



General Assembly

February Session, 2010

Raised Bill No. 207

LCO No. 1162

01162_____ENV

Referred to Committee on Environment

Introduced by:
(ENV)

AN ACT CONCERNING RECENT INCREASES IN HUNTING AND FISHING LICENSES AND AMENDING CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE FINES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 26-27b of the 2010 supplement to the general
2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
3 (*Effective from passage*):

4 (a) On or after July 1, 1993, no person sixteen years of age or older
5 may hunt waterfowl or take waterfowl in the state without first
6 procuring a Connecticut Migratory Bird Conservation Stamp and
7 having such stamp in his possession with his signature written in ink
8 across the face of the stamp while hunting waterfowl or taking
9 waterfowl. The stamp shall not be transferable and shall be issued
10 annually beginning on July first.

11 (b) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall provide for
12 the design, production and procurement of the mandatory Connecticut
13 Migratory Bird Conservation Stamp and shall, by regulations adopted
14 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, provide for the

15 issuance of the stamp. Stamps shall be sold at a price determined by
16 the commissioner, provided the price of a mandatory stamp shall not
17 exceed [~~fifteen~~] twelve dollars. Any agent or town clerk issuing such
18 stamps may retain a fee of fifty cents for each stamp sold and shall
19 remit the balance to the Department of Environmental Protection.

20 Sec. 2. Section 26-28 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
21 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
22 *passage*):

23 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the fees for
24 firearms hunting, archery hunting, trapping and sport fishing licenses
25 or for the combination thereof shall be as follows: (1) Resident firearms
26 hunting license, [~~twenty-eight~~] seventeen dollars; (2) resident fishing
27 license, [~~forty~~] twenty-four dollars; (3) resident marine waters fishing
28 license, [~~ten~~] thirty dollars; (4) one-day resident marine waters fishing
29 license, fifteen dollars; (5) resident all-waters fishing license, fifty
30 dollars; (6) resident combination license to fish in inland waters and
31 firearms hunt, [~~fifty-six~~] thirty-four dollars; (7) resident combination
32 license to fish in marine waters and firearms hunt, fifty dollars; (8)
33 resident combination license to fish in all waters and firearms hunt,
34 sixty dollars; (9) resident combination license to fish in all waters and
35 bow and arrow permit to hunt deer and small game issued pursuant to
36 section 26-86c, as amended by this act, eighty-four dollars; (10)
37 resident firearms super sport license to fish in all waters and firearms
38 hunt, firearms private land shotgun or rifle deer permit issued
39 pursuant to section 26-86a, as amended by this act, and permit to hunt
40 wild turkey during the spring season on private land issued pursuant
41 to section 26-48a, as amended by this act, one hundred sixteen dollars;
42 (11) resident archery super sport license to fish in all waters, bow and
43 arrow permit to hunt deer and small game issued pursuant to section
44 26-86c, as amended by this act, and permit to hunt wild turkey during
45 the spring season on private land issued pursuant to section 26-48a, as
46 amended by this act, one hundred four dollars; (12) resident trapping
47 license, [~~fifty~~] thirty dollars; (13) resident junior trapping license for

48 persons under sixteen years of age, [~~fifteen~~] four dollars; (14) junior
49 firearms hunting license, [~~fifteen~~] four dollars; (15) nonresident
50 firearms hunting license, [~~one hundred thirty-four~~] eighty-one dollars;
51 (16) nonresident inland waters fishing license, [~~eighty~~] forty-eight
52 dollars; (17) nonresident inland waters fishing license for a period of
53 three consecutive days, [~~thirty-two~~] twenty dollars; (18) nonresident
54 marine waters fishing license, sixty dollars; (19) nonresident marine
55 waters fishing license for a period of three consecutive days, twenty-
56 four dollars; (20) nonresident all-waters fishing license, one hundred
57 dollars; (21) nonresident combination license to firearms hunt and
58 inland waters fish, [~~one hundred seventy-six~~] one hundred six dollars;
59 (22) nonresident combination license to fish in all waters and firearms
60 hunt, one hundred ninety dollars; (23) nonresident combination license
61 to fish in marine waters and firearms hunt, one hundred seventy
62 dollars; and (24) nonresident trapping license, [~~two hundred fifty~~] two
63 hundred forty dollars. Persons sixty-five years of age and over who
64 have been residents of this state for not less than one year and who
65 meet the requirements of subsection (b) of section 26-31 may be issued
66 an annual license to firearms hunt or to fish or combination license to
67 fish and firearms hunt or a license to trap without fee. The issuing
68 agency shall indicate on a combination license the specific purpose for
69 which such license is issued. The town clerk shall retain a recording fee
70 of one dollar for each license issued by him.

71 (b) Any nonresident residing in one of the New England states or
72 the state of New York may procure a license to hunt or to fish or to
73 hunt and fish for the same fee or fees as a resident of this state if he is a
74 resident of a state the laws of which allow the same privilege to
75 residents of this state.

76 Sec. 3. Section 26-37 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
77 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
78 *passage*):

79 The commissioner, upon written application and the payment of a

80 fee of [fifteen] nine dollars, shall issue to any person licensed to hunt,
81 to hunt and trap or fish, or the combination thereof, a duplicate license
82 when he is satisfied that the original license of such person has been
83 lost, destroyed or mutilated beyond recognition. No such application
84 form shall contain any material false statement. All such application
85 forms shall have printed thereon, "I declare under the penalties of false
86 statement that the statements herein made by me are true and correct."
87 Any person who makes any material false statement on such
88 application form shall be guilty of false statement and shall be subject
89 to the penalties provided for false statement and such offense shall be
90 deemed to have been committed in the town of residence of the
91 applicant, except that in the case of applications received from
92 nonresidents such offense shall be deemed to have been committed in
93 the town in which such application is presented or received for
94 processing. The town clerk certifying such application form shall
95 receive from the total fee herein specified the sum of one dollar.

96 Sec. 4. Section 26-39 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
97 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
98 *passage*):

99 Any hunting organization or individual owning and using for
100 hunting an organized pack of ten or more hounds or beagles may hunt
101 foxes or rabbits for sport during the open season provided therefor,
102 provided such organization or individual shall be licensed to do so.
103 The commissioner may issue such license upon application and the
104 payment of an annual fee of [seventy] forty-two dollars. Persons
105 participating in hunting conducted with an organized pack of hounds
106 under such a license shall not be required to have a hunting license. No
107 participant in such hunt shall carry firearms.

108 Sec. 5. Section 26-40 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
109 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
110 *passage*):

111 No person, association or corporation shall possess more than one

112 live specimen of, breed or propagate any wild game bird or wild game
113 quadruped of the following species without a game breeder's license
114 as provided herein: In the family Anatidae, all ducks, geese and swans;
115 in the family Phasianidae, all quail, partridge and the following strains
116 of pheasant: Blackneck, Chinese, English, Formosan, melanistic mutant
117 and Mongolian or any cross-breeding thereof and for the purpose of
118 section 22-327 all other members of this family shall be classed as
119 domestic fowls; in the family Tetranoidae, the ruffed grouse; in the
120 family Melegrididae, turkeys except domestic strains; in the family
121 Cervidae, the sika and white tail deer; in the family Procyonidae, the
122 raccoon; in the family Mustelidae, the otter; in the family Castoridae,
123 the beaver; and in the family Leporidae, all species except domestic
124 strains. The commissioner, upon written application and the payment
125 of a fee of [forty-two] twenty-six dollars, may license any person,
126 association or corporation to possess, breed, propagate and sell any
127 birds or mammals specified in this section. Such license shall be annual
128 and nontransferable and shall expire on the thirty-first day of
129 December after its issuance. The commissioner may adopt regulations
130 concerning the granting of such licenses and the sale, propagation and
131 transportation of birds or mammals specified in this section
132 propagated and possessed by any such licensee. All applications for
133 such licenses shall be upon blanks prepared and furnished by the
134 commissioner. Any person, association or corporation, licensed under
135 the provisions of this section, shall keep a record of all birds or
136 mammals specified in this section which are sold, transported or
137 propagated by such licensee, whether the same are sold dead or alive,
138 and shall report to the commissioner not later than the January thirty-
139 first of the year following the expiration of the license period. Such
140 report shall contain the number of birds and mammals procured,
141 possessed and propagated and the name of each person to whom any
142 such sale has been made and the date of such sale or transportation.
143 Each package containing birds or mammals specified in this section, or
144 any part thereof, so propagated or possessed and offered for
145 transportation shall be plainly labeled with the name and license

146 number of the licensee offering the same for transportation, the name
147 of the consignee and a statement of the contents of such package. Any
148 license granted under the provisions of this section may be revoked by
149 the commissioner. No person, association or corporation may breed,
150 propagate or sell any skunk or raccoon, except that such animals, with
151 the approval of the commissioner may be kept in a zoo, nature center,
152 museum, laboratory or research facility maintained by a scientific or
153 educational institution. In no instance shall such animals be accessible
154 to handling by the general public. No person may possess any skunk
155 purchased in any Connecticut retail establishment after May 1, 1979, or
156 any raccoon purchased after October 1, 1985. Any person, association
157 or corporation which violates any provision of this section or any
158 regulation issued by the commissioner pursuant thereto shall be fined
159 not more than ninety dollars for each offense.

160 Sec. 6. Section 26-42 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
161 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
162 *passage*):

163 (a) No person shall engage in the business of buying raw furs
164 produced in this state without obtaining a license from the
165 commissioner. Such license shall be nontransferable and shall expire
166 on June thirtieth next succeeding its issuance. Any license issued in
167 accordance with the provisions of this section may be revoked for
168 failure of the licensee to report the activities engaged in under the
169 license to the commissioner. Activities shall be reported in a manner
170 and at a time specified by the commissioner. Any conservation officer,
171 special conservation officer or recreation officer may examine and
172 inspect any premises used by or records maintained by any person
173 pursuant to a license issued under this section. Notwithstanding any
174 provision of section 1-210 to the contrary, no person shall obtain,
175 attempt to obtain or release to any person or government agency any
176 identifiable individual record of, or information derived from, any
177 report submitted in accordance with the provisions of this section or
178 submitted voluntarily upon request of the commissioner without the

179 consent of the person making the report, except that the commissioner
180 may authorize the release of such information for the purposes of
181 wildlife research, management or development. The fees for such
182 licenses shall be as follows: For each nonresident, or resident, [eighty-
183 four] fifty-one dollars, and for each authorized agent of a licensed
184 resident fur buyer, [fifty-six] thirty-four dollars.

185 (b) The commissioner may adopt regulations in accordance with the
186 provisions of chapter 54 concerning the buying and selling of raw furs.
187 Such regulations may establish (1) procedures for recording and
188 reporting transactions involving raw furs, and (2) tagging
189 requirements for buying and selling raw furs.

190 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be
191 fined not less than one hundred dollars or more than two hundred
192 fifty dollars or imprisoned not more than ten days or be both fined and
193 imprisoned.

194 Sec. 7. Section 26-45 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
195 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
196 *passage*):

197 No person shall possess for the purpose of sale, sell or offer for sale
198 any bait species without first obtaining a bait dealer's license from the
199 commissioner, provided the provisions hereof shall not apply to
200 persons issued a commercial hatchery license under section 26-149, as
201 amended by this act. Application forms for such license shall be
202 furnished by the commissioner. Such license shall be nontransferable.
203 The fee for each such license shall be [one hundred] sixty dollars
204 annually. Each such license shall expire on the last day of December
205 next after issuance. Each such licensed bait dealer may possess and sell
206 only such bait species as shall be authorized under regulations issued
207 by the commissioner, provided live carp and goldfish shall not be
208 possessed for any purpose on premises used by licensed bait dealers.
209 Each such licensee shall keep such records relating to the operation of
210 such business as the commissioner determines on forms furnished by

211 the commissioner and shall file such report with the commissioner
212 within thirty days after the expiration of such license. No such report
213 shall contain any material false statement. Failure to file such report
214 shall be a violation of this section and the commissioner may refuse to
215 reissue such license until the licensee complies with this requirement.
216 Representatives of the commissioner may enter upon the premises of
217 bait dealers at any time to inspect required records and the bait species
218 possessed and to detect violations of this section and regulations
219 issued hereunder by the commissioner, and such representatives may
220 confiscate and dispose of any fish illegally possessed. Any person who
221 violates any provision of this section or any such regulation issued by
222 the commissioner shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than
223 one hundred dollars or be imprisoned not more than thirty days or
224 both.

225 Sec. 8. Subsection (b) of section 26-47 of the 2010 supplement to the
226 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
227 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

228 (b) (1) No person shall engage in the business of controlling
229 nuisance wildlife, other than rats or mice, without obtaining a license
230 from the commissioner. Such license shall be valid for a period of two
231 years and may be renewed in accordance with a schedule established
232 by the commissioner. The fee for such license shall be [two hundred
233 fifty] two hundred forty dollars. The controlling of nuisance wildlife at
234 the direction of the commissioner shall not constitute engaging in the
235 business of controlling nuisance wildlife for the purposes of this
236 section. No person shall be licensed under this subsection unless the
237 person: (A) Provides evidence, satisfactory to the commissioner, that
238 the person has completed training which included instruction in site
239 evaluation, methods of nonlethal and approved lethal resolution of
240 common nuisance wildlife problems, techniques to prevent
241 reoccurrence of such problems and humane capture, handling and
242 euthanasia of nuisance wildlife and instruction in methods of
243 nonlethal resolution of common nuisance wildlife problems, including,

244 but not limited to, training regarding frightening devices, repellants,
245 one-way door exclusion and other exclusion methods, habitat
246 modification and live-trapping and releasing and other methods as the
247 commissioner may deem appropriate; and (B) is a resident of this state
248 or of a state that does not prohibit residents of this state from being
249 licensed as nuisance wildlife control operators because of lack of
250 residency.

251 (2) The licensure requirements shall apply to municipal employees
252 who engage in the control or handling of animals, including, but not
253 limited to, animal control officers, except that no license shall be
254 required of such employees for the emergency control of rabies.
255 Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection, the
256 commissioner shall waive the licensure fee for such employees. The
257 commissioner shall provide to such municipal employees, without
258 charge, the training required for licensure under this subsection. A
259 license held by a municipal employee shall be noncommercial,
260 nontransferable and conditional upon municipal employment.

261 (3) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with
262 the provisions of chapter 54, which (A) define the scope and methods
263 for controlling nuisance wildlife provided such regulations shall
264 incorporate the recommendations of the 1993 report of the American
265 Veterinary Medical Association panel on euthanasia and further
266 provided such regulations may provide for the use of specific
267 alternatives to such recommendations only in specified circumstances
268 where use of a method of killing approved by such association would
269 involve an imminent threat to human health or safety and only if such
270 alternatives are designed to kill the animal as quickly and painlessly as
271 practicable while protecting human health and safety, and (B) establish
272 criteria and procedures for issuance of a license.

273 (4) Except as otherwise provided in regulations adopted under this
274 section, no person licensed under this subsection may kill any animal
275 by any method which does not conform to the recommendations of the

276 1993 report of the American Veterinary Medical Association panel on
277 euthanasia. No person may advertise any services relating to humane
278 capture or relocation of wildlife unless all methods employed in such
279 services conform to such regulations.

280 (5) Any person licensed under this subsection shall provide all
281 clients with a written statement approved by the commissioner
282 regarding approved lethal and nonlethal options, as provided in this
283 subsection, which are available to the client for resolution of common
284 nuisance problems. If a written statement cannot be delivered to the
285 client prior to services being rendered, the licensee shall leave the
286 statement at the job site or other location arranged with the client.

287 (6) Each person licensed under this subsection shall submit a report
288 to the commissioner, on such date as the commissioner may
289 determine, that specifies the means utilized in each case of nuisance
290 wildlife control service provided in the preceding calendar year
291 including any method used in those cases where an animal was killed.
292 Any information included in such report which identifies a client of
293 such person or the client's street address may be released by the
294 commissioner only pursuant to an investigation related to enforcement
295 of this section.

296 Sec. 9. Section 26-48 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is
297 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
298 *passage*):

299 The commissioner may issue permits authorizing the establishment
300 and operation of regulated private shooting preserves when in his
301 judgment such preserves will not conflict with any reasonable prior
302 public interest. The fee for such permit shall be [one hundred] sixty
303 dollars per season. A hunting license shall not be required to hunt on
304 such private shooting preserves. The commissioner shall govern and
305 prescribe by regulations the size of the preserves, the methods of
306 hunting, the species and sex of birds that may be taken, the open and
307 closed seasons, the tagging of birds with tags furnished by the

308 commissioner at a reasonable fee and the releasing, possession and use
309 of legally propagated game birds thereon; and may require such
310 reports as the commissioner deems necessary concerning the operation
311 of such preserves. Any permit issued under the provisions of this
312 section may be revoked for a violation of any provision of this chapter
313 or for a violation of any regulation made by the commissioner relating
314 to private shooting preserves.

315 Sec. 10. Section 26-48a of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
316 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
317 *from passage*):

318 (a) The commissioner may establish, by regulations adopted in
319 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, standards for the
320 management of salmon, migratory game birds in accordance with
321 section 26-92, pheasant and turkey which shall include provision for
322 the issuance of permits, tags or stamps. The commissioner may charge
323 a fee for a permit, tag or stamp as follows: Not more than [twenty-
324 eight] seventeen dollars for turkey; not more than [fifteen] four dollars
325 for migratory game birds; not more than [twenty-eight] seventeen
326 dollars for pheasant and not more than [fifty-six] thirty-four dollars for
327 salmon. No person shall be issued a permit, tag or stamp for migratory
328 birds, pheasant or turkey without first obtaining a license to hunt and
329 no person shall be issued a permit, tag or stamp for salmon without
330 first obtaining a license to fish. Notwithstanding any provision of any
331 regulation to the contrary, the commissioner may charge a fee of
332 [twenty-eight] seventeen dollars for the issuance of a permit to hunt
333 wild turkey on state-owned or private land during the fall season.

334 (b) Such permits, tags or stamps shall be issued to qualified
335 applicants by any town clerk. Application for such permits, tags or
336 stamps shall be on such form and require of the applicant such
337 information as the commissioner may prescribe. The commissioner
338 may adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54
339 authorizing a town clerk to retain part of any fee paid for a permit, tag

340 or stamp issued by such town clerk pursuant to this section, provided
341 the amount retained shall not be less than fifty cents.

342 Sec. 11. Subsection (b) of section 26-49 of the 2010 supplement to the
343 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
344 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

345 (b) Said commissioner may authorize the establishment and
346 operation of regulated hunting dog-training areas and may issue to
347 any person holding a private shooting preserve permit, as provided for
348 under section 26-48, as amended by this act, or to any established game
349 breeder holding a game breeder's license, as provided for under
350 section 26-40, as amended by this act, or to any person holding a
351 commercial kennel license, as provided for under section 22-342, a
352 permit, which shall expire on June thirtieth next after issuance and for
353 which a fee of [twenty-eight] seventeen dollars shall be charged,
354 authorizing the liberation of artificially propagated game birds and
355 pigeons, legally possessed and suitably tagged with tags furnished by
356 the commissioner, for which a reasonable fee may be charged, and the
357 subsequent shooting of such game birds and pigeons by persons
358 authorized by any such permittee, in connection with the training of
359 hunting dogs only, at any time, including Sunday; provided
360 permission to shoot on Sunday on the area specified in the permit shall
361 have the approval of the proper authorities of the town or towns in
362 which such dog-training area is located and shall apply only to the
363 period from sunrise to sunset.

364 Sec. 12. Section 26-51 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
365 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
366 *from passage*):

367 The commissioner may, upon application and payment of a fee of
368 [fifteen] nine dollars, issue to any responsible person or organization a
369 permit to hold a field dog trial subject to such regulations as he may
370 prescribe. Any such permit may be revoked by the commissioner at
371 any time.

372 Sec. 13. Section 26-52 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
373 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
374 *from passage*):

375 The commissioner may issue to any responsible person or
376 authorized field trial group a permit to hold field dog trials, on land
377 approved by the commissioner as suitable for the purpose, at any time,
378 including Sunday, during daylight hours, at which liberated game
379 birds, waterfowl and pigeons legally possessed may be shot. All such
380 game birds shall, immediately after being shot, be tagged with tags
381 furnished by the commissioner, for which a reasonable fee may be
382 charged. Such game birds so tagged may be possessed, transported,
383 bought and sold at any time. Tags shall not be removed from such
384 game birds until such time as such birds are finally prepared for
385 consumption. The commissioner may, by regulation, govern and
386 prescribe the minimum number of such birds that shall be released, the
387 method of liberating and the method of taking such birds, the species
388 and sex of such birds that may be shot, locations where such field dog
389 trials may be held, periods of the year when such field dog trials may
390 be held, the maximum number of such field dog trials that shall be
391 sponsored or conducted by an individual or group during the period
392 from July first to June thirtieth and the method of reporting all such
393 activities. Notwithstanding the provision of any regulation to the
394 contrary, the fee for a permit to hold a field dog trial on state-owned
395 land shall be [fifty-six] thirty-four dollars and the fee for a permit to
396 hold a field dog trial on private land shall be [twenty-eight] seventeen
397 dollars.

398 Sec. 14. Section 26-58 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
399 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
400 *from passage*):

401 (a) No person shall practice taxidermy for profit unless he has
402 obtained a license from the commissioner. The commissioner may,
403 upon the application of any citizen of this state, accompanied by

404 payment of a fee of [one hundred sixty-eight] one hundred one dollars,
405 issue to such person a license to practice taxidermy, which license shall
406 expire on December thirty-first next following the date of issue. Any
407 such licensee shall permit, at any time, any law enforcement officer to
408 examine and inspect any premises used by him for the practice of
409 taxidermy. Such licensee may receive any bird or animal legally killed
410 in this state or any bird or animal legally killed and imported into this
411 state, for the purpose of tanning, curing or mounting the same, and the
412 provisions of section 26-76 shall not apply to such person. Each
413 licensee shall make an annual report to the commissioner, containing
414 such information as he requires.

415 (b) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this
416 section shall be fined not less than one dollar or more than one
417 hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days or be both
418 fined and imprisoned.

419 (c) The license of any person to practice taxidermy may be revoked
420 or suspended at any time for cause by the commissioner.

421 Sec. 15. Section 26-60 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
422 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
423 *from passage*):

424 The commissioner may grant to any properly accredited person not
425 less than eighteen years of age, upon written application, a permit to
426 collect fish, crustaceans and wildlife and their nests and eggs, for
427 scientific and educational purposes only, and not for sale or exchange
428 or shipment from or removal from the state without the consent of the
429 commissioner. The commissioner may determine the number and
430 species of such fish, crustaceans and wildlife and their nests and eggs
431 which may be taken and the area and method of collection of such fish,
432 crustaceans and wildlife under any permit in any year. The permit
433 shall be issued for a term established by the commissioner in
434 accordance with federal regulations and shall not be transferable. The
435 commissioner shall charge an annual fee of [forty] twenty-four dollars

436 for such permit. Each person receiving a permit under the provisions
437 of this section shall report to the commissioner on blanks furnished by
438 the commissioner, at or before the expiration of such permit, the
439 detailed results of the collections made thereunder. Any person
440 violating the provisions of this chapter or of the permit held by him
441 shall be subject to the penalties provided in section 26-64, and, upon
442 conviction of such violation, the permit so held by him shall become
443 void.

444 Sec. 16. Section 26-86a of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
445 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
446 *from passage*):

447 (a) The commissioner shall establish by regulation adopted in
448 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 standards for deer
449 management, and methods, regulated areas, bag limits, seasons and
450 permit eligibility for hunting deer with bow and arrow, muzzleloader
451 and shotgun, except that no such hunting shall be permitted on
452 Sunday. No person shall hunt, pursue, wound or kill deer with a
453 firearm without first obtaining a deer permit from the commissioner in
454 addition to the license required by section 26-27. Application for such
455 permit shall be made on forms furnished by the commissioner and
456 containing such information as he may require. Such permit shall be of
457 a design prescribed by the commissioner, shall contain such
458 information and conditions as the commissioner may require, and may
459 be revoked for violation of any provision of this chapter or regulations
460 adopted pursuant thereto. As used in this section, "muzzleloader"
461 means a rifle or shotgun of at least forty-five caliber, incapable of firing
462 a self-contained cartridge, which uses powder, a projectile, including,
463 but not limited to, a standard round ball, mini-balls, maxi-balls and
464 Sabot bullets, and wadding loaded separately at the muzzle end and
465 "rifle" means a long gun the projectile of which is six millimeters or
466 larger in diameter. The fee for a firearms permit shall be [twenty-eight]
467 seventeen dollars for residents of the state and [one hundred] sixty
468 dollars for nonresidents, except that any nonresident who is an active

469 full-time member of the armed forces, as defined in section 27-103,
470 may purchase a firearms permit for the same fee as is charged a
471 resident of the state. The commissioner shall issue, without fee, a
472 private land deer permit to the owner of ten or more acres of private
473 land and the husband or wife, parent, grandparent, sibling and any
474 lineal descendant of such owner, provided no such owner, husband or
475 wife, parent, grandparent, sibling or lineal descendant shall be issued
476 more than one such permit per season. Such permit shall allow the use
477 of a rifle, shotgun, muzzleloader or bow and arrow on such land from
478 November first to December thirty-first, inclusive. Deer may be so
479 hunted at such times and in such areas of such state-owned land as are
480 designated by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and on
481 privately owned land with the signed consent of the landowner, on
482 forms furnished by the department, and such signed consent shall be
483 carried by any person when so hunting on private land. The owner of
484 ten acres or more of private land may allow the use of a rifle to hunt
485 deer on such land during the shotgun season. The commissioner shall
486 determine, by regulation, the number of consent forms issued for any
487 regulated area established by said commissioner. The commissioner
488 shall provide for a fair and equitable random method for the selection
489 of successful applicants who may obtain shotgun and muzzleloader
490 permits for hunting deer on state lands. Any person whose name
491 appears on more than one application for a shotgun permit or more
492 than one application for a muzzleloader permit shall be disqualified
493 from the selection process for such permit. No person shall hunt,
494 pursue, wound or kill deer with a bow and arrow without first
495 obtaining a bow and arrow permit pursuant to section 26-86c, as
496 amended by this act. "Bow and arrow" as used in this section and in
497 section 26-86c, as amended by this act, means a bow with a draw
498 weight of not less than forty pounds. The arrowhead shall have two or
499 more blades and may not be less than seven-eighths of an inch at the
500 widest point. No person shall carry firearms of any kind while hunting
501 with a bow and arrow under said sections.

502 (b) Any person who takes a deer without a permit shall be fined not

503 less than two hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars or
504 imprisoned not less than thirty days or more than six months or shall
505 be both fined and imprisoned, for the first offense, and for each
506 subsequent offense shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars or
507 more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year
508 or shall be both fined and imprisoned.

509 Sec. 17. Section 26-86c of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
510 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
511 *from passage*):

512 No person may hunt deer or small game with a bow and arrow
513 under the provisions of this chapter without a valid permit issued by
514 the Commissioner of Environmental Protection pursuant to this
515 section or section 26-86a, as amended by this act, for persons hunting
516 deer with bow and arrow under private land deer permits issued free
517 to qualifying landowners, or their husbands or wives, parents,
518 grandparents, lineal descendants or siblings under that section. The fee
519 for such bow and arrow permit to hunt deer and small game shall be
520 ~~[sixty]~~ thirty-six dollars for residents and ~~[two hundred]~~ one hundred
521 twenty dollars for nonresidents, or ~~[twenty-six]~~ sixteen dollars for any
522 person twelve years of age or older but under sixteen years of age,
523 except that any nonresident who is an active full-time member of the
524 armed forces, as defined in section 27-103, may purchase a bow and
525 arrow permit to hunt deer and small game for the same fee as is
526 charged a resident of the state. Permits to hunt with a bow and arrow
527 under the provisions of this chapter shall be issued only to qualified
528 applicants therefor by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection,
529 in such form as said commissioner prescribes. Applications shall be
530 made on forms furnished by the commissioner containing such
531 information as he may require and all such application forms shall
532 have printed thereon: "I declare under the penalties of false statement
533 that the statements herein made by me are true and correct." Any
534 person who makes any material false statement on such application
535 form shall be guilty of false statement and shall be subject to the

536 penalties provided for false statement and said offense shall be
537 deemed to have been committed in the town in which the applicant
538 resides. No such application shall contain any material false statement.
539 On and after January 1, 2002, permits to hunt with a bow and arrow
540 under the provisions of this chapter shall be issued only to qualified
541 applicants who have successfully completed the conservation
542 education bow hunting course as specified in section 26-31 or an
543 equivalent course in another state.

544 Sec. 18. Subsection (c) of section 26-142a of the 2010 supplement to
545 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
546 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

547 (c) The fee for the following fishing licenses and registrations and
548 for a commercial fishing vessel permit shall be: (1) For a license to take
549 blue crabs for commercial purposes, [~~one hundred fifty~~] ninety dollars;
550 (2) for a license to take lobsters for personal use, but not for sale, (A) by
551 the use of not more than ten lobster pots, traps or similar devices
552 provided finfish may be taken incidentally during such use if taken in
553 accordance with recreational fishery creel limits adopted under section
554 26-159a and if taken for personal use and not for sale, or (B) by skin
555 diving, scuba diving or by hand, [~~one hundred twenty~~] seventy-two
556 dollars; (3) for a license to take lobsters, fish or crabs, other than blue
557 crabs for personal use or for sale, by the use of more than ten lobster
558 pots or similar devices, [~~one hundred ninety~~] one hundred eighty
559 dollars for residents of this state and [~~two hundred eighty-five~~] two
560 hundred sixty-nine dollars for nonresidents, provided any such license
561 issued to a resident of a state that does not issue commercial licenses
562 conferring the same authority to take lobsters to residents of
563 Connecticut shall be limited to the taking of crabs, other than blue
564 crabs, and a nonresident shall not be issued such license if the laws of
565 the nonresident's state concerning the taking of lobster are less
566 restrictive than regulations adopted pursuant to section 26-157c; (4) for
567 a license to take lobsters, crabs other than blue crabs, squid, sea
568 scallops and finfish, for personal use or for sale, by the use of more

569 than ten lobster pots or similar devices, or by the use of any otter trawl,
570 balloon trawl, beam trawl, sea scallop dredge or similar device, [two
571 hundred eighty-five] two hundred sixty-nine dollars for residents of
572 this state and one thousand five hundred dollars for nonresidents,
573 provided any such license issued to residents of states which do not
574 issue commercial licenses conferring the same authority to take
575 lobsters to residents of Connecticut shall be limited to the taking of
576 crabs other than blue crabs, squid, sea scallops and finfish by the use of
577 any otter trawl, balloon trawl, beam trawl, sea scallop dredge or
578 similar device, and a nonresident shall not be issued such license if the
579 laws of the state of residency concerning the taking of lobster are less
580 restrictive than regulations adopted under the authority of section 26-
581 157c; (5) for a license to set or tend gill nets, seines, scap or scoop nets
582 used to take American shad, [two hundred] one hundred twenty
583 dollars; (6) for the registration of each pound net or similar device used
584 to take finfish, [two hundred eighty-five] two hundred sixty-nine
585 dollars, provided persons setting, operating, tending or assisting in
586 setting, operating or tending such pound nets shall not be required to
587 be licensed; (7) for a license to set or tend gill nets, seines, traps, fish
588 pots, cast nets, fykes, scaps, scoops, eel pots or similar devices to take
589 finfish other than American shad or bait species for commercial
590 purposes, or, in any waters seaward of the inland district demarcation
591 line, to take finfish other than American shad or bait species for
592 commercial purposes by hook and line, or to take horseshoe crabs by
593 hand, [one hundred ninety] one hundred eighty dollars for residents of
594 this state and [two hundred fifty] two hundred forty dollars for
595 nonresidents, and any such license obtained for the taking of any fish
596 species for commercial purposes by hook and line, in excess of any
597 creel limit adopted under the authority of section 26-159a, [three
598 hundred seventy-five] three hundred sixty dollars for residents of this
599 state and [six hundred twenty-five] six hundred dollars for
600 nonresidents, provided for the taking for bait of horseshoe crabs only,
601 this license may be issued without regard to the limitations in section
602 26-142b to any holder of a Department of Agriculture conch license

603 who held such license between January 1, 1995, and July 1, 2000,
604 inclusive; (8) for a license to set or tend seines, traps, scaps, scoops,
605 weirs or similar devices to take bait species in the inland district for
606 commercial purposes, [one hundred] sixty dollars; (9) for a license to
607 set or tend seines, traps, scaps, scoops or similar devices to take bait
608 species in the marine district for commercial purposes, [one hundred]
609 sixty dollars; (10) for a license to buy finfish, lobsters, crabs, including
610 blue crabs and horseshoe crabs, sea scallops, squid or bait species for
611 resale from any commercial fisherman licensed to take or land such
612 species for commercial purposes, regardless of where taken, [two
613 hundred fifty] two hundred forty dollars; (11) for the registration of
614 any party boat, head boat or charter boat used for fishing, [three
615 hundred fifteen] three hundred dollars; (12) for a license to land
616 finfish, lobsters, crabs, including blue crabs and horseshoe crabs, sea
617 scallops, squid or bait species, five hundred dollars; (13) for a
618 commercial fishing vessel permit, one hundred dollars; (14) for a
619 license to take menhaden from marine waters for personal use, but not
620 for sale, by the use of a single gill net not more than sixty feet in length,
621 [one hundred] sixty dollars; and (15) for an environmental tourism
622 cruise vessel permit, [one hundred] sixty dollars, provided the landing
623 of any species regulated under Department of Environmental
624 Protection regulations is prohibited.

625 Sec. 19. Section 26-149 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
626 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
627 *from passage*):

628 No person shall operate a commercial hatchery to hold, hatch or
629 rear finfish or crustaceans, including, but not limited to, lobsters and
630 blue crabs, in this state unless such person has obtained a commercial
631 hatchery license from the Commissioner of Agriculture in accordance
632 with the provisions of section 22-11h. The commissioner may issue
633 such license to qualified applicants upon the submission of an
634 application, on forms provided by the commissioner, containing such
635 information as prescribed by the commissioner. There shall be an

636 annual fee of [one hundred thirty] seventy-eight dollars for each such
637 license. Such license shall expire on the last day of December next after
638 the issuance thereof. All legally acquired finfish and crustaceans
639 hatched, reared or held in commercial hatcheries may be taken and
640 sold at any time for the purpose of stocking other waters, for bait or for
641 food, except that lobsters or blue crabs sold for any purpose other than
642 for rearing in another commercial hatchery shall not have ova or
643 spawn attached and must meet the minimum legal length
644 requirements provided in subsection (a) of section 26-157a. Each owner
645 or operator of any such hatchery shall keep such records as are
646 required by the commissioner on forms provided by the commissioner
647 which record shall be open to inspection by said commissioner or the
648 commissioner's authorized agents at any time and a copy of such
649 records shall be furnished to the commissioner by January thirty-first
650 of the year following the year covered by the report. Representatives of
651 the commissioner may enter upon the premises of any such licensed
652 hatchery at any time to inspect any facility, equipment, impoundment
653 or any finfish or crustaceans to determine the presence of disease or
654 parasites. In such case said commissioner, when so requested, may
655 render such technical assistance as is necessary and possible and may
656 charge a reasonable fee for such services. In the event that the presence
657 of disease or parasites is confirmed in finfish or crustaceans hatched,
658 held or reared in such licensed hatchery said commissioner is
659 authorized to suspend or revoke any such commercial hatchery license
660 and issue an order prohibiting the sale, exchange or removal from such
661 premises of such finfish or crustaceans, and direct such disposition of
662 such remaining finfish or crustaceans including the eggs of such finfish
663 or crustaceans as the commissioner determines would be in the public
664 interest. Any person issued a license to operate a commercial finfish
665 hatchery may charge a fee for the privilege of fishing in the waters
666 included under said license and may sell any species of finfish
667 removed therefrom, provided no sport fishing license shall be
668 required. Said commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance
669 with the provisions of chapter 54, governing and prescribing the

670 methods of taking such finfish and the conditions under which such
671 finfish may be sold, removed from the premises, possessed and
672 transported. Said commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance
673 with the provisions of chapter 54, governing and prescribing the
674 method of taking particular species of finfish and the conditions under
675 which such finfish may be removed from the premises, possessed and
676 transported, without a sport fishing license, from artificial facilities at
677 fairs, sportsmen's shows and at such other place as said commissioner
678 authorizes. Persons operating such facilities shall not be required to
679 pay a fee to said commissioner and such persons may charge a fee for
680 the privilege of fishing in such water, provided any such facility and
681 any finfish used in connection therewith may be inspected at any time
682 by any representative of the department to determine the presence of
683 disease or parasites. In the event the presence of disease or parasites is
684 confirmed any such representative may issue a written order directing
685 that such facility be immediately closed to the public and directing
686 such disposition of such remaining finfish as would be in the public
687 interest. Any person who violates any provision of this section or any
688 regulation adopted or order issued by the commissioner, or such
689 representative, or any person who, without proper authorization, takes
690 or attempts to take any finfish or crustacean from any waters described
691 herein shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars or be
692 imprisoned for not more than thirty days or both.

693 Sec. 20. Section 26-212 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
694 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
695 *from passage*):

696 No person shall take or gather for commercial purposes oysters,
697 clams, mussels or other molluscan shellfish from any natural shellfish
698 bed in the state in any boat or vessel unless it is licensed and
699 numbered in the manner provided in this section. Any person desiring
700 to use any boat or vessel for such purpose may make written
701 application to the Commissioner of Agriculture, stating the name,
702 owner, rig, general description and tonnage of such boat or vessel and

703 the place where it is owned, and the commissioner shall issue to the
704 owner of such boat or vessel a license to take and gather for
705 commercial purposes oysters, clams, mussels or other molluscan
706 shellfish from the natural shellfish beds in the state for the term
707 expiring on the next succeeding twentieth day of July, unless sooner
708 revoked, upon the payment of [thirty] eighteen dollars; provided,
709 before such license is granted, the owner or master shall prove to the
710 satisfaction of the commissioner that such boat or vessel may legally be
711 used on work on the public beds of the state and that the dredges and
712 other contrivances do not weigh more than thirty pounds. Each boat or
713 vessel so licensed shall, while at work upon any of the natural shellfish
714 beds of the state, display the number of such license in black figures
715 not less than one foot in length. No such license may be transferred.
716 The sale of any boat so licensed shall operate as a forfeiture and
717 revocation of the license, and the license certificate shall be
718 surrendered to the commissioner.

719 Sec. 21. Section 26-213 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
720 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
721 *from passage*):

722 No person shall take or gather for commercial purposes oysters,
723 clams, mussels or other molluscan shellfish from any natural shellfish
724 bed in the state and no person shall be permitted upon any boat,
725 licensed pursuant to the provisions of section 26-212, as amended by
726 this act, while the boat is being used for such taking or gathering until
727 the person has been licensed in the manner provided in this section.
728 The person shall apply in writing, to the Commissioner of Agriculture
729 upon blanks to be furnished by the commissioner, stating his name,
730 residence, post-office address and such other information as may be
731 required by said commissioner, and said commissioner, upon payment
732 of a fee of [twenty] twelve dollars, shall issue to the person a license for
733 such purpose. All licenses so issued shall be revocable at any time by
734 the commissioner and shall expire on the twentieth day of July in each
735 year. The commissioner shall account to the Treasurer for all money

736 received for licenses under the provisions of this section. Any person
737 who violates any of the provisions of this section relating to licensing
738 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not
739 more than thirty days, or both.

740 Sec. 22. Section 26-219 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
741 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
742 *from passage*):

743 Any person may apply to the Commissioner of Agriculture for a
744 license to take conchs in excess of one-half bushel daily. Such license
745 shall not apply to any area lawfully designated as oyster, clam or
746 mussel beds under town or state jurisdiction. Such application shall
747 state the name, residence and post-office address of the applicant and
748 such other information as said commissioner requires. Such license
749 shall be valid for one year from the date of its issuance, and a fee of
750 [one hundred] sixty dollars shall be charged therefor. Any person who
751 takes any conchs in excess of one-half bushel daily without having
752 obtained such a license shall be fined not more than two hundred
753 dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both.

754 Sec. 23. Subsection (c) of section 14-100a of the general statutes is
755 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
756 *passage*):

757 (c) (1) The operator of and any front seat passenger in a motor
758 vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating not exceeding ten thousand
759 pounds or fire fighting apparatus originally equipped with seat safety
760 belts complying with the provisions of the Code of Federal
761 Regulations, Title 49, Section 571.209, as amended from time to time,
762 shall wear such seat safety belt while the vehicle is being operated on
763 any highway, except as follows:

764 (A) A child six years of age and under shall be restrained as
765 provided in subsection (d) of this section;

766 (B) The operator of such vehicle shall secure or cause to be secured
767 in a seat safety belt any passenger seven years of age or older and
768 under sixteen years of age; and

769 (C) If the operator of such vehicle is under eighteen years of age,
770 such operator and each passenger in such vehicle shall wear such seat
771 safety belt while the vehicle is being operated on any highway.

772 (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not
773 apply to (A) any person whose physical disability or impairment
774 would prevent restraint in such safety belt, provided such person
775 obtains a written statement from a licensed physician containing
776 reasons for such person's inability to wear such safety belt and
777 including information concerning the nature and extent of such
778 condition. Such person shall carry the statement on his or her person
779 or in the motor vehicle at all times when it is being operated, or (B) an
780 authorized emergency vehicle, other than fire fighting apparatus,
781 responding to an emergency call or a motor vehicle operated by a rural
782 letter carrier of the United States postal service while performing his or
783 her official duties or by a person engaged in the delivery of
784 newspapers.

785 (3) Failure to wear a seat safety belt shall not be considered as
786 contributory negligence nor shall such failure be admissible evidence
787 in any civil action.

788 (4) Any operator of a motor vehicle, who is eighteen years of age or
789 older, and any passenger in such motor vehicle, who violates any
790 provision of this subsection shall have committed an infraction and
791 shall be fined [~~fifteen~~] twenty-five dollars. Any operator of a motor
792 vehicle who is under eighteen years of age and any passenger in such
793 motor vehicle who violates any provision of this subsection shall have
794 committed an infraction and shall be fined seventy-five dollars. Points
795 may not be assessed against the operator's license of any person
796 convicted of such violation.

797 Sec. 24. Section 14-13 of the general statutes is repealed and the
798 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

799 (a) The certificate of registration and any automobile insurance
800 identification card for the vehicle issued pursuant to section 38a-364
801 shall be carried in the motor vehicle at all times when it is being
802 operated on a public highway, except as otherwise provided by
803 statute. If a vehicle is registered in the name of a lessor licensed under
804 section 14-15, a legible photostatic copy of the certificate of registration
805 or a rental or lease contract which shall include the vehicle
806 identification number of such vehicle registered in this state may be
807 carried in lieu of the original certificate, provided the original
808 certificate shall be available at all times for inspection at the lessor's
809 usual place of business in the state if the motor vehicle is registered in
810 this state. If a vehicle is registered as a school bus as defined in section
811 14-275, such copy may be carried in lieu of the original certificate,
812 provided such certificate shall be available at all times for inspection at
813 the school bus owner's usual place of business in the state.

814 (b) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall, for a
815 first offense, be deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined
816 [thirty-five] fifty dollars, and, for each subsequent offense, shall be
817 fined not more than fifty dollars.

818 Sec. 25. Section 14-17 of the general statutes is repealed and the
819 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

820 (a) A person holding a certificate of registration for a motor vehicle
821 who substantially changes the appearance or mechanical equipment of
822 the motor vehicle so that the motor vehicle no longer conforms to the
823 description contained in the application for, or certificate of,
824 registration shall notify the commissioner of the change within forty-
825 eight hours of the change. Notice is unnecessary if (1) the intent to
826 make the change is specified in the original registration, or (2) in the
827 case of a motor vehicle registered as a motor bus and having a seating
828 capacity in excess of sixteen passengers, or in the case of a truck having

829 a carrying capacity of two thousand pounds or more, and if the change
830 is solely in regard to the motor, and, in case of the substitution of a
831 motor, the motor so substituted has been registered with the
832 commissioner. The commissioner may register such motor upon
833 written application by the owner thereof setting forth such information
834 as the commissioner may require. The fee for such registration shall be
835 ten dollars.

836 (b) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be
837 deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined [thirty-five] fifty
838 dollars for each offense.

839 Sec. 26. Section 14-26 of the general statutes is repealed and the
840 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

841 (a) Each owner or lessee of a motor bus, service bus, taxicab, school
842 bus or motor vehicle in livery service shall file in the office of the
843 commissioner a special application, containing his name, residence
844 and post-office address and a description of the motor vehicle owned
845 or leased by him, which shall include the name of the maker and such
846 other information as the commissioner may require. The commissioner
847 may register such motor vehicle as a motor bus or as a service bus or as
848 a taxicab or as a school bus or as a motor vehicle in livery service or as
849 a school bus used in part in livery service; but no such registration
850 shall be issued to the owner or lessee of any such motor vehicle unless
851 it is in suitable condition for carrying passengers and is equipped as
852 required by law. The registration number and certificate of registration
853 of each such vehicle shall be special, and such certificate of registration
854 shall contain such information as the commissioner may require. No
855 registration shall be issued to the owner or lessee of a motor bus who
856 has not obtained a certificate of public convenience and necessity from
857 the Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions
858 of section 13b-80. No registration shall be issued to the owner or lessee
859 of a taxicab who has not obtained a certificate of public convenience
860 and necessity from the Department of Transportation in accordance

861 with the provisions of section 13b-97. No such vehicle shall be
862 registered unless the owner thereof has complied with the provisions
863 of section 14-29, and no such vehicle shall be operated upon any
864 highway without first being registered in accordance with the
865 provisions of section 14-49. The commissioner may issue, to an
866 applicant for registration of more than one motor bus, a certificate or
867 certificates of registration containing a general distinguishing number
868 and mark assigned to such applicant upon application to him therefor,
869 which application shall be made in such form and contain such
870 information as the commissioner may determine. Each motor bus
871 included in such registration shall be regarded as registered under and
872 having assigned to it such general distinguishing number and mark.
873 The commissioner may impose upon the issuance and use of each such
874 general registration such conditions, limitations and restrictions as he
875 may determine. Such motor bus owners shall not be required to carry
876 such certificates upon the vehicles registered under the provisions of
877 this section, but shall keep a record of each person operating any
878 motor bus so registered in sufficient detail to promptly identify such
879 person at any specified time, which record shall be subject to the
880 inspection of any officer designated by the commissioner. If any such
881 registrant fails to keep such record or to produce it for inspection as
882 hereinbefore provided, such failure shall be sufficient cause for the
883 commissioner to cancel or suspend such registration. The
884 commissioner may require of such registrant a bond satisfactory to
885 him in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars, conditioned
886 upon compliance with the laws of the state and the regulations of the
887 commissioner concerning the use of such registration, number and
888 mark, or otherwise conditioned as he may direct, which bond shall be
889 forfeited for any violation of the conditions thereof. The commissioner
890 may issue to the holder of any such general motor bus or interstate
891 registration one or more registrations and number plates for motor
892 vehicles in livery service which may be used interchangeably with
893 such motor bus or interstate registration in accordance with such
894 conditions and regulations as he may impose, provided the number of

895 interstate registrations and number plates issued shall not exceed the
896 number of intrastate registrations and number plates authorized by the
897 Department of Transportation.

898 (b) The certificate of registration of a motor bus, service bus, taxicab,
899 school bus and motor vehicle in livery service shall, at all times, be
900 carried upon such motor vehicle and shall be subject to examination
901 upon demand by any person authorized by law.

902 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall have
903 committed an infraction. Any person who violates any provision of
904 subsection (b) of this section shall be fined [, for the first offense, thirty-
905 five] fifty dollars [and, for each subsequent offense, not less than
906 thirty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars] for each offense.

907 Sec. 27. Section 14-36a of the general statutes is repealed and the
908 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

909 (a) A commercial driver's license issued in accordance with section
910 14-44c shall be designated as class A, B or C, in accordance with the
911 provisions of subsection (b) of section 14-44d. All other operators'
912 licenses shall be designated as class D. A license of any class that also
913 authorizes the operation of a motorcycle shall contain the designation
914 "M".

915 (b) A commercial driver's license which contains the endorsement
916 "S" evidences that the holder meets the requirements of section 14-44 to
917 operate a school bus or any vehicle described in subsection (c) of this
918 section. A commercial driver's license may contain any of the
919 following additional endorsements:

920 "P"- authorizes the operation of commercial motor vehicles designed
921 to carry passengers;

922 "H"- authorizes the operation of vehicles transporting hazardous
923 materials;

924 "N"- authorizes the operation of tank vehicles;

925 "X"- authorizes both hazardous materials and tank vehicles; and

926 "T"- authorizes the operation of vehicles with up to three trailing,
927 nonpower units.

928 The commissioner may establish one or more restrictions on
929 commercial driver's licenses of any class, in regulations adopted in
930 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. Subject to the provisions
931 of subsection (b) of section 14-44d, a commercial driver's license of any
932 class authorizes the holder of such license to operate any motor vehicle
933 that may be operated by the holder of a class D operator's license.

934 (c) A commercial driver's license or a class D license that contains
935 any of the following endorsements evidences that the holder meets the
936 requirements of section 14-44:

937 "V"- authorizes the transportation of passengers in a student
938 transportation vehicle, as defined in section 14-212, or any vehicle that
939 requires an "A" or "F" endorsement;

940 "A"- authorizes the transportation of passengers in an activity
941 vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, or any vehicle that requires an "F"
942 endorsement; and

943 "F"- authorizes the transportation of passengers in a taxicab, motor
944 vehicle in livery service, service bus or motor bus.

945 The commissioner may establish one or more endorsements or
946 restrictions on class D licenses, in accordance with regulations adopted
947 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

948 (d) No person shall operate a motor vehicle in violation of the
949 classification of the license issued to him.

950 (e) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (d) or (e) of
951 this section shall, for a first offense, be deemed to have committed an

952 infraction and be fined [not less than thirty-five dollars or more than]
953 fifty dollars and, for a subsequent offense, shall be fined not more than
954 one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both.

955 Sec. 28. Section 14-40a of the general statutes is repealed and the
956 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

957 (a) No person shall operate a motorcycle on any public highway of
958 this state until such person has obtained a motor vehicle operator's
959 license with a motorcycle endorsement from the commissioner.

960 (b) A person who is sixteen years of age or older and who has not
961 had such a license suspended or revoked may apply to the
962 commissioner for a training permit. The commissioner may issue a
963 training permit, containing such limitation as said commissioner
964 deems advisable, to an applicant after the applicant has passed all
965 parts of the examination, other than the driving test, for a motor
966 vehicle operator's license with a motorcycle endorsement as required
967 by subsection (c) of this section. The training permit shall entitle the
968 applicant, while said applicant is in immediate possession of said
969 permit, to drive a motorcycle on the public highways, other than
970 multiple lane limited access highways, for a period of sixty days. A
971 training permit may be renewed, or a new permit issued, for an
972 additional period of sixty days. On and after January 1, 1990, each
973 applicant issued a training permit shall, while operating a motorcycle,
974 wear protective headgear of a type which conforms to the minimum
975 specifications established by regulations adopted under subsection (b)
976 of section 14-289g.

977 (c) Before granting a motorcycle endorsement to any applicant who
978 has not held such an endorsement at any time within the preceding
979 two years, the commissioner shall require the applicant to demonstrate
980 personally to the commissioner, a deputy or a motor vehicle inspector
981 or an agent of the commissioner, in such manner as the commissioner
982 directs, that the applicant is a proper person to operate a motorcycle,
983 has sufficient knowledge of the mechanism of a motorcycle to ensure

984 its safe operation by such applicant, and has satisfactory knowledge of
985 the law concerning motorcycles and other motor vehicles and the rules
986 of the road. An applicant under the age of eighteen shall also present
987 evidence satisfactory to the commissioner that such applicant has
988 successfully completed a novice motorcycle training course conducted
989 by the Department of Transportation or by any firm or organization
990 that conducts such a course that uses the curriculum of the Motorcycle
991 Safety Foundation or other safety or educational organization that has
992 developed a curriculum approved by the commissioner. The
993 commissioner may waive the on-road skills portion of the examination
994 for the endorsement for any such applicant or an applicant who is
995 eighteen years of age or older who presents evidence of satisfactorily
996 completing a motorcycle training course. If an applicant has had a
997 license or held such an endorsement from a state where a similar
998 examination or course is required, the commissioner may waive part
999 or all of any such requirement. When the commissioner is satisfied as
1000 to the ability and competency of the applicant, the commissioner may
1001 issue an endorsement to such applicant, either unlimited or containing
1002 such limitations as the commissioner deems advisable. If an applicant
1003 or motorcycle endorsement holder has any health problem which
1004 might affect such person's ability to operate a motorcycle safely, the
1005 commissioner may require the applicant or endorsement holder to
1006 demonstrate personally that, notwithstanding the problem, such
1007 person is a proper person to operate a motorcycle, and the
1008 commissioner may further require a certificate of the applicant's
1009 condition, signed by a medical authority designated by the
1010 commissioner, which certificate shall, in all cases, be treated as
1011 confidential by the commissioner. An endorsement, containing such
1012 limitation as the commissioner deems advisable may be issued or
1013 renewed in any case, but nothing in this section shall be construed to
1014 prevent the commissioner from refusing an endorsement, either
1015 limited or unlimited, to any person or suspending an endorsement of a
1016 person whom the commissioner deems incapable of safely operating a
1017 motorcycle.

1018 (d) No person shall operate a motorcycle in any manner in violation
1019 of the limitations imposed in a limited endorsement issued to such
1020 person.

1021 (e) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a), (b) or
1022 (d) of this section shall, for a first offense, be deemed to have
1023 committed an infraction and be fined [not less than thirty-five dollars
1024 or more than] fifty dollars and, for any subsequent offense, shall be
1025 fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than
1026 thirty days, or both.

1027 Sec. 29. Section 14-66c of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
1028 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
1029 *from passage*):

1030 (a) As used in this section, "motorized personal property" includes
1031 mini-motorcycles, dirt bikes, snowmobiles, or other types of motorized
1032 personal property.

1033 (b) If any motorized personal property is towed or otherwise
1034 removed by a wrecker licensed under section 14-66, at the direction of
1035 an officer attached to an organized police department, such property
1036 shall be taken to and stored in a suitable place. Within forty-eight
1037 hours following the time that such property is taken into custody, the
1038 licensee or operator of the wrecker shall give written notice by certified
1039 mail to the owner, if known (1) that such property has been taken and
1040 stored, and (2) the location of such property. Such licensee or operator
1041 shall have a lien upon the same for towing or removal charges and
1042 storage charges. If such owner does not claim such property, or if the
1043 owner of such property is not known, the licensee or operator of the
1044 wrecker may sell or dispose of such property after thirty days, subject
1045 to any provision of the general statutes, or any regulation adopted
1046 thereunder, concerning the sale or disposal of such property.

1047 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall, for a
1048 first offense, be deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined

1049 [not less than thirty-five dollars nor more than] fifty dollars, and, for
1050 each subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor
1051 more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty
1052 days or be both fined and imprisoned.

1053 Sec. 30. Section 14-81 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
1054 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
1055 *from passage*):

1056 (a) Each trailer or semitrailer having a gross vehicle weight rating of
1057 three thousand pounds or more shall, when operated on any public
1058 highway, be equipped with a braking system operating on all wheels.
1059 The braking system shall be adequate to safely control the movement
1060 of the trailer or semitrailer and, when set, to safely hold the trailer or
1061 semitrailer stationary. The brakes shall, at all times, be maintained in
1062 good and sufficient working order and shall be capable of being
1063 controlled or operated from the driver's seat of the towing vehicle by
1064 either the hand or the foot, except that brakes on trailers having a gross
1065 vehicle weight rating of eight thousand pounds or less need not be
1066 capable of being controlled or operated from the driver's seat by either
1067 the hand or the foot. Except with respect to pole trailers and boat
1068 trailers, the commissioner may make regulations concerning the
1069 performance of such brakes when the trailer or semitrailer is operated
1070 in combination with a towing vehicle. The regulations shall designate
1071 the stopping distance, in feet, of the combination of trailer or
1072 semitrailer and shall include such other conditions as may be
1073 necessary to ensure brake performance adequate to safely control the
1074 movement of the vehicles.

1075 (b) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be
1076 deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined [not less than
1077 thirty-five dollars nor more than] fifty dollars for each offense.

1078 Sec. 31. Section 14-145 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1079 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1080 (a) An owner or lessee of private property, or his agent, may remove
1081 or cause to be removed any motor vehicle left without authorization
1082 on such property in accordance with the provisions of this section and
1083 sections 14-145a to 14-145c, inclusive. This section shall not apply to
1084 law enforcement, fire-fighting, rescue, ambulance or emergency
1085 vehicles which are marked as such, or to the removal of motor vehicles
1086 from property leased by any governmental agency.

1087 (b) When such motor vehicle is towed or otherwise removed by a
1088 wrecker licensed under section 14-66, the licensee or operator of the
1089 wrecker shall notify the local police department of the tow or removal
1090 within two hours. No such licensee or operator may charge a storage
1091 fee for such motor vehicle for the time it is stored prior to such
1092 notification. If the motor vehicle is not claimed by its owner within the
1093 time periods specified in subsection (e) of section 14-150, the licensee
1094 or operator of the wrecker or of the garage where such motor vehicle is
1095 stored may dispose of it in accordance with the provisions of
1096 subsection (e) of section 14-150.

1097 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall, for a
1098 first offense, be deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined
1099 [not less than thirty-five dollars nor more than] fifty dollars, and, for
1100 each subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor
1101 more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty
1102 days or be both fined and imprisoned.

1103 Sec. 32. Section 14-164c of the 2010 supplement to the general
1104 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
1105 (*Effective from passage*):

1106 (a) No person shall fail to maintain in good working order or
1107 remove, dismantle or otherwise cause to be inoperative any equipment
1108 or feature constituting an operational element of the air pollution
1109 control system or mechanism of a motor vehicle required by
1110 regulations of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be
1111 maintained or on the vehicle. Any such failure to maintain in good

1112 working order or removal, dismantling or causing of inoperability
1113 shall subject the owner thereof to revocation of registration for such
1114 vehicle by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles unless all parts and
1115 equipment constituting elements of air pollution control have been
1116 made operable and in good working order within thirty days of notice
1117 by said commissioner of such violation. Any such failure shall be
1118 considered a failure to comply with the periodic inspection
1119 requirements established under subsection (c) of this section. As used
1120 in this section, motor vehicle shall have the same meaning as is
1121 provided in section 14-1.

1122 (b) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall consult
1123 with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and furnish the
1124 commissioner with technical information, including testing techniques,
1125 standards and instructions for emission control features and
1126 equipment. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall
1127 furnish the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles with emission standards
1128 for all motor vehicles subject to the inspection and maintenance
1129 requirements. Such standards shall be consistent with provisions of
1130 federal law, if any, relating to control of emissions from the vehicles
1131 concerned or any regulations adopted by the Commissioner of
1132 Environmental Protection which implement the low-emission vehicle
1133 and clean fuels regulations adopted by the state of California, as
1134 amended. Such standards shall be periodically reviewed by the
1135 Commissioner of Environmental Protection and revised, if necessary,
1136 to achieve the objectives of the vehicle emission inspection program.

1137 (c) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with
1138 chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this section. Such
1139 regulations shall include provision for a periodic inspection of air
1140 pollution control equipment and compliance with or waiver of exhaust
1141 emission standards or compliance with or waiver of on-board
1142 diagnostic standards or other standards defined by the Commissioner
1143 of Environmental Protection and approved by the Administrator of the
1144 United States Environmental Protection Agency, compliance with or

1145 waiver of, air pollution control system integrity standards defined by
1146 the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and compliance with
1147 or waiver of purge system standards defined by the Commissioner of
1148 Environmental Protection. Such regulations may provide for an
1149 inspection procedure using an on-board diagnostic information system
1150 for all 1996 model year and newer motor vehicles. Such regulations
1151 shall apply to all motor vehicles registered or which will be registered
1152 in this state except: (1) Vehicles having a gross weight of more than ten
1153 thousand pounds; (2) vehicles powered by electricity; (3) bicycles with
1154 motors attached; (4) motorcycles; (5) vehicles operating with a
1155 temporary registration; (6) vehicles manufactured twenty-five or more
1156 years ago; (7) new vehicles at the time of initial registration; (8)
1157 vehicles registered but not designed primarily for highway use; (9)
1158 farm vehicles, as defined in subsection (q) of section 14-49; (10) diesel-
1159 powered type II school buses; (11) a vehicle operated by a licensed
1160 dealer or repairer either to or from a location of the purchase or sale of
1161 such vehicle or for the purpose of obtaining an official emissions or
1162 safety inspection; or (12) vehicles that have met the inspection
1163 requirements of section 14-103a and are registered by the
1164 commissioner as composite vehicles. On and after July 1, 2002, such
1165 regulations shall exempt from the periodic inspection requirement any
1166 vehicle four or less model years of age, beginning with model year
1167 2003 and the previous three model years, provided that such
1168 exemption shall lapse upon a finding by the Administrator of the
1169 United States Environmental Protection Agency or by the Secretary of
1170 the United States Department of Transportation that such exemption
1171 causes the state to violate applicable federal environmental or
1172 transportation planning requirements. Notwithstanding any
1173 provisions of this subsection, the commissioner may require an initial
1174 emissions inspection and compliance or waiver prior to registration of
1175 a new motor vehicle. If the Commissioner of Environmental Protection
1176 finds that it is necessary to inspect motor vehicles which are exempt
1177 under subdivision (1) or (4) of this subsection, or motor vehicles that
1178 are four or less model years of age in order to achieve compliance with

1179 federal law concerning emission reduction requirements, the
1180 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may adopt regulations, in accordance
1181 with the provisions of chapter 54, to require the inspection of
1182 motorcycles, designated motor vehicles having a gross weight of more
1183 than ten thousand pounds or motor vehicles four or less model years
1184 of age.

1185 (d) No motor vehicle subject to the inspection requirements of this
1186 section shall be operated upon the highways of this state unless such
1187 vehicle has been presented for inspection in accordance with a
1188 schedule for inspection and compliance as established by the
1189 commissioner. The commissioner shall grant waivers from compliance
1190 with standards for vehicles which fail any required inspection and
1191 require an unreasonable cost of repair to bring the vehicle into
1192 compliance. The commissioner may determine compliance of a vehicle
1193 that has failed an emissions retest by means of a complete physical and
1194 functional diagnosis and inspection of the vehicle, in accordance with
1195 the provisions of 40 CFR Part 51.360, showing that no additional
1196 emissions-related repairs are needed. An extension of time, not to
1197 exceed the period of inspection frequency, may be granted to obtain
1198 needed repairs on a vehicle in the case of economic hardship of the
1199 owner. Only one such extension may be granted for any vehicle. The
1200 commissioner may design a sticker to be affixed to the windshield of
1201 each vehicle which shall bear the date of expiration of the assigned
1202 inspection period on both sides. The commissioner may also design a
1203 sticker to be affixed to the windshield of each vehicle that is exempt
1204 from the requirements of this chapter, which sticker shall bear the date,
1205 if any, on which such vehicle is no longer exempt and is required to be
1206 presented for inspection. As used in this section, "unreasonable cost of
1207 repair" means cost of repair in excess of the amounts required to be
1208 expended by Title 40, Part 51.360 of the Code of Federal Regulations,
1209 as amended.

1210 (e) In order to provide for emissions inspection facilities, the
1211 commissioner may enter into a negotiated inspection agreement or

1212 agreements, notwithstanding chapters 50, 58, 59 and 60, with an
1213 independent contractor or contractors, to provide for the leasing,
1214 construction, equipping, maintenance or operation of a system of
1215 official emissions inspection stations in such numbers and locations as
1216 may be required to provide vehicle owners reasonably convenient
1217 access to inspection facilities. The commissioner may employ such
1218 system and the services of such contractor or contractors to conduct
1219 safety inspections as provided by section 14-16a, subsection (g) of
1220 section 14-12 and section 14-103a. Such contractor or contractors, with
1221 the approval of the commissioner, may operate inspection stations at
1222 suitable locations owned or operated by other persons, firms or
1223 corporations, including retail business establishments with adequate
1224 facilities to accommodate and to perform inspections on motor
1225 vehicles. The commissioner is prohibited from entering into an
1226 inspection agreement with any independent contractor who: (1) Is
1227 engaged in the business of maintaining or repairing vehicles in this
1228 state, except that the independent contractor shall not be precluded
1229 from maintaining or repairing any vehicle owned or operated by the
1230 independent contractor; or (2) does not have the capability, resources
1231 or technical and management skill to adequately conduct, equip,
1232 operate and maintain a sufficient number of official emissions
1233 inspection stations. All persons employed by the independent
1234 contractor in the performance of an inspection agreement are deemed
1235 to be employees of the independent contractor and not of this state.
1236 The inspection agreement or agreements authorized by this section
1237 shall be subject to other provisions as follows: (A) Minimum
1238 requirements for staff, equipment, management and hours and place
1239 of operation of official emissions inspection stations including such
1240 additional testing facilities as may be established and operated in
1241 accordance with subsection (g) of this section; (B) reports and
1242 documentation concerning the operation of official emissions
1243 inspection stations and additional testing facilities as the commissioner
1244 may require; (C) surveillance privileges for the commissioner to ensure
1245 compliance with standards, procedures, rules, regulations and laws;

1246 and (D) any other provision deemed necessary by the commissioner
1247 for the administration of the inspection agreement. Nothing in the
1248 inspection agreement shall require the state to purchase any asset or
1249 assume any liability if such agreement is not renewed.

1250 (f) (1) The commissioner may authorize and appoint any motor
1251 vehicle dealer or repairer that is licensed in accordance with the
1252 provisions of subpart (D) of part III of chapter 246 and that has the
1253 qualifications established by the commissioner to conduct emissions
1254 inspections in a designated area of its licensed premises and to report
1255 the results thereof to the Department of Motor Vehicles, provided such
1256 licensee signs a statement that such licensee understands the
1257 provisions of this section and regulations adopted under authority of
1258 this section, understands the necessity to comply with administrative
1259 and technical directives and advisories that the commissioner issues
1260 and understands that any failure by such licensee to comply with this
1261 section, the regulations or the directives or advisories constitutes
1262 grounds for the commissioner to suspend or revoke the authority for
1263 such licensee to conduct inspections.

1264 (2) Each such licensee shall conduct an emissions inspection of any
1265 registered motor vehicle requiring such an inspection at any time
1266 during its normal and posted hours of operation or, at the discretion of
1267 the commissioner, at a predetermined or appointed time, when such
1268 motor vehicle is presented for inspection. No such licensee shall charge
1269 any fee for the inspection except the fee authorized by subsection (k) of
1270 this section. The results of each emissions inspection performed in
1271 accordance with this subsection shall be evidenced by a written vehicle
1272 inspection report, containing such information and certification by the
1273 inspecting licensee as the commissioner shall prescribe. The licensee
1274 shall furnish a copy of such inspection report to the operator of the
1275 motor vehicle at the time of completion of the inspection.

1276 (3) No such licensee may be appointed by the commissioner nor
1277 may any such licensee conduct any inspection unless the licensee has

1278 in its employ one or more certified emissions inspectors and repair
1279 technicians. Such inspectors and technicians shall conduct all
1280 inspections and related emissions repair work and shall meet the
1281 training and certification requirements in 40 CFR Part 51.367 and of the
1282 regulations adopted by the commissioner in accordance with this
1283 subsection.

1284 (4) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the authority to
1285 conduct emissions inspections by any such licensee that is authorized
1286 to conduct emissions inspections if the licensee fails to comply with the
1287 provisions of this section, regulations adopted under authority of this
1288 section, or administrative or technical directives or advisories that the
1289 commissioner issues.

1290 (5) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with
1291 chapter 54, to establish the qualifications for such licensees to be
1292 authorized and appointed to conduct emissions inspections, and to
1293 establish standards and procedures for such inspections, reporting
1294 requirements by such licensees and training and certification
1295 requirements for inspectors and repair technicians.

1296 (g) The independent contractor or contractors retained by the state
1297 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of this section may
1298 conduct emissions inspections at one or more facilities owned or
1299 operated by a motor vehicle dealer or dealers, licensed in accordance
1300 with section 14-52. No such inspection facility located on the premises
1301 of a licensed dealer shall be operated without the prior approval of the
1302 commissioner. The operation of each such facility shall be subject to
1303 such procedures and requirements, to be followed by the contractor
1304 and the licensee, as may be prescribed by the terms and conditions of
1305 the contract entered into in accordance with the provisions of
1306 subsection (e) of this section, and in regulations as may be adopted by
1307 the commissioner in accordance with chapter 54. The state shall not be
1308 a party to, or assume or incur any liability of any kind under, any
1309 agreement entered into between the independent contractor and any

1310 dealer in furtherance of the provisions of this subsection. The contract
1311 or contracts entered into by the state in accordance with the provisions
1312 of subsection (e) of this section shall provide for indemnification of the
1313 state with respect to the operation of any such inspection facility
1314 located at a motor vehicle dealership, in the same manner and to the
1315 same extent as the operation of an official emissions inspection station.

1316 (h) In order to provide for management and oversight of emissions
1317 inspection facilities established in accordance with subsection (e) of
1318 this section and to establish and maintain necessary electronic data
1319 capture and reporting systems for such facilities and for licensed
1320 dealers and repairers who may be authorized to perform inspections in
1321 accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, the
1322 commissioner may enter into a negotiated personal service agreement
1323 or agreements, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 55a, with
1324 any qualified person, firm or corporation. The responsibilities of any
1325 such contractor retained by the commissioner shall include, but need
1326 not be limited to, the following: (1) Review and analysis of data from
1327 all official emissions inspections performed, and provision to the
1328 commissioner of recommendations to improve the quality and
1329 integrity of such data, (2) provision of program information and
1330 standards to inspection facilities and locations, (3) provision to the
1331 commissioner of regular reports, assessments and recommendations to
1332 maintain or improve the effectiveness, efficiency, quality and integrity
1333 of such inspection operations, and (4) identification of measures to
1334 enhance public convenience, and compliance with the inspection
1335 requirements. No such contractor retained in accordance with the
1336 provisions of this subsection may be licensed as, or have any financial
1337 interest in any firm engaged in the business of selling or repairing
1338 motor vehicles, or may be a provider of emissions inspection
1339 equipment or facilities to the state.

1340 (i) The commissioner may license an owner or operator of a fleet of
1341 motor vehicles which are subject to emissions inspection pursuant to
1342 subsection (c) of this section or section 14-164i, to establish a fleet

1343 emissions inspection station, provided that the fleet owner or operator
1344 conforms with regulations for fleet emissions inspection stations
1345 adopted by the commissioner which shall specify the classes or other
1346 characteristics of vehicles eligible for inspection at such stations.

1347 (j) The commissioner may establish a program for the on-road
1348 testing of motor vehicles subject to this chapter. The program shall test
1349 not less than one-half of one per cent of the subject fleet state-wide or
1350 twenty thousand vehicles, whichever is less, per inspection cycle under
1351 conditions of highway operation in order to provide information
1352 concerning the emission performance of such in-use vehicles. Testing
1353 may be performed by means of remote sensing devices, or roadside
1354 pullovers followed by tailpipe emissions testing using a suitable,
1355 portable device and recording system. Owners of vehicles that have
1356 previously been through scheduled periodic inspection and passed,
1357 and are found by on-road testing to be high emitters, in accordance
1358 with the standards established under subsection (b) of this section and
1359 the regulations adopted under subsection (c) of this section, may be
1360 notified that their vehicles are required to pass an out-of-cycle follow-
1361 up inspection at an inspection station. Notification may be made by
1362 mailing in the case of remote sensing on-road testing or through
1363 immediate notification if roadside pullovers are used. The
1364 commissioner may use the services of the independent contractor or
1365 contractors to implement the on-road testing program. If a method of
1366 roadside pullovers is used in the program, such method shall be
1367 employed with due regard to traffic safety considerations and
1368 performed with the assistance of inspectors of the Department of
1369 Motor Vehicles or members of state or municipal police forces.

1370 (k) (1) The commissioner, with approval of the Secretary of the
1371 Office of Policy and Management, shall establish, and from time to
1372 time modify, the inspection fees, not to exceed twenty dollars for each
1373 biennial inspection or reinspection required pursuant to this chapter
1374 for inspections performed at official emissions inspection stations.
1375 Such fees shall be paid in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. If

1376 the costs to the state of the emissions inspection program, including
1377 administrative costs and payments to any independent contractor,
1378 exceed the income from such fees, such excess costs shall be borne by
1379 the state. Any person whose vehicle has been inspected at an official
1380 emissions inspection station shall, if such vehicle is found not to
1381 comply with any required standards, have the vehicle repaired and
1382 have the right within sixty consecutive calendar days to return such
1383 vehicle to the same official emissions inspection station for one
1384 reinspection without charge, provided, where the sixtieth day falls on
1385 a Sunday, legal holiday or a day on which the commissioner has
1386 established that special circumstances or conditions exist that have
1387 caused emissions inspection to be impracticable, such person may
1388 return such vehicle for reinspection on the next day. The commissioner
1389 shall assess a late fee of twenty dollars for the emissions inspection of a
1390 motor vehicle performed at an official emissions inspection station
1391 later than thirty days after the expiration date of the assigned
1392 inspection period provided the commissioner may waive such late fee
1393 when it is proven to the commissioner's satisfaction that the failure to
1394 have the vehicle inspected within thirty days of the assigned
1395 inspection period was due to exigent circumstances. If ownership of
1396 the motor vehicle has been transferred subsequent to the expiration
1397 date of the assigned inspection period and the new owner has such
1398 motor vehicle inspected within thirty days of the registration of such
1399 motor vehicle, the commissioner shall waive the late fee. If the thirtieth
1400 day falls on a Sunday, legal holiday or a day on which the
1401 commissioner has established that special circumstances or conditions
1402 exist that have caused emissions inspection to be impracticable, such
1403 vehicle may be inspected on the next day and no late fee shall be
1404 assessed.

1405 (2) If the commissioner authorizes a licensed dealer or repairer to
1406 conduct emissions inspections of 1996 model year and newer vehicles
1407 required by this chapter, the commissioner may authorize such
1408 licensee to charge a fee, not to exceed twenty dollars for each biennial
1409 inspection or reinspection.

1410 (3) Upon the registration of each new motor vehicle subject to the
1411 inspection requirements of this chapter, or of each motor vehicle that is
1412 four or less model years of age that has not been registered previously
1413 in this state, the commissioner may issue a sticker indicating the
1414 exempt status of such motor vehicle and the date on which the motor
1415 vehicle is scheduled to be presented for inspection. Any such sticker
1416 that may be issued shall be displayed on the motor vehicle in
1417 accordance with subsection (d) of this section. On and after July 1,
1418 2002, the commissioner shall charge a fee of forty dollars in addition to
1419 any other fees required for such registration. All receipts from the
1420 payment of such fee shall be deposited in the Special Transportation
1421 Fund.

1422 (l) The commissioner may acquire in the name of the state by
1423 purchase, lease, gift, devise or otherwise any special equipment, tools,
1424 materials or facilities needed to adequately administer, investigate or
1425 enforce the provisions of this chapter.

1426 (m) A person shall not in any manner represent any place to be an
1427 official emissions inspection station unless such station has been
1428 established and is operated in accordance with the provisions of this
1429 section.

1430 (n) No person, firm or corporation shall operate or allow to be
1431 operated any motor vehicle that has not been inspected and found to
1432 be in compliance with the provisions of subsections (c), (d) and (i) of
1433 this section and the regulations adopted by the commissioner.
1434 Operation in violation of said subsections or the regulations adopted
1435 by the commissioner shall be an infraction for each violation, except
1436 that the fine for a first violation shall be [thirty-five] fifty dollars. The
1437 commissioner may deny the issuance of registration to the owner of a
1438 motor vehicle, or the renewal of registration to any such owner, or
1439 suspend or revoke any registration that has been issued, if such motor
1440 vehicle is not in compliance with the inspection requirements of this
1441 chapter, or such owner has failed to pay any fee required by the

1442 provisions of this chapter.

1443 Sec. 33. Section 14-223 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes
1444 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
1445 *from passage*):

1446 (a) Whenever the operator of any motor vehicle fails promptly to
1447 bring his motor vehicle to a full stop upon the signal of any officer in
1448 uniform or prominently displaying the badge of his office, or disobeys
1449 the direction of such officer with relation to the operation of his motor
1450 vehicle, he shall be deemed to have committed an infraction and be
1451 fined [thirty-five] fifty dollars for a first offense and shall be fined [not
1452 less than thirty-five dollars nor more than] fifty dollars for any
1453 subsequent offense.

1454 (b) No person operating a motor vehicle, when signaled to stop by
1455 an officer in a police vehicle using an audible signal device or flashing
1456 or revolving lights, shall increase the speed of the motor vehicle in an
1457 attempt to escape or elude such police officer. Any person who violates
1458 this subsection shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except that, if
1459 such violation causes the death or serious physical injury, as defined in
1460 section 53a-3, of another person, such person shall be guilty of a class C
1461 felony, and shall have such person's motor vehicle operator's license
1462 suspended for one year for the first offense, except that the
1463 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may, after a hearing, as provided for
1464 in subsection (k) of section 14-111, and upon a showing of compelling
1465 mitigating circumstances, reinstate such person's license before the
1466 expiration of such one-year period. For any subsequent offense such
1467 person shall be guilty of a class C felony, except that if any prior
1468 offense by such person under this subsection caused, and such
1469 subsequent offense causes, the death or serious physical injury, as
1470 defined in section 53a-3, of another person, such person shall be guilty
1471 of a class C felony for which one year of the sentence imposed may not
1472 be suspended or reduced by the court, and shall have such person's
1473 motor vehicle operator's license suspended for not less than eighteen

1474 months nor more than two years, except that said commissioner may,
1475 after a hearing, as provided for in subsection (k) of section 14-111, and
1476 upon a showing of compelling mitigating circumstances, reinstate such
1477 person's license before such period.

1478 Sec. 34. Section 14-285 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1479 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1480 Each vehicle, except a motor vehicle, which is so constructed or
1481 which is so loaded that the driver is prevented from having a free and
1482 unobstructed view of the highway immediately to the rear and at the
1483 sides of the same, shall be equipped with a mirror or reflector attached
1484 to and so located and adjusted on such vehicle as to give the operator
1485 thereof a clear reflected view of the highway directly to the rear on a
1486 line parallel to the side of the body of such vehicle. Any person
1487 operating such a vehicle shall make observations for the approach of
1488 vehicles from the rear and, when so approached, shall drive to the
1489 right of the center line of the traveled way as promptly as safety will
1490 permit, giving the vehicle approaching from the rear opportunity to
1491 pass in safety. Any person who violates any provision of this section
1492 shall be deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined [not less
1493 than thirty-five dollars nor more than] fifty dollars for each offense.

1494 Sec. 35. Subsection (a) of section 51-164m of the general statutes is
1495 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
1496 *passage*):

1497 (a) The judges of the Superior Court shall establish and maintain a
1498 schedule of fines to be paid for the violation of the sections of the
1499 general statutes deemed to be infractions and shall establish and
1500 maintain a separate sliding scale of fines for speeding infractions
1501 committed under section 14-219 with a minimum fine of [thirty-five]
1502 fifty dollars and the fine increasing in proportion to the severity of the
1503 violation. The fines may be modified as the judges of the Superior
1504 Court deem advisable.

1505 Sec. 36. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Not later than October 1,
 1506 2010, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall establish an operator's
 1507 permit for any person convicted of operating a motor vehicle under the
 1508 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, for the limited
 1509 purpose of allowing such person to drive between such person's
 1510 residence and: (1) Such person's place of employment, or (2) the
 1511 college or university that such person attends. The fee for such permit
 1512 shall be one hundred dollars.

1513 (b) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may adopt regulations, in
 1514 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to
 1515 implement the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	26-27b
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	26-28
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	26-37
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	26-39
Sec. 5	<i>from passage</i>	26-40
Sec. 6	<i>from passage</i>	26-42
Sec. 7	<i>from passage</i>	26-45
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	26-47(b)
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	26-48
Sec. 10	<i>from passage</i>	26-48a
Sec. 11	<i>from passage</i>	26-49(b)
Sec. 12	<i>from passage</i>	26-51
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	26-52
Sec. 14	<i>from passage</i>	26-58
Sec. 15	<i>from passage</i>	26-60
Sec. 16	<i>from passage</i>	26-86a
Sec. 17	<i>from passage</i>	26-86c
Sec. 18	<i>from passage</i>	26-142a(c)
Sec. 19	<i>from passage</i>	26-149
Sec. 20	<i>from passage</i>	26-212
Sec. 21	<i>from passage</i>	26-213
Sec. 22	<i>from passage</i>	26-219

Sec. 23	<i>from passage</i>	14-100a(c)
Sec. 24	<i>from passage</i>	14-13
Sec. 25	<i>from passage</i>	14-17
Sec. 26	<i>from passage</i>	14-26
Sec. 27	<i>from passage</i>	14-36a
Sec. 28	<i>from passage</i>	14-40a
Sec. 29	<i>from passage</i>	14-66c
Sec. 30	<i>from passage</i>	14-81
Sec. 31	<i>from passage</i>	14-145
Sec. 32	<i>from passage</i>	14-164c
Sec. 33	<i>from passage</i>	14-223
Sec. 34	<i>from passage</i>	14-285
Sec. 35	<i>from passage</i>	51-164m(a)
Sec. 36	<i>from passage</i>	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To reduce the recent increase in hunting and fishing fees to a twenty per cent increase, increase the fine for failure to wear a seat belt, increase the fine for certain motor vehicle infractions and create a new limited operator's permit that allows people who have been convicted of driving under the influence to drive to work and to school.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]