and

604 (H) The campaign treasurer of a qualified candidate committee
605 may, following an election or unsuccessful primary, utilize grant funds
606 received by such candidate committee from the Citizens' Election Fund
607 for the purpose of complying with any audit conducted by the State
608 Elections Enforcement Commission pursuant to subdivision (5) of
609 subsection (a) of section 9-7b.

610 (2) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter, the campaign
611 treasurer of the candidate committee of a candidate who has
612 withdrawn from a primary or election may, prior to the primary or
613 election, distribute its surplus to any organization which is tax-exempt
614 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any
615 subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States,
616 as from time to time amended, or return such surplus to all
617 contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of contribution.

618 (3) Not later than seven days after such distribution or not later than
619 seven days after all funds have been expended in accordance with
620 subparagraph (D) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the campaign
621 treasurer shall file a supplemental statement, sworn under penalty of
622 false statement, with the proper authority, identifying all further
623 contributions received since the previous statement and explaining
624 how any surplus has been distributed or expended in accordance with
625 this section. No surplus may be distributed or expended until after the
626 election, primary or referendum.

627 (4) In the event of a deficit, the campaign treasurer shall file a
628 supplemental statement ninety days after an election, primary or
629 referendum not held in November or on the seventh calendar day in

630 February, or the next business day if such day is a Saturday, Sunday or
631 legal holiday, after an election or referendum held in November, with
632 the proper authority and, thereafter, on the seventh day of each month
633 following if on the last day of the previous month there was an
634 increase or decrease in the deficit in excess of five hundred dollars
635 from that reported on the last statement filed. The campaign treasurer
636 shall file such supplemental statements as required until the deficit is
637 eliminated. If any such committee does not have a surplus or a deficit,
638 the statement required to be filed not later than forty-five days
639 following any election or referendum not held in November or on the
640 seventh calendar day in January, or the next business day if such day is
641 a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, following an election or
642 referendum held in November, or not later than thirty days following
643 any primary shall be the last required statement.

644 Sec. 9. Subsection (a) of section 9-621 of the general statutes is
645 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
646 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

647 (a) No individual shall make or incur any expenditure with the
648 cooperation of, at the request or suggestion of, or in consultation with
649 any candidate, candidate committee or candidate's agent, and no
650 candidate or committee shall make or incur any expenditure including
651 an organization expenditure for a party candidate listing, as defined in
652 subparagraph (A) of subdivision (25) of section 9-601, as amended by
653 this act, for any written, typed or other printed communication, or any
654 web-based, written communication, which promotes the success or
655 defeat of any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or
656 election or solicits funds to benefit any political party or committee
657 unless such communication bears upon its face (1) the words "paid for
658 by" and the following: (A) In the case of such an individual, the name
659 and address of such individual; (B) in the case of a committee other
660 than a party committee, the name of the committee and its campaign
661 treasurer; or (C) in the case of a party committee, the name of the
662 committee, and (2) the words "approved by" and the following: (A) In

663 the case of an individual making or incurring an expenditure with the
664 cooperation of, at the request or suggestion of, or in consultation with
665 any candidate, candidate committee or candidate's agent, the name of
666 such individual; or (B) in the case of a candidate committee or
667 exploratory committee, the name of the candidate.

668 Sec. 10. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 9-702 of the general
669 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
670 (*Effective from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and*
671 *after said date*):

672 (b) Any such candidate committee is eligible to receive such grants
673 for a primary campaign, if applicable, and a general election campaign
674 if (1) the candidate certifies as a participating candidate under section
675 9-703, as amended by this act, (2) the candidate's candidate committee
676 receives the required amount of qualifying contributions under section
677 9-704, as amended by this act, (3) the candidate's candidate committee
678 returns all contributions that do not meet the criteria for qualifying
679 contributions under section 9-704, as amended by this act, or transmits
680 such contributions to the State Elections Enforcement Commission for
681 deposit in the Citizens' Election Fund, (4) the candidate agrees to limit
682 the campaign expenditures of the candidate's candidate committee in
683 accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, and (5)
684 the candidate submits an application and the commission approves the
685 application in accordance with the provisions of section 9-706, as
686 amended by this act.

687 (c) A candidate participating in the Citizens' Election Program shall
688 limit the expenditures of the candidate's candidate committee (A)
689 before a primary campaign and a general election campaign, to the
690 amount of qualifying contributions permitted in section [9-705] 9-704,
691 as amended by this act, and any personal funds provided by the
692 candidate under subsection (c) of section 9-710, (B) for a primary
693 campaign, to the sum of (i) the amount of such qualifying
694 contributions and personal funds that have not been spent before the

695 primary campaign, (ii) the amount of the grant for the primary
696 campaign authorized under section 9-705, as amended by this act, and
697 (iii) the amount of any additional moneys for the primary campaign
698 authorized under section 9-713 or 9-714, and (C) for a general election
699 campaign, to the sum of (i) the amount of such qualifying
700 contributions and personal funds that have not been spent before the
701 general election campaign, (ii) any unexpended funds from any grant
702 for a primary campaign authorized under section 9-705, as amended
703 by this act, or from any additional moneys for a primary campaign
704 authorized under section 9-713 or 9-714, (iii) the amount of the grant
705 for the general election campaign authorized under section 9-705, as
706 amended by this act, and (iv) the amount of any additional moneys for
707 the general election campaign authorized under section 9-713 or 9-714.
708 The candidate committee of a minor or petitioning party candidate
709 who has received a general election campaign grant from the fund
710 pursuant to section 9-705, as amended by this act, shall be permitted to
711 receive contributions in addition to the qualifying contributions subject
712 to the limitations and restrictions applicable to participating
713 candidates for the same office, provided such minor or petitioning
714 party candidate shall limit the expenditures of the candidate
715 committee for a general election campaign to the sum of the qualifying
716 contributions and personal funds, the amount of the general election
717 campaign grant received and the amount raised in additional
718 contributions that is equivalent to the difference between the amount
719 of the applicable general election campaign grant for a major party
720 candidate for such office and the amount of the general election
721 campaign grant received by such minor or petitioning party candidate.

722 Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 9-703 of the general statutes is
723 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
724 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

725 (a) Each candidate for nomination or election to the office of state
726 senator or state representative in 2008, or thereafter, or the office of
727 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller,

728 Secretary of the State or State Treasurer in 2010, or thereafter, shall file
729 an affidavit with the State Elections Enforcement Commission. The
730 affidavit shall include a written certification that the candidate either
731 intends to abide by the expenditure limits under the Citizens' Election
732 Program set forth in subsection (c) of section 9-702, as amended by this
733 act, or does not intend to abide by said limits. If the candidate intends
734 to abide by said limits, the affidavit shall also include written
735 certifications (1) that the campaign treasurer of the candidate
736 committee for said candidate shall expend any moneys received from
737 the Citizens' Election Fund in accordance with the provisions of
738 subsection (g) of section 9-607 and regulations adopted by the State
739 Elections Enforcement Commission under subsection (e) of section 9-
740 706, as amended by this act, (2) that the candidate shall repay to the
741 fund any such moneys that are not expended in accordance with
742 subsection (g) of said section 9-607 and said regulations, (3) that the
743 candidate and the campaign treasurer shall comply with the
744 provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 9-711, and (4)
745 stating the candidate's status as a major party, minor party or
746 petitioning party candidate and, in the case of a major party or minor
747 party candidate, the name of such party. The written certification
748 described in subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be made by both
749 the candidate and the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee
750 for said candidate. A candidate for nomination or election to any such
751 office shall file such affidavit not later than four o'clock p.m. on the
752 twenty-fifth day before the day of a primary, if applicable, or on the
753 fortieth day before the day of the election for such office, except that in
754 the case of a special election for the office of state senator or state
755 representative, the candidate shall file such affidavit not later than four
756 o'clock p.m. on the twenty-fifth day before the day of such special
757 election. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a
758 candidate who is not required to form a candidate committee pursuant
759 to subdivision (3) or (4) of subsection (b) of section 9-604 who files a
760 certification with the State Elections Enforcement Commission
761 pursuant to subsection (c) of section 9-603 and who does not intend to

762 participate in the Citizens' Election Program shall not be required to
763 file such affidavit of intent not to abide by the expenditure limits. Any
764 such candidate shall be referred to as a nonparticipating candidate, in
765 accordance with subsection (b) of this section.

766 Sec. 12. Section 9-704 of the general statutes is repealed and the
767 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage and*
768 *applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

769 (a) The amount of qualifying contributions that the candidate
770 committee of a candidate shall be required to receive in order to be
771 eligible for grants from the Citizens' Election Fund shall be:

772 (1) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office
773 of Governor, contributions from individuals in the aggregate amount
774 of two hundred fifty thousand dollars, of which two hundred twenty-
775 five thousand dollars or more is contributed by individuals residing in
776 the state. The provisions of this subdivision shall be subject to the
777 following: (A) The candidate committee shall return or transmit to the
778 State Elections Enforcement Commission for deposit in the Citizens'
779 Election Fund at the time of submitting the grant application the
780 portion of any contribution or contributions from any individual,
781 including said candidate, that exceeds one hundred dollars, and such
782 excess portion shall not be considered in calculating such amounts,
783 [and] (B) the candidate committee or exploratory committee of a
784 candidate for such office shall submit to the State Elections
785 Enforcement Commission documentation demonstrating that any
786 contribution or contributions meet the criteria for qualifying
787 contributions on or about the time that such committee files the
788 financial disclosure statement pursuant to subsection (a) of section 9-
789 608, as amended by this act, and (C) all contributions received by (i) an
790 exploratory committee established by said candidate, or (ii) an
791 exploratory committee or candidate committee of a candidate for the
792 office of Lieutenant Governor who is deemed to be jointly
793 campaigning with a candidate for nomination or election to the office

794 of Governor under subsection (a) of section 9-709, which meet the
795 criteria for qualifying contributions to candidate committees under this
796 section shall be considered in calculating such amounts; and

797 (2) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office
798 of Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, State
799 Treasurer or Secretary of the State, contributions from individuals in
800 the aggregate amount of seventy-five thousand dollars, of which sixty-
801 seven thousand five hundred dollars or more is contributed by
802 individuals residing in the state. The provisions of this subdivision
803 shall be subject to the following: (A) The candidate committee shall
804 return or transmit to the State Elections Enforcement Commission for
805 deposit in the Citizens' Election Fund at the time of submitting the
806 grant application the portion of any contribution or contributions from
807 any individual, including said candidate, that exceeds one hundred
808 dollars, and such excess portion shall not be considered in calculating
809 such amounts, [and] (B) the candidate committee or exploratory
810 committee of a candidate for such office shall submit to the State
811 Elections Enforcement Commission documentation demonstrating that
812 any contribution or contributions meet the criteria for qualifying
813 contributions on or about the time that the committee files the financial
814 disclosure statement pursuant to subsection (a) of section 9-608, as
815 amended by this act, and (C) all contributions received by an
816 exploratory committee established by said candidate that meet the
817 criteria for qualifying contributions to candidate committees under this
818 section shall be considered in calculating such amounts.

819 (3) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office
820 of state senator for a district, contributions from individuals in the
821 aggregate amount of fifteen thousand dollars, including contributions
822 from at least three hundred individuals residing in municipalities
823 included, in whole or in part, in said district. The provisions of this
824 subdivision shall be subject to the following: (A) The candidate
825 committee shall return or transmit to the State Elections Enforcement
826 Commission for deposit in the Citizens' Election Fund at the time of

827 submitting the grant application the portion of any contribution or
828 contributions from any individual, including said candidate, that
829 exceeds one hundred dollars, and such excess portion shall not be
830 considered in calculating the aggregate contribution amount under
831 this subdivision, (B) no contribution shall be counted for the purposes
832 of the requirement under this subdivision for contributions from at
833 least three hundred individuals residing in municipalities included, in
834 whole or in part, in the district unless the contribution is five dollars or
835 more, and (C) all contributions received by an exploratory committee
836 established by said candidate that meet the criteria for qualifying
837 contributions to candidate committees under this section shall be
838 considered in calculating the aggregate contribution amount under
839 this subdivision and all such exploratory committee contributions that
840 also meet the requirement under this subdivision for contributions
841 from at least three hundred individuals residing in municipalities
842 included, in whole or in part, in the district shall be counted for the
843 purposes of said requirement.

844 (4) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office
845 of state representative for a district, contributions from individuals in
846 the aggregate amount of five thousand dollars, including contributions
847 from at least one hundred fifty individuals residing in municipalities
848 included, in whole or in part, in said district. The provisions of this
849 subdivision shall be subject to the following: (A) The candidate
850 committee shall return or transmit to the State Elections Enforcement
851 Commission for deposit in the Citizens' Election Fund at the time of
852 submitting the grant application the portion of any contribution or
853 contributions from any individual, including said candidate, that
854 exceeds one hundred dollars, and such excess portion shall not be
855 considered in calculating the aggregate contribution amount under
856 this subdivision, (B) no contribution shall be counted for the purposes
857 of the requirement under this subdivision for contributions from at
858 least one hundred fifty individuals residing in municipalities included,
859 in whole or in part, in the district unless the contribution is five dollars
860 or more, and (C) all contributions received by an exploratory

861 committee established by said candidate that meet the criteria for
862 qualifying contributions to candidate committees under this section
863 shall be considered in calculating the aggregate contribution amount
864 under this subdivision and all such exploratory committee
865 contributions that also meet the requirement under this subdivision for
866 contributions from at least one hundred fifty individuals residing in
867 municipalities included, in whole or in part, in the district shall be
868 counted for the purposes of said requirement.

869 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4) of
870 this subsection, in the case of a special election for the office of state
871 senator or state representative for a district, (A) the aggregate amount
872 of qualifying contributions that the candidate committee of a candidate
873 for such office shall be required to receive in order to be eligible for a
874 grant from the Citizens' Election Fund shall be seventy-five per cent or
875 more of the corresponding amount required under the applicable said
876 subdivision (3) or (4), and (B) the number of contributions required
877 from individuals residing in municipalities included, in whole or in
878 part, in said district shall be seventy-five per cent or more of the
879 corresponding number required under the applicable said subdivision
880 (3) or (4).

881 (b) Each individual who makes a contribution of more than fifty
882 dollars to a candidate committee established to aid or promote the
883 success of a participating candidate for nomination or election shall
884 include with the contribution a certification that contains the same
885 information described in subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of section 9-
886 608, as amended by this act, and shall follow the same procedure
887 prescribed in said subsection.

888 (c) The following shall not be deemed to be qualifying contributions
889 under subsection (a) of this section and shall be returned by the
890 campaign treasurer of the candidate committee to the contributor or
891 transmitted to the State Elections Enforcement Commission for deposit
892 in the Citizens' Election Fund:

893 (1) A contribution from a communicator lobbyist or a member of the
894 immediate family of a communicator lobbyist;

895 (2) A contribution from a principal of a state contractor or
896 prospective state contractor;

897 (3) A contribution of less than five dollars, and a contribution of five
898 dollars or more from an individual who does not provide the full name
899 and complete address of the individual; [and]

900 (4) A contribution under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of
901 this section from an individual who does not reside in the state, in
902 excess of the applicable limit on contributions from out-of-state
903 individuals in subsection (a) of this section; and

904 (5) A contribution made by an individual who is less than twelve
905 years of age.

906 (d) After a candidate committee receives the applicable aggregate
907 amount of qualifying contributions under subsection (a) of this section,
908 the candidate committee shall transmit any additional contributions
909 that it receives to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Citizens'
910 Election Fund.

911 (e) As used in this section, (1) "communicator lobbyist" has the same
912 meaning as provided in section 1-91, (2) "immediate family" means the
913 spouse or a dependent child of an individual, [and] (3) "principal of a
914 state contractor or prospective state contractor" has the same meaning
915 as provided in subsection (g) of section 9-612, and (4) "individual" shall
916 include sole proprietorships.

917 Sec. 13. Subsection (j) of section 9-705 of the general statutes is
918 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
919 *passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on or after said date*):

920 (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (i), inclusive,
921 of this section:

922 (1) The initial grant that a qualified candidate committee for a
923 candidate is eligible to receive under subsections (a) to (i), inclusive, of
924 this section shall be reduced by the amount of any personal funds that
925 the candidate provides for the candidate's campaign for nomination or
926 election pursuant to subsection (c) of section 9-710;

927 (2) If a participating candidate is nominated at a primary and does
928 not expend the entire grant for the primary campaign authorized
929 under subsection (a), (b), (e) or (f) of this section or all moneys that
930 may be received for the primary campaign under section 9-713 or 9-
931 714, the amount of the grant for the general election campaign shall be
932 reduced by the total amount of any such unexpended primary
933 campaign grant and moneys;

934 (3) If a participating candidate who is nominated for election does
935 not have any opponent in the general election campaign, the amount
936 of the general election campaign grant for which the qualified
937 candidate committee for said candidate shall be eligible shall be thirty
938 per cent of the applicable amount set forth in subsections (a) to (i),
939 inclusive, of this section. For purposes of this subdivision, a
940 participating candidate shall be deemed to have an opponent if (A) a
941 major party has properly endorsed a candidate and made the requisite
942 filing with the Secretary of the State within the time specified in section
943 9-391 or 9-400, as applicable, (B) any candidate of any other major
944 party has received not less than fifteen per cent of the vote of
945 convention delegates and has complied with the filing requirements
946 set forth in section 9-400, or (C) any candidate of any other major party
947 has circulated a petition and obtained the required number of
948 signatures for filing a candidacy for nomination and has either
949 qualified for the primary or has been deemed the party's nominee;
950 [and]

951 (4) If the only opponent or opponents of a participating candidate
952 who is nominated for election to an office are eligible minor party
953 candidates or eligible petitioning party candidates and no such eligible

954 minor party candidate's or eligible petitioning party candidate's
955 candidate committee has received a total amount of contributions of
956 any type that is equal to or greater than the amount of the qualifying
957 contributions that a candidate for such office is required to receive
958 under section 9-704, as amended by this act, to be eligible for grants
959 from the Citizens' Election Fund, the amount of the general election
960 campaign grant for such participating candidate shall be sixty per cent
961 of the applicable amount set forth in this section; and

962 (5) The amount of the primary grant or general election campaign
963 grant for a qualified candidate committee shall be reduced, pursuant to
964 the provisions of this subdivision, if such candidate committee has
965 control and custody over lawn signs from any prior election or
966 primary in the following applicable amount: (A) Five hundred or more
967 lawn signs for the qualified candidate committee of a candidate for the
968 office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State
969 Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, (B) one hundred
970 or more lawn signs for the qualified candidate committee of a
971 candidate for the office of state senator, or (C) fifty or more lawn signs
972 for the qualified candidate committee of a candidate for the office of
973 state representative. If such qualified candidate committee has custody
974 and control over lawn signs in the applicable amount, as described in
975 this subdivision, the grant from the fund for the primary campaign or
976 general election campaign, as applicable, for such qualified candidate
977 committee shall be reduced as follows: (i) Two thousand five hundred
978 dollars for the qualified candidate committee of a candidate for the
979 office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State
980 Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, (ii) five hundred
981 dollars for the qualified candidate committee of a candidate for the
982 office of state senator, or (iii) two hundred fifty dollars for the qualified
983 candidate committee of a candidate for the office of state
984 representative. In no event shall such a reduction be made to a
985 qualified candidate committee's primary campaign and general
986 election grant. No reduction in either the primary campaign or general
987 election campaign for a qualified candidate committee grant shall be

988 taken for any lawn sign that is not in the custody or control of the
989 qualified candidate committee. Nothing in this section shall be
990 construed to apply to any item other than lawn signs.

991 Sec. 14. Subsections (b) to (g), inclusive, of section 9-706 of the
992 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
993 thereof (*Effective from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held*
994 *on and after said date*):

995 (b) The application shall include a written certification that:

996 (1) The candidate committee has received the required amount of
997 qualifying contributions;

998 (2) The candidate committee has repaid all moneys borrowed on
999 behalf of the campaign, as required by subsection (b) of section 9-710;

1000 (3) The candidate committee has returned any contribution of five
1001 dollars or more from an individual who does not include the
1002 individual's name and address with the contribution;

1003 (4) The candidate committee has returned or transmitted to the State
1004 Elections Enforcement Commission for deposit in the Citizens' Election
1005 Fund all contributions or portions of contributions that do not meet the
1006 criteria for qualifying contributions under section 9-704, as amended
1007 by this act, and transmitted all excess qualifying contributions to the
1008 Citizens' Election Fund;

1009 (5) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee will: (A)
1010 Comply with the provisions of chapters 155 and 157, and (B) maintain
1011 and furnish all records required pursuant to chapters 155 and 157 and
1012 any regulation adopted pursuant to such chapters;

1013 (6) All moneys received from the Citizens' Election Fund will be
1014 deposited upon receipt into the depository account of the candidate
1015 committee;

1016 (7) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee will expend
1017 all moneys received from the fund in accordance with the provisions of
1018 subsection (g) of section 9-607 and regulations adopted by the State
1019 Elections Enforcement Commission under subsection (e) of this
1020 section; [and]

1021 (8) If the candidate withdraws from the campaign, becomes
1022 ineligible or dies during the campaign, the candidate committee of the
1023 candidate will return to the commission, for deposit in the fund, all
1024 moneys received from the fund pursuant to sections 9-700 to 9-716,
1025 inclusive, which said candidate committee has not spent as of the date
1026 of such occurrence; and

1027 (9) Indicates whether or not the candidate committee has custody
1028 and control over the applicable number of lawn signs from a prior
1029 election or primary that would result in a reduction of such candidate
1030 committee's grant from the fund for the primary campaign or general
1031 election campaign, as provided in section 9-705, as amended by this
1032 act.

1033 (c) The application shall be accompanied by a cumulative itemized
1034 accounting of all funds received, expenditures made and expenses
1035 incurred but not yet paid by the candidate committee as of three days
1036 [before the applicable application deadline contained in subsection (g)
1037 of this section] preceding the day the application is filed. Such
1038 accounting shall be sworn to under penalty of false statement by the
1039 campaign treasurer of the candidate committee. The commission shall
1040 prescribe the form of the application and the cumulative itemized
1041 accounting. The form for such accounting shall conform to the
1042 requirements of section 9-608, as amended by this act. Both the
1043 candidate and the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee shall
1044 sign the application.

1045 (d) In accordance with the provisions of subsection (g) of this
1046 section, the commission shall review the application, determine
1047 whether (1) the candidate committee for the applicant has received the

1048 required qualifying contributions, (2) in the case of an application for a
1049 grant from the fund for a primary campaign, the applicant has met the
1050 applicable condition under subsection (a) of this section for applying
1051 for such grant and complied with the provisions of subsections (b) and
1052 (c) of this section, (3) in the case of an application for a grant from the
1053 fund for a general election campaign, the applicant has met the
1054 applicable condition under subsection (a) of this section for applying
1055 for such moneys and complied with the provisions of subsections (b)
1056 and (c) of this section, and (4) in the case of an application by a minor
1057 party or petitioning party candidate for a grant from the fund for a
1058 general election campaign, the applicant qualifies as an eligible minor
1059 party candidate or an eligible petitioning party candidate, whichever is
1060 applicable. If the commission approves an application, the commission
1061 shall determine the amount of the grant payable to the candidate
1062 committee for the applicant pursuant to section 9-705, as amended by
1063 this act, from the fund, and notify the State Comptroller and the
1064 candidate of such candidate committee, of such amount. If the timing
1065 of the commission's approval of the grant in relation to the Secretary of
1066 the State's determination of ballot status is such that the commission
1067 cannot determine whether the qualified candidate committee is
1068 entitled to the applicable full initial grant for the primary or election or
1069 the applicable partial grant for the primary or election, as the case may
1070 be, the commission shall approve the lesser applicable partial initial
1071 grant. The commission shall then authorize the payment of the
1072 remaining portion of the applicable grant after the commission has
1073 knowledge of the circumstances regarding the ballot status of the
1074 opposing candidates in such primary or election. Not later than two
1075 business days following notification by the commission, the State
1076 Comptroller shall draw an order on the State Treasurer for payment of
1077 any such approved amount to the qualified candidate committee from
1078 the fund. If the commission rejects an application for other than an
1079 applicant's substantial noncompliance with the applicable
1080 requirements and conditions for applying for either a grant from the
1081 fund for a primary campaign or a grant from the fund for a general

1082 election campaign, such applicant may, in accordance with the
1083 schedule described in subsection (g) of section 9-706, as amended by
1084 this act, submit a reformed application that corrects each defect of the
1085 rejected application, as identified by the commission. The commission
1086 shall review any such reformed application in the same manner as an
1087 application filed with the commission for the first time.

1088 (e) The State Elections Enforcement Commission shall adopt
1089 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, on
1090 permissible expenditures under subsection (g) of section 9-607 for
1091 qualified candidate committees receiving grants from the fund under
1092 sections 9-700 to 9-716, inclusive.

1093 (f) If a nominated participating candidate dies, withdraws the
1094 candidate's candidacy or becomes disqualified to hold the office for
1095 which the candidate has been nominated after the commission
1096 approves the candidate's application for a grant under this section, the
1097 candidate committee of the candidate who is nominated to replace said
1098 candidate pursuant to section 9-460 shall be eligible to receive grants
1099 from the fund without complying with the provisions of section 9-704,
1100 as amended by this act, if said replacement candidate files an affidavit
1101 under section 9-703, as amended by this act, certifying the candidate's
1102 intent to abide by the expenditure limits set forth in subsection (c) of
1103 section 9-702, as amended by this act, and notifies the commission on a
1104 form prescribed by the commission.

1105 (g) (1) Any application submitted pursuant to this section for a
1106 primary or general election shall be submitted in accordance with the
1107 following schedule: (A) By five o'clock p.m. on the third Thursday in
1108 May of the year that the primary or election will be held at which such
1109 participating candidate will seek nomination or election, or (B) by five
1110 o'clock p.m. on any subsequent Thursday of such year, provided no
1111 application shall be accepted by the commission after five o'clock p.m.
1112 on or after the fourth to last Friday prior to the primary or election at
1113 which such participating candidate will seek nomination or election.

1114 Not later than four business days following any such Thursday or
1115 Friday, as applicable, for participating candidates seeking nomination
1116 or election to the office of state senator or state representative, or, ten
1117 business days following any such Thursday or Friday, as applicable,
1118 for participating candidates seeking nomination or election to the
1119 office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State
1120 Comptroller, State Treasurer or Secretary of the State or, in the event of
1121 a national, regional or local emergency or local natural disaster, as
1122 soon thereafter as is practicable, the commission shall review any
1123 application received by such Thursday or Friday, in accordance with
1124 the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, and determine whether
1125 such application shall be approved or disapproved, except if an
1126 application for a general election grant is received during the seven
1127 calendar days preceding the last primary application deadline, as set
1128 forth in this subsection, such application shall be reviewed not later
1129 than ten business days or four business days, as applicable, after the
1130 first application deadline following the last primary application
1131 deadline. The commission may continue the review of any application
1132 without prejudice and shall, in any event, determine whether such
1133 application shall be approved or disapproved at the next meeting of
1134 the commission, provided the applicant shall submit any missing or
1135 incomplete information in support of such application by not later
1136 than five o'clock p.m. on the second business day preceding such next
1137 meeting of the commission. For any such application that is approved,
1138 any disbursement of funds shall be made not later than twelve
1139 business days prior to any such primary or general election. From the
1140 third week of June in even-numbered years until the third week in
1141 July, the commission shall meet twice weekly to determine whether or
1142 not to approve applications for grants if there are pending grant
1143 applications.

1144 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this
1145 subsection, no application for a special election shall be accepted by
1146 the commission after five o'clock p.m. on or after ten business days
1147 prior to the special election at which such participating candidate will

1148 seek election. Not later than three business days following such
1149 deadline, or, in the event of a national, regional or local emergency or
1150 local natural disaster, as soon thereafter as practicable, the commission
1151 shall review any such application received by such deadline, in
1152 accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, and
1153 determine whether such application shall be approved or disapproved.
1154 For any such application that is approved, any disbursement of funds
1155 shall be made not later than seven business days prior to any such
1156 special election.

1157 (3) The commission shall publish such application review schedules
1158 and meeting schedules on the commission's web site and with the
1159 Secretary of the State.

1160 Sec. 15. Section 9-712 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1161 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage and*
1162 *applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date*):

1163 [(a) (1) If a candidate committee in a primary campaign or a general
1164 election campaign in which there is at least one participating candidate
1165 initially receives contributions, loans or other funds or makes or incurs
1166 an obligation to make, an expenditure that, in the aggregate, exceeds
1167 ninety per cent of the applicable expenditure limit for the applicable
1168 primary or general election period, the campaign treasurer of the
1169 candidate committee receiving such contributions, loans or other funds
1170 or making or incurring the obligation to make the excess expenditure
1171 shall file a supplemental campaign finance statement with the State
1172 Elections Enforcement Commission in accordance with the provisions
1173 of subdivision (2) of this subsection.

1174 (2) If a candidate committee receives contributions, loans or other
1175 funds, or makes or incurs an obligation to make an expenditure that, in
1176 the aggregate, exceeds ninety per cent of the applicable expenditure
1177 limit for the applicable primary or general election campaign period
1178 more than twenty days before the day of such primary or election, the
1179 campaign treasurer of said candidate shall file an initial supplemental

1180 campaign finance disclosure statement with the commission not later
1181 than forty-eight hours after receiving such contributions, loans or other
1182 funds, or making or incurring such expenditure. If said candidate
1183 committee receives contributions, loans or other funds, or makes or
1184 incurs an obligation to make expenditures, that, in the aggregate,
1185 exceed ninety per cent of the applicable expenditure limit for the
1186 applicable primary or general election campaign period twenty days or
1187 less before the day of such primary or election, the campaign treasurer
1188 of such candidate shall file such statement with the commission not
1189 later than twenty-four hours after receiving such contributions, loans
1190 or funds, or making or incurring such expenditure.

1191 (3) After the initial filing of a statement under subdivisions (1) and
1192 (2) of this subsection, the campaign treasurer of the candidate filing the
1193 statement and the campaign treasurer of all of the opposing candidates
1194 shall file periodic supplemental campaign finance statements with the
1195 commission on the following schedule: (A) If the date of the applicable
1196 primary or general election is more than five weeks after the date the
1197 initial supplemental campaign finance disclosure statement is due to
1198 be filed in accordance with subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection,
1199 periodic supplemental campaign finance statements shall be filed bi-
1200 weekly on every other Thursday, beginning the second Thursday after
1201 the initial statement is filed; and (B) if the date of the applicable
1202 primary election or general election is five weeks or less away, periodic
1203 supplemental campaign finance statements shall be filed: (i) In the case
1204 of a primary campaign, on the first Thursday following the date in July
1205 on which candidates are required to file campaign finance statements
1206 pursuant to subsection (a) of section 9-608, or the first Thursday
1207 following the supplemental campaign finance statement filed under
1208 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, whichever is later, and each
1209 Thursday thereafter until the Thursday before the day of the primary,
1210 inclusive, and (ii) in the case of a general election campaign, on the
1211 first Thursday following the date in October on which candidates are
1212 required to file campaign finance statements pursuant to subsection (a)
1213 of section 9-608, or the first Thursday following the supplemental

1214 campaign finance statement filed under subdivision (1) of this
1215 subsection, whichever is later, and each Thursday thereafter until the
1216 Thursday after the day of the election, inclusive.]

1217 (a) (1) The campaign treasurer of each candidate committee in a
1218 primary campaign or a general election campaign in which there is at
1219 least one participating candidate shall file weekly supplemental
1220 campaign finance statements with the State Elections Enforcement
1221 Commission in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of
1222 this subsection. Such weekly statements shall be in lieu of the
1223 campaign finance statements due pursuant to subparagraphs (B) and
1224 (C) of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 9-608, as amended by
1225 this act.

1226 (2) Each such campaign treasurer shall file weekly supplemental
1227 campaign finance statements with the commission pursuant to the
1228 following schedule: (A) In the case of a primary campaign, on the next
1229 Thursday following the date in July on which treasurers are required
1230 to file campaign finance statements pursuant to subsection (a) of
1231 section 9-608, as amended by this act, and each Thursday thereafter up
1232 to and including the Thursday before the day of the primary, and (B)
1233 in the case of a general election campaign, on the next Thursday
1234 following the date in October on which candidates are required to file
1235 campaign finance statements pursuant to subsection (a) of section 9-
1236 608, as amended by this act, and each Thursday thereafter up to and
1237 including the Thursday before the day of the election. The statement
1238 shall be complete as of midnight of the second day preceding the
1239 required filing day. The statement shall cover the period beginning
1240 with the first day not included in the last filed statement.

1241 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of
1242 this subsection, if a participating candidate committee in a primary
1243 campaign or a general election campaign in which there is at least one
1244 participating candidate makes expenditures or incurs an obligation to
1245 make expenditures that, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred per cent

1246 of the applicable expenditure limit for the applicable primary or
1247 general election campaign period, the campaign treasurer of the
1248 candidate committee making or incurring the obligation to make such
1249 excess expenditure or expenditures shall file a declaration of excess
1250 expenditures statement with the commission, pursuant to the
1251 following schedule: (A) If a candidate committee makes expenditures
1252 or incurs an obligation to make such expenditures more than twenty
1253 days before the day of such primary or election, the campaign
1254 treasurer of such candidate shall file such statement with the
1255 commission not later than forty-eight hours after making such
1256 expenditures or incurring an obligation to make such expenditures,
1257 and (B) if a candidate committee makes such expenditures or incurs an
1258 obligation to make such expenditures twenty days or less before the
1259 day of such primary or election, the campaign treasurer of such
1260 candidate shall file such statement with the commission not later than
1261 twenty-four hours after making such expenditures or incurring an
1262 obligation to make such expenditures. The statement shall be complete
1263 as of midnight of the first day immediately preceding the required
1264 filing day. The statement shall cover a period beginning with the first
1265 day not included in the last filed statement.

1266 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) [, (2) and (3)]
1267 and (2) of this subsection, if a nonparticipating candidate committee in
1268 a primary campaign or a general election campaign in which there is at
1269 least one participating candidate receives contributions, loans or other
1270 funds, or makes or incurs an obligation to make expenditures that, in
1271 the aggregate, exceed one hundred per cent, one hundred twenty-five
1272 per cent, one hundred fifty per cent, or one hundred seventy-five per
1273 cent of the applicable expenditure limit for the applicable primary or
1274 general election campaign period, the campaign treasurer of the
1275 candidate committee receiving the contributions, incurring the loans or
1276 raising the funds, or making or incurring the obligation to make the
1277 excess expenditure or expenditures shall file a declaration of excess
1278 receipts or expenditures statement with the commission [, within the
1279 deadlines set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection] pursuant to the

1280 following schedule: (A) If a candidate committee receives such
1281 contributions, loans or other funds, or makes expenditures or incurs an
1282 obligation to make such expenditures more than twenty days before
1283 the day of such primary or election, the campaign treasurer of such
1284 candidate shall file such statement with the commission not later than
1285 forty-eight hours after receiving such contributions, loans or other
1286 funds, or making such expenditures or incurring an obligation to make
1287 such expenditures, and (B) if a candidate committee receives such
1288 contributions, loans or other funds, or makes such expenditures or
1289 incurs an obligation to make such expenditures twenty days or less
1290 before the day of such primary or election, the campaign treasurer of
1291 such candidate shall file such statement with the commission not later
1292 than twenty-four hours after receiving such contributions, loans or
1293 funds, or making such expenditures or incurring an obligation to make
1294 such expenditures. The statement shall be complete as of midnight of
1295 the first day immediately preceding the required filing day. The
1296 statement shall cover a period beginning with the first day not
1297 included in the last filed statement.

1298 (5) Each [supplemental] statement required under subdivision (1),
1299 (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection for a candidate shall disclose the name
1300 of the candidate, the name of the candidate's campaign committee and
1301 the total amount of campaign contributions, loans or other funds
1302 received, or expenditures made or obligated to be made by such
1303 candidate committee during the primary campaign or the general
1304 election campaign, whichever is applicable, [as of the day before the
1305 date on which such statement is required to be filed] and the
1306 information required under subsection (c) of section 9-608, as amended
1307 by this act. The commission shall adopt regulations, in accordance
1308 with the provisions of chapter 54, specifying permissible media for the
1309 transmission of such statements to the commission, which shall
1310 include electronic mail.

1311 (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the
1312 statements required to be filed pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of

1313 this subsection shall not be required to be filed by (A) a candidate
1314 committee of a nonparticipating candidate that has filed an exemption
1315 from filing campaign finance statements pursuant to subsection (b) of
1316 section 9-608, as amended by this act, unless or until such a candidate
1317 committee receives or expends an amount in excess of one thousand
1318 dollars for purposes of the primary or election for which such
1319 committee was formed, or (B) a candidate committee of a participating
1320 candidate that is unopposed, except that such candidate committee
1321 shall file a supplemental statement on the last Thursday before the
1322 applicable primary or general election. Such statement shall be
1323 complete as of midnight of the second day preceding the required
1324 filing day and shall cover a period beginning with the first day not
1325 included in the last filed statement.

1326 (b) (1) As used in this section and section 9-713, "excess expenditure"
1327 means an expenditure made, or obligated to be made, by a
1328 nonparticipating or a participating candidate who is opposed by one
1329 or more other participating candidates in a primary campaign or a
1330 general election campaign, which is in excess of the amount of the
1331 applicable limit on expenditures for said participating candidates for
1332 said campaign and which is the sum of (A) the applicable qualifying
1333 contributions that the participating candidate is required to receive
1334 under section 9-704, as amended by this act, to be eligible for grants
1335 from the Citizens' Election Fund, and (B) one hundred per cent of the
1336 applicable full grant amount for a major party candidate authorized
1337 under section 9-705, as amended by this act, for the applicable
1338 campaign period.

1339 (2) The commission shall confirm whether an expenditure described
1340 in a declaration filed under this subsection is an excess expenditure.

1341 (c) If a campaign treasurer fails to file any statement or declaration
1342 required by this section within the time required, said campaign
1343 treasurer shall be subject to a civil penalty, imposed by the
1344 commission, of not more than one thousand dollars for the first failure

1345 to file the statement within the time required and not more than five
1346 thousand dollars for any subsequent such failure.

1347 Sec. 16. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) If, on or after April fifteenth of
1348 any year in which a general election is scheduled to occur, or on or
1349 after the forty-fifth day prior to any special election scheduled relative
1350 to any vacancy in the General Assembly, a federal court of competent
1351 jurisdiction issues an injunction which prohibits or limits, or continues
1352 to prohibit or limit, the expenditure of funds from the Citizens'
1353 Election Fund, as established in section 9-701 of the general statutes,
1354 for grants or moneys for candidate committees authorized under
1355 chapter 157 of the general statutes for a period of one hundred sixty-
1356 eight hours or more, based upon a ruling that any phrase, clause,
1357 sentence or provision of chapter 157 of the general statutes is contrary
1358 to the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the state
1359 of Connecticut or the applicability thereof to candidates described in
1360 subdivisions (4) and (5) of section 9-700 of the general statutes is held
1361 invalid, then the validity of those portions of chapter 157 of the general
1362 statutes, that have not been found contrary to the Constitution of the
1363 United States or the Constitution of the state of Connecticut, shall not
1364 be affected thereby and candidates, as described in subdivisions (4)
1365 and (5) of section 9-700 of the general statutes shall be deemed, for
1366 purposes of chapter 157 of the general statutes, candidates from a
1367 major party, as defined in subdivision (8) of section 9-700 of the
1368 general statutes, until December thirty-first of the year in which a
1369 general election is scheduled to occur.

1370 Sec. 17. Subsection (a) of section 9-169g of the 2010 supplement to
1371 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
1372 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1373 (a) The town clerk of any municipality (1) which is divided between
1374 two or more assembly districts, two or more senatorial districts or two
1375 or more congressional districts, or (2) which is not divided between
1376 any such districts but is divided into two or more voting districts for

1377 General Assembly or congressional elections, shall submit to the
1378 Secretary of the State a street map of the municipality which indicates
1379 the boundary lines of the voting districts established by the
1380 municipality in accordance with sections 9-169, 9-169a and 9-169d. The
1381 town clerk shall submit such map to the secretary in a printed or
1382 electronic format prescribed by the secretary (A) not later than thirty
1383 days after any such division first takes effect, and (B) not later than
1384 thirty days after any change in any such division takes effect. The
1385 Secretary of the State may impose a fine of fifty dollars on each town
1386 clerk who fails to comply with the provisions of this subsection.

1387 Sec. 18. Section 9-314 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1388 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1389 (a) As used in this subsection, "moderator" means the moderator of
1390 each state election in each town not divided into voting districts and
1391 the head moderator in each town divided into voting districts. The
1392 head moderator or moderator, as the case may be, of each town and
1393 the town clerk of the town shall jointly make out a [duplicate] list of
1394 the votes given in [the moderator's] the town for each of the following
1395 officers: Presidential electors, Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
1396 Secretary of the State, Treasurer, Comptroller, Attorney General,
1397 United States senator, representative in Congress, state senator, judge
1398 of probate, state representative and registrars of voters when said
1399 officers are to be chosen. [Said] Such list shall include a statement of
1400 the total number of names on the official check list of such town and
1401 the total number checked as having voted. [The moderator] If the town
1402 is divided into voting districts, the head moderator and the town clerk
1403 shall also include in such list a breakdown of such election data for
1404 each voting district. The moderator or head moderator and the town
1405 clerk (1) shall prepare the list on a form prescribed by the Secretary of
1406 the State, which shall provide for the data to be presented in a tabular
1407 format, and (2) may transmit such list to the Secretary of the State by
1408 facsimile machine or other electronic means prescribed by the
1409 Secretary of the State, not later than midnight on election day. If [the

1410 moderator transmits] said officials transmit such list by such electronic
1411 means, [the moderator] said officials shall also seal and deliver one of
1412 such lists to the Secretary of the State not later than the third day after
1413 the election. If [the moderator does] said officials do not transmit such
1414 list by such electronic means, [the moderator] said officials shall seal
1415 and deliver one of such lists by hand either [(1)] (A) to the Secretary of
1416 the State not later than six o'clock p.m. of the day after the election, or
1417 [(2)] (B) to the state police not later than four o'clock p.m. of the day
1418 after the election, in which case the state police shall deliver it by hand
1419 to the Secretary of the State not later than six o'clock p.m. of the day
1420 after the election. Any [such] moderator, head moderator or town clerk
1421 who fails to so deliver such list to either the Secretary of the State or
1422 the state police by the time required shall pay a late filing fee of fifty
1423 dollars. The moderator shall also deliver one of such lists to the clerk of
1424 such town on or before the day after such election. The Secretary of the
1425 State shall enter the returns in tabular form in books kept by the
1426 Secretary for that purpose and present a printed report of the same,
1427 with the name of, and the total number of votes received by, each of
1428 the candidates for said offices, to the General Assembly at its next
1429 session. In the event of a recanvass under section 9-311 or 9-311a, the
1430 moderator or head moderator and the town clerk shall deliver any
1431 revisions to such list to the Secretary of the State not later than the day
1432 after the completion of such recanvass. The town clerk of a town that is
1433 divided into voting districts shall certify that he or she has examined
1434 the lists transmitted under this subsection to determine whether there
1435 are any discrepancies between the total number of votes cast for a
1436 candidate at such election in such town and the sum of the votes cast
1437 for the same candidate in all voting districts in such town. In the case
1438 of any such discrepancy, the town clerk shall notify the head
1439 moderator and said officials shall transmit a correction to the Secretary
1440 of the State. The Secretary of the State shall retain each list transmitted
1441 under this subsection for not less than ten years after the date of the
1442 election for which it was transmitted.

1443 (b) As used in this subsection, "moderator" means the moderator of

1444 each municipal election in each town not divided into voting districts,
1445 and the head moderator in each town divided into voting districts. The
1446 moderator shall forthwith transmit to the Secretary of the State the
1447 results of the vote for each office contested at such election by facsimile
1448 machine or other electronic means prescribed by the Secretary of the
1449 State, not later than midnight on election day. If the moderator
1450 transmits such list by such electronic means, the moderator shall also
1451 seal and deliver one of such lists to the Secretary of the State not later
1452 than the third day after the election. If the moderator does not transmit
1453 such list by such electronic means, the moderator shall seal and deliver
1454 one of such lists by hand either (1) to the Secretary of the State not later
1455 than six o'clock p.m. of the day after the election, or (2) to the state
1456 police not later than four o'clock p.m. of the day after the election, in
1457 which case the state police shall deliver it by hand to the Secretary of
1458 the State not later than six o'clock p.m. of the day after the election.
1459 Any such moderator who fails to so deliver such list to either the
1460 Secretary of the State or the state police by the time required shall pay
1461 a late filing fee of fifty dollars. Such moderator shall include in such
1462 return a statement of the total number of names on the official check
1463 list of such town and the total number checked as having voted. Such
1464 return shall be on a form prescribed by the Secretary of the State.

1465 Sec. 19. Section 9-190 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1466 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1467 [Any] Each town [divided into two voting districts may, by vote of
1468 its legislative body,] shall provide for the election of two registrars of
1469 voters [for each voting district instead of two registrars of voters] for
1470 the entire town. Each registrar of voters shall reside in the town [and
1471 district] for which he is elected. Any special act to the contrary
1472 notwithstanding, in each municipality in which registrars of voters are
1473 elected, no elector shall vote for more than one registrar of voters [for
1474 the voting district in which the elector resides, or, as the case may be,]
1475 for the municipality. [at large.] The candidate having the highest
1476 number of votes and the candidate having the next highest number of

1477 votes for the office of registrar of voters, who does not belong to the
1478 same political party as the candidate having the highest number, shall
1479 be declared elected registrars of voters for the municipality [or
1480 district,] provided, if the candidate for registrar of voters of a major
1481 party is not one of the registrars so elected, such candidate of such
1482 major party shall also be declared elected registrar of voters. For
1483 purposes of this section, a major party shall be one having the largest
1484 or next largest total number of enrolled party members in the state, as
1485 determined by the latest enrollment records in the office of the
1486 Secretary of the State submitted in accordance with the provisions of
1487 section 9-65, as amended by this act. [The term of office of all registrars
1488 of voters for voting districts in office on January 7, 1995, shall expire on
1489 January 8, 1997, and on November 5, 1996, two registrars shall be
1490 elected for each municipality with more than two voting districts
1491 which previously elected registrars of voters for voting districts.]

1492 Sec. 20. Section 9-6 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1493 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1494 Each registrar of voters or, in the absence of a registrar, his deputy,
1495 and each town clerk or, in the absence of a town clerk, one of his
1496 assistant town clerks shall be compensated by the municipality which
1497 he represents, as herein provided, for attending two conferences a year
1498 for town clerks and registrars of voters which may be called by the
1499 Secretary of the State for the purpose of discussing the election laws,
1500 procedures or matters related thereto. Each such official shall be
1501 compensated by his municipality at the rate of thirty-five dollars per
1502 day for attending each such conference, plus mileage to and from such
1503 conference at a rate per mile determined by the municipality, but not
1504 less than twenty cents per mile, computed from the office of such
1505 official or, if he has no office, from his home to the place where such
1506 conference is being held. [In towns divided into two voting districts
1507 which elect registrars of voters for each voting district, only two
1508 registrars of opposite political parties need be so compensated for each
1509 such conference and, if the registrars are unable to agree as to the two

1510 registrars to be so compensated, such determination shall be made at
1511 least three days prior to such conference by the chief executive officer
1512 of the municipality.]

1513 Sec. 21. Section 9-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1514 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1515 The registrars of voters in each municipality in which an enrollment
1516 session is to be held shall give notice of such session, and of the
1517 purpose, day, hours and place thereof, by publication in a newspaper
1518 published in or having a circulation in such municipality, not more
1519 than fifteen nor less than five days before such session. Nothing herein
1520 shall require that such publication be in the form of a legal
1521 advertisement. [In each municipality divided into two voting districts
1522 which elects registrars of voters for each voting district, any session for
1523 enrollment in such municipality shall be held in each such district
1524 thereof by the registrars of such district, and the notice hereinbefore
1525 required shall specify the place in each such district in which such
1526 session is to be held.] In each municipality divided into voting
1527 districts, [which elects registrars of voters for the entire municipality,]
1528 any session for enrollment in such municipality may, if the registrars
1529 so decide, be held in each such district by assistant registrars
1530 appointed under section 9-192, provided the registrars in the notice
1531 hereinbefore required shall specify the place in each such district in
1532 which such session is to be held. When such a session is so held in each
1533 such district by such assistant registrars, within forty-eight hours after
1534 the close of each of such sessions, each of such assistant registrars shall
1535 deliver to the registrar of whom he is the appointee a true and attested
1536 list or lists, as made by such assistant registrars at such session,
1537 showing all enrollments and corrections, if any, by them made,
1538 together with a list of all applications rejected under the provisions of
1539 sections 9-60 and 9-63.

1540 Sec. 22. Section 9-54 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1541 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1542 The registrars shall compile separate lists of all qualified electors
1543 making application for enrollment according to the declared political
1544 preference of such electors. Before each primary at which unaffiliated
1545 electors are authorized to vote, under section 9-431, the registrars shall
1546 also compile a list of unaffiliated electors which shall be a component
1547 of the official checklist to be used at such primary. In those towns
1548 having cities or boroughs within, and not coterminous with, their
1549 limits, the registrars shall also prepare such lists for use in such cities
1550 or boroughs; and when towns, cities or boroughs are divided into
1551 wards or voting districts, the registrars shall also prepare such lists for
1552 such wards or voting districts. Any town, city, consolidated town and
1553 city, or consolidated town and borough may, by vote of its legislative
1554 body, require the registrars of voters to designate the party affiliation,
1555 if any, of each elector on the registry list with the name of such elector,
1556 and, if it is so voted, may provide for the continuance or
1557 discontinuance of separate enrollment lists, except as provided in
1558 section 9-55. Whenever an elector's name has been removed from the
1559 registry list or transferred upon the registry list because of a change of
1560 address within the municipality, pursuant to section 9-35, such name
1561 shall also, at the same time, be removed from or transferred upon the
1562 enrollment list or upon the list of unaffiliated electors, if applicable. [In
1563 municipalities divided into two voting districts or wards where
1564 registrars are elected for each voting district or where assistant
1565 registrars are appointed for each voting district under section 9-192,
1566 when a transfer of enrollment is made between separate lists of the
1567 same political party because of the removal of an elector from one
1568 voting district or ward to another voting district or ward in the same
1569 municipality, the registrars or assistant registrars from the voting
1570 district or ward where the elector formerly resided shall remove the
1571 elector's name from the list and shall report the removal to the
1572 registrars or assistant registrars of the same political party in the voting
1573 district or ward to which such elector has removed, whereupon such
1574 registrars or assistant registrars shall add such name to the list of the
1575 same political party in such district or ward unless such elector has

1576 made application for erasure or transfer of enrollment to the list of
1577 another party.] In all [other] municipalities, when a transfer of
1578 enrollment between separate lists of the same political party is made
1579 because of the removal of an elector from one voting district or ward to
1580 another voting district or ward in the same municipality, the registrars
1581 of voters shall transfer the name of such elector from the list on which
1582 it appears to the enrollment list of the same political party in the voting
1583 district or ward to which such elector has removed unless such elector
1584 has made application for erasure or transfer of enrollment to the list of
1585 another party. All such enrollment lists and lists of unaffiliated electors
1586 shall be arranged in the manner provided by section 9-35 for the
1587 arrangement of registry lists in such town except as modified by
1588 sections 9-51 to 9-65, inclusive, as amended by this act.

1589 Sec. 23. Section 9-65 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1590 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

1591 (a) After the last session of the registrars of voters under section 9-
1592 17, as amended by this act, before each election, the registrars of voters
1593 in each municipality shall submit in writing to the Secretary of the
1594 State a statement setting forth the total number of names of new
1595 electors added to the registry list, and the total number of names of
1596 former electors removed from the registry list, in such municipality
1597 during the period between the two most recent such last sessions. Such
1598 statement shall be submitted annually at a time to be determined by
1599 the Secretary of the State. [In municipalities divided into two voting
1600 districts that elect registrars of voters for each district, such statement
1601 shall be so submitted by the registrars of voters of the first district.]

1602 (b) Not later than a week after the last session of the registrars of
1603 voters before an election under section 9-17, as amended by this act,
1604 the Secretary of the State shall issue a report on the total number of
1605 electors on the active and inactive registry list, the total number of
1606 electors enrolled on each active and inactive party enrollment list and
1607 the total number of unaffiliated electors on the active and inactive

1608 registry list in such municipality, as reported by the registrars of voters
1609 on the state-wide centralized voter registration system. The Secretary
1610 shall omit from such report electors on the last-completed registry list
1611 or enrollment lists who have died, but shall include electors who have
1612 acquired electoral or enrollment privileges since the last-completed
1613 registry list or enrollment lists were perfected.

1614 Sec. 24. Subsection (d) of section 9-235 of the general statutes is
1615 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
1616 *October 1, 2010*):

1617 (d) No candidate for an office in an election may be an unofficial
1618 checker at such election. [In municipalities divided into two voting
1619 districts in which registrars are elected for each district, such
1620 appointments may be made by the registrars in each district.] Such
1621 unofficial checkers may remain within the polling place for the
1622 purpose of checking their own copy of the registry list to indicate the
1623 names of electors who have voted, and may enter and leave the
1624 restricted area surrounding the polling place during the hours of
1625 election or referendum for the purpose of taking such information
1626 outside said area or may communicate such information from the
1627 polling place by means of telephones provided by the party for which
1628 such checkers were appointed. If any such unofficial checker interferes
1629 with the orderly process of voting or attempts to influence any elector,
1630 he shall be evicted by the moderator. An unofficial checker appointed
1631 pursuant to this section may receive compensation from the
1632 municipality in which the election is held.

1633 Sec. 25. Section 9-438 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1634 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):

1635 In each municipality or voting district, the number and location of
1636 polling places for primaries held under sections 9-382 to 9-450,
1637 inclusive, shall be [the same as those used for the election to be held]
1638 determined by the registrars of voters. In the event the registrars of
1639 voters disagree as to the number and location of such polling places,

1640 the chief elected official of such municipality shall determine the
1641 number and location of such polling places. When unaffiliated electors
1642 are authorized under section 9-431 to vote in the primary of either of
1643 two parties, both parties shall hold their primaries in the same room of
1644 each such polling place. On the day of the primary, the polls shall
1645 remain open for voting from six o'clock a.m. until eight o'clock p.m.

1646 Sec. 26. Section 9-675 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1647 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1648 (a) The State Elections Enforcement Commission shall (1) create a
1649 [software] web-based program [or programs] for the preparation of
1650 financial disclosure statements required by section 9-608, as amended
1651 by this act, and (2) prescribe the standard reporting format and
1652 specifications for other software programs created by vendors for such
1653 purpose. No software program created by a vendor may be used for
1654 the electronic submission of such financial disclosure statements, until
1655 the commission determines that the program provides for the standard
1656 reporting format, and complies with the specifications, which are
1657 prescribed under subdivision (2) of this subsection for vendor software
1658 programs. The commission shall provide training in the use of the
1659 [software] web-based program [or programs] created by the
1660 commission.

1661 (b) [The] On and after April 1, 2010, (1) the campaign treasurer of
1662 [the candidate committee for each candidate for nomination or election
1663 to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General,
1664 State Comptroller, State Treasurer or Secretary of the State] the
1665 candidate committee for each candidate for nomination or election to
1666 the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State
1667 Comptroller, State Treasurer, Secretary of the State, state senator or
1668 state representative or judge of probate or an exploratory committee
1669 who raises or spends [two hundred fifty] five thousand dollars or
1670 more during a primary or an election campaign; (2) the campaign
1671 treasurer of any state central committee, legislative caucus committee

1672 or legislative leadership committee; (3) the campaign treasurer of any
1673 town committee or any other political committee registered with the
1674 commission, that (A) has a balance on hand of five thousand dollars or
1675 more as of the last day of the month preceding the statement required
1676 to be filed in the month of April, or (B) raised or spent five thousand
1677 dollars or more in the preceding regular state election; and (4) any
1678 individual, or the campaign treasurer of any committee, that makes or
1679 obligates to make an independent expenditure or expenditures and
1680 that is required to file a report of such independent expenditure or
1681 expenditures in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of
1682 subsection (e) of section 9-612 shall file in electronic form all financial
1683 disclosure statements required by section 9-608, as amended by this
1684 act, by [either transmitting disks, tapes or other electronic storage
1685 media containing the contents of such statements to the State Elections
1686 Enforcement Commission or] transmitting the statements on-line to
1687 [said] the commission. Each such campaign treasurer or individual
1688 shall use either [(1) a software] (i) the web-based program created by
1689 the commission under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section,
1690 for all such statements, or [(2)] (ii) another software program which
1691 provides for the standard reporting format, and complies with the
1692 specifications, which are prescribed by the commission under
1693 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, for all such statements.
1694 The commission shall accept any statement that uses such web-based
1695 program or any such software program. [Once any such candidate
1696 committee has raised or spent two hundred fifty thousand dollars or
1697 more during an election campaign, all previously filed statements
1698 required by said section 9-608, which were not filed in electronic form
1699 shall be refiled in such form, using such a software program, not later
1700 than the date on which the campaign treasurer of the committee is
1701 required to file the next regular statement under said section 9-608.]

1702 (c) (1) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee for any
1703 other candidate, as defined in section 9-601, as amended by this act,
1704 who is required to file the financial disclosure statements required by
1705 section 9-608, as amended by this act, with the commission but who

1706 has not reached the five-thousand-dollar threshold of contributions or
1707 expenditures set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this
1708 section, and (2) the campaign treasurer of any political committee or
1709 [party] town committee that does not have a balance on hand of five
1710 thousand dollars or more as of the last day of the month preceding the
1711 statement required to be filed in the month of April under section 9-
1712 608, as amended by this act, may file in electronic form any financial
1713 disclosure statements required by said section 9-608. [Such filings may
1714 be made by either transmitting disks, tapes or other electronic storage
1715 media containing the contents of such statements to the proper
1716 authority under section 9-603 or transmitting the statements on-line to
1717 such proper authority. Each such] The campaign treasurer shall use
1718 either (A) [a software] the web-based program created by the
1719 commission under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, for
1720 all such statements filed in electronic form with the commission, or (B)
1721 [another] a software program which provides for the standard
1722 reporting format, and complies with the specifications, which are
1723 prescribed by the commission under subdivision (2) of subsection (a)
1724 of this section, for all such statements filed in electronic form [. The
1725 proper authority under section 9-603 shall accept any statement that
1726 uses any such software program] with the commission.

1727 Sec. 27. Subsection (b) of section 9-608 of the general statutes is
1728 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
1729 *October 1, 2010*):

1730 (b) The statements required to be filed under subsection (a) of this
1731 section and subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (e) of this section,
1732 shall not be required to be filed by: (1) A candidate committee or
1733 political committee formed for a single primary or election until such
1734 committee receives or expends an amount in excess of one thousand
1735 dollars for purposes of the primary or election for which such
1736 committee was formed; (2) a political committee formed solely to aid
1737 or promote the success or defeat of any referendum question until such
1738 committee receives or expends an amount in excess of [one] two

1739 thousand dollars; or (3) a party or political committee organized for
1740 ongoing political activities until such committee receives or expends
1741 an amount in excess of one thousand dollars for the calendar year
1742 except the statements required to be filed on the tenth calendar day in
1743 the month of January and on the seventh day preceding any election
1744 shall be so filed. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to
1745 state central committees or to the statement required to be filed by an
1746 exploratory committee upon its termination. A committee which is
1747 exempted from filing statements under the provisions of this
1748 subsection shall file in lieu thereof a statement sworn under penalty of
1749 false statement, indicating that the committee has not received or
1750 expended an amount in excess of one thousand dollars.

1751 Sec. 28. Subsection (a) of section 9-606 of the general statutes is
1752 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1753 *passage and applicable to elections held on and after said date*):

1754 (a) The campaign treasurer of each committee shall be responsible
1755 for (1) depositing, receiving and reporting all contributions and other
1756 funds in the manner specified in section 9-608, (2) making and
1757 reporting expenditures, (3) reporting expenses incurred but not yet
1758 paid, (4) filing the statements required under section 9-608, and (5)
1759 keeping internal records of each entry made on such statements. The
1760 campaign treasurer of each committee shall deposit contributions in
1761 the committee's designated depository [within] not later than fourteen
1762 days after receiving [them] any such contribution and any certification,
1763 as described in subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of section 9-608,
1764 provided, for any contribution in the form of a check, no such
1765 contribution shall be deposited more than thirty days after the date
1766 indicated on such check. The campaign treasurer of each political
1767 committee or party committee which makes a contribution of goods to
1768 another committee shall send written notice to the campaign treasurer
1769 of the recipient committee before the close of the reporting period
1770 during which the contribution was made. The notice shall be signed by
1771 the campaign treasurer of the committee making the contribution and

1772 shall include the full name of such committee, the date on which the
1773 contribution was made, a complete description of the contribution and
1774 the value of the contribution. Any dispute concerning the information
1775 contained in such notice shall be resolved by the campaign treasurer of
1776 the recipient committee. Such resolution shall not impair in any way
1777 the authority of the State Elections Enforcement Commission under
1778 section 9-7b. The campaign treasurer of the recipient committee shall
1779 preserve each such notice received for the period prescribed by
1780 subsection (f) of section 9-607.

1781 Sec. 29. Subsection (b) of section 9-17 of the general statutes is
1782 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1783 *passage*):

1784 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section,
1785 the registrars of voters shall hold a limited session on the last week day
1786 before each regular election from nine o'clock a.m. to [twelve o'clock
1787 noon] five o'clock p.m. for the purpose of admitting only those persons
1788 whose qualifications as to age, citizenship or residence in the
1789 municipality were attained after the last session for the admission of
1790 electors prior to an election. The registrars shall enter the names of
1791 those electors admitted at such limited session on the proper list, with
1792 their residences by street and numbers, if any, before one o'clock p.m.
1793 of such last week day before the election.

1794 Sec. 30. Subsection (b) of section 9-140 of the general statutes is
1795 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1796 *passage*):

1797 (b) A municipal clerk may transmit an application to a person under
1798 this subsection by facsimile machine or other electronic means. If a
1799 municipal clerk has a facsimile machine or the ability to receive other
1800 electronic means, an applicant may return a completed application to
1801 the clerk by such a machine or other electronic means, provided the
1802 applicant shall also mail the original of the completed application to
1803 the clerk, either separately or with the absentee ballot that is issued to

1804 the applicant. If the clerk does not receive such original application by
1805 the close of the polls on the day of the election, primary or referendum,
1806 the absentee ballot shall not be counted. For purposes of this
1807 subsection, "electronic means" means any transmission made by any
1808 form of electronic transmission, including, but not limited to, electronic
1809 mail that transports an authentic copy of a document from one user to
1810 another.

1811 Sec. 31. Section 9-153e of the general statutes is repealed and the
1812 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1813 A member of the armed forces who is an elector or an applicant for
1814 admission as an elector, or the member's spouse or dependent if living
1815 where such member is stationed, may apply before a regular election
1816 for a blank absentee ballot to vote for all offices being contested at the
1817 election. The clerk shall make such ballots available for this purpose
1818 beginning not earlier than [ninety days before] the first business day of
1819 January of the year of such election. Application shall be made upon a
1820 form prescribed by the Secretary of the State or on the federal postcard
1821 application form provided pursuant to the Uniformed and Overseas
1822 Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 100 Stat. 924, 42 USC 1973ff et seq., as
1823 amended from time to time, or any other applicable law and shall be
1824 issued only if the applicant states that due to military contingencies the
1825 regular application procedure, as set forth in section 9-140, as amended
1826 by this act, cannot be followed. Upon receipt of the application, the
1827 municipal clerk shall issue the ballot, either by mail or electronic
1828 means, which shall be prescribed and [printed] provided by the
1829 Secretary of the State, and a list of the offices to be voted upon
1830 indicating the number of individuals for which each elector may vote.
1831 As soon as a complete list of nominated candidates, including the
1832 party designations of such candidates, and questions is available, the
1833 clerk shall send such list to each applicant. If the list of candidates and
1834 questions is not available when the ballot is issued, the clerk shall
1835 include a statement indicating that such list shall be mailed as soon as
1836 it becomes available. The ballot shall permit the elector to vote by

1837 writing in the names of specific candidates and offices for which he is
1838 voting. The elector may also vote on the questions in a manner
1839 prescribed by the Secretary of the State. If such ballot is sent by
1840 electronic means, the clerk shall include a certification, prescribed by
1841 the Secretary of the State, that shall be completed, signed and returned
1842 with such completed ballot by the elector in order for such ballot to be
1843 counted. If the military contingency no longer exists, application for an
1844 additional ballot for all offices may be made pursuant to the provisions
1845 of section 9-153b. For purposes of this section and section 9-153f, as
1846 amended by this act, "electronic means" means any transmission made
1847 by any form of electronic transmission, including, but not limited to,
1848 electronic mail that transports an authentic copy of a document from
1849 one user to another.

1850 Sec. 32. Section 9-153f of the general statutes is repealed and the
1851 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1852 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9-140, as amended by this
1853 act, any elector who is living, or expects to be living or traveling before
1854 and on election day, outside the territorial limits of the several states of
1855 the United States and the District of Columbia and any member of the
1856 armed forces who is an elector or an applicant for admission as an
1857 elector, or the member's spouse or dependent if living where such
1858 member is stationed, may apply for a blank absentee ballot to vote for
1859 all offices being contested at an election or primary. Application shall
1860 be made upon a form prescribed by the Secretary of the State or on the
1861 federal postcard application form provided pursuant to the Uniformed
1862 and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 100 Stat. 924, 42 USC
1863 1973ff et seq., as amended from time to time, or any other applicable
1864 law. The municipal clerk receiving such an application shall, as soon as
1865 a complete list of candidates and questions to be voted upon at such
1866 election or primary becomes available, issue the ballot by mail or
1867 electronic means, which shall be the blank ballot prescribed and
1868 [printed] provided by the Secretary of the State under section 9-153e,
1869 as amended by this act. The clerk shall include with the ballot a

1870 complete list of the offices to be voted upon, the number of individuals
1871 for which each elector may vote, the candidates, and, in the case of an
1872 election, the party designation of each candidate and questions to be
1873 voted upon. If such ballot is sent by electronic means, the clerk shall
1874 include a certification, prescribed by the Secretary of the State, that
1875 shall be completed, signed and returned with such completed ballot by
1876 the elector in order for such ballot to be counted. If application for an
1877 absentee ballot is made at the time of availability of regular absentee
1878 ballots as provided in said section 9-140, the provisions of said section
1879 9-140 shall prevail. [The] Except as otherwise provided in this section,
1880 the procedures governing the issuance of ballots under this section
1881 shall conform as nearly as may be to the procedures provided in said
1882 section 9-140.

1883 Sec. 33. Subsection (e) of section 9-23r of the general statutes is
1884 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1885 *passage*):

1886 (e) If an individual described in subsection (a) of this section does
1887 not submit the identification described in subsection (a) of this section
1888 as part of the individual's application for admission as an elector, and
1889 if the individual votes by absentee ballot in an election for federal
1890 office, the individual shall enclose in the outer absentee ballot
1891 envelope, and not in the inner envelope with the ballot: (1) A copy of a
1892 current and valid photo identification, or (2) a copy of a current utility
1893 bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other
1894 government document that shows the name and address of the voter.
1895 If an individual does not meet the requirements of this subsection in an
1896 election for federal office, such individual's absentee ballot shall be
1897 processed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of
1898 subsection (d) of section 9-150a, as amended by this act, and treated as
1899 a provisional ballot [for federal office only,] pursuant to sections 9-232i
1900 to 9-232o, inclusive, as amended by this act.

1901 Sec. 34. Subsection (d) of section 9-150a of the general statutes is

1902 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1903 *passage*):

1904 (d) (1) If the statement on the inner envelope has not been signed as
1905 required by section 9-140a, such inner envelope shall not be opened or
1906 the ballot removed therefrom, and such inner envelope shall be
1907 replaced in the opened outer envelope which shall be marked
1908 "Rejected" and the reason therefor endorsed thereon by the counters.
1909 (2) If such statement is signed but the individual completing the ballot
1910 is an individual described in subsection (a) of section 9-23r, as
1911 amended by this act, and has not met the requirements of subsection
1912 (e) of section 9-23r, as amended by this act, the counters shall replace
1913 the ballot in the opened inner envelope, replace the inner envelope in
1914 the opened outer envelope and mark "Rejected as an Absentee Ballot"
1915 and endorse the reason for such rejection on the outer envelope, and
1916 the ballot shall be treated as a provisional ballot [for federal offices
1917 only,] pursuant to sections 9-232i to 9-232o, inclusive, as amended by
1918 this act.

1919 Sec. 35. Section 9-232i of the general statutes is repealed and the
1920 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1921 As used in this section and [sections] section 9-23r, as amended by
1922 this act, [and 9-232l,] "election for federal office" means an election for
1923 electors of President and Vice-President, an election or primary for
1924 United States Senator and an election or primary for Representative in
1925 Congress.

1926 Sec. 36. Section 9-232j of the general statutes is repealed and the
1927 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1928 The moderator of the election in each voting district shall appear at
1929 the office of the [town clerk] registrars of voters not later than eight
1930 o'clock p.m. of the day before an election. [for federal office.] At such
1931 time, the [town clerk] registrars of voters shall provide a provisional
1932 ballot packet to such moderator or moderators. Each packet shall

1933 include: (1) The appropriate number of provisional ballots, [for federal
1934 office provided by the Secretary of the State,] which shall be equal to
1935 not less than one per cent of the number of electors who are eligible to
1936 vote in the voting district served by the moderator, or such other
1937 number as the [municipal clerk and the] registrars of voters agree is
1938 sufficient to protect electors' voting rights, (2) the appropriate number
1939 of serially-numbered envelopes prescribed by the Secretary, (3) a
1940 provisional ballot inventory form, (4) a provisional ballot depository
1941 envelope, and (5) other necessary forms prescribed by the Secretary.

1942 Sec. 37. Section 9-232k of the general statutes is repealed and the
1943 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1944 The Secretary of the State shall prescribe [and provide to town
1945 clerks] the provisional ballot which shall be [a] the regular ballot of
1946 candidates, [for federal office.] The Secretary may prescribe that the
1947 provisional ballot be the [overseas] ballot prepared under section [9-
1948 158i] 9-135b.

1949 Sec. 38. Section 9-232l of the general statutes is repealed and the
1950 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1951 (a) An individual may apply for and be issued a provisional ballot
1952 for any primary or election if (1) the individual appears at the polling
1953 place and declares that such individual is an elector in the town in
1954 which the individual desires to vote and that the individual is eligible
1955 to vote in the primary or election [for federal office] in the polling
1956 place, but the name of the individual does not appear on the official
1957 registry list for such polling place, and (2) the registrars determine that
1958 such name cannot be restored under section 9-42 or transferred from
1959 another polling place under section 9-35.

1960 (b) If the moderator decides that an elector, whose name appears on
1961 the registry list and who has been challenged pursuant to sections 9-
1962 232 to 9-232f, inclusive, is not eligible to vote in the primary or election,
1963 [for federal office,] such elector may apply for and cast a provisional

1964 ballot upon the execution of a written affirmation by the elector at the
1965 polling place affirming that the elector is qualified to vote in the
1966 election or primary [for federal office] in the polling place and has
1967 neither offered himself or herself to vote nor voted in person or by
1968 absentee ballot at said election or primary [for federal office] at the
1969 polling place.

1970 (c) Such application for provisional ballot shall be prescribed by the
1971 Secretary of the State, executed before an election official and include a
1972 written affirmation, under penalty of false statement in absentee
1973 balloting pursuant to section 9-359a, which shall be in the form
1974 substantially as follows:

1975 AFFIRMATION: I, the undersigned, do hereby state, under
1976 penalties of false statement, that:

1977 1. I am an elector in the town indicated.

1978 2. I am eligible to vote in the election or primary indicated [for
1979 federal office] today in the town and polling place indicated.

1980 3.a. My name does not appear on the official list of eligible voters for
1981 the polling place indicated, and the polling place officials called the
1982 registrars of voters and were told that my name did not appear on the
1983 active registry list for this town for at least one of the four years
1984 previous or on one of the preliminary active registry lists for this year;
1985 or

1986 b. The moderator decided that I am not eligible to vote [for federal
1987 office] in the town indicated for the reason of disfranchisement, lack of
1988 identity, lack of bona fide residence or failure to present the prescribed
1989 identification required for new electors after January 1, 2003, indicated.

1990 4. My residence address is located in the voting district that this
1991 polling place serves.

1992 5. I have not voted and I will not vote otherwise than by this ballot

1993 in person or by absentee ballot at this election or primary. [for federal
1994 office.]

1995 6. I apply for a provisional ballot. [for federal office.]

1996 Sec. 39. Section 9-232n of the general statutes is repealed and the
1997 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1998 Immediately after the close of the polls, the moderator shall seal the
1999 provisional ballot depository envelope and deliver such envelope to
2000 the registrars of voters of the town. The registrars of voters shall
2001 forthwith verify the information contained with each provisional
2002 ballot. If the registrars of voters determine that the applicant is eligible
2003 to [vote] be registered as a voter, they shall note their decision on the
2004 outer envelope of the ballot and open and count the provisional ballot
2005 in accordance with the provisions of sections 9-232i to 9-232o,
2006 inclusive, as amended by this act, and procedures prescribed by the
2007 Secretary of the State. If the registrars of voters are unable to determine
2008 that the applicant is eligible to [vote] be registered as a voter or
2009 determine that the applicant is not eligible to [vote] be registered as a
2010 voter, the applicant's provisional ballot sealed envelope shall be
2011 marked "rejected", along with the reason for such rejection, and signed
2012 by the registrars of voters. The registrars of voters shall verify and
2013 count all provisional ballots in their town not later than six days after
2014 the election or primary. If the registrars determine that an applicant
2015 has cast a provisional ballot in a voting district other than the one in
2016 which the applicant was eligible to vote, the registrars of voters shall
2017 only count the votes for the district or municipal offices representing
2018 the district, municipality or political subdivision, as the case may be, in
2019 which the applicant resides. The registrars of voters shall forthwith
2020 prepare and sign in duplicate a report showing the number of
2021 provisional ballots received from electors, the number rejected and the
2022 number counted, and showing the additional votes counted for each
2023 candidate for federal office on the provisional ballots. The registrars of
2024 voters shall file one report with the town clerk and shall seal one in the

2025 depository envelope with the provisional ballots and file such
2026 depository envelope with the town clerk. The depository envelope
2027 shall be preserved by the town clerk for the period of time required to
2028 preserve counted absentee ballots for federal elections. The head
2029 moderator shall forthwith file a corrected return for federal offices
2030 with the town clerk and the Secretary of the State showing (1) the final
2031 votes after any recanvass, pursuant to sections 9-311 to 9-311b,
2032 inclusive, the votes on provisional ballots and the totals, and (2) the
2033 number of provisional ballots received from electors, the number
2034 rejected and the number counted, as reported by the registrars of
2035 voters.

2036 Sec. 40. (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding the provisions of the
2037 charter for the town of Woodbridge and the provisions of section 9-
2038 164c of the general statutes, the town of Woodbridge shall hold
2039 municipal elections on the November municipal election date specified
2040 in section 9-164 of the general statutes.

2041 Sec. 41. Subsection (g) of section 9-167a of the general statutes is
2042 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
2043 *1, 2010*):

2044 (g) For the purposes of this section, a person shall be deemed to be a
2045 member of the political party on whose enrollment list his name
2046 appears on the date of his appointment to, or of his nomination as a
2047 candidate for election to, any office specified in subsection (a) of this
2048 section, provided any person who has applied for erasure or transfer of
2049 his name from an enrollment list shall be considered a member of the
2050 party from whose list he has so applied for erasure or transfer for a
2051 period of [~~three~~] four months from the date of the filing of such
2052 application and provided further any person whose candidacy for
2053 election to an office is solely as the candidate of a party other than the
2054 party with which he is enrolled shall be deemed to be a member of the
2055 party of which he is such candidate.

2056 Sec. 42. Section 9-59 of the general statutes is repealed and the

2057 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):

2058 Any elector whose name appears on any enrollment list or who has
2059 made application for enrollment may, at any time, make a written
2060 application, on an application form for admission as an elector, which
2061 shall be signed by such elector, to either registrar for erasure of his
2062 name from such list or for transfer of his name to the enrollment list of
2063 another party. If an elector makes an application for erasure, his name
2064 shall be erased from said enrollment list and, if a municipality is
2065 having a primary in which unaffiliated electors are authorized to vote,
2066 under section 9-431, such elector's name shall be placed on the list of
2067 unaffiliated electors together with the date he is eligible to vote in a
2068 primary. If an elector makes an application for transfer, his name shall
2069 be transferred to the enrollment list of another party, together with the
2070 effective date of such transfer. Any elector whose name has been
2071 transferred from one enrollment list to another or who has applied for
2072 erasure or transfer of his name from an enrollment list shall not be
2073 entitled to participate or vote in a caucus or primary of any party,
2074 participate in the appointment of members to any board or
2075 commission that is political in nature, be appointed as a member of
2076 any board or commission that is political in nature or be entitled to the
2077 privileges accompanying enrollment in any party for a period of
2078 [three] four months from the date of the filing of his application for
2079 transfer or for erasure. Any elector who removes his name from the
2080 registry list and from an enrollment list in accordance with the
2081 provisions of section 9-35b shall not be entitled to enroll in any
2082 political party or vote in any primary for [three] four months after such
2083 removal. The registrars of voters shall state, on the notice of acceptance
2084 sent under sections 9-23g, 9-19b and 9-19e, the date enrollment
2085 privileges take effect, if delayed.

2086 Sec. 43. Sections 9-191, 9-717 and 9-322a of the general statutes are
2087 repealed. (*Effective from passage*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-601(25)
Sec. 2	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-601
Sec. 3	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-601a(b)
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	9-603(a)
Sec. 5	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-606(b)
Sec. 6	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-607
Sec. 7	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-608(a)
Sec. 8	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-608(c) to (e)
Sec. 9	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-621(a)
Sec. 10	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-702(b) and (c)

Sec. 11	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-703(a)
Sec. 12	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-704
Sec. 13	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on or after said date</i>	9-705(j)
Sec. 14	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-706(b) to (g)
Sec. 15	<i>from passage and applicable to primaries and elections held on and after said date</i>	9-712
Sec. 16	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-169g(a)
Sec. 18	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-314
Sec. 19	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-190
Sec. 20	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-6
Sec. 21	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-53
Sec. 22	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-54
Sec. 23	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-65
Sec. 24	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-235(d)
Sec. 25	<i>July 1, 2010</i>	9-438
Sec. 26	<i>from passage</i>	9-675
Sec. 27	<i>October 1, 2010</i>	9-608(b)
Sec. 28	<i>from passage and applicable to elections held on and after said date</i>	9-606(a)
Sec. 29	<i>from passage</i>	9-17(b)
Sec. 30	<i>from passage</i>	9-140(b)
Sec. 31	<i>from passage</i>	9-153e
Sec. 32	<i>from passage</i>	9-153f
Sec. 33	<i>from passage</i>	9-23r(e)
Sec. 34	<i>from passage</i>	9-150a(d)

Sec. 35	<i>from passage</i>	9-232i
Sec. 36	<i>from passage</i>	9-232j
Sec. 37	<i>from passage</i>	9-232k
Sec. 38	<i>from passage</i>	9-232l
Sec. 39	<i>from passage</i>	9-232n
Sec. 40	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 41	<i>July 1, 2010</i>	9-167a(g)
Sec. 42	<i>July 1, 2010</i>	9-59
Sec. 43	<i>from passage</i>	Repealer section

Statement of Purpose:

To amend various elections statutes and to provide that Woodbrige shall hold municipal elections in November, rather than May.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]