



General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 496

February Session, 2006

* SB00496FIN 041806 *

**AN ACT CONCERNING ITEM PRICING OF CONSUMER
COMMODITIES.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 21a-79 of the 2006 supplement to the general
2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
3 (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

4 (a) For the purposes of this section (1) "consumer commodity" and
5 "unit of a consumer commodity" have the same meaning as in section
6 21a-73, except that consumer commodity does not include alcoholic
7 liquor, as defined in subdivision (3) of section 30-1, as amended, or a
8 carbonated soft drink container; (2) "carbonated soft drink container"
9 means an individual, separate, sealed glass, metal or plastic bottle, can,
10 jar or carton containing a carbonated liquid soft drink sold separately
11 or in packages of not more than twenty-four individual containers; (3)
12 "universal product coding" means any system of coding that entails
13 electronic pricing; (4) an electronic shelf labeling system is an
14 electronic system that utilizes an electronic device attached to the shelf
15 or at any other point of sale, immediately below or above the item, that
16 conspicuously and clearly displays to the consumer the unit price and
17 the price of the consumer commodity. Such electronic shelf labeling
18 system reads the exact same data as the electronic cash register
19 scanning system; and (5) an electronic pricing system is a system that

20 utilizes the universal product coding bar code by means of a scanner in
21 combination with the cash register to record and total a customer's
22 purchases.

23 (b) (1) (A) Any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation
24 that utilizes universal product coding in totaling a retail customer's
25 purchases shall mark or cause to be marked each consumer
26 commodity that bears a Universal Product Code with its retail price.

27 (B) Any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation that
28 utilizes an electronic pricing system in totaling a retail consumer's
29 purchases shall provide each consumer with an item-by-item digital
30 display, plainly visible to the consumer as each universal pricing code
31 is scanned, of the price of each consumer commodity or carbonated
32 soft drink container, or both, selected for purchase by such consumer
33 prior to accepting payment from such consumer for such commodity
34 or container. The provisions of this subparagraph do not apply to any
35 person, firm, partnership, association or corporation operating in a
36 retail sales area of not more than ten thousand square feet.

37 (2) The provisions of subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this
38 subsection shall not apply if: (A) The Commissioner of Consumer
39 Protection, by regulation, allows for the utilization of electronic shelf
40 labeling systems; (B) a retailer is granted approval to utilize an
41 electronic shelf labeling system by the commissioner; (C) the retailer
42 has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the commissioner that such
43 electronic shelf labeling system is supported by an electronic pricing
44 system that utilizes universal product coding in totaling a retail
45 customer's purchases; and (D) the retailer has received approval for
46 such an electronic pricing system by the commissioner.

47 (3) The provisions of subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this
48 subsection shall not apply if: (A) The retailer has met the conditions of
49 subdivision (2) of this subsection; and (B) the retailer has received
50 permission by the commissioner to suspend implementation of the
51 electronic pricing system for a period not to exceed thirty days in order

52 to allow the retailer or an agent acting on behalf of the retailer to reset,
53 remodel, repair or otherwise modify such system at the retail
54 establishment.

55 (4) The provisions of subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this
56 subsection shall not apply if: (A) The retailer applies and is approved
57 for an exemption by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection, (B) the
58 retailer demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the
59 retailer has achieved price scanner accuracy of at least ninety-eight per
60 cent, as determined by the latest version of the National Institute of
61 Standards and Technology Handbook 130, "Examination Procedures
62 for Price Verification, as adopted by The National Conference on
63 Weights and Measures", (C) the retailer pays an application fee, to be
64 used to offset annual inspection costs, of two hundred fifty dollars if
65 the premises consists of less than twenty thousand square feet of retail
66 space and five hundred dollars if the premises consists of twenty
67 thousand square feet or more of retail space, (D) the retailer makes
68 available a consumer price test scanner approved by the commissioner
69 and located prominently in an easily accessible location for each
70 twelve thousand square feet of retail floor space, or fraction thereof,
71 and (E) price accuracy inspections resulting in less than ninety-eight
72 per cent price scanner accuracy are reinspected without penalty and
73 the retailer pays a two hundred dollar reinspection fee.

74 ~~[(4)]~~ (5) Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection, consumer
75 commodities that are offered for sale and that are located on an end
76 cap display within the retail sales area are not subject to [any
77 requirement for the utilization of an electronic shelf labeling system]
78 the requirements specified under this subsection, provided any
79 information that would have been available to a consumer [with the
80 use of an electronic shelf labeling system] pursuant to this section is
81 clearly and conspicuously posted on or adjacent to such end cap. For
82 purposes of this subdivision, "end cap display" means the location in
83 the retail sales area that is at the immediate end of an aisle.

84 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) Consumer commodities that are advertised in a publicly-

85 circulated printed form as being offered for sale at a reduced price for
86 a minimum seven-day period need not be individually marked at such
87 reduced retail price, provided such consumer commodities are
88 individually marked with their regular retail price and a conspicuous
89 sign is adjacent to such consumer commodities, which sign discloses:
90 (A) The reduced retail price and its unit price; and (B) a statement that
91 the item will be electronically priced at the reduced price by the
92 cashier.

93 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) If a consumer commodity is offered for sale [at a reduced
94 price, in accordance with subdivision (5) of this subsection] and its
95 electronic price is higher than the [reduced price on the sign that is
96 adjacent to the consumer commodity] posted price, then one item of
97 such consumer commodity, up to a value of twenty dollars, shall be
98 given to the consumer [upon demand] at no cost. A conspicuous sign
99 shall adequately disclose to the consumer that in the event the
100 electronic price is higher than the [reduced] posted retail price, one
101 item of such consumer commodity shall be given to the customer
102 [upon demand] at no cost.

103 (c) (1) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt
104 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54,
105 concerning the marking of prices and use of universal product coding
106 on each unit of a consumer commodity.

107 (2) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt
108 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54,
109 designating not more than twelve consumer commodities that need
110 not be marked in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of
111 this section and specifying the method of providing adequate
112 disclosure to consumers to insure that the electronic pricing of the
113 designated consumer commodities is accurate. The commissioner may
114 establish by regulation methods to protect consumers against
115 electronic pricing errors of such designated consumer commodities
116 and to insure that the electronic prices of such designated consumer
117 commodities are accurate. Among the methods that the commissioner

118 may consider are conditions similar to those set forth in subdivision (5)
119 of subsection (b) of this section.

120 (d) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, after providing
121 notice and conducting a hearing in accordance with the provisions of
122 chapter 54, may issue a warning citation or impose a civil penalty of
123 not more than one hundred dollars for the first offense and not more
124 than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offense on any person,
125 firm, partnership, association or corporation that violates any
126 provision of subsection (b) of this section or any regulation adopted
127 pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Any person, firm,
128 partnership, association or corporation that violates any provision of
129 subsection (b) of this section or any regulation adopted pursuant to
130 subsection (c) of this section shall be fined not more than two hundred
131 dollars for the first offense nor more than one thousand dollars for
132 each subsequent offense. Each violation with respect to all units of a
133 particular consumer commodity on any single day shall be deemed a
134 single offense.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2006	21a-79

GL *Joint Favorable Subst.*

APP *Joint Favorable*

FIN *Joint Favorable*