



**An Act Concerning Hunting Safety.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Criminal negligence" shall have the same meaning as "criminal  
3 negligence", as defined in section 53a-3 of the general statutes;
- 4 (2) "Hunting" shall have the same meaning as "hunting", as defined  
5 in section 26-1 of the general statutes;
- 6 (3) "Loaded hunting implement" means (A) a rifle or shotgun with a  
7 live round in the chamber or in a magazine which is attached to such  
8 rifle or shotgun, a muzzle-loaded firearm with the percussion cap in  
9 place, or a flintlock firearm with powder in the pan, (B) a bow and  
10 arrow with an arrow notched on the bow, (C) a drawn crossbow with a  
11 bolt in place, or (D) a high velocity air gun that is charged with a  
12 projectile in the chamber or in a magazine that is attached to such air  
13 gun; and
- 14 (4) "Serious physical injury" shall have the same meaning as "serious  
15 physical injury, as defined in section 53a-3 of the general statutes.
- 16 (b) (1) A person is guilty of negligent hunting in the first degree  
17 when, with criminal negligence while hunting, such person discharges  
18 a loaded hunting implement and thereby causes the death of another

19 person.

20 (2) Negligent hunting in the first degree is a class D felony.

21 (c) (1) A person is guilty of negligent hunting in the second degree  
22 when, with criminal negligence while hunting, such person violates  
23 any provision of section 26-85 of the general statutes or discharges a  
24 loaded hunting implement and thereby causes the serious physical  
25 injury of another person.

26 (2) Negligent hunting in the second degree is a class A  
27 misdemeanor and any person found guilty under subdivision (1) of  
28 this subsection shall be fined not less than four hundred dollars.

29 (d) (1) A person is guilty of negligent hunting in the third degree  
30 when such person, while hunting, (A) discharges a firearm at a time of  
31 day when hunting is not permitted, (B) discharges a firearm from a  
32 vehicle, (C) hunts while the person's license to hunt is suspended, (D)  
33 hunts out of season or on a Sunday, or (E) shoots an occupied  
34 dwelling.

35 (2) Negligent hunting in the third degree is a class B misdemeanor  
36 and any person found guilty under subdivision (1) of this subsection  
37 shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars.

38 (e) (1) A person is guilty of negligent hunting in the fourth degree  
39 when such person, while hunting, (A) hunts without purchasing a  
40 license, permit or stamp or other permission required by law, (B) is in  
41 possession of a loaded hunting implement at a time of day when  
42 hunting is not allowed, (C) hunts with or discharges a firearm less than  
43 two hundred fifty feet from any building occupied by people or  
44 domestic animals or used for storage of flammable or combustible  
45 materials, or less than one hundred twenty-five feet from any such  
46 building while hunting in tidal water areas, unless written permission  
47 of the owner of such building has been obtained, or (D) hunts from or  
48 discharges a hunting implement from or across a public highway.

49 (2) Negligent hunting in the fourth degree is a class C misdemeanor.

50 (f) Any person who is convicted of a violation of any provision of  
51 subsection (b), (c) or (d) of this section or subsection (b) of section 53-  
52 206d of the general statutes, as amended by this act, within five years  
53 of a previous conviction for violation of this section shall be considered  
54 a persistent negligent hunter. Upon such second conviction within five  
55 years, a persistent negligent hunter shall be fined an amount that is not  
56 less than twice the minimum fine provided for the second violation  
57 and shall be subject to penalties provided for the next more serious  
58 degree of negligent hunting under subsection (b), (c) or (d) of this  
59 section or subsection (b) of section 53-206d of the general statutes, as  
60 amended by this act.

61 (g) Any fine imposed for a conviction under subsection (b) or (c) of  
62 this section or subsection (b) of section 53-206d of the general statutes,  
63 as amended by this act, shall be deposited in the Criminal Injuries  
64 Compensation Fund established pursuant to section 54-215 of the  
65 general statutes. Any fine imposed for a conviction under subsection  
66 (d) or (e) of this section shall be deposited in the Conservation Fund  
67 established under section 22a-27h of the general statutes for land  
68 management or acquisition of hunting easements.

69 (h) (1) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may suspend  
70 the hunting license of any person convicted under subsection (b), (c),  
71 (d) or (e) of this section or subsection (b) of section 53-206d of the  
72 general statutes, as amended by this act for: (A) Indefinitely upon  
73 conviction of negligent hunting in the first degree or upon conviction  
74 of any violation of subsection (b) of section 53-206d of the general  
75 statutes, as amended by this act; (B) up to ten years upon conviction of  
76 negligent hunting in the second degree; (C) up to five years upon  
77 conviction of negligent hunting in the third degree; and (D) up to three  
78 years upon conviction of negligent hunting in the fourth degree.

79 (2) Any person arrested for a violation of subsection (b), (c) or (d) of  
80 this section or subsection (b) of section 53-206d of the general statutes,

81 as amended by this act, except as provided in section 26-85 of the  
82 general statutes shall surrender any firearm, bow, crossbow, bolt or  
83 high velocity air gun in the person's possession while hunting at the  
84 time of the alleged violation. Such property shall be confiscated at the  
85 time of arrest by a police officer or conservation officer. Upon nolle or  
86 dismissal of charges or acquittal of such person of such violation, such  
87 property shall be returned to the person within five business days and  
88 in the same condition as when the firearm, bow, crossbow or high  
89 velocity air gun was surrendered. Notwithstanding the provisions of  
90 sections 54-33g and 54-36a of the general statutes, the property shall be  
91 turned over to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection upon  
92 conviction of such person for such violation. Said commissioner shall  
93 (A) retain the property for use by personnel of the Department of  
94 Environmental Protection, (B) convey the property to the  
95 Commissioner of Administrative Services for sale at public auction, the  
96 proceeds of which shall be credited to the Criminal Injuries  
97 Compensation Fund established pursuant to section 54-215 of the  
98 general statutes, or (C) destroy the property.

99 (i) Possession by any person of a loaded hunting implement while at  
100 or entering or leaving an area where a reasonable person would  
101 believe the objective was to take wildlife shall be prima facie evidence  
102 of hunting, except that a person may, one hour before sunrise during  
103 the regulated deer and turkey firearms hunting seasons, be in  
104 possession of a loaded rifle or shotgun, as defined in subdivision (3) of  
105 subsection (a) of this section, provided a live round is not in the  
106 chamber of the rifle or shotgun.

107 Sec. 2. Subsection (g) of section 26-31 of the general statutes is  
108 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

109 (g) Any holder of a hunting license which has been suspended  
110 under section 26-61, for a hunting safety violation as identified by the  
111 commissioner in the Hunting and Trapping Guide published annually  
112 by the Department of Environmental Protection or any holder of such  
113 a license which has been suspended under section 26-62 shall

114 successfully complete a remedial hunter education course formulated  
115 by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and show proof that  
116 the hunter has successfully completed a conservation education-  
117 firearms safety course or its equivalent, as deemed by the  
118 commissioner, prior to any reinstatement of such license.

119 Sec. 3. Section 53-206d of the general statutes is repealed and the  
120 following is substituted in lieu thereof:

121 (a) (1) No person shall carry a pistol, revolver, machine gun,  
122 shotgun, rifle or other firearm, which is loaded and from which a shot  
123 may be discharged, upon his person [(1)] (A) while under the influence  
124 of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, or [(2)] (B) while the ratio of  
125 alcohol in the blood of such person is ten-hundredths of one per cent  
126 or more of alcohol, by weight.

127 [(b)] (2) Any person who violates any provision of this [section]  
128 subsection shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

129 (b) (1) No person shall engage in hunting while under the influence  
130 of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, or while impaired by the  
131 consumption of intoxicating liquor. A person shall be deemed under  
132 the influence when at the time of the alleged offense the person (A) is  
133 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, or (B)  
134 has an elevated blood alcohol content. For the purposes of this  
135 subdivision, "elevated blood alcohol content" means (i) a ratio of  
136 alcohol in the blood of such person that is ten-hundredths of one per  
137 cent or more of alcohol, by weight, or (ii) if such person has been  
138 convicted of a violation of this subsection, a ratio of alcohol in the  
139 blood of such person that is seven-hundredths of one per cent or more  
140 of alcohol, by weight. A person shall be deemed impaired when at the  
141 time of the alleged offense the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such  
142 person was more than seven-hundredths of one per cent of alcohol, by  
143 weight, but less than ten-hundredths of one per cent of alcohol, by  
144 weight.

145 (2) Any person who violates any provision of this subsection shall

146 be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

147 (3) Enforcement officers of the Department of Environmental  
148 Protection are empowered to arrest for a violation of the provisions of  
149 this subsection.

150 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 15-140q of the general statutes is  
151 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

152 (a) If any person, having been placed under arrest for violating  
153 subsection (b) of section 53-206d, as amended by this act, or for  
154 operating a vessel upon the waters of this state while under the  
155 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, and thereafter,  
156 after being apprised of his constitutional rights, having been requested  
157 to submit to a blood, breath or urine test at the option of the police  
158 officer, having been afforded a reasonable opportunity to telephone an  
159 attorney prior to the performance of such test and having been  
160 informed that evidence of such refusal shall be admissible and may be  
161 used against him in any criminal prosecution, refuses to submit to the  
162 designated test, the test shall not be given; provided, if the person  
163 refuses or is unable to submit to a blood test, the police officer shall  
164 designate the breath or urine test as the test to be taken.

165 Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 15-140r of the general statutes is  
166 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

167 (a) In any criminal prosecution for violation of section 15-140l or 15-  
168 140n, [or] subsection (a) of section 15-133 or subsection (b) of section  
169 53-206d, as amended by this act, evidence respecting the amount of  
170 alcohol or drug in the defendant's blood or urine at the time of the  
171 alleged offense, as shown by a chemical analysis of the defendant's  
172 breath, blood or urine shall be admissible and competent provided: (1)  
173 The defendant was afforded a reasonable opportunity to telephone an  
174 attorney prior to the performance of the test and consented to the  
175 taking of the test upon which such analysis is made; (2) a true copy of  
176 the report of the test result was mailed to or personally delivered to the  
177 defendant within twenty-four hours or by the end of the next regular

178 business day, after such result was known, whichever is later; (3) the  
179 test was performed by or at the direction of a law enforcement officer  
180 according to methods and with equipment approved by the  
181 Department of Public Health and was performed by a person certified  
182 or recertified for such purpose by said department or recertified by  
183 persons certified as instructors by the Commissioner of Public Health.  
184 If a blood test is taken, it shall be on a blood sample taken by a person  
185 licensed to practice medicine and surgery in this state, a qualified  
186 laboratory technician, an emergency medical technician II or a  
187 registered nurse; (4) the device used for such test was checked for  
188 accuracy at the beginning of each workday and no later than the end of  
189 each workday by a person certified by the Department of Public  
190 Health; (5) an additional chemical test of the same type was performed  
191 and the device was checked for accuracy by a person certified or  
192 recertified by the Department of Public Health, at least thirty minutes  
193 after the initial test was performed, provided the results of the initial  
194 test shall not be inadmissible under this subsection if reasonable efforts  
195 were made to have such additional test performed in accordance with  
196 the conditions set forth in this subsection and such additional test was  
197 not performed or was not performed within a reasonable time, or the  
198 results of such additional test are not admissible for failure to meet a  
199 condition set forth in this subsection; and (6) evidence is presented  
200 which demonstrates that the test results and the analysis thereof  
201 accurately reflect the blood alcohol content at the time of the alleged  
202 offense.

**ENV Committee Vote:** Yea 14 Nay 5 JF C/R JUD

**JUD Committee Vote:** Yea 40 Nay 0 JFS

**FIN Committee Vote:** Yea 34 Nay 9 JF