



General Assembly

**Substitute Bill No. 1017**

January Session, 2007

\* \_\_\_\_\_SB01017PD\_\_\_\_031507\_\_\_\_\_\*

**AN ACT CONCERNING THE EMERGENCY PLANS OF OPERATIONS  
OF SHORELINE COMMUNITIES AND THE DESIGNATION OF  
LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS HAZARD AND SECURITY ZONES.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 28-7 of the general statutes is  
2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*  
3 *October 1, 2007*):

4 (a) Each town or city of the state shall establish a local organization  
5 for civil preparedness in accordance with the state civil preparedness  
6 plan and program, provided any two or more towns or cities may,  
7 with the approval of the commissioner, establish a joint organization  
8 for civil preparedness. The authority of such local or joint organization  
9 for civil preparedness shall not supersede that of any regularly  
10 organized police or fire department. No town or city of the state shall  
11 be eligible for any state or federal benefits under this chapter until such  
12 town or city has submitted to the commissioner an emergency plan of  
13 operations approved by the local director of civil preparedness and the  
14 local chief executive which is subsequently approved by the  
15 commissioner. The emergency plan of operations of every town or city  
16 situated on the shoreline of the state shall contain provisions  
17 addressing an emergency caused by any existing liquefied natural gas  
18 terminal located on the Long Island Sound and every town or city  
19 situated on the shoreline of the state shall submit such plan to the joint

20 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of  
21 matters relating to public safety, in accordance with the provisions of  
22 section 11-4a, and the commissioner to obtain approval. The committee  
23 shall hold a public hearing regarding such plan not later than thirty  
24 days after receiving the plan. Not later than five days after the hearing,  
25 the committee shall (1) hold a roll-call vote to approve or reject the  
26 plan, and (2) forward the plan and a record of the committee's vote to  
27 the General Assembly.

28       Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2007*) (a) The Attorney General, in  
29 consultation with the Commissioner of Emergency Management and  
30 Homeland Security, shall make written recommendations to the  
31 United States Coast Guard regarding the designation of a hazard zone  
32 in relation to a liquefied natural gas terminal located or proposed to be  
33 located on Long Island Sound that will impact Connecticut waters or  
34 land, and shall submit such recommendations to the Governor and the  
35 General Assembly in accordance with section 11-4a of the general  
36 statutes.

37       (b) The Governor and the joint standing committees of the General  
38 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment  
39 and public safety shall approve the designation of a hazard zone in  
40 relation to a liquefied natural gas terminal located or proposed to be  
41 located on Long Island Sound that will impact Connecticut waters or  
42 land prior to such designation by the United States Coast Guard taking  
43 effect.

44       (c) The Attorney General shall file, in writing, notice of the United  
45 States Coast Guard's designation of such a hazard zone with the clerks  
46 of the House of Representatives and the Senate and the office of the  
47 Governor.

48       (d) Not later than five days after receiving such notice, the clerks of  
49 the House of Representatives and the Senate shall refer the notice to  
50 the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having  
51 cognizance of matters relating to public safety and the environment.

52 The committees shall hold a joint public hearing regarding such notice  
53 not later than thirty days after receiving the notice. Not later than five  
54 days after the hearing, the committees shall each (1) hold a roll-call  
55 vote to approve or reject the notice, and (2) forward the notice and a  
56 record of the committee's vote to the General Assembly.

57 (e) Not later than fifteen days after receiving such notice the General  
58 Assembly may approve or reject the notice. The notice shall be  
59 approved in whole, by a majority vote of each house. If one house fails  
60 to approve, the notice shall be rejected. If the General Assembly fails to  
61 vote during such fifteen-day period, the notice shall be deemed  
62 rejected. If the notice is submitted when the General Assembly is not in  
63 session, the notice shall be deemed rejected if the General Assembly  
64 fails to convene to consider the notice by the thirtieth day after it  
65 receives the notice from the committee. The clerks of the House of  
66 Representatives and the Senate shall notify the United States Coast  
67 Guard, in writing, by registered mail of any approval or rejection  
68 pursuant to this subsection.

69 (f) The Governor shall approve or reject the notice of the United  
70 States Coast Guard's designation of such a hazard zone and shall  
71 notify the United States Coast Guard, in writing, by registered mail of  
72 such approval or rejection.

73 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2007*) (a) No private security  
74 service shall operate on the waters of the state, without receiving prior  
75 legislative and executive approval of such operation in accordance  
76 with this section.

77 (b) Any private security service shall file, in writing, such service's  
78 notice of intent to operate on the waters of this state with the clerks of  
79 the House of Representatives and the Senate and the office of the  
80 Governor.

81 (c) Not later than five days after receiving such notice, the clerks of  
82 the House of Representatives and the Senate shall refer the notice of

83 intent to operate to the joint standing committee of the General  
84 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public safety. The  
85 committee shall hold a public hearing regarding such notice not later  
86 than thirty days after receiving the notice. Not later than five days after  
87 the hearing, the committee shall (1) hold a roll-call vote to approve or  
88 reject the notice, and (2) forward the notice and a record of the  
89 committee's vote to the General Assembly.

90 (d) Not later than fifteen days after receiving such notice the  
91 General Assembly may approve or reject the notice of intent to  
92 operate. The notice shall be approved in whole, by a majority vote of  
93 each house. If one house fails to approve, the notice of intent shall be  
94 rejected. If the General Assembly fails to vote during such fifteen-day  
95 period, the notice shall be deemed rejected. If the notice is submitted  
96 when the General Assembly is not in session, the notice shall be  
97 deemed rejected if the General Assembly fails to convene to consider  
98 the notice by the thirtieth day after it receives the notice from the  
99 committee. The clerks of the House of Representatives and the Senate  
100 shall notify the security service, in writing, by registered mail of any  
101 approval or rejection pursuant to this subsection.

102 (e) The Governor shall approve or reject the notice of intent to  
103 operate, and shall notify the security service, in writing, by registered  
104 mail of such approval or rejection.

105 (f) For the purposes of this section, "security service" means any  
106 person, firm, association or corporation that, for consideration,  
107 provides to another person, firm, association or corporation one or  
108 more of the following: (1) The prevention or detection of intrusion,  
109 entry, larceny, vandalism, abuse, fire or trespass on the property the  
110 security service was hired to protect; (2) the prevention, observation or  
111 detection of any unauthorized activity on property the security service  
112 was hired to protect; (3) the protection of patrons and persons  
113 authorized to be on the premises of a person, firm, association or  
114 corporation that the security service was hired to protect; or (4) the  
115 provision of patrol services.

116       Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2007*) (a) The Attorney General, in  
117 consultation with the Commissioner of Emergency Management and  
118 Homeland Security, shall make written recommendations to the  
119 federal government regarding the designation of a security zone in  
120 relation to a liquefied natural gas terminal located or proposed to be  
121 located on Long Island Sound that will impact Connecticut waters or  
122 land, and shall submit such recommendations to the Governor and the  
123 General Assembly in accordance with section 11-4a of the general  
124 statutes.

125       (b) The Governor and the joint standing committees of the General  
126 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment  
127 and public safety shall approve the designation of a security zone in  
128 relation to a liquefied natural gas terminal located or proposed to be  
129 located on Long Island Sound that will impact Connecticut waters or  
130 land prior to such designation by the federal government taking effect.

131       (c) The Attorney General shall file, in writing, notice of the federal  
132 government's designation of such a security zone with the clerks of the  
133 House of Representatives and the Senate and the office of the  
134 Governor.

135       (d) Not later than five days after receiving such notice, the clerks of  
136 the House of Representatives and the Senate shall refer the notice to  
137 the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having  
138 cognizance of matters relating to public safety and the environment.  
139 The committees shall hold a joint public hearing regarding such notice  
140 not later than thirty days after receiving the notice. Not later than five  
141 days after the hearing, the committees shall each (1) hold a roll-call  
142 vote to approve or reject the notice, and (2) forward the notice and a  
143 record of the committee's vote to the General Assembly.

144       (e) Not later than fifteen days after receiving such notice the General  
145 Assembly may approve or reject the notice. The notice shall be  
146 approved in whole, by a majority vote of each house. If one house fails  
147 to approve, the notice shall be rejected. If the General Assembly fails to

